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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

	Senate	•	House
(Comm: RCS		
С	03/26/2010	•	
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The Committee on Judiciary (Peaden) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

4 and insert:

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Section 1. Section 119.001, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

<u>119.001 Short title.-This chapter may be cited as the</u> "Sunshine in Government Act."

9 Section 2. Section 119.002, Florida Statutes, is created to 10 read:

11 <u>119.002 Education and training.—All elected and appointed</u> 12 <u>public officials must undergo education and training on the</u> 13 <u>requirements of the Open Government Act. A violation of this</u>

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14	section is not subject to the penalty provisions in s. 119.30.
15	Section 3. Section 119.003, Florida Statutes, is created to
16	read:
17	119.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
18	(1) "Actual cost of duplication" means the cost of the
19	material and supplies used to duplicate the public record but
20	does not include labor cost or overhead associated with the
21	duplication.
22	(2) "Agency" means any state, county, district, authority,
23	or municipal officer, department, division, board, bureau,
24	commission, or other separate unit of government created or
25	established by law, including, for the purposes of this chapter,
26	the Commission on Ethics, the Public Service Commission, the
27	Office of Public Counsel, and any other public or private
28	agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity
29	acting on behalf of any public agency.
30	(3) "Agency resources" means the cost of clerical or
31	supervisory assistance or agency information technology
32	resources actually incurred by the agency in complying with a
33	request for public records as authorized by s. 119.07(4). Costs
34	for clerical or supervisory assistance must be charged at the
35	base hourly rate of the lowest-paid personnel capable of
36	providing the assistance.
37	(4) "Any electronic medium stored, maintained, or used by
38	an agency" means any electronic format that the agency can
39	reasonably provide as part of the standard operation of its
40	electronic recordkeeping system.
41	(5) "Commercial activity" means the permissible uses set
42	forth in the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18



43	U.S.C. ss. 2721 et seq.; the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15
44	U.S.C. ss. 1681 et seq.; or the Financial Services Modernization
45	Act of 1999, 15 U.S.C. ss. 6801 et seq., or verification of the
46	accuracy of personal information received by a commercial entity
47	in the normal course of its business, including identification
48	or prevention of fraud or matching, verifying, or retrieving
49	information. The term does not include the display or bulk sale
50	of social security numbers to the public or the distribution of
51	such numbers to any customer that is not identifiable by the
52	commercial entity.
53	(6) "Commercial entity" means any corporation, partnership,
54	limited partnership, proprietorship, sole proprietorship, firm,
55	enterprise, franchise, or association that performs a commercial
56	activity in this state.
57	(7)(a) "Criminal intelligence information" means
58	information with respect to an identifiable person or group of
59	persons collected by a criminal justice agency in an effort to
60	anticipate, prevent, or monitor possible criminal activity.
61	(b) "Criminal investigative information" means information
62	with respect to an identifiable person or group of persons
63	compiled by a criminal justice agency in the course of
64	conducting a criminal investigation of a specific act or
65	omission, including, but not limited to, information derived
66	from laboratory tests, reports of investigators or informants,
67	or any type of surveillance.
68	(c) "Criminal intelligence information" and "criminal
69	investigative information" does not include:
70	1. The time, date, location, and nature of a reported
71	crime.

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72	2. The name, gender, age, and address of a person arrested
73	or of the victim of a crime, except as provided in s.
74	119.071(2)(h).
75	3. The time, date, and location of the incident and of the
76	arrest.
77	4. The crime charged.
78	5. Documents given or required by law or agency rule to be
79	given to the person arrested, except as provided in s.
80	119.071(2)(h). However, the court in a criminal case may order
81	that certain information required by law or agency rule to be
82	given to the person arrested be maintained in a confidential
83	manner and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until
84	released at trial if it is found that the release of such
85	information would:
86	a. Be defamatory to the good name of a victim or witness or
87	would jeopardize the safety of such victim or witness; and
88	b. Impair the ability of a state attorney to locate or
89	prosecute a codefendant.
90	6. Informations and indictments except as provided in s.
91	905.26.
92	(d) "Active" means:
93	1. Criminal intelligence information shall be considered
94	active as long as it is related to intelligence gathering
95	conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it will lead
96	to detection of ongoing or reasonably anticipated criminal
97	activities.
98	2. Criminal investigative information shall be considered
99	active as long as it is related to an ongoing investigation that
100	is continuing with a reasonable, good faith anticipation of

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101	securing an arrest or prosecution in the foreseeable future.
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103	In addition, criminal intelligence and criminal investigative
104	information shall be considered active while such information is
105	directly related to pending prosecutions or appeals. The term
106	"active" does not apply to information in cases that are barred
107	from prosecution under the provisions of s. 775.15 or other
108	statute of limitation.
109	(8) "Criminal justice agency" means:
110	(a) Any law enforcement agency, court, or prosecutor;
111	(b) Any other agency charged by law with criminal law
112	enforcement duties;
113	(c) Any agency having custody of criminal intelligence
114	information or criminal investigative information for the
115	purpose of assisting the law enforcement agencies in the conduct
116	of active criminal investigation, or prosecution or for the
117	purpose of litigating civil actions under the Racketeer
118	Influenced and Corrupt Organization Act, during the time that
119	the agencies are in possession of criminal intelligence
120	information or criminal investigative information pursuant to
121	their criminal law enforcement duties; or
122	(d) The Department of Corrections.
123	(9) "Custodian of public records" means the elected or
124	appointed state, county, or municipal officer charged with the
125	responsibility of maintaining the office having public records,
126	<u>or his or her designee.</u>
127	(10) "Data processing software" means the programs and
128	routines used to employ and control the capabilities of data
129	processing hardware, including, but not limited to, operating

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130	systems, compilers, assemblers, utilities, library routines,
131	maintenance routines, applications, and computer networking
132	programs.
133	(11) "Duplicated copies" means new copies produced by
134	duplicating, as defined in s. 283.30.
135	(12) "Exemption" means a provision of general law which
136	provides that a specified record or meeting, or portion thereof,
137	is not subject to the access requirements of s. 119.07(1), s.
138	119.20, or s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution.
139	(13) "Information technology resources" means data
140	processing hardware and software and services, communications,
141	supplies, personnel, facility resources, maintenance, and
142	training.
143	(14) "Paratransit" has the same meaning as provided in s.
144	<u>427.011.</u>
145	(15) "Proprietary software" means data processing software
146	that is protected by copyright or trade secret laws.
147	(16) "Public records" means all documents, papers, letters,
148	maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data
149	processing software, or other material, regardless of the
150	physical form, characteristics, or means of transmission, made
151	or received pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with
152	the transaction of official business by any agency.
153	(17) "Redact" means to conceal from a copy of an original
154	public record, or to conceal from an electronic image that is
155	available for public viewing, that portion of the record
156	containing exempt or confidential information.
157	(18) "Security system plan" means all:
158	(a) Records, information, photographs, audio and visual

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159	presentations, schematic diagrams, surveys, recommendations, or
160	consultations or portions thereof relating directly to the
161	physical security of the facility or revealing security systems;
162	(b) Threat assessments conducted by any agency or any
163	private entity;
164	(c) Threat response plans;
165	(d) Emergency evacuation plans;
166	(e) Sheltering arrangements; or
167	(f) Manuals for security personnel, emergency equipment, or
168	security training.
169	(19) "Sensitive," for purposes of defining agency-produced
170	software, means only those portions of data processing software,
171	including the specifications and documentation, which are used
172	to:
173	(a) Collect, process, store, and retrieve information that
174	<u>is exempt from s. 119.07(1);</u>
175	(b) Collect, process, store, and retrieve financial
176	management information of the agency, such as payroll and
177	accounting records; or
178	(c) Control and direct access authorizations and security
179	measures for automated systems.
180	(20) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as provided in s.
181	<u>688.002.</u>
182	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
183	119.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
184	119.01 General state policy on public records
185	(2)
186	(b) When designing <u>, or acquiring, or upgrading</u> an
187	electronic recordkeeping system, an agency must consider whether
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188	such system is capable of <u>:</u>
189	1. Providing data in some common format such as, but not
190	limited to, the American Standard Code for Information
191	Interchange <u>; and</u>
192	2. Redacting information that is exempt or confidential and
193	exempt contained in the public records that are on-line or
194	stored in such system.
195	Section 5. Section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to
196	read
197	119.07 Inspection and copying of records; photographing
198	public records; fees; exemptions
199	(1)(a) Every person who has custody of a public record
200	shall permit the record to be inspected and copied by any person
201	desiring to do so, at any reasonable time, under reasonable
202	conditions, and under supervision by the custodian of the public
203	records.
204	(b) A custodian of public records or a person having
205	custody of public records may designate another officer or
206	employee of the agency to permit the inspection and copying of
207	public records, but must disclose the identity of the designee
208	to the person requesting to inspect or copy public records.
209	(c) A custodian of public records and his or her designee
210	must acknowledge requests to inspect or copy records promptly
211	and respond to such requests in good faith. A good faith
212	response includes making reasonable efforts to determine from
213	other officers or employees within the agency whether such a
214	record exists and, if so, the location at which the record can
215	be accessed.
216	(d) A person who has custody of a public record who asserts



217 that an exemption applies to a part of such record shall redact 218 that portion of the record to which an exemption has been 219 asserted and validly applies, and such person shall produce the 220 remainder of such record for inspection and copying.

(e) If the person who has custody of a public record contends that all or part of the record is exempt from inspection and copying, he or she shall state the basis of the exemption that he or she contends is applicable to the record, including the statutory citation to an exemption created or afforded by statute.

(f) If requested by the person seeking to inspect or copy the record, the custodian of public records shall state in writing and with particularity the reasons for the conclusion that the record is exempt or confidential.

(g) In any civil action in which an exemption to this 231 232 section is asserted, if the exemption is alleged to exist under 233 or by virtue of s. 119.071(1)(d) or (f), (2)(d),(e), or (f), or 234 (4) (c), the public record or part thereof in question shall be 235 submitted to the court for an inspection in camera. If an 236 exemption is alleged to exist under or by virtue of s. 237 119.071(2)(c), an inspection in camera is discretionary with the 238 court. If the court finds that the asserted exemption is not 239 applicable, it shall order the public record or part thereof in 240 question to be immediately produced for inspection or copying as 241 requested by the person seeking such access.

(h) Even if an assertion is made by the custodian of public records that a requested record is not a public record subject to public inspection or copying under this subsection, the requested record shall, nevertheless, not be disposed of for a



246 period of 30 days after the date on which a written request to 247 inspect or copy the record was served on or otherwise made to 248 the custodian of public records by the person seeking access to 249 the record. If a civil action is instituted within the 30-day 250 period to enforce the provisions of this section with respect to 251 the requested record, the custodian of public records may not 252 dispose of the record except by order of a court of competent 253 jurisdiction after notice to all affected parties.

