By the Committees on Military Affairs and Domestic Security; and Regulated Industries; and Senators Fasano, Ring, and Gaetz

583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to community associations; amending s. 3 399.02, F.S.; exempting certain elevators from 4 specific code update requirements; providing a phase-5 in period for such elevators; amending s. 617.0721, 6 F.S.; revising the limitations on the right of members 7 to vote on corporate matters for certain corporations 8 not for profit that are regulated under ch. 718 or ch. 9 719, F.S.; amending s. 617.0808, F.S.; excepting 10 certain corporations not for profit that are an 11 association as defined in s. 720.301, F.S., or a 12 corporation regulated under ch. 718 or ch. 719, F.S., 13 from certain provisions relating to the removal of a 14 director; amending s. 617.1606, F.S.; providing that 15 certain statutory provisions providing for the 16 inspection of corporate records do not apply to a 17 corporation not for profit that is an association as defined in s. 720.301, or a corporation regulated 18 under ch. 718 or ch. 719, F.S.; creating s. 627.714, 19 20 F.S.; requiring that coverage under a unit owner's 21 policy for certain assessments include at least a 22 minimum amount of loss assessment coverage; requiring 23 that every property insurance policy to an individual 24 unit owner contain a specified provision; amending s. 25 633.0215, F.S.; exempting certain residential 26 buildings from a requirement to install a manual fire 27 alarm system; amending s. 718.103, F.S.; redefining 28 the term "developer"; amending s. 718.110, F.S.; 29 allowing the condominium association to have the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 30 authority to restrict through an amendment to a 31 declaration of condominium, rather than prohibit, the 32 rental of condominium units; amending s. 718.111, 33 F.S.; deleting a requirement for the board of a 34 condominium to hold a meeting open to unit owners to 35 establish the amount of an insurance deductible; 36 revising the property to which a property insurance 37 policy for a condominium association applies; revising the requirements for a condominium unit owner's 38 39 property insurance policy; limiting the circumstances 40 under which a person who violates requirements to 41 maintain association records may be personally liable 42 for a civil penalty; providing that a condominium 43 association is not responsible for the use of certain 44 information provided to an association member under 45 certain circumstances; specifying records of a 46 condominium association that are exempt from a 47 requirement for records to be available for inspection 48 by an association member; increasing the amount of 49 time within which a condominium association must 50 provide unit owners with a copy of the association's 51 annual financial report; revising the requirements for 52 rules relating to the financial report that must be 53 adopted by the Division of Florida Condominiums, 54 Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of 55 Business and Professional Regulation; revising the 56 requirements for a financial report based on the 57 amount of a condominium's revenues; amending s. 58 718.112, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the

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59 terms or appointment or election of condominium 60 members to a board of administration; creating 61 exceptions to such provisions for condominiums that 62 contain timeshares; specifying a certification that a 63 person who is appointed or elected to a board of 64 administration must make or educational requirements 65 such board member must satisfy; conforming cross-66 references to changes made by the act; deleting a 67 provision prohibiting an association from foregoing 68 the retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system of common areas in a high-rise building; prohibiting 69 70 local authorities having jurisdiction from requiring retrofitting with a sprinkler system or other 71 72 engineered lifesafety system before a specified date; 73 authorizing an association to forgo retrofitting under 74 certain circumstances; providing requirements for a 75 special meeting of unit owners which may be called 76 every 3 years in order to vote to forgo retrofitting 77 of the sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety 78 systems; providing meeting notice requirements; 79 expanding the monetary obligations that a director or 80 officer must satisfy to avoid abandoning his or her office; amending s. 718.115, F.S.; specifying certain 81 services provided in a declaration of condominium 82 83 which are obtained pursuant to a bulk contract to be 84 deemed a common expense; specifying provisions that 85 must be contained in a bulk contract; specifying 86 cancellation procedures for bulk contracts; amending 87 s. 718.116, F.S.; specifying the types of costs that

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88	may be charged against assessment payments made by a
89	unit owner; requiring a tenant in a unit owned by a
90	person who is delinquent in the payment of a monetary
91	obligation to the condominium association to pay rent
92	to the association under certain circumstances;
93	authorizing the condominium association to sue such
94	tenant who fails to pay rent for eviction under
95	certain circumstances; providing that the tenant is
96	immune from claims from the unit owner as the result
97	of paying rent to the association under certain
98	circumstances; amending s. 718.117, F.S.; revising the
99	circumstances under which a condominium association
100	may be terminated due to economic waste or
101	impossibility; revising provisions specifying the
102	effect of a termination of condominium; amending s.
103	718.301, F.S.; revising conditions under which unit
104	owners other than the developer may elect at least a
105	majority of the members of the board of administration
106	of an association; amending s. 718.303, F.S.;
107	authorizing an association to suspend for a reasonable
108	time the right of a unit owner or the unit's occupant,
109	licensee, or invitee to use certain common elements
110	under certain circumstances; prohibiting a fine from
111	being levied or a suspension from being imposed unless
112	the association meets certain requirements for notice
113	and provides an opportunity for a hearing; authorizing
114	an association to suspend voting rights of a member
115	due to nonpayment of assessments, fines, or other
116	charges under certain circumstances; amending s.

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117	718.501, F.S.; specifying that the jurisdiction of the
118	Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and
119	Mobile Homes includes bulk assignees and bulk buyers;
120	creating part VII of ch. 718, F.S.; creating the
121	"Distressed Condominium Relief Act"; providing
122	legislative findings and intent; defining the terms
123	"bulk assignee" and "bulk buyer"; providing for the
124	assignment of developer rights by a bulk assignee;
125	specifying liabilities of bulk assignees and bulk
126	buyers; providing exceptions; providing additional
127	responsibilities of bulk assignees and bulk buyers;
128	authorizing certain entities to assign developer
129	rights to a bulk assignee; limiting the number of bulk
130	assignees at any given time; providing for the
131	transfer of control of a board of administration to
132	unit owners; providing effects of such transfer on
133	parcels acquired by a bulk assignee; providing
134	obligations of a bulk assignee upon the transfer of
135	control of a board of administration; requiring that a
136	bulk assignee certify certain information in writing;
137	providing for the resolution of a conflict between
138	specified provisions of state law; providing that the
139	failure of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer to comply
140	with specified provisions of state law results in the
141	loss of certain protections and exemptions; requiring
142	that a bulk assignee or bulk buyer file certain
143	information with the Division of Florida Condominiums,
144	Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of
145	Business and Professional Regulation before offering
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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 146 any units for sale or lease in excess of a specified 147 term; requiring that a copy of such information be 148 provided to a prospective purchaser or tenant; 149 requiring that certain contracts and disclosure 150 statements contain specified statements; requiring 151 that a bulk assignee or bulk buyer comply with certain 152 disclosure requirements; prohibiting a bulk assignee 153 from authorizing certain actions on behalf of an 154 association while the bulk assignee is in control of the board of administration of the association; 155 156 requiring that a bulk assignee or bulk buyer comply 157 with certain laws with respect to contracts entered 158 into by the association while the bulk assignee or 159 bulk buyer was in control of the board of 160 administration; providing parcel owners with specified 161 protections regarding certain contracts; requiring 162 that a bulk buyer comply with certain requirements 163 regarding the transfer of a parcel; prohibiting a 164 person from being classified as a bulk assignee or 165 bulk buyer unless condominium parcels were acquired 166 before a specified date; providing that the assignment 167 of developer rights to a bulk assignee does not 168 release a developer from certain liabilities; amending 169 s. 719.106, F.S.; providing for the filling of 170 vacancies on the condominium board of administration; 171 amending s. 719.1055, F.S.; providing an additional 172 required provision in cooperative bylaws; deleting a 173 provision prohibiting an association from foregoing 174 the retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system of

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 175 common areas in a high-rise building; prohibiting 176 local authorities having jurisdiction from requiring 177 retrofitting with a sprinkler system or other 178 engineered lifesafety system before a specified date; 179 providing requirements for a special meeting of unit 180 owners which may be called every 3 years in order to 181 vote to require retrofitting of the sprinkler system 182 or other engineered lifesafety system; providing 183 meeting notice requirements; amending s. 719.108, 184 F.S.; specifying the types of costs that may be 185 charged against assessment payments made by a unit 186 owner; providing a prioritized list for disbursement 187 of payments received by an association; providing for 188 a lien by an association on a condominium unit for 189 certain fees and costs; providing procedures and 190 notice requirements for the filing of a lien by an 191 association; requiring a tenant in a unit owned by a 192 person who is delinquent in the payment of a monetary 193 obligation to the condominium association to pay rent to the association under certain circumstances; 194 195 amending s. 720.304, F.S.; providing that a flagpole 196 and any flagpole display are subject to certain codes 197 and regulations; amending s. 720.305, F.S.; 198 authorizing the association to suspend rights to use 199 common areas and facilities if the member is 200 delinquent on the payment of a monetary obligation due 201 for a certain period of time; providing procedures and 202 notice requirements for levying a fine or imposing a 203 suspension; amending s. 720.306, F.S.; providing

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204	procedures for filling a vacancy on the board of
205	directors; amending s. 720.3085, F.S.; requiring a
206	tenant in a property owned by a person who is
207	delinquent in the payment of a monetary obligation to
208	the condominium association to pay rent to the
209	association under certain circumstances; amending s.
210	720.31, F.S.; authorizing an association to enter into
211	certain agreements to use lands or facilities;
212	requiring that certain items be stated and fully
213	described in the declaration; limiting an
214	association's power to enter into such agreements
215	after a specified period following the recording of a
216	declaration; requiring that certain agreements be
217	approved by a specified percentage of voting interests
218	of an association when the declaration is silent as to
219	the authority of an association to enter into such
220	agreement; authorizing an association to join with
221	other associations or a master association under
222	certain circumstances and for specified purposes;
223	amending s. 720.303, F.S.; revising provisions
224	relating to homeowners' association board meetings,
225	inspection and copying of records, and reserve
226	accounts of budgets; expanding the list of association
227	records that are not accessible to members and parcel
228	owners; prohibiting certain association personnel from
229	receiving a salary or compensation; providing
230	exceptions; amending s. 720.306, F.S.; providing
231	requirements for secret ballots; providing for filling
232	vacancies on the homeowners' association board;

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233	amending s. 720.3085, F.S.; specifying the types of
234	costs that may be charged against assessment payments
235	made by a unit owner; creating s. 720.315, F.S.;
236	prohibiting the board of directors of a homeowners'
237	association from levying a special assessment before
238	turnover of the association by the developer unless
239	certain conditions are met; providing an effective
240	date.
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242	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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244	Section 1. Subsection (8) is added to section 399.02,
245	Florida Statutes, to read:
246	399.02 General requirements
247	(8) Updates to the code requiring modifications for Phase
248	II Firefighters' Service on existing elevators, as amended into
249	the Safety Code for Existing Elevators and Escalators, ASME
250	A17.1 and A17.3, may not be enforced on elevators in
251	condominiums or cooperatives issued a certificate of occupancy
252	by the local building authority as of July 1, 2008, for 5 years
253	or until the elevator is replaced or requires major
254	modification, whichever occurs first. This exception does not
255	apply to a building for which a certificate of occupancy was
256	issued after July 1, 2008. This exception does not prevent an
257	elevator owner from requesting a variance from the applicable
258	codes before or after the expiration of the 5-year term. This
259	subsection does not prohibit the division from granting
260	variances pursuant to s. 120.542. The division shall adopt rules
261	to administer this subsection.

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262	Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 617.0721, Florida
263	Statutes, is amended to read:
264	617.0721 Voting by members
265	(7) Subsections (1), $\frac{(2)}{\cdot}$ (5), and (6) do not apply to a
266	corporation that is an association <u>,</u> as defined in s. 720.301 <u>, or</u>
267	a corporation regulated by chapter 718 or chapter 719.
268	Section 3. Subsection (3) is added to section 617.0808,
269	Florida Statutes, to read:
270	617.0808 Removal of directors
271	(3) This section does not apply to any corporation that is
272	an association, as defined in s. 720.301, or a corporation
273	regulated under chapter 718 or chapter 719.
274	Section 4. Section 617.1606, Florida Statutes, is created
275	to read:
276	617.1606 Access to recordsSections 617.1601-617.1605 do
277	not apply to a corporation that is an association, as defined in
278	s. 720.301, or a corporation regulated under chapter 718 or
279	chapter 719.
280	Section 5. Section 627.714, Florida Statutes, is created to
281	read:
282	627.714 Residential condominium unit owner coverage; loss
283	assessment coverage requiredFor policies issued or renewed on
284	or after July 1, 2010, coverage under a unit owner's residential
285	property policy must include at least \$2,000 in property loss
286	assessment coverage for all assessments made as a result of the
287	same direct loss to the property, regardless of the number of
288	assessments, owned by all members of the association
289	collectively if such loss is of the type of loss covered by the
290	unit owner's residential property insurance policy, to which a

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291	deductible of no more than \$250 per direct property loss
292	applies. If a deductible was or will be applied to other
293	property loss sustained by the unit owner resulting from the
294	same direct loss to the property, no deductible applies to the
295	loss assessment coverage. Every individual unit owner's
296	residential property policy must contain a provision stating
297	that the coverage afforded by such policy is excess coverage
298	over the amount recoverable under any other policy covering the
299	same property.
300	Section 6. Subsection (13) is added to section 633.0215,
301	Florida Statutes, to read:
302	633.0215 Florida Fire Prevention Code
303	(13) A condominium, cooperative, or multifamily residential
304	building that is less than four stories in height and has a
305	corridor providing an exterior means of egress is exempt from
306	the requirement to install a manual fire alarm system under s.
307	9.6 of the Life Safety Code adopted in the Florida Fire
308	Prevention Code.
309	Section 7. Subsection (16) of section 718.103, Florida
310	Statutes, is amended to read:
311	718.103 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
312	(16) "Developer" means a person who creates a condominium
313	or offers condominium parcels for sale or lease in the ordinary
314	course of business, but does not include <u>:</u>
315	(a) An owner or lessee of a condominium or cooperative unit
316	who has acquired the unit for his or her own occupancy ;, nor
317	does it include
318	(b) A cooperative association that which creates a
319	condominium by conversion of an existing residential cooperative
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320	after control of the association has been transferred to the
321	unit owners if, following the conversion, the unit owners <u>are</u>
322	will be the same persons who were unit owners of the cooperative
323	and no units are offered for sale or lease to the public as part
324	of the plan of conversion <u>;</u> .
325	(c) A bulk assignee or bulk buyer as defined in s. 718.703;
326	or
327	(d) A state, county, or municipal entity is not a developer
328	for any purposes under this act when it is acting as a lessor
329	and not otherwise named as a developer in the declaration of
330	condominium association.
331	Section 8. Subsection (13) of section 718.110, Florida
332	Statutes, is amended to read:
333	718.110 Amendment of declaration; correction of error or
334	omission in declaration by circuit court
335	(13) <u>An</u> Any amendment prohibiting restricting unit <u>owners</u>
336	from renting their units or altering the duration of the rental
337	term or specifying or limiting the number of times unit owners
338	are entitled to rent their units during a specified period
339	owners' rights relating to the rental of units applies only to
340	unit owners who consent to the amendment and unit owners who
341	acquire title to purchase their units after the effective date
342	of that amendment.
343	Section 9. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (g), (j),
344	and (n) of subsection (11) and subsections (12) and (13) of
345	section 718.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
346	718.111 The association
347	(11) INSURANCEIn order to protect the safety, health, and
348	welfare of the people of the State of Florida and to ensure

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 consistency in the provision of insurance coverage to 349 350 condominiums and their unit owners, this subsection applies to 351 every residential condominium in the state, regardless of the 352 date of its declaration of condominium. It is the intent of the 353 Legislature to encourage lower or stable insurance premiums for 354 associations described in this subsection. 355 (a) Adequate property hazard insurance, regardless of any 356 requirement in the declaration of condominium for coverage by 357 the association for full insurable value, replacement cost, or

the association for full insurable value, replacement cost, or similar coverage, <u>must shall</u> be based <u>on upon</u> the replacement cost of the property to be insured as determined by an independent insurance appraisal or update of a prior appraisal. The <u>replacement cost must full insurable value shall</u> be determined at least once every 36 months.

363 1. An association or group of associations may provide
364 adequate property hazard insurance through a self-insurance fund
365 that complies with the requirements of ss. 624.460-624.488.

