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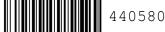
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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Banking and Insurance

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to consumer credit protection; reordering and amending s. 559.55, F.S.; revising definitions relating to the regulation of debt collection practices; amending s. 559.551, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 559.552, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the relationship between state and federal law; creating s. 559.5522, F.S.; providing the powers of the Office of Financial Regulation; creating s. 559.5524, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules; amending s. 559.553, F.S.; deleting all exemptions from registration as a consumer collection agency; amending s. 559.555, F.S.; revising procedures for registering as a consumer collection agency; increasing the registration fee; requiring background screening of applicants and control persons; providing grounds for registration issuance or denial; requiring annual renewal; creating s. 559.5551, F.S.; providing for registration renewal; creating s. 559.5554, F.S.; requiring a licensee to obtain a surety bond and provide proof of such bond to the office; creating s. 559.556, F.S.; requiring a consumer collection agency to maintain records; repealing s. 559.563, F.S., relating to void registrations; amending s. 559.565, F.S.; expanding the authority of the Attorney General to take action against an out-of-state consumer



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collection agency; creating s. 559.566, F.S.; specifying how a debt collector may communicate with a consumer; amending s. 559.715, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 559.72, F.S.; revising prohibited acts, including violations of communication procedures; specifying acts of harassment; adding violations relating to prior criminal acts and failure to conform with registration requirements; amending s. 559.725, F.S.; revising provisions relating to consumer complaints about a consumer collection agency; creating s. 559.726, F.S.; providing for the issuance of subpoenas by the office; creating s. 559.727, F.S.; authorizing the office to issue cease and desist orders; amending s. 559.730, F.S.; revising provisions relating to administrative remedies; increasing the maximum penalty; authorizing the office to adopt rules relating to penalty guidelines; deleting the 2-year limitation on bringing an administrative action; amending s. 559.77, F.S.; revising provisions relating to civil remedies; deleting a provision that provides protection from liability for bona fide errors; extending the statute of limitations; amending s. 559.78, F.S.; revising provisions relating to judicial enforcement; amending s. 559.785, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for failure to obtain licensure; creating s. 559.786, F.S.; providing that a violation of provisions relating to debt collectors is a violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade



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Practices Act; providing a directive to the Division of Statutory Revision; creating s. 559.101, F.S.; providing a short title; transferring, renumbering, reordering, and amending s. 817.801, F.S.; revising definitions relating to debt relief services; creating s. 559.103, F.S.; providing the powers of the Office of Financial Regulation; creating s. 559.104, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 817.803, F.S.; revising provisions relating to who is not subject to the Debt Relief Services Act; providing an exception for attorneys representing clients; creating s. 559.106, F.S.; requiring debt relief organizations to be registered with the office; providing a registration fee; requiring background screening of applicants and control persons; providing grounds for registration issuance or denial; requiring annual renewal; creating s. 559.107, F.S.; requiring registration renewal; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 817.804, F.S.; requiring a credit counseling organization to obtain a surety bond and to provide proof of such bond to the office; creating s. 559.109, F.S.; requiring a debt relief organization to maintain records; creating s. 559.111, F.S.; requiring a debt relief organization to prepare a financial analysis for the debtor; providing for service contracts; requiring certain provisions to be included in such contracts; requiring the credit counseling organization to provide the debtor with copies of all



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signed documents; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 817.805, F.S.; conforming terms to changes made by the act; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 817.802, F.S.; prohibiting a debt relief organization from engaging in certain additional specified acts; deleting a provision that allows the organization to collect a fee for insufficient fund transactions; creating s. 559.114, F.S.; providing for debtor complaints to the office; providing procedures and office duties; creating s. 559.115, F.S.; providing for the issuance of subpoenas by the office; creating s. 559.116, F.S.; authorizing the office to issue cease and desist orders; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 817.806, F.S.; conforming terms to changes made by the act; providing administrative penalties; specifying violations that result in criminal penalties; repealing 559.10, 559.11, 559.12, and 559.13, F.S., relating to obsolete provisions concerning budget planning; amending s. 516.07, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; delaying the expiration of certain current registrations of consumer collection agencies; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 559.55, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

114 559.55 Definitions.-As used in The following terms shall,



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unless the context otherwise indicates, have the following meanings for the purpose of this part, the term:

- (1) "Commission" means the Financial Services Commission.
- (7) (1) "Debt" or "consumer debt" means any obligation or alleged obligation of a consumer to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance, or services that which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, whether or not such obligation has been reduced to judgment.
- (3) (2) "Debtor" or "Consumer" means any natural person obligated or allegedly obligated to pay any debt.
- (6) (3) "Creditor" means any person who offers or extends credit creating a debt or to whom a debt is owed, but does not include a any person who receives to the extent that they receive an assignment or transfer of a debt in default solely for the purpose of facilitating the collection of such debt for another.
- (11) (4) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of the Financial Services Commission.
- (2) (5) "Communication" means the conveying of information regarding a debt, directly or indirectly, to any person through any medium.
- (8) "Debt collector" means <u>a</u> any person who uses any instrumentality of commerce within this state or the mails, whether initiated from within or outside this state, in \underline{a} any business whose the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or who regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another. Notwithstanding paragraph (f), the term "debt



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collector" includes a any creditor who, in the process of collecting her or his own debts, uses any name other than her or his own which indicates would indicate that a third person is collecting or attempting to collect such debts. The term also includes a person who uses any instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails to enforce a security interest. The term does not include:

- (a) An Any officer or employee of a creditor who while, in the name of the creditor, collects collecting debts for such creditor;
- (b) A Any person while acting as a debt collector for another person, both of whom are related by common ownership or affiliated by corporate control, if the person acting as a debt collector for persons to whom it is so related or affiliated and if the principal business of such persons is not the collection of debts;
- (c) An Any officer or employee of any federal, state, or local governmental body to the extent that collecting or attempting to collect any debt is in the performance of her or his official duties;
- (d) A Any person while serving or attempting to serve legal process on another any other person in connection with the judicial enforcement of \underline{a} any debt;
- (e) A Any not-for-profit organization that which, at the request of consumers, performs bona fide consumer credit counseling and assists consumers in the liquidation of their debts by receiving payments from such consumers and distributing such payments amounts to creditors; or
 - (f) A Any person collecting or attempting to collect any



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debt if owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another to the extent that such activity is incidental to a bona fide fiduciary obligation or a bona fide escrow arrangement; concerns a debt that which was originated by such person; concerns a debt that which was not in default at the time it was obtained by such person; or concerns a debt obtained by such person as a secured party in a commercial credit transaction involving the creditor.

- (q) An attorney licensed to practice law in this state who is collecting a debt as serted to be owed or due another as an ancillary matter to her or his representation of the debt collector as a client.
- (4) $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ "Consumer collection agency" means <u>a</u> any debt collector or <u>a</u> business entity, employing one or more debt collectors, which is engaged in the business of soliciting consumer debts for collection or $\frac{\mathrm{of}}{\mathrm{collecting}}$ consumer debts τ which debt collector or business is not expressly exempted as set forth in s. 559.553(4).
- (5) "Control person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, or other organization that possesses the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) A company's executive officers, including the president, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operations officer, chief legal officer, chief compliance officer, director, or other individuals having similar status or functions.
 - (b) For a corporation, each shareholder who, directly or



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indirectly, owns 10 percent or more, or who has the power to vote 10 percent or more, of a class of voting securities unless the applicant is a publicly traded company.