(i) The absence of a civil action instituted for the purpose stated in paragraph (g) does not relieve the custodian of public records of the duty to maintain the record as a public record if the record is in fact a public record subject to public inspection and copying under this subsection and does not otherwise excuse or exonerate the custodian of public records from any unauthorized or unlawful disposition of such record.

(2) (a) As an additional means of inspecting or copying public records, a custodian of public records may provide access to public records by remote electronic means, provided exempt or confidential information is not disclosed.

(b) The custodian of public records shall provide
safeguards to protect the contents of public records from
unauthorized remote electronic access or alteration and to
prevent the disclosure or modification of those portions of
public records which are exempt or confidential from subsection
(1) or s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution.

(c) Unless otherwise required by law, the custodian of public records may charge a fee for remote electronic access, granted under a contractual arrangement with a user, which fee may include the direct and indirect costs of providing such



access. Fees for remote electronic access provided to the general public shall be in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(3) (a) Any person shall have the right of access to public
records for the purpose of making photographs of the record
while such record is in the possession, custody, and control of
the custodian of public records.

(b) This subsection applies to the making of photographs in the conventional sense by use of a camera device to capture images of public records but excludes the duplication of microfilm in the possession of the clerk of the circuit court where a copy of the microfilm may be made available by the clerk.

(c) Photographing public records shall be done under the supervision of the custodian of public records, who may adopt and enforce reasonable rules governing the photographing of such records.

292 (d) Photographing of public records shall be done in the 293 room where the public records are kept. If, in the judgment of 294 the custodian of public records, this is impossible or 295 impracticable, photographing shall be done in another room or 296 place, as nearly adjacent as possible to the room where the 297 public records are kept, to be determined by the custodian of 298 public records. Where provision of another room or place for 299 photographing is required, the expense of providing the same 300 shall be paid by the person desiring to photograph the public 301 record pursuant to paragraph (4) (h) $\frac{(4)(e)}{(e)}$.

302 (4) The custodian of public records shall furnish a copy or303 a certified copy of the record upon payment of the fee

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304	prescribed by law. If a fee is not prescribed by law, the
305	following fees are authorized:
306	(a)1. Up to 15 cents per one-sided copy for duplicated
307	copies of not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches;
308	2. No more than an additional 5 cents for each two-sided
309	copy; and
310	3. For all other copies, the actual cost of duplication of
311	the public record.
312	
313	If the nature or volume of the public records requested to be
314	inspected or copied requires more than 30 minutes of agency
315	resources, the agency may charge an additional fee for such
316	resources incurred by the agency for the portion of a request
317	requiring more than 30 minutes.
318	(b)1. For a copy of a public record in any electronic
319	medium stored, maintained, or used by an agency, the actual cost
320	of duplication. However, if the nature or volume of the public
321	records requested to be copied requires more than 30 minutes,
322	the agency may charge an additional fee for such resources
323	incurred by the agency for the portion of a request requiring
324	more than 30 minutes.
325	2. If an agency has the software and hardware necessary to
326	convert the record into the electronic format requested as a
327	step in the process of copying or exporting the requested
328	record, the agency must provide the record in the format
329	requested and may charge a fee authorized by this subsection.
330	(c) The cost of clerical or supervisory assistance may be
331	no greater than the base hourly rate of the lowest paid
332	personnel capable of providing such clerical or supervisory

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333	assistance.
334	<u>(d)</u> The charge for copies of county maps or aerial
335	photographs supplied by county constitutional officers may also
336	include a reasonable charge for the labor and overhead
337	associated with their duplication.
338	<u>(e)</u> An agency may charge up to \$1 per copy for a
339	certified copy of a public record.
340	(f) All fees allowed pursuant to this subsection may be
341	reduced or waived. Fee reductions and waivers must be uniformly
342	applied among persons similarly situated.
343	(g)1. An agency is not authorized to charge a fee for costs
344	associated with redaction of information from a public record
345	that the agency maintains is not subject to the requirements of
346	s. 119.07(1) because such information is not a public record as
347	defined in s. 119.003.
348	2. An agency is not authorized to charge a fee for costs
349	associated with redaction of exempt or confidential and exempt
350	information that is stored in an electronic recordkeeping system
351	that has been acquired or upgraded.
352	(d) If the nature or volume of public records requested to
353	be inspected or copied pursuant to this subsection is such as to
354	require extensive use of information technology resources or
355	extensive clerical or supervisory assistance by personnel of the
356	agency involved, or both, the agency may charge, in addition to
357	the actual cost of duplication, a special service charge, which
358	shall be reasonable and shall be based on the cost incurred for
359	such extensive use of information technology resources or the
360	labor cost of the personnel providing the service that is
361	actually incurred by the agency or attributable to the agency
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362 for the clerical and supervisory assistance required, or both.

363 (h) (e) 1. Where provision of another room or place is 364 necessary to photograph public records, the expense of providing 365 the same shall be paid by the person desiring to photograph the 366 public records.

367 2. The custodian of public records may charge the person 368 making the photographs for supervision services at a rate of 369 compensation to be agreed upon by the person desiring to make 370 the photographs and the custodian of public records. If they 371 fail to agree as to the appropriate charge, the charge shall be 372 determined by the custodian of public records.

373 (5) When ballots are produced under this section for inspection or examination, no persons other than the supervisor 374 375 of elections or the supervisor's employees shall touch the 376 ballots. If the ballots are being examined before the end of the 377 contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall 378 make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates by telephone 379 or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or 380 examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, 381 shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or 382 examination.

383 (6) An exemption contained in this chapter or in any other 384 general or special law shall not limit the access of the Auditor 385 General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 386 Accountability, or any state, county, municipal, university, 387 board of community college, school district, or special district 388 internal auditor to public records when such person states in writing that such records are needed for a properly authorized 389 390 audit, examination, or investigation. Such person shall maintain

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391 the exempt or confidential status of that public record and 392 shall be subject to the same penalties as the custodian of that 393 record for public disclosure of such record.

394 (7) An exemption from this section does not imply an 395 exemption from s. 119.20 s. 286.011. The exemption from s. 396 119.20 s. 286.011 must be expressly provided.

397 (8) The provisions of this section are not intended to 398 expand or limit the provisions of Rule 3.220, Florida Rules of 399 Criminal Procedure, regarding the right and extent of discovery 400 by the state or by a defendant in a criminal prosecution or in 401 collateral postconviction proceedings. This section may not be 402 used by any inmate as the basis for failing to timely litigate 403 any postconviction action.

404 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph 405 (a) of subsection (5) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, are 406 amended to read:

407 119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of 408 public records.-

- 409

(3) SECURITY.-

410 (a)1. As used in this paragraph, the term "security system plan" includes all: 411

412 a. Records, information, photographs, audio and visual 413 presentations, schematic diagrams, surveys, recommendations, or 414 consultations or portions thereof relating directly to the 415 physical security of the facility or revealing security systems; 416 b. Threat assessments conducted by any agency or any

417 private entity;

- 418 c. Threat response plans;
- d. Emergency evacuation plans; 419

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420	c. Chaltering errengements, er
	e. Sheltering arrangements; or
421	f. Manuals for security personnel, emergency equipment, or
422	security training.
423	(a)1.2. A security system plan or portion thereof for:
424	a. Any property owned by or leased to the state or any of
425	its political subdivisions; or
426	b. Any privately owned or leased property
427	
428	held by an agency is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
429	and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This exemption
430	is remedial in nature, and it is the intent of the Legislature
431	that this exemption apply to security system plans held by an
432	agency before, on, or after the effective date of this
433	paragraph.
434	2.3. Information made confidential and exempt by this
435	paragraph may be disclosed by the custodian of public records
436	to:
437	a. The property owner or leaseholder; or
438	b. Another state or federal agency to prevent, detect,
439	guard against, respond to, investigate, or manage the
440	consequences of any attempted or actual act of terrorism, or to
441	prosecute those persons who are responsible for such attempts or
442	acts.
443	(5) OTHER PERSONAL INFORMATION
444	(a)1.a. The Legislature acknowledges that the social
445	security number was never intended to be used for business
446	purposes but was intended to be used solely for the
447	administration of the federal Social Security System. The
448	Legislature is further aware that over time this unique numeric
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449 identifier has been used extensively for identity verification 450 purposes and other legitimate consensual purposes.

b. The Legislature recognizes that the social security number can be used as a tool to perpetuate fraud against an individual and to acquire sensitive personal, financial, medical, and familial information, the release of which could cause great financial or personal harm to an individual.

c. The Legislature intends to monitor the use of social
security numbers held by agencies in order to maintain a
balanced public policy.

459 2.a. An agency may not collect an individual's social
460 security number unless the agency has stated in writing the
461 purpose for its collection and unless it is:

462

(I) Specifically authorized by law to do so; or

463 (II) Imperative for the performance of that agency's duties464 and responsibilities as prescribed by law.

465 b. An agency shall identify in writing the specific federal 466 or state law governing the collection, use, or release of social 467 security numbers for each purpose for which the agency collects 468 the social security number, including any authorized exceptions 469 that apply to such collection, use, or release. Each agency 470 shall ensure that the collection, use, or release of social 471 security numbers complies with the specific applicable federal or state law. 472

c. Social security numbers collected by an agency may not
be used by that agency for any purpose other than the purpose
provided in the written statement.

476 3. An agency collecting an individual's social security477 number shall provide that individual with a copy of the written

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478 statement required in subparagraph 2. The written statement also 479 shall state whether collection of the individual's social 480 security number is authorized or mandatory under federal or 481 state law.

482 4. Each agency shall review whether its collection of 483 social security numbers is in compliance with subparagraph 2. If 484 the agency determines that collection of a social security 485 number is not in compliance with subparagraph 2., the agency 486 shall immediately discontinue the collection of social security 487 numbers for that purpose.

488 5. Social security numbers held by an agency are 489 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I 490 of the State Constitution. This exemption applies to social 491 security numbers held by an agency before, on, or after the 492 effective date of this exemption. This exemption does not 493 supersede any federal law prohibiting the release of social 494 security numbers or any other applicable public records 495 exemption for social security numbers existing prior to May 13, 496 2002, or created thereafter.

497 6. Social security numbers held by an agency may be498 disclosed if any of the following apply:

a. The disclosure of the social security number isexpressly required by federal or state law or a court order.

501 b. The disclosure of the social security number is 502 necessary for the receiving agency or governmental entity to 503 perform its duties and responsibilities.

504 c. The individual expressly consents in writing to the 505 disclosure of his or her social security number.

d. The disclosure of the social security number is made to

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507 comply with the USA Patriot Act of 2001, Pub. L. No. 107-56, or 508 Presidential Executive Order 13224.

e. The disclosure of the social security number is made to a commercial entity for the permissible uses set forth in the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. ss. 2721 et seq.; the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1681 et seq.; or the Financial Services Modernization Act of 1999, 15 U.S.C. ss. 6801 et seq., provided that the authorized commercial entity complies with the requirements of this paragraph.

516 f. The disclosure of the social security number is for the 517 purpose of the administration of health benefits for an agency 518 employee or his or her dependents.

