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1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to growth management; amending s.
3 163.3164, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
4 "existing urban service area"; providing a definition for
5 the term "dense urban land area" and providing
6 requirements of the Office of Economic and Demographic
7 Research and the state land planning agency with respect
8 thereto; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; revising requirements
9 for adopting amendments to the capital improvements
10 element of a local comprehensive plan; revising
11 requirements for future land use plan elements and
12 intergovernmental coordination elements of a local
13 comprehensive plan; revising requirements for the public
14 school facilities element implementing a school
15 concurrency program; deleting a penalty for local
16 governments that fail to adopt a public school facilities
17 element and interlocal agreement; authorizing the
18 Administration Commission to impose sanctions; amending s.
19 163.3180, F.S.; revising concurrency requirements;
20 providing legislative findings relating to transportation
21 concurrency exception areas; providing for the
22 applicability of transportation concurrency exception
23 areas; deleting certain requirements for transportation
24 concurrency exception areas; providing that the
25 designation of a transportation concurrency exception area
26 does not limit a local government's home rule power to
27 adopt ordinances or impose fees and does not affect any
28 contract or agreement entered into or development order

29 rendered before such designation; requiring the Office of
30 Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to
31 submit a report to the Legislature concerning the effects
32 of the transportation concurrency exception areas;
33 authorizing local governments to provide for a waiver of
34 transportation concurrency requirements for certain
35 projects under certain circumstances; revising school
36 concurrency requirements; requiring charter schools to be
37 considered as a mitigation option under certain
38 circumstances; amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; revising
39 requirements for adoption of impact fees; creating s.
40 163.31802, F.S.; prohibiting establishment of local
41 standards for security devices requiring businesses to
42 expend funds to enhance local governmental services or
43 functions under certain circumstances; amending s.
44 163.3184, F.S.; authorizing local governments to use an
45 alternative state review process for certain comprehensive
46 plan amendments or amendment packages; providing
47 requirements; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; exempting
48 certain additional comprehensive plan amendments from the
49 twice-per-year limitation; amending s. 163.3245, F.S.;
50 expanding the number of local governments eligible to
51 adopt optional sector plans into their comprehensive
52 plans; amending s. 163.3246, F.S.; specifying certain
53 counties and municipalities as certified under the local
54 government comprehensive planning certification program;
55 providing duties and responsibilities of the Office of
56 Economic and Demographic Research; providing certification

57 requirements; requiring such local governments to submit
58 monitoring reports; providing report requirements;
59 deleting a reporting requirement for the Office of Program
60 Policy Analysis and Government Accountability; amending s.
61 163.32465, F.S.; providing for an alternative state review
62 process for local comprehensive plan amendments; providing
63 requirements, procedures, and limitations for exemptions
64 from state review of comprehensive plans; making permanent
65 and applying statewide an alternative state review
66 process; revising the requirements, procedures, and
67 limitations for the alternate state review process;
68 requiring that agencies submit comments within a specified
69 period after the state land planning agency notifies the
70 local government that the plan amendment package is
71 complete; requiring that the local government adopt a plan
72 amendment within a specified period after comments are
73 received; authorizing the state land planning agency to
74 adopt rules and submit certain reports; deleting
75 provisions relating to reporting requirements for the
76 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
77 Accountability; deleting pilot program provisions;
78 amending s. 171.091, F.S.; requiring that a municipality
79 submit a copy of any revision to the charter boundary
80 article which results from an annexation or contraction to
81 the Office of Economic and Demographic Research; amending
82 s. 186.509, F.S.; revising provisions relating to a
83 dispute resolution process to reconcile differences on
84 planning and growth management issues between certain

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85 parties of interest; providing for mandatory mediation;
86 amending s. 380.06, F.S.; providing exemptions for dense
87 urban land areas from the development-of-regional-impact
88 program; providing exceptions; providing legislative
89 findings and determinations relating to replacing the
90 transportation concurrency system with a mobility fee
91 system; requiring the state land planning agency and the
92 Department of Transportation to study and develop a
93 methodology for a mobility fee system; specifying
94 criteria; requiring joint reports to the Legislature;
95 specifying report requirements; providing for extending
96 certain permits, orders, or land use applications due to
97 expire; prohibiting issuance of new permits, order, or
98 land use applications under certain circumstances;
99 providing for application of the extension to certain
100 related activities; specifying nonapplication to certain
101 permits or approvals by the Federal Government or certain
102 permits in water-use caution areas; preserving the
103 authority of counties and municipalities to impose certain
104 security and sanitary requirements on property owners
105 under certain circumstances; requiring permitholders to
106 notify permitting agencies of intent to use the extension;
107 providing a legislative declaration of important state
108 interest; providing effective dates.

109
110 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

111
112 Section 1. Subsection (29) of section 163.3164, Florida

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113 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (34) is added to that
 114 section, to read:

115 163.3164 Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land
 116 Development Regulation Act; definitions.--As used in this act:

117 (29) "~~Existing~~ Urban service area" means built-up areas
 118 where public facilities and services, including, but not limited
 119 to, central water and sewer capacity ~~such as sewage treatment~~
 120 ~~systems,~~ roads, schools, and recreation areas, are already in
 121 place. In addition, for counties that qualify as dense urban
 122 land areas under subsection (34), the nonrural area of a county
 123 which has adopted into the county charter a rural area
 124 designation or areas identified in the comprehensive plan as
 125 urban service areas or urban growth boundaries on or before July
 126 1, 2009, are also urban service areas under this definition.

127 (34) "Dense urban land area" means:

128 (a) A municipality that has an average of at least 1,000
 129 people per square mile of land area and a minimum total
 130 population of at least 5,000;

131 (b) A county, including the municipalities located
 132 therein, which has an average of at least 1,000 people per
 133 square mile of land area; or

134 (c) A county, including the municipalities located
 135 therein, which has a population of at least 1 million.

136
 137 The Office of Economic and Demographic Research within the
 138 Legislature shall annually calculate the population and density
 139 criteria needed to determine which jurisdictions qualify as
 140 dense urban land areas by using the most recent land area data

141 from the decennial census conducted by the Bureau of the Census
 142 of the United States Department of Commerce and the latest
 143 available population estimates determined pursuant to s.
 144 186.901. If any local government has had an annexation,
 145 contraction, or new incorporation, the Office of Economic and
 146 Demographic Research shall determine the population density
 147 using the new jurisdictional boundaries as recorded in
 148 accordance with s. 171.091. The Office of Economic and
 149 Demographic Research shall submit to the state land planning
 150 agency a list of jurisdictions that meet the total population
 151 and density criteria necessary for designation as a dense urban
 152 land area by July 1, 2009, and every year thereafter. The state
 153 land planning agency shall publish the list of jurisdictions on
 154 its Internet website within 7 days after the list is received.
 155 The designation of jurisdictions that qualify or do not qualify
 156 as a dense urban land area is effective upon publication on the
 157 state land planning agency's Internet website.

158 Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3),
 159 paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (6), and paragraphs (a),
 160 (j), and (k) of subsection (12) of section 163.3177, Florida
 161 Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection
 162 (3) of that section, to read:

163 163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive
 164 plan; studies and surveys.--

165 (3)

166 (b)1. The capital improvements element must be reviewed on
 167 an annual basis and modified as necessary in accordance with s.
 168 163.3187 or s. 163.3189 in order to maintain a financially

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169 feasible 5-year schedule of capital improvements. Corrections
170 and modifications concerning costs; revenue sources; or
171 acceptance of facilities pursuant to dedications which are
172 consistent with the plan may be accomplished by ordinance and
173 shall not be deemed to be amendments to the local comprehensive
174 plan. A copy of the ordinance shall be transmitted to the state
175 land planning agency. An amendment to the comprehensive plan is
176 required to update the schedule on an annual basis or to
177 eliminate, defer, or delay the construction for any facility
178 listed in the 5-year schedule. All public facilities must be
179 consistent with the capital improvements element. The annual
180 update to the capital improvements element of the comprehensive
181 plan need not comply with the financial feasibility requirement
182 until December 1, 2011. ~~Amendments to implement this section~~
183 ~~must be adopted and transmitted no later than December 1, 2008.~~
184 Thereafter, a local government may not amend its future land use
185 map, except for plan amendments to meet new requirements under
186 this part and emergency amendments pursuant to s.
187 163.3187(1)(a), after December 1, 2011 ~~2008~~, and every year
188 thereafter, unless and until the local government has adopted
189 the annual update and it has been transmitted to the state land
190 planning agency.

191 2. Capital improvements element amendments adopted after
192 the effective date of this act shall require only a single
193 public hearing before the governing board which shall be an
194 adoption hearing as described in s. 163.3184(7). Such amendments
195 are not subject to the requirements of s. 163.3184(3)-(6).

196 (c) If the local government does not adopt the required
 197 annual update to the schedule of capital improvements, the state
 198 land planning agency may issue a notice to the local government
 199 to show cause why sanctions should not be enforced for failure
 200 to submit the annual update and may ~~must~~ notify the
 201 Administration Commission. A local government that has a
 202 demonstrated lack of commitment to meeting its obligations
 203 identified in the capital improvements element may be subject to
 204 sanctions by the Administration Commission pursuant to s.
 205 163.3184(11).