- (c) For a partnership, all general partners and limited or special partners who have contributed 10 percent or more, or who have the right to receive upon dissolution 10 percent or more, of the partnership's capital.
 - (d) For a trust, each trustee.
- (e) For a limited liability company, all managing members and those members who have contributed 10 percent or more, or who have the right to receive upon dissolution 10 percent or more, of the partnership's capital.
- (8) "Out-of-state consumer debt collector" means any person whose business activities in this state involve both collecting or attempting to collect consumer debt from debtors located in this state by means of interstate communication originating from outside this state and soliciting consumer debt accounts for collection from creditors who have a business presence in this state. For purposes of this subsection, a creditor has a business presence in this state if either the creditor or an affiliate or subsidiary of the creditor has an office in this state.
- (9) "Federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act" or "Federal Act" means the federal legislation regulating fair debt collection practices, as set forth in Pub. L. No. 95-109, as amended and published in 15 U.S.C. ss. 1692 et seq.
- (10) "Location information" means a consumer's place of residence and his or her telephone number, or the consumer's place of employment.



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Section 2. Section 559.551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.551 Short title.—This part Sections 559.55-559.785 may be cited as the "Florida Consumer Collection Practices Act."

Section 3. Section 559.552, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.552 Relationship of state and federal law. Nothing in This part does not shall be construed to limit or restrict the continued applicability of the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act to consumer collection practices in this state and. This part is in addition to the requirements and regulations of the federal act. If there is In the event of any inconsistency between any provision of this part and any provision of the federal act, the provision that which is more protective of the consumer prevails or debtor shall prevail.

Section 4. Section 559.5522, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.5522 Powers and duties of the Office of Financial Regulation; fees.-

- (1) The office is responsible for the administration and enforcement of this part.
- (2) The office may conduct an investigation of any person if the office has reason to believe, upon complaint or otherwise, that any violation of this part may have been committed or is about to be committed.
- (3) All fees, charges, and fines collected pursuant to this part shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Regulatory Trust Fund under the office.
 - Section 5. Section 559.5524, Florida Statutes, is created



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- 559.5524 Rules.—The commission may adopt rules to administer this part, including rules:
- (1) Requiring electronic submission of any forms, documents, or fees required under this part.
- (2) Establishing time periods during which an applicant for registration is barred from registration or a registered consumer collection agency is barred from renewal due to prior criminal convictions of, or guilty or nolo contendere pleas by, any of the applicant's or registrant's control persons, regardless of adjudication.
 - (a) The rules must provide:
- 1. Permanent bars for felonies involving money laundering, breach of trust, dishonesty, embezzlement, fraud, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, racketeering, or theft;
- 2. A 15-year disqualifying period for felonies involving moral turpitude;
- 3. A 7-year disqualifying period for all other felonies; and
- 4. A 5-year disqualifying period for misdemeanors involving fraud, dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude.
- (b) The rules may provide for an additional waiting period due to dates of imprisonment or community supervision, the commitment of multiple crimes, and other factors reasonably related to the applicant's criminal history.
- (c) The rules may provide for mitigating factors for crimes identified in subparagraph (a) 2. However, the mitigation may not result in a period of disqualification less than 7 years. The



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rule may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in subparagraphs (a) 1., (a) 3., and (a) 4.

- (d) An applicant is not eligible for registration until the expiration of the disqualifying period set by rule.
- (e) Section 112.011 is not applicable to eligibility for registration under this part.

Section 6. Section 559.553, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.553 Registration of consumer collection agencies required; exemptions.-

- (1) A After January 1, 1994, No person may not shall engage in business in this state as a consumer collection agency or act as, advertise, or hold themselves out as a consumer collection agency continue to do business in this state as a consumer collection agency without first registering in accordance with this part, and thereafter maintaining a valid registration. This applies to a consumer collection agency operating in this state or from another state, regardless of whether such agency is registered, licensed, or the equivalent in accordance with the laws of another state.
- (2) Each consumer collection agency doing business in this state shall register with the office and renew such registration annually as set forth in s. 559.555.
- (3) A prospective registrant shall be entitled to be registered when registration information is complete on its face and the applicable registration fee has been paid; however, the office may reject a registration submitted by a prospective registrant if the registrant or any principal of the registrant previously has held any professional license or state

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- 597-02866A-10 registration which was the subject of any suspension or revocation which has not been explained by the prospective registrant to the satisfaction of the office either in the registration information submitted initially or upon the subsequent written request of the office. In the event that an attempted registration is rejected by the office the prospective registrant shall be informed of the basis for rejection. (4) This section shall not apply to: (a) Any original creditor. (b) Any member of The Florida Bar. (c) Any financial institution authorized to do business in this state and any wholly owned subsidiary and affiliate thereof. (d) Any licensed real estate broker. (e) Any insurance company authorized to do business in this state. (f) Any consumer finance company and any wholly owned subsidiary and affiliate thereof.
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 - (g) Any person licensed pursuant to chapter 520.
 - (h) Any out-of-state consumer debt collector who does not solicit consumer debt accounts for collection from credit grantors who have a business presence in this state.
 - (i) Any FDIC-insured institution or subsidiary or affiliate thereof.
 - (5) Any out-of-state consumer debt collector as defined in s. 559.55(8) who is not exempt from registration by application of subsection (4) and who fails to register in accordance with this part shall be subject to an enforcement action by the state as specified in s. 559.565.



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Section 7. Section 559.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

- s. 559.555, F.S., for present text.)
- 559.555 Registration of consumer collection agency.-
- (1) Effective April 1, 2011, each person who acts as a consumer collection agency must be registered in accordance with this section.
- (2) In order to apply for registration, an applicant must submit:
- (a) A completed registration application form as prescribed by commission rule which includes the name and principal business address and e-mail address of the consumer collection agency.
- (b) A nonrefundable registration fee of \$750. The registration fee is nonrefundable and may not be prorated for a partial year of registration.
- (c) Fingerprints for the applicant and each of the applicant's control persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission.
- 1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the office.
- 2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint card.
- 3. A state criminal history background check must be conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement, and a federal criminal history background check must be conducted through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.



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- 4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an annual fee to the department to participate in the system and inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no longer required to be retained.
- 5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person subject to the background check.
- 6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of the state and federal criminal history checks and determining whether the applicant meets registration requirements.
- (d) Documentation demonstrating that the surety bond requirements specified in s. 559.5554 have been satisfied.
- (e) Additional information or documentation requested by the office and required by rule concerning the applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional information may include documentation of pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility for registration.
- (3) An application is considered received for the purposes of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of the completed



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application form, required documentation, criminal history information, the registration application fee, and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees.

- (4) The office shall issue a consumer collection agency registration to each applicant who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial of registration if the applicant or one of the applicant's control persons:
- (a) Has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty to, any felony, any crime involving racketeering, fraud, theft, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, breach of trust, dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude;
 - (b) Has committed any violation specified in s. 559.72;
- (c) Is the subject of a pending felony criminal prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement action, in any jurisdiction, which involves racketeering, fraud, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, theft, dishonesty, breach of trust, or any other act of moral turpitude;
- (d) Pays the office any fee, fine, or other amount with a check or electronic transmission of funds which fails to clear the applicant's financial institution;
- (e) Makes a material misstatement on any form, document, or record required to be submitted under this part or the rules of the commission; or
- (f) Has been the subject of any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial,



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- judgment, or other adverse action by any state or federal agency.
- (5) A registration issued under this section expires annually on March 31 unless canceled, suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated, and must be renewed as provided under s. 559.5551.

Section 8. Effective April 1, 2011, section 559.5551, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.5551 Registration renewal.-

- (1) To renew a consumer collection agency registration, the agency must submit:
- (a) A completed registration renewal form as prescribed by commission rule.
- (b) Fingerprints in accordance with s. 559.555 for any new control persons who have not previously been screened.
- (c) Any additional information or documentation requested by the office and required by rule concerning the registrant or control person of the registrant. Additional information may include documentation of any pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the office with the appropriate information to determine edibility for renewal of registration.
- (d) A nonrefundable renewal fee of \$750 and nonrefundable fee to cover the cost of further fingerprint processing and retention as set forth in commission rule.



