By Senator Ring

	32-01654-10 20101992
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to Florida ports investments; creating
3	s. 311.23, F.S.; providing a short title; providing a
4	purpose; providing definitions; providing requirements
5	for certification to operate as a certified capital
6	company; providing application requirements; providing
7	for an application fee and annual certification
8	renewal fees; providing application review and
9	approval and certification administration and
10	enforcement duties and responsibilities of the
11	Department of Financial Services; providing grounds
12	for denial of certification or decertification;
13	providing for investments by the Office of Tourism,
14	Trade, and Economic Development in port-related
15	activities; specifying allocations for certain port
16	activities and investments; providing requirements for
17	capital allocation and investment; providing for a
18	premium tax credit; providing for carryforward of the
19	credit; providing limitations on the credit; providing
20	limitations on the amount of tax credits; providing
21	requirements for the office to administer the
22	allocation of tax credits; providing requirements and
23	procedures for a credit claim process; providing
24	penalties for perjury for false written declaration
25	involving verification of certain documentation;
26	authorizing the Department of Revenue to conduct
27	audits; providing investment requirements; providing
28	for state participation; providing requirements and
29	procedures for decertification; preserving audit

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30	authority of the Chief Financial Officer; providing
31	criteria for deficiency assessments; providing
32	penalties for failure to report and timely pay any tax
33	due; providing for transferability of unused credits;
34	providing a definition; providing reporting
35	requirements; providing for deposit of fees;
36	authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules;
37	authorizing the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
38	Development to adopt rules; providing an effective
39	date.
40	
41	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
42	
43	Section 1. Section 311.23, Florida Statutes, is created to
44	read:
45	311.23 Florida Ports Investment Act
46	(1) SHORT TITLEThis section may be cited as the "Florida
47	Ports Investment Act."
48	(2) PURPOSE The primary purpose of this section is to
49	stimulate a substantial increase in the state's port
50	infrastructure by providing an incentive for insurance companies
51	to invest in certified port activities in this state which, in
52	turn, will generate investments in new port businesses or in
53	expanding port businesses. The increase in investment capital
54	flowing into new or expanding port activities and businesses is
55	intended to contribute to employment growth, create jobs that
56	exceed the average wage for the county in which the jobs are
57	created, and expand or diversify the economic base of this
58	state.

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59	(3) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
60	(a) "Affiliate of an insurance company" means:
61	1. Any person directly or indirectly beneficially owning,
62	whether through rights, options, convertible interests, or
63	otherwise, controlling, or holding power to vote 10 percent or
64	more of the outstanding voting securities or other voting
65	ownership interests of the insurance company;
66	2. Any person 10 percent or more of whose outstanding
67	voting securities or other voting ownership interest is directly
68	or indirectly beneficially owned, whether through rights,
69	options, convertible interests, or otherwise, controlled, or
70	held with power to vote by the insurance company;
71	3. Any person directly or indirectly controlling,
72	controlled by, or under common control with the insurance
73	company;
74	4. A partnership in which the insurance company is a
75	general partner; or
76	5. Any person who is a principal, director, employee, or
77	agent of the insurance company or an immediate family member of
78	the principal, director, employee, or agent.
79	(b) "Certified capital" means an investment of cash by a
80	certified investor in a certified capital company which fully
81	funds the purchase price of either or both its equity interest
82	in the certified capital company or a qualified debt instrument
83	issued by the certified capital company.
84	(c) "Certified capital company" means a corporation,
85	partnership, or limited liability company that:
86	1. Is certified by the office under this section;
87	2. Receives investments of certified capital from two or

