${\bf By}$  Senator Joyner

	18-01071-10 20101316
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to employment of children by the
3	entertainment industry; amending s. 450.132, F.S.;
4	providing definitions; providing regulations for the
5	employment of children in the entertainment industry;
6	providing responsibilities of employers and parents or
7	legal guardians of such children; providing duties of
8	the Division of Regulation within the Department of
9	Business and Professional Regulation; providing
10	limitations on the working hours of child performers;
11	providing certification requirements and duties of
12	teachers of child performers; requiring a trust
13	account for certain children employed in the
14	entertainment industry; providing safety requirements
15	for child performers; providing criteria for wage
16	claims; providing grounds for refusal to issue or
17	renew a preauthorization certificate and procedures
18	for challenging such a determination; providing an
19	effective date.
20	
21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
22	
23	Section 1. Section 450.132, Florida Statutes, is amended to
24	read:
25	Substantial rewording of section. See
26	s. 450.132, F.S., for present text.)
27	450.132 Employment of children by the entertainment
28	industry; rules; procedures; trust accounts.—
29	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:

# Page 1 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
30	(a) "Certified teacher" means any person who holds a valid
31	and current Florida teaching certificate issued by the
32	Department of Education or its equivalent issued by any state,
33	territory, possession, or other jurisdiction of the United
34	States.
35	(b) "Child" or "minor" has the same meaning as in s.
36	450.012(3), and includes minors under the age of 6.
37	(c) "Child performer" means a minor employed to act or
38	otherwise participate in the performing arts, including, but not
39	limited to, motion pictures, theatrical, radio, or television
40	products.
41	(d) "Division" means the Division of Regulation within the
42	Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
43	(e) "Employ" includes suffer or permit to work.
44	(f) "Employee" means a person whose work is controlled by
45	an employer as to how and when to perform the task.
46	(g) "Entertainment industry" has the same meaning as in s.
47	450.012(5).
48	(h) "Exempt" means an employee who is exempt from minimum
49	wage or overtime provisions. In order for an employee to be
50	exempt under the executive category, the employee must meet all
51	of the following requirements:
52	1. The employee's primary duty is to perform nonmanual work
53	related to business management.
54	2. The employee exercises discretion.
55	3. The employee regularly assists executives or performs
56	specialized work or special assignments.
57	4. The employee performs less than 20 percent nonexempt
58	work.

# Page 2 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
59	(i) "Hazardous occupation" means any occupation determined
60	to be hazardous by the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act.
61	(j) "Independent contractor" means a person who works free
62	from the control of the employer as defined by the Internal
63	Revenue Service.
64	(k) "Legal guardian" means a person appointed as a guardian
65	by a court.
66	(1) "Overtime" means hours worked after 40 hours in a 7-day
67	work week. Overtime shall be computed at time and one-half of
68	the employee's regular rate of pay.
69	(m) "Pay periods" means the days between paydays.
70	(n) "Paydays" means designated days on which employees
71	shall be paid. Paydays may not be more than 16 days apart,
72	except for professional, administrative, or executive employees
73	or employees employed in the capacity of outside salesman, as
74	those terms are defined under the Federal Fair Labor Standards
75	Act.
76	(o) "Place of employment," "work location," "movie set,"
77	"set," and "location" mean the actual worksite where any person
78	provides services, whether paid or unpaid, in this state as a
79	performer.
80	(p) "Safety" means the condition of being protected from
81	any situation that is detrimental to the child's health and
82	well-being.
83	(q) "Travel time" means time spent by an employee in travel
84	as part of his or her principal activity, such as travel from
85	job site to job site, which must be counted as hours worked.
86	(r) "Wage claim" means a document signed by an employee
87	that gives the Agency for Workforce Innovation authority to

# Page 3 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
88	investigate a complaint of unpaid wages.
89	(s) "Wages" means all amounts at which the labor or service
90	rendered is paid, whether the amount is fixed or on a time,
91	task, piece, or commission basis.
92	(t) "Work permit" means a permit that is issued by a
93	designated school official or an agent of the Agency for
94	Workforce Innovation and that allows a child under the age of 16
95	to work under certain conditions.
96	(u) "Written authorization" means a document an employee
97	signs at the time of hiring which gives the employer permission
98	to deduct certain items from the employee's pay. A written
99	authorization is not needed for an employer to deduct an advance
100	or overpayment of wages, but the employer must pay the employee
101	at least minimum wage times the hours worked.
102	(2) EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN IN THE ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY
103	(a) Any person who employs an actor or performer 17 years
104	of age or younger in the entertainment industry must obtain a
105	preauthorization certificate issued by the division prior to the
106	start of work. The preauthorization certificate shall include
107	the project name; the estimated dates and length of the project;
108	the employer's name and Florida address; contact information for
109	at least three individuals, including name, address, and
110	telephone numbers; and the child performer's information,
111	including name, address, date of birth, where the child is
112	registered to attend school, grade level of the child, special
113	educational needs, anticipated length of employment on the
114	project, nature of work on the project, and a list of any
115	possible exposure to potentially hazardous materials or
116	substances. A signature shall be required from the child