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(2) The office may not renew a consumer collection agency registration unless the registrant continues to meet the minimum requirements for initial registration under s. 559.555 and adopted rule.

Section 9. Section 559.5554, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.5554 Surety bond.-

- (1) Pursuant to an application for registration and renewal under this part, an applicant must obtain and maintain a surety bond from a surety company authorized to do business in this state. The amount and form of the bond shall be specified by rule and must be at least \$100,000 but may not exceed \$1 million. The rule must provide allowances for business volume. The bond shall be in favor of the state for the use and benefit of any consumer who suffers or sustains any loss or damage by reason of any violation of this part.
- (2) Pursuant to initial registration and renewal, each applicant shall furnish to the office:
- (a) The original executed surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state.
- (b) A statement from the surety company that the premium for the bond has been paid in full by the applicant.
- (c) A statement from the surety company that the bond issued by the surety company meets the requirements of this part.
- (3) The liability of the surety company under any bond issued pursuant to this section may not, in the aggregate, exceed the amount of the bond regardless of the number or amount of any claims filed or which might be asserted against the



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surety on such bond. If multiple claims are filed which collectively exceed the amount of the bond, the surety may pay the full amount of the bond to the office and is not further liable under the bond. The office shall hold such funds for distribution to claimants and administratively determine and pay to each claimant a pro rata share of each valid claim made within 6 months after the date the first claim is filed against the surety.

Section 10. Section 559.5556, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.5556 Maintenance of records.—

- (1) Each registered consumer collection agency shall maintain, at the principal place of business designated on the registration, all books, accounts, records, and documents necessary to determine the registrant's compliance with this part.
- (2) The office may authorize the maintenance of records at a location other than a principal place of business. The office may require books, accounts, and records to be produced and available at a reasonable and convenient location in this state.
- (3) The commission may prescribe by rule the minimum information to be shown in the books, accounts, records, and documents of registrants so that such records enable the office to determine the registrant's compliance with this part.
- (4) All books, accounts, records, documents, and receipts of any debt collection transaction must be preserved and kept available for inspection by the office for at least 5 years after the date the transaction is completed. The commission may prescribe by rule requirements for the destruction of books,



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accounts, records, and documents retained by the registrant after the completion of the 5 years.

Section 11. Section 559.563, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 12. Section 559.565, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.565 Enforcement action against an unregistered against out-of-state consumer collection agency debt collector. - The remedies of this section are cumulative to other sanctions and enforcement provisions of this part for any violation by a an out-of-state consumer collection agency debt collector, as defined in s. 559.55(8).

- (1) A Any out-of-state consumer collection agency that is required to be registered and that debt collector who collects or attempts to collect consumer debts in this state without first registering in accordance with this part is shall be subject to an administrative fine of up to \$25,000, plus not to exceed \$1,000 together with reasonable attorney fees and court costs, in any successful action by the state to collect such fines.
- (2) Any person, whether or not exempt from registration under this part, who violates the provisions of s. 559.72 is shall be subject to sanctions for such violations the same as any other consumer collection agency debt collector, including imposition of an administrative fine. The registration of a duly registered out-of-state consumer debt collector shall be subject to revocation or suspension in the same manner as the registration of any other registrant under this part.
- (3) In order to effectuate the provisions of this section and enforce the requirements of this part as it relates to an



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out-of-state consumer collection agency debt collectors, the Attorney General is expressly authorized to initiate such action on behalf of the state as he or she deems appropriate in any state court or federal district court, as appropriate, including an action for injunctive relief on behalf of consumers of competent jurisdiction. The Attorney General may recover attorney's fees and costs resulting from such actions.

Section 13. Section 559.566, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.566 Communication.

- (1) In the course of any communication by a debt collector with any person other than the consumer for the purpose of acquiring location information about the consumer, the debt collector must:
- (a) Identify himself or herself, state that he or she is confirming or correcting location information concerning the consumer, and, only if expressly requested, identify his or her employer;
 - (b) Not state that such consumer owes any debt;
- (c) Not communicate with such person more than once unless requested to do so by such person or unless the debt collector reasonably believes that the earlier response of such person is erroneous or incomplete and that such person now has correct or complete location information;
 - (d) Not communicate by post card; and
- (e) Not use any language or symbol on any envelope or in the contents of any communication effected by the mails or telegram which indicates that the debt collector is in the debt collection business or that the communication relates to the



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collection of a debt.

- (2) Without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector or pursuant to express court permission, a debt collector may not communicate with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt:
- (a) At any unusual time or place or a time or place that is known or should be known to be inconvenient to the consumer. In the absence of knowledge to the contrary, a debt collector shall assume that the convenient time for communicating with a consumer is after 8 a.m. and before 9 p.m. local time at the consumer's location;
- (b) If the debt collector knows the consumer is represented by an attorney with respect to such debt and has knowledge of, or can readily ascertain, such attorney's name and address; however, the debt collector may communicate with the consumer if the attorney fails to respond within a reasonable period of time to a communication from the debt collector or the attorney consents to direct communication with the consumer; or
- (c) At the consumer's place of employment if the debt collector knows or has reason to know that the consumer's employer prohibits the consumer from receiving such communication at his or her place of employment.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (1), without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector, pursuant to express court permission, or as reasonably necessary to effectuate a postjudgment judicial remedy, a debt collector may not communicate with any person other than a consumer, his or her attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or



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the attorney of the debt collector in connection with the collection of a debt.

- (4) If a consumer notifies a debt collector in writing that the consumer refuses to pay a debt or that the consumer wishes the debt collector to cease further communication with the consumer, the debt collector may not communicate further with the consumer with respect to such debt, except to:
- (a) Advise the consumer that the debt collector's further efforts are being terminated;
- (b) Notify the consumer that the debt collector or creditor may invoke specified remedies that are ordinarily invoked by such debt collector or creditor; or
- (c) Notify the consumer that the debt collector or creditor intends to invoke a specified remedy, where applicable. If such notice from the consumer is made by mail, notification is complete upon receipt.
- (5) For the purpose of this section, the term "consumer" includes the consumer's spouse, quardian, executor, or administrator, or, if the consumer is a minor, a parent.

Section 14. Section 559.715, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.715 Assignment of consumer debts.—This part does not prohibit the assignment, by a creditor, of the right to bill and collect a consumer debt. However, the assignee must give the consumer debtor written notice of such assignment within 30 days after the assignment. The assignee is a real party in interest and may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to collect a debt that has been assigned to the such assignee and is in default.



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Section 15. Section 559.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 559.72 Prohibited practices generally.-
- (1) In collecting consumer debts, a no person may not shall:
 - (a) Violate the communication requirements of s. 559.566.
- (b)(1) Simulate in any manner a law enforcement officer or a representative of any governmental agency. +
 - (2) Use or threaten force or violence;
- (c) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ Tell a consumer debtor who disputes a consumer debt that she or he or any person employing her or him will disclose to another, orally or in writing, directly or indirectly, information affecting the consumer's debtor's reputation for credit worthiness without also informing the consumer debtor that the existence of the dispute will also be disclosed as required by paragraph (f). subsection (6);
- (d) (4) Communicate or threaten to communicate with a consumer's debtor's employer before prior to obtaining final judgment against the consumer debtor, unless the consumer debtor gives her or his permission in writing to contact her or his employer or acknowledges in writing the existence of the debt after the debt has been placed for collection. However, but this does shall not prohibit a person from telling the consumer debtor that her or his employer will be contacted if a final judgment is obtained .. +
- (e) (5) Disclose to a person other than the consumer debtor or her or his family information affecting the consumer's debtor's reputation, whether or not for credit worthiness, with knowledge or reason to know that the other person does not have



a legitimate business need for the information or that the information is false. \div