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88	more unaffiliated certified investors; and
89	3. Makes investments in qualified port businesses as its
90	primary activity.
91	(d) "Certified investor" means any insurance company
92	subject to premium tax liability under s. 624.509 that
93	contributes certified capital.
94	(e) "Department" means the Department of Financial
95	Services.
96	(f) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and
97	Economic Development.
98	(g) "Premium tax liability" means any liability incurred by
99	an insurance company under s. 624.509.
100	(h) "Principal" means an executive officer of a
101	corporation, partner of a partnership, manager of a limited
102	liability company, or any other person with equivalent executive
103	functions.
104	(i) "Qualified port business" means the ports and
105	associated facilities listed in s. 403.021(9)(b) which meet the
106	following qualifications:
107	1. The port is headquartered in this state and its
108	principal business operations are located in this state.
109	2. Regional projects use the port's foreign trade zone for
110	purposes involving manufacturing, processing or assembling of
111	products, or conducting or providing services.
112	3. The port has applied and qualified for investment
113	funding under paragraph (5)(d).
114	(j) "Qualified debt instrument" means a debt instrument, or
115	a hybrid of a debt instrument, issued by a certified capital
116	company, at par value or a premium, with an original maturity

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117	date of at least 5 years after the date of issuance, a repayment
118	schedule that is no faster than a level principal amortization
119	over a 5-year period, and interest, distribution, or payment
120	features that are not related to the profitability of the
121	certified capital company or the performance of the certified
122	capital company's investment portfolio.
123	(k) "Qualified distribution" means any distribution or
124	payment to equity holders of a certified capital company for:
125	1. Costs and expenses of forming, syndicating, managing,
126	and operating the certified capital company, including an annual
127	management fee in an amount that does not exceed 2.5 percent of
128	the certified capital of the certified capital company, plus
129	reasonable and necessary fees in accordance with industry custom
130	for professional services, including, but not limited to, legal
131	and accounting services, related to the operation of the
132	certified capital company; or
133	2. Any projected increase in federal or state taxes,
134	including penalties and interest related to state and federal
135	income taxes, of the equity owners of a certified capital
136	company resulting from the earnings or other tax liability of
137	the certified capital company to the extent that the increase is
138	related to the ownership, management, or operation of a
139	certified capital company.
140	(4) CERTIFICATION; GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OR DECERTIFICATION
141	(a) To operate as a certified capital company, a
142	corporation, partnership, or limited liability company must be
143	certified by the department pursuant to this section.
144	(b) An applicant for certification as a certified capital
145	company must file a verified application with the department on

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146	or before December 1, 2010, in a form that the department may
147	prescribe by rule. The applicant shall submit a nonrefundable
148	application fee of \$7,500 to the department. The applicant shall
149	provide:
150	1. The name of the applicant and the address of its
151	principal office and each office in this state.
152	2. The applicant's form and place of organization and the
153	relevant organizational documents, bylaws, and amendments or
154	restatements of such documents, bylaws, or amendments.
155	3. Evidence from the Department of State that the applicant
156	is registered with the Department of State as required by law,
157	maintains an active status with the Department of State, and has
158	not been dissolved or had its registration revoked, canceled, or
159	withdrawn.
160	4. The applicant's proposed method of doing business.
161	5. The applicant's financial condition and history,
162	including an audit report on the financial statements prepared
163	in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles
164	showing net capital of not less than \$500,000 within 90 days
165	after the date the application is submitted to the department.
166	If the date of the application is more than 90 days after the
167	preparation of the applicant's fiscal year-end financial
168	statements, the applicant may file financial statements reviewed
169	by an independent certified public accountant for the period
170	subsequent to the audit report, together with the audited
171	financial statement for the most recent fiscal year. If the
172	applicant has been in business less than 12 months and has not
173	prepared an audited financial statement, the applicant may file
174	a financial statement reviewed by an independent certified