519 g. The disclosure of the social security number is for the 520 purpose of the administration of a pension fund administered for 521 the agency employee's retirement fund, deferred compensation 522 plan, or defined contribution plan.

523 h. The disclosure of the social security number is for the 524 purpose of the administration of the Uniform Commercial Code by 525 the office of the Secretary of State.

526

7.a. For purposes of this subsection, the term:

527 (I) "Commercial activity" means the permissible uses set forth in the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 528 529 U.S.C. ss. 2721 et seq.; the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 530 U.S.C. ss. 1681 et seq.; or the Financial Services Modernization 531 Act of 1999, 15 U.S.C. ss. 6801 et seq., or verification of the 532 accuracy of personal information received by a commercial entity in the normal course of its business, including identification 533 534 or prevention of fraud or matching, verifying, or retrieving information. It does not include the display or bulk sale of 535

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536	social security numbers to the public or the distribution of
537	such numbers to any customer that is not identifiable by the
538	commercial entity.
539	(II) "Commercial entity" means any corporation,
540	partnership, limited partnership, proprietorship, sole
541	proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, or association that
542	performs a commercial activity in this state.
543	<u>a.</u> b. An agency may not deny a commercial entity engaged in
544	the performance of a commercial activity access to social
545	security numbers, provided the social security numbers will be
546	used only in the performance of a commercial activity and
547	provided the commercial entity makes a written request for the
548	social security numbers. The written request must:
549	(I) Be verified as provided in s. 92.525;
550	(II) Be legibly signed by an authorized officer, employee,
551	or agent of the commercial entity;
552	(III) Contain the commercial entity's name, business
553	mailing and location addresses, and business telephone number;
554	and
555	(IV) Contain a statement of the specific purposes for which
556	it needs the social security numbers and how the social security
557	numbers will be used in the performance of a commercial
558	activity, including the identification of any specific federal
559	or state law that permits such use.
560	<u>b.</u> c. An agency may request any other information
561	reasonably necessary to verify the identity of a commercial
562	entity requesting the social security numbers and the specific
563	purposes for which the numbers will be used.
564	8.a. Any person who makes a false representation in order
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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2010 Bill No. CS for SB 1598



565	to obtain a social security number pursuant to this paragraph,
566	or any person who willfully and knowingly violates this
567	paragraph, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
568	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
569	b. Any public officer who violates this paragraph commits a
570	noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500
571	per violation.
572	9. Any affected person may petition the circuit court for an
573	order directing compliance with this paragraph.
574	Section 7. Section 119.13, Florida Statutes, is created to
575	read:
576	119.13 Model public access policyThe Division of Library
577	and Information Services of the Department of State shall adopt
578	a rule to establish a model policy for providing public access
579	to public records in accordance with this part.
580	Section 8. Section 119.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to
581	read:
582	119.15 Legislative review of exemptions from public meeting
583	and public records requirements
584	(1) This section may be cited as the "Open Government
585	Sunset Review Act."
586	(2) This section provides for the review and repeal or
587	reenactment of an exemption from s. 24, Art. I of the State
588	Constitution and s. 119.07(1) or <u>s. 119.20</u> s. 286.011 . This act
589	does not apply to an exemption that:
590	(a) Is required by federal law; or
591	(b) Applies solely to the Legislature or the State Court
592	System.
593	(3) <u>(a)</u> In the 5th year after enactment of a new exemption

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594 or substantial amendment of an existing exemption, the exemption 595 shall be repealed on October 2nd of the 5th year, unless the 596 Legislature acts to reenact the exemption.

597 (b) In the 10th year after reenactment, the exemption shall 598 be repealed on October 2nd of the 10th year, unless the 599 Legislatures acts to reenact the exemption.

600 (4) (a) A law that enacts a new exemption or substantially 601 amends an existing exemption must state that the record or 602 meeting is:

603

1. Exempt from s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution; 604 2. Exempt from s. 119.07(1) or s. 119.20 s. 286.011; and 605 3. Repealed at the end of 5 years and that the exemption must be reviewed by the Legislature before the scheduled repeal 606 607 date and every 10 years thereafter.

608 (b) For purposes of this section, an exemption is 609 substantially amended if the amendment expands the scope of the 610 exemption to include more records or information or to include 611 meetings as well as records. An exemption is not substantially 612 amended if the amendment narrows the scope of the exemption.

613 (c) This section is not intended to repeal an exemption 614 that has been amended following legislative review before the 615 scheduled repeal of the exemption if the exemption is not 616 substantially amended as a result of the review.

617 (5) (a) By June 1 in the year before the repeal of an 618 exemption under this section, the Division of Statutory Revision 619 of the Office of Legislative Services shall certify to the 620 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the language and statutory citation of each 621 622 exemption scheduled for repeal the following year.

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623	(b) Any exemption that is not identified and certified to
624	the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
625	Representatives is not subject to legislative review and repeal
626	under this section. If the division fails to certify an
627	exemption that it subsequently determines should have been
628	certified, it shall include the exemption in the following
629	year's certification after that determination.
630	(6)(a) As part of the review process, the Legislature shall
631	consider the following:
632	1. What specific records or meetings are affected by the
633	exemption?
634	2. Whom does the exemption uniquely affect, as opposed to
635	the general public?
636	3. What is the identifiable public purpose or goal of the
637	exemption?
638	4. Can the information contained in the records or
639	discussed in the meeting be readily obtained by alternative
640	means? If so, how?
641	5. Is the record or meeting protected by another exemption?
642	6. Are there multiple exemptions for the same type of
643	record or meeting that it would be appropriate to merge?
644	(b) An exemption may be created, revised, or maintained
645	only if it serves an identifiable public purpose, and the
646	exemption may be no broader than is necessary to meet the public
647	purpose it serves. An identifiable public purpose is served if
648	the exemption meets one of the following purposes and the
649	Legislature finds that the purpose is sufficiently compelling to
650	override the strong public policy of open government and cannot
651	be accomplished without the exemption:

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652 1. Allows the state or its political subdivisions to
653 effectively and efficiently administer a governmental program,
654 which administration would be significantly impaired without the
655 exemption;

656 2. Protects information of a sensitive personal nature 657 concerning individuals, the release of which information would 658 be defamatory to such individuals or cause unwarranted damage to 659 the good name or reputation of such individuals or would 660 jeopardize the safety of such individuals. However, in 661 exemptions under this subparagraph, only information that would 662 identify the individuals may be exempted; or

3. Protects information of a confidential nature concerning entities, including, but not limited to, a formula, pattern, device, combination of devices, or compilation of information which is used to protect or further a business advantage over those who do not know or use it, the disclosure of which information would injure the affected entity in the marketplace.

669 (7) Records made before the date of a repeal of an 670 exemption under this section may not be made public unless 671 otherwise provided by law. In deciding whether the records shall 672 be made public, the Legislature shall consider whether the 673 damage or loss to persons or entities uniquely affected by the 674 exemption of the type specified in subparagraph (6)(b)2. or 675 subparagraph (6) (b)3. would occur if the records were made 676 public.

(8) Notwithstanding s. 768.28 or any other law, neither the
state or its political subdivisions nor any other public body
shall be made party to any suit in any court or incur any
liability for the repeal or revival and reenactment of an

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681	exemption under this section. The failure of the Legislature to
682	comply strictly with this section does not invalidate an
683	otherwise valid reenactment.
684	Section 9. Section 119.20, Florida Statutes, is created to
685	read:
686	119.20 Public meetings and records; access to public
687	meetings
688	(1) All meetings of any board or commission of any state
689	agency or authority or of any agency or authority of any county,
690	municipal corporation, or political subdivision, except as
691	otherwise provided in the State Constitution, at which official
692	acts are to be taken are declared to be public meetings open to
693	the public at all times, and no resolution, rule, or formal
694	action shall be considered binding except as taken or made at
695	such meeting. The board or commission must provide reasonable
696	notice of all such meetings.
697	(2) The minutes of a meeting of any such board or
698	commission of any such state agency or authority shall be
699	promptly recorded, and such records shall be open to public
700	inspection.
701	(3) All persons subject to subsection (1) are prohibited from
702	holding meetings at any facility or location that discriminates
703	on the basis of sex, age, race, creed, color, origin, or
704	economic status or that operates in such a manner as to
705	unreasonably restrict public access to such a facility.
706	Section 10. Section 119.201, Florida Statutes, is created
707	to read:
708	119.201 General exemptions from public meetings
709	(1) Any board or commission of any state agency or

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710	authority or any agency or authority of any county, municipal
711	corporation, or political subdivision, and the chief
712	administrative or executive officer of the governmental entity,
713	may meet in private with the entity's attorney to discuss
714	pending litigation to which the entity is presently a party
715	before a court or administrative agency if the following
716	conditions are met:
717	(a) The entity's attorney shall advise the entity at a
718	public meeting that he or she desires advice concerning the
719	litigation.
720	(b) The subject matter of the meeting shall be confined to
721	settlement negotiations or strategy sessions related to
722	litigation expenditures.
723	(c) The entire session shall be recorded by a certified
724	court reporter. The reporter shall record the times of
725	commencement and termination of the session, all discussion and
726	proceedings, the names of all persons present at any time, and
727	the names of all persons speaking. No portion of the session
728	shall be off the record. The court reporter's notes shall be
729	fully transcribed and filed with the entity's clerk within a
730	reasonable time after the meeting.
731	(d) The entity shall give reasonable public notice of the
732	time and date of the attorney-client session and the names of
733	persons who will be attending the session. The session shall
734	commence at an open meeting at which the persons chairing the
735	meeting shall announce the commencement and estimated length of
736	the attorney-client session and the names of the persons
737	attending. At the conclusion of the attorney-client session, the
738	meeting shall be reopened, and the person chairing the meeting

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739	shall announce the termination of the session.
740	(e) The transcript shall be made part of the public record
741	upon conclusion of the litigation.
742	(2) That portion of a meeting that would reveal a security
743	system plan or portion thereof made confidential and exempt by
744	s. 119.071(3)(a) is exempt from s. 119.20 and s. 24(b), Art. I
745	of the State Constitution.
746	(3)(a) A meeting at which a negotiation with a vendor is
747	conducted pursuant to s. 287.057(3) is exempt from s. 119.20 and
748	s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution.
749	(b)1. A complete recording shall be made of any meeting
750	made exempt in paragraph (a). No portion of the meeting may be
751	held off the record.
752	2. The recording required under subparagraph 1. is exempt
753	from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution
754	until such time as the agency provides notice of a decision or
755	intended decision pursuant to s. 120.57(3)(a) or until 20 days
756	after the final competitive sealed replies are all opened,
757	whichever occurs earlier.
758	3. If the agency rejects all sealed replies, the recording
759	remains exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the
760	State Constitution until such time as the agency provides notice
761	of a decision or intended decision pursuant to s. 120.57(3)(a)
762	concerning the reissued invitation to negotiate or until the
763	agency withdraws the reissued invitation to negotiate. A
764	recording is not exempt for longer than 12 months after the
765	initial agency notice rejecting all replies.
766	(c) This subsection is subject to the Open Government
767	Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand

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768	repealed on October 2, 2015, unless reviewed and saved from
769	repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
770	Section 11. Section 119.202, Florida Statutes, is created
771	to read:
772	119.202 Voting requirement at meetings of governmental
773	bodies.—A member of any state, county, or municipal governmental
774	board, commission, or agency who is present at any meeting of
775	any such body at which an official decision, ruling, or other
776	official act is to be taken or adopted may not abstain from
777	voting in regard to any such decision, ruling, or act; and a
778	vote shall be recorded or counted for each such member present,
779	except when, with respect to any such member, there is, or
780	appears to be, a possible conflict of interest under the
781	provisions of s. 112.311, s. 112.313, or s. 112.3143. In such
782	case, the member shall comply with the disclosure requirements
783	<u>of s. 112.3143.</u>
784	Section 12. Section 119.30, Florida Statutes, is created to
785	read:
786	119.30 Violation of chapter; penalties
787	(1) A violation of any law that relates to access to public
788	records or meetings shall be considered a violation of this
789	chapter.
790	(2) A person who violates any of the provisions of this
791	chapter commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine
792	not exceeding \$500.
793	(3) A person who willfully and knowingly violates any of
794	the provisions of this chapter commits a misdemeanor of the
795	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
796	775.083.