(f) (6) Disclose information concerning the existence of a debt known to be reasonably disputed by the consumer debtor without disclosing that fact. If a disclosure is made before prior to such reasonable dispute has having been asserted and written notice is received from the consumer debtor that any part of the debt is disputed, and if such dispute is reasonable, the person who made the original disclosure must shall reveal upon the request of the consumer debtor within 30 days the details of the dispute to each person to whom disclosure of the debt without notice of the dispute was made within the preceding 90 days.;

- (q) Engage in any conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse any person in connection with the collection of a debt, which includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. The use or threat of the use of violence or other criminal means to harm the physical person, reputation, or property of any person.
- 2. The use of obscene or profane language or language the natural consequence of which is to abuse the hearer or reader.
- 3. The publication of a list of consumers who allegedly refuse to pay debts, except to a consumer reporting agency.
- 4. The advertisement for sale of any debt to coerce payment of the debt.
- 5. Causing a telephone to ring or engaging any person in telephone conversation repeatedly or continuously with intent to annoy, abuse, or harass any person at the called number.
 - 6. Except as provided in s. 559.566(1), the placement of



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telephone calls without meaningful disclosure of the caller's identity.

(7) Willfully communicate with the debtor or any member of her or his family with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass the debtor or her or his family, or willfully engage in other conduct which can reasonably be expected to abuse or harass the debtor or any member of her or his family;

(8) Use profane, obscene, vulgar, or willfully abusive language in communicating with the debtor or any member of her or his family;

(h) (9) Claim, attempt, or threaten to enforce a debt when such person knows that the debt is not legitimate, or assert the existence of some other legal right when such person knows that the right does not exist. +

(i) (10) Use a communication that which simulates in any manner legal or judicial process or that which gives the appearance of being authorized, issued, or approved by a government, governmental agency, or attorney at law, when it is not.

(j) (11) Communicate with a consumer debtor under the guise of an attorney by using the stationery of an attorney or forms or instruments that which only attorneys are authorized to prepare.+

(k) (12) Orally communicate with a consumer debtor in such a manner as to give the false impression or appearance that such person is or is associated with an attorney. +

(13) Advertise or threaten to advertise for sale any debt as a means to enforce payment except under court order or when acting as an assignee for the benefit of a creditor;



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(14) Publish or post, threaten to publish or post, or cause to be published or posted before the general public individual names or any list of names of debtors, commonly known as a deadbeat list, for the purpose of enforcing or attempting to enforce collection of consumer debts;

(1) (15) Refuse to provide adequate identification of herself or himself or her or his employer or other entity whom she or he represents when requested to do so by a consumer debtor from whom she or he is collecting or attempting to collect a consumer debt. +

(16) Mail any communication to a debtor in an envelope or postcard with words typed, written, or printed on the outside of the envelope or postcard calculated to embarrass the debtor. An example of this would be an envelope addressed to "Deadbeat, Jane Doe" or "Deadbeat, John Doe";

(17) Communicate with the debtor between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor;

(18) Communicate with a debtor if the person knows that the debtor is represented by an attorney with respect to such debt and has knowledge of, or can readily ascertain, such attorney's name and address, unless the debtor's attorney fails to respond within a reasonable period of time to a communication from the person, unless the debtor's attorney consents to a direct communication with the debtor, or unless the debtor initiates the communication; or

(m) (19) Cause a consumer to be charged charges to be made to any debtor for communications by concealing concealment of the true purpose of the communication, including collect



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telephone calls and telegram fees.

- (2) The office may take any actions permitted under s. 559.730 if the consumer collection agency:
- (a) Has been found quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty to, any felony, any crime involving racketeering, fraud, breach of trust, theft, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, dishonesty, or any other acts of moral turpitude.
- (b) Fails to maintain the surety bond required pursuant to s. 559.5554.
- (c) Fails to maintain books, records, or other documents required by this part and the rules of the commission.
- (d) Fails to permit an investigation of books and records by the office, or fails to comply with an office subpoena or subpoena duces tecum.
- (e) Fails to report on a form prescribed by commission rule any change to information contained in any initial application form or any amendment to the application within 30 days after the change is effective.
- (f) Fails to comply with any rule or order adopted pursuant to this part, or any written agreement entered into with the office.
- (g) Fails to comply with, or violates, any other provision of this part.
- (h) Pays the office any fee, fine, or other amount with a check or electronic transmission of funds which fails to clear the applicant's or registrant's financial institution.
 - (i) Makes a material misstatement on any form, document, or



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record required to be submitted under this part or the rules of the commission.

- (j) Has been the subject of any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, or other adverse action by any state or federal agency.
- (3) A violation of this section by a control person, employee, or agent of a consumer collection agency shall be treated as a violation by the consumer collection agency.

Section 16. Section 559.725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.725 Consumer complaints; administrative duties.-

- (1) The office division of Consumer Services of the department of Financial Services shall receive and maintain serve as the registry for receiving and maintaining records of inquiries, correspondence, and complaints from consumers concerning any and all persons who collect debts, including consumer collection agencies.
- (2) The division shall classify complaints by type and identify the number of written complaints against persons collecting or attempting to collect debts in this state, including credit grantors collecting their own debts, debt collectors generally, and, specifically, consumer collection agencies as distinguished from other persons who collect debts such as commercial debt collection agencies regulated under part V of this chapter. The division shall identify the nature and number of various kinds of written complaints, including specifically those alleging violations of s. 559.72.
 - (2) (3) The office division shall inform and furnish



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relevant information to the appropriate regulatory body of the state or the Federal Government, or The Florida Bar in the case of attorneys, if a person when any consumer debt collector exempt from registration under this part has been named in a five or more written consumer complaint complaints alleging violations of s. 559.72 within a 12-month period.

- (4) The division shall furnish a form to each complainant whose complaint concerns an alleged violation of s. 559.72 by a consumer collection agency. Such form may be filed with the office. The form shall identify the accused consumer collection agency and provide for the complainant's summary of the nature of the alleged violation and facts which allegedly support the complaint. The form shall include a provision for the complainant to state under oath before a notary public that the allegations therein made are true.
- (5) Upon receipt of such sworn complaint, the office shall promptly furnish a copy of the sworn complaint to the accused consumer collection agency.
- (3) (6) The office shall investigate sworn complaints by direct written communication with the complainant and the affected consumer collection agency. In addition, the office shall attempt to resolve each sworn complaint and shall record the resolution of such complaints.
- (7) Periodically, the office shall identify consumer collection agencies that have unresolved sworn consumer complaints from five or more different consumers within a 12month period under the provisions of this part.
- (8) The office shall issue a written warning notice to the accused consumer collection agency if the office is unable to



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resolve all such sworn complaints and fewer than five unresolved complaints remain. Such notice shall include a statement that the warning may constitute evidence in any future investigation of similar complaints against that agency and in any future administrative determination of the imposition of other administrative remedies available to the office under this part.

(9) The office may issue a written reprimand when five or more such unresolved sworn complaints against a consumer collection agency collectively fall short of constituting apparent repeated violations that warrant more serious administrative sanctions. Such reprimand shall include a statement that the reprimand may constitute evidence in any future investigation of similar complaints against that agency and in any future administrative determination of the imposition of other administrative remedies available to the office.

(10) The office shall issue a notice of intent either to revoke or suspend the registration or to impose an administrative fine when the office preliminarily determines that repeated violations of s. 559.72 by an accused registrant have occurred which would warrant more serious administrative sanctions being imposed under this part. The office shall advise each registrant of the right to require an administrative hearing under chapter 120, prior to the agency's final action on the matter as authorized by s. 559.730.

(4) (11) The office shall advise the appropriate state attorney, or the Attorney General in the case of an out-of-state consumer debt collector, of any determination by the office of a violation of the requirements of this part by any consumer collection agency that which is not registered as required by



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this part. The office shall furnish the state attorney or Attorney General with the office's information concerning the alleged violations of such requirements.