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175	public accountant.
176	(c) On or before December 31, 2010, the department shall
177	grant or deny certification as a certified capital company. If
178	the department denies certification within the time period
179	specified, the department shall inform the applicant of the
180	grounds for the denial. If the department has not granted or
181	denied certification within the time specified, the application
182	shall be deemed approved. The department shall approve the
183	application if the department finds that:
184	1. The applicant satisfies the requirements of paragraph
185	<u>(b).</u>
186	2. No evidence exists that the applicant has committed any
187	act specified in paragraph (d).
188	3. At least two of the principals have a minimum of 5 years
189	of experience making venture capital investments out of private
190	equity funds, with not less than \$20 million being provided by
191	third-party investors for investment in the early stage of
192	operating businesses. At least one full-time manager or
193	principal of the certified capital company who has such
194	experience must be primarily located in an office of the
195	certified capital company which is based in this state.
196	(d) The department may deny certification or decertify a
197	certified capital company if the grounds for decertification are
198	not removed or corrected within 90 days after the notice of such
199	grounds is received by the certified capital company. The
200	department may deny certification or decertify a certified
201	capital company if the certified capital company fails to
202	maintain common stock or paid-in capital of at least \$500,000,
203	or if the department determines that the applicant, or any

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204	principal or director of the certified capital company, has:
205	1. Violated any provision of this section;
206	2. Made a material misrepresentation or false statement or
207	concealed any essential or material fact from any person during
208	the application process or with respect to information and
209	reports required of certified capital companies under this
210	section;
211	3. Been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo
212	contendere to, a crime against the laws of this state or any
213	other state or of the United States or any other country or
214	government, including a fraudulent act in connection with the
215	operation of a certified capital company, or in connection with
216	the performance of fiduciary duties in another capacity;
217	4. Been adjudicated liable in a civil action on grounds of
218	fraud, embezzlement, misrepresentation, or deceit; or
219	5.a. Been the subject of any decision, finding, injunction,
220	suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, or
221	administrative order by any court of competent jurisdiction,
222	administrative law judge, or any state or federal agency,
223	national securities, commodities, or option exchange, or
224	national securities, commodities, or option association,
225	involving a material violation of any federal or state
226	securities or commodities law or any rule or regulation adopted
227	under such law, or any rule or regulation of any national
228	securities, commodities, or options exchange, or national
229	securities, commodities, or options association; or
230	b. Been the subject of any injunction or adverse
231	administrative order by a state or federal agency regulating
232	banking, insurance, finance or small loan companies, real

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233	estate, mortgage brokers, or other related or similar
234	industries.
235	(e) The certified capital company shall file a copy of its
236	certification with the department by January 31, 2011.
237	(f) Any offering material involving the sale of securities
238	of the certified capital company shall include the following
239	statement: "By authorizing the formation of a certified capital
240	company, the State of Florida does not endorse the quality of
241	management or the potential for earnings of such company and is
242	not liable for damages or losses to a certified investor in the
243	company. Use of the word 'certified' in an offering does not
244	constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the investment by
245	the State of Florida. Investments in a certified capital company
246	prior to the time such company is certified are not eligible for
247	premium tax credits. If applicable provisions of law are
248	violated, the state may require forfeiture of unused premium tax
249	credits and repayment of used premium tax credits by the
250	certified investor."
251	(g) An insurance company or any affiliate of an insurance
252	company may not manage or control, directly or indirectly, the
253	direction of investments of a certified capital company. This
254	prohibition does not preclude a certified investor, insurance
255	company, or any other party from exercising its legal rights and
256	remedies, which may include interim management of a certified
257	capital company, if a certified capital company is in default of
258	its obligations under law or its contractual obligations to such
259	certified investor, insurance company, or other party.
260	(h) On or before December 31 of each year, each certified
261	capital company shall pay to the department an annual,

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262	 nonrefundable renewal certification fee of \$5,000. Renewal fees
263	may not be required within 6 months after the date of initial
264	certification.
265	(i) The department shall administer and provide for the
266	enforcement of certification requirements for certified capital
267	companies as provided in this section. The department may adopt
268	any rules necessary to carry out its duties, obligations, and
269	powers related to certification, renewal of certification, or
270	decertification of certified capital companies and may perform
271	any other acts necessary for the proper administration and
272	enforcement of such duties, obligations, and powers.
273	(j) Decertification of a certified capital company under
274	this subsection does not affect the ability of certified
275	investors in the certified capital company from claiming future
276	premium tax credits earned as a result of an investment in the
277	certified capital company during the period in which it was duly
278	certified.
279	(5) INVESTMENTS BY THE OFFICE IN PORT-RELATED ACTIVITIES
280	(a)1. The office shall seek to maintain the state's
281	advantage in ports and related industries. In order to maintain
282	that advantage, the office shall:
283	a. Allocate at least 60 percent of the capital to direct
284	port activities as described in s. 402.021(9).
285	b. Allocate at least 20 percent of the capital to port-
286	related activities as specified in s. 403.021(9).
287	c. Allocate at least 20 percent of the capital to education
288	related to ports and port-related studies under the New Florida
289	Initiative developed by the Florida Board of Governors of the
290	State University System.