366 2. The association may also provide adequate property 367 hazard insurance coverage for a group of at least no fewer than 368 three communities created and operating under this chapter, 369 chapter 719, chapter 720, or chapter 721 by obtaining and 370 maintaining for such communities insurance coverage sufficient 371 to cover an amount equal to the probable maximum loss for the 372 communities for a 250-year windstorm event. Such probable 373 maximum loss must be determined through the use of a competent 374 model that has been accepted by the Florida Commission on 375 Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology. A No policy or program providing such coverage may not shall be issued or renewed after 376 377 July 1, 2008, unless it has been reviewed and approved by the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 Office of Insurance Regulation. The review and approval must 378 379 shall include approval of the policy and related forms pursuant to ss. 627.410 and 627.411, approval of the rates pursuant to s. 380 381 627.062, a determination that the loss model approved by the 382 commission was accurately and appropriately applied to the 383 insured structures to determine the 250-year probable maximum 384 loss, and a determination that complete and accurate disclosure 385 of all material provisions is provided to condominium unit 386 owners before prior to execution of the agreement by a 387 condominium association.

388 3. When determining the adequate amount of <u>property</u> hazard 389 insurance coverage, the association may consider deductibles as 390 determined by this subsection.

391 (b) If an association is a developer-controlled 392 association, the association shall exercise its best efforts to 393 obtain and maintain insurance as described in paragraph (a). 394 Failure to obtain and maintain adequate property hazard 395 insurance during any period of developer control constitutes a 396 breach of fiduciary responsibility by the developer-appointed 397 members of the board of directors of the association, unless the 398 members can show that despite such failure, they have made their 399 best efforts to maintain the required coverage.

400 (c) Policies may include deductibles as determined by the401 board.

1. The deductibles <u>must</u> shall be consistent with industry standards and prevailing practice for communities of similar size and age, and having similar construction and facilities in the locale where the condominium property is situated.

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2. The deductibles may be based upon available funds,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 407 including reserve accounts, or predetermined assessment 408 authority at the time the insurance is obtained. 409 3. The board shall establish the amount of deductibles 410 based upon the level of available funds and predetermined 411 assessment authority at a meeting of the board. Such meeting 412 shall be open to all unit owners in the manner set forth in s. 413 718.112(2)(e). The notice of such meeting must state the 414 proposed deductible and the available funds and the assessment 415 authority relied upon by the board and estimate any potential 416 assessment amount against each unit, if any. The meeting 417 described in this paragraph may be held in conjunction with a 418 meeting to consider the proposed budget or an amendment thereto. 419 (d) An association controlled by unit owners operating as a

residential condominium shall use its best efforts to obtain and maintain adequate <u>property</u> insurance to protect the association, the association property, the common elements, and the condominium property that <u>must</u> is required to be insured by the association pursuant to this subsection.

(f) Every property hazard insurance policy issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2009, for the purpose of protecting the condominium <u>must shall</u> provide primary coverage for:

429 1. All portions of the condominium property as originally
430 installed or replacement of like kind and quality, in accordance
431 with the original plans and specifications.

432 2. All alterations or additions made to the condominium433 property or association property pursuant to s. 718.113(2).

3. The coverage <u>must shall</u> exclude all personal property
within the unit or limited common elements, and floor, wall, and

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436	ceiling coverings, electrical fixtures, appliances, water
437	heaters, water filters, built-in cabinets and countertops, and
438	window treatments, including curtains, drapes, blinds, hardware,
439	and similar window treatment components, or replacements of any
440	of the foregoing which are located within the boundaries of the
441	unit and serve only such unit. Such property and any insurance
442	thereupon is the responsibility of the unit owner.
443	(g) <u>A condominium unit owner's policy must conform to the</u>
444	requirements of s. 627.714. Every hazard insurance policy issued
445	or renewed on or after January 1, 2009, to an individual unit
446	owner must contain a provision stating that the coverage
447	afforded by such policy is excess coverage over the amount
448	recoverable under any other policy covering the same property.
449	Such policies must include special assessment coverage of no
450	less than \$2,000 per occurrence. An insurance policy issued to
451	an individual unit owner providing such coverage does not
452	provide rights of subrogation against the condominium
453	association operating the condominium in which such individual's
454	unit is located.
455	1. All improvements or additions to the condominium
456	property that benefit fewer than all unit owners shall be
457	insured by the unit owner or owners having the use thereof, or
458	may be insured by the association at the cost and expense of the
459	unit owners having the use thereof.
460	2 The association shall require each owner to provide

460 2. The association shall require each owner to provide 461 evidence of a currently effective policy of hazard and liability 462 insurance upon request, but not more than once per year. Upon 463 the failure of an owner to provide a certificate of insurance 464 issued by an insurer approved to write such insurance in this

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 465 state within 30 days after the date on which a written request 466 is delivered, the association may purchase a policy of insurance 467 on behalf of an owner. The cost of such a policy, together with 468 reconstruction costs undertaken by the association but which are 469 the responsibility of the unit owner, may be collected in the manner provided for the collection of assessments in s. 718.116. 470 471 1.3. All reconstruction work after a property casualty loss 472 must shall be undertaken by the association except as otherwise authorized in this section. A unit owner may undertake 473 474 reconstruction work on portions of the unit with the prior 475 written consent of the board of administration. However, such 476 work may be conditioned upon the approval of the repair methods, 477 the qualifications of the proposed contractor, or the contract 478 that is used for that purpose. A unit owner must shall obtain 479 all required governmental permits and approvals before prior to 480 commencing reconstruction. 481 2.4. Unit owners are responsible for the cost of 482 reconstruction of any portions of the condominium property for 483 which the unit owner is required to carry property casualty 484 insurance, and any such reconstruction work undertaken by the 485 association is shall be chargeable to the unit owner and 486 enforceable as an assessment pursuant to s. 718.116. The association must be an additional named insured and loss payee 487 488 on all casualty insurance policies issued to unit owners in the 489 condominium operated by the association.

490 <u>3.5.</u> A multicondominium association may elect, by a
491 majority vote of the collective members of the condominiums
492 operated by the association, to operate <u>the such</u> condominiums as
493 a single condominium for purposes of insurance matters,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 494 including, but not limited to, the purchase of the property 495 hazard insurance required by this section and the apportionment 496 of deductibles and damages in excess of coverage. The election 497 to aggregate the treatment of insurance premiums, deductibles, 498 and excess damages constitutes an amendment to the declaration 499 of all condominiums operated by the association, and the costs 500 of insurance must shall be stated in the association budget. The 501 amendments must shall be recorded as required by s. 718.110. 502 (j) Any portion of the condominium property that must 503 required to be insured by the association against property 504 casualty loss pursuant to paragraph (f) which is damaged by 505 casualty shall be reconstructed, repaired, or replaced as 506 necessary by the association as a common expense. All property

507 hazard insurance deductibles, uninsured losses, and other 508 damages in excess of <u>property</u> hazard insurance coverage under 509 the <u>property</u> hazard insurance policies maintained by the 510 association are a common expense of the condominium, except 511 that:

512 1. A unit owner is responsible for the costs of repair or 513 replacement of any portion of the condominium property not paid 514 by insurance proceeds $_{\tau}$ if such damage is caused by intentional 515 conduct, negligence, or failure to comply with the terms of the 516 declaration or the rules of the association by a unit owner, the 517 members of his or her family, unit occupants, tenants, guests, 518 or invitees, without compromise of the subrogation rights of the 519 any insurer as set forth in paragraph (g).

520 2. The provisions of subparagraph 1. regarding the 521 financial responsibility of a unit owner for the costs of 522 repairing or replacing other portions of the condominium

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 523 property also apply to the costs of repair or replacement of 524 personal property of other unit owners or the association, as 525 well as other property, whether real or personal, which the unit 526 owners are required to insure under paragraph (g). 527 3. To the extent the cost of repair or reconstruction for 528 which the unit owner is responsible under this paragraph is 529 reimbursed to the association by insurance proceeds, and, to the 530 extent the association has collected the cost of such repair or reconstruction from the unit owner, the association shall 531 532 reimburse the unit owner without the waiver of any rights of 533 subrogation. 534 4. The association is not obligated to pay for 535 reconstruction or repairs of property casualty losses as a 536 common expense if the property casualty losses were known or 537 should have been known to a unit owner and were not reported to 538 the association until after the insurance claim of the 539 association for that property casualty was settled or resolved 540 with finality, or denied because on the basis that it was untimely filed. 541 542 (n) The association is not obligated to pay for any 543 reconstruction or repair expenses due to property casualty loss 544 to any improvements installed by a current or former owner of 545 the unit or by the developer if the improvement benefits only the unit for which it was installed and is not part of the 546 547 standard improvements installed by the developer on all units as 548 part of original construction, whether or not such improvement 549 is located within the unit. This paragraph does not relieve any

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party of its obligations regarding recovery due under any

insurance implemented specifically for any such improvements.

583-03052A-10 20101196c2 552 (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-553 (a) From the inception of the association, the association 554 shall maintain each of the following items, if when applicable, 555 which shall constitute the official records of the association: 1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other 556 557 items provided by the developer pursuant to s. 718.301(4). 558 2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of condominium 559 of each condominium operated by the association and of each 560 amendment to each declaration. 561 3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the association 562 and of each amendment to the bylaws. 4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation of the 563 564 association, or other documents creating the association, and of 565 each amendment thereto. 566 5. A copy of the current rules of the association. 6. A book or books which contain the minutes of all 567 meetings of the association, of the board of administration, and 568 569 of unit owners, which minutes must shall be retained for at least a period of not less than 7 years. 570 571 7. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing 572 addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if 573 known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain 574 the electronic mailing addresses and the numbers designated by 575 unit owners for receiving notice sent by electronic transmission 576 of those unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic 577 transmission. The electronic mailing addresses and numbers must 578 provided by unit owners to receive notice by electronic 579 transmission shall be removed from association records if when 580 consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is revoked.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 581 However, the association is not liable for an erroneous 582 disclosure of the electronic mail address or the number for 583 receiving electronic transmission of notices. 584 8. All current insurance policies of the association and 585 condominiums operated by the association. 586 9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or 587 other contract to which the association is a party or under 588 which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or 589 responsibility. 590 10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the 591 association. 592 11. Accounting records for the association and separate 593 accounting records for each condominium which the association 594 operates. All accounting records shall be maintained for at 595 least a period of not less than 7 years. Any person who 596 knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys accounting 597 records required to be created and maintained by this chapter 598 during the period for which such records are required to be 599 maintained, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or 600 maintain such accounting records required to be maintained by 601 this chapter, with the intent of causing harm to the association 602 or one or more of its members, is personally subject to a civil 603 penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d). The accounting records 604 must shall include, but are not limited to: 605 a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts 606 and expenditures.

b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly
statement of the account for each unit designating the name of
the unit owner, the due date and amount of each assessment, the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 610 amount paid upon the account, and the balance due. 611 c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, and 612 financial reports of the association or condominium. 613 d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to 614 be performed are shall also be considered official records and 615 must shall be maintained by the association. 616 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other 617 papers relating to voting by unit owners, which must shall be maintained for a period of 1 year from the date of the election, 618 619 vote, or meeting to which the document relates, notwithstanding 620 paragraph (b). 13. All rental records if, when the association is acting 621 as agent for the rental of condominium units. 622 623 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as 624 described in by s. 718.504. 625 15. All other records of the association not specifically 626 included in the foregoing which are related to the operation of 627 the association. 16. A copy of the inspection report as provided for in s. 628 629 718.301(4)(p). 630 (b) The official records of the association must shall be 631 maintained within the state for at least 7 years. The records of the association shall be made available to a unit owner within 632 45 miles of the condominium property or within the county in 633 634 which the condominium property is located within 5 working days 635 after receipt of a written request by the board or its designee. However, such distance requirement does not apply to an 636 637 association governing a timeshare condominium. This paragraph 638 may be complied with by having a copy of the official records of

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 639 the association available for inspection or copying on the 640 condominium property or association property, or the association may offer the option of making the records of the association 641 available to a unit owner either electronically via the Internet 642 643 or by allowing the records to be viewed in electronic format on 644 a computer screen and printed upon request. The association is 645 not responsible for the use or misuse of the information 646 provided to an association member or his or her authorized 647 representative pursuant to the compliance requirements of this 648 chapter unless the association has an affirmative duty not to 649 disclose such information pursuant to this chapter.

(c) The official records of the association are open to 650 651 inspection by any association member or the authorized 652 representative of such member at all reasonable times. The right 653 to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain 654 copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the association 655 member. The association may adopt reasonable rules regarding the 656 frequency, time, location, notice, and manner of record 657 inspections and copying. The failure of an association to 658 provide the records within 10 working days after receipt of a 659 written request creates shall create a rebuttable presumption 660 that the association willfully failed to comply with this 661 paragraph. A unit owner who is denied access to official records 662 is entitled to the actual damages or minimum damages for the 663 association's willful failure to comply with this paragraph. The 664 Minimum damages shall be \$50 per calendar day up to 10 days, the calculation to begin on the 11th working day after receipt of 665 666 the written request. The failure to permit inspection of the 667 association records as provided herein entitles any person

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 668 prevailing in an enforcement action to recover reasonable 669 attorney's fees from the person in control of the records who, 670 directly or indirectly, knowingly denied access to the records 671 for inspection. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys accounting records that are required by this 672 673 chapter to be maintained during the period for which such 674 records are required to be maintained, or who knowingly or 675 intentionally fails to create or maintain accounting records 676 that are required to be created or maintained by this chapter, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or 677 678 more of its members, is personally subject to a civil penalty 679 pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d). The association shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the declaration, articles of 680 681 incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and all amendments to each of 682 the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet provided 683 for in s. 718.504 and year-end financial information required in 684 this section, on the condominium property to ensure their 685 availability to unit owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual costs for preparing and furnishing these 686 687 documents to those requesting the documents same. 688 Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, the following 689 records are shall not be accessible to unit owners:

690 1. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as 691 described in s. 90.502; and any record protected by the work-692 product privilege, including any record prepared by an 693 association attorney or prepared at the attorney's express 694 direction; which reflects a mental impression, conclusion, 695 litigation strategy, or legal theory of the attorney or the 696 association, and which was prepared exclusively for civil or

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697	criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative
698	proceedings, or which was prepared in anticipation of imminent
699	civil or criminal litigation or imminent adversarial
700	administrative proceedings until the conclusion of the
701	litigation or adversarial administrative proceedings.
702	2. Information obtained by an association in connection
703	with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a
704	unit.
705	3. Personnel records of association employees, including,
706	but not limited to, disciplinary, payroll, health, and insurance
707	records.
708	4.3. Medical records of unit owners.
709	5.4. Social security numbers, driver's license numbers,
710	credit card numbers, <u>e-mail addresses, telephone numbers,</u>
711	emergency contact information, any addresses of a unit owner
712	other than as provided to fulfill the association's notice
713	requirements, and other personal identifying information of any
714	person, excluding the person's name, unit designation, mailing
715	address, and property address.
716	6. Any electronic security measure that is used by the
717	association to safeguard data, including passwords.
718	7. The software and operating system used by the
719	association which allows manipulation of data, even if the owner
720	owns a copy of the same software used by the association. The
721	data is part of the official records of the association.
722	(13) FINANCIAL REPORTINGWithin 90 days after the end of
723	the fiscal year, or annually on a date provided in the bylaws,
724	the association shall prepare and complete, or contract for the
725	preparation and completion of, a financial report for the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 726 preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the final financial 727 report is completed by the association or received from the 728 third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the 729 fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, the 730 association shall mail to each unit owner at the address last 731 furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand deliver to each unit owner, a copy of the financial report or a notice 732 733 that a copy of the financial report will be mailed or hand 734 delivered to the unit owner, without charge, upon receipt of a written request from the unit owner. The division shall adopt 735 736 rules setting forth uniform accounting principles and standards 737 to be used by all associations and shall adopt rules addressing 738 the financial reporting requirements for multicondominium associations. The rules must shall include, but not be limited 739 740 to, standards for presenting a summary of association reserves, 741 including a good faith estimate disclosing the annual amount of 742 reserve funds that would be necessary for the association to 743 fully fund reserves for each reserve item based on the straight-744 line accounting method. This disclosure is not applicable to 745 reserves funded via the pooling method. uniform accounting 746 principles and standards for stating the disclosure of at least 747 a summary of the reserves, including information as to whether 748 such reserves are being funded at a level sufficient to prevent 749 the need for a special assessment and, if not, the amount of 750 assessments necessary to bring the reserves up to the level 751 necessary to avoid a special assessment. The person preparing 752 the financial reports shall be entitled to rely on an inspection 753 report prepared for or provided to the association to meet the 754 fiscal and fiduciary standards of this chapter. In adopting such

