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By the Committee on Commerce; and Senator Ring

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to Florida ports inves

An act relating to Florida ports investments; creating s. 311.23, F.S.; providing a short title; providing a purpose; providing definitions; creating the Florida Ports Investment Corporation; subjecting the corporation to certain public-meetings and publicrecords requirements; providing authority and requirements for the corporation; providing for a board of directors; providing for appointment of board members; providing for investments by the corporation in certain port projects; providing port project funding criteria; providing requirements for capital allocation and investments; providing requirements for certain uninvested capital; providing requirements for investments; providing for a premium tax credit; providing for carryforward of the credit; providing limitations on the credit; providing limitations on the amount of tax credits; providing investment requirements; providing procedures, requirements, and limitations for transfers of unused credits; authorizing the corporation and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to charge certain fees; providing reporting requirements; authorizing the Department of Revenue and the office to adopt rules; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to provide certain information to the office; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 311.23, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

311.23 Florida Ports Investment Act.-

- (1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida Ports Investment Act."
- (2) PURPOSE.—The primary purpose of this section is to stimulate a substantial increase in the state's port infrastructure by providing an incentive for investment in new or expanding port and port-related projects. The increase in investment capital flowing into new or expanding port activities and businesses is intended to contribute to employment growth, create jobs that exceed the average wage for the county in which the jobs are located, and expand or diversify the economic base of this state.
 - (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Corporation" means the Florida Ports Investment Corporation created under subsection (4).
- (b) "Investment capital" means an investment of cash by a participating investor in the corporation in exchange for the tax credits provided in this section.
- (c) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (d) "Participating investor" means any qualified investor subject to the Internal Revenue Code and that contributes investment capital pursuant to this section.
- (e) "Premium tax liability" means any liability incurred by an insurance company under s. 624.509.
 - (f) "Qualified port project" means the ports listed in s.

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403.021(9)(b) or any associated business or project that uses those ports for the movement of goods and people, as determined by the corporation.

- (4) FLORIDA PORTS INVESTMENT CORPORATION; CREATION; AUTHORITY; BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—
- (a) The Florida Ports Investment Corporation is created as a corporation not for profit, to be incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617, and registered with the Department of State as a Florida entity. The Legislature determines that public policy dictates that the corporation operate in the most open and accessible manner consistent with its public purpose. Therefore, the Legislature specifically declares that the corporation and its advisory company are subject to the public records and meetings requirements of chapters 119 and 286.
 - (b) The corporation:
- 1. May receive, hold, invest, and administer funds and make expenditures consistent with the purposes of this section.
- 2. May make purchases, sales, exchanges, investments, and reinvestments for and on behalf of the funds received pursuant to this section.
 - 3. Maintain all official records related to its activities.
- 4. Shall retain, pursuant to the provisions of s. 287.055, at least one investment advisory company domiciled in the state of Florida, with at least 5 years of experience in working with investors seeking tax credits or other debt-driven instruments, to assist the corporation in carrying out the provisions of this section.
- 5. Shall timely provide the office with information about its participating investors and the amount of their investments

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to assist the office in awarding the available tax credits, and a list of certified port projects.

- 6. Shall assist the office in developing the required annual report in subsection (10).
- (c) The corporation shall be governed by a board of directors comprised of:
- $\underline{\mbox{1. The director of the office, who shall serve as the}}$ chair.
- 2. Two members appointed by the Governor, two members appointed by the President of the Senate, and two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. These appointed members must have significant experience in international business, transportation, law, or logistics.

 Appointed members are subject to any restrictions on conflicts of interest specified in the organizational documents of the corporation and may not have any interest in any investments made by the corporation pursuant to subsection (5).
- 3. The chair of the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council.
 - 4. The Secretary of Transportation.
- 5. Each appointed member shall be appointed for a term of 4 years. A vacancy on the board shall be filled by the appointing official for the member whose vacancy is to be filled or whose term has expired. An appointed member may be removed by the appointing official for that member, for cause. Absence from three consecutive meetings shall result in automatic removal. Any appointed member is eligible for reappointment.
- 6. Members of the board shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for all reasonable, necessary, and actual

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expenses as determined and approved by the board pursuant to s. 118 112.061.