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291	2. The capital raised under this section shall be allocated
292	by July 1, 2012.
293	3. An individual port project may not consume more than 15
294	percent of the total revenues of the corporation's intake.
295	(b) All capital not invested in qualified port businesses:
296	1. Must be held in a financial institution as defined by s.
297	655.005(1)(h) or held by a broker-dealer registered under s.
298	<u>517.12.</u>
299	2. Must be invested only in:
300	a. United States Treasury obligations;
301	b. Certificates of deposit or other obligations, maturing
302	within 3 years after acquisition of such certificates or
303	obligations, issued by any financial institution or trust
304	company incorporated under the laws of the United States;
305	c. Marketable obligations, maturing within 5 years or less
306	after the acquisition of such obligations, which are rated "A"
307	or better by any nationally recognized credit rating agency;
308	d. Mortgage-backed securities, with an average life of 5
309	years or less, after the acquisition of such securities, which
310	are rated "A" or better by any nationally recognized credit
311	rating agency;
312	e. Collateralized mortgage obligations and real estate
313	mortgage investment conduits that are direct obligations of an
314	agency of the Federal Government; are not private-label issues;
315	are in book-entry form; and do not include the classes of
316	interest only, principal only, residual, or zero; or
317	f. Interests in money market funds, the portfolio of which
318	is limited to cash and obligations described in sub-
319	subparagraphs ad.

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320	(c) The aggregate amount of all investments in qualified
321	port businesses made by the certified capital company from the
322	date of its certification shall be considered in the calculation
323	of the percentage requirements under paragraph (a).
324	(d) When an investment in a qualified port business is
325	ready, the port must petition the office to receive funding and
326	certify that the investment is of a beneficial nature to the
327	port, is ready to proceed within 60 days for design,
328	construction, and permitting, and will create a lasting economic
329	impact as defined by the office. Applications for funding must
330	be made to the office under rules adopted by the office.
331	(6) PREMIUM TAX CREDIT; AMOUNT; LIMITATIONS
332	(a) Any certified investor who makes an investment of
333	certified capital shall earn a vested credit against premium tax
334	liability equal to 100 percent of the certified capital invested
335	by the certified investor. Certified investors shall be entitled
336	to use no more than 10 percentage points of the vested premium
337	tax credit, including any carryforward credits under this
338	section, per year beginning with premium tax filings for
339	calendar year 2012. Any premium tax credits not used by
340	certified investors in any single year may be carried forward
341	and applied against the premium tax liabilities of such
342	investors for subsequent calendar years. The carryforward credit
343	may be applied against subsequent premium tax filings through
344	<u>calendar year 2029.</u>
345	(b) The credit to be applied against premium tax liability
346	in any single year may not exceed the premium tax liability of
347	the certified investor for that taxable year.
348	(c) A certified investor claiming a credit against premium