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797	(4) Conduct that occurs outside the state and that would
798	constitute a knowing violation of this chapter is a misdemeanor
799	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
800	775.083.
801	(5) If a court determines that an agency has:
802	(a) Violated s. 119.07(1) or s. 119.20;
803	(b) Shown intentional disregard for the public's
804	constitutional right of access as guaranteed by s. 24, Art. I of
805	the State Constitution; or
806	(c) Exhibited a pattern of abuse of the requirements of
807	this chapter,
808	
809	the court may assess a penalty against the agency equal to twice
810	the amount awarded pursuant to this section.
811	Section 13. Section 119.31, Florida Statutes, is created to
812	read:
813	119.31 InjunctionsThe circuit courts of this state have
814	jurisdiction to issue injunctions to enforce this chapter upon
815	application by any person.
816	Section 14. Section 119.32, Florida Statutes, is created to
817	read:
818	119.32 Attorney's fees
819	(1) If an action is filed against an agency to enforce the
820	provisions of this chapter or any other law that relates to
821	access to public records or meetings, including those laws that
822	limit public access to such records or meetings, and if the
823	court determines that the agency unlawfully refused to permit a
824	public record to be inspected or copied, or otherwise acted in
825	violation of this chapter, the court shall assess and award

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826	against the agency responsible the reasonable costs of
827	enforcement, including reasonable attorney's fees at trial and
828	on appeal.
829	(2) Fees assessed pursuant to subsection (1) may not be
830	assessed against any individual acting on the advice of an
831	agency attorney, but shall be assessed against the agency.
832	(3) Whenever any individual is charged with a violation of
833	this chapter and is subsequently acquitted, the agency may
834	reimburse the individual for any portion of his or her
835	reasonable attorney's fees.
836	Section 15. Section 119.011, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
837	Section 16. Section 119.10, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
838	Section 17. Section 119.12, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
839	Section 18. Section 286.011, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
840	Section 19. Section 286.0113, Florida Statutes, is
841	repealed.
842	Section 20. Section 286.012, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
843	Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
844	made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a
845	reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 27.02, Florida
846	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
847	27.02 Duties before court
848	(2) The state attorney, when complying with the discovery
849	obligation pursuant to the applicable rule of procedure, may
850	charge the defendant fees as provided for in s. 119.07(4), not
851	to exceed 15 cents per page for a copy of a noncertified copy of
852	a public record. However, these fees may be deferred if the
853	defendant has been determined to be indigent as provided in s.
854	27.52.
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855 Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 856 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 857 reference thereto, paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 858 119.01, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 859 119.01 General state policy on public records.-860 (2) 861 (f) Each agency that maintains a public record in an 862 electronic recordkeeping system shall provide to any person, 863 pursuant to this chapter, a copy of any public record in that 864 system which is not exempted by law from public disclosure. An 865 agency must provide a copy of the record in the medium requested 866 if the agency maintains the record in that medium, and the 867 agency may charge a fee in accordance with this chapter. For the 868 purpose of satisfying a public records request, the fee to be 869 charged by an agency if it elects to provide a copy of a public 870 record in a medium not routinely used by the agency, or if it 871 elects to compile information not routinely developed or 872 maintained by the agency or that requires a substantial amount 873 of manipulation or programming, must be in accordance with s. 874 119.07(4). 875

Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 119.0712, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

879 119.0712 Executive branch agency-specific exemptions from880 inspection or copying of public records.-

(1) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.—All personal identifying
 information contained in records relating to an individual's
 personal health or eligibility for health-related services held



by the Department of Health is confidential and exempt from s.
119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except
as otherwise provided in this subsection. Information made
confidential and exempt by this subsection shall be disclosed:

888 (d) To a health research entity, if the entity seeks the 889 records or data pursuant to a research protocol approved by the 890 department, maintains the records or data in accordance with the 891 approved protocol, and enters into a purchase and data-use 892 agreement with the department, the fee provisions of which are 893 consistent with s. 119.07(4). The department may deny a request 894 for records or data if the protocol provides for intrusive 895 follow-back contacts, has not been approved by a human studies 896 institutional review board, does not plan for the destruction of 897 confidential records after the research is concluded, is 898 administratively burdensome, or does not have scientific merit. The agreement must restrict the release of any information that 899 900 would permit the identification of persons, limit the use of 901 records or data to the approved research protocol, and prohibit 902 any other use of the records or data. Copies of records or data 903 issued pursuant to this paragraph remain the property of the 904 department.

905 Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 906 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 907 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 908 119.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

909 119.084 Copyright of data processing software created by 910 governmental agencies; sale price and licensing fee.-

911 (2) An agency is authorized to acquire and hold a copyright 912 for data processing software created by the agency and to



913 enforce its rights pertaining to such copyright, provided that 914 the agency complies with the requirements of this subsection.

(a) An agency that has acquired a copyright for data 915 916 processing software created by the agency may sell or license 917 the copyrighted data processing software to any public agency or 918 private person. The agency may establish a price for the sale and a licensing fee for the use of such data processing software 919 920 that may be based on market considerations. However, the prices 921 or fees for the sale or licensing of copyrighted data processing 922 software to an individual or entity solely for application to 923 information maintained or generated by the agency that created 924 the copyrighted data processing software shall be determined 925 pursuant to s. 119.07(4).

926 Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 927 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 928 reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 455.219, Florida 929 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

930 455.219 Fees; receipts; disposition; periodic management 931 reports.-

932 (6) The department or the appropriate board shall charge a fee 933 not to exceed \$25 for the certification of a public record. The 934 fee shall be determined by rule of the department. The 935 department or the appropriate board shall assess a fee for 936 duplication of a public record as provided in s. 119.07(4).

937 Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 938 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 939 reference thereto, subsection (11) of section 456.025, Florida 940 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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456.025 Fees; receipts; disposition.-

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942 (11) The department or the appropriate board shall charge a 943 fee not to exceed \$25 for the certification of a public record. 944 The fee shall be determined by rule of the department. The 945 department or the appropriate board shall assess a fee for 946 duplicating a public record as provided in s. 119.07(4).

947 Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 948 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 949 reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 950 458.3193, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

951 458.3193 Confidentiality of certain information contained952 in physician workforce surveys.-

953 (1) All personal identifying information contained in 954 records provided by physicians licensed under this chapter or 955 chapter 459 in response to physician workforce surveys required 956 as a condition of license renewal and held by the Department of 957 Health is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 958 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise 959 provided in this subsection. Information made confidential and 960 exempt by this subsection shall be disclosed:

961 (c) To a research entity, if the entity seeks the records 962 or data pursuant to a research protocol approved by the 963 Department of Health, maintains the records or data in 964 accordance with the approved protocol, and enters into a 965 purchase and data-use agreement with the department, the fee provisions of which are consistent with s. 119.07(4). The 966 967 department may deny a request for records or data if the 968 protocol provides for intrusive follow-back contacts, does not 969 plan for the destruction of confidential records after the 970 research is concluded, is administratively burdensome, or does

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971 not have scientific merit. The agreement must restrict the 972 release of information that would identify individuals, must 973 limit the use of records or data to the approved research 974 protocol, and must prohibit any other use of the records or 975 data. Copies of records or data issued pursuant to this 976 paragraph remain the property of the department.

977 Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 978 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 979 reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 980 459.0083, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

981 459.0083 Confidentiality of certain information contained 982 in physician workforce surveys.-

983 (1) All personal identifying information contained in 984 records provided by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or 985 this chapter in response to physician workforce surveys required 986 as a condition of license renewal and held by the Department of 987 Health is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 988 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise 989 provided in this subsection. Information made confidential and 990 exempt by this subsection shall be disclosed:

991 (c) To a research entity, if the entity seeks the records 992 or data pursuant to a research protocol approved by the 993 Department of Health, maintains the records or data in 994 accordance with the approved protocol, and enters into a 995 purchase and data-use agreement with the department, the fee 996 provisions of which are consistent with s. 119.07(4). The 997 department may deny a request for records or data if the 998 protocol provides for intrusive follow-back contacts, does not 999 plan for the destruction of confidential records after the

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1000 research is concluded, is administratively burdensome, or does 1001 not have scientific merit. The agreement must restrict the 1002 release of information that would identify individuals, must 1003 limit the use of records or data to the approved research 1004 protocol, and must prohibit any other use of the records or 1005 data. Copies of records or data issued pursuant to this 1006 paragraph remain the property of the department. 1007 Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1008 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 1009 reference thereto, subsection (16) of section 472.011, Florida 1010 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1011 472.011 Fees.-(16) The department or the board shall charge a fee not to 1012 1013 exceed \$25 for the certification of a public record. The fee 1014 shall be determined by rule of the department. The department or 1015 the appropriate board shall assess a fee for duplication of a 1016 public record as provided in s. 119.07(4). 1017 Section 30. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1018 made by this act to section 119.07, Florida Statutes, in a 1019 reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 1020 1012.31, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1021 1012.31 Personnel files.-Public school system employee 1022 personnel files shall be maintained according to the following 1023 provisions: 1024 (2) 1025 (e) Upon request, an employee, or any person designated in 1026 writing by the employee, shall be permitted to examine the