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 755 rules, the division shall consider the number of members and 756 annual revenues of an association. Financial reports shall be 757 prepared as follows: 758 (a) An association that meets the criteria of this 759 paragraph shall prepare or cause to be prepared a complete set 760 of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted 761 accounting principles. The financial statements must shall be 762 based upon the association's total annual revenues, as follows: 763 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$100,000 or more, but less than \$200,000, shall prepare compiled financial 764 765 statements. 766 2. An association with total annual revenues of at least 767 \$200,000, but less than \$400,000, shall prepare reviewed 768 financial statements. 769 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$400,000 or 770 more shall prepare audited financial statements. 771 (b)1. An association with total annual revenues of less 772 than \$100,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and 773 expenditures. 774 2. An association that which operates fewer $\frac{1}{1}$ than 75 $\frac{50}{1}$ 775 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall 776 prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of 777 financial statements required by paragraph (a). 778 3. A report of cash receipts and disbursements must 779 disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and 780 781 expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the 782 following, as applicable: costs for security, professional and 783 management fees and expenses, taxes, costs for recreation

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 784 facilities, expenses for refuse collection and utility services, 785 expenses for lawn care, costs for building maintenance and 786 repair, insurance costs, administration and salary expenses, and 787 reserves accumulated and expended for capital expenditures, 788 deferred maintenance, and any other category for which the 789 association maintains reserves. 790 (c) An association may prepare or cause to be prepared, 791 without a meeting of or approval by the unit owners: 792 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statements, if 793 the association is required to prepare a report of cash receipts 794 and expenditures; 795 2. Reviewed or audited financial statements, if the 796 association is required to prepare compiled financial 797 statements; or 798 3. Audited financial statements if the association is required to prepare reviewed financial statements. 799 800 (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests 801 present at a properly called meeting of the association, an 802 association may prepare or cause to be prepared: 803 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a 804 compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement; 805 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited financial 806 807 statement; or 808 3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a compiled 809 financial statement, or a reviewed financial statement in lieu 810 of an audited financial statement. 811 812 Such meeting and approval must occur before prior to the end of

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 813 the fiscal year and is effective only for the fiscal year in 814 which the vote is taken, except that the approval may also may 815 be effective for the following fiscal year. With respect to an 816 association to which the developer has not turned over control of the association, all unit owners, including the developer, 817 818 may vote on issues related to the preparation of financial 819 reports for the first 2 fiscal years of the association's 820 operation, beginning with the fiscal year in which the 821 declaration is recorded. Thereafter, all unit owners except the 822 developer may vote on such issues until control is turned over 823 to the association by the developer. Any audit or review 824 prepared under this section shall be paid for by the developer 825 if done before prior to turnover of control of the association. 826 An association may not waive the financial reporting 827 requirements of this section for more than 3 consecutive years. 828 Section 10. Paragraphs (d), (l), (n), and (o) of subsection 829 (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 830 718.112 Bylaws.-(2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.-The bylaws shall provide for the 831 832 following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include 833 the following: 834 (d) Unit owner meetings.-835 1. There shall be An annual meeting of the unit owners 836 shall be held at the location provided in the association bylaws 837 and, if the bylaws are silent as to the location, the meeting

However, such distance requirement does not apply to an
association governing a timeshare condominium. Unless the bylaws
provide otherwise, a vacancy on the board caused by the

shall be held within 45 miles of the condominium property.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 842 expiration of a director's term shall be filled by electing a 843 new board member, and the election must shall be by secret ballot. + However, if the number of vacancies equals or exceeds 844 845 the number of candidates, an no election is not required. Except in a timeshare condominium, the terms of all members of the 846 847 board shall expire at the annual meeting and such board members 848 may stand for reelection unless otherwise permitted by the 849 bylaws. If In the event that the bylaws permit staggered terms 850 of no more than 2 years and upon approval of a majority of the 851 total voting interests, the association board members may serve 852 2-year staggered terms. If the number of board members whose 853 terms have expired exceeds the number of eligible members 854 showing interest in or demonstrating an intention to run for the 855 vacant positions no person is interested in or demonstrates an 856 intention to run for the position of a board member whose term 857 has expired according to the provisions of this subparagraph, 858 each such board member whose term has expired is eligible for 859 reappointment shall be automatically reappointed to the board of 860 administration and need not stand for reelection. In a 861 condominium association of more than 10 units or in a 862 condominium association that does not include timeshare units or 863 timeshare interests, coowners of a unit may not serve as members 864 of the board of directors at the same time unless they own more 865 than one unit or unless there are not enough eligible candidates 866 to fill the vacancies on the board at the time of the vacancy. 867 Any unit owner desiring to be a candidate for board membership 868 must shall comply with sub-subparagraph subparagraph 3.a. A 869 person who has been suspended or removed by the division under 870 this chapter, or who is delinquent in the payment of any fee,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 871 fine, or special or regular assessment as provided in paragraph 872 (n), is not eligible for board membership. A person who has been convicted of any felony in this state or in a United States 873 874 District or Territorial Court, or who has been convicted of any 875 offense in another jurisdiction that would be considered a 876 felony if committed in this state, is not eligible for board membership unless such felon's civil rights have been restored 877 878 for at least a period of no less than 5 years as of the date on 879 which such person seeks election to the board. The validity of 880 an action by the board is not affected if it is later determined 881 that a member of the board is ineligible for board membership 882 due to having been convicted of a felony.

883 2. The bylaws must shall provide the method of calling 884 meetings of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written 885 notice, which notice must include an agenda, shall be mailed, 886 hand delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner 887 at least 14 days before prior to the annual meeting and must 888 shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium 889 property at least 14 continuous days preceding the annual 890 meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall, by 891 duly adopted rule, designate a specific location on the 892 condominium property or association property upon which all 893 notices of unit owner meetings shall be posted. + However, if 894 there is no condominium property or association property upon 895 which notices can be posted, this requirement does not apply. In 896 lieu of or in addition to the physical posting of meeting 897 notices notice of any meeting of the unit owners on the 898 condominium property, the association may, by reasonable rule, 899 adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting and repeatedly

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 900 broadcasting the notice and the agenda on a closed-circuit cable 901 television system serving the condominium association. However, 902 if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice posted 903 physically on the condominium property, the notice and agenda 904 must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of 905 each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this 906 section. If When broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient 907 908 continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to 909 observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of 910 the notice and the agenda. Unless a unit owner waives in writing 911 the right to receive notice of the annual meeting, such notice must shall be hand delivered, mailed, or electronically 912 913 transmitted to each unit owner. Notice for meetings and notice 914 for all other purposes must shall be mailed to each unit owner 915 at the address last furnished to the association by the unit 916 owner, or hand delivered to each unit owner. However, if a unit 917 is owned by more than one person, the association shall provide 918 notice, for meetings and all other purposes, to that one address 919 which the developer initially identifies for that purpose and 920 thereafter as one or more of the owners of the unit shall so 921 advise the association in writing, or if no address is given or 922 the owners of the unit do not agree, to the address provided on 923 the deed of record. An officer of the association, or the 924 manager or other person providing notice of the association 925 meeting, shall provide an affidavit or United States Postal 926 Service certificate of mailing, to be included in the official 927 records of the association affirming that the notice was mailed 928 or hand delivered, in accordance with this provision.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 929 3. The members of the board shall be elected by written 930 ballot or voting machine. Proxies may not shall in no event be 931 used in electing the board, either in general elections or 932 elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or 933 otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. 934 a. At least Not less than 60 days before a scheduled 935 election, the association shall mail, deliver, or electronically 936 transmit, whether by separate association mailing or included in 937 another association mailing, delivery, or transmission, including regularly published newsletters, to each unit owner 938 939 entitled to a vote, a first notice of the date of the election 940 along with a certification form provided by the division 941 attesting that he or she has read and understands, to the best of his or her ability, the governing documents of the 942 943 association and the provisions of this chapter and any 944 applicable rules. Any unit owner or other eligible person 945 desiring to be a candidate for the board must give written 946 notice of his or her intent to be a candidate to the association 947 at least not less than 40 days before a scheduled election. 948 Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 2., the association shall mail, deliver, or 949 950 electronically transmit a second notice of the election to all 951 unit owners entitled to vote therein, together with a ballot 952 that lists which shall list all candidates. Upon request of a 953 candidate, the association shall include an information sheet, 954 no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be 955 furnished by the candidate at least not less than 35 days before 956 the election, must along with the signed certification form 957 provided for in this subparagraph, to be included with the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 958 mailing, delivery, or transmission of the ballot, with the costs 959 of mailing, delivery, or electronic transmission and copying to 960 be borne by the association. The association is not liable for 961 the contents of the information sheets prepared by the 962 candidates. In order to reduce costs, the association may print 963 or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of the paper. 964 The division shall by rule establish voting procedures 965 consistent with this sub-subparagraph the provisions contained 966 herein, including rules establishing procedures for giving 967 notice by electronic transmission and rules providing for the 968 secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a plurality of 969 those ballots cast. There is shall be no quorum requirement; 970 however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a 971 ballot in order to have a valid election of members of the 972 board. A No unit owner may not shall permit any other person to 973 vote his or her ballot, and any such ballots improperly cast are 974 shall be deemed invalid, provided any unit owner who violates 975 this provision may be fined by the association in accordance 976 with s. 718.303. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting 977 the ballot for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain such 978 assistance in casting the ballot. The regular election must 979 shall occur on the date of the annual meeting. The provisions of 980 This sub-subparagraph does subparagraph shall not apply to 981 timeshare condominium associations. Notwithstanding the 982 provisions of this sub-subparagraph subparagraph, an election is 983 not required unless more candidates file notices of intent to 984 run or are nominated than board vacancies exist. 985 b. Within 90 days after being elected or appointed to the

986 board, each newly elected or appointed director shall certify in

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987	writing to the secretary of the association that he or she has
988	read the association's declaration of condominium, articles of
989	incorporation, bylaws, and current written policies; that he or
990	she will work to uphold such documents and policies to the best
991	of his or her ability; and that he or she will faithfully
992	discharge his or her fiduciary responsibility to the
993	association's members. In lieu of this written certification,
994	the newly elected or appointed director may submit a certificate
995	of satisfactory completion of the educational curriculum
996	administered by a division-approved condominium education
997	provider. A director who fails to timely file the written
998	certification or educational certificate is suspended from
999	service on the board until he or she complies with this sub-
1000	subparagraph. The board may temporarily fill the vacancy during
1001	the period of suspension. The secretary shall cause the
1002	association to retain a director's written certification or
1003	educational certificate for inspection by the members for 5
1004	years after a director's election. Failure to have such written
1005	certification or educational certificate on file does not affect
1006	the validity of any action.
1007	4. Any approval by unit owners called for by this chapter

1008 or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, but not 1009 limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), shall be 1010 made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and is shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter or the applicable 1011 condominium documents relating to unit owner decisionmaking, 1012 1013 except that unit owners may take action by written agreement, 1014 without meetings, on matters for which action by written 1015 agreement without meetings is expressly allowed by the

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1016 applicable bylaws or declaration or any statute that provides
1017 for such action.

1018 5. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings if 1019 allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any statute. If authorized by the bylaws, notice of meetings of the board of 1020 1021 administration, unit owner meetings, except unit owner meetings called to recall board members under paragraph (j), and 1022 1023 committee meetings may be given by electronic transmission to 1024 unit owners who consent to receive notice by electronic 1025 transmission.

1026 6. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in 1027 meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda 1028 items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules 1029 governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner 1030 participation.

1031 7. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape a meeting of 1032 the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted by the 1033 division.

8. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, any vacancy 1034 1035 occurring on the board before the expiration of a term may be 1036 filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining 1037 directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than 1038 a quorum, or by the sole remaining director. In the alternative, a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case 1039 1040 the election procedures must conform to the requirements of sub-1041 subparagraph subparagraph 3.a. unless the association governs 10 1042 units or fewer less and has opted out of the statutory election 1043 process, in which case the bylaws of the association control. 1044 Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, a board member

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1045 appointed or elected under this section shall fill the vacancy 1046 for the unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling 1047 vacancies created by recall is governed by paragraph (j) and 1048 rules adopted by the division. 1049 1050 Notwithstanding subparagraph subparagraphs (b)2. and sub-1051 subparagraph (d)3.a., an association of 10 or fewer units may, 1052 by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting interests, provide for different voting and election procedures 1053 1054 in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy specifically 1055 delineating the different voting and election procedures. The 1056 different voting and election procedures may provide for 1057 elections to be conducted by limited or general proxy. 1058 (1) Certificate of compliance. There shall be A provision 1059 that a certificate of compliance from a licensed electrical 1060 contractor or electrician may be accepted by the association's 1061 board as evidence of compliance of the condominium units with 1062 the applicable fire and life safety code must be included. 1063 Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 633 or of any other 1064 code, statute, ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation, or 1065 any interpretation of the foregoing, an association, 1066 condominium, or unit owner is not obligated to retrofit the 1067 common elements, common areas, association property, or units of 1068 a residential condominium with a fire sprinkler system or any 1069 other form of engineered lifesafety system in a building that 1070 has been certified for occupancy by the applicable governmental 1071 entity, if the unit owners have voted to forego such 1072 retrofitting and engineered lifesafety system by the affirmative 1073 vote of two-thirds of all voting interests in the affected

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1074	condominium. However, a condominium association may not vote to
1075	forego the retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system of common
1076	areas in a high-rise building. For purposes of this subsection,
1077	the term "high-rise building" means a building that is greater
1078	than 75 feet in height where the building height is measured
1079	from the lowest level of fire department access to the floor of
1080	the highest occupiable story. For purposes of this subsection,
1081	the term "common areas" means any enclosed hallway, corridor,
1082	lobby, stairwell, or entryway. In no event shall The local
1083	authority having jurisdiction <u>may not</u> require completion of
1084	retrofitting of common areas with a sprinkler system <u>or any</u>
1085	other form of engineered lifesafety system before the end of
1086	<u>2019</u> 2014 .
1087	1. A vote to forego retrofitting may be obtained by limited

vote to forego retrofitting may be obtained by limited 1088 proxy or by a ballot personally cast at a duly called membership 1089 meeting, or by execution of a written consent by the member, and 1090 is shall be effective upon the recording of a certificate 1091 attesting to such vote in the public records of the county where 1092 the condominium is located. The association shall mail $\operatorname{or}_{\overline{\tau}}$ hand 1093 deliver, or electronically transmit to each unit owner written 1094 notice at least 14 days before the prior to such membership 1095 meeting in which the vote to forego retrofitting of the required 1096 fire sprinkler system or any other form of engineered lifesafety 1097 system is to take place. Within 30 days after the association's 1098 opt-out vote, notice of the results of the opt-out vote must 1099 shall be mailed or, hand delivered, or electronically 1100 transmitted to all unit owners. Evidence of compliance with this 1101 30-day notice requirement must shall be made by an affidavit 1102 executed by the person providing the notice and filed among the

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1103	official records of the association. After such notice is
1104	provided to each owner, a copy <u>must</u> of such notice shall be
1105	provided by the current owner to a new owner <u>before</u> prior to
1106	closing and shall be provided by a unit owner to a renter <u>before</u>
1107	prior to signing a lease.
1108	2. If there has been a previous vote to forego
1109	retrofitting, a vote to require retrofitting may be obtained at
1110	a special meeting of the unit owners called by a petition of
1111	least 10 percent of the voting interests. Such a vote may only
1112	be called once every 3 years. Notice shall be provided as
1113	required for any regularly called meeting of the unit owners,
1114	and must state the purpose of the meeting. Electronic
1115	transmission may not be used to provide notice of a meeting
1116	called in whole or in part for this purpose.
1117	3.2. As part of the information collected annually from
1118	condominiums, the division shall require condominium
1119	associations to report the membership vote and recording of a
1120	certificate under this subsection and, if retrofitting has been
1121	undertaken, the per-unit cost of such work. The division shall
1122	annually report to the Division of State Fire Marshal of the
1123	Department of Financial Services the number of condominiums that
1124	have elected to forego retrofitting.
1125	4. Notwithstanding s. 553.509, an association may not be
1126	obligated to, and may forego the retrofitting of, any
1127	improvements required by s. 553.509(2) upon an affirmative vote
1128	of a majority of the voting interests in the affected
1129	condominium.
1130	(n) Director or officer delinquencies.—A director or
1131	officer more than 90 days delinquent in the payment of any

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1132 monetary obligation due the association regular assessments 1133 shall be deemed to have abandoned the office, creating a vacancy 1134 in the office to be filled according to law. 1135 (o) Director or officer offenses.-A director or officer 1136 charged by information or indictment with a felony theft or 1137 embezzlement offense involving the association's funds or property must shall be removed from office, creating a vacancy 1138 1139 in the office to be filled according to law until the end of the period of the suspension or the end of the director's term of 1140 1141 office, whichever occurs first. While such director or officer 1142 has such criminal charge pending, he or she may not be appointed 1143 or elected to a position as a director or officer. However, if 1144 should the charges are be resolved without a finding of guilt, 1145 the director or officer shall be reinstated for the remainder of 1146 his or her term of office, if any. 1147 Section 11. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 1148 718.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1149 718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.-1150 (1)1151 (d) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of 1152 communications services as defined in chapter 202, information 1153 services, or Internet services a master antenna television 1154 system or duly franchised cable television service obtained 1155 pursuant to a bulk contract is shall be deemed a common expense. 1156 If the declaration does not provide for the cost of such 1157 services a master antenna television system or duly franchised 1158 cable television service obtained under a bulk contract as a 1159 common expense, the board may enter into such a contract, and 1160 the cost of the service will be a common expense. The cost for

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1161 the services under a bulk-rate contract may be but allocated on 1162 a per-unit basis rather than a percentage basis if the 1163 declaration provides for other than an equal sharing of common 1164 expenses, and any contract entered into before July 1, 1998, in 1165 which the cost of the service is not equally divided among all 1166 unit owners, may be changed by vote of a majority of the voting 1167 interests present at a regular or special meeting of the 1168 association, to allocate the cost equally among all units. The contract must be for at least shall be for a term of not less 1169 1170 than 2 years.

