A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to retail-theft diversion programs; 3 amending s. 812.014, F.S.; requiring a law enforcement 4 officer who has probable cause to believe that a defendant 5 has committed retail theft to issue a notice to appear in 6 lieu of arresting the defendant under certain 7 circumstances; authorizing a state attorney to establish a 8 retail-theft diversion program for the purpose of 9 diverting defendants from criminal prosecution if the 10 defendant meets certain criteria; providing eligibility 11 criteria for participating in a retail-theft diversion program; requiring the state attorney to mail notice to 12 appear to a defendant upon referral to a diversion 13 14 program; providing the conditions that each participant in 15 the retail-theft diversion program must complete; 16 providing that a defendant may be prosecuted for the 17 retail theft if all conditions in the diversion program are not fulfilled; authorizing a state attorney to collect 18 19 a fee from each participant in the program; setting a 20 limit on the fee for each defendant; providing an 21 effective date. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 Section 1. Paragraphs (e) and (f) are added to subsection (3) of section 812.014, Florida Statutes, to read: 26 27 812.014 Theft.-

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(3)

(e) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a defendant has committed retail theft as defined in s. 812.015(1), the officer shall issue a notice to appear in lieu of arresting the defendant if the aggregate value of the merchandise stolen is less than \$300 and the defendant has no previous criminal or juvenile convictions.

- (f) A state attorney may establish a retail-theft diversion program in the state attorney's office or by using an independent contractor for the purpose of diverting from prosecution defendants who meet the offense criteria in paragraph (e). However, establishing and operating a diversion program does not affect the authority of the state attorney to prosecute any defendant for committing retail theft.
- 1. Upon receipt of a complaint or notice to appear alleging the crime of retail theft, a state attorney who operates a retail-theft diversion program shall determine whether the defendant is appropriate for referral to the retail-theft diversion program. In making such determination, the state attorney shall consider the following:
- <u>a.</u> The value of the merchandise stolen in the retail theft.
- b. The existence of other pending complaints or criminal charges against the defendant.
 - c. The strength of the evidence of the retail theft.
- 2. Upon referral of the defendant to the retail-theft diversion program, the state attorney shall mail a copy of the notice to appear to the defendant. The notice must contain all of the following:

<u>a. The date and location of the alleged retail-theft</u> offense.

- <u>b.</u> The date before which the defendant must contact the retail-theft diversion program office concerning the notice to appear.
- $\underline{\text{c.}}$ A statement of the maximum penalty for the retail-theft offense.
- 3. If the state attorney permits the defendant to enter the retail-theft diversion program, the state attorney shall enter into a written agreement with the defendant to divert him or her from prosecution for retail theft. The diversion agreement must include all of the following conditions, which must be accepted by the defendant:
- a. Attendance and proof of completion of a program designed to assist, educate, and prevent future unlawful conduct by the defendant.
- b. Full restitution, if any is established, of the value of the retail theft.
 - c. Full payment of fees due under subparagraph 5.
- d. A knowing and intelligent waiver of the defendant's right to a speedy trial for the period of his or her diversion.
- 4. Any defendant who does not fulfill all conditions in the diversion program may be prosecuted for the crime of retail theft.
- 5. To fund the retail-theft diversion program, the state attorney may collect a fee from each participating defendant.

 The fee for each defendant may not exceed:

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- b. Thirty dollars, if the value of the stolen merchandise is more than \$50 but does not exceed \$100.
- c. Forty dollars, if the value of the stolen merchandise is more than \$100 but does not exceed \$300.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.