By the Committee on Regulated Industries; and Senators Pruitt and Fasano

580-02944-09

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the production and shipment of
3	wine; creating s. 561.222, F.S.; authorizing the
4	direct shipment of wine into and within this state for
5	personal consumption only; providing legislative
6	intent; requiring licensure of winery shippers by the
7	Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco; providing
8	license requirements; requiring recipients of a direct
9	shipment of wine to be 21 years of age; requiring
10	proof of age of a recipient; providing for the payment
11	of taxes, a monthly report, and recordkeeping by
12	winery shippers; providing requirements for common
13	carriers that make deliveries of wine; providing
14	administrative and criminal penalties for violations
15	of the act; authorizing the division and the
16	Department of Revenue to adopt rules; amending ss.
17	561.24, 561.54, 561.545, and 564.045, F.S.; conforming
18	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
19	599.004, F.S.; revising requirements for qualifying as
20	a certified Florida Farm Winery; providing for
21	severability; providing an effective date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
24	
25	Section 1. Section 561.222, Florida Statutes, is created to
26	read:
27	561.222 Winery shipper's license.—
28	(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENTThe Legislature finds that the
29	importation, distribution, and sale of alcoholic beverages

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580-02944-09 2009764c1 30 require strict regulation in order to promote temperance by 31 discouraging consumption by underage persons and abusive 32 consumption by adults, to ensure orderly markets having 33 transparent and accountable sales, and to facilitate the 34 collection of excise and sales taxes critical to the fiscal 35 health of the state. The Legislature finds that these purposes 36 are best achieved through the state's comprehensive system of 37 licensing and regulation, including the three-tier system of 38 alcohol distribution which has been the law of this state since 39 the repeal of Prohibition. The Legislature finds that the 40 limitations contained in this section for the uniform regulation 41 of direct shipping by small, in-state and out-of-state farm 42 wineries are the least discriminatory means of protecting the 43 public and state revenues. The Legislature continues to maintain 44 its interest in having the state exercise its police power, 45 ensure enforcement of the beverage laws, and thereby regulate 46 the transportation, importation, distribution, and sale of 47 alcoholic beverages to the maximum extent allowed by the state and federal constitutions. The Legislature reaffirms its policy 48 49 prohibiting manufacturers from causing the direct shipment of 50 beer and spirits to individuals in this state and its intent to 51 uphold and preserve against constitutional challenge all of the 52 laws of this state relating to alcoholic beverages. 53 (2) LICENSE REQUIREMENTS.-54 (a) A winery may directly ship wine to a resident of this 55 state only under a winery shipper's license. A manufacturer of 56 wine within this state or any other state which produces or sells less than 250,000 gallons of wine per year may ship wines 57 58 manufactured by such winery to a resident of this state who is