206 (f) A local government that has designated a
 207 transportation concurrency exception area in its comprehensive
 208 plan pursuant to s. 163.3180(5) shall be deemed to meet the
 209 requirement to achieve and maintain level-of-service standards
 210 if the capital improvements element and, as appropriate, the
 211 capital improvements schedule include any capital improvements
 212 planned within the scheduled timeframe based upon the strategies
 213 adopted in the plan to promote mobility.

214 (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1)-(5)
 215 and (12), the comprehensive plan shall include the following
 216 elements:

217 (a) A future land use plan element designating proposed
 218 future general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of
 219 land for residential uses, commercial uses, industry,
 220 agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, public
 221 buildings and grounds, other public facilities, and other
 222 categories of the public and private uses of land. Counties are
 223 encouraged to designate rural land stewardship areas, pursuant

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224 to the provisions of paragraph (11) (d), as overlays on the
225 future land use map. Each future land use category must be
226 defined in terms of uses included, and must include standards to
227 be followed in the control and distribution of population
228 densities and building and structure intensities. The proposed
229 distribution, location, and extent of the various categories of
230 land use shall be shown on a land use map or map series which
231 shall be supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable
232 objectives. The future land use plan shall be based upon
233 surveys, studies, and data regarding the area, including the
234 amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth; the
235 projected population of the area; the character of undeveloped
236 land; the availability of water supplies, public facilities, and
237 services; the need for redevelopment, including the renewal of
238 blighted areas and the elimination of nonconforming uses which
239 are inconsistent with the character of the community; the
240 compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to or closely proximate
241 to military installations; the discouragement of urban sprawl;
242 energy-efficient land use patterns accounting for existing and
243 future electric power generation and transmission systems;
244 greenhouse gas reduction strategies; and, in rural communities,
245 the need for job creation, capital investment, and economic
246 development that will strengthen and diversify the community's
247 economy. The future land use plan may designate areas for future
248 planned development use involving combinations of types of uses
249 for which special regulations may be necessary to ensure
250 development in accord with the principles and standards of the
251 comprehensive plan and this act. The future land use plan

252 element shall include criteria to be used to achieve the
 253 compatibility of adjacent or closely proximate lands with
 254 military installations. In addition, for rural communities and
 255 counties designated as a rural area of critical economic concern
 256 pursuant to s. 288.0656, the amount of land designated for
 257 future planned industrial use shall be based upon surveys and
 258 studies that reflect the need for job creation, capital
 259 investment, and the necessity to strengthen and diversify the
 260 local economies, and shall not be limited ~~solely~~ by the
 261 projected population of the rural community. The future land use
 262 plan of a county may also designate areas for possible future
 263 municipal incorporation or new municipalities which shall not be
 264 limited by the projected population of the county. The land use
 265 maps or map series shall generally identify and depict historic
 266 district boundaries and shall designate historically significant
 267 properties meriting protection. For coastal counties, the future
 268 land use element must include, without limitation, regulatory
 269 incentives and criteria that encourage the preservation of
 270 recreational and commercial working waterfronts as defined in s.
 271 342.07. The future land use element must clearly identify the
 272 land use categories in which public schools are an allowable
 273 use. When delineating the land use categories in which public
 274 schools are an allowable use, a local government shall include
 275 in the categories sufficient land proximate to residential
 276 development to meet the projected needs for schools in
 277 coordination with public school boards and may establish
 278 differing criteria for schools of different type or size. Each
 279 local government shall include lands contiguous to existing

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280 school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within the land
281 use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. The
282 failure by a local government to comply with these school siting
283 requirements will result in the prohibition of the local
284 government's ability to amend the local comprehensive plan,
285 except for plan amendments described in s. 163.3187(1)(b), until
286 the school siting requirements are met. Amendments proposed by a
287 local government for purposes of identifying the land use
288 categories in which public schools are an allowable use are
289 exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments
290 contained in s. 163.3187. The future land use element shall
291 include criteria that encourage the location of schools
292 proximate to urban residential areas to the extent possible and
293 shall require that the local government seek to collocate public
294 facilities, such as parks, libraries, and community centers,
295 with schools to the extent possible and to encourage the use of
296 elementary schools as focal points for neighborhoods. For
297 schools serving predominantly rural counties, defined as a
298 county with a population of 100,000 or fewer, an agricultural
299 land use category shall be eligible for the location of public
300 school facilities if the local comprehensive plan contains
301 school siting criteria and the location is consistent with such
302 criteria. Local governments required to update or amend their
303 comprehensive plan to include criteria and address compatibility
304 of adjacent or closely proximate lands with existing military
305 installations in their future land use plan element shall
306 transmit the update or amendment to the department by June 30,
307 2006.

308 (h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing
 309 relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used
 310 in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted
 311 comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards, regional
 312 water supply authorities, and other units of local government
 313 providing services but not having regulatory authority over the
 314 use of land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent
 315 municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region,
 316 with the state comprehensive plan and with the applicable
 317 regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, as
 318 the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in
 319 preparation may exist. This element of the local comprehensive
 320 plan shall demonstrate consideration of the particular effects
 321 of the local plan, when adopted, upon the development of
 322 adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the
 323 region, or upon the state comprehensive plan, as the case may
 324 require.

325 a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall
 326 provide for procedures to identify and implement joint planning
 327 areas, especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal
 328 incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.

329 b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall
 330 provide for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant
 331 to s. 1013.30.

332 c. The intergovernmental coordination element shall ~~may~~
 333 provide for a ~~voluntary~~ dispute resolution process as
 334 established pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in a
 335 timely manner intergovernmental disputes. ~~A local government may~~

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336 ~~develop and use an alternative local dispute resolution process~~
337 ~~for this purpose.~~

338 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall
339 further state principles and guidelines to be used in the
340 accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan
341 with the plans of school boards and other units of local
342 government providing facilities and services but not having
343 regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the
344 intergovernmental coordination element shall describe joint
345 processes for collaborative planning and decisionmaking on
346 population projections and public school siting, the location
347 and extension of public facilities subject to concurrency, and
348 siting facilities with countywide significance, including
349 locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are
350 established in an agreement. Within 1 year of adopting their
351 intergovernmental coordination elements, each county, all the
352 municipalities within that county, the district school board,
353 and any unit of local government service providers in that
354 county shall establish by interlocal or other formal agreement
355 executed by all affected entities, the joint processes described
356 in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted
357 intergovernmental coordination elements.

358 3. To foster coordination between special districts and
359 local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose
360 governments implement local comprehensive plans, each
361 independent special district must submit a public facilities
362 report to the appropriate local government as required by s.
363 189.415.

364 4.a. Local governments must execute an interlocal
 365 agreement with the district school board, the county, and
 366 nonexempt municipalities pursuant to s. 163.31777. The local
 367 government shall amend the intergovernmental coordination
 368 element to provide that coordination between the local
 369 government and school board is pursuant to the agreement and
 370 shall state the obligations of the local government under the
 371 agreement.

372 b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph are
 373 exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

374 5. The state land planning agency shall establish a
 375 schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan
 376 amendments to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all
 377 jurisdictions so as to accomplish their adoption by December 31,
 378 1999. A local government may complete and transmit its plan
 379 amendments to carry out these provisions prior to the scheduled
 380 date established by the state land planning agency. The plan
 381 amendments are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

382 6. By January 1, 2004, any county having a population
 383 greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special
 384 districts within that county, shall submit a report to the
 385 Department of Community Affairs which:

386 a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal service
 387 delivery agreements regarding the following: education; sanitary
 388 sewer; public safety; solid waste; drainage; potable water;
 389 parks and recreation; and transportation facilities.

390 b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the provision
 391 of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital or

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392 operational. Upon request, the Department of Community Affairs
393 shall provide technical assistance to the local governments in
394 identifying deficits or duplication.

395 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the
396 Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate
397 regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local
398 governments within the regional planning area to discuss the
399 reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified
400 deficiencies or duplications.

401 8. Each local government shall update its
402 intergovernmental coordination element based upon the findings
403 in the report submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report
404 may be used as supporting data and analysis for the
405 intergovernmental coordination element.

406 (12) A public school facilities element adopted to
407 implement a school concurrency program shall meet the
408 requirements of this subsection. Each county and each
409 municipality within the county, unless exempt or subject to a
410 waiver, must adopt a public school facilities element that is
411 consistent with those adopted by the other local governments
412 within the county and enter the interlocal agreement pursuant to
413 s. 163.31777.

