By Senator Fasano

11-01123A-10 20101164

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the assessment of residential real property; creating s. 193.624, F.S.; providing definitions; prohibiting adding the value of certain improvements to the assessed value of certain real property; providing a limitation on the assessed value of certain real property; providing application; providing procedural requirements and limitations; requiring a nonrefundable filing fee; amending ss. 193.155 and 193.1554, F.S.; specifying additional exceptions to assessments of homestead and nonhomestead property at just value; amending s. 196.012, F.S.; deleting a definition; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 196.121 and 196.1995, F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

property tax exemption; providing application;

Section 1. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

196.175, F.S., relating to the renewable energy source

193.624 Assessment of residential property.—

(1) For the purposes of this section:

providing an effective date.

(a) "Changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage" means:

2. Creating a secondary water barrier to prevent water

31

32 33

34

35

36 37

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

55

57

58

11-01123A-10 20101164 intrusion; 3. Installing hurricane-resistant shingles; 4. Installing gable-end bracing; 5. Reinforcing roof-to-wall connections; 6. Installing storm shutters; 7. Installing impact-resistant glazing; or 8. Installing hurricane-resistant doors. (b) "Renewable energy source device" means any of the 38 following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal deposits: 1. Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and inverters. 2. Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding swimming pools used as storage tanks. 3. Rockbeds. 4. Thermostats and other control devices. 5. Heat exchange devices. 6. Pumps and fans. 7. Roof ponds. 8. Freestanding thermal containers. 9. Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, such equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any type. 10. Windmills and wind turbines. 56 11. Wind-driven generators.

energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.

12. Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind

11-01123A-10 20101164

13. Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.

- (2) In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, the just value of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and the just value of renewable energy source devices shall not be added to the assessed value as limited by s. 193.155 or s. 193.1554.
- (3) The assessed value of real property used for residential purposes shall not exceed the total just value of the property minus the combined just values of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and renewable energy source devices.
- (4) This section applies to new and existing construction used for residential purposes.
- (5) A parcel of residential property may not be assessed pursuant to this section unless an application is filed on or before March 1 of the first year the property owner claims the assessment reduction for renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. The property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may reasonably be required to establish the just value of the renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. Failure to make timely application by March 1 shall constitute a waiver of the property owner to have his or her assessment calculated

93

96

97

98

99

100101

102

103

104

105

106107

108

109

110

111112

113

114115

116

11-01123A-10 20101164___under this section. However, an applicant who fails to file an

application by March 1 may file a late application and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment

91 board requesting assessment under this section. The petition

92 must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing of the

notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1).

94 Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a

95 nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon

reviewing the petition, if the property is qualified to be

assessed under this section and the property owner demonstrates

particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property

 $\underline{\text{appraiser}}$ or the value adjustment board to warrant granting

assessment under this section, the property appraiser shall calculate the assessment in accordance with this section.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) apply.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-

11-01123A-10 20101164 117 (6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, 118 changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 119 120 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are 121 substantially completed. Section 4. Subsections (14) through (20) of section 122 123 196.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 124 196.012 Definitions. - For the purpose of this chapter, the 125 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 126 clearly indicates otherwise: 127 (14) "Renewable energy source device" or "device" means any 128 of the following equipment which, when installed in connection 129 with a dwelling unit or other structure, collects, transmits, 130 stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived 131 from geothermal deposits: 132 (a) Solar energy collectors. 133 (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 134 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 135 (c) Rockbeds. 136 (d) Thermostats and other control devices. 137 (e) Heat exchange devices. 138 (f) Pumps and fans. 139 (q) Roof ponds. (h) Freestanding thermal containers. 140 141 (i) Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 142 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, 143 conventional backup systems of any type are not included in this definition. 144 145 (i) Windmills.

11-01123A-10 20101164

(k) Wind-driven generators.

