

## LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Floor: 2/WD/2R 04/29/2010 09:36 AM

Senator Baker moved the following:

## Senate Substitute for Amendment (695602) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 18 - 34

and insert:

1

2

3 4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12

13

Section 1. Section 501.0117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.0117 Credit cards; transactions in which seller or lessor prohibited from imposing surcharge; penalty.-

(1) A seller or lessor in a sales or lease transaction may not impose a surcharge on the buyer or lessee for electing to use a credit card in lieu of payment by cash, check, or similar means, if the seller or lessor accepts payment by credit card. A 14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26 27

28 29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42



surcharge is any additional amount imposed at the time of a sale or lease transaction by the seller or lessor that increases the charge to the buyer or lessee for the privilege of using a credit card to make payment. Charges imposed pursuant to approved state or federal tariffs are not considered to be a surcharge, and charges made under such tariffs are exempt from this section. The term "credit card" includes those cards for which unpaid balances are payable on demand and, for purposes of this section, the term also includes any prepaid device that contains government benefit program funds, including, but not limited to, social security, unemployment benefits, and the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children. This section does not apply to the offering of a discount for the purpose of inducing payment by cash, check, or other means not involving the use of a credit card, if the discount is offered to all prospective customers.

(2) A person who violates the provisions of subsection (1) commits is quilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 2. Subsection (8) is added to section 817.60, Florida Statutes, to read:

817.60 Theft; obtaining credit card through fraudulent means.-

(8) UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A STOLEN CREDIT OR DEBIT CARD.—A person who knowingly possesses, receives, or retains custody of a credit or debit card that has been taken from the possession, custody, or control of another without the cardholder's consent and with the intent to impede the recovery of the credit or debit card by the cardholder commits unlawful possession of a



stolen credit or debit card and is subject to the penalties set forth in s. 817.67(2). A retailer that takes, accepts, retains, possesses, or processes a stolen credit card or debit card does not commit a violation of this subsection if the retailer does so in the ordinary course of business and the retailer does not have actual knowledge that the credit card or debit card is stolen; provided, this exception does not apply to a retail employee who has actual knowledge that the credit card or debit card is stolen.

51 52 53

54

55

56

57 58

59

60

61 62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

43

44 45

46 47

48

49

50

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 2 - 13 and insert:

> An act relating to credit card crimes; amending s. 501.0117, F.S.; defining the term "credit card," for purposes of a prohibition against certain surcharges, to include any government-issued card that represents a government prepaid electronic benefits transfer; providing penalties; amending s. 817.60, F.S.; prohibiting possession of a stolen credit or debit card in specified circumstances; providing penalties; providing that a retailer who takes, accepts, retains, or possesses a stolen credit or debit card without knowledge that the card is stolen and who is authorized to process transactions by the company issuing the credit or debit card does not commit a violation under certain circumstances; providing an exception for certain retail employees; providing an

802850

72 effective