414 (a) The state land planning agency may provide a waiver to
415 a county and to the municipalities within the county if the
416 capacity rate for all schools within the school district is no
417 greater than 100 percent and the projected 5-year capital outlay
418 full-time equivalent student growth rate is less than 10
419 percent. The state land planning agency may allow for a

420 projected 5-year capital outlay full-time equivalent student
 421 growth rate to exceed 10 percent when the projected 10-year
 422 capital outlay full-time equivalent student enrollment is less
 423 than 2,000 students and the capacity rate for all schools within
 424 the school district in the tenth year will not exceed the 100-
 425 percent limitation. The state land planning agency may allow for
 426 a single school to exceed the 100-percent limitation if it can
 427 be demonstrated that the capacity rate for that single school is
 428 not greater than 105 percent. In making this determination, the
 429 state land planning agency shall consider the following
 430 criteria:

431 1. Whether the exceedance is due to temporary
 432 circumstances;

433 2. Whether the projected 5-year capital outlay full time
 434 equivalent student growth rate for the school district is
 435 approaching the 10-percent threshold;

436 3. Whether one or more additional schools within the
 437 school district are at or approaching the 100-percent threshold;
 438 and

439 4. The adequacy of the data and analysis submitted to
 440 support the waiver request.

441 (j) If a local government fails ~~Failure~~ to adopt the
 442 public school facilities element, ~~to~~ enter into an approved
 443 interlocal agreement as required by subparagraph (6)(h)2. and s.
 444 163.31777, or ~~to~~ amend the comprehensive plan as necessary to
 445 implement school concurrency, according to the phased schedule,
 446 ~~shall result in a local government being prohibited from~~
 447 ~~adopting amendments to the comprehensive plan which increase~~

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448 ~~residential density until the necessary amendments have been~~
 449 ~~adopted and transmitted to the state land planning agency.~~
 450 ~~(k) the state land planning agency may issue the school~~
 451 ~~board a notice to the school board and the local government to~~
 452 ~~show cause why sanctions should not be enforced for such failure~~
 453 ~~to enter into an approved interlocal agreement as required by s.~~
 454 ~~163.31777 or for failure to implement the provisions of this act~~
 455 ~~relating to public school concurrency. The school board may be~~
 456 ~~subject to sanctions imposed by the Administration Commission~~
 457 ~~directing the Department of Education to withhold from the~~
 458 ~~district school board an equivalent amount of funds for school~~
 459 ~~construction available pursuant to ss. 1013.65, 1013.68,~~
 460 ~~1013.70, and 1013.72. The local government may be subject to~~
 461 ~~sanctions by the Administration Commission pursuant to s.~~
 462 ~~163.3184(11).~~

463 Section 3. Subsections (5) and (10), and paragraph (e) of
 464 subsection (13) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, are
 465 amended to read:

466 163.3180 Concurrency.--

467 (5) (a) The Legislature finds that under limited
 468 circumstances ~~dealing with transportation facilities,~~
 469 countervailing planning and public policy goals may come into
 470 conflict with the requirement that adequate public
 471 transportation facilities and services be available concurrent
 472 with the impacts of such development. The Legislature further
 473 finds that ~~often~~ the unintended result of the concurrency
 474 requirement for transportation facilities is often the
 475 discouragement of urban infill development and redevelopment.

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476 Such unintended results directly conflict with the goals and
477 policies of the state comprehensive plan and the intent of this
478 part. The Legislature also finds that in urban centers
479 transportation cannot be effectively managed and mobility cannot
480 be improved solely through the expansion of roadway capacity,
481 that the expansion of roadway capacity is not always physically
482 or financially possible, and that a range of transportation
483 alternatives are essential to satisfy mobility needs, reduce
484 congestion, and achieve healthy, vibrant centers. Therefore,
485 ~~exceptions from the concurrency requirement for transportation~~
486 ~~facilities may be granted as provided by this subsection.~~

487 (b)1. The following are transportation concurrency
488 exception areas:

489 a. A municipality that qualifies as a dense urban land
490 area under s. 163.3164;

491 b. An urban service area under s. 163.3164 that has been
492 adopted into the local comprehensive plan and is located within
493 a county that qualifies as a dense urban land area under s.
494 163.3164, except a limited urban service area may not be
495 included as an urban service area unless the parcel is defined
496 as provided in s. 163.3164(33); and

497 c. A county, including the municipalities located therein,
498 which has a population of at least 900,000 and qualifies as a
499 dense urban land area under s. 163.3164, but does not have an
500 urban service area designated in the local comprehensive plan.

501 2. A municipality that does not qualify as a dense urban
502 land area pursuant to s. 163.3164 may designate in its local
503 comprehensive plan the following areas as transportation

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504 concurrency exception areas:

505 a. Urban infill as defined in s. 163.3164;

506 b. Community redevelopment areas as defined in s. 163.340;

507 c. Downtown revitalization areas as defined in s.

508 163.3164;

509 d. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or

510 e. Urban service areas as defined in s. 163.3164 or areas

511 within a designated urban service boundary under s.

512 163.3177(14).

513 3. A county that does not qualify as a dense urban land

514 area pursuant to s. 163.3164 may designate in its local

515 comprehensive plan the following areas as transportation

516 concurrency exception areas:

517 a. Urban infill as defined in s. 163.3164;

518 b. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or

519 c. Urban service areas as defined in s. 163.3164.

520 4. A local government that has a transportation

521 concurrency exception area designated pursuant to subparagraph

522 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. shall, within 2 years

523 after the designated area becomes exempt, adopt into its local

524 comprehensive plan land use and transportation strategies to

525 support and fund mobility within the exception area, including

526 alternative modes of transportation. Local governments are

527 encouraged to adopt complementary land use and transportation

528 strategies that reflect the region's shared vision for its

529 future. If the state land planning agency finds insufficient

530 cause for the failure to adopt into its comprehensive plan land

531 use and transportation strategies to support and fund mobility

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532 within the designated exception area after 2 years, it shall
533 submit the finding to the Administration Commission, which may
534 impose any of the sanctions set forth in s. 163.3184(11)(a) and
535 (b) against the local government.

536 5. Transportation concurrency exception areas designated
537 pursuant to subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3.
538 do not apply to designated transportation concurrency districts
539 located within a county that has a population of at least 1.5
540 million, has implemented and uses a transportation-related
541 concurrency assessment to support alternative modes of
542 transportation, including, but not limited to, mass transit, and
543 does not levy transportation impact fees within the concurrency
544 district.

545 6. A local government that does not have a transportation
546 concurrency exception area designated pursuant to subparagraph
547 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. may grant an exception
548 from the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities
549 if the proposed development is otherwise consistent with the
550 adopted local government comprehensive plan and is a project
551 that promotes public transportation or is located within an area
552 designated in the comprehensive plan for:

553 a.1. Urban infill development;
554 b.2. Urban redevelopment;
555 c.3. Downtown revitalization;
556 d.4. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or
557 e.5. An urban service area specifically designated as a
558 transportation concurrency exception area which includes lands
559 appropriate for compact, contiguous urban development, which

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560 does not exceed the amount of land needed to accommodate the
561 projected population growth at densities consistent with the
562 adopted comprehensive plan within the 10-year planning period,
563 and which is served or is planned to be served with public
564 facilities and services as provided by the capital improvements
565 element.

566 (c) The Legislature also finds that developments located
567 within urban infill, urban redevelopment, ~~existing~~ urban
568 service, or downtown revitalization areas or areas designated as
569 urban infill and redevelopment areas under s. 163.2517, which
570 pose only special part-time demands on the transportation
571 system, are exempt ~~should be excepted~~ from the concurrency
572 requirement for transportation facilities. A special part-time
573 demand is one that does not have more than 200 scheduled events
574 during any calendar year and does not affect the 100 highest
575 traffic volume hours.

576 (d) Except for transportation concurrency exception areas
577 designated pursuant to subparagraph (b)1., subparagraph (b)2.,
578 or subparagraph (b)3., the following requirements apply: A local
579 ~~government shall establish guidelines in the comprehensive plan~~
580 ~~for granting the exceptions authorized in paragraphs (b) and (c)~~
581 ~~and subsections (7) and (15) which must be consistent with and~~
582 ~~support a comprehensive strategy adopted in the plan to promote~~
583 ~~the purpose of the exceptions.~~

584 1.(e) The local government shall both adopt into the
585 comprehensive plan and implement long-term strategies to support
586 and fund mobility within the designated exception area,
587 including alternative modes of transportation. The plan

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588 amendment must also demonstrate how strategies will support the
589 purpose of the exception and how mobility within the designated
590 exception area will be provided.

591 2. ~~In addition,~~ The strategies must address urban design;
592 appropriate land use mixes, including intensity and density; and
593 network connectivity plans needed to promote urban infill,
594 redevelopment, or downtown revitalization. The comprehensive
595 plan amendment designating the concurrency exception area must
596 be accompanied by data and analysis supporting the local
597 government's determination of the boundaries of the
598 transportation concurrency exception ~~justifying the size of the~~
599 area.