- (5) INVESTMENTS BY THE CORPORATION IN PORT PROJECTS AND PORT-RELATED ACTIVITIES.—
- (a) 1. The corporation shall seek to maintain the economic competitiveness of Florida's ports and their related import and export industries by funding projects that increase the ports' capacity to handle freight; are consistent with approved seaport master plans; and improve economic productivity for the state or the region in which projects are located. Also eligible for investment capital under this section are on-port projects that are eligible for federal financial assistance consistent with criteria developed for federal freight transportation grant programs, including, but not limited to, the Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER), Projects of National and Regional Significance (PNRS), National Infrastructure Investment (NII), and the National Corridor Infrastructure Improvement (NCII) program.
- 2. The capital received under this section shall be allocated to eligible projects commencing by July 1, 2012, or held in accordance with paragraph (b).
- 3. Funding for such projects shall be on a matching basis as determined by the corporation, except that at least 25 percent of total project funds must come from port funds, local funds, private funds, or federal funds.
- (b) The corporation shall hold all capital that is received under this section and that is not invested in qualified port projects, and such capital:
 - 1. Must be held in a financial institution as defined by s.

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 $\frac{655.005(1)(h)}{517.12}$ or held by a broker-dealer registered under s.

- 2. Must be invested only in:
- a. United States Treasury obligations;
- b. Certificates of deposit or other obligations, maturing within 3 years after acquisition of such certificates or obligations, issued by any financial institution or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States;
- c. Marketable obligations, maturing within 5 years or less after the acquisition of such obligations, which are rated "A" or better by any nationally recognized credit rating agency; or
- d. Interests in money market funds, the portfolio of which is limited to cash and obligations described in subsubparagraphs a.-c.
- (c) All investment decisions shall be made by the corporation, which must certify that each project is of a beneficial nature to a port listed in s. 403.021(9)(b); is ready to proceed within 60 days for design, construction, and permitting; and will create a lasting economic impact as determined by the board. Applications for funding by qualified port projects must be made to the corporation. The board, in consultation with the office, may establish procedural rules for the application form, application procedures, and criteria for making investment decisions based upon the requirements established in this paragraph.
 - (6) PREMIUM TAX CREDIT; AMOUNT; LIMITATIONS.-
- (a) Any participating investor who makes an investment of investment capital shall earn a vested credit against premium tax liability equal to 100 percent of the face amount of the

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credits purchased by the participating investor and such investments may not be subject to recapture, disallowance, forfeiture, or reduction.

- (b) Participating investors shall be entitled to use no more than 10 percentage points of the vested premium tax credit, including any carryforward credits under this section, per year beginning with premium tax filings for calendar year 2013.
- (c) Any premium tax credits not used by participating investors in any single year may be carried forward and applied against the premium tax liabilities of such investors for subsequent calendar years. The carryforward credit may be applied against subsequent premium tax filings through calendar year 2029.
- (d) The credit to be applied against premium tax liability in any single year may not exceed the premium tax liability of the participating investor for that taxable year.
- (e) A participating investor claiming a credit against premium tax liability earned through an investment in the corporation, or a transferee, is not required to pay any additional retaliatory tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such credit. Because credits under this section are available to a participating investor, s. 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any manner.
 - (7) ANNUAL TAX CREDIT; MAXIMUM AMOUNT.-
- (a) The total amount of tax credits which may be allocated by the office may not exceed \$100 million. The total amount of tax credits which may be used by participating investors under this section may not exceed \$10 million annually.
 - (b) The office shall be responsible for allocating premium

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tax credits as provided for in this section to participating investors. A participating investor must submit an application to the office for the tax credit authorized in this section.