	18-01071-10 20101316
117	performer if the child is 14 years of age or older. A signature
118	shall be required from the parent or legal guardian giving the
119	child permission to be employed in the entertainment industry. A
120	signature shall be required from the employer certifying
121	compliance with all requirements of the preauthorization
122	certificate.
123	(b) It is the responsibility of the employer to obtain a
124	child performer preauthorization certificate before the
125	employment begins. The employer must be able to provide a copy
126	at the worksite when requested to do so. The division shall
127	retain a copy of the preauthorization certificate.
128	(c) The child performer preauthorization certificate is
129	valid for 1 year after the date it was issued or until the
130	specific project for which the child is employed by the employer
131	who makes the application for the preauthorization ceases,
132	whichever occurs first.
133	(d) The parent or legal guardian of the child performer may
134	contact the division to renew the preauthorization certificate
135	30 days prior to its expiration.
136	(e) A preauthorization certificate for a child performer
137	may be issued only by the division.
138	(f) No preauthorization certificate shall be given or
139	issued without a signature of a parent or legal guardian
140	indicating his or her permission for his or her child to work on
141	the specific project. A parent or legal guardian must be within
142	eyesight and earshot of the child performer at all times other
143	than the time periods in which certified teachers are teaching
144	school.
145	(g) Prior to issuance of the preauthorization certificate,

# Page 5 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
146	the employer must provide to the division a certification of
147	compliance for the certified teacher with appropriate teaching
148	credentials to teach grade levels kindergarten through 12 or to
149	teach the level of education required for the child performer at
150	the place of employment.
151	(h) It is the responsibility of the employer to provide a
152	certified trainer or technician accredited in a United States
153	Department of Labor occupational safety and health administered
154	and certified safety program at the place of employment at all
155	times when a child performer may be exposed to potentially
156	hazardous conditions. Hazardous conditions include, but are not
157	limited to, special effects that could potentially be physically
158	dangerous to the child performer.
159	(i) The employer must provide to the division a written
160	criminal history check on all certified teachers and certified
161	trainers and technicians on the movie set. It is the
162	responsibility of the employer, parent, legal guardian, and
163	certified teacher, trainer, or technician to report any arrest
164	or conviction record and any other information that may present
165	a possible danger to the health, safety, and well-being of the
166	child performer.
167	(3) LIMITATIONS ON CHILD PERFORMERS' WORKING HOURS,
168	INCLUDING SCHOOL TIME
169	(a) All child performers at least 6 years of age but less
170	than 18 years of age must be provided with a certified teacher
171	for each group of 10 or fewer child performers when school is in
172	session.
173	(b) Child performers may not begin work before 5 a.m. or
174	continue work after 10 p.m. on evenings preceding school days.

# Page 6 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
175	Child performers may not work later than midnight on days
176	preceding nonschool days. The time the child performer may be
177	permitted at the place of employment may be extended by one-half
178	hour for a meal period.
179	(c) Infants at least 15 days of age but less than 7 months
180	of age may not be employed as child performers unless a
181	physician who is board-certified in pediatrics provides a
182	written certification that the infant is at least 15 days old
183	and is physically capable of handling the stress of filmmaking.
184	With the physician's approval, the infant performer may be at
185	the place of employment a maximum of 2 hours and may not work
186	more than 20 minutes. Infants may work up to 2 cumulative hours
187	in any 24-hour period.
188	(d) Child performers at least 7 months of age but less than
189	<u>3 years of age may be at the place of employment for up to 4</u>
190	hours and may work up to 2 hours. The remaining time must be
191	reserved for the child performer's rest and recreation.
192	(e) Child performers at least 3 years of age but less than
193	<u>6 years of age may be at the place of employment for up to 6</u>
194	hours and may work up to 3 hours. The remaining time must be
195	reserved for the child performer's rest and recreation.
196	(f) When school is in session, child performers at least 6
197	years of age but less than 9 years of age may be at the place of
198	employment for up to 8 hours, the sum of 4 hours of work, 3
199	hours of school, and 1 hour of rest and recreation. When school
200	is not in session, work time may be increased up to 6 hours,
201	with the remaining time reserved for the child performer's rest
202	and recreation.
203	(g) When school is in session, child performers at least 9