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349	tax liability earned through an investment in a certified
350	capital company shall not be required to pay any additional
351	retaliatory tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of
352	claiming such credit. Because credits under this section are
353	available to a certified investor, s. 624.5091 does not limit
354	such credit in any manner.
355	(d) The amount of tax credits vested under this section
356	shall not be considered in ratemaking proceedings involving a
357	certified investor.
358	(7) ANNUAL TAX CREDIT; MAXIMUM AMOUNT; ALLOCATION PROCESS
359	(a) The total amount of tax credits which may be allocated
360	by the office shall not exceed \$500 million. The total amount of
361	tax credits which may be used by certified investors under this
362	section shall not exceed \$25 million annually.
363	(b) The office shall be responsible for allocating premium
364	tax credits as provided for in this section to certified capital
365	companies.
366	(c) Each certified capital company must apply to the office
367	for an allocation of premium tax credits for potential certified
368	investors by March 15, 2011, on a form developed by the office
369	with the cooperation of the Department of Revenue. The form
370	shall be accompanied by an affidavit from each potential
371	certified investor confirming that the potential certified
372	investor has agreed to make an investment of certified capital
373	in a certified capital company up to a specified amount, subject
374	only to the receipt of a premium tax credit allocation pursuant
375	to this subsection. No allocation shall be made to the potential
376	investors of a certified capital company unless such certified
377	capital company has filed premium tax allocation claims that

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378	would result in an allocation to the potential investors in such
379	certified capital company of not less than \$15 million in the
380	aggregate.
381	(d) On or before April 1, 2011, the office shall inform
382	each certified capital company of its share of total premium tax
383	credits available for allocation to each of its potential
384	investors.
385	(e) If a certified capital company does not receive
386	certified capital equaling the amount of premium tax credits
387	allocated to a potential certified investor for which the
388	investor filed a premium tax allocation claim within 10 business
389	days after the investor received a notice of allocation, the
390	certified capital company shall notify the office by overnight
391	common carrier delivery service of the company's failure to
392	receive the capital. That portion of the premium tax credits
393	allocated to the certified capital company shall be forfeited.
394	If the office must make a pro rata allocation under paragraph
395	(f), it shall reallocate such available credits among the other
396	certified capital companies on the same pro rata basis as the
397	initial allocation.
398	(f) If the total amount of capital committed by all
399	certified investors to certified capital companies in premium
400	tax allocation claims exceeds the aggregate cap on the amount of
401	credits that may be awarded, the premium tax credits that may be
402	allowed to any one certified investor shall be allocated using
403	the following ratio:
404	
405	A/B = X/>\$500,000,000
406	

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407	Where the letter "A" represents the total amount of certified
408	capital that certified investors have agreed to invest in any
409	one certified capital company, the letter "B" represents the
410	aggregate amount of certified capital that all certified
411	investors have agreed to invest in all certified capital
412	companies, the letter "X" is the numerator and represents the
413	total amount of premium tax credits and certified capital that
414	may be allocated to a certified capital company in calendar year
415	2011, and \$500 million is the denominator and represents the
416	total amount of premium tax credits and certified capital that
417	may be allocated to all certified investors in calendar year
418	2011. Any such premium tax credits are not first available for
419	utilization until annual filings are made in 2012 for calendar
420	year 2011, and the tax credits may be used at a rate not to
421	exceed 10 percent annually.
422	(g) The maximum amount of certified capital for which
423	premium tax allocation claims may be filed on behalf of any
424	certified investor and its affiliates by one or more certified
425	capital companies may not exceed \$25 million.
426	(h) To the extent that less than \$500 million in certified
427	capital is raised in connection with the procedure set forth in
428	paragraphs (c)-(g), the department may adopt rules to allow a
429	subsequent allocation of the remaining premium tax credits
430	authorized under this section.
431	(8) ANNUAL TAX CREDIT; CLAIM PROCESS.—
432	(a) On an annual basis, on or before December 31, each
433	certified capital company shall file with the department and the
434	office, in consultation with the department, on a form
435	prescribed by the office, for each calendar year:

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436	 1. The total dollar amount the certified capital company
437	received from certified investors, the identity of the certified
438	investors, and the amount received from each certified investor
439	during the immediately preceding calendar year.
440	2. The total dollar amount the certified capital company
441	invested and the amount invested in qualified port businesses,
442	together with the identity and location of those businesses and
443	the amount invested in each qualified port business during the
444	immediately preceding calendar year.
445	3. For informational purposes only, the total number of
446	permanent, full-time jobs created or retained by the qualified
447	port business during the immediately preceding calendar year,
448	the average wage of the jobs created or retained, the industry
449	sectors in which the qualified port businesses operate, and any
450	additional capital invested in qualified port businesses from
451	sources other than certified capital companies.
452	(b) The form shall be verified by one or more principals of
453	the certified capital company submitting the form. Verification
454	shall be accomplished as provided in s. 92.525(1)(b) and subject
455	to the provisions of s. 92.525(3).
456	(c) The office shall review the form, and any supplemental
457	documentation, submitted by each certified capital company for
458	the purpose of verifying:
459	1. That the businesses in which certified capital has been
460	invested by the certified capital company are in fact qualified
461	port businesses and that the amount of certified capital
462	invested by the certified capital company is as represented in
463	the form.
464	2. The amount of certified capital invested in the

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32-01654-10 20101992 465 certified capital company by the certified investors. 466 3. The amount of premium tax credit available to certified 467 investors. 468 (d) The Department of Revenue may audit and examine the accounts, books, or records of certified capital companies and 469 470 certified investors to ascertain the correctness of any report 471 and financial return that has been filed and to ascertain a 472 certified capital company's compliance with the tax-related 473 provisions of this section. 474 (e) This subsection shall take effect January 1, 2011. 475 (9) REQUIREMENT FOR FULL INVESTMENT; STATE PARTICIPATION.-476 (a) A certified capital company may make qualified distributions at any time. In order to make a distribution to 477 its equity holders, other than a qualified distribution, a 478 479 certified capital company must have invested an amount 480 cumulatively equal to 100 percent of its certified capital in 481 investments in qualified port businesses. Payments to debt 482 holders of a certified capital company, however, may be made 483 without restriction with respect to repayments of principal and 484 interest on indebtedness owed to them by a certified capital 485 company, including indebtedness of the certified capital company 486 on which certified investors earned premium tax credits. A debt 487 holder that is also a certified investor or equity holder of a 488 certified capital company may receive payments with respect to 489 such debt without restrictions. 490 (b) Cumulative distributions from a certified capital 491 company to its certified investors and equity holders, other than qualified distributions, in excess of the certified capital 492 493 company's original certified capital and any additional capital

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494	32-01654-10 20101992
	contributions to the certified capital company may be audited by
495	a nationally recognized certified public accounting firm
496	acceptable to the office, at the expense of the certified
497	capital company, if the department directs such an audit to be
498	conducted. The audit shall determine whether aggregate
499	cumulative distributions from the certified capital company to
500	all certified investors and equity holders, other than qualified
501	distributions, have equaled the sum of the certified capital
502	company's original certified capital and any additional capital
503	contributions to the certified capital company. If at the time
504	of any such distribution made by the certified capital company,
505	such distribution taken together with all other such
506	distributions made by the certified capital company, other than
507	qualified distributions, exceeds in the aggregate the sum of the
508	certified capital company's original certified capital and any
509	additional capital contributions to the certified capital
510	company, as determined by the audit, the certified capital
511	company shall pay to the Department of Revenue 10 percent of the
512	portion of such distribution in excess of such amount. Payments
513	to the Department of Revenue by a certified capital company
514	pursuant to this paragraph may not exceed the aggregate amount
515	of tax credits used by all certified investors in such certified
516	capital company.
517	(10) DECERTIFICATION
518	(a) The department shall conduct an annual review of each
519	certified capital company to determine if the certified capital
520	company is abiding by the requirements of certification, to
521	advise the certified capital company as to the eligibility
522	status of its investments in qualified port businesses, and to