600 ~~(e)-(f)~~ Before designating ~~Prior to the designation of a~~
601 concurrency exception area pursuant to subparagraph (b)6., the
602 state land planning agency and the Department of Transportation
603 shall be consulted by the local government to assess the impact
604 that the proposed exception area is expected to have on the
605 adopted level-of-service standards established for regional
606 transportation facilities identified pursuant to s. 186.507,
607 including the Strategic Intermodal System ~~facilities, as defined~~
608 ~~in s. 339.64,~~ and roadway facilities funded in accordance with
609 s. 339.2819. Further, the local government shall provide a plan
610 for the mitigation of, ~~in consultation with the state land~~
611 ~~planning agency and the Department of Transportation, develop a~~
612 ~~plan to mitigate any~~ impacts to the Strategic Intermodal System,
613 including, if appropriate, access management, parallel reliever
614 roads, transportation demand management, and other measures ~~the~~
615 ~~development of a long-term concurrency management system~~

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616 ~~pursuant to subsection (9) and s. 163.3177(3)(d). The exceptions~~
617 ~~may be available only within the specific geographic area of the~~
618 ~~jurisdiction designated in the plan. Pursuant to s. 163.3184,~~
619 ~~any affected person may challenge a plan amendment establishing~~
620 ~~these guidelines and the areas within which an exception could~~
621 ~~be granted.~~

622 ~~(g) Transportation concurrency exception areas existing~~
623 ~~prior to July 1, 2005, must, at a minimum, meet the provisions~~
624 ~~of this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of the~~
625 ~~comprehensive plan update pursuant to the evaluation and~~
626 ~~appraisal report, whichever occurs last.~~

627 (f) The designation of a transportation concurrency
628 exception area does not limit a local government's home rule
629 power to adopt ordinances or impose fees. This subsection does
630 not affect any contract or agreement entered into or development
631 order rendered before the creation of the transportation
632 concurrency exception area except as provided in s.
633 380.06(29)(e).

634 (g) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
635 Accountability shall submit to the President of the Senate and
636 the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 1, 2015,
637 a report on transportation concurrency exception areas created
638 pursuant to this subsection. At a minimum, the report shall
639 address the methods that local governments have used to
640 implement and fund transportation strategies to achieve the
641 purposes of designated transportation concurrency exception
642 areas, and the effects of the strategies on mobility,
643 congestion, urban design, the density and intensity of land use

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644 mixes, and network connectivity plans used to promote urban
645 infill, redevelopment, or downtown revitalization.

646 (10) Except in transportation concurrency exception areas,
647 with regard to roadway facilities on the Strategic Intermodal
648 System designated in accordance with s. ss. ~~339.61, 339.62,~~
649 339.63 , and ~~339.64,~~ the Florida Intrastate Highway System as
650 defined in s. ~~338.001,~~ and roadway facilities funded in
651 accordance with s. ~~339.2819,~~ local governments shall adopt the
652 level-of-service standard established by the Department of
653 Transportation by rule. However, if the Office of Tourism,
654 Trade, and Economic Development concurs in writing with the
655 local government that the proposed development is for a
656 qualified job creation project under s. 288.0656 or s. 403.973,
657 the affected local government, after consulting with the
658 Department of Transportation, may provide for a waiver of
659 transportation concurrency for the project. For all other roads
660 on the State Highway System, local governments shall establish
661 an adequate level-of-service standard that need not be
662 consistent with any level-of-service standard established by the
663 Department of Transportation. In establishing adequate level-of-
664 service standards for any arterial roads, or collector roads as
665 appropriate, which traverse multiple jurisdictions, local
666 governments shall consider compatibility with the roadway
667 facility's adopted level-of-service standards in adjacent
668 jurisdictions. Each local government within a county shall use a
669 professionally accepted methodology for measuring impacts on
670 transportation facilities for the purposes of implementing its
671 concurrency management system. Counties are encouraged to

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672 coordinate with adjacent counties, and local governments within
673 a county are encouraged to coordinate, for the purpose of using
674 common methodologies for measuring impacts on transportation
675 facilities for the purpose of implementing their concurrency
676 management systems.

677 (13) School concurrency shall be established on a
678 districtwide basis and shall include all public schools in the
679 district and all portions of the district, whether located in a
680 municipality or an unincorporated area unless exempt from the
681 public school facilities element pursuant to s. 163.3177(12).
682 The application of school concurrency to development shall be
683 based upon the adopted comprehensive plan, as amended. All local
684 governments within a county, except as provided in paragraph
685 (f), shall adopt and transmit to the state land planning agency
686 the necessary plan amendments, along with the interlocal
687 agreement, for a compliance review pursuant to s. 163.3184(7)
688 and (8). The minimum requirements for school concurrency are the
689 following:

690 (e) Availability standard.--Consistent with the public
691 welfare, a local government may not deny an application for site
692 plan, final subdivision approval, or the functional equivalent
693 for a development or phase of a development authorizing
694 residential development for failure to achieve and maintain the
695 level-of-service standard for public school capacity in a local
696 school concurrency management system where adequate school
697 facilities will be in place or under actual construction within
698 3 years after the issuance of final subdivision or site plan
699 approval, or the functional equivalent. School concurrency is

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700 satisfied if the developer executes a legally binding commitment
701 to provide mitigation proportionate to the demand for public
702 school facilities to be created by actual development of the
703 property, including, but not limited to, the options described
704 in subparagraph 1. Options for proportionate-share mitigation of
705 impacts on public school facilities must be established in the
706 public school facilities element and the interlocal agreement
707 pursuant to s. 163.31777.

708 1. Appropriate mitigation options include the contribution
709 of land; the construction, expansion, or payment for land
710 acquisition or construction of a public school facility; the
711 construction of a charter school that complies with the
712 requirements of s. 1002.33(18)(f); or the creation of mitigation
713 banking based on the construction of a public school facility in
714 exchange for the right to sell capacity credits. Such options
715 must include execution by the applicant and the local government
716 of a development agreement that constitutes a legally binding
717 commitment to pay proportionate-share mitigation for the
718 additional residential units approved by the local government in
719 a development order and actually developed on the property,
720 taking into account residential density allowed on the property
721 prior to the plan amendment that increased the overall
722 residential density. The district school board must be a party
723 to such an agreement. As a condition of its entry into such a
724 development agreement, the local government may require the
725 landowner to agree to continuing renewal of the agreement upon
726 its expiration.

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727 2. If the education facilities plan and the public
728 educational facilities element authorize a contribution of land;
729 the construction, expansion, or payment for land acquisition; ~~or~~
730 the construction or expansion of a public school facility, or a
731 portion thereof; or the construction of a charter school that
732 complies with the requirements of s. 1002.33(18)(f), as
733 proportionate-share mitigation, the local government shall
734 credit such a contribution, construction, expansion, or payment
735 toward any other impact fee or exaction imposed by local
736 ordinance for the same need, on a dollar-for-dollar basis at
737 fair market value.

738 3. Any proportionate-share mitigation must be directed by
739 the school board toward a school capacity improvement identified
740 in a financially feasible 5-year district work plan that
741 satisfies the demands created by the development in accordance
742 with a binding developer's agreement.

743 4. If a development is precluded from commencing because
744 there is inadequate classroom capacity to mitigate the impacts
745 of the development, the development may nevertheless commence if
746 there are accelerated facilities in an approved capital
747 improvement element scheduled for construction in year four or
748 later of such plan which, when built, will mitigate the proposed
749 development, or if such accelerated facilities will be in the
750 next annual update of the capital facilities element, the
751 developer enters into a binding, financially guaranteed
752 agreement with the school district to construct an accelerated
753 facility within the first 3 years of an approved capital
754 improvement plan, and the cost of the school facility is equal

755 to or greater than the development's proportionate share. When
 756 the completed school facility is conveyed to the school
 757 district, the developer shall receive impact fee credits usable
 758 within the zone where the facility is constructed or any
 759 attendance zone contiguous with or adjacent to the zone where
 760 the facility is constructed.

761 5. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a local
 762 government to deny a development permit or its functional
 763 equivalent pursuant to its home rule regulatory powers, except
 764 as provided in this part.

765 Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
 766 163.31801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

767 163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; definitions;
 768 ordinances levying impact fees.--

769 (3) An impact fee adopted by ordinance of a county or
 770 municipality or by resolution of a special district must, at
 771 minimum:

772 (d) Require that notice be provided no less than 90 days
 773 before the effective date of an ordinance or resolution imposing
 774 a new or increased ~~amended~~ impact fee. A county or municipality
 775 is not required to wait 90 days to decrease, suspend, or
 776 eliminate an impact fee.

777 Section 5. Section 163.31802, Florida Statutes, is created
 778 to read:

779 163.31802 Prohibited standards for security devices.--A
 780 county, municipality, or other entity of local government may
 781 not adopt or maintain in effect an ordinance or rule that
 782 establishes standards for security devices that require a lawful

783 business to expend funds to enhance the services or functions
 784 provided by local government unless specifically provided by
 785 general law.