1171 1. Any contract made by the board on or after July 1, 1998, 1172 the effective date hereof for a community antenna system or duly 1173 franchised cable television service may be canceled by a 1174 majority of the voting interests present at the next regular or 1175 special meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion 1176 to cancel the said contract, but if no motion is made or if such 1177 motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next regular or special meeting, whichever occurs first is sooner, following 1178 1179 the making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed 1180 ratified for the term therein expressed.

1181 2. Any Such contract must shall provide, and is shall be 1182 deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing-1183 impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the 1184 unit with a non-hearing-impaired or sighted person, or any unit 1185 owner receiving supplemental security income under Title XVI of 1186 the Social Security Act or food stamps as administered by the 1187 Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to s. 1188 414.31, may discontinue the cable or video service without 1189 incurring disconnect fees, penalties, or subsequent service

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1190 charges, and, as to such units, the owners are shall not be 1191 required to pay any common expenses charge related to such 1192 service. If fewer less than all members of an association share 1193 the expenses of cable or video service television, the expense 1194 shall be shared equally by all participating unit owners. The 1195 association may use the provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce 1196 payment of the shares of such costs by the unit owners receiving 1197 cable or video service television. Section 12. Subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection 1198 1199 (5) of section 718.116, Florida Statutes, is amended, and 1200 subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 1201 718.116 Assessments; liability; lien and priority; 1202 interest; collection.-1203 (3) Assessments and installments on assessments them which 1204 are not paid when due bear interest at the rate provided in the 1205 declaration, from the due date until paid. This rate may not 1206 exceed the rate allowed by law, and, if no rate is provided in 1207 the declaration, interest accrues shall accrue at the rate of 18 percent per year. Also, if provided by the declaration or bylaws 1208 1209 so provide, the association may, in addition to such interest, 1210 charge an administrative late fee of up to in addition to such 1211 interest, in an amount not to exceed the greater of \$25 or 5 1212 percent of each installment of the assessment for each 1213 delinquent installment for which that the payment is late. Any 1214 payment received by an association must shall be applied first 1215 to any interest accrued by the association, then to any 1216 administrative late fee, then to any costs and reasonable 1217 attorney's fees incurred in collection, and then to the 1218 delinquent assessment. Costs may include delinquency letters and

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1219 other collections efforts by a licensed management company or a 1220 licensed manager relating to a delinquent installment of an assessment incurred before filing a claim of lien that does not 1221 1222 exceed \$75. The foregoing is shall be applicable notwithstanding 1223 any restrictive endorsement, designation, or instruction placed 1224 on or accompanying a payment. A late fee is shall not be subject 1225 to the provisions in chapter 687 or s. 718.303(3). 1226 (5) 1227 (b) To be valid, a claim of lien must state the description 1228 of the condominium parcel, the name of the record owner, the 1229 name and address of the association, the amount due, and the due 1230 dates. It must be executed and acknowledged by an officer or 1231 authorized agent of the association. The No such lien is not 1232 shall be effective longer than 1 year after the claim of lien 1233 was recorded unless, within that time, an action to enforce the 1234 lien is commenced. The 1-year period is shall automatically be 1235 extended for any length of time during which the association is 1236 prevented from filing a foreclosure action by an automatic stay 1237 resulting from a bankruptcy petition filed by the parcel owner 1238 or any other person claiming an interest in the parcel. The 1239 claim of lien secures shall secure all unpaid assessments that which are due and that which may accrue after subsequent to the 1240 1241 recording of the claim of lien is recorded and through prior to 1242 the entry of a final judgment certificate of title, as well as 1243 interest and all reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred 1244 by the association incident to the collection process. Upon 1245 payment in full, the person making the payment is entitled to a 1246 satisfaction of the lien. 1247

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1248 After notice of contest of lien has been recorded, the clerk of 1249 the circuit court shall mail a copy of the recorded notice to 1250 the association by certified mail, return receipt requested, at 1251 the address shown in the claim of lien or most recent amendment 1252 to it and shall certify to the service on the face of the 1253 notice. Service is complete upon mailing. After service, the 1254 association has 90 days in which to file an action to enforce 1255 the lien; and, if the action is not filed within the 90-day 1256 period, the lien is void. However, the 90-day period shall be 1257 extended for any length of time that the association is 1258 prevented from filing its action because of an automatic stay 1259 resulting from the filing of a bankruptcy petition by the unit 1260 owner or by any other person claiming an interest in the parcel. 1261 (11) If the unit is occupied by a tenant and the unit owner 1262 is delinquent in paying any monetary obligation due to the 1263 association, the association may make a written demand that the 1264 tenant pay the future monetary obligations related to the 1265 condominium unit to the association, and the tenant must make 1266 such payment. The demand is continuing in nature and, upon 1267 demand, the tenant must pay the monetary obligations to the 1268 association until the association releases the tenant or the 1269 tenant discontinues tenancy in the unit. The association must 1270 mail written notice to the unit owner of the association's 1271 demand that the tenant make payments to the association. The 1272 association shall, upon request, provide the tenant with written 1273 receipts for payments made. A tenant who acts in good faith in 1274 response to a written demand from an association is immune from 1275 any claim from the unit owner. 1276 (a) If the tenant prepaid rent to the unit owner before

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1277	receiving the demand from the association and provides written
1278	evidence of paying the rent to the association within 14 days
1279	after receiving the demand, the tenant must make any subsequent
1280	rental payments to the association to be credited against the
1281	monetary obligations of the unit owner to the association.
1282	(b) The tenant is not liable for increases in the amount of
1283	the monetary obligations due unless the tenant was notified in
1284	writing of the increase at least 10 days before the date the
1285	rent is due. The liability of the tenant may not exceed the
1286	amount due from the tenant to the tenant's landlord. The
1287	tenant's landlord shall provide the tenant a credit against
1288	rents due to the unit owner in the amount of monies paid to the
1289	association under this section.
1290	(c) The association may issue notices under s. 83.56 and
1291	may sue for eviction under ss. 83.59-83.625 as if the
1292	association were a landlord under part II of chapter 83 if the
1293	tenant fails to pay a required payment to the association.
1294	However, the association is not otherwise considered a landlord
1295	under chapter 83 and specifically has no duties under s. 83.51.
1296	(d) The tenant does not, by virtue of payment of monetary
1297	obligations to the association, have any of the rights of a unit
1298	owner to vote in any election or to examine the books and
1299	records of the association.
1300	(e) A court may supersede the effect of this subsection by
1301	appointing a receiver.
1302	Section 13. Subsections (2) and (19) of section 718.117,
1303	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1304	718.117 Termination of condominium
1305	(2) TERMINATION BECAUSE OF ECONOMIC WASTE OR

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1306 IMPOSSIBILITY.-

(a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the declaration, the condominium form of ownership of a property may be terminated by a plan of termination approved by the lesser of the lowest percentage of voting interests necessary to amend the declaration or as otherwise provided in the declaration for approval of termination <u>if when</u>:

1313 1. The total estimated cost of <u>construction or</u> repairs 1314 necessary to <u>construct the intended improvements or</u> restore the 1315 improvements to their former condition or bring them into 1316 compliance with applicable laws or regulations exceeds the 1317 combined fair market value of <u>the all</u> units in the condominium 1318 after completion of the <u>construction or</u> repairs; or

1319 2. It becomes impossible to operate or reconstruct a 1320 condominium to in its prior physical configuration because of 1321 land use laws or regulations.

1322 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a condominium in which 1323 75 percent or more of the units are timeshare units may be 1324 terminated only pursuant to a plan of termination approved by 80 1325 percent of the total voting interests of the association and the 1326 holders of 80 percent of the original principal amount of 1327 outstanding recorded mortgage liens of timeshare estates in the 1328 condominium, unless the declaration provides for a lower voting 1329 percentage.

(19) CREATION OF ANOTHER CONDOMINIUM.—The termination of a
 condominium does not bar the <u>filing of a declaration of</u>
 <u>condominium or an amended and restated declaration of</u>
 <u>condominium creation</u> by the termination trustee of another
 condominium affecting any portion of the same property.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1335 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 718.301, Florida 1336 Statutes, is amended to read: 718.301 Transfer of association control; claims of defect 1337 1338 by association.-1339 (1) If When unit owners other than the developer own 15 1340 percent or more of the units in a condominium that will be 1341 operated ultimately by an association, the unit owners other than the developer are shall be entitled to elect at least no 1342 1343 less than one-third of the members of the board of administration of the association. Unit owners other than the 1344 developer are entitled to elect at least not less than a 1345 1346 majority of the members of the board of administration of an 1347 association: 1348 (a) Three years after 50 percent of the units that will be 1349 operated ultimately by the association have been conveyed to 1350 purchasers; 1351 (b) Three months after 90 percent of the units that will be 1352 operated ultimately by the association have been conveyed to 1353 purchasers; 1354 (c) When all the units that will be operated ultimately by 1355 the association have been completed, some of them have been 1356 conveyed to purchasers, and none of the others are being offered 1357 for sale by the developer in the ordinary course of business; 1358 (d) When some of the units have been conveyed to purchasers 1359 and none of the others are being constructed or offered for sale

1361 (e) When the developer files a petition seeking protection 1362 in bankruptcy;

by the developer in the ordinary course of business;

1363

1360

(f) When a receiver for the developer is appointed by a

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1364 circuit court and is not discharged within 30 days after such 1365 appointment, unless the court determines within 30 days after 1366 appointment of the receiver that transfer of control would be 1367 detrimental to the association or its members; or 1368 (g) Seven years after recordation of the declaration of 1369 condominium; or, in the case of an association that which may 1370 ultimately operate more than one condominium, 7 years after 1371 recordation of the declaration for the first condominium it 1372 operates; or, in the case of an association operating a phase 1373 condominium created pursuant to s. 718.403, 7 years after 1374 recordation of the declaration creating the initial phase, 1375 whichever occurs first. The developer is entitled to elect at least one member of the board of administration of an 1376 1377 association as long as the developer holds for sale in the 1378 ordinary course of business at least 5 percent, in condominiums 1379 with fewer than 500 units, and 2 percent, in condominiums with 1380 more than 500 units, of the units in a condominium operated by 1381 the association. After Following the time the developer 1382 relinquishes control of the association, the developer may 1383 exercise the right to vote any developer-owned units in the same 1384 manner as any other unit owner except for purposes of 1385 reacquiring control of the association or selecting the majority members of the board of administration. 1386 1387 Section 15. Section 718.303, Florida Statutes, is amended 1388 to read:

1389 718.303 Obligations of owners and occupants; remedies 1390 waiver; levy of fine against unit by association.-

1391(1) Each unit owner, each tenant and other invitee, and1392each association is shall be governed by, and must shall comply

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1393	with the provisions of, this chapter, the declaration, the
1394	documents creating the association, and the association bylaws
1395	which and the provisions thereof shall be deemed expressly
1396	incorporated into any lease of a unit. Actions for damages or
1397	for injunctive relief, or both, for failure to comply with these
1398	provisions may be brought by the association or by a unit owner
1399	against:
1400	(a) The association.
1401	(b) A unit owner.
1402	(c) Directors designated by the developer, for actions
1403	taken by them <u>before</u> prior to the time control of the
1404	association is assumed by unit owners other than the developer.
1405	(d) Any director who willfully and knowingly fails to
1406	comply with these provisions.
1407	(e) Any tenant leasing a unit, and any other invitee
1408	occupying a unit.
1409	
1410	The prevailing party in any such action or in any action in
1411	which the purchaser claims a right of voidability based upon
1412	contractual provisions as required in s. 718.503(1)(a) is
1413	entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees. A unit owner
1414	prevailing in an action between the association and the unit
1415	owner under this section, in addition to recovering his or her
1416	reasonable attorney's fees, may recover additional amounts as
1417	determined by the court to be necessary to reimburse the unit
1418	owner for his or her share of assessments levied by the
1419	association to fund its expenses of the litigation. This relief
1420	does not exclude other remedies provided by law. Actions arising
1421	under this subsection \underline{may} \underline{shall} not be deemed to be actions for

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1422 specific performance. 1423 (2) A provision of this chapter may not be waived if the waiver would adversely affect the rights of a unit owner or the 1424 1425 purpose of the provision, except that unit owners or members of 1426 a board of administration may waive notice of specific meetings 1427 in writing if provided by the bylaws. Any instruction given in 1428 writing by a unit owner or purchaser to an escrow agent may be 1429 relied upon by an escrow agent, whether or not such instruction 1430 and the payment of funds thereunder might constitute a waiver of 1431 any provision of this chapter.

1432 (3) If a unit owner is delinquent for more than 90 days in 1433 paying a monetary obligation due to the association the 1434 declaration or bylaws so provide, the association may suspend 1435 the right of a unit owner or a unit's occupant, licensee, or 1436 invitee to use common elements, common facilities, or any other 1437 association property until the monetary obligation is paid. This 1438 subsection does not apply to limited common elements intended to 1439 be used only by that unit, common elements that must be used to 1440 access the unit, utility services provided to the unit, parking 1441 spaces, or elevators. The association may also levy reasonable 1442 fines against a unit for the failure of the owner of the unit, 1443 or its occupant, licensee, or invitee, to comply with any 1444 provision of the declaration, the association bylaws, or reasonable rules of the association. A No fine does not will 1445 1446 become a lien against a unit. A No fine may not exceed \$100 per 1447 violation. However, a fine may be levied on the basis of each 1448 day of a continuing violation, with a single notice and 1449 opportunity for hearing. However, the provided that no such fine 1450 may not shall in the aggregate exceed \$1,000. A No fine may not

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1451 be levied and a suspension may not be imposed unless the 1452 association first provides at least 14 days' written except 1453 after giving reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing 1454 to the unit owner and, if applicable, its occupant, licensee, or 1455 invitee. The hearing must be held before a committee of other 1456 unit owners who are neither board members nor persons residing 1457 in a board member's household. If the committee does not agree with the fine or suspension, the fine or suspension may not be 1458 levied or imposed. The provisions of this subsection do not 1459 1460 apply to unoccupied units. (4) The notice and hearing requirements of subsection (3) 1461 1462 do not apply to the imposition of suspensions or fines against a 1463 unit owner or a unit's occupant, licensee, or invitee because of 1464 failing to pay any amounts due the association. If such a fine 1465 or suspension is imposed, the association must levy the fine or 1466 impose a reasonable suspension at a properly noticed board 1467 meeting, and after the imposition of such fine or suspension, the association must notify the unit owner and, if applicable, 1468 the unit's occupant, licensee, or invitee by mail or hand 1469 1470 delivery. 1471 (5) An association may also suspend the voting rights of a 1472 member due to nonpayment of any monetary obligation due to the 1473 association which is more than 90 days delinquent. The 1474 suspension ends upon full payment of all obligations currently 1475 due or overdue the association. Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 718.501, Florida 1476 1477 Statutes, is amended to read: 1478 718.501 Authority, responsibility, and duties of Division 1479 of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.-

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1480 (1) The division may of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, 1481 and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, has the 1482 1483 power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of 1484 this chapter and rules relating to the development, 1485 construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management 1486 of residential condominium units. In performing its duties, the 1487 division has complete jurisdiction to investigate complaints and enforce compliance with the provisions of this chapter with 1488 1489 respect to associations that are still under developer control 1490 or the control of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer pursuant to part 1491 VII of this chapter and complaints against developers, bulk 1492 assignees, or bulk buyers involving improper turnover or failure 1493 to turnover, pursuant to s. 718.301. However, after turnover has 1494 occurred, the division has shall only have jurisdiction to 1495 investigate complaints related only to financial issues, 1496 elections, and unit owner access to association records pursuant 1497 to s. 718.111(12).