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59	
	at least 21 years of age for that person's personal use, and not
60	for resale, upon obtaining a winery shipper's license from the
61	division. The manufacturer may obtain a winery shipper's license
62	by:
63	1. Holding a current wine producer basic permit issued in
64	accordance with the Federal Alcohol Administration Act.
65	2. Holding a current wine manufacturer's license from the
66	state in which it manufactures wine.
67	3. Holding a current license as a primary American source
68	of supply in accordance with s. 564.045 and registering with the
69	division all brands shipped.
70	4. Meeting the qualifications for licensure under s.
71	561.15.
72	5. Filing an application with the division in accordance
73	with s. 561.17. The information required by the division in the
74	application must be the same as the information required by the
75	division for licensure as a wine manufacturer. The applicant
76	shall also include with the application:
77	a. A copy of its current basic permit as a wine producer
78	issued in accordance with the Federal Alcohol Administration
79	Act.
80	b. A copy of its current state license to manufacture wine.
81	c. A copy of the appointment of a registered agent in this
82	state for the acceptance of service of process. Winery shippers
83	must maintain an appointed registered agent and must notify the
84	division of a change in appointment.
85	d. A copy of the applicant's sales tax registration number
86	issued by the Department of Revenue. An applicant must register
87	and maintain a current sales tax registration with the
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88	department as a collector and remitter of state sales tax.
89	e. An affirmation that the applicant consents to the
90	jurisdiction of the courts of this state and its agencies for
91	the enforcement of this section and any related laws or rules,
92	including actions by third parties for violations of this
93	section.
94	6. Filing with the division a surety bond in the sum of
95	\$5,000 as surety for the payment of all taxes. If the division
96	determines that the volume of business done by the manufacturer
97	is such that a bond of less than \$5,000 is adequate, the
98	division may accept a bond in a lesser sum, but not less than
99	\$1,000. The surety bond currently on file with the division for
100	a winery pursuant to s. 561.37 is deemed to comply with this
101	requirement.
102	7. Paying a license fee of \$250 to the division. Winery
103	shippers must maintain a current license as provided in this
104	section which must be renewed annually by August 1 by paying a
105	renewal fee of \$250 to the division.
106	(b) The division may issue or renew a license under this
107	section only if the applicant or licensee:
108	1. Has not violated the conditions of licensure or the
109	requirements or limitations of this section;
110	2. Produces or sells less than 250,000 gallons of wine
111	annually;
112	3. Does not have a subsidiary winery and is not otherwise
113	affiliated with another winery, unless such subsidiary winery or
114	affiliated winery produces or sells less than 250,000 gallons of
115	wine annually; and
116	4. Has not appointed a distributor in this state, unless

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117	the applicant provides to the division a copy of the applicant's
118	contract with the applicant's appointed distributor containing
119	terms to the contrary or a copy of a written notice sent to the
120	distributor of the applicant's intent to obtain a winery
121	shipper's license 1 year before applying for such license under
122	this section.
123	(3) SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS
124	(a) Before shipping wine directly to a resident of this
125	state, a licensed winery shipper shall:
126	1. Verify the purchaser's age at the point of purchase
127	before completing any transaction and refuse sales of wine to
128	anyone younger than 21 years of age.
129	2. Conspicuously label the outside of each box of wine
130	shipped with the following information:
131	a. The package contains alcohol.
132	b. The recipient must be at least 21 years of age.
133	c. The signature of the recipient is required.
134	3. Refuse to ship or cause to be shipped more than 12 cases
135	containing no more than nine liters each of its wine per
136	calendar year to any one household address in this state.
137	Consumers may not purchase, and winery shippers may not sell,
138	ship, or cause to be shipped to a single household, more than 12
139	cases of no more than nine liters of wine per calendar year. A
140	licensed winery shipper must make all of its deliveries under
141	this section in vehicles owned or leased by such company or by
142	common carrier. If such deliveries are made by common carrier,
143	the licensed winery shipper shall require a common carrier
144	contracting with the shipper for the delivery of the shipper's
145	wine to obtain, before delivery, the signature of the addressee

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146	or other recipient who is at least 21 years of age after a valid
147	driver's license, identification card issued by this state or
148	another state, passport, or United States armed services
149	identification card verifying the recipient's age is presented.
150	(b) A licensed winery shipper must obtain from a common
151	carrier contracting for the delivery of the shipper's wine the
152	common carrier's written policy declaring that the common
153	carrier shall, before delivering any wine, adhere to the
154	requirements of paragraph (a).
155	(c) A licensed winery shipper must offer to its distributor
156	for purchase and sale per calendar year the same brands and
157	quantities of wine shipped per calendar year under this section,
158	unless its contract with its appointed distributor contains
159	terms to the contrary.
160	(4) TAXESA licensed winery shipper shall pay monthly to
161	the Department of Revenue all sales taxes pursuant to s. 212.15
162	and to the division all state excise taxes due for sales to
163	persons in this state for the preceding month. Notwithstanding
164	s. 212.0596, the amount of such taxes shall be calculated as if
165	the sales took place at the location at which the delivery
166	occurred in this state. The proceeds of the discretionary sales
167	surtax imposed under s. 212.055 shall be deposited into the
168	Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund described in s.
169	212.054(4)(c) and distributed as provided therein.
170	(5) MONTHLY REPORT
171	(a) A licensed winery shipper shall report to the division,
172	by the 10th day of each month, on forms prescribed by the
173	division:
174	1. Whether any wine was shipped to residents of this state