786 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 163.3184, Florida
 787 Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (e) is added to subsection
 788 (3) of that section, to read:

789 163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or
 790 plan amendment.--

791 (2) COORDINATION.--Each comprehensive plan or plan
 792 amendment proposed to be adopted pursuant to this part shall be
 793 transmitted, adopted, and reviewed in the manner prescribed in
 794 this section. The state land planning agency shall have
 795 responsibility for plan review, coordination, and the
 796 preparation and transmission of comments, pursuant to this
 797 section, to the local governing body responsible for the
 798 comprehensive plan. The state land planning agency shall
 799 maintain a single file concerning any proposed or adopted plan
 800 amendment submitted by a local government for any review under
 801 this section. Copies of all correspondence, papers, notes,
 802 memoranda, and other documents received or generated by the
 803 state land planning agency must be placed in the appropriate
 804 file. Paper copies of all electronic mail correspondence must be
 805 placed in the file. The file and its contents must be available
 806 for public inspection and copying as provided in chapter 119. A
 807 local government may elect to use the alternative state review
 808 process in s. 163.32465 for any amendment or amendment package
 809 not expressly excluded by s. 163.32465(3). The local government
 810 must establish in its transmittal hearing required pursuant to

811 this subsection that it elects to undergo the alternative state
 812 review process. If the local government has not specifically
 813 approved the alternative state review process for the amendment
 814 or amendment package, the amendment or amendment package shall
 815 be reviewed subject to the applicable process established in
 816 this section or s. 163.3187.

817 (3) LOCAL GOVERNMENT TRANSMITTAL OF PROPOSED PLAN OR
 818 AMENDMENT.--

819 (e) At the request of an applicant, a local government
 820 shall consider an application for zoning changes that would be
 821 required to properly enact the provisions of any proposed plan
 822 amendment transmitted pursuant to this subsection. Zoning
 823 changes approved by the local government are contingent upon the
 824 state land planning agency issuing a notice of intent to find
 825 that the comprehensive plan or plan amendment transmitted is in
 826 compliance with this act.

827 Section 7. Paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (1) of
 828 section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph
 829 (q) is added to that subsection, to read:

830 163.3187 Amendment of adopted comprehensive plan.--

831 (1) Amendments to comprehensive plans adopted pursuant to
 832 this part may be made not more than two times during any
 833 calendar year, except:

834 (b) Any local government comprehensive plan amendments
 835 directly related to a proposed development of regional impact,
 836 including changes which have been determined to be substantial
 837 deviations and including Florida Quality Developments pursuant
 838 to s. 380.061, may be initiated by a local planning agency and

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839 considered by the local governing body at the same time as the
840 application for development approval using the procedures
841 provided for local plan amendment in this section and applicable
842 local ordinances, ~~without regard to statutory or local ordinance~~
843 ~~limits on the frequency of consideration of amendments to the~~
844 ~~local comprehensive plan. Nothing in this subsection shall be~~
845 ~~deemed to require favorable consideration of a plan amendment~~
846 ~~solely because it is related to a development of regional~~
847 ~~impact.~~

848 (f) ~~Any comprehensive plan amendment that changes the~~
849 ~~schedule in~~ The capital improvements element annual update
850 required in s. 163.3177(3)(b)1. ~~and any amendments directly~~
851 ~~related to the schedule, may be made once in a calendar year on~~
852 ~~a date different from the two times provided in this subsection~~
853 ~~when necessary to coincide with the adoption of the local~~
854 ~~government's budget and capital improvements program.~~

855 (q) Any local government plan amendment to designate an
856 urban service area, which exists in the local government's
857 comprehensive plan as of July 1, 2009, as a transportation
858 concurrency exception area under s. 163.3180(5)(b)2. or 3. and
859 an area exempt from the development-of-regional-impact process
860 under s. 380.06(29).

861 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 163.3245, Florida
862 Statutes, is amended to read:

863 163.3245 Optional sector plans.--

864 (1) In recognition of the benefits of conceptual long-
865 range planning for the buildout of an area, and detailed
866 planning for specific areas, as a demonstration project, the

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867 requirements of s. 380.06 may be addressed as identified by this
868 section for up to 10 ~~five~~ local governments or combinations of
869 local governments which adopt into the comprehensive plan an
870 optional sector plan in accordance with this section. This
871 section is intended to further the intent of s. 163.3177(11),
872 which supports innovative and flexible planning and development
873 strategies, and the purposes of this part, and part I of chapter
874 380, and to avoid duplication of effort in terms of the level of
875 data and analysis required for a development of regional impact,
876 while ensuring the adequate mitigation of impacts to applicable
877 regional resources and facilities, including those within the
878 jurisdiction of other local governments, as would otherwise be
879 provided. Optional sector plans are intended for substantial
880 geographic areas including at least 5,000 acres of one or more
881 local governmental jurisdictions and are to emphasize urban form
882 and protection of regionally significant resources and
883 facilities. The state land planning agency may approve optional
884 sector plans of less than 5,000 acres based on local
885 circumstances if it is determined that the plan would further
886 the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380. Preparation
887 of an optional sector plan is authorized by agreement between
888 the state land planning agency and the applicable local
889 governments under s. 163.3171(4). An optional sector plan may be
890 adopted through one or more comprehensive plan amendments under
891 s. 163.3184. However, an optional sector plan may not be
892 authorized in an area of critical state concern.

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893 Section 9. Subsections (12), (13), and (14) of section
894 163.3246, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new subsection
895 (12) is added to that section, to read:

896 163.3246 Local government comprehensive planning
897 certification program.--

898 (12) Notwithstanding subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and
899 (7), any county that has a population greater than 1 million and
900 an average of at least 1,000 residents per square mile and
901 municipalities that have a population greater than 100,000 and
902 an average of at least 1,000 residents per square mile shall be
903 considered certified. The population and density needed to
904 identify local governments that qualify for certification under
905 this subsection shall be determined annually by the Office of
906 Economic and Demographic Research using the most recent land
907 area data from the decennial census conducted by the Bureau of
908 the Census of the United States Department of Commerce and the
909 latest available population estimates determined pursuant to s.
910 186.901. The office shall annually submit to the state land
911 planning agency a list of jurisdictions that meet the total
912 population and density criteria necessary to qualify for
913 certification. For each local government identified by the
914 Office of Economic and Demographic Research as meeting the
915 certification criteria in this subsection, the state land
916 planning agency shall provide a written notice of certification
917 to the local government, which shall be considered final agency
918 action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. The notice of
919 certification shall include a requirement that the local
920 government submit a monitoring report at least every 2 years

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921 according to the schedule provided in the written notice. The
 922 monitoring report shall include the number of amendments to the
 923 comprehensive plan adopted by the local government, the number
 924 of plan amendments challenged by an affected person, and the
 925 disposition of those challenges.

926 (13)~~(12)~~ A local government's certification shall be
 927 reviewed by the local government and the department as part of
 928 the evaluation and appraisal process pursuant to s. 163.3191.
 929 Within 1 year after the deadline for the local government to
 930 update its comprehensive plan based on the evaluation and
 931 appraisal report, the department shall renew or revoke the
 932 certification. The local government's failure to adopt a timely
 933 evaluation and appraisal report, failure to adopt an evaluation
 934 and appraisal report found to be sufficient, or failure to
 935 timely adopt amendments based on an evaluation and appraisal
 936 report found to be in compliance by the department shall be
 937 cause for revoking the certification agreement. The department's
 938 decision to renew or revoke shall be considered agency action
 939 subject to challenge under s. 120.569.

940 (14)~~(13)~~ The department shall, by October ~~July~~ 1 of each
 941 odd-numbered year, submit to the Governor, the President of the
 942 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report
 943 listing certified local governments, evaluating the
 944 effectiveness of the certification, and including any
 945 recommendations for legislative actions.

946 ~~(14) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government~~
 947 ~~Accountability shall prepare a report evaluating the~~
 948 ~~certification program, which shall be submitted to the Governor,~~

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949 ~~the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of~~
 950 ~~Representatives by December 1, 2007.~~

951 Section 10. Section 163.32465, Florida Statutes, is
 952 amended to read:

953 163.32465 Alternative state review process for ~~of~~ local
 954 comprehensive plan amendments ~~plans in urban areas.--~~

955 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--

956 (a) The Legislature finds that local governments in this
 957 state have a wide diversity of resources, conditions, abilities,
 958 and needs. The Legislature also finds that the needs and
 959 resources of urban areas are different from those of rural areas
 960 and that different planning and growth management approaches,
 961 strategies, and techniques are required ~~in urban areas~~. The
 962 state role in overseeing growth management should reflect this
 963 diversity and should vary based on local government conditions,
 964 capabilities, and needs, and the extent and type of development.
 965 Therefore ~~Thus~~, the Legislature recognizes ~~and finds~~ that
 966 reduced state oversight of local comprehensive planning is
 967 justified for some local governments and for certain types of
 968 development ~~in urban areas~~.

969 (b) The Legislature finds and declares that the diversity
 970 among local governments of this state ~~state's urban areas~~
 971 require recognition that the a reduced level of state oversight
 972 should reflect the ~~because of their high~~ degree of urbanization
 973 and the planning capabilities and resources available to ~~of many~~
 974 ~~of their~~ local governments. An alternative state review process
 975 that is adequate to protect issues of regional or statewide
 976 importance should be reflective of local governments' needs and

977 ~~capabilities created for appropriate local governments in these~~
 978 ~~areas.~~ Further, the Legislature finds that development,
 979 including urban infill and redevelopment, should be encouraged
 980 in ~~these~~ urban areas. The Legislature finds that an alternative
 981 process for amending local comprehensive plans in these areas
 982 should be established with an objective of streamlining the
 983 process and recognizing local responsibility and accountability.