# Page 7 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
204	years of age but less than 16 years of age may be at the place
205	of employment for up to 9 hours, the sum of 5 hours of work, 3
206	hours of school, and 1 hour of rest and recreation. When school
207	is not in session, work time may be increased up to 7 hours,
208	with the remaining time reserved for the child performer's rest
209	and recreation.
210	(h) When school is in session, child performers at least 16
211	years of age but less than 18 years of age may be at the place
212	of employment for up to 10 hours, the sum of 6 hours of work, 3
213	hours of school, and 1 hour of rest and recreation. When school
214	is not in session, work time may be increased up to 8 hours,
215	with the remaining time reserved for the child performer's rest
216	and recreation.
217	(i) In exceptional circumstances due to unusual performance
218	requirements, the division may grant a temporary waiver of the
219	mandatory hours and start-to-finish times. Such waiver must be
220	granted prior to the performances of the work that is the
221	subject of the waiver. The division may grant a waiver only
222	under the following circumstances:
223	1. Written notification is provided which includes a list
224	of specific dates and times that the child performer shall be
225	employed or present at the place of employment.
226	2. Written acknowledgement is provided that the child
227	performer's parent or legal guardian has been fully informed of
228	the circumstances and has granted advance consent.
229	(j) The child performer must be provided with a 12-hour
230	rest and recreation break at the end of each workday.
231	(k) All time spent traveling from a studio to a location or
232	from a location to a studio shall count as part of the minor's

# Page 8 of 13

1	18-01071-10 20101316
233	workday. When a minor is with a company on a location that is
234	sufficiently distant and requires an overnight stay, and the
235	minor is required to travel daily between living quarters and
236	the place where the company is actually working, the time the
237	minor spends traveling shall not count as work time, provided
238	the company does not spend more than 45 minutes traveling each
239	way and furnishes the necessary transportation.
240	(4) CERTIFICATION AND DUTIES OF CERTIFIED TEACHERS
241	(a) A certified teacher of a resident student who attends a
242	public school must possess a valid and current teaching
243	certificate issued by the Department of Education. A certified
244	teacher of a resident student of a private school or a
245	nonresident student must possess a valid and current teaching
246	certificate from another state, territory, possession, or other
247	jurisdiction of the United States to teach grade levels
248	kindergarten through 12 or to teach the level of education
249	required for the child performer at the place of employment.
250	(b) A certified teacher shall, in addition to teaching and
251	in conjunction with the parent or legal guardian, also have the
252	responsibility of monitoring and protecting the health, safety,
253	and well-being of each child performer that teacher has been
254	hired to teach during the time that teacher is required to be
255	present.
256	(c) The certified teacher, parent, or legal guardian may
257	refuse to allow the engagement of the child performer at the
258	place of employment. Any party may report to the division
259	conditions threatening the health, safety, and well-being of the
260	child performer. It is the ultimate responsibility of the parent
261	or legal guardian to ensure that the safety, health, and well-

# Page 9 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
262	being of the child are being protected. A certified teacher must
263	be present during the time reserved for school, except that
264	child performers under the age of 16 do not require the presence
265	of a certified teacher for up to 1 hour for wardrobe, makeup,
266	hairdressing, promotional publicity, personal appearances, or
267	audio recording if these activities are not located on the
268	actual site of filming or at the theatre or if school is not in
269	session, and if the parent or legal guardian is present within
270	earshot or eyesight of the child performer.
271	(5) TRUST ACCOUNT FOR CHILD PERFORMERS
272	(a) Each time a child performer is employed in the
273	entertainment industry in this state with a contract equal or
274	greater than \$1,000, a trust account shall be created for the
275	child performer.
276	(b) It is the responsibility of the parent, legal guardian,
277	or trustee to set up a trust account for the child performer in
278	the child performer's state of residence for the sole benefit of
279	the child performer within 7 business days after the child
280	performer's employment contract is signed. The child performer
281	shall not have access to the trust account until the child
282	performer is 18 years of age or becomes legally emancipated.
283	(c) The parent, legal guardian, or trustee shall provide
284	the employer with a trustee statement within 15 days after the
285	start of employment. Upon receiving the trustee statement, the
286	employer shall provide the parent, legal guardian, or trustee
287	with a written acknowledgement of receipt.
288	(d) If the trustee statement is not provided to the
289	employer within 90 days after the start of employment, the
290	employer shall refer the matter to district court. The district