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580-02944-09 2009764c1 175 during the preceding month. 176 2. The quantity and brands of wine shipped to residents of 177 this state during the preceding month. 178 3. The total price of wine shipped to residents of this 179 state during the preceding month. 180 4. The amount of excise tax paid to the division for the 181 shipments of wine to residents of this state during the 182 preceding month. 183 5. Any other information that the division determines 184 necessary to enforce this section. 185 (b) The report required by this subsection is not required 186 from a winery shipper licensee who files a monthly report 187 pursuant to s. 561.55. The division may prescribe the format for 188 submitting this information for the purpose of eliminating 189 duplicate filings. 190 (6) RECORDS.-All licensed winery shippers shall maintain 191 the following records, electronically or otherwise, available 192 for inspection by the Department of Revenue or the division upon 193 request for a period of 3 years after the date of delivery, and 194 shall allow the Department of Revenue or the division to perform 195 an audit of the records, not to exceed the frequency of audits 196 of licensees under the Beverage Law generally, but at least once 197 per year. Upon such request, the licensee shall submit any 198 related documents to that agency within 30 days. 199 (a) The license issued under this section. 200 (b) A record of all wines ordered, sold, and shipped to 201 residents of this state, including the name, address, and date 202 of birth of the purchaser; the name and address of the person to whom the wine is shipped; and the date of shipment, quantity, 203

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580-02944-09 2009764c1 204 and brands of wine shipped. 205 (c) All contracts with common carriers for the delivery of 206 the shipper's wine in this state and the carrier's written wine-207 delivery policy. 208 (7) COMMON CARRIERS.-Each common carrier making deliveries 209 of wine under this section shall: 210 (a) Register with the division and acknowledge the 211 requirements contained in this section for the direct shipment 212 of wine and the carrier's intent to deliver wines in accordance 213 with this section. 214 (b) Maintain a written wine-delivery policy stating that 215 the common carrier shall, before delivering any wine, obtain the 216 signature of the recipient after a valid driver's license, an 217 identification card issued by this state or another state, a 218 passport, or a United States armed services identification card 219 is presented verifying that the recipient is 21 years of age or 220 older. 221 (c) Refuse delivery if the recipient appears to be younger 222 than 21 years of age; fails or refuses to present a valid 223 driver's license, an identification card issued by this state or 224 another state, a passport, or a United States armed services 225 identification card verifying age; or fails or refuses to sign 226 the signature form. 227 (d) Obtain the recipient's name; maintain such records and 228 the shipping order, including the name and address of the person 229 to whom the wine is shipped, for 3 years; and make the records 230 available for inspection upon request by the division. 231 (8) PENALTIES.-In addition to any other penalty provided in 232 the Beverage Law, the division may suspend or revoke a winery

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233	shipper license or impose fines on the winery shipper licensee
234	for any violation of this section.
235	(a) A winery shipper licensee that ships, or causes to be
236	shipped, wine to any person in this state who is under 21 years
237	of age commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
238	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
239	(b) Any common carrier, permit carrier, or other commercial
240	conveyance that delivers wine directly to any person in this
241	state who is under 21 years of age commits a misdemeanor of the
242	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
243	775.083.
244	(c) A person who obtains wine from a winery shipper
245	licensee in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of
246	the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
247	775.083.
248	(9) RULEMAKINGThe Department of Revenue and the division
249	may adopt rules to administer and enforce the applicable
250	provisions of this section.
251	Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 561.24, Florida
252	Statutes, is amended to read:
253	561.24 Licensing manufacturers as distributors or
254	registered exporters prohibited; procedure for issuance and
255	renewal of distributors' licenses and exporters' registrations
256	(5) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of the foregoing
257	subsections, any corporation which holds a license as a
258	distributor on June 3, 1947, shall be entitled to a renewal
259	thereof, provided such corporation complies with all of the
260	provisions of the Beverage Law of Florida, as amended, and of
261	this section and establishes by satisfactory evidence to the