(a)1. The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms hereunder.

2. The division may submit any official written report, worksheet, or other related paper, or a duly certified copy thereof, compiled, prepared, drafted, or otherwise made by and duly authenticated by a financial examiner or analyst to be admitted as competent evidence in any hearing in which the financial examiner or analyst is available for cross-examination

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583-03052A-1020101196c21509and attests under oath that such documents were prepared as a1510result of an examination or inspection conducted pursuant to1511this chapter.

(b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated.

1516 (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this 1517 chapter, the division director or any officer or employee 1518 designated by the division director may administer oaths or 1519 affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, 1520 take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the existence, 1521 1522 description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any 1523 books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and 1524 location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any 1525 other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of 1526 material evidence. Upon the failure by a person to obey a 1527 subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating 1528 officer and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected 1529 persons thereby, the division may apply to the circuit court for 1530 an order compelling compliance.

(d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, <u>bulk assignee, bulk buyer,</u> association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as

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follows:

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1539 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or 1540 actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings 1541 and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or 1542 letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may 1543 be entered against the person.

1544 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, bulk assignee, bulk buyer, association, developer-designated 1545 1546 officer, or developer-designated member of the board of 1547 administration, developer-designated assignees or agents, bulk 1548 assignee-designated assignees or agents, bulk buyer-designated 1549 assignees or agents, community association manager, or community 1550 association management firm to cease and desist from the 1551 unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the 1552 judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this 1553 chapter. If the division finds that a developer, bulk assignee, 1554 bulk buyer, association, officer, or member of the board of 1555 administration, or its assignees or agents, is violating or is 1556 about to violate any provision of this chapter, any rule adopted 1557 or order issued by the division, or any written agreement entered into with the division, and presents an immediate danger 1558 1559 to the public requiring an immediate final order, it may issue 1560 an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity 1561 the facts underlying such findings. The emergency cease and 1562 desist order is effective for 90 days. If the division begins 1563 nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease 1564 and desist order remains effective until the conclusion of the 1565 proceedings under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

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3. If a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, fails to

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1567 pay any restitution determined by the division to be owed, plus 1568 any accrued interest at the highest rate permitted by law, 1569 within 30 days after expiration of any appellate time period of 1570 a final order requiring payment of restitution or the conclusion 1571 of any appeal thereof, whichever is later, the division must 1572 shall bring an action in circuit or county court on behalf of 1573 any association, class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers 1574 for restitution, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or any 1575 other available remedy. The division may also temporarily revoke 1576 its acceptance of the filing for the developer to which the 1577 restitution relates until payment of restitution is made.

1578 4. The division may petition the court for the appointment 1579 of a receiver or conservator. If appointed, the receiver or 1580 conservator may take action to implement the court order to 1581 ensure the performance of the order and to remedy any breach 1582 thereof. In addition to all other means provided by law for the 1583 enforcement of an injunction or temporary restraining order, the 1584 circuit court may impound or sequester the property of a party 1585 defendant, including books, papers, documents, and related 1586 records, and allow the examination and use of the property by 1587 the division and a court-appointed receiver or conservator.

1588 5. The division may apply to the circuit court for an order 1589 of restitution whereby the defendant in an action brought pursuant to subparagraph 4. is shall be ordered to make 1590 1591 restitution of those sums shown by the division to have been 1592 obtained by the defendant in violation of this chapter. Such 1593 restitution shall, At the option of the court, such restitution 1594 is be payable to the conservator or receiver appointed pursuant 1595 to subparagraph 4. or directly to the persons whose funds or

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1596 assets were obtained in violation of this chapter. 1597 6. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer, or association, or its 1598 1599 assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter or related 1600 a rule adopted under this chapter. The division may impose a 1601 civil penalty individually against an any officer or board 1602 member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this chapter, adopted rule, or a final order of the division; may 1603 1604 order the removal of such individual as an officer or from the 1605 board of administration or as an officer of the association; and 1606 may prohibit such individual from serving as an officer or on 1607 the board of a community association for a period of time. The 1608 term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed 1609 the officer or board member that his or her action or intended 1610 action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, 1611 or a final order of the division and that the officer or board 1612 member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, 1613 a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the 1614 division. The division, before prior to initiating formal agency 1615 action under chapter 120, must shall afford the officer or board 1616 member an opportunity to voluntarily comply and with this 1617 chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of 1618 the division. an officer or board member who complies within 10 1619 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed 1620 on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no 1621 event shall the penalty for any offense may not exceed \$5,000. By January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty 1622 1623 guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of 1624 violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1625 guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties 1626 for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be 1627 based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of 1628 the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by 1629 the division. For example, the division may consider whether the 1630 violations were committed by a developer, bulk assignee, or bulk 1631 buyer, or owner-controlled association, the size of the 1632 association, and other factors. The guidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that 1633 1634 justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be 1635 1636 distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or 1637 welfare of the condominium residents or other persons and that 1638 such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the 1639 public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed 1640 conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the 1641 division to informally dispose of administrative actions or 1642 complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. 1643 All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief 1644 Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida 1645 Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a 1646 developer, bulk assignee, or bulk buyer fails to pay the civil 1647 penalty and the amount deemed to be owed to the association, the division shall issue an order directing that such developer, 1648 1649 bulk assignee, or bulk buyer cease and desist from further 1650 operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may 1651 pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent 1652 jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, 1653 the division shall pursue enforcement in a court of competent

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1654 jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the 1655 cease and desist order <u>is will</u> not become effective until 20 1656 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the 1657 division shall be brought in the county in which the division 1658 has its executive offices or in the county where the violation 1659 occurred.

1660 7. If a unit owner presents the division with proof that 1661 the unit owner has requested access to official records in 1662 writing by certified mail, and that after 10 days the unit owner 1663 again made the same request for access to official records in 1664 writing by certified mail, and that more than 10 days has 1665 elapsed since the second request and the association has still 1666 failed or refused to provide access to official records as 1667 required by this chapter, the division shall issue a subpoena 1668 requiring production of the requested records where the records 1669 are kept pursuant to s. 718.112.

1670 8. In addition to subparagraph 6., the division may seek 1671 the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for 1672 any violation for which the division may issue a notice to show 1673 cause under paragraph (r). The civil penalty shall be at least 1674 \$500 but no more than \$5,000 for each violation. The court may 1675 also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable 1676 attorney's fees and, if the division prevails, may also award 1677 reasonable costs of investigation.

(e) The division may prepare and disseminate a prospectus
and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers,
lessees, and developers of residential condominiums in assessing
the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.

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(f) The division <u>may has authority to</u> adopt rules pursuant

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1683 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer implement and enforce 1684 the provisions of this chapter. (q) The division shall establish procedures for providing 1685 1686 notice to an association and the developer, bulk assignee, or 1687 bulk buyer during the period in which where the developer, bulk 1688 assignee, or bulk buyer controls the association if when the 1689 division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the declaration of condominium or any related 1690 1691 document governing in such condominium community. 1692 (h) The division shall furnish each association that which 1693 pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this 1694 chapter, as amended act, subsequent changes to this act on an 1695 annual basis, an amended version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial 1696 1697 basis, and the rules adopted thereto on an annual basis. 1698 (i) The division shall annually provide each association 1699 with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal 1700 opinions relating to the operations of condominiums which were 1701 rendered by the division during the previous year. 1702 (j) The division shall provide training and educational 1703 programs for condominium association board members and unit 1704 owners. The training may, in the division's discretion, include 1705 web-based electronic media, and live training and seminars in 1706 various locations throughout the state. The division may shall 1707 have the authority to review and approve education and training 1708 programs for board members and unit owners offered by providers 1709 and shall maintain a current list of approved programs and 1710 providers and shall make such list available to board members

1711 and unit owners in a reasonable and cost-effective manner.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1712 (k) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone 1713 number accessible to condominium unit owners. 1714 (1) The division shall develop a program to certify both 1715 volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of condominium 1716 disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of 1717 such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other 1718 participant in arbitration proceedings under s. 718.1255 1719 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall include on the 1720 list of volunteer mediators only the names of persons who have 1721 received at least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or who have mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become 1722 1723 initially certified by the division, paid mediators must be 1724 certified by the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in county 1725 or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, 1726 additional factors for the certification of paid mediators, 1727 which factors must be related to experience, education, or 1728 background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator by 1729 the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply 1730 with the factors or requirements adopted by rule imposed by 1731 rules adopted by the division. (m) If When a complaint is made, the division must shall 1732

1733 conduct its inquiry with due regard for to the interests of the 1734 affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, 1735 the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and 1736 notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the 1737 jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information 1738 is needed by the division from the complainant. The division 1739 shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 90 days after 1740 receipt of the original complaint or of timely requested

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1741 additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, 1742 the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does 1743 not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, 1744 accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 1745 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists 1746 to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule of the 1747 division has occurred. If an investigation is not completed 1748 within the time limits established in this paragraph, the 1749 division shall, on a monthly basis, notify the complainant in 1750 writing of the status of the investigation. When reporting its 1751 action to the complainant, the division shall inform the 1752 complainant of any right to a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 1753 and 120.57. 1754 (n) Condominium association directors, officers, and 1755

employees; condominium developers; bulk assignees, bulk buyers, 1756 and community association managers; and community association 1757 management firms have an ongoing duty to reasonably cooperate 1758 with the division in any investigation pursuant to this section. 1759 The division shall refer to local law enforcement authorities 1760 any person whom the division believes has altered, destroyed, 1761 concealed, or removed any record, document, or thing required to 1762 be kept or maintained by this chapter with the purpose to impair 1763 its verity or availability in the department's investigation.

1764

(o) The division may:

1765 1. Contract with agencies in this state or other 1766 jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; or

1767

2. Accept grants-in-aid from any source.

1768 (p) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in 1769 other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1770 forms, public offering statements, advertising standards, and 1771 rules and common administrative practices. 1772 (q) The division shall consider notice to a developer, bulk 1773 assignee, or bulk buyer to be complete when it is delivered to 1774 the developer's address of the developer, bulk assignee, or bulk 1775 buyer currently on file with the division. 1776 (r) In addition to its enforcement authority, the division 1777 may issue a notice to show cause, which must shall provide for a 1778 hearing, upon written request, in accordance with chapter 120. 1779 (s) The division shall submit to the Governor, the 1780 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 1781 Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative 1782 appropriations committees an annual report that includes, but 1783 need not be limited to, the number of training programs provided 1784 for condominium association board members and unit owners, the 1785 number of complaints received by type, the number and percent of 1786 complaints acknowledged in writing within 30 days and the number 1787 and percent of investigations acted upon within 90 days in 1788 accordance with paragraph (m), and the number of investigations 1789 exceeding the 90-day requirement. The annual report must shall also include an evaluation of the division's core business 1790 1791 processes and make recommendations for improvements, including 1792 statutory changes. The report shall be submitted by September 30 1793 following the end of the fiscal year. 1794 Section 17. Part VII of chapter 718, Florida Statutes, 1795 consisting of sections 718.701, 718.702, 718.703, 718.704, 718.705, 718.706, 718.707, and 718.708, is created to read: 1796 1797 718.701 Short title.-This part may be cited as the

1798 <u>"Distressed Condominium Relief Act."</u>

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 1799 718.702 Legislative intent.-1800 (1) The Legislature acknowledges the massive downturn in 1801 the condominium market which has occurred throughout the state 1802 and the impact of such downturn on developers, lenders, unit 1803 owners, and condominium associations. Numerous condominium 1804 projects have failed or are in the process of failing such that 1805 the condominium has a small percentage of third-party unit 1806 owners as compared to the unsold inventory of units. As a result 1807 of the inability to find purchasers for this inventory of units, 1808 which results in part from the devaluing of real estate in this 1809 state, developers are unable to satisfy the requirements of 1810 their lenders, leading to defaults on mortgages. Consequently, 1811 lenders are faced with the task of finding a solution to the 1812 problem in order to receive payment for their investments. 1813 (2) The Legislature recognizes that all of the factors 1814 listed in this section lead to condominiums becoming distressed, 1815 resulting in detriment to the unit owners and the condominium association due to the resulting shortage of assessment moneys 1816 1817 available for proper maintenance of the condominium. Such 1818 shortage and the resulting lack of proper maintenance further 1819 erodes property values. The Legislature finds that individuals 1820 and entities within this state and in other states have expressed interest in purchasing unsold inventory in one or more 1821 1822 condominium projects, but are reticent to do so because of 1823 accompanying liabilities inherited from the original developer, 1824 which are by definition imputed to the successor purchaser, 1825 including a foreclosing mortgagee. This results in the potential 1826 successor purchaser having unknown and unquantifiable risks that 1827 the potential purchaser is unwilling to accept. As a result,

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1828	condominium projects stagnate, leaving all parties involved at
1829	an impasse and without the ability to find a solution.
1830	(3) The Legislature declares that it is the public policy
1831	of this state to protect the interests of developers, lenders,
1832	unit owners, and condominium associations with regard to
1833	distressed condominiums, and that there is a need for relief
1834	from certain provisions of the Florida Condominium Act geared
1835	toward enabling economic opportunities for successor purchasers,
1836	including foreclosing mortgagees. Such relief would benefit
1837	existing unit owners and condominium associations. The
1838	Legislature further finds and declares that this situation
1839	cannot be open-ended without potentially prejudicing the rights
1840	of unit owners and condominium associations, and thereby
1841	declares that the provisions of this part may be used by
1842	purchasers of condominium inventory for only a specific and
1843	defined period.
1844	718.703 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
1845	(1) "Bulk assignee" means a person who:
1846	(a) Acquires more than seven condominium parcels as set
1847	forth in s. 718.707; and
1848	(b) Receives an assignment of some or all of the rights of
1849	the developer as set forth in the declaration of condominium or
1850	this chapter by a written instrument recorded as an exhibit to
1851	the deed or as a separate instrument in the public records of
1852	the county in which the condominium is located.
1853	(2) "Bulk buyer" means a person who acquires more than
1854	seven condominium parcels as set forth in s. 718.707, but who
1855	does not receive an assignment of developer rights other than
1856	the right to conduct sales, leasing, and marketing activities

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1857	within the condominium; the right to be exempt from the payment
1858	of working capital contributions to the condominium association
1859	arising out of, or in connection with, the bulk buyer's
1860	acquisition of a bulk number of units; and the right to be
1861	exempt from any rights of first refusal which may be held by the
1862	condominium association and would otherwise be applicable to
1863	subsequent transfers of title from the bulk buyer to a third
1864	party purchaser concerning one or more units.
1865	718.704 Assignment and assumption of developer rights by
1866	bulk assignee; bulk buyer
1867	(1) A bulk assignee assumes and is liable for all duties
1868	and responsibilities of the developer under the declaration and
1869	this chapter, except:
1870	(a) Warranties of the developer under s. 718.203(1) or s.
1871	718.618, except for design, construction, development, or repair
1872	work performed by or on behalf of such bulk assignee;
1873	(b) The obligation to:
1874	1. Fund converter reserves under s. 718.618 for a unit that
1875	was not acquired by the bulk assignee; or
1876	2. Provide converter warranties on any portion of the
1877	condominium property except as expressly provided by the bulk
1878	assignee in the contract for purchase and sale executed with a
1879	purchaser and pertaining to any design, construction,
1880	development, or repair work performed by or on behalf of the
1881	bulk assignee;
1882	(c) The requirement to provide the association with a
1883	cumulative audit of the association's finances from the date of
1884	formation of the condominium association as required by s.
1885	718.301(4)(c). However, the bulk assignee must provide an audit

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1886	for the period during which the bulk assignee elects a majority
1887	of the members of the board of administration;
1888	(d) Any liability arising out of or in connection with
1889	actions taken by the board of administration or the developer-
1890	appointed directors before the bulk assignee elects a majority
1891	of the members of the board of administration; and
1892	(e) Any liability for or arising out of the developer's
1893	failure to fund previous assessments or to resolve budgetary
1894	deficits in relation to a developer's right to guarantee
1895	assessments, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2).
1896	
1897	The bulk assignee is also responsible for delivering documents
1898	and materials in accordance with s. 718.705(3). A bulk assignee
1899	may expressly assume some or all of the obligations of the
1900	developer described in paragraphs (a)-(e).
1901	(2) A bulk assignee receiving the assignment of the rights
1902	of the developer to guarantee the level of assessments and fund
1903	budgetary deficits pursuant to s. 718.116 assumes and is liable
1904	for all obligations of the developer with respect to such
1905	guarantee, including any applicable funding of reserves to the
1906	extent required by law, for as long as the guarantee remains in
1907	effect. A bulk assignee not receiving such assignment or a bulk
1908	buyer does not assume and is not liable for the obligations of
1909	the developer with respect to such guarantee, but is responsible
1910	for payment of assessments in the same manner as all other
1911	owners of condominium parcels.
1912	(3) A bulk buyer is liable for the duties and
1913	responsibilities of the developer under the declaration and this
1914	chapter only to the extent provided in this part, together with