# Page 10 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
291	court shall have continuing jurisdiction over the trust.
292	(e) The employer shall deposit not less than 15 percent of
293	the child performer's gross earnings directly into the child
294	performer's trust account within 15 business days after the work
295	performance. If the account is not established, the employer
296	shall withhold 15 percent of the gross income until a trust
297	account is established or until the court orders otherwise.
298	After the employer deposits 15 percent of the gross earnings in
299	the trust account, the employer shall have no further obligation
300	to monitor the funds.
301	(f) After the funds are deposited in the trust account,
302	only the trustee is obligated to monitor and account for the
303	funds.
304	(6) SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD PERFORMERS
305	(a) No dressing room is to be occupied simultaneously by a
306	minor and an adult performer or by minors of the opposite sex.
307	(b) It is the responsibility of the employer to provide a
308	safe, secure shelter for child performers 17 years of age or
309	younger to rest when required to be at the place of employment
310	during nonperformance times.
311	(c) No employer may cause, induce, entice, or permit a
312	child performer to engage in or be used for sexually exploitive
313	material for the purpose of producing a performance. No child
314	performer may be depicted in any media as appearing to
315	participate in a sex act.
316	(7) WAGE CLAIMS.—
317	(a) Determination of employees who may file a wage claim
318	because of inability to afford legal counsel shall be based on
319	the employee's earnings. An employee earning less than one and

# Page 11 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
320	one-half times the state's average weekly wages, as determined
321	by the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall be considered
322	financially unable to employ counsel.
323	(b) Wage claim forms must be completed in duplicate,
324	signed, and notarized.
325	(c) The agency shall notify the affected employer of any
326	wage claim filed against him or her and allow at least 10 days
327	for him or her to file a written response. If the employer
328	disputes the claim, his or her written response shall be given
329	to the employee, who shall be allowed 10 days in which to rebut
330	the claim in writing.
331	(d) The agency may schedule an administrative hearing if,
332	in its judgment, it would facilitate resolution of the
333	complaint. The conduct of the hearing is not governed by the
334	Administrative Procedures Act, but rather by procedures
335	established by the agency.
336	(e) The agency may issue a subpoena duces tecum to compel
337	the production of records it believes are necessary for the
338	resolution of the complaint.
339	(f) The agency may issue written findings whenever it has
340	sufficient evidence upon which to base its determination.
341	(g) The agency may accept a notarized acknowledgment of
342	indebtedness from the employer if the agency believes it is the
343	best way to resolve the complaint.
344	(h) The agency may file complaints in any court in the
345	state in order to resolve wage disputes or correct violations
346	arising under this chapter.
347	(i) The agency shall obtain a written assignment form
348	signed by the employee and notarized before initiating any legal

# Page 12 of 13

	18-01071-10 20101316
349	action in any court of any jurisdiction after a thorough
350	investigation and determination that the claim is valid.
351	(j) The agency may file a proof of claim on behalf of any
352	employee in any United States bankruptcy court if an employee
353	files a wage claim and if, in the agency's judgment, it is
354	appropriate for the resolution of the claim.
355	(8) NONISSUANCE OR NONRENEWAL OF PREAUTHORIZATION
356	CERTIFICATE; REDETERMINATION REQUEST AND PROCEDURES
357	(a) The division director may for cause refuse to issue or
358	renew a preauthorization certificate to any project that has
359	violated any provision of this section within a 2-year period.
360	(b) The director shall notify the employer within 10 days
361	after the dates requested of a nonissuance or nonrenewal of a
362	preauthorization certificate.
363	(c) Any affected party may request a reconsideration of the
364	director's actions, in writing, within 10 days.
365	(d) The director may schedule an administrative hearing if,
366	in his or her judgment, it would facilitate resolution of the
367	complaint. The conduct of the hearing is not governed by the
368	Administrative Procedures Act, but rather by procedures
369	established by the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
370	(e) The director may issue a subpoena duces tecum to compel
371	the production of records he or she believes are necessary for
372	the resolution of the complaint.
373	(f) The director may issue written findings whenever he or
374	she has sufficient evidence upon which to base his or her
375	determination.
376	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

# Page 13 of 13