984 ~~(c) The Legislature finds a pilot program will be~~
 985 ~~beneficial in evaluating an alternative, expedited plan~~
 986 ~~amendment adoption and review process. Pilot local governments~~
 987 ~~shall represent highly developed counties and the municipalities~~
 988 ~~within these counties and highly populated municipalities.~~

989 (2) ALTERNATIVE STATE REVIEW PROCESS ~~PILOT PROGRAM.~~--A
 990 local government may elect pursuant to s. 163.3184 to use the
 991 alternative state review process for any amendment or amendment
 992 package not expressly excluded by subsection (3). ~~Pinellas and~~
 993 ~~Broward Counties, and the municipalities within these counties,~~
 994 ~~and Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa, and Hialeah shall follow an~~
 995 ~~alternative state review process provided in this section.~~
 996 ~~Municipalities within the pilot counties may elect, by super~~
 997 ~~majority vote of the governing body, not to participate in the~~
 998 ~~pilot program.~~

999 (3) PROCESS FOR ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS
 1000 ~~UNDER THE PILOT PROGRAM.--~~

1001 (a) Plan amendments adopted under this section ~~by the~~
 1002 ~~pilot program jurisdictions~~ shall follow the alternate,
 1003 expedited process in subsections (4) and (5), except as set
 1004 forth in paragraphs (b) - (d) ~~(b) - (e)~~ of this subsection.

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1005 (b) An amendment to a comprehensive plan is not eligible
 1006 for the alternative state review process and shall be reviewed
 1007 subject to the applicable processes established in ss. 163.3184
 1008 and 163.3187 if the amendment:

1009 1. Designates or implements a rural land stewardship area
 1010 pursuant to s. 163.3177(11) (d);

1011 2. Designates or implements an optional sector plan;

1012 3. Applies within an area of critical state concern or a
 1013 coastal high-hazard area;

1014 4. Incorporates into a municipal comprehensive plan lands
 1015 that have been annexed;

1016 5. Updates a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and
 1017 appraisal report;

1018 6. Implements new plans for newly incorporated
 1019 municipalities;

1020 7. Implements statutory requirements that were not
 1021 previously incorporated into the comprehensive plan; or

1022 8. Changes the boundary of a jurisdiction's urban service
 1023 area as defined in s. 163.3164. ~~Amendments that qualify as~~
 1024 ~~small-scale development amendments may continue to be adopted by~~
 1025 ~~the pilot program jurisdictions pursuant to s. 163.3187(1) (c)~~
 1026 ~~and (3).~~

1027 (c) Plan amendments adopted under this section ~~that~~
 1028 ~~propose a rural land stewardship area pursuant to s.~~
 1029 ~~163.3177(11) (d); propose an optional sector plan; update a~~
 1030 ~~comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and appraisal report;~~
 1031 ~~implement new statutory requirements; or new plans for newly~~

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1032 ~~incorporated municipalities are subject to state review as set~~
 1033 ~~forth in s. 163.3184.~~

1034 ~~(d) Pilot program jurisdictions~~ shall be subject to the
 1035 frequency and timing requirements for plan amendments set forth
 1036 in ss. 163.3187 and 163.3191, except where otherwise stated in
 1037 this section.

1038 (d) ~~(e)~~ The mediation and expedited hearing provisions in
 1039 s. 163.3189(3) apply to all plan amendments adopted pursuant to
 1040 the alternative state review process by the pilot program
 1041 jurisdictions.

1042 (4) INITIAL HEARING ON COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT ~~FOR~~
 1043 ~~PILOT PROGRAM.~~

1044 (a) The local government shall hold its first public
 1045 hearing on a comprehensive plan amendment on a weekday at least
 1046 7 days after the day the first advertisement is published
 1047 pursuant to the requirements of chapter 125 or chapter 166. Upon
 1048 an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the members
 1049 of the governing body present at the hearing, the local
 1050 government shall immediately transmit the amendment or
 1051 amendments and appropriate supporting data and analyses to the
 1052 state land planning agency; the appropriate regional planning
 1053 council and water management district; the Department of
 1054 Environmental Protection; the Department of State; the
 1055 Department of Transportation; in the case of municipal plans, to
 1056 the appropriate county; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
 1057 Commission; the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
 1058 and in the case of amendments that include or impact the public
 1059 school facilities element, the Office of Educational Facilities

1060 of the Commissioner of Education. The local governing body shall
 1061 also transmit a copy of the amendments and supporting data and
 1062 analyses to any other local government or governmental agency
 1063 that has filed a written request with the governing body.

1064 (b) The agencies and local governments specified in
 1065 paragraph (a) may provide comments regarding the amendment or
 1066 amendments to the local government. The regional planning
 1067 council review and comment shall be limited to effects on
 1068 regional resources or facilities identified in the strategic
 1069 regional policy plan and extrajurisdictional impacts that would
 1070 be inconsistent with the comprehensive plan of the affected
 1071 local government. A regional planning council shall not review
 1072 and comment on a proposed comprehensive plan amendment prepared
 1073 by such council unless the plan amendment has been changed by
 1074 the local government subsequent to the preparation of the plan
 1075 amendment by the regional planning council. County comments on
 1076 municipal comprehensive plan amendments shall be primarily in
 1077 the context of the relationship and effect of the proposed plan
 1078 amendments on the county plan. Municipal comments on county plan
 1079 amendments shall be primarily in the context of the relationship
 1080 and effect of the amendments on the municipal plan. State agency
 1081 comments shall clearly identify as objections any issues that,
 1082 if not resolved, may result in an agency request that the state
 1083 land planning agency challenge the plan amendment and may
 1084 include technical guidance on issues of agency jurisdiction as
 1085 it relates to the requirements of this part. ~~Such comments shall~~
 1086 ~~clearly identify issues that, if not resolved, may result in an~~
 1087 ~~agency challenge to the plan amendment. For the purposes of this~~

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1088 ~~pilot program,~~ Agencies shall ~~are encouraged to~~ focus potential
 1089 challenges on issues of regional or statewide importance.
 1090 Agencies and local governments must transmit their comments, if
 1091 issued, to the affected local government within 30 days after
 1092 the state land planning agency notifies the affected local
 1093 government that the plan amendment package is complete. The
 1094 state land planning agency shall notify the local government of
 1095 any deficiencies within 5 working days after receipt of an
 1096 amendment package. Any comments from the agencies and local
 1097 governments shall also be transmitted to the state land planning
 1098 agency such that they are received by the local government not
 1099 later than thirty days from the date on which the agency or
 1100 government received the amendment or amendments.

1101 (5) ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT ~~FOR PILOT~~
 1102 ~~AREAS.~~

1103 (a) The local government shall hold its second public
 1104 hearing, which shall be a hearing on whether to adopt one or
 1105 more comprehensive plan amendments, on a weekday at least 5 days
 1106 after the day the second advertisement is published pursuant to
 1107 ~~the requirements of~~ chapter 125 or chapter 166. Adoption of
 1108 comprehensive plan amendments must be by ordinance ~~and requires~~
 1109 ~~an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the~~
 1110 ~~governing body present at the second hearing.~~ The hearing must
 1111 be conducted and the amendment must be adopted, adopted with
 1112 changes, or not adopted within 120 days after the agency
 1113 comments are received pursuant to paragraph (4) (b). If a local
 1114 government fails to adopt the plan amendment within the
 1115 timeframe set forth in this paragraph, the plan amendment is

1116 deemed abandoned and the plan amendment may not be considered
 1117 until the next available amendment cycle pursuant to s.
 1118 163.3187. However, if the applicant or local government, prior
 1119 to the expiration of such timeframe, notifies the state land
 1120 planning agency that the applicant or local government is
 1121 proceeding in good faith to adopt the plan amendment, the state
 1122 land planning agency shall grant one or more extensions not to
 1123 exceed a total of 360 days after the issuance of the agency
 1124 report or comments. During the pendency of any such extension,
 1125 the applicant or local government shall provide to the state
 1126 land planning agency a status report every 90 days identifying
 1127 the items continuing to be addressed and the manner in which the
 1128 items are being addressed.

1129 (b) All comprehensive plan amendments adopted by the
 1130 governing body along with the supporting data and analysis shall
 1131 be transmitted within 10 days of the second public hearing to
 1132 the state land planning agency and any other agency or local
 1133 government that provided timely comments under paragraph (4) (b).

1134 (6) ADMINISTRATIVE CHALLENGES TO PLAN AMENDMENTS ~~FOR PILOT~~
 1135 ~~PROGRAM.~~

1136 (a) Any "affected person" as defined in s. 163.3184(1) (a)
 1137 may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings
 1138 pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, with a copy served on the
 1139 affected local government, to request a formal hearing to
 1140 challenge whether the amendments are "in compliance" as defined
 1141 in s. 163.3184(1) (b). This petition must be filed with the
 1142 Division within 30 days after the local government adopts the

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1143 amendment. The state land planning agency may intervene in a
1144 proceeding instituted by an affected person.