(5) A registered consumer collection agency must provide a written response to the office within 20 days after receipt of a written request from the office for information concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in the complaint. The office may impose an administrative fine of up to \$2,500 per request per day upon any registrant that fails to comply with this subsection.

Section 17. Section 559.726, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.726 Subpoenas.-

(1) The office may:

- (a) Issue and serve subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials relevant to an investigation conducted by the office. The office, or its authorized representative, may administer oaths and affirmations to any person.
- (b) Seek subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum from any court to command the appearance of witnesses and the production of books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a time and place named in the subpoenas, and an authorized representative of the office may serve such subpoenas.
- (2) If there is substantial noncompliance with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the office, the office may petition the court in the county where the person subpoenaed resides or has his or her principal place of business for an



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order requiring the person to appear, testify, or produce such books, accounts, records, and other documents as are specified in the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum.

- (3) The office is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, a petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum shall be taxed against the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is a contempt of court.
- (4) To aid in the enforcement of this part, the office may require or permit a person to file a statement in writing, under oath, or otherwise as the office determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning the matter to be investigated.

Section 18. Section 559.727, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.727 Cease and desist orders.—The office may issue and serve upon any person an order to cease and desist and to take corrective action if it has reason to believe the person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this part, any rule or order issued under this part, or any written agreement between the person and the office. All procedural matters relating to issuance and enforcement of such order are governed by the Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 19. Section 559.730, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.730 Administrative remedies.

(1) The office may impose an administrative fine on, or revoke or suspend the registration of a any registrant under



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this part who has committed a violation of engaged in repeated violations which establish a clear pattern of abuse of prohibited collection practices under s. 559.72. Final office action to fine, suspend, or revoke or suspend the registration of <u>a</u> any registrant <u>is</u> shall be subject to review in accordance with chapter 120 in the same manner as revocation of a license. The repeated violations of the law by one employee shall not be grounds for revocation or suspension of the registration of the employing consumer collection agency, unless the employee is also the owner of a majority interest in the collection agency.

- (2) The registration of a registrant shall not be revoked or suspended if the registrant shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the violations were not intentional and resulted from bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such error.
- (3) The office shall consider the number of complaints against the registrant in relation to the accused registrant's volume of business when determining whether suspension or revocation is the more appropriate sanction when circumstances warrant that one or the other should be imposed upon a registrant.
- (2) The office may shall impose suspension rather than revocation of a registration if when circumstances warrant that one or the other should be imposed upon a registrant and the accused registrant demonstrates that the registrant has taken affirmative steps that which can be expected to effectively eliminate the repeated violations and that the registrant's registration has never been previously been suspended.
 - (3) (5) In addition to, or in lieu of suspension or



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revocation of a registration, the office may impose an administrative fine of up to \$25,000 per violation \$1,000against a the offending registrant as a sanction for repeated violations of the provisions of s. 559.72 when violations do not rise to the level of misconduct governed by subsection (1). The office shall adopt rules establishing quidelines for imposing administrative penalties. Final office action to impose an administrative fine shall be subject to review in accordance with ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

- (6) Any administrative fine imposed under this part shall be payable to the office. The office shall maintain an appropriate record and shall deposit such fine into the Regulatory Trust Fund of the office.
- (7) An administrative action by the office to impose revocation, suspension, or fine shall be brought within 2 years after the date of the last violation upon which the action is founded.
- (4) (8) Nothing in This part does not shall be construed to preclude any person from pursuing remedies available under the Federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act for any violation of such act, including specifically against any person who is exempt from the registration provisions of this part.

Section 20. Section 559.77, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.77 Civil remedies.-

(1) A consumer debtor may bring a civil action against a person or consumer collection agency, or both, for violating the provisions of s. 559.72 in a court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which the alleged violator resides or has his or



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her principal place of business or in the county wherein the alleged violation occurred.

(2) Upon adverse adjudication, the defendant is shall be liable for actual damages and for additional statutory damages of up to \$1,000, together with court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the plaintiff. In determining the defendant's liability for any additional statutory damages, the court shall consider the nature of the defendant's noncompliance with s. 559.72, the frequency and persistence of such noncompliance, and the extent to which such noncompliance was intentional. In a any class action lawsuit brought under this section, the court may award additional statutory damages of up to \$1,000 for each named plaintiff and an aggregate award of additional statutory damages up not to exceed the lesser of \$500,000 or 1 percent of the defendant's net worth for all remaining class members; however, the, but in no event may this aggregate award may not provide an individual class member with additional statutory damages in excess of \$1,000. The court may, in its discretion, award punitive damages and may provide such equitable relief as it deems necessary or proper, including enjoining the defendant from further violations of this part. If the court finds that the suit fails to raise a justiciable issue of law or fact, the plaintiff is shall be liable for court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defendant.

(3) A person shall not be held liable in any action brought under this section if the person shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation was not intentional and resulted from a bona fide error, notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such error.



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(3) (4) An action brought under this section must be commenced within 5/2 years after the date of the last violation upon which the action is founded on which the alleged violation occurred.

(4) (5) In applying and construing this section, due consideration and great weight shall be given to the interpretations of the Federal Trade Commission and the federal courts relating to the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

Section 21. Section 559.78, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.78 Judicial enforcement.—In addition to other penalties provided under in this part, state attorneys and their assistants <u>may</u> are authorized to apply to the court of competent jurisdiction within their respective jurisdictions, upon the sworn affidavit of any person alleging a violation of any of the provisions of this part. Such court shall have jurisdiction, upon hearing and for cause shown, to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating any provision of this part, whether or not there exists an adequate remedy at law, + and such injunction, suspension, or revocation shall issue without bond.

Section 22. Section 559.785, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.785 Criminal penalty.—It <u>is a felony of the third</u> shall be a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, for any person not exempt from registering as provided in this part to engage in collecting consumer debts in this state without first



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registering with the office, or to register or attempt to register by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment.

Section 23. Section 559.786, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.786 Deceptive and unfair trade practices.—A violation of this part is a violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act. In addition to any remedies provided under this part, violations of this part are <u>subject to the penalties</u> and remedies provided under part II of chapter 501.

Section 24. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to rename part II of chapter 559, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 559.101-559.117, as "Debt Relief Services."

Section 25. Section 559.101, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.101 Short title.—This part may be cited as the "Debt Relief Services Act."

Section 26. Section 817.801, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as 559.102, Florida Statutes, reordered, and amended to read:

559.102 817.801 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- (1) "Commission" means the Financial Services Commission.
- (2) "Control person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, or other organization that possesses the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) A company's executive officers, including the president, chief executive officer, chief financial officer,



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chief operations officer, chief legal officer, chief compliance officer, director, or other individuals having similar status or functions.