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580-02944-09 2009764c1 262 division that, during the 6-month period next preceding its 263 application for such renewal, of the total volume of its sales 264 of spirituous liquors, in either dollars or quantity, not more 265 than 40 percent of such spirituous liquors sold by it, in either 266 dollars or quantity, were manufactured, rectified, or distilled by any corporation with which the applicant is affiliated, 267 directly or indirectly, including any corporation which owns or 268 269 controls in any way any stock in the applicant corporation or 270 any corporation which is a subsidiary or affiliate of the 271 corporation so owning stock in the applicant corporation. Any 272 manufacturer of wine holding a license as a distributor on July 1, 2009, is the effective date of this act shall be entitled to 273 274 a renewal of such license notwithstanding the provisions of 275 subsections (1)-(5). This section does not apply to any winery 276 qualifying as a certified Florida Farm Winery under s. 599.004. Section 3. Section 561.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to 277

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read:

561.54 Certain deliveries of beverages prohibited.-

280 (1) It is unlawful for Common or permit carriers; 281 operators of privately owned cars, trucks, buses, or other 282 conveyances; or out-of-state manufacturers or suppliers may not 283 to make delivery from outside without the state of any alcoholic 284 beverage to any person, association of persons, or corporation 285 within the state, except to qualified manufacturers, 286 distributors, and exporters of such beverages so delivered and 287 to qualified bonded warehouses in this state.

(2) Any licensee aggrieved by a violation of this section
may bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to
recover for the state all moneys obtained by common carriers or

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291	permit carriers; obtained by operators of privately owned cars,
292	trucks, buses, or other conveyances; or obtained by out-of-state
293	manufacturers or suppliers as a result of the delivery of
294	alcoholic beverages in violation of this section, and may obtain
295	a declaratory judgment that an act or practice violates this
296	section and enjoin any person from violating this section. In
297	addition to such relief, the court may order the confiscation
298	and destruction of any alcoholic beverages delivered in
299	violation of this section. In assessing damages, the court shall
300	enter judgment against a defendant for three times the amount of
301	the delivery charges proved or the fair market value of
302	merchandise unlawfully brought into the state. Payment or
303	satisfaction of \underline{a} any judgment under this section, other than
304	for costs and attorney's fees, shall be made in its entirety to
305	the state. In <u>a</u> any successful action under this section, the
306	court shall award the plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney's
307	fees.
308	(3) This section does not apply to the direct shipment of
309	wine by a licensed winery shipper to a person 21 years of age or
310	older for household consumption.
311	Section 4. Section 561.545, Florida Statutes, is amended to
312	read:
313	561.545 Certain shipments of beverages prohibited;
314	penalties; exceptionsThe Legislature finds that the direct
315	shipment of alcoholic beverages by persons in the business of

316 selling alcoholic beverages to residents of this state in 317 violation of the Beverage Law poses a serious threat to the 318 public health, safety, and welfare; to state revenue 319 collections; and to the economy of the state. The Legislature

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580-02944-09 2009764c1 320 further finds that the penalties for illegal direct shipment of 321 alcoholic beverages to residents of this state should be made 322 adequate to ensure compliance with the Beverage Law and that the 323 measures provided for in this section are fully consistent with 324 the powers conferred upon the state by the Twenty-first 325 Amendment to the United States Constitution.

326 (1) A Any person in the business of selling alcoholic 327 beverages who knowingly and intentionally ships, or causes to be 328 shipped, any alcoholic beverage from an out-of-state location 329 directly to any person in this state who does not hold a valid 330 manufacturer's or wholesaler's license or exporter's 331 registration issued by the division of Alcoholic Beverages and 332 Tobacco or who is not a state-bonded warehouse is in violation 333 of this section.