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523	ensure that no investment has been made in violation of this
524	section. The cost of the annual review shall be paid by each
525	certified capital company.
526	(b) This subsection does not limit the Chief Financial
527	Officer's authority to conduct audits of certified capital
528	companies as deemed appropriate and necessary.
529	(c) Any material violation of this section, or a finding
530	that the certified capital company or any principal or director
531	thereof has committed any act specified in paragraph (4)(d),
532	constitutes grounds for decertification of the certified capital
533	company. If the department determines that a certified capital
534	company is no longer in compliance with the certification
535	requirements of this section, the department shall, by written
536	notice, inform the officers of such company that the company may
537	be subject to decertification 90 days after the date of mailing
538	of the notice, unless the deficiencies are corrected and the
539	company is again found to be in compliance with all
540	certification requirements.
541	(d) At the end of the 90-day grace period, if the certified
542	capital company is still not in compliance with the
543	certification requirements, the department may issue a notice to
544	revoke or suspend the certification or to impose an
545	administrative fine. The department shall advise each respondent
546	of the right to an administrative hearing under chapter 120
547	prior to final action by the department.
548	(e) If the department revokes a certification, such
549	revocation shall also deny, suspend, or revoke the
550	certifications of all affiliates of the certified capital
551	company.

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32-01654-10 20101992 552 (f) Decertification of a certified capital company for 553 failure to meet all requirements for continued certification 554 under paragraph (5)(a) may cause the recapture of premium tax 555 credits previously claimed by such company and the forfeiture of 556 future premium tax credits to be claimed by certified investors 557 with respect to such certified capital company, as follows: 558 1. Decertification of a certified capital company within 3 559 years after its certification date shall cause the recapture of 560 all premium tax credits previously claimed by such company and 561 the forfeiture of all future premium tax credits to be claimed 562 by certified investors with respect to such company. 563 2. When a certified capital company meets all requirements 564 for continued certification under subparagraph (5)(a)1. and 565 subsequently fails to meet the requirements for continued 566 certification under subparagraph (5) (a)2., the premium tax 567 credits that have been or will be taken by certified investors 568 within 3 years after the certification date of the certified 569 capital company are not subject to recapture or forfeiture; 570 however, all premium tax credits that have been or will be taken 571 by certified investors after the third anniversary of the 572 certification date of the certified capital company are subject 573 to recapture or forfeiture. 574 3. When a certified capital company meets all requirements 575 for continued certification under subparagraphs (5)(a)1. and 2. 576 and subsequently fails to meet the requirements for continued certification under subparagraph (5)(a)3., the premium tax 577 578 credits that have been or will be taken by certified investors 579 within 4 years after the certification date of the certified 580 capital company are not subject to recapture or forfeiture;

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581	however, all premium tax credits that have been or will be taken
582	by certified investors after the fourth anniversary of the
583	certification date of the certified capital company are subject
584	to recapture and forfeiture.
585	4. If a certified capital company has met all requirements
586	for continued certification under paragraph (5)(a), but the
587	company is subsequently decertified, the premium tax credits
588	that have been or will be taken by certified investors within 5
589	years after the certification date of the company are not
590	subject to recapture or forfeiture. Premium tax credits to be
591	taken after the 5th year of certification are subject to
592	forfeiture only if the certified capital company is decertified
593	within 5 years after its certification date.
594	5. If a certified capital company has invested an amount
595	cumulatively equal to 100 percent of its certified capital in
596	investments in qualified port businesses, all premium tax
597	credits claimed or to be claimed by its certified investors are
598	not subject to recapture or forfeiture.
599	(g) Decertification of a certified capital company pursuant
600	to subsection (4) or this subsection does not affect the ability
601	of certified investors in such certified capital company to
602	continue to claim future premium tax credits earned as an
603	investment in the certified capital company during the period in
604	which it was duly certified.
605	(h) The office shall send written notice to the address of
606	each certified investor whose premium tax credit has been
607	subject to recapture or forfeiture, using the address last shown
608	on the last premium tax filing.
609	(i) The certified investor is responsible for returning to