- (b) For a corporation, each shareholder who, directly or indirectly, owns 10 percent or more, or who has the power to vote 10 percent or more, of a class of voting securities, unless the applicant is a publicly traded company.
- (c) For a partnership, all general partners and limited or special partners who have contributed 10 percent or more, or who have the right to receive upon dissolution 10 percent or more, of the partnership's capital.
 - (d) For a trust, each trustee.
- (e) For a limited liability company, all managing members and those members who have contributed 10 percent or more, or who have the right to receive upon dissolution 10 percent or more, of the partnership's capital.
- (6) (1) "Debt relief organization Credit counseling agency" means a person offering to provide or any organization providing debt management services or credit counseling services for compensation.
- (3) (2) "Credit counseling services" means confidential money management, debt reduction, financial analysis, and financial educational services provided to a debtor. The term does not include foreclosure-related rescue services.
- (4) (3) "Creditor contribution" means any sum that a creditor agrees to contribute to a debt relief organization credit counseling agency, whether directly or by setoff against amounts otherwise payable to the creditor on behalf of debtors.
 - (5)(4) "Debt management services" means services, other



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than foreclosure-related rescue services, provided to a debtor by a debt relief credit counseling organization for a fee to:

- (a) Effect the adjustment, compromise, settlement, interest rate reduction, modification of terms, negotiation, or discharge of any unsecured account, note, or other indebtedness of the debtor; or
- (b) Receive funds periodically from the debtor and disburse to a creditor any money or other thing of value.
- (7) "Debtor" means an individual who obtains credit, seeks a credit agreement with a creditor, or owes money to a creditor.
- (8) "Enrolled debt" means the amount of debt at the time the contract for debt management services is entered but does not include any increases in the amount of debt or additional fees or penalties applied to the debt after services included in the contract are initiated.
- (9) "Financial analysis" means the review of an individual's budget, income, expenses, and debt by the debt relief organization in order to determine the individual's suitability for additional credit counseling or debt management services provided by the organization.
- (10) "Financial audit report" means a report prepared in connection with a financial audit that is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, by a certified public accountant licensed to do business in the United States, which includes:
- (a) Financial statements, including notes related to the financial statements and required supplementary information, prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted



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- (b) An expression of opinion regarding whether the financial statements are presented in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles, or an assertion that such an opinion cannot be expressed and the reasons.
- (11) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of the Financial Services Commission.
- (12) (5) "Person" has the same meaning as in s. 1.01 means any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, association, or other legal entity.
- (13) "Service contract" means the agreement for services between a debt relief organization and a debtor.
- Section 27. Section 559.103, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 559.103 Powers and duties of the Office of Financial Regulation; fees.-
- (1) The office is responsible for the administration and enforcement of this part.
- (2) The office may conduct an investigation of any person if the <u>office has reason to believe</u>, upon complaint or otherwise, that any violation of this part may have been committed or is about to be committed.
- (3) All fees, charges, and fines collected pursuant to this part shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Regulatory Trust Fund under the office.
- 1155 Section 28. Section 559.104, Florida Statutes, is created 1156 to read:
- 559.104 Rules.—The commission may adopt rules to administer 1157 this part, including rules that: 1158



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- (1) Require electronic submission of any forms, documents, or fees required under this part.
- (2) Establish time periods during which an applicant for registration is barred from registration or a registered debt relief organization is barred from renewal due to prior criminal convictions of, or quilty or nolo contendere pleas by, any of the applicant's or registrant's control persons, regardless of adjudication.
 - (a) The rules must provide:
- 1. Permanent bars for felonies involving money laundering, breach of trust, dishonesty, embezzlement, fraud, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, racketeering, or theft:
- 2. A 15-year disqualifying period for felonies involving moral turpitude;
- 3. A 7-year disqualifying period for all other felonies; and
- 4. A 5-year disqualifying period for misdemeanors involving fraud, dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude.
- (b) The rules may provide for an additional waiting period due to dates of imprisonment or community supervision, the commitment of multiple crimes, and other factors reasonably related to the applicant's criminal history.
- (c) The rules may provide for mitigating factors for crimes identified in subparagraph (a) 2. However, the mitigation may not result in a period of disqualification less than 7 years. The rule may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in subparagraphs (a) 1., (a) 3., and (a) 4.
 - (d) An applicant is not eligible for registration until the



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expiration of the disqualifying period set by rule.

(e) Section 112.011 is not applicable to eligibility for 1189 registration under this part. 1190

Section 29. Section 817.803, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 559.105, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

559.105 817.803 Exceptions. Nothing in This part does not apply applies to:

- (1) A person licensed to practice law in this state who is providing credit counseling or debt management services as an ancillary matter to her or his representation of the debtor as a client. Any Debt management or credit counseling services provided in the practice of law in this state;
- (2) A Any person who engages in credit counseling or debt management services adjustment to adjust the indebtedness owed to such person.; or
 - (3) The following entities or their subsidiaries:
 - (a) The Federal National Mortgage Association;
 - (b) The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;
- (c) The Florida Housing Finance Corporation, a public corporation created in s. 420.504;
- (d) Any financial institution as defined under s. 655.005(1)(h) A bank, bank holding company, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, credit card bank, or savings bank that is regulated and supervised by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Federal Reserve, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration, the Office of Financial Regulation of the Department of Financial



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Services, or any state banking regulator; or

- (e) A consumer reporting agency as defined in the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1681a ss. 1681-1681y, as it existed on April 5, 2004; or
- (f) Any subsidiary or affiliate of a bank holding company, its employees and its exclusive agents acting under written agreement.

Section 30. Section 559.106, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.106 Registration of debt relief organization.-

- (1) Effective April 1, 2011, each person who acts as a debt relief organization in this state must be registered in accordance with this section. This applies to debt relief organizations operating in this state or from another state, regardless of whether such organization is registered, licensed, or the equivalent in accordance with the laws of another state.
- (2) In order to apply for registration, an applicant must submit:
- (a) A completed registration application form as prescribed by commission rule which includes the name and principal business address and e-mail address of the debt relief organization.
- (b) A registration fee of \$1,000. The registration fee is nonrefundable and may not be prorated for a partial year of registration.
- (c) Fingerprints for the applicant and each of the applicant's control persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission.
 - 1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the office, or a



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vendor acting on behalf of the office.

- 2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint card.
- 3. A state criminal history background check must be conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement, and a federal criminal history background check must be conducted through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in accordance with s. 943.05(2)(q) and (h). The office shall pay an annual fee to the department to participate in the system and inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no longer required to be retained.
- 5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person subject to the background check.
- 6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of the state and federal criminal history checks and determining whether the applicant meets registration requirements.
- (d) Submit documentation demonstrating that the surety bond requirements specified in s. 559.108 have been satisfied.
- (e) Submit additional information or documentation requested by the office and required by rule concerning the applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional information may include documentation of pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest



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reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility for registration.

- (3) An application is considered received for the purposes of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of the completed application form, all required documentation, criminal history information, the application fee, and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees.
- (4) The office shall issue a debt relief organization registration to each applicant who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial of registration if the applicant or one of the applicant's control persons:
- (a) Has been found quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty to, any felony, any crime involving racketeering, fraud, theft, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, breach of trust, misappropriation of property, dishonesty, or moral turpitude;
 - (b) Has committed any violation specified in s. 559.113;
- (c) Is the subject of a pending felony criminal prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, racketeering, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property, theft, dishonesty, breach of trust, or any other act of moral turpitude;



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- (d) Pays the office any fee, fine, or other amount with a check or electronic transmission of funds which fails to clear the applicant's financial institution;
- (e) Makes a material misstatement on any application, document, or record required to be submitted under this part or the rules of the commission; or
- (f) Has been the subject of any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, or other adverse action by any state or federal agency.
- (5) A registration issued under this section expires annually on March 31 unless canceled, suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated, and must be renewed as provided under s. 559.5551.
- Section 31. Effective April 1, 2011, section 559.107, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 559.107 Registration renewal.-
- (1) In order to renew a debt relief organization registration, a debt relief organization must submit:
- 1323 (a) A completed registration renewal form as prescribed by 1324 commission rule.
 - (b) Fingerprints, in accordance with s. 559.106, for any new control persons who have not been screened.
 - (c) Any additional information or documentation requested by the office and required by rule concerning the registrant or control person of the registrant. Additional information may include documentation of any pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea agreements, judgments and