(2) <u>A</u> Any common carrier or permit carrier or any operator of a privately owned car, truck, bus, or other conveyance who knowingly and intentionally transports any alcoholic beverage from an out-of-state location directly to any person in this state who does not hold a valid manufacturer's or wholesaler's license or exporter's registration or who is not a state-bonded warehouse is in violation of this section.

341 (3) A Any person found by the division to be in violation 342 of subsection (1) shall be issued a notice, sent by certified mail, to show cause why a cease and desist order should not be 343 344 issued. Any person who violates subsection (1) within 2 years 345 after receiving a cease and desist order or within 2 years after 346 a prior conviction for violating subsection (1) commits a felony 347 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 348 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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349	(4) <u>A</u> Any common carrier or permit carrier, or any operator
350	of a privately owned car, truck, bus, or other conveyance <u>,</u> found
351	by the division to be in violation of subsection (2) as a result
352	of a second or subsequent delivery from the same source and
353	location, within a 2-year period after the first delivery shall
354	be issued a notice, <u>sent</u> by certified mail, to show cause why a
355	cease and desist order should not be issued. <u>A</u> Any person who
356	violates subsection (2) within 2 years after receiving the cease
357	and desist order or within 2 years after a prior conviction for
358	violating subsection (2) commits a felony of the third degree,
359	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
360	(5) This section does not apply to the direct shipment of
361	wine by a licensed winery shipper to a person 21 years of age or
362	older for household consumption, to the direct shipment of
363	sacramental alcoholic beverages to bona fide religious
364	organizations as authorized by the division, or to possession of
365	alcoholic beverages in accordance with s. 562.15(2).
366	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 564.045, Florida
367	Statutes, is amended to read:
368	564.045 Licensure as primary American source of supply
369	(2) TAX CONTROL LICENSURE REQUIREDFor purposes of tax
370	revenue control, <u>a</u> no person, firm, corporation, or other entity
371	that which is the primary American source of supply as defined
372	herein may <u>not</u> sell, offer for sale, accept orders for <u>the</u> sale
373	of, ship, or cause to be shipped into this state any vinous
374	beverages to any distributor <u>,</u> or importer <u>, or person for</u>
375	household consumption, as provided in s. 561.222, within this
376	the state without having first obtained licensure as a primary
377	American source of supply on forms provided by, and in such

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378	manner as prescribed by, the division. Except for applicants for
379	a winery shipper's license, applicants for licensure as a
380	primary American source of supply <u>are</u> shall be exempt from the
381	requirements and qualification standards set forth in ss. 561.15
382	and 561.17.
383	Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
384	599.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
385	599.004 Florida Farm Winery Program; registration; logo;
386	fees
387	(1) The Florida Farm Winery Program is established within
388	the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Under this
389	program, a winery may qualify as a tourist attraction only if it
390	is registered with and certified by the department as a Florida
391	Farm Winery. A winery may not claim to be certified unless it
392	has received written approval from the department.
393	(a) To qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery, a winery
394	must shall meet the following standards:
395	1. Produce or sell less than 250,000 gallons of wine
396	annually of which 60 percent of the wine produced is made from
397	state agricultural products. The Commissioner of Agriculture may
398	waive this requirement in times of hardship.
399	2. Maintain a minimum of 10 acres of owned or managed <u>land</u>
400	vineyards in Florida which produces commodities used in the
401	production of wine.
402	3. Be open to the public for tours, tastings, and sales at
403	least 30 hours each week.
404	4. Make annual application to the department for
405	recognition as a Florida Farm Winery, on forms provided by the
406	department.

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407	5. Pay an annual application and registration fee of \$100.
408	Section 7. If any provision of this act or its application
409	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity
410	does not affect other provisions or applications of the act
411	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
412	application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
413	severable.
414	Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2009.