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personnel file of such employee. The employee shall be permitted

conveniently to reproduce any materials in the file, at a cost

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1029 no greater than the fees prescribed in s. 119.07(4). 1030 Section 31. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1031 made by this act to section 119.071, Florida Statutes, in a 1032 reference thereto, subsection (5) of section 17.076, Florida 1033 Statutes, is reenacted to read 1034 17.076 Direct deposit of funds.-1035 (5) All direct deposit records made prior to October 1, 1036 1986, are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). With 1037 respect to direct deposit records made on or after October 1, 1038 1986, the names of the authorized financial institutions and the 1039 account numbers of the beneficiaries are confidential and exempt 1040 from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 1041 State Constitution. Notwithstanding this exemption and the 1042 provisions of s. 119.071(5)(b), the department may provide a 1043 state university, upon request, with that university's employee 1044 or vendor direct deposit authorization information on file with 1045 the department in order to accommodate the transition to the 1046 university accounting system. The state university shall 1047 maintain the confidentiality of all such information provided by 1048 the department. 1049 Section 32. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1050 made by this act to section 119.071, Florida Statutes, in a

1051 reference thereto, section 119.0714, Florida Statutes, is 1052 reenacted to read:

(1) COURT FILES.-Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to exempt from s. 119.07(1) a public record that was made a part of a court file and that is not specifically closed by order of court, except:

(a) A public record that was prepared by an agency attorney

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1058 or prepared at the attorney's express direction as provided in 1059 s. 119.071(1)(d). 1060 (b) Data processing software as provided in s. 1061 119.071(1)(f). 1062 (c) Any information revealing surveillance techniques or 1063 procedures or personnel as provided in s. 119.071(2)(d). 1064 (d) Any comprehensive inventory of state and local law 1065 enforcement resources, and any comprehensive policies or plans 1066 compiled by a criminal justice agency, as provided in s. 1067 119.071(2)(d). 1068 (e) Any information revealing the substance of a confession 1069 of a person arrested as provided in s. 119.071(2)(e). 1070 (f) Any information revealing the identity of a 1071 confidential informant or confidential source as provided in s. 1072 119.071(2)(f). 1073 (g) Any information revealing undercover personnel of any 1074 criminal justice agency as provided in s. 119.071(4)(c). (h) Criminal intelligence information or criminal 1075 1076 investigative information that is confidential and exempt as 1077 provided in s. 119.071(2)(h). 1078 (i) Social security numbers as provided in s. 1079 119.071(5)(a). 1080 (j) Bank account numbers and debit, charge, and credit card 1081 numbers as provided in s. 119.071(5)(b). 1082 (2) COURT RECORDS.-1083 (a) Until January 1, 2011, if a social security number or a 1084 bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number is included 1085 in a court file, such number may be included as part of the 1086 court record available for public inspection and copying unless

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1087 redaction is requested by the holder of such number or by the 1088 holder's attorney or legal guardian.

(b) A request for redaction must be a signed, legibly written request specifying the case name, case number, document heading, and page number. The request must be delivered by mail, facsimile, electronic transmission, or in person to the clerk of the court. The clerk of the court does not have a duty to inquire beyond the written request to verify the identity of a person requesting redaction.

(c) A fee may not be charged for the redaction of a social security number or a bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number pursuant to such request.

(d) The clerk of the court has no liability for the inadvertent release of social security numbers, or bank account, debit, charge, or credit card numbers, unknown to the clerk of the court in court records filed on or before January 1, 2011.

(e)1. On January 1, 2011, and thereafter, the clerk of the court must keep social security numbers confidential and exempt as provided for in s. 119.071(5)(a), and bank account, debit, charge, and credit card numbers exempt as provided for in s. 1107 119.071(5)(b), without any person having to request redaction.

1108 2. Section 119.071(5)(a)7. and 8. does not apply to the 1109 clerks of the court with respect to court records.

(3) OFFICIAL RECORDS.-

(a) Any person who prepares or files a record for recording in the official records as provided in chapter 28 may not include in that record a social security number or a bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number unless otherwise expressly required by law.

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(b)1. If a social security number or a bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number is included in an official record, such number may be made available as part of the official records available for public inspection and copying unless redaction is requested by the holder of such number or by the holder's attorney or legal guardian.

1122 2. If such record is in electronic format, on January 1, 1123 2011, and thereafter, the county recorder must use his or her 1124 best effort, as provided in paragraph (h), to keep social 1125 security numbers confidential and exempt as provided for in s. 1126 119.071(5)(a), and to keep complete bank account, debit, charge, 1127 and credit card numbers exempt as provided for in s. 1128 119.071(5)(b), without any person having to request redaction.

1129 3. Section 119.071(5)(a)7. and 8. does not apply to the 1130 county recorder with respect to official records.

1131 (c) The holder of a social security number or a bank 1132 account, debit, charge, or credit card number, or the holder's 1133 attorney or legal guardian, may request that a county recorder 1134 redact from an image or copy of an official record placed on a 1135 county recorder's publicly available Internet website or on a 1136 publicly available Internet website used by a county recorder to 1137 display public records, or otherwise made electronically available to the public, his or her social security number or 1138 1139 bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number contained in 1140 that official record.

(d) A request for redaction must be a signed, legibly written request and must be delivered by mail, facsimile, electronic transmission, or in person to the county recorder. The request must specify the identification page number of the

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1145 record that contains the number to be redacted.

(e) The county recorder does not have a duty to inquire beyond the written request to verify the identity of a person requesting redaction.

(f) A fee may not be charged for redacting a social security number or a bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number.

(g) A county recorder shall immediately and conspicuously post signs throughout his or her offices for public viewing, and shall immediately and conspicuously post on any Internet website or remote electronic site made available by the county recorder and used for the ordering or display of official records or images or copies of official records, a notice stating, in substantially similar form, the following:

1159 1. On or after October 1, 2002, any person preparing or 1160 filing a record for recordation in the official records may not 1161 include a social security number or a bank account, debit, 1162 charge, or credit card number in such document unless required 1163 by law.

1164 2. Any person has a right to request a county recorder to 1165 remove from an image or copy of an official record placed on a 1166 county recorder's publicly available Internet website or on a 1167 publicly available Internet website used by a county recorder to 1168 display public records, or otherwise made electronically 1169 available to the general public, any social security number 1170 contained in an official record. Such request must be made in 1171 writing and delivered by mail, facsimile, or electronic 1172 transmission, or delivered in person, to the county recorder. 1173 The request must specify the identification page number that



1174 contains the social security number to be redacted. A fee may 1175 not be charged for the redaction of a social security number 1176 pursuant to such a request.

1177 (h) If the county recorder accepts or stores official 1178 records in an electronic format, the county recorder must use 1179 his or her best efforts to redact all social security numbers 1180 and bank account, debit, charge, or credit card numbers from 1181 electronic copies of the official record. The use of an 1182 automated program for redaction shall be deemed to be the best 1183 effort in performing the redaction and shall be deemed in 1184 compliance with the requirements of this subsection. 1185 (i) The county recorder is not liable for the inadvertent 1186 release of social security numbers, or bank account, debit, 1187 charge, or credit card numbers, filed with the county recorder.

1188 Section 33. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1189 made by this act to section 119.071, Florida Statutes, in a 1190 reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1191 1007.35, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1192 1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and 1193 Underrepresented Student Achievement.-

(8)

1194

1195 (b) The department shall contribute to the evaluation process by providing access, consistent with s. 119.071(5)(a), 1196 1197 to student and teacher information necessary to match against 1198 databases containing teacher professional development data and 1199 databases containing assessment data for the PSAT/NMSQT, SAT, 1200 AP, and other appropriate measures. The department shall also 1201 provide student-level data on student progress from middle 1202 school through high school and into college and the workforce,

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1203 if available, in order to support longitudinal studies. The 1204 partnership shall analyze and report student performance data in 1205 a manner that protects the rights of students and parents as 1206 required in 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g and s. 1002.22.

1207 Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1208 11.0431, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1209 11.0431 Legislative records; intent of legislation; 1210 exemption from public disclosure.-

1211 (2) The following public records are exempt from inspection 1212 and copying:

(a) Records, or information contained therein, held by the legislative branch of government which, if held by an agency as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011, or any other unit of government, would be confidential or exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), or otherwise exempt from public disclosure, and records or information of the same type held by the Legislature.

1219 Section 35. Subsection (2) of section 28.001, Florida 1220 Statutes, is amended to read:

1221

28.001 Definitions.-As used in this chapter:

1222 (2) "Public records" has the same meaning as in <u>s. 119.003</u>
1223 <u>s. 119.011</u> and includes each official record.

1224Section 36. Paragraph (e) of subsection (12) of section122528.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1226 28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit court.—The 1227 clerk of the circuit court shall charge for services rendered by 1228 the clerk's office in recording documents and instruments and in 1229 performing the duties enumerated in amounts not to exceed those 1230 specified in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision 1231 of this section, the clerk of the circuit court shall provide

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1232 without charge to the state attorney, public defender, guardian 1233 ad litem, public quardian, attorney ad litem, criminal conflict 1234 and civil regional counsel, and private court-appointed counsel 1235 paid by the state, and to the authorized staff acting on behalf 1236 of each, access to and a copy of any public record, if the 1237 requesting party is entitled by law to view the exempt or 1238 confidential record, as maintained by and in the custody of the 1239 clerk of the circuit court as provided in general law and the 1240 Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. The clerk of the 1241 circuit court may provide the requested public record in an 1242 electronic format in lieu of a paper format when capable of 1243 being accessed by the requesting entity.

Charges

(12) For recording, indexing, and filing any instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including required notice to property appraiser where applicable:

(e) An additional service charge of \$4 per page shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court for each instrument listed in s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records. From the additional \$4 service charge collected:

1255 1. If the counties maintain legal responsibility for the 1256 costs of the court-related technology needs as defined in s. 1257 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), 10 cents shall be distributed to the 1258 Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., for 1259 the cost of development, implementation, operation, and 1260 maintenance of the clerks' Comprehensive Case Information

1244 1245

1246



1261 System, in which system all clerks shall participate on or before January 1, 2006; \$1.90 shall be retained by the clerk to 1262 1263 be deposited in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and 1264 used exclusively for funding court-related technology needs of the clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h); and \$2 shall 1265 1266 be distributed to the board of county commissioners to be used 1267 exclusively to fund court-related technology, and court technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h) for the 1268 1269 state trial courts, state attorney, public defender, and 1270 criminal conflict and civil regional counsel in that county. If 1271 the counties maintain legal responsibility for the costs of the 1272 court-related technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. 1273 and (h), notwithstanding any other provision of law, the county 1274 is not required to provide additional funding beyond that 1275 provided herein for the court-related technology needs of the clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h). All court records 1276 1277 and official records are the property of the State of Florida, including any records generated as part of the Comprehensive 1278 1279 Case Information System funded pursuant to this paragraph and 1280 the clerk of court is designated as the custodian of such 1281 records, except in a county where the duty of maintaining 1282 official records exists in a county office other than the clerk 1283 of court or comptroller, such county office is designated the 1284 custodian of all official records, and the clerk of court is 1285 designated the custodian of all court records. The clerk of 1286 court or any entity acting on behalf of the clerk of court, 1287 including an association, shall not charge a fee to any agency as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011, the Legislature, or the 1288 1289 State Court System for copies of records generated by the

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1290	Comprehensive Case Information System or held by the clerk of
1291	court or any entity acting on behalf of the clerk of court,
1292	including an association.
1293	2. If the state becomes legally responsible for the costs of
1294	court-related technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2.
1295	and (h), whether by operation of general law or by court order,
1296	\$4 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit
1297	into the General Revenue Fund.
1298	Section 37. Subsection (2) of section 73.0155, Florida
1299	Statutes, is amended to read:
1300	73.0155 Confidentiality; business information provided to a
1301	governmental condemning authority
1302	(2) An agency as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011 may
1303	inspect and copy the confidential and exempt business
1304	information exclusively for the transaction of official business
1305	by, or on behalf of, an agency.
1306	Section 38. Subsection (1) of section 97.0585, Florida
1307	Statutes, is amended to read:
1308	97.0585 Public records exemption; information regarding
1309	voters and voter registration; confidentiality
1310	(1) The following information concerning voters and voter
1311	registration held by an agency as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s.
1312	119.011 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s.
1313	24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and may be used only for
1314	purposes of voter registration:
1315	(a) All declinations to register to vote made pursuant to
1316	ss. 97.057 and 97.058.
1317	(b) Information relating to the place where a person
1318	registered to vote or where a person updated a voter

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1319 registration.