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- sentencing documents, documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility for renewal of registration.
- (d) A nonrefundable renewal fee of \$750 and nonrefundable fees to cover the cost of further fingerprint processing and retention as set forth in commission rule.
- (2) The office may not renew a debt relief organization registration unless the registrant continues to meet the minimum requirements for initial registration pursuant to s. 559.106 and adopted rule.
- Section 32. Section 817.804, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 559.108, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 559.108 817.804 Financial requirements; surety bond; disclosure and financial reporting. -
- (1) A debt relief organization must Any person engaged in debt management services or credit counseling services shall:
- (a) Obtain from a licensed certified public accountant an annual independent financial audit report in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards that includes shall include all accounts of such person in which the funds of debtors are deposited and from which payments are made to creditors on behalf of debtors. A debt relief organization must submit a copy of the report to the office within 120 days after the end of the registrant's fiscal year. The commission may establish by rule the manner for filing a financial audit



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- (b) Obtain and maintain at all times insurance coverage for employee dishonesty, depositor's forgery, and computer fraud-The insurance coverage must be in an amount not less than the greater of \$100,000 or 10 percent of the monthly average of the aggregate amount of all deposits made by debtors to the organization for distribution to creditors with such person by all debtors for the 6 months immediately preceding the date of initial application for or renewal of the insurance. The deductible on such coverage may shall not exceed 10 percent of the face amount of the policy coverage.
- (c) Obtain and maintain a surety bond from a surety company authorized to do business in this state. The amount and form of the bond shall be specified by rule and must be at least \$100,000 but may not exceed \$1 million. The rule must provide allowances for business volume. The bond shall be in favor of the state for the use and benefit of any debtor who suffers or sustains any loss or damage by reason of any violation of this part. Pursuant to initial registration and renewal, each applicant shall furnish to the office:
- 1. The original executed surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state.
- 2. A statement from the surety company that the premium for the bond has been paid in full by the applicant.
- 3. A statement from the surety company that the bond issued by the surety company meets the requirements of this part. The liability of the surety company under any bond issued pursuant to this section may not, in the aggregate, exceed the amount of the bond regardless of the number or amount of any claims filed



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or which might be asserted against the surety on such bond. If multiple claims are filed which collectively exceed the amount of the bond, the surety may pay the full amount of the bond to the office and is not further liable under the bond. The office shall hold such funds for distribution to claimants and administratively determine and pay to each claimant a pro rata share of each valid claim made within 6 months after the date the first claim is filed against the surety.

(2) A copy of the annual financial audit report and insurance policies required by this section must shall be available for public inspection at each branch location of the organization. Copies shall be provided, upon written request, to any party requesting a copy for a charge that does not to exceed the cost of copying the reproduction of documents.

Section 33. Section 559.109, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.109 Maintenance of records.-

- (1) Each registered debt relief organization shall maintain, at the principal place of business designated on the registration, all books, accounts, records, and documents necessary to determine the registrant's compliance with this part.
- (2) The office may authorize the maintenance of records at a location other than a principal place of business. The office may require books, accounts, and records to be produced and available at a reasonable and convenient location in this state.
- (3) The commission may prescribe by rule the minimum information to be shown in the books, accounts, records, and documents of registrants so that such records enable the office



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to determine the registrant's compliance with this part.

(4) All books, accounts, records, documents, and receipts of any payment transaction must be preserved and kept available for inspection by the office for at least 5 years after the date the transaction is completed. The commission may prescribe by rule requirements for the destruction of books, accounts, records, and documents retained by the registrant after the completion of the 5 years.

Section 34. Section 559.111, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.111 Financial analysis; service contracts.-

- (1) Before a debtor signs a service contract, the debt relief organization shall prepare, retain a copy of, and provide to the debtor a written financial analysis specific to the debtor which includes an evaluation of the debtor's income, expenses, and all debts. An additional fee may not be charged for the financial analysis.
- (2) Based on the completed financial analysis, the debt relief organization shall provide to the debtor, and retain a copy of, a written determination of the debtor's suitability for debt management services and whether the debtor can reasonably meet the requirements of the service contract, including the debtor's ability to save the amount estimated to be needed to fund the settlement of the debt.
- (3) The service contract between the debt relief organization and the debtor must be signed and dated by the debtor and include all of the following:
- (a) The following statement in at least 12-point uppercase type at the top of the service contract:



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1450	IMPORTANT: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONTACT YOUR
1451	CREDITORS BEFORE SIGNING THIS CONTRACT. YOUR CREDITORS
1452	MAY BE WILLING TO DIRECTLY NEGOTIATE A SETTLEMENT,
1453	INTEREST RATE REDUCTION, MODIFICATION, PAYMENT PLAN,
1454	OR RESTRUCTURING OF YOUR DEBT FREE OF CHARGE.
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1456	YOUR USE OF DEBT MANAGEMENT SERVICES MAY RESULT IN
1457	LATE FEES, ADDITIONAL DEBTS, AND AN ADVERSE CREDIT
1458	RATING. YOU SHOULD CONTACT YOUR CREDITOR FOR MORE
1459	INFORMATION.
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1461	(b) A full and detailed description of the services to be
1462	performed by the debt relief organization for the debtor,
1463	including the financial analysis determining the suitability of
1464	the debtor for the debt management services, all guarantees and
1465	all promises of full or partial refunds, the estimated date or
1466	length of time by which the services are to be performed, and a
1467	copy of the Florida Debt Relief Services Act.
1468	(c) All terms and conditions of payment, including the
1469	total of all payments to be made by the debtor and the specific
1470	amount of any payments to be made to the debt relief
1471	organization or to any other person.
1472	(d) The debt relief organization's principal business
1473	address and the name and address of its agent in the state
1474	authorized to receive service of process.
1475	(e) A clear and conspicuous statement in boldface type, in

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immediate proximity to the space reserved for the debtor's

signature, which states: "You, the debtor, may cancel this

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1478	service contract at any time before midnight of the 5th business					
1479	day after the date of signing this contract. [See the attached					
1480	Notice of Right to Cancel for further explanation of this					
1481	right.]"					
1482	(f) A Notice of Right to Cancel attached to the contract,					
1483	in duplicate and easily detachable, which contains the following					
1484	statement in at least 12-point uppercase type:					
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1486	NOTICE OF RIGHT TO CANCEL					
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1488	YOU MAY CANCEL ANY CONTRACT FOR DEBT MANAGEMENT OR					
1489	CREDIT COUNSELING SERVICES WITHIN 5 BUSINESS DAYS					
1490	AFTER THE DATE THE CONTRACT IS SIGNED BY YOU WITHOUT					
1491	INCURRING ANY PENALTY OR OBLIGATION.					
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1493	YOUR PAYMENT MUST BE RETURNED TO YOU WITHIN 10					
1494	BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF YOUR CANCELLATION					
1495	NOTICE.					
1496						
1497	TO CANCEL THIS CONTRACT, MAIL OR DELIVER A SIGNED AND					
1498	DATED COPY OF THIS CANCELLATION NOTICE OR ANY OTHER					
1499	WRITTEN NOTICE CLEARLY INDICATING YOUR DESIRE TO					
1500	CANCEL YOUR CONTRACT.					
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1502	TO: (name of credit counseling organization)					
1503	AT:(address)					
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1505	BY SIGNING AND DATING THIS NOTICE, I HEREBY CANCEL MY					
1506	SERVICE CONTRACT, EXECUTED ON:(date service					



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1507 contract signed) ... 1508 1509 ... (Signature of Debtor) ... 1510 ...(Date)... 1511 ... (Address) ... 1512 ... (Phone Number) ...

> (4) The debt relief organization must provide the debtor, at the time the documents are signed, with a copy of the completed service contract as described in subsection (3) and all other documents the organization requires the debtor to sign.