- (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
 - $(14) \frac{(15)}{(15)}$ "New business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant;
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or
- 3. An office space in this state owned and used by a corporation newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such corporation; provided that such business or office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
 - (c) A business that is situated on property annexed into a

11-01123A-10 20101164

municipality and that, at the time of the annexation, is receiving an economic development ad valorem tax exemption from the county under s. 196.1995.

- (15) (16) "Expansion of an existing business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; provided that such business increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business, resulting in a net increase in employment of not less than 10 percent or an increase in productive output of not less than 10 percent.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (16) "Permanent resident" means a person who has established a permanent residence as defined in subsection (17) (18).
- (17) (18) "Permanent residence" means that place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has

11-01123A-10 20101164

the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time; and, once a permanent residence is established in a foreign state or country, it is presumed to continue until the person shows that a change has occurred.

- (18) (19) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- $\underline{(19)}$ "Ex-servicemember" means any person who has served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty, a member of the Florida National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve Forces.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.-

(2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as defined in s. 196.012(16)(17). Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.

Section 6. Subsections (6), (8), (9), and (10) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.

(6) With respect to a new business as defined by s. $196.012\underline{(14)}\underline{(15)}(c)$, the municipality annexing the property on which the business is situated may grant an economic development ad valorem tax exemption under this section to that business for a period that will expire upon the expiration of the exemption granted by the county. If the county renews the exemption under

11-01123A-10 20101164

subsection (7), the municipality may also extend its exemption.
A municipal economic development ad valorem tax exemption
granted under this subsection may not extend beyond the duration
of the county exemption.

- (8) Any person, firm, or corporation which desires an economic development ad valorem tax exemption shall, in the year the exemption is desired to take effect, file a written application on a form prescribed by the department with the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, or both. The application shall request the adoption of an ordinance granting the applicant an exemption pursuant to this section and shall include the following information:
- (a) The name and location of the new business or the expansion of an existing business;
- (b) A description of the improvements to real property for which an exemption is requested and the date of commencement of construction of such improvements;
- (c) A description of the tangible personal property for which an exemption is requested and the dates when such property was or is to be purchased;
- (d) Proof, to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, that the applicant is a new business or an expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. $196.012\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or (16); and
 - (e) Other information deemed necessary by the department.
- (9) Before it takes action on the application, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality shall deliver a copy of the application to the

2.77

11-01123A-10 20101164

property appraiser of the county. After careful consideration, the property appraiser shall report the following information to the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality:

- (a) The total revenue available to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year from ad valorem tax sources, or an estimate of such revenue if the actual total revenue available cannot be determined;
- (b) Any revenue lost to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year by virtue of exemptions previously granted under this section, or an estimate of such revenue if the actual revenue lost cannot be determined;
- (c) An estimate of the revenue which would be lost to the county or municipality during the current fiscal year if the exemption applied for were granted had the property for which the exemption is requested otherwise been subject to taxation; and
- (d) A determination as to whether the property for which an exemption is requested is to be incorporated into a new business or the expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. 196.012(15) or (16), or into neither, which determination the property appraiser shall also affix to the face of the application. Upon the request of the property appraiser, the department shall provide to him or her such information as it may have available to assist in making such determination.
- (10) An ordinance granting an exemption under this section shall be adopted in the same manner as any other ordinance of the county or municipality and shall include the following:
 - (a) The name and address of the new business or expansion

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299300

301

302

303

304305

306

11-01123A-10 20101164

of an existing business to which the exemption is granted;

- (b) The total amount of revenue available to the county or municipality from ad valorem tax sources for the current fiscal year, the total amount of revenue lost to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year by virtue of economic development ad valorem tax exemptions currently in effect, and the estimated revenue loss to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year attributable to the exemption of the business named in the ordinance;
- (c) The period of time for which the exemption will remain in effect and the expiration date of the exemption; and
- (d) A finding that the business named in the ordinance meets the requirements of s. $196.012(14)\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or $(15)\frac{(16)}{(16)}$.

Section 7. <u>Section 196.175</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>. Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010, and shall apply to assessments beginning January 1, 2011.