(c) The social security number, driver's license number,
and Florida identification number of a voter registration
applicant or voter.

1323 Section 39. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1324 112.3188, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1325 112.3188 Confidentiality of information given to the Chief
1326 Inspector General, internal auditors, inspectors general, local
1327 chief executive officers, or other appropriate local officials.1328 (2)

(c) Information deemed confidential under this section may 1329 1330 be disclosed by the Chief Inspector General, agency inspector 1331 general, local chief executive officer, or other appropriate 1332 local official receiving the information if the recipient 1333 determines that the disclosure of the information is absolutely 1334 necessary to prevent a substantial and specific danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare or to prevent the imminent 1335 commission of a crime. Information disclosed under this 1336 1337 subsection may be disclosed only to persons who are in a 1338 position to prevent the danger to the public's health, safety, 1339 or welfare or to prevent the imminent commission of a crime based on the disclosed information. 1340

1341

1. An investigation is active under this section if:

a. It is an ongoing investigation or inquiry or collection
of information and evidence and is continuing with a reasonable,
good faith anticipation of resolution in the foreseeable future;
or

b. All or a portion of the matters under investigation or inquiry are active criminal intelligence information or active

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1348 criminal investigative information as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 1349 119.011.

1350 2. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph 1.a., an investigation 1351 ceases to be active when:

1352 a. The written report required under s. 112.3189(9) has 1353 been sent by the Chief Inspector General to the recipients named 1354 in s. 112.3189(9);

1355 b. It is determined that an investigation is not necessary 1356 under s. 112.3189(5); or

c. A final decision has been rendered by the local
government or by the Division of Administrative Hearings
pursuant to s. 112.3187(8) (b).

1360 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and this paragraph, 1361 information or records received or produced under this section 1362 which are otherwise confidential under law or exempt from 1363 disclosure under chapter 119 retain their confidentiality or 1364 exemption.

4. Any person who willfully and knowingly discloses
information or records made confidential under this subsection
commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1369 Section 40. Section 163.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1370 read:

1371 163.61 "Agency" defined.—For the purposes of ss. 163.61-1372 163.65, the word "agency" has the meaning ascribed in <u>s. 119.003</u> 1373 <u>s. 119.011</u>.

1374 Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 257.34, Florida1375 Statutes, is amended to read:

257.34 Florida International Archive and Repository.-

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1376



1377 (1) There is created within the Division of Library and 1378 Information Services of the Department of State the Florida 1379 International Archive and Repository for the preservation of 1380 those public records, as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011, 1381 manuscripts, international judgments involving disputes between 1382 domestic and foreign businesses, and all other public matters 1383 that the department or the Florida Council of International 1384 Development deems relevant to international issues. It is the 1385 duty and responsibility of the division to:

1386 (a) Organize and administer the Florida International1387 Archive and Repository.

(b) Preserve and administer records that are transferred to its custody; accept, arrange, and preserve them, according to approved archival and repository practices; and permit them, at reasonable times and under the supervision of the division, to be inspected and copied. All public records transferred to the custody of the division are subject to the provisions of s. 1394 119.07(1).

1395 (c) Assist the records and information management program1396 in the determination of retention values for records.

(d) Cooperate with and assist, insofar as practicable,
state institutions, departments, agencies, counties,
municipalities, and individuals engaged in internationally
related activities.

(e) Provide a public research room where, under rules
established by the division, the materials in the international
archive and repository may be studied.

1404 (f) Conduct, promote, and encourage research in 1405 international trade, government, and culture and maintain a



1406 program of information, assistance, coordination, and guidance 1407 for public officials, educational institutions, libraries, the 1408 scholarly community, and the general public engaged in such 1409 research.

(g) Cooperate with and, insofar as practicable, assist agencies, libraries, institutions, and individuals in projects concerned with internationally related issues and preserve original materials relating to internationally related issues. (h) Assist and cooperate with the records and information management program in the training and information program described in s. 257.36(1)(g).

1417 Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 257.35, Florida1418 Statutes, is amended to read:

1419

257.35 Florida State Archives.-

1420 (1) There is created within the Division of Library and Information Services of the Department of State the Florida 1421 1422 State Archives for the preservation of those public records, as defined in s. 119.003(16) s. 119.011(12), manuscripts, and other 1423 1424 archival material that have been determined by the division to 1425 have sufficient historical or other value to warrant their 1426 continued preservation and have been accepted by the division 1427 for deposit in its custody. It is the duty and responsibility of 1428 the division to:

1429

(a) Organize and administer the Florida State Archives.

(b) Preserve and administer such records as shall be transferred to its custody; accept, arrange, and preserve them, according to approved archival practices; and permit them, at reasonable times and under the supervision of the division, to be inspected and copied.



1435 (c) Assist the records and information management program1436 in the determination of retention values for records.

(d) Cooperate with and assist insofar as practicable state institutions, departments, agencies, counties, municipalities, and individuals engaged in activities in the field of state archives, manuscripts, and history and accept from any person any paper, book, record, or similar material which in the judgment of the division warrants preservation in the state archives.

(e) Provide a public research room where, under rules
established by the division, the materials in the state archives
may be studied.

(f) Conduct, promote, and encourage research in Florida history, government, and culture and maintain a program of information, assistance, coordination, and guidance for public officials, educational institutions, libraries, the scholarly community, and the general public engaged in such research.

(g) Cooperate with and, insofar as practicable, assist agencies, libraries, institutions, and individuals in projects designed to preserve original source materials relating to Florida history, government, and culture and prepare and publish handbooks, guides, indexes, and other literature directed toward encouraging the preservation and use of the state's documentary resources.

(h) Encourage and initiate efforts to preserve, collect,
process, transcribe, index, and research the oral history of
Florida government.

(i) Assist and cooperate with the records and informationmanagement program in the training and information program



1464 described in s. 257.36(1)(g).

1465 Section 43. Section 281.301, Florida Statutes, is amended 1466 to read:

1467 281.301 Security systems; records and meetings exempt from public access or disclosure.-Information relating to the 1468 1469 security systems for any property owned by or leased to the state or any of its political subdivisions, and information 1470 1471 relating to the security systems for any privately owned or 1472 leased property which is in the possession of any agency as 1473 defined in s. 119.003(2) s. 119.011(2), including all records, 1474 information, photographs, audio and visual presentations, 1475 schematic diagrams, surveys, recommendations, or consultations 1476 or portions thereof relating directly to or revealing such 1477 systems or information, and all meetings relating directly to or that would reveal such systems or information are confidential 1478 and exempt from ss. 119.07(1) and 119.20 286.011 and other laws 1479 1480 and rules requiring public access or disclosure.

1481Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section1482364.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1483 364.107 Public records exemption; Lifeline Assistance Plan 1484 participants.-

(3) (a) An officer or employee of a telecommunications carrier shall not intentionally disclose information made confidential and exempt under subsection (1), except as:

1. Authorized by the customer;

2. Necessary for billing purposes;

1490 3. Required by subpoena, court order, or other process of 1491 court;

4. Necessary to disclose to an agency as defined in <u>s.</u>

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1493 119.003 s. 119.011 or a governmental entity for purposes 1494 directly connected with implementing service for, or verifying 1495 eligibility of, a participant in a Lifeline Assistance Plan or 1496 auditing a Lifeline Assistance Plan; or

1498

1497

5. Otherwise authorized by law.

Section 45. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 382.0085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1499 1500 382.0085 Stillbirth registration.-

1501 (2) The person who is required to file a fetal death 1502 certificate under this chapter shall advise the parent of a 1503 stillborn child:

1504 (d) That a copy of the original certificate of birth 1505 resulting in stillbirth is a document that is available as a 1506 public record when held by an agency as defined under s. 1507 119.003(2) s. 119.011(2).

1508 (5) A certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth shall be 1509 a public record when held by an agency as defined under s. 119.003(2) s. 119.011(2). The Office of Vital Statistics must 1510 1511 inform any parent who requests a certificate of birth resulting 1512 in stillbirth that a copy of the document is available as a 1513 public record.

1514 Section 46. Subsection (9) of section 383.402, Florida 1515 Statutes, is amended to read:

383.402 Child abuse death review; State Child Abuse Death 1516 1517 Review Committee; local child abuse death review committees.-1518 (9) The State Child Abuse Death Review Committee or a local 1519 committee shall have access to all information of a law 1520 enforcement agency which is not the subject of an active 1521 investigation and which pertains to the review of the death of a

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1522 child. A committee may not disclose any information that is not 1523 subject to public disclosure by the law enforcement agency, and 1524 active criminal intelligence information or criminal 1525 investigative information, as defined in <u>s. 119.003(6)</u> s. 1526 119.011(3), may not be made available for review or access under 1527 this section.

1528 Section 47. Subsection (9) of section 550.0251, Florida 1529 Statutes, is amended to read:

1530 550.0251 The powers and duties of the Division of Pari-1531 mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional 1532 Regulation.—The division shall administer this chapter and 1533 regulate the pari-mutuel industry under this chapter and the 1534 rules adopted pursuant thereto, and:

1535 (9) The division may conduct investigations in enforcing 1536 this chapter, except that all information obtained pursuant to 1537 an investigation by the division for an alleged violation of 1538 this chapter or rules of the division is exempt from s. 1539 119.07(1) and from s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution 1540 until an administrative complaint is issued or the investigation 1541 is closed or ceases to be active. This subsection does not 1542 prohibit the division from providing such information to any law 1543 enforcement agency or to any other regulatory agency. For the 1544 purposes of this subsection, an investigation is considered to 1545 be active while it is being conducted with reasonable dispatch 1546 and with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to 1547 an administrative, civil, or criminal action by the division or 1548 another administrative or law enforcement agency. Except for 1549 active criminal intelligence or criminal investigative information, as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011, and any other 1550

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1551 information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the safety of 1552 an individual, all information, records, and transcriptions 1553 become public when the investigation is closed or ceases to be 1554 active.