1145 (b) The state land planning agency may file a petition
1146 with the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss.
1147 120.569 and 120.57, with a copy served on the affected local
1148 government, to request a formal hearing. This petition must be
1149 filed with the Division within 30 days after the state land
1150 planning agency notifies the local government that the plan
1151 amendment package is complete. For purposes of this section, an
1152 amendment shall be deemed complete if it contains a full,
1153 executed copy of the adoption ordinance or ordinances; in the
1154 case of a text amendment, a full copy of the amended language in
1155 legislative format with new words inserted in the text
1156 underlined, and words to be deleted lined through with hyphens;
1157 in the case of a future land use map amendment, a copy of the
1158 future land use map clearly depicting the parcel, its existing
1159 future land use designation, and its adopted designation; and a
1160 copy of any data and analyses the local government deems
1161 appropriate. The state land planning agency shall notify the
1162 local government of any deficiencies within 5 working days of
1163 receipt of an amendment package.

1164 (c) The state land planning agency's challenge shall be
1165 limited to those objections ~~issues~~ raised in the comments
1166 provided by the reviewing agencies pursuant to paragraph (4)(b).
1167 The state land planning agency may challenge a plan amendment
1168 that has substantially changed from the version on which the
1169 agencies provided comments. For the purposes of the alternative
1170 state review process ~~this pilot program~~, the Legislature

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1171 ~~strongly encourages the~~ state land planning agency shall ~~to~~
1172 focus any challenge on issues of regional or statewide
1173 importance.

1174 (d) An administrative law judge shall hold a hearing in
1175 the affected local jurisdiction. In a proceeding involving an
1176 affected person as defined in s. 163.3184(1)(a), the local
1177 government's determination of compliance is fairly debatable. In
1178 a proceeding in which the state land planning agency challenges
1179 the local government's determination that the amendment is "in
1180 compliance," the local government's determination is presumed to
1181 be correct and shall be sustained unless it is shown by a
1182 preponderance of the evidence that the amendment is not "in
1183 compliance."

1184 (e) If the administrative law judge recommends that the
1185 amendment be found not in compliance, the judge shall submit the
1186 recommended order to the Administration Commission for final
1187 agency action. The Administration Commission shall enter a final
1188 order within 45 days after its receipt of the recommended order.

1189 (f) If the administrative law judge recommends that the
1190 amendment be found in compliance, the judge shall submit the
1191 recommended order to the state land planning agency.

1192 1. If the state land planning agency determines that the
1193 plan amendment should be found not in compliance, the agency
1194 shall refer, within 30 days of receipt of the recommended order,
1195 the recommended order and its determination to the
1196 Administration Commission for final agency action. If the
1197 commission determines that the amendment is not in compliance,

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1198 it may sanction the local government as set forth in s.
 1199 163.3184(11).

1200 2. If the state land planning agency determines that the
 1201 plan amendment should be found in compliance, the agency shall
 1202 enter its final order not later than 30 days from receipt of the
 1203 recommended order.

1204 (g) An amendment adopted under the expedited provisions of
 1205 this section shall not become effective until the completion of
 1206 the time period available to the state land planning agency for
 1207 administrative challenge under paragraph (a) 31 days after
 1208 adoption. If timely challenged, an amendment shall not become
 1209 effective until the state land planning agency or the
 1210 Administration Commission enters a final order determining that
 1211 the adopted amendment is ~~to be~~ in compliance.

1212 (h) Parties to a proceeding under this section may enter
 1213 into compliance agreements using the process in s. 163.3184(16).
 1214 Any remedial amendment adopted pursuant to a settlement
 1215 agreement shall be provided to the agencies and governments
 1216 listed in paragraph (4) (a).

1217 ~~(7) APPLICABILITY OF PILOT PROGRAM IN CERTAIN LOCAL~~
 1218 ~~GOVERNMENTS.--Local governments and specific areas that have~~
 1219 ~~been designated for alternate review process pursuant to ss.~~
 1220 ~~163.3246 and 163.3184(17) and (18) are not subject to this~~
 1221 ~~section.~~

1222 ~~(7)(8) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY FOR PILOT PROGRAM.--The state~~
 1223 ~~land planning agency may adopt procedural Agencies shall not~~
 1224 ~~promulgate rules to administer implement this section pilot~~
 1225 ~~program.~~

1226 (8)-(9) REPORT.--The state land planning agency may, from
 1227 time to time, report to Office of Program Policy Analysis and
 1228 Government Accountability shall submit to the Governor, the
 1229 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
 1230 Representatives on the implementation of this section, including
 1231 any recommendations for legislative action by December 1, 2008,
 1232 a report and recommendations for implementing a statewide
 1233 program that addresses the legislative findings in subsection
 1234 (1) in areas that meet urban criteria. The Office of Program
 1235 Policy Analysis and Government Accountability in consultation
 1236 with the state land planning agency shall develop the report and
 1237 recommendations with input from other state and regional
 1238 agencies, local governments, and interest groups. Additionally,
 1239 the office shall review local and state actions and
 1240 correspondence relating to the pilot program to identify issues
 1241 of process and substance in recommending changes to the pilot
 1242 program. At a minimum, the report and recommendations shall
 1243 include the following:

1244 ~~(a) Identification of local governments beyond those~~
 1245 ~~participating in the pilot program that should be subject to the~~
 1246 ~~alternative expedited state review process. The report may~~
 1247 ~~recommend that pilot program local governments may no longer be~~
 1248 ~~appropriate for such alternative review process.~~

1249 ~~(b) Changes to the alternative expedited state review~~
 1250 ~~process for local comprehensive plan amendments identified in~~
 1251 ~~the pilot program.~~

1252 ~~(c) Criteria for determining issues of regional or~~
 1253 ~~statewide importance that are to be protected in the alternative~~
 1254 ~~state review process.~~

1255 ~~(d) In preparing the report and recommendations, the~~
 1256 ~~Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability~~
 1257 ~~shall consult with the state land planning agency, the~~
 1258 ~~Department of Transportation, the Department of Environmental~~
 1259 ~~Protection, and the regional planning agencies in identifying~~
 1260 ~~highly developed local governments to participate in the~~
 1261 ~~alternative expedited state review process. The Office of~~
 1262 ~~Program Policy Analysis and Governmental Accountability shall~~
 1263 ~~also solicit citizen input in the potentially affected areas and~~
 1264 ~~consult with the affected local governments and stakeholder~~
 1265 ~~groups.~~

1266 Section 11. Section 171.091, Florida Statutes, is amended
 1267 to read:

1268 171.091 Recording.--Any change in the municipal boundaries
 1269 through annexation or contraction shall revise the charter
 1270 boundary article and shall be filed as a revision of the charter
 1271 with the Department of State within 30 days. A copy of such
 1272 revision must be submitted to the Office of Economic and
 1273 Demographic Research along with a statement specifying the
 1274 population census effect and the affected land area.

1275 Section 12. Section 186.509, Florida Statutes, is amended
 1276 to read:

1277 186.509 Dispute resolution process.--Each regional
 1278 planning council shall establish by rule a dispute resolution
 1279 process to reconcile differences on planning and growth

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1280 management issues between local governments, regional agencies,
 1281 and private interests. The dispute resolution process shall,
 1282 within a reasonable set of timeframes, provide for: voluntary
 1283 meetings among the disputing parties; if those meetings fail to
 1284 resolve the dispute, initiation of mandatory ~~voluntary~~ mediation
 1285 or a similar process; if that process fails, initiation of
 1286 arbitration or administrative or judicial action, where
 1287 appropriate. The council shall not utilize the dispute
 1288 resolution process to address disputes involving environmental
 1289 permits or other regulatory matters unless requested to do so by
 1290 the parties. The resolution of any issue through the dispute
 1291 resolution process shall not alter any person's right to a
 1292 judicial determination of any issue if that person is entitled
 1293 to such a determination under statutory or common law.

1294 Section 13. Subsection (29) is added to section 380.06,
 1295 Florida Statutes, to read:

1296 380.06 Developments of regional impact.--

1297 (29) EXEMPTIONS FOR DENSE URBAN LAND AREAS.--

1298 (a) The following are exempt from this section:

- 1299 1. Any proposed development in a municipality that
 1300 qualifies as a dense urban land area as defined in s. 163.3164;
- 1301 2. Any proposed development within a county that qualifies
 1302 as a dense urban land area as defined in s. 163.3164 and that is
 1303 located within an urban service area defined in s. 163.3164
 1304 which has been adopted into the comprehensive plan; or
- 1305 3. Any proposed development within a county, including the
 1306 municipalities located therein, which has a population of at
 1307 least 900,000, which qualifies as a dense urban land area under

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1308 s. 163.3164, but which does not have an urban service area
1309 designated in the comprehensive plan.