- (8) TRANSFER OF TAX CREDITS.—
- (a) Upon application to and approval by the office, a participating investor may elect to transfer, in whole or in part, any unused credit amount granted under this section. The office shall notify the Department of Revenue of the election and transfer.
- (b) A participating investor that elects to apply a credit amount against taxes remitted under s. 624.509 is permitted a one-time transfer of unused credits to one transferee, and such transfer must occur in the same taxable year.
- (c) The transferee is subject to the same rights and limitations as the participating investor awarded the tax credit, except that the transferee may not sell or otherwise transfer the tax credit.
- (9) AUDIT AUTHORITY; REVOCATION AND FORFEITURE OF TAX CREDITS; FRAUDULENT CLAIMS.—
- (a) Audit authority.—The Department of Revenue may conduct examinations and audits as provided in s. 213.34 to verify that tax credits under this section are received, transferred, and applied according to the requirements of this section. If the Department of Revenue determines that tax credits are not received, transferred, or applied as required by this section, it may, in addition to the remedies provided in this subsection, pursue recovery of such funds pursuant to the laws and rules governing the assessment of taxes.
 - (b) Revocation of tax credits.—The office may revoke or

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modify any written decision qualifying, certifying, or otherwise granting eligibility for tax credits under this section if it is discovered that the tax credit applicant submitted any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed in an attempt to receive tax credits under this section. The office shall immediately notify the Department of Revenue of any revoked or modified orders affecting previously granted tax credits. Additionally, the applicant must notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed.

- (c) Forfeiture of tax credits.—A determination by the

 Department of Revenue, as a result of an audit or examination by
 the Department of Revenue or from information received from the
 office, that an applicant received tax credits pursuant to this
 section to which the applicant was not entitled is grounds for
 forfeiture of previously claimed and received tax credits. The
 applicant is responsible for returning forfeited tax credits to
 the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall be paid into the
 General Revenue Fund of the state. Tax credits purchased in good
 faith are not subject to forfeiture unless the transferee
 submitted fraudulent information in the purchase or otherwise
 failed to meet the requirements of this section.
- (d) Fraudulent claims.—Any applicant that submits fraudulent information under this section is liable for reimbursement of the reasonable costs and fees associated with the review, processing, investigation, and prosecution of the fraudulent claim. An applicant that obtains a credit payment under this section through a claim that is fraudulent is liable for reimbursement of the credit amount plus a penalty in an

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amount double the credit amount. The penalty is in addition to any criminal penalty to which the applicant is liable for the same acts. The applicant is also liable for costs and fees incurred by the state in investigating and prosecuting the fraudulent claim.

- (10) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Beginning February 1, 2013, and every year thereafter, the office shall report on an annual basis to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives:
- (a) The total dollar amount received by the corporation from all participating investors and any other investor, the identity of the participating investors, and the total amount of premium tax credit used by each participating investor for the previous calendar year.
- (b) The total dollar amount invested by the corporation in qualified port projects, the identity and location of those projects, the amount invested in each qualified port project, and the total number of permanent, full-time jobs created or retained by each qualified port project.
- (c) The return for the state as a result of the investments in qualified port projects, including the extent to which:
 - 1. Investments have contributed to employment growth.
- 2. The wage level of businesses in which the corporation has invested exceeds the average wage for the county in which the jobs are located.
- 3. The investments of the corporation in qualified port projects have contributed to expanding or diversifying the economic base of the state.
 - (11) FEES.—The corporation may charge reasonable fees for

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administering and processing applications by qualified port projects for funding pursuant to paragraph (5)(c), and the office may charge reasonable fees for administering and processing applications by participating investors for tax credits pursuant to subsection (7). Any fee charged by the corporation or office under this subsection for an application may not exceed the actual cost incurred by the corporation or office in administering and processing any application for funding or a tax credit.

(12) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. -

- (a) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules governing the examination and audit procedures required to administer this section and the manner and form of documentation required to claim tax credits awarded or transferred under this section.
- (b) The office may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 and develop procedures to administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules specifying requirements for the application and approval process, records required for substantiation for tax credits, and the manner and form of documentation required to claim tax credits awarded or transferred under this section.
- Section 2. Paragraph (z) is added to subsection (8) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-
- 317 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 318 the department may provide:
 - (z) Information relating to tax credits taken under s.

577-04347-10 20101992c1 320 624.509 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 321 Development. 322 323 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 324 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 325 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, 326 shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a 327 328 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 329 330 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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