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1915	any other duties or responsibilities of the developer expressly
1916	assumed in writing by the bulk buyer.
1917	(4) An acquirer of condominium parcels is not a bulk
1918	assignee or a bulk buyer if the transfer to such acquirer was
1919	made before the effective date of this part with the intent to
1920	hinder, delay, or defraud any purchaser, unit owner, or the
1921	association, or if the acquirer is a person who would be
1922	considered an insider under s. 726.102(7).
1923	(5) An assignment of developer rights to a bulk assignee
1924	may be made by the developer, a previous bulk assignee, or a
1925	court acting on behalf of the developer or the previous bulk
1926	assignee. At any particular time, there may be no more than one
1927	bulk assignee within a condominium, but there may be more than
1928	one bulk buyer. If more than one acquirer of condominium parcels
1929	in the same condominium receives an assignment of developer
1930	rights from the same person, the bulk assignee is the acquirer
1931	whose instrument of assignment is recorded first.
1932	718.705 Board of administration; transfer of control
1933	(1) For purposes of determining the timing for transfer of
1934	control of the board of administration of the association to
1935	unit owners other than the developer under s. 718.301(1)(a) and
1936	(b), if a bulk assignee is entitled to elect a majority of the
1937	members of the board, a condominium parcel acquired by the bulk
1938	assignee is conveyed to a purchaser, or owned by an owner other
1939	than the developer, until the condominium parcel is conveyed to
1940	an owner who is not a bulk assignee.
1941	(2) Unless control of the board of administration of the
1942	association has already been relinquished pursuant to s.
1943	718.301(1), the bulk assignee must relinquish control of the

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1944	association pursuant to s. 718.301 and this part, as if the bulk
1945	assignee were the developer.
1946	(3) If a bulk assignee relinquishes control of the board of
1947	administration as set forth in s. 718.301, the bulk assignee
1948	must deliver all of those items required by s. 718.301(4).
1949	However, the bulk assignee is not required to deliver items and
1950	documents not in the possession of the bulk assignee during the
1951	period during which the bulk assignee was entitled to elect at
1952	least a majority of the members of the board of administration.
1953	In conjunction with acquisition of condominium parcels, a bulk
1954	assignee shall undertake a good faith effort to obtain the
1955	documents and materials that must be provided to the association
1956	pursuant to s. 718.301(4). If the bulk assignee is not able to
1957	obtain all of such documents and materials, the bulk assignee
1958	must certify in writing to the association the names or
1959	descriptions of the documents and materials that were not
1960	obtainable by the bulk assignee. Delivery of the certificate
1961	relieves the bulk assignee of responsibility for delivering the
1962	documents and materials referenced in the certificate as
1963	otherwise required under ss. 718.112 and 718.301 and this part.
1964	The responsibility of the bulk assignee for the audit required
1965	by s. 718.301(4) commences as of the date on which the bulk
1966	assignee elected a majority of the members of the board of
1967	administration.
1968	(4) If a conflict arises between the provisions or
1969	application of this section and s. 718.301, this section
1970	prevails.
1971	(5) Failure of a bulk assignee or bulk buyer to
1972	substantially comply with all the requirements in this part

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1973	results in the loss of any and all protections or exemptions
1974	provided under this part.
1975	718.706 Specific provisions pertaining to offering of units
1976	by a bulk assignee or bulk buyer
1977	(1) Before offering any units for sale or for lease for a
1978	term exceeding 5 years, a bulk assignee or a bulk buyer must
1979	file the following documents with the division and provide such
1980	documents to a prospective purchaser or tenant:
1981	(a) An updated prospectus or offering circular, or a
1982	supplement to the prospectus or offering circular, filed by the
1983	creating developer prepared in accordance with s. 718.504, which
1984	must include the form of contract for sale and for lease in
1985	compliance with s. 718.503(2);
1986	(b) An updated Frequently Asked Questions and Answers
1987	sheet;
1988	(c) The executed escrow agreement if required under s.
1989	718.202; and
1990	(d) The financial information required by s. 718.111(13).
1991	However, if a financial information report does not exist for
1992	the fiscal year before acquisition of title by the bulk assignee
1993	or bulk buyer, or accounting records cannot be obtained in good
1994	faith by the bulk assignee or the bulk buyer which would permit
1995	preparation of the required financial information report, the
1996	bulk assignee or bulk buyer is excused from the requirement of
1997	this paragraph. However, the bulk assignee or bulk buyer must
1998	include in the purchase contract the following statement in
1999	conspicuous type:
2000	
2001	THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION REPORT REQUIRED UNDER S.

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2002	718.111(13) FOR THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR
2003	OF THE ASSOCIATION IS NOT AVAILABLE OR CANNOT BE
2004	CREATED BY THE SELLER DUE TO THE INSUFFICIENT
2005	ACCOUNTING RECORDS OF THE ASSOCIATION.
2006	
2007	(2) Before offering any units for sale or for lease for a
2008	term exceeding 5 years, a bulk assignee must file with the
2009	division and provide to a prospective purchaser a disclosure
2010	statement that includes, but is not limited to:
2011	(a) A description of any rights of the developer which have
2012	been assigned to the bulk assignee;
2013	(b) The following statement in conspicuous type:
2014	
2015	THE SELLER IS NOT OBLIGATED FOR ANY WARRANTIES OF THE
2016	DEVELOPER UNDER S. 718.203(1) OR S. 718.618, AS
2017	APPLICABLE, EXCEPT FOR DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION,
2018	DEVELOPMENT, OR REPAIR WORK PERFORMED BY OR ON BEHALF
2019	OF SELLER; and
2020	(c) If the condominium is a conversion subject to part VI,
2021	the following statement in conspicuous type:
2022	
2023	THE SELLER HAS NO OBLIGATION TO FUND CONVERTER
2024	RESERVES OR TO PROVIDE CONVERTER WARRANTIES UNDER S.
2025	718.618 ON ANY PORTION OF THE CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY
2026	EXCEPT AS MAY BE EXPRESSLY REQUIRED OF THE SELLER IN
2027	THE CONTRACT FOR PURCHASE AND SALE EXECUTED BY THE
2028	SELLER AND THE PREVIOUS DEVELOPER AND PERTAINING TO
2029	ANY DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, DEVELOPMENT, OR REPAIR WORK
2030	PERFORMED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE SELLER.

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2031	(3) A bulk assignee, while it is in control of the board of
2032	administration of the association, may not authorize, on behalf
2033	of the association:
2034	(a) The waiver of reserves or the reduction of funding of
2035	the reserves pursuant to s. 718.112(2)(f)2., unless approved by
2036	a majority of the voting interests not controlled by the
2037	developer, bulk assignee, and bulk buyer; or
2038	(b) The use of reserve expenditures for other purposes
2039	pursuant to s. 718.112(2)(f)3., unless approved by a majority of
2040	the voting interests not controlled by the developer, bulk
2041	assignee, and bulk buyer.
2042	(4) A bulk assignee or a bulk buyer must comply with all
2043	the requirements of s. 718.302 regarding any contracts entered
2044	into by the association during the period the bulk assignee or
2045	bulk buyer maintains control of the board of administration.
2046	Unit owners shall be afforded all the protections contained in
2047	s. 718.302 regarding agreements entered into by the association
2048	before unit owners other than the developer, bulk assignee, or
2049	bulk buyer elected a majority of the board of administration.
2050	(5) A bulk buyer must comply with the requirements
2051	contained in the declaration regarding any transfer of a unit,
2052	including sales, leases, and subleases. A bulk buyer is not
2053	entitled to any exemptions afforded a developer or successor
2054	developer under this chapter regarding the transfer of a unit,
2055	including sales, leases, or subleases.
2056	718.707 Time limitation for classification as bulk assignee
2057	or bulk buyer.—A person acquiring condominium parcels may not be
2058	classified as a bulk assignee or bulk buyer unless the
2059	condominium parcels were acquired before July 1, 2012. The date

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2060	of such acquisition shall be determined by the date of recording
2000	of a deed or other instrument of conveyance for such parcels in
2062	the public records of the county in which the condominium is
2002	located, or by the date of issuance of a certificate of title in
2003	a foreclosure proceeding with respect to such condominium
2065	parcels.
2000	718.708 Liability of developers and others.—An assignment
2000	of developer rights to a bulk assignee or bulk buyer does not
2068	release the creating developer from liabilities under the
2069	declaration or this chapter. This part does not limit the
2070	liability of the creating developer for claims brought by unit
2071	owners, bulk assignees, or bulk buyers for violations of this
2072	chapter by the creating developer, unless specifically excluded
2073	in this part. This part does not waive, release, compromise, or
2074	limit liability established under chapter 718 except as
2075	specifically excluded under this part.
2076	Section 18. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
2077	719.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2078	719.106 Bylaws; cooperative ownership
2079	(1) MANDATORY PROVISIONSThe bylaws or other cooperative
2080	documents shall provide for the following, and if they do not,
2081	they shall be deemed to include the following:
2082	(d) Shareholder meetingsThere shall be an annual meeting
2083	of the shareholders. All members of the board of administration
2084	shall be elected at the annual meeting unless the bylaws provide
2085	for staggered election terms or for their election at another
2086	meeting. Any unit owner desiring to be a candidate for board
2087	membership must shall comply with subparagraph 1. The bylaws
2088	must shall provide the method for calling meetings, including

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2089 annual meetings. Written notice, which must notice shall 2090 incorporate an identification of agenda items, shall be given to 2091 each unit owner at least 14 days before prior to the annual 2092 meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the 2093 cooperative property at least 14 continuous days preceding the 2094 annual meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board must 2095 shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific location on the 2096 cooperative property upon which all notice of unit owner 2097 meetings are shall be posted. In lieu of or in addition to the 2098 physical posting of the meeting notice of any meeting of the 2099 shareholders on the cooperative property, the association may, 2100 by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting 2101 and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and the agenda on a 2102 closed-circuit cable television system serving the cooperative 2103 association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a 2104 posted notice posted physically on the cooperative property, the 2105 notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four times every 2106 broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this section. If When broadcast notice is 2107 2108 provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner 2109 and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an 2110 average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the 2111 entire content of the notice and the agenda. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the right to receive notice of the annual 2112 2113 meeting, the notice of the annual meeting must shall be sent by 2114 mail, hand delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit 2115 owner. An officer of the association must shall provide an 2116 affidavit or United States Postal Service certificate of 2117 mailing, to be included in the official records of the

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2118 association, affirming that notices of the association meeting 2119 were mailed, hand delivered, or electronically transmitted, in 2120 accordance with this provision, to each unit owner at the 2121 address last furnished to the association. 1. After January 1, 1992, The board of administration shall 2122 2123 be elected by written ballot or voting machine. A proxy may not 2124 Proxies shall in no event be used in electing the board of 2125 administration, either in general elections or elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise unless 2126 2127 otherwise provided in this chapter. At least Not less than 60 2128 days before a scheduled election, the association shall mail, 2129 deliver, or transmit, whether by separate association mailing, 2130 delivery, or electronic transmission or included in another 2131 association mailing, delivery, or electronic transmission, 2132 including regularly published newsletters, to each unit owner 2133 entitled to vote, a first notice of the date of the election. 2134 Any unit owner or other eligible person desiring to be a 2135 candidate for the board of administration must shall give 2136 written notice to the association at least not less than 40 days 2137 before a scheduled election. Together with the written notice 2138 and agenda as set forth in this section, the association shall 2139 mail, deliver, or electronically transmit a second notice of 2140 election to all unit owners entitled to vote therein, together 2141 with a ballot which lists shall list all candidates. Upon 2142 request of a candidate, the association shall include an 2143 information sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, 2144 which must be furnished by the candidate at least not less than 2145 35 days before prior to the election, to be included with the 2146 mailing, delivery, or electronic transmission of the ballot,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2147 with the costs of mailing, delivery, or transmission and copying 2148 to be borne by the association. The association is not liable 2149 has no liability for the contents of the information sheets 2150 provided by the candidates. In order to reduce costs, the 2151 association may print or duplicate the information sheets on 2152 both sides of the paper. The division shall by rule establish 2153 voting procedures consistent with this subparagraph the 2154 provisions contained herein, including rules establishing 2155 procedures for giving notice by electronic transmission and 2156 rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be 2157 decided by a plurality of those ballots cast. There is shall be 2158 no quorum requirement. However, at least 20 percent of the 2159 eligible voters must cast a ballot in order to have a valid 2160 election of members of the board of administration. A No unit 2161 owner may not shall permit any other person to vote his or her 2162 ballot, and any such ballots improperly cast are shall be deemed 2163 invalid. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the ballot 2164 for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain assistance in 2165 casting the ballot. Any unit owner violating this provision may 2166 be fined by the association in accordance with s. 719.303. The 2167 regular election must shall occur on the date of the annual 2168 meeting. The provisions of This subparagraph does shall not 2169 apply to timeshare cooperatives. Notwithstanding the provisions 2170 of this subparagraph, an election and balloting are not required 2171 unless more candidates file a notice of intent to run or are 2172 nominated than vacancies exist on the board.

2173 2. Any approval by unit owners called for by this chapter, 2174 or the applicable cooperative documents, <u>must shall</u> be made at a 2175 duly noticed meeting of unit owners and is shall be subject to

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2176 all requirements of this chapter or the applicable cooperative 2177 documents relating to unit owner decisionmaking, except that 2178 unit owners may take action by written agreement, without 2179 meetings, on matters for which action by written agreement 2180 without meetings is expressly allowed by the applicable 2181 cooperative documents or law any Florida statute which provides 2182 for the unit owner action. 2183 3. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings if allowed by the applicable cooperative documents or law any 2184 2185 Florida statute. If authorized by the bylaws, notice of meetings of the board of administration, shareholder meetings, except 2186 2187 shareholder meetings called to recall board members under 2188 paragraph (f), and committee meetings may be given by electronic transmission to unit owners who consent to receive notice by 2189 2190 electronic transmission.

4. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.

5. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape meetings of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted by the division.