1310 (b) If a municipality that does not qualify as a dense
1311 urban land area pursuant to s. 163.3164 designates any of the
1312 following areas in its comprehensive plan, any proposed
1313 development within the designated area is exempt from the
1314 development-of-regional-impact process:

- 1315 1. Urban infill as defined in s. 163.3164;
- 1316 2. Community redevelopment areas as defined in s. 163.340;
- 1317 3. Downtown revitalization areas as defined in s.
1318 163.3164;
- 1319 4. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or
- 1320 5. Urban service areas as defined in s. 163.3164 or areas
1321 within a designated urban service boundary under s.
1322 163.3177(14).

1323 (c) If a county that does not qualify as a dense urban
1324 land area pursuant to s. 163.3164 designates any of the
1325 following areas in its comprehensive plan, any proposed
1326 development within the designated area is exempt from the
1327 development-of-regional-impact process:

- 1328 1. Urban infill as defined in s. 163.3164;
- 1329 2. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or
- 1330 3. Urban service areas as defined in s. 163.3164.

1331 (d) A development that is located partially outside an
1332 area that is exempt from the development-of-regional-impact
1333 program must undergo development-of-regional-impact review
1334 pursuant to this section.

1335 (e) In an area that is exempt under paragraphs (a)-(c),

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1336 any previously approved development-of-regional-impact
1337 development orders shall continue to be effective, but the
1338 developer has the option to be governed by s. 380.115(1). A
1339 pending application for development approval shall be governed
1340 by s. 380.115(2). A development that has a pending application
1341 for a comprehensive plan amendment and that elects not to
1342 continue development-of-regional-impact review is exempt from
1343 the limitation on plan amendments set forth in s. 163.3187(1)
1344 for the year following the effective date of the exemption.

1345 (f) Local governments must submit by mail a development
1346 order to the state land planning agency for projects that would
1347 be larger than 120 percent of any applicable development-of
1348 regional-impact threshold and would require development-of-
1349 regional-impact review but for the exemption from the program
1350 under paragraph (a). For such development orders, the state land
1351 planning agency may appeal the development order pursuant to s.
1352 380.07 for inconsistency with the comprehensive plan adopted
1353 under chapter 163.

1354 (g) If a local government that qualifies as a dense urban
1355 land area under this subsection is subsequently found to be
1356 ineligible for designation as a dense urban land area, any
1357 development located within that area which has a complete,
1358 pending application for authorization to commence development
1359 may maintain the exemption if the developer is continuing the
1360 application process in good faith or the development is
1361 approved.

1362 (h) This subsection does not limit or modify the rights of
1363 any person to complete any development that has been authorized

1364 as a development of regional impact pursuant to this chapter.

1365 (i) This subsection does not apply to areas:

1366 1. Within the boundary of any area of critical state
 1367 concern designated pursuant to s. 380.05;

1368 2. Within the boundary of the Wekiva Study Area as
 1369 described in s. 369.316; or

1370 3. Within 2 miles of the boundary of the Everglades
 1371 Protection Area as described in s. 373.4592(2).

1372 Section 14. (1)(a) The Legislature finds that the
 1373 existing transportation concurrency system has not adequately
 1374 addressed the transportation needs of this state in an
 1375 effective, predictable, and equitable manner and is not
 1376 producing a sustainable transportation system for the state. The
 1377 Legislature finds that the current system is complex, lacks
 1378 uniformity among jurisdictions, is too focused on roadways to
 1379 the detriment of desired land use patterns and transportation
 1380 alternatives, and frequently prevents the attainment of
 1381 important growth management goals.

1382 (b) The Legislature determines that the state shall
 1383 evaluate and, as deemed feasible, implement a different adequate
 1384 public facility requirement for transportation which uses a
 1385 mobility fee. The mobility fee shall be designed to provide for
 1386 mobility needs, ensure that development provides mitigation for
 1387 its impacts on the transportation system in approximate
 1388 proportionality to those impacts, fairly distribute financial
 1389 burdens, and promote compact, mixed-use, and energy-efficient
 1390 development.

1391 (2) The Legislature directs the state land planning agency

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1392 and the Department of Transportation, both of which are
1393 currently performing independent mobility fee studies, to
1394 coordinate and use those studies in developing a methodology for
1395 a mobility fee system as follows:

1396 (a) The uniform mobility fee methodology for statewide
1397 application is intended to replace existing transportation
1398 concurrency management systems adopted and implemented by local
1399 governments. The studies shall focus upon developing a
1400 methodology that includes:

1401 1. A determination of the amount, distribution, and timing
1402 of vehicular and people-miles traveled by applying
1403 professionally accepted standards and practices in the
1404 disciplines of land use and transportation planning, including
1405 requirements of constitutional and statutory law.

1406 2. The development of an equitable mobility fee that
1407 provides funding for future mobility needs whereby new
1408 development mitigates in approximate proportionality its impacts
1409 on the transportation system, yet is not delayed or held
1410 accountable for system backlogs or failures that are not
1411 directly attributable to the proposed development.

1412 3. The replacement of transportation-related financial
1413 feasibility obligations, proportionate-share contributions for
1414 developments of regional impacts, proportionate fair-share
1415 contributions, and locally adopted transportation impact fees
1416 with the mobility fee, so that a single transportation fee may
1417 be applied uniformly on a statewide basis by application of the
1418 mobility fee formula developed by these studies.

1419 4. Applicability of the mobility fee on a statewide or

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1420 more limited geographic basis, accounting for special
1421 requirements arising from implementation for urban, suburban,
1422 and rural areas, including recommendations for an equitable
1423 implementation in these areas.

1424 5. The feasibility of developer contributions of land for
1425 right-of-way or developer-funded improvements to the
1426 transportation network to be recognized as credits against the
1427 mobility fee by entering into mutually acceptable agreements
1428 reached with the impacted jurisdiction.

1429 6. An equitable methodology for distribution of the
1430 mobility fee proceeds among those jurisdictions responsible for
1431 construction and maintenance of the impacted roadways, so that
1432 the collected mobility fees are used for improvements to the
1433 overall transportation network of the impacted jurisdiction.

1434 (b) The state land planning agency and the Department of
1435 Transportation shall develop and submit to the President of the
1436 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, no later
1437 than July 15, 2009, an initial interim joint report on the
1438 status of the mobility fee methodology study, no later than
1439 October 1, 2009, a second interim joint report on the status of
1440 the mobility fee methodology study, and no later than December
1441 1, 2009, a final joint report on the mobility fee methodology
1442 study, complete with recommended legislation and a plan to
1443 implement the mobility fee as a replacement for the existing
1444 transportation concurrency management systems adopted and
1445 implemented by local governments. The final joint report shall
1446 also contain, but is not limited to, an economic analysis of
1447 implementation of the mobility fee, activities necessary to

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1448 implement the fee, and potential costs and benefits at the state
1449 and local levels and to the private sector.

1450 Section 15. (1) Any construction permit, development
1451 order, building permit, or other land use application that has
1452 been issued or rendered by a state or local governmental entity
1453 pursuant to chapter 125, chapter 161, chapter 163, chapter 166,
1454 chapter 253, part IV of chapter 373, chapter 378, chapter 379,
1455 chapter 380, chapter 381, chapter 403, or chapter 553, Florida
1456 Statutes, or pursuant to a local ordinance, and that has an
1457 expiration date prior on or after the effective date of this act
1458 through October 1, 2011, is extended and renewed for a period of
1459 2 years beyond the previously identified expiration date. Any
1460 new construction permit, development order, building permit, or
1461 other land use application rendered or issued after the
1462 effective date of this act may not be extended or renewed except
1463 as requested by the applicant and subject to a decision by the
1464 state or local governmental entity issuing or rendering the
1465 permit, development order, or land use decision.

1466 (2) The 2-year extension also applies to the phase,
1467 commencement, and build-out date for any development order or
1468 local land use approval, including a certificate of concurrency
1469 or developer agreement. The completion date for any required
1470 mitigation associated with any phase of construction is
1471 similarly extended so that such mitigation takes place within
1472 the phase originally intended.

1473 (3) Nothing in this act shall be deemed to extend or
1474 purport to extend any permit or approval issued by the Federal
1475 Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or any

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1476 permit or approval by whatever authority issued of which the
1477 duration of effect or the date or terms of its expiration are
1478 specified or determined by or pursuant to law or regulation of
1479 the Federal Government or any of its agencies or
1480 instrumentalities. Nothing in this act shall be construed or
1481 implemented in such a way as to modify any requirement of law
1482 that is necessary to retain federal delegation to, or assumption
1483 by, the state of the authority to implement a federal law or
1484 program. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to extend or
1485 purport to extend any permit or approval for the consumptive use
1486 of water within Water-Use Caution Areas as permitted under
1487 chapter 373 and chapter 403, Florida Statutes.

1488 (4) Nothing in this act shall impair the authority of a
1489 county or municipality to require the owner of a property, which
1490 has received the benefit of an extension of time pursuant to
1491 this act or pursuant to action of the municipality or county, to
1492 maintain and secure the property in a safe and sanitary
1493 condition in compliance with applicable laws and ordinances.

1494 (5) The permitholder shall notify the permitting agencies
1495 of the intent to use this extension.

1496 Section 16. The Legislature finds that this act fulfills
1497 an important state interest.

1498 Section 17. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
1499 law.