1555 Section 48. Subsection (6) of section 607.0505, Florida 1556 Statutes, is amended to read:

1557

607.0505 Registered agent; duties.-

1558 (6) Information provided to, and records and transcriptions 1559 of testimony obtained by, the Department of Legal Affairs 1560 pursuant to this section are confidential and exempt from the 1561 provisions of s. 119.07(1) while the investigation is active. 1562 For purposes of this section, an investigation shall be 1563 considered "active" while such investigation is being conducted 1564 with a reasonable, good faith belief that it may lead to the 1565 filing of an administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding. An 1566 investigation does not cease to be active so long as the 1567 department is proceeding with reasonable dispatch and there is a good faith belief that action may be initiated by the department 1568 1569 or other administrative or law enforcement agency. Except for 1570 active criminal intelligence or criminal investigative 1571 information, as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011, and information which, if disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as 1572 1573 defined in s. 688.002, or would jeopardize the safety of an 1574 individual, all information, records, and transcriptions become 1575 public record when the investigation is completed or ceases to 1576 be active. The department shall not disclose confidential 1577 information, records, or transcriptions of testimony except pursuant to the authorization by the Attorney General in any of 1578 1579 the following circumstances:



1580 (a) To a law enforcement agency participating in or 1581 conducting a civil investigation under chapter 895, or 1582 participating in or conducting a criminal investigation.

1583 (b) In the course of filing, participating in, or 1584 conducting a judicial proceeding instituted pursuant to this 1585 section or chapter 895.

1586 (c) In the course of filing, participating in, or conducting a judicial proceeding to enforce an order or judgment entered pursuant to this section or chapter 895.

(d) In the course of a criminal or civil proceeding.

A person or law enforcement agency which receives any 1592 information, record, or transcription of testimony that has been 1593 made confidential by this subsection shall maintain the confidentiality of such material and shall not disclose such 1594 1595 information, record, or transcription of testimony except as 1596 provided for herein. Any person who willfully discloses any 1597 information, record, or transcription of testimony that has been 1598 made confidential by this subsection, except as provided for 1599 herein, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, 1600 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If any 1601 information, record, or testimony obtained pursuant to 1602 subsection (2) is offered in evidence in any judicial 1603 proceeding, the court may, in its discretion, seal that portion 1604 of the record to further the policies of confidentiality set 1605 forth herein.

1606 Section 49. Subsection (6) of section 617.0503, Florida 1607 Statutes, is amended to read:

1608

617.0503 Registered agent; duties; confidentiality of



1609 investigation records.-

(6) Information provided to, and records and transcriptions 1610 1611 of testimony obtained by, the Department of Legal Affairs 1612 pursuant to this section are confidential and exempt from the 1613 provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 1614 Constitution while the investigation is active. For purposes of 1615 this section, an investigation shall be considered "active" 1616 while such investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, 1617 good faith belief that it may lead to the filing of an 1618 administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding. An investigation 1619 does not cease to be active so long as the department is 1620 proceeding with reasonable dispatch and there is a good faith 1621 belief that action may be initiated by the department or other 1622 administrative or law enforcement agency. Except for active criminal intelligence or criminal investigative information, as 1623 defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011, and information which, if 1624 1625 disclosed, would reveal a trade secret, as defined in s. 1626 688.002, or would jeopardize the safety of an individual, all 1627 information, records, and transcriptions become available to the 1628 public when the investigation is completed or ceases to be 1629 active. The department shall not disclose confidential 1630 information, records, or transcriptions of testimony except 1631 pursuant to authorization by the Attorney General in any of the 1632 following circumstances:

(a) To a law enforcement agency participating in or
conducting a civil investigation under chapter 895, or
participating in or conducting a criminal investigation.

(b) In the course of filing, participating in, orconducting a judicial proceeding instituted pursuant to this

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1638 section or chapter 895.

(c) In the course of filing, participating in, or conducting a judicial proceeding to enforce an order or judgment entered pursuant to this section or chapter 895.

(d) In the course of a criminal proceeding.

1644 A person or law enforcement agency that receives any 1645 information, record, or transcription of testimony that has been 1646 made confidential by this subsection shall maintain the 1647 confidentiality of such material and shall not disclose such 1648 information, record, or transcription of testimony except as 1649 provided for herein. Any person who willfully discloses any 1650 information, record, or transcription of testimony that has been 1651 made confidential by this subsection, except as provided for in 1652 this subsection, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If any 1653 1654 information, record, or testimony obtained pursuant to subsection (2) is offered in evidence in any judicial 1655 1656 proceeding, the court may, in its discretion, seal that portion 1657 of the record to further the policies of confidentiality set 1658 forth in this subsection.

1659 Section 50. Subsection (3) of section 636.064, Florida 1660 Statutes, is amended to read:

1661

1642

1643

636.064 Confidentiality.-

(3) Any information obtained or produced by the department or office pursuant to an examination or investigation is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until the examination report has been filed pursuant to s. 624.319 or until such

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1667 investigation is completed or ceases to be active. For purposes of this subsection, an investigation is considered "active" 1668 1669 while such investigation is being conducted by the department or 1670 office with a reasonable, good faith belief that it may lead to 1671 the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings. An 1672 investigation does not cease to be active if the department or 1673 office is proceeding with reasonable dispatch and there is a 1674 good faith belief that action may be initiated by the department 1675 or office or other administrative or law enforcement agency. 1676 Except for active criminal intelligence or criminal 1677 investigative information, as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011; 1678 personal financial and medical information; information that 1679 would defame or cause unwarranted damage to the good name or 1680 reputation of an individual; information that would impair the 1681 safety and financial soundness of the licensee or affiliated 1682 party; proprietary financial information; or information that 1683 would reveal the identity of a confidential source, all information obtained by the department or office pursuant to an 1684 1685 examination or investigation shall be available after the 1686 examination report has been filed or the investigation is 1687 completed or ceases to be active.

1688 Section 51. Paragraph (m) of subsection (2) of section 1689 668.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1690

668.50 Uniform Electronic Transaction Act.-

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section: (m) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form, including public records as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011.

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1696	Section 52. Section 668.6076, Florida Statutes, is amended
1697	to read:
1698	668.6076 Public records status of e-mail addresses; agency
1699	website notice.—Any agency, as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011 ,
1700	or legislative entity that operates a website and uses
1701	electronic mail shall post the following statement in a
1702	conspicuous location on its website:
1703	
1704	Under Florida law, e-mail addresses are public
1705	records. If you do not want your e-mail address
1706	released in response to a public records request, do
1707	not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead,
1708	contact this office by phone or in writing.
1709	Section 53. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
1710	741.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1711	741.313 Unlawful action against employees seeking
1712	protection
1713	(4)
1714	(c)1. A private employer must keep all information relating
1715	to the employee's leave under this section confidential.
1716	2. An agency, as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011 , must
1717	keep information relating to the employee's leave under this
1718	section confidential and exempt from disclosure to the extent
1719	authorized by subsection (7).
1720	Section 54. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section
1721	787.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1722	787.03 Interference with custody
1723	(6)
1724	(c)1. The current address and telephone number of the
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1725 person and the minor or incompetent person which are contained 1726 in the report made to a sheriff or state attorney under 1727 paragraph (b) are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and 1728 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

1729 2. A sheriff or state attorney may allow an agency, as
1730 defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011, to inspect and copy records
1731 made confidential and exempt under this paragraph in the
1732 furtherance of that agency's duties and responsibilities.

1733 3. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset 1734 Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and is repealed on 1735 October 2, 2011, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 1736 reenactment by the Legislature.

1737 Section 55. Subsection (5) of section 817.568, Florida 1738 Statutes, is amended to read:

1739 817.568 Criminal use of personal identification 1740 information.-

(5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows:

1745 (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a1746 felony of the third degree.

1747 (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a1748 felony of the second degree.

1749 (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a1750 felony of the first degree.

1752 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gain-1753 time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense that is

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1754 reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the 1755 ranking under s. 921.0022 of the felony offense committed, and a 1756 misdemeanor offense that is reclassified under this subsection 1757 is ranked in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart in s. 1758 921.0022.

1759 Section 56. Section 817.569, Florida Statutes, is amended 1760 to read:

1761 817.569 Criminal use of a public record or public records 1762 information; penalties.—A person who knowingly uses any public 1763 record, as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011, or who knowingly 1764 uses information obtainable only through such public record, to 1765 facilitate or further the commission of:

(1) A misdemeanor of the first degree, commits a
misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
775.082 or s. 775.083.

1769 (2) A felony, commits a felony of the third degree,
1770 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 57. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 893.0551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

893.0551 Public records exemption for the prescription drug monitoring program.-

(3) The department shall disclose such confidential and exempt information to the following entities after using a verification process to ensure the legitimacy of that person's or entity's request for the information:

(a) The Attorney General and his or her designee when
working on Medicaid fraud cases involving prescription drugs or
when the Attorney General has initiated a review of specific
identifiers of Medicaid fraud regarding prescription drugs. The

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1783 Attorney General or his or her designee may disclose the 1784 confidential and exempt information received from the department to a criminal justice agency as defined in s. 119.003 \pm 119.011 1785 1786 as part of an active investigation that is specific to a 1787 violation of prescription drug abuse or prescription drug diversion law as it relates to controlled substances. The 1788 1789 Attorney General's Medicaid fraud investigators may not have 1790 direct access to the department's database.

1791 (c) A law enforcement agency that has initiated an active 1792 investigation involving a specific violation of law regarding 1793 prescription drug abuse or diversion of prescribed controlled 1794 substances. The law enforcement agency may disclose the 1795 confidential and exempt information received from the department 1796 to a criminal justice agency as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011 1797 as part of an active investigation that is specific to a violation of prescription drug abuse or prescription drug 1798 1799 diversion law as it relates to controlled substances. A law 1800 enforcement agency may request information from the department 1801 but may not have direct access to its database.

Section 58. Subsection (5) of section 914.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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914.27 Confidentiality of victim and witness information.-

(5) For the purposes of effectively implementing s. 914.25, any state or local law enforcement agency, state attorney, or the statewide prosecutor may provide written notification to an agency as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011 or to a business entity operating under contract with, licensed by, or having any other business relationship with an agency, or providing services pursuant to s. 914.25, that information described in

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1812 subsection (1) held by that agency or business is confidential 1813 and exempt from public disclosure. The state or local law 1814 enforcement agency, state attorney, or the statewide prosecutor providing such written notification shall also provide written 1815 1816 notification to the agency or business as to when, in accordance 1817 with this section, identity and location information exempted 1818 pursuant to paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) can be made publicly 1819 available.