2199 <u>6. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, a vacancy</u>
2200 <u>occurring on the board before the expiration of a term may be</u>
2201 <u>filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining</u>
2202 <u>directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than</u>
2203 <u>a quorum, or by the sole remaining director. In the alternative,</u>
2204 <u>a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case</u>

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2205	the election procedures must conform to the requirements of
2206	subparagraph 1. unless the association has opted out of the
2207	statutory election process, in which case the bylaws of the
2208	association control. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, a
2209	board member appointed or elected under this subparagraph shall
2210	fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the seat being
2211	filled. Filling vacancies created by recall is governed by
2212	paragraph (f) and rules adopted by the division.
2213	
2214	Notwithstanding subparagraphs (b)2. and (d)1., an association
2215	may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting
2216	interests, provide for a different voting and election procedure
2217	in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy specifically
2218	delineating the different voting and election procedures. The
2219	different voting and election procedures may provide for
2220	elections to be conducted by limited or general proxy.
2221	Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 719.1055, Florida
2222	Statutes, is amended to read:
2223	719.1055 Amendment of cooperative documents; alteration and
2224	acquisition of property
2225	(5) The bylaws must include a provision whereby a
2226	certificate of compliance from a licensed electrical contractor
2227	or electrician may be accepted by the association's board as
2228	evidence of compliance of the cooperative units with the
2229	applicable fire and life safety code. Notwithstanding the
2230	provisions of chapter 633 or of any other code, statute,
2231	ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation, or any
2232	interpretation of the foregoing, a cooperative or unit owner is
2233	not obligated to retrofit the common elements, common areas,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2234 association property, or units of a residential cooperative with 2235 a fire sprinkler system or any other form of engineered 2236 lifesafety life safety system in a building that has been 2237 certified for occupancy by the applicable governmental entity, 2238 if the unit owners have voted to forego such retrofitting and 2239 engineered lifesafety life safety system by the affirmative vote 2240 of two-thirds of all voting interests in the affected 2241 cooperative. However, a cooperative may not forego the 2242 retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system of common areas in a 2243 high-rise building. For purposes of this subsection, the term 2244 "high-rise building" means a building that is greater than 75 2245 feet in height where the building height is measured from the lowest level of fire department access to the floor of the 2246 2247 highest occupiable story. For purposes of this subsection, the 2248 term "common areas" means any enclosed hallway, corridor, lobby, 2249 stairwell, or entryway. In no event shall The local authority 2250 having jurisdiction may not require completion of retrofitting 2251 of common areas with a sprinkler system or other form of 2252 engineered lifesafety system before the end of 2019 2014. 2253 (a) A vote to forego retrofitting may be obtained by 2254 limited proxy or by a ballot personally cast at a duly called 2255 membership meeting, or by execution of a written consent by the 2256 member, and is shall be effective upon the recording of a 2257 certificate attesting to such vote in the public records of the

2258 county where the cooperative is located. The association shall 2259 mail <u>or</u>, hand deliver, or electronically transmit to each unit 2260 owner written notice at least 14 days <u>before</u> prior to such 2261 membership meeting in which the vote to forego retrofitting of 2262 the required fire sprinkler system <u>or any other form of</u>

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2263 engineered lifesafety system is to take place. Within 30 days 2264 after the association's opt-out vote, notice of the results of 2265 the opt-out vote shall be mailed or_{τ} hand delivered_{τ} or 2266 electronically transmitted to all unit owners. Evidence of 2267 compliance with this 30-day notice must shall be made by an 2268 affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed 2269 among the official records of the association. After such notice 2270 is provided to each owner, a copy of the such notice shall be 2271 provided by the current owner to a new owner before prior to 2272 closing and shall be provided by a unit owner to a renter before 2273 prior to signing a lease. 2274 (b) If there has been a previous vote to forego 2275 retrofitting, a vote to require retrofitting may be obtained at 2276 a special meeting of the unit owners called by a petition of 2277 least 10 percent of the voting interests. Such vote may only be 2278 called once every 3 years. Notice must be provided as required 2279 for any regularly called meeting of the unit owners, and the 2280 notice must state the purpose of the meeting. Electronic 2281 transmission may not be used to provide notice of a meeting 2282 called in whole or in part for this purpose. 2283 (c) (b) As part of the information collected annually from

2283 <u>(c)</u> (b) As part of the information coffected annually from 2284 cooperatives, the division shall require associations to report 2285 the membership vote and recording of a certificate under this 2286 subsection and, if retrofitting has been undertaken, the per-2287 unit cost of such work. The division shall annually report to 2288 the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of 2289 Financial Services the number of cooperatives that have elected 2290 to forego retrofitting.

2291

Section 20. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 719.108,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2292 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to 2293 that section, to read: 2294 719.108 Rents and assessments; liability; lien and 2295 priority; interest; collection; cooperative ownership.-2296 (3) Rents and assessments, and installments on them, not 2297 paid when due bear interest at the rate provided in the 2298 cooperative documents from the date due until paid. This rate 2299 may not exceed the rate allowed by law, and, if a no rate is not 2300 provided in the cooperative documents, then interest accrues 2301 shall accrue at 18 percent per annum. Also, If the cooperative 2302 documents or bylaws so provide, the association may charge an 2303 administrative late fee in addition to such interest, in an 2304 amount not to exceed the greater of \$25 or 5 percent of each 2305 installment of the assessment for each delinguent installment 2306 that the payment is late. Any payment received by an association 2307 must shall be applied first to any interest accrued by the association, then to any administrative late fee, then to any 2308 2309 costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in collection, and 2310 then to the delinquent assessment. Costs may include delinquency 2311 letters and other collections efforts by a licensed management 2312 company or a licensed manager relating to a delinquent 2313 installment of an assessment incurred before filing a claim of 2314 lien that does not exceed \$75. The foregoing applies shall be applicable notwithstanding any restrictive endorsement, 2315 2316 designation, or instruction placed on or accompanying a payment. 2317 A late fee is not subject to chapter 687 or s. 719.303(3). 2318 (4) The association has shall have a lien on each

2319 cooperative parcel for any unpaid rents and assessments, plus 2320 interest, <u>any authorized administrative late fees</u>, <u>and any</u>

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2321 reasonable costs for collection services for which the 2322 association has contracted against the unit owner of the 2323 cooperative parcel. If authorized by the cooperative documents, 2324 the said lien shall also secures secure reasonable attorney's 2325 fees incurred by the association incident to the collection of 2326 the rents and assessments or enforcement of such lien. The lien 2327 is effective from and after the recording of a claim of lien in 2328 the public records in the county in which the cooperative parcel 2329 is located which states the description of the cooperative 2330 parcel, the name of the unit owner, the amount due, and the due 2331 dates. The lien expires shall expire if a claim of lien is not 2332 filed within 1 year after the date the assessment was due, and 2333 the no such lien does not shall continue for a longer period 2334 than 1 year after the claim of lien has been recorded unless, 2335 within that time, an action to enforce the lien is commenced in 2336 a court of competent jurisdiction. Except as otherwise provided 2337 in this chapter, a lien may not be filed by the association 2338 against a cooperative parcel until 30 days after the date on 2339 which a notice of intent to file a lien has been delivered to 2340 the owner. 2341 (a) The notice must be sent to the unit owner at the 2342 address of the unit by first-class United States mail and: 2343 1. If the most recent address of the unit owner on the 2344 records of the association is the address of the unit, the 2345 notice must be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the unit owner at the address of the unit. 2346 2347 2. If the most recent address of the unit owner on the 2348 records of the association is in the United States, but is not 2349 the address of the unit, the notice must be sent by registered

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2350	
	or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the unit owner
2351	at his or her most recent address.
2352	3. If the most recent address of the unit owner on the
2353	records of the association is not in the United States, the
2354	notice must be sent by first-class United States mail to the
2355	unit owner at his or her most recent address.
2356	(b) A notice that is sent pursuant to this subsection is
2357	deemed delivered upon mailing. No lien may be filed by the
2358	association against a cooperative parcel until 30 days after the
2359	date on which a notice of intent to file a lien has been served
2360	on the unit owner of the cooperative parcel by certified mail or
2361	by personal service in the manner authorized by chapter 48 and
2362	the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
2363	(10) If the unit is occupied by a tenant and the share
2364	owner is delinquent in paying any monetary obligation due to the
2365	association, the association may make a written demand that the
2366	tenant pay the future monetary obligations related to the
2367	cooperative share to the association and the tenant must make
2368	such payment. The demand is continuing in nature, and upon
2369	demand, the tenant must pay the monetary obligations to the
2370	association until the association releases the tenant or the
2371	tenant discontinues tenancy in the unit. The association must
2372	mail written notice to the unit owner of the association's
2373	demand that the tenant make payments to the association. The
2374	association shall, upon request, provide the tenant with written
2375	receipts for payments made. A tenant who acts in good faith in
2376	response to a written demand from an association is immune from
2377	any claim from the unit owner.
2378	(a) If the tenant prepaid rent to the unit owner before

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2379	receiving the demand from the association and provides written
2380	evidence of paying the rent to the association within 14 days
2381	after receiving the demand, the tenant must make any subsequent
2382	rental payments to the association to be credited against the
2383	monetary obligations of the unit owner to the association.
2384	(b) The tenant is not liable for increases in the amount of
2385	the regular monetary obligations due unless the tenant was
2386	notified in writing of the increase at least 10 days before the
2387	date on which the rent is due. The liability of the tenant may
2388	not exceed the amount due from the tenant to the tenants'
2389	landlord. The tenant's landlord shall provide the tenant a
2390	credit against rents due to the unit owner in the amount of
2391	monies paid to the association under this section.
2392	(c) The association may issue notices under s. 83.56 and
2393	may sue for eviction under ss. 83.59-83.625 as if the
2394	association were a landlord under part II of chapter 83 if the
2395	tenant fails to pay a required payment. However, the association
2396	is not otherwise considered a landlord under chapter 83 and
2397	specifically has no duties under s. 83.51.
2398	(d) The tenant does not, by virtue of payment of monetary
2399	obligations, have any of the rights of a unit owner to vote in
2400	any election or to examine the books and records of the
2401	association.
2402	(e) A court may supersede the effect of this subsection by
2403	appointing a receiver.
2404	Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
2405	720.304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2406	720.304 Right of owners to peaceably assemble; display of
2407	flag; SLAPP suits prohibited

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2408 (2)2409 (b) Any homeowner may erect a freestanding flagpole no more 2410 than 20 feet high on any portion of the homeowner's real 2411 property, regardless of any covenants, restrictions, bylaws, 2412 rules, or requirements of the association, if the flappole does 2413 not obstruct sightlines at intersections and is not erected 2414 within or upon an easement. The homeowner may further display in 2415 a respectful manner from that flaqpole, regardless of any covenants, restrictions, bylaws, rules, or requirements of the 2416 2417 association, one official United States flag, not larger than 4 2418 1/2 feet by 6 feet, and may additionally display one official 2419 flag of the State of Florida or the United States Army, Navy, 2420 Air Force, Marines, or Coast Guard, or a POW-MIA flag. Such 2421 additional flag must be equal in size to or smaller than the 2422 United States flag. The flagpole and display are subject to all 2423 building codes, zoning setbacks, and other applicable 2424 governmental regulations, including, but not limited to, noise 2425 and lighting ordinances in the county or municipality in which 2426 the flagpole is erected and all setback and locational criteria 2427 contained in the governing documents. 2428 Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 720.305, Florida 2429 Statutes, is amended to read: 2430 720.305 Obligations of members; remedies at law or in 2431 equity; levy of fines and suspension of use rights.-2432 (2) If a member is delinquent for more than 90 days in 2433 paying a monetary obligation due the association the governing 2434 documents so provide, an association may suspend, until such 2435 monetary obligation is paid for a reasonable period of time, the 2436 rights of a member or a member's tenants, quests, or invitees,

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2437 or both, to use common areas and facilities and may levy 2438 reasonable fines of up to, not to exceed \$100 per violation, 2439 against any member or any tenant, guest, or invitee. A fine may 2440 be levied for on the basis of each day of a continuing 2441 violation, with a single notice and opportunity for hearing, 2442 except that a no such fine may not shall exceed \$1,000 in the 2443 aggregate unless otherwise provided in the governing documents. 2444 A fine of less than \$1,000 may shall not become a lien against a 2445 parcel. In any action to recover a fine, the prevailing party is 2446 entitled to collect its reasonable attorney's fees and costs from the nonprevailing party as determined by the court. The 2447 2448 provisions regarding the suspension-of-use rights do not apply to the portion of common areas that must be used to provide 2449 2450 access to the parcel or utility services provided to the parcel. 2451 (a) A fine or suspension may not be imposed without notice 2452 of at least 14 days notice to the person sought to be fined or 2453 suspended and an opportunity for a hearing before a committee of 2454 at least three members appointed by the board who are not 2455 officers, directors, or employees of the association, or the 2456 spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of an officer, 2457 director, or employee. If the committee, by majority vote, does 2458 not approve a proposed fine or suspension, it may not be 2459 imposed. If the association imposes a fine or suspension, the 2460 association must provide written notice of such fine or 2461 suspension by mail or hand delivery to the parcel owner and, if applicable, to any tenant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel 2462 2463 owner. 2464 (b) The requirements of this subsection do not apply to the

2465 imposition of suspensions or fines upon any member because of

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2466 the failure of the member to pay assessments or other charges 2467 when due if such action is authorized by the governing 2468 documents. 2469 (b) (c) Suspension of common-area-use rights do shall not 2470 impair the right of an owner or tenant of a parcel to have 2471 vehicular and pedestrian ingress to and egress from the parcel, 2472 including, but not limited to, the right to park. 2473 Section 23. Subsections (7) and (9) of section 720.306, 2474 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2475 720.306 Meetings of members; voting and election 2476 procedures; amendments.-2477 (7) ADJOURNMENT.-Unless the bylaws require otherwise, 2478 adjournment of an annual or special meeting to a different date, 2479 time, or place must be announced at that meeting before an 2480 adjournment is taken, or notice must be given of the new date, 2481 time, or place pursuant to s. 720.303(2). Any business that 2482 might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting 2483 may be transacted at the adjourned meeting. If a new record date 2484 for the adjourned meeting is or must be fixed under s. 607.0707 2485 s. 617.0707, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given to 2486 persons who are entitled to vote and are members as of the new 2487 record date but were not members as of the previous record date. 2488 (9) ELECTIONS AND BOARD VACANCIES.-Elections of directors 2489 must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in 2490 the governing documents of the association. All members of the 2491 association are shall be eligible to serve on the board of 2492 directors, and a member may nominate himself or herself as a 2493 candidate for the board at a meeting where the election is to be 2494 held. Except as otherwise provided in the governing documents,

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2495	boards of directors must be elected by a plurality of the votes
2496	cast by eligible voters. Any election dispute between a member
2497	and an association must be submitted to mandatory binding
2498	arbitration with the division. Such proceedings <u>must</u> shall be
2499	conducted in the manner provided by s. 718.1255 and the
2500	procedural rules adopted by the division. <u>Unless otherwise</u>
2501	provided in the bylaws, any vacancy occurring on the board
2502	before the expiration of a term may be filled by an affirmative
2503	vote of the majority of the remaining directors, even if the
2504	remaining directors constitute less than a quorum, or by the
2505	sole remaining director. In the alternative, a board may hold an
2506	election to fill the vacancy, in which case the election
2507	procedures must conform to the requirements of the governing
2508	documents. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, a board
2509	member appointed or elected under this section is appointed for
2510	the unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies
2511	created by recall is governed by s. 720.303(10) and rules
2512	adopted by the division.
2513	Section 24. Subsection (8) is added to section 720.3085,
2514	Florida Statutes, to read:
2515	720.3085 Payment for assessments; lien claims
2516	(8) If the parcel is occupied by a tenant and the parcel
2517	owner is delinquent in paying any monetary obligation due to the
2518	association, the association may demand that the tenant pay to
2519	the association the future monetary obligations related to the
2520	parcel. The demand is continuing in nature, and upon demand, the
2521	tenant must continue to pay the monetary obligations until the
2522	association releases the tenant or the tenant discontinues
2523	tenancy in the parcel. A tenant who acts in good faith in

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2524	response to a written demand from an association is immune from
2525	any claim from the parcel owner.
2526	(a) If the tenant prepaid rent to the parcel owner before
2527	
	receiving the demand from the association and provides written
2528	evidence of paying the rent to the association within 14 days
2529	after receiving the demand, the tenant must make any subsequent
2530	rental payments to the association to be credited against the
2531	monetary obligations of the parcel owner to the association. The
2532	association shall, upon request, provide the tenant with written
2533	receipts for payments made. The association shall mail written
2534	notice to the parcel owner of the association's demand that the
2535	tenant pay monetary obligations to the association.
2536	(b) The tenant is not liable for increases in the amount of
2537	the monetary obligations due unless the tenant was notified in
2538	writing of the increase at least 10 days before the date on
2539	which the rent is due. The tenant shall be given a credit
2540	against rents due to the parcel owner in the amount of
2541	assessments paid to the association.
2542	(c) The association may issue notices under s. 83.56 and
2543	may sue for eviction under ss. 83.59-83.625 as if the
2544	association were a landlord under part II of chapter 83 if the
2545	tenant fails to pay a monetary obligation. However, the
2546	association is not otherwise considered a landlord under chapter
2547	83 and specifically has no duties under s. 83.51.
2548	(d) The tenant does not, by virtue of payment of monetary
2549	obligations, have any of the rights of a parcel owner to vote in
2550	any election or to examine the books and records of the
2551	association.
2552	(e) A court may supersede the effect of this subsection by

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2553	appointing a receiver.
2554	Section 25. Subsection (6) is added to section 720.31,
2555	Florida Statutes, to read:
2556	720.31 Recreational leaseholds; right to acquire;
2557	escalation clauses
2558	(6) An association may enter into agreements to acquire
2559	leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory or use interests
2560	in lands or facilities, including, but not limited to, country
2561	clubs, golf courses, marinas, submerged land, parking areas,
2562	conservation areas, and other recreational facilities. An
2563	association may enter into such agreements regardless of whether
2564	the lands or facilities are contiguous to the lands of the
2565	community or whether such lands or facilities are intended to
2566	provide enjoyment, recreation, or other use or benefit to the
2567	owners. All leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory or use
2568	interests existing or created at the time of recording the
2569	declaration must be stated and fully described in the
2570	declaration. Subsequent to recording the declaration, agreements
2571	acquiring leaseholds, memberships, or other possessory or use
2572	interests not entered into within 12 months after recording the
2573	declaration may be entered into only if authorized by the
2574	declaration as a material alteration or substantial addition to
2575	the common areas or association property. If the declaration is
2576	silent, any such transaction requires the approval of 75 percent
2577	of the total voting interests of the association. The
2578	declaration may provide that the rental, membership fees,
2579	operations, replacements, or other expenses are common expenses;
2580	impose covenants and restrictions concerning their use; and
2581	contain other provisions not inconsistent with this subsection.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2582 An association exercising its rights under this subsection may 2583 join with other associations that are part of the same 2584 development or with a master association responsible for the 2585 enforcement of shared covenants, conditions, and restrictions in 2586 carrying out the intent of this subsection. This subsection is 2587 intended to clarify law in existence before July 1, 2010. 2588 Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a) 2589 and (c) of subsection (5), and paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (f), 2590 and (g) of subsection (6) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, 2591 are amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to 2592 read: 2593 720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association 2594 2595 funds; recalls.-2596 (2) BOARD MEETINGS.-2597 (b) Members have the right to attend all meetings of the 2598 board and to speak on any matter placed on the agenda by 2599 petition of the voting interests for at least 3 minutes. The 2600 association may adopt written reasonable rules expanding the 2601 right of members to speak and governing the frequency, duration, 2602 and other manner of member statements, which rules must be 2603 consistent with this paragraph and may include a sign-up sheet 2604 for members wishing to speak. Notwithstanding any other law, the 2605 requirement that board meetings and committee meetings be open 2606 to the members is inapplicable to meetings between the board or 2607 a committee and the association's attorney to discuss proposed 2608 or pending litigation, or with respect to meetings of the board 2609 held for the purpose of discussing personnel matters are not 2610 required to be open to the members other than directors.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2611 (5) INSPECTION AND COPYING OF RECORDS. - The official records 2612 shall be maintained within the state and must be open to 2613 inspection and available for photocopying by members or their 2614 authorized agents at reasonable times and places within 10 2615 business days after receipt of a written request for access. 2616 This subsection may be complied with by having a copy of the 2617 official records available for inspection or copying in the 2618 community. If the association has a photocopy machine available 2619 where the records are maintained, it must provide parcel owners 2620 with copies on request during the inspection if the entire 2621 request is limited to no more than 25 pages.