Section 35. Section 817.805, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 559.112, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

559.112 817.805 Disbursement of funds.—A debt relief organization offering debt management services that include disbursement to a creditor must Any person engaged in debt management or credit counseling services shall disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any fees permitted by s. $559.113 \frac{817.802}{}$ and any creditor contributions, within 30 days after receipt of such funds. However, a creditor contribution may not reduce any sums to be credited to the account of a debtor making a payment to the organization credit counseling agency for further payment to the creditor. Further, a debt relief organization offering debt management services must any person engaged in such services shall maintain a separate trust account for the receipt of any funds from debtors and the disbursement of such funds on behalf



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Section 36. Section 817.802, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 559.113, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

559.113 817.802 Prohibited acts Unlawful fees and costs.-

- (1) A debt relief organization may not, directly or indirectly, charge or accept from a debtor:
- (a) Any payment for services before the execution of a written service contract. It is unlawful for any person, while engaging in debt management services or credit counseling services, to charge or accept from a debtor residing in this state, directly or indirectly,
- (b) A fee or contribution greater than \$50 for the initial setup or initial consultation. Subsequently, the person may not charge or accept
- (c) A fee or contribution from a debtor residing in this state greater than \$120 per year for credit counseling services provided in addition to the initial consultation under subsection (2). additional consultations or, alternatively, if
- (d) A fee or contribution for debt management services which exceeds as defined in s. 817.801(4)(b) are provided, the person may charge the greater of 7.5 percent of the amount paid monthly by the debtor to the organization for disbursement to a creditor person or \$35 per month, whichever is greater, or 7.5 percent of the enrolled debt.
- (e) A maximum fee of 7.5 percent of the enrolled debt unless:
- 1. The debt management services result in a settlement, discharge, or modification of the debt on terms more favorable



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to the debtor than the terms of the original agreement between the debtor and creditor; and

- 2. All debt management services as set forth in the written service contract have been completed.
- (f) Any fee or contribution for debt management services, unless no other payment has been received, directly or indirectly, from the debtor for debt management services. Fees authorized under this subsection may not be a part of or included in the calculation of total enrolled debt.
 - (2) A debt relief organization may not:
- (a) Advise any debtor, directly or indirectly, to not contact or communicate with his or her creditors before or during the service contract period.
- (b) Make or use any false or misleading representations or omit any material fact in connection with the offer, sale, or provision of services, or engage, directly or indirectly, in any fraudulent, false, misleading, unconscionable, unfair, or deceptive act or practice in connection with the offer or sale of any of the services of a debt relief organization.
- (c) Provide services to a debtor without executing a service contract that complies with s. 559.111.
- (d) Fail to provide copies of the financial analysis, all service contracts, and any other documents the debtor is required to sign as provided under s. 559.111.
- (e) Fail to perform any of the terms, conditions, and obligations provided in the service contract with the debtor.
- (f) Fail to disclose on any offer or sale of services, including any Internet website, the debt relief organization's name, business address, telephone number, and e-mail address, if



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- (q) Fail to provide the debtor with a 5-business-day right of cancellation without the debtor incurring any penalty or obligation.
- (h) Fail to obtain an annual financial audit report and surety bond.
- (i) Fail to submit an annual financial audit report to the office.
- (j) Fail to report on a form prescribed by commission rule any change to information contained in an initial application form or any amendment to the application within 30 days after the change is effective.
 - (k) Fail to comply with any of the provisions of this part.
- (2) This section does not prohibit any person, while engaging in debt management or credit counseling services, from imposing upon and receiving from a debtor a reasonable and separate charge or fee for insufficient funds transactions.
- Section 37. Section 559.114, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 559.114 Debtor complaints; administrative duties.-
- (1) The office shall receive and maintain records of correspondence and complaints from debtors concerning any and all persons who provide credit counseling and debt management services, including debt relief organizations.
- (2) The office shall inform and furnish relevant information to the appropriate regulatory body if a debt relief organization exempt from registration under this part has been named in consumer complaints alleging violations of this part.
 - (3) The office shall investigate complaints and record the



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resolution of such complaints.

(4) A debt relief organization that provides or attempts to provide debt management services without first registering in accordance with this part is subject to a penalty of up to \$25,000 in addition to the other remedies provided in this part and under part II of chapter 501. The office shall advise the appropriate state attorney, or the Attorney General, of any determination by the office of a violation of this part by any debt relief organization that is not registered as required by this part. The office shall furnish the state attorney or Attorney General with the office's information concerning the alleged violations of such requirements. The enforcing authority is entitled to reasonable attorneys fees and costs in any action brought to enforce this part against an unregistered debt relief organization.

(5) A registered debt_relief organization must provide a written response to the office within 20 days after receipt of a written request from the office for information concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in the complaint. The office may impose an administrative fine of up to \$2,500 per request per day upon any registrant that fails to comply with this subsection.

Section 38. Section 559.115, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.115 Subpoenas.-

(1) The office may:

(a) Issue and serve subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials



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relevant to an investigation conducted by the office. The office, or its authorized representative, may administer oaths and affirmations to any person.

- (b) Seek subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum from any court to command the appearance of witnesses and the production of books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a time and place named in the subpoenas, and an authorized representative of the office may serve such subpoenas.
- (2) If there is substantial noncompliance with a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the office, the office may petition the court in the county where the person subpoenaed resides or has his or her principal place of business for an order requiring the person to appear, testify, or produce such books, accounts, records, and other documents as are specified in the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum.
- (3) The office is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, a petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum shall be taxed against the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is a contempt of court.
- (4) To aid in the enforcement of this part, the office may require or permit a person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise as the office determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning the matter to be investigated.

Section 39. Section 559.116, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.116 Cease and desist orders.—The office may issue and



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serve upon any person an order to cease and desist and to take corrective action if it has reason to believe the person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this part, any rule or order issued under this part, or any written agreement between the person and the office. All procedural matters relating to issuance and enforcement of such order are governed by the Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 40. Section 817.806, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 559.117, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

559.117 817.806 Violations; penalties.-

- (1) Any person who violates any provision of this part commits an unfair or deceptive trade practice as defined in part II of chapter 501, and. violators are also shall be subject to the penalties, and remedies, and enforcement actions provided therein. Further, any debtor consumer injured by a violation of this part may bring an action for recovery of damages. Judgment shall be entered for actual damages, but in no case less than the amount paid by the debtor consumer to the debt relief organization credit counseling agency, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- (2) The office may impose an administrative fine on, or revoke or suspend the registration of a registrant who has committed a violation of this part. Final action to fine, suspend, or revoke the registration of a registrant is subject to review in accordance with chapter 120.
- (a) The office may impose suspension rather than revocation of a registration if circumstances warrant that one or the other should be imposed and the registrant demonstrates that the



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registrant has taken affirmative steps that can be expected to effectively eliminate the violations and that the registrant's registration has never been previously suspended.

- (b) In addition to, or in lieu of suspension or revocation of a registration, the office may impose an administrative fine of up to \$25,000 per violation. The office shall adopt rules establishing guidelines for imposing administrative penalties.
- (3) (2) It is Any person who violates any provision of this part commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 for any person to provide debt management services in this state without first registering with the office, or to register or attempt to register by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment.
- Section 41. Sections 559.10, 559.11, 559.12, and 559.13, Florida Statutes, are repealed.
- Section 42. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 516.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 516.07 Grounds for denial of license or for disciplinary action.-
- (1) The following acts are violations of this chapter and constitute grounds for denial of an application for a license to make consumer finance loans and grounds for any of the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2):
- (g) Any violation of part III of chapter 817 or part II of chapter 559 or of any rule adopted under part II of chapter 559.
- Section 43. Effective October 1, 2010, notwithstanding s. 559.555(3), Florida Statutes, or any other provision of this act, all current registrations of consumer collection agencies issued by the Office of Financial Regulation which are due to



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1739	expire between Octob	<u>er 1</u>	and	December	31,	2010,	shall	<u>expire</u>
1740	March 31, 2011.							

Section 44. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect October 1, 2010, this act shall take effect January 1, 2011.