1820Section 59. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (9) of1821section 943.031, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

943.031 Florida Violent Crime and Drug Control Council.-

1823 (9) CONFIDENTIALITY; EXEMPTED PORTIONS OF COUNCIL MEETINGS
1824 AND RECORDS.-

1825 (a) The Legislature finds that during limited portions of the meetings of the Florida Violent Crime and Drug Control 1826 1827 Council it is necessary that the council be presented with and discuss details, information, and documents related to active 1828 1829 criminal investigations or matters constituting active criminal 1830 intelligence, as those concepts are defined by s. 119.003 s. 1831 119.011. These presentations and discussions are necessary for 1832 the council to make its funding decisions as required by the 1833 Legislature. The Legislature finds that to reveal the contents 1834 of documents containing active criminal investigative or 1835 intelligence information or to allow active criminal 1836 investigative or active criminal intelligence matters to be 1837 discussed in a meeting open to the public negatively impacts the 1838 ability of law enforcement agencies to efficiently continue 1839 their investigative or intelligence gathering activities. The 1840 Legislature finds that information coming before the council

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1841 that pertains to active criminal investigations or intelligence 1842 should remain confidential and exempt from public disclosure. 1843 The Legislature finds that the Florida Violent Crime and Drug 1844 Control Council may, by declaring only those portions of council 1845 meetings in which active criminal investigative or active 1846 criminal intelligence information is to be presented or 1847 discussed closed to the public, assure an appropriate balance 1848 between the policy of this state that meetings be public and the 1849 policy of this state to facilitate efficient law enforcement 1850 efforts.

(b) The Florida Violent Crime and Drug Control Council shall be considered a "criminal justice agency" within the definition of <u>s. 119.003(8)</u> s. 119.011(4).

1854 Section 60. Subsection (7) of section 943.0313, Florida 1855 Statutes, is amended to read:

1856 943.0313 Domestic Security Oversight Council.-The 1857 Legislature finds that there exists a need to provide executive 1858 direction and leadership with respect to terrorism prevention, 1859 preparation, protection, response, and recovery efforts by state 1860 and local agencies in this state. In recognition of this need, 1861 the Domestic Security Oversight Council is hereby created. The 1862 council shall serve as an advisory council pursuant to s. 1863 20.03(7) to provide guidance to the state's regional domestic 1864 security task forces and other domestic security working groups 1865 and to make recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature 1866 regarding the expenditure of funds and allocation of resources 1867 related to counter-terrorism and domestic security efforts.

1868(7) AGENCY DESIGNATION.—For purposes of this section, the1869Domestic Security Oversight Council shall be considered a



1870 criminal justice agency within the definition of <u>s. 119.003(8)</u> 1871 <u>s. 119.011(4)</u>.

1872 Section 61. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1873 943.0314, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1874 943.0314 Public records and public meetings exemptions;1875 Domestic Security Oversight Council.-

1876 (1) (a) That portion of a meeting of the Domestic Security 1877 Oversight Council at which the council will hear or discuss 1878 active criminal investigative information or active criminal 1879 intelligence information as defined in <u>s. 119.003</u> s. 119.011 is 1880 exempt from <u>s. 119.20</u> s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the 1881 State Constitution, if:

1882 1. The chair of the council announces at a public meeting 1883 that, in connection with the performance of the council's 1884 duties, it is necessary that active criminal investigative 1885 information or active criminal intelligence information be 1886 discussed.

1887 2. The chair declares the specific reasons that it is 1888 necessary to close the meeting, or portion thereof, in a 1889 document that is a public record and filed with the official 1890 records of the council.

3. The entire closed meeting is recorded. The recording must include the times of commencement and termination of the closed meeting or portion thereof, all discussion and proceedings, and the names of the persons present. No portion of the closed meeting shall be off the record. The recording shall be maintained by the council.

1897 Section 62. Subsection (2) of section 943.032, Florida 1898 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1899943.032 Financial Crime Analysis Center and Financial1900Transaction Database.-

1901 (2) The department shall compile information and data available 1902 from financial transaction reports required to be submitted by 1903 state or federal law that are provided to the Department of 1904 Financial Services, to the Office of Financial Regulation of the 1905 Financial Services Commission, to the Department of Revenue, or 1906 to which the department otherwise has access. Information and 1907 data so received shall be utilized by the department in the 1908 Financial Transaction Database. The department shall implement a 1909 system utilizing the database that allows data review and 1910 processing to reveal patterns, trends, and correlations that are 1911 indicative of money laundering or other financial transactions 1912 indicative of criminal activity. The department shall, in 1913 consultation with the Department of Financial Services, the 1914 Office of Financial Regulation of the Financial Services 1915 Commission, and the Department of Revenue, establish the methods 1916 and parameters by which information and data received by such 1917 agencies are transferred to the department for inclusion in the 1918 database. Information developed in or through the use of the 1919 database shall be made available to law enforcement agencies and 1920 prosecutors in this state in a manner defined by the department 1921 and as allowed by state or federal law or regulation. All information contained in the database shall be considered 1922 "active criminal intelligence" or "active criminal investigative 1923 information" as defined in s. 119.003 s. 119.011. 1924 Section 63. This act shall take effect October 1, 2010.

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1929	And the title is amended as follows:
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1931	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1932	and insert:
1933	A bill to be entitled
1934	An act relating to public records and public meetings;
1935	creating s. 119.001, F.S.; creating the "Open
1936	Government Act"; creating s. 119.002, F.S.; requiring
1937	all elected and appointed public officials to undergo
1938	education and training on the requirements of the Open
1939	Government Act; creating s. 119.003, F.S.; defining
1940	terms; amending s. 119.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-
1941	reference; requiring that the custodian of a public
1942	record furnish a copy or certified copy of the record
1943	to the person requesting the record after payment of a
1944	designated fee; providing that if the nature or volume
1945	of the public record requested to be inspected or
1946	copied requires more than 30 minutes, the agency may
1947	charge a fee for the agency resources incurred;
1948	providing for payment of the actual cost to duplicate
1949	a public records stored in an electronic format;
1950	authorizing an agency to charge a fee for converting a
1951	record into an electronic format; limiting the
1952	clerical cost of duplication of a record to the base
1953	hourly rate of the lowest paid personnel capable of
1954	providing such clerical or supervisory assistance;
1955	authorizing an agency to reduce or waive a fee
1956	pursuant to consistent policies; prohibiting an agency



1957 from charging a fee for the costs associated with 1958 redacting information from the record which the agency 1959 maintains is not subject to the public-records 1960 requirements; amending s. 119.071, F.S.; removing the 1961 definitions for the terms "security system plan," 1962 "commercial activity," and "commercial entity"; 1963 creating s. 119.13, F.S.; directing the Division of 1964 Library and Information Services of the Department of 1965 State to adopt a rule to establish a model policy for 1966 providing public access to public records; amending s. 1967 119.15, F.S.; providing that in the 10th year after 1968 reenactment of a statutory exemption, the exemption 1969 shall be repealed on October 2nd of that year, unless 1970 the Legislatures acts to reenact the exemption; 1971 creating s. 119.20, F.S.; providing that all meetings 1972 of any board or commission of any state agency or 1973 authority or of any agency or authority of any county, 1974 municipal corporation, or political subdivision at 1975 which official acts are to be taken are declared to be 1976 public meetings that are open to the public at all 1977 times; requiring that the minutes of a meeting of any 1978 board or commission or any state agency or authority 1979 be promptly recorded and open to the public; 1980 prohibiting a person or entity subject the open-1981 meetings requirements from holding meetings at any 1982 facility or location that discriminates on the basis 1983 of sex, age, race, creed, color, origin, or economic 1984 status or that operates in such a manner as to 1985 unreasonably restrict public access to such a



1986 facility; creating s. 119.201, F.S.; providing for 1987 certain specified exemptions from open-meeting 1988 requirements; setting forth the procedures by which 1989 the closed meeting must proceed; providing for future 1990 repeal of the exemption and review under the Open 1991 Government Sunset Review Act; creating s. 119.202, 1992 F.S.; prohibiting a member of a state, county, or 1993 municipal governmental board, commission, or agency 1994 who is present at a meeting at which an official 1995 decision, ruling, or other official act is to be taken 1996 or adopted from abstaining from voting in regard to 1997 any such decision; providing for procedures with 1998 respect to a possible conflict of interest of the 1999 member; creating s. 119.30, F.S.; providing penalties 2000 for violations of the Open Government Act; creating s. 2001 119.31, F.S.; authorizing the circuit courts of this 2002 state to issue injunctions to enforce the act; 2003 authorizing any person to petition the court for an 2004 injunction; creating s. 119.32, F.S.; providing for 2005 attorney's fees under certain circumstances; repealing 2006 ss. 119.011, 119.10, 119.12, 286.011, 286.0113, and 2007 286.012, F.S., relating to definitions, violations and 2008 penalties of public-records requirements, attorney's 2009 fees, public meetings, general exemptions from public-2010 meetings requirements, and voting requirements at 2011 meetings of governmental bodies, respectively; 2012 reenacting s. 27.02(2), F.S., relating to the duties 2013 of the state attorney before the circuit court; 2014 reenacting s. 119.01(2)(f), F.S., relating to state

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2015 policy on public records; reenacting s. 2016 119.0712(1)(d), F.S., relating to specific exemptions 2017 from inspection or copying of public records for 2018 executive branch agencies; reenacting s. 2019 119.084(2)(a), F.S., relating to the copyright of data 2020 processing software created by governmental agencies; 2021 reenacting s. 455.219(6), F.S., relating to licensure 2022 fees charged by professional boards; reenacting s. 2023 456.025(11), F.S., relating to costs of regulating 2024 health care professions and practitioners; reenacting 2025 ss. 458.3193(1)(c) and 459.0083(1)(c), F.S., relating 2026 to confidentiality of certain information contained in 2027 physician workforce surveys; reenacting s. 2028 472.011(16), F.S., relating to fees the surveyors and 2029 mappers board may charge for application, examination, 2030 reexamination, and licensing; reenacting s. 2031 1012.31(2)(e), F.S., relating to public school system 2032 employee personnel files, to incorporate the 2033 amendments made to s. 119.07, F.S., in references 2034 thereto; reenacting s. 17.076(5), F.S., relating to 2035 the direct deposit of funds for a person who is 2036 drawing a salary or retirement benefits from the 2037 state; reenacting s. 119.0714, F.S., relating to court 2038 files and court records; reenacting s. 1007.35(8)(b), 2039 F.S., relating to the Florida Partnership for Minority 2040 and Underrepresented Student Achievement Act, to 2041 incorporate the amendments made to s. 119.071, F.S., 2042 in references thereto; amending ss. 11.0431, 28.001, 28.24, 73.0155, 97.0585, 112.3188, 163.61, 257.34, 2043

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2044	257.35, 281.301, 364.107, 382.0085, 383.402, 550.0251,
2045	607.0505, 617.0503, 636.064, 668.50, 668.6076,
2046	713.313, 787.03, 817.568, 817.569, 893.0551, 914.27,
2047	943.031, 943.0313, 943.0314, and 943.032, F.S.;
2048	conforming cross-references;; providing an effective
2049	date.