(a) The failure of an association to provide access to the
records within 10 business days after receipt of a written
request submitted by certified mail, return receipt requested,
creates a rebuttable presumption that the association willfully
failed to comply with this subsection.

2627 (c) The association may adopt reasonable written rules 2628 governing the frequency, time, location, notice, records to be 2629 inspected, and manner of inspections, but may not require impose 2630 a requirement that a parcel owner to demonstrate any proper 2631 purpose for the inspection, state any reason for the inspection, 2632 or limit a parcel owner's right to inspect records to less than 2633 one 8-hour business day per month. The association may impose 2634 fees to cover the costs of providing copies of the official 2635 records, including, without limitation, the costs of copying. 2636 The association may charge up to 50 cents per page for copies 2637 made on the association's photocopier. If the association does 2638 not have a photocopy machine available where the records are 2639 kept, or if the records requested to be copied exceed 25 pages

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2640 in length, the association may have copies made by an outside 2641 vendor or association management company personnel and may 2642 charge the actual cost of copying, including any reasonable 2643 costs involving personnel fees and charges at an hourly rate for 2644 vendor or employee time to cover administrative costs to the 2645 vendor or association. The association shall maintain an 2646 adequate number of copies of the recorded governing documents, 2647 to ensure their availability to members and prospective members. 2648 Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, the following 2649 records are shall not be accessible to members or parcel owners: 2650 1. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as 2651 described in s. 90.502 and any record protected by the work-2652 product privilege, including, but not limited to, any record prepared by an association attorney or prepared at the 2653 2654 attorney's express direction which reflects a mental impression, 2655 conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory of the attorney 2656 or the association and which was prepared exclusively for civil 2657 or criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative 2658 proceedings or which was prepared in anticipation of imminent 2659 civil or criminal litigation or imminent adversarial 2660 administrative proceedings until the conclusion of the 2661 litigation or adversarial administrative proceedings. 2662 2. Information obtained by an association in connection

2662 2. Information obtained by an association in connection 2663 with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a 2664 parcel.

2665 3. Disciplinary, health, insurance, and Personnel records
2666 of the association's employees, including, but not limited to,
2667 disciplinary, payroll, health, and insurance records.

2668

4. Medical records of parcel owners or community residents.

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2669	5. Social security numbers, driver's license numbers,
2670	credit card numbers, electronic mailing addresses, telephone
2671	numbers, emergency contact information, any addresses for a
2672	parcel owner other than as provided for association notice
2673	requirements, and other personal identifying information of any
2674	person, excluding the person's name, parcel designation, mailing
2675	address, and property address.
2676	6. Any electronic security measure that is used by the
2677	association to safeguard data, including passwords.
2678	7. The software and operating system used by the
2679	association which allows the manipulation of data, even if the
2680	owner owns a copy of the same software used by the association.
2681	The data is part of the official records of the association.
2682	(6) BUDGETS
2683	(b) In addition to annual operating expenses, the budget
2684	may include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and
2685	deferred maintenance for which the association is responsible.
2686	If reserve accounts are not established pursuant to paragraph
2687	(d), funding of such reserves is limited to the extent that the
2688	governing documents do not limit increases in assessments,
2689	including reserves. If the budget of the association includes
2690	reserve accounts <u>established pursuant to paragraph (d)</u> , such
2691	reserves shall be determined, maintained, and waived in the
2692	manner provided in this subsection. Once an association provides
2693	for reserve accounts <u>pursuant to paragraph (d)</u> in the budget,
2694	the association shall thereafter determine, maintain, and waive
2695	reserves in compliance with this subsection. This section does
2696	not preclude the termination of a reserve account established
2697	pursuant to this paragraph upon approval of a majority of the

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2698	total voting interests of the association. Upon such approval,
2699	the terminating reserve account shall be removed from the
2700	budget.
2701	(c) $\underline{1.}$ If the budget of the association does not provide for
2702	reserve accounts <u>pursuant to paragraph (d)</u> governed by this
2703	subsection and the association is responsible for the repair and
2704	maintenance of capital improvements that may result in a special
2705	assessment if reserves are not provided, each financial report
2706	for the preceding fiscal year required by subsection (7) must
2707	shall contain the following statement in conspicuous type:
2708	
2709	THE BUDGET OF THE ASSOCIATION DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR
2710	RESERVE ACCOUNTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DEFERRED
2711	MAINTENANCE THAT MAY RESULT IN SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.
2712	OWNERS MAY ELECT TO PROVIDE FOR RESERVE ACCOUNTS
2713	PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 720.303(6),
2714	FLORIDA STATUTES, UPON <u>OBTAINING</u> THE APPROVAL OF NOT
2715	LESS THAN A MAJORITY OF THE TOTAL VOTING INTERESTS OF
2716	THE ASSOCIATION BY VOTE OF THE MEMBERS AT A MEETING OR
2717	BY WRITTEN CONSENT.
2718	2. If the budget of the association does provide for
2719	funding accounts for deferred expenditures, including, but not
2720	limited to, funds for capital expenditures and deferred
2721	maintenance, but such accounts are not created or established
2722	pursuant to paragraph (d), each financial report for the
2723	preceding fiscal year required under subsection (7) must also
2724	contain the following statement in conspicuous type:
2725	
2726	THE BUDGET OF THE ASSOCIATION PROVIDES FOR LIMITED

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2727	VOLUNTARY DEFERRED EXPENDITURE ACCOUNTS, INCLUDING
2728	CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DEFERRED MAINTENANCE, SUBJECT
2729	TO LIMITS ON FUNDING CONTAINED IN OUR GOVERNING
2730	DOCUMENTS. BECAUSE THE OWNERS HAVE NOT ELECTED TO
2731	PROVIDE FOR RESERVE ACCOUNTS PURSUANT TO SECTION
2732	720.303(6), FLORIDA STATUTES, THESE FUNDS ARE NOT
2733	SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SUCH FUNDS SET
2734	FORTH IN THAT STATUTE, NOR ARE RESERVES CALCULATED IN
2735	ACCORDANCE WITH THAT STATUTE.
2736	(d) An association <u>is</u> shall be deemed to have provided for
2737	reserve accounts <u>if</u> when reserve accounts have been initially
2738	established by the developer or $\underline{ ext{if}}$ when the membership of the
2739	association affirmatively elects to provide for reserves. If
2740	reserve accounts are not initially provided for by the
2741	developer, the membership of the association may elect to do so
2742	upon the affirmative approval of not less than a majority of the
2743	total voting interests of the association. Such approval may be
2744	obtained attained by vote of the members at a duly called
2745	meeting of the membership or <u>by the</u> upon a written consent <u>of</u>
2746	executed by not less than a majority of the total voting
2747	interests of the association in the community. The approval
2748	action of the membership <u>must</u> shall state that reserve accounts
2749	shall be provided for in the budget and \underline{must} designate the
2750	components for which the reserve accounts are to be established.
2751	Upon approval by the membership, the board of directors shall
2752	include provide for the required reserve accounts for inclusion
2753	in the budget in the next fiscal year following the approval and
2754	$rac{\mathrm{i}\mathrm{n}}{\mathrm{i}\mathrm{n}}$ each year thereafter. Once established as provided in this
2755	subsection, the reserve accounts <u>must</u> shall be funded or

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2756 maintained or shall have their funding waived in the manner 2757 provided in paragraph (f). 2758 (f) After one or more Once a reserve account or reserve 2759 accounts are established, the membership of the association, 2760 upon a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present, 2761 may provide for no reserves or less reserves than required by 2762 this section. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine whether to waive or reduce the funding of reserves and 2763 2764 no such result is not achieved or a quorum is not present, the 2765 reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect. After 2766 the turnover, the developer may vote its voting interest to 2767 waive or reduce the funding of reserves. Any vote taken pursuant 2768 to this subsection to waive or reduce reserves is shall be 2769 applicable only to one budget year.

(g) Funding formulas for reserves authorized by this section <u>must</u> shall be based on either a separate analysis of each of the required assets or a pooled analysis of two or more of the required assets.

1. If the association maintains separate reserve accounts for each of the required assets, the amount of the contribution to each reserve account <u>is shall be</u> the sum of the following two calculations:

2778 a. The total amount necessary, if any, to bring a negative 2779 component balance to zero.

2780 b. The total estimated deferred maintenance expense or 2781 estimated replacement cost of the reserve component less the 2782 estimated balance of the reserve component as of the beginning 2783 of the period for which the budget will be in effect. The 2784 remainder, if greater than zero, shall be divided by the

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2785	estimated remaining useful life of the component.
2786	
2787	The formula may be adjusted each year for changes in estimates
2788	and deferred maintenance performed during the year and may
2789	include factors such as inflation and earnings on invested
2790	funds.
2791	2. If the association maintains a pooled account of two or
2792	more of the required reserve assets, the amount of the
2793	contribution to the pooled reserve account as disclosed on the
2794	proposed budget <u>may</u> shall not be less than that required to
2795	ensure that the balance on hand at the beginning of the period
2796	for which the budget will go into effect plus the projected
2797	annual cash inflows over the remaining estimated useful life of
2798	all of the assets that make up the reserve pool are equal to or
2799	greater than the projected annual cash outflows over the
2800	remaining estimated useful lives of all of the assets that make
2801	up the reserve pool, based on the current reserve analysis. The
2802	projected annual cash inflows may include estimated earnings
2803	from investment of principal and accounts receivable minus the
2804	allowance for doubtful accounts. The reserve funding formula <u>may</u>
2805	shall not include any type of balloon payments.
2806	(12) COMPENSATION PROHIBITEDA director, officer, or
2807	committee member of the association may not directly receive any
2808	salary or compensation from the association for the performance
2809	of duties as a director, officer, or committee member and may
2810	not in any other way benefit financially from service to the
2811	association. This subsection does not preclude:
2812	(a) Participation by such person in a financial benefit
2813	accruing to all or a significant number of members as a result

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2814	of actions lawfully taken by the board or a committee of which
2815	he or she is a member, including, but not limited to, routine
2816	maintenance, repair, or replacement of community assets.
2817	(b) Reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses incurred by
2818	such person on behalf of the association, subject to approval in
2819	accordance with procedures established by the association's
2820	governing documents or, in the absence of such procedures, in
2821	accordance with an approval process established by the board.
2822	(c) Any recovery of insurance proceeds derived from a
2823	policy of insurance maintained by the association for the
2824	benefit of its members.
2825	(d) Any fee or compensation authorized in the governing
2826	documents.
2827	(e) Any fee or compensation authorized in advance by a vote
2828	of a majority of the voting interests voting in person or by
2829	proxy at a meeting of the members.
2830	(f) A developer or its representative from serving as a
2831	director, officer, or committee member of the association and
2832	benefitting financially from service to the association.
2833	Section 27. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 720.306,
2834	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2835	720.306 Meetings of members; voting and election
2836	procedures; amendments
2837	(8) PROXY VOTINGThe members have the right, unless
2838	otherwise provided in this subsection or in the governing
2839	documents, to vote in person or by proxy.
2840	(a) To be valid, a proxy must be dated, must state the
2841	date, time, and place of the meeting for which it was given, and
2842	must be signed by the authorized person who executed the proxy.

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2843 A proxy is effective only for the specific meeting for which it 2844 was originally given, as the meeting may lawfully be adjourned 2845 and reconvened from time to time, and automatically expires 90 2846 days after the date of the meeting for which it was originally 2847 given. A proxy is revocable at any time at the pleasure of the 2848 person who executes it. If the proxy form expressly so provides, 2849 any proxy holder may appoint, in writing, a substitute to act in 2850 his or her place. (b) If the governing documents permit voting by secret 2851 2852 ballot by members who are not in attendance at a meeting of the 2853 members for the election of directors, such ballots must be 2854 placed in an inner envelope with no identifying markings and 2855 mailed or delivered to the association in an outer envelope 2856 bearing identifying information reflecting the name of the 2857 member, the lot or parcel for which the vote is being cast, and 2858 the signature of the lot or parcel owner casting that ballot. If 2859 the eligibility of the member to vote is confirmed and no other 2860 ballot has been submitted for that lot or parcel, the inner 2861 envelope shall be removed from the outer envelope bearing the 2862 identification information, placed with the ballots which were 2863 personally cast, and opened when the ballots are counted. If 2864 more than one ballot is submitted for a lot or parcel, the 2865 ballots for that lot or parcel shall be disqualified. Any vote 2866 by ballot received after the closing of the balloting may not be 2867 considered.

(9) ELECTIONS.-Elections of directors must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in the governing documents of the association. All members of the association <u>are</u> shall be eligible to serve on the board of directors, and a

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583-03052A-10 20101196c2 2872 member may nominate himself or herself as a candidate for the 2873 board at a meeting where the election is to be held or, if the 2874 election process allows voting by absentee ballot, in advance of 2875 the balloting. Except as otherwise provided in the governing 2876 documents, boards of directors must be elected by a plurality of 2877 the votes cast by eligible voters. Any election dispute between 2878 a member and an association must be submitted to mandatory 2879 binding arbitration with the division. Such proceedings must 2880 shall be conducted in the manner provided by s. 718.1255 and the 2881 procedural rules adopted by the division. 2882 Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 2883 720.3085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2884 720.3085 Payment for assessments; lien claims.-2885 (5) The association may bring an action in its name to 2886 foreclose a lien for unpaid assessments secured by a lien in the 2887 same manner that a mortgage of real property is foreclosed and may also bring an action to recover a money judgment for the 2888 2889 unpaid assessments without waiving any claim of lien. The action 2890 to foreclose the lien may not be brought until 45 days after the 2891 parcel owner has been provided notice of the association's 2892 intent to foreclose and collect the unpaid amount. The notice 2893 must be given in the manner provided in paragraph (4)(b), and 2894 the notice may not be provided until the passage of the 45 days 2895 required in paragraph (4)(a). 2896 (a) The association may recover any interest, late charges, 2897 costs, and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in a lien 2898 foreclosure action or in an action to recover a money judgment

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letters and other collections efforts by a licensed management

for the unpaid assessments. Costs may include delinquency

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2901	company or a licensed manager relating to a delinquent
2902	installment of an assessment incurred before filing a claim of
2903	lien that does not exceed \$75.
2904	Section 29. Section 720.315, Florida Statutes, is created
2905	to read:
2906	720.315 Passage of special assessmentsBefore turnover,
2907	the board of directors controlled by the developer may not levy
2908	a special assessment unless a majority of the parcel owners
2909	other than the developer have approved the special assessment by
2910	a majority vote at a duly called special meeting of the
2911	membership at which a quorum is present.
2912	Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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