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610	the Department of Revenue any forfeited insurance premium tax
611	credits, and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue
612	Fund.
613	(j) The certified investor shall file with the Department
614	of Revenue an amended return or such other report as the
615	department may prescribe by rule and pay any required tax, not
616	later than 60 days after the decertification has been agreed to
617	or finally determined, whichever shall first occur.
618	(k) A notice of deficiency may be issued:
619	1. At any time within 5 years after the date such
620	notification is given; or
621	2. At any time if a certified investor fails to notify the
622	Department of Revenue.
623	
624	In either case, the amount of any proposed assessment set forth
625	in such notice shall be limited to the amount of any deficiency
626	resulting under this section from the recomputation of the
627	certified investor's insurance premium tax and, if applicable,
628	its retaliatory tax for the taxable year giving effect only to
629	the item or items reflected in the decertification adjustment.
630	(1) Any certified investor who fails to report and timely
631	pay any tax due as a result of the forfeiture of its insurance
632	premium tax credit is in violation of this subsection and is
633	subject to a penalty of 10 percent of any underpayment or
634	delinquent taxes due and payable.
635	(m) When any taxpayer fails to pay any amount due as a
636	result of the forfeiture of its insurance premium tax credit as
637	provided for in this subsection, on or before the due date as
638	specified in this subsection, interest shall be due on any

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639	insurance premium or retaliatory tax deficiency resulting from
640	such forfeiture, at the rate of 12 percent per year from the due
641	date of such amended return until paid.
642	(11) TRANSFERABILITYThe claim of a transferee of a
643	certified investor's unused premium tax credit shall be
644	permitted in the same manner and subject to the same provisions
645	and limitations of this section as the original certified
646	investor. The term "transferee" means any person who:
647	(a) Through the voluntary sale, assignment, or other
648	transfer of the business or control of the business of the
649	certified investor, including the sale or other transfer of
650	stocks or assets by merger, consolidation, or dissolution,
651	succeeds to all or substantially all of the business and
652	property of the certified investor;
653	(b) Becomes by operation of law or otherwise the parent
654	company of the certified investor;
655	(c) Directly or indirectly owns, whether through rights,
656	options, convertible interests, or otherwise, controls, or holds
657	power to vote 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting
658	securities or other ownership interest of the certified
659	investor;
660	(d) Is a subsidiary of the certified investor or has 10
661	percent or more of its outstanding voting securities or other
662	ownership interests directly or indirectly owned, whether
663	through rights, options, convertible interests, or otherwise, by
664	the certified investor; or
665	(e) Directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or
666	is under common control with the certified investor.
667	(12) REPORTING REQUIREMENTSThe office shall report on an

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668	annual basis to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
669	the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before April
670	<u>1:</u>
671	(a) The total dollar amount each certified capital company
672	received from all certified investors and any other investor,
673	the identity of the certified investors, and the total amount of
674	premium tax credit used by each certified investor for the
675	previous calendar year.
676	(b) The total dollar amount invested by each certified
677	capital company and that portion invested in qualified port
678	businesses, the identity and location of those businesses, the
679	amount invested in each qualified port business, and the total
680	number of permanent, full-time jobs created or retained by each
681	qualified port business.
682	(c) The return for the state as a result of the certified
683	capital company investments in qualified port businesses,
684	including the extent to which:
685	1. Certified capital company investments have contributed
686	to employment growth.
687	2. The wage level of businesses in which certified capital
688	companies have invested exceeds the average wage for the county
689	in which the jobs are located.
690	3. The investments of the certified capital companies in
691	qualified port businesses have contributed to expanding or
692	diversifying the economic base of the state.
693	(13) FEES.—All fees and charges of any nature collected by
694	the department under this section shall be paid into the State
695	Treasury and credited to the General Revenue Fund.
696	(14) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

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697	(a) The Department of Revenue may by rule prescribe forms
698	and procedures for the tax credit filings, audits, and
699	forfeiture of premium tax credits described in this section, and
700	for certified capital company payments under paragraph (9)(b).
701	(b) The office may adopt any rules necessary to carry out
702	its respective duties, obligations, and powers related to the
703	administration, review, and reporting provisions of this section
704	and may perform any other acts necessary for the proper
705	administration and enforcement of such duties, obligations, and
706	powers.
707	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.