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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 220.187, F.S.; revising definitions; making operation of the program contingent upon available funds; revising certain eligibility criteria; revising tax credit grant provisions; specifying a tax credit cap; providing for increasing the tax credit cap under certain circumstances; providing application procedures and requirements; providing for unused amounts of tax credits to be carried forward; providing application requirements; providing limitations on conveying, assigning, or transferring tax credits; revising provisions governing the rescission of taxpayer tax credits; deleting a prohibition against claiming certain multiple tax credits; specifying additional obligations for eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations relating to development and review of certain accounting procedures and guidelines; providing reporting requirements; limiting private school participation eligibility to certain grades; requiring private schools to annually contract with accountants to perform certain procedures; providing reporting and procedural requirements; revising certain obligations of the Department of Education; specifying additional requirements for certain independent research organizations; providing responsibilities of the

Department of Education; deleting certain requirements

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for independent research organizations; authorizing the Commissioner of Education to deny, suspend, or revoke private school program participation under certain circumstances; providing requirements and criteria; revising limitations on annual amounts of scholarships provided; deleting certain corporate tax credit carryforward authority; revising certain rulemaking authority; providing for severability and for preserving certain additional tax credits; creating s. 211.0251, F.S.; providing for a credit against the oil and gas production tax for certain program contributions; requiring the Department of Revenue to disregard certain tax credits for certain purposes; providing for application; creating s. 212.1831, F.S.; providing for a credit against sales and use tax for certain program contributions; requiring the Department of Revenue to disregard certain tax credits for certain purposes; providing for application; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; expanding the authority of the Department of Revenue to disclose certain information; amending s. 220.13, F.S.; revising the determination of additions to adjusted federal income; providing intent; providing for construction of certain provisions; providing for retroactive application; creating s. 220.1875, F.S.; providing for a credit against the corporate income tax for certain program contributions; providing limitations; providing for adjustments; providing for application; creating s. 561.1211, F.S.; providing for

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a credit against certain alcoholic beverage taxes for certain contributions; requiring the Department of Revenue to disregard certain tax credits for certain purposes; providing for application; amending ss. 220.02, 220.186, 624.51055, 1001.10, 1002.20, 1002.23, 1002.39, 1002.421, 1006.061, 1012.315, and 1012.796, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an appropriation to the Department of Revenue to implement the act; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 1002.395, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

1002.395 220.187 Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program Credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.

(1) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.-

 (a) The Legislature finds that:

1. It has the inherent power to determine subjects of taxation for general or particular public purposes.

2. Expanding educational opportunities and improving the quality of educational services within the state are valid public purposes that the Legislature may promote using its sovereign power to determine subjects of taxation and exemptions from taxation.

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- 3. Ensuring that all parents, regardless of means, may exercise and enjoy their basic right to educate their children as they see fit is a valid public purpose that the Legislature may promote using its sovereign power to determine subjects of taxation and exemptions from taxation.
- 4. Expanding educational opportunities and the healthy competition they promote are critical to improving the quality of education in the state and to ensuring that all children receive the high-quality education to which they are entitled.
 - (b) The purpose of this section is to:
- 1. Enable taxpayers to make private, voluntary contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations in order to promote the general welfare.
- 2. Provide taxpayers who wish to help parents with limited resources exercise their basic right to educate their children as they see fit with a means to do so.
- 3. Promote the general welfare by expanding educational opportunities for children of families that have limited financial resources.
- 4. Enable children in this state to achieve a greater level of excellence in their education.
- 5. Improve the quality of education in this state, both by expanding educational opportunities for children and by creating incentives for schools to achieve excellence.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- 113 (a) "Annual tax credit amount" means, for any state fiscal

 114 year, the sum of the amount of tax credits approved under

 115 paragraph (5) (b), including tax credits to be taken under s.

 116 220.1875 or s. 624.51055, which are approved for a taxpayer

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whose taxable year begins on or after January 1 of the calendar year preceding the start of the applicable state fiscal year.

- (b) (a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- (c) (b) "Direct certification list" means the certified list of children who qualify for the Food Stamp Program, the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Program, or the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations provided to the Department of Education by the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (d) "Division" means the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (e) (c) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit scholarshipfunding organization. The taxpayer making the contribution may not designate a specific child as the beneficiary of the contribution.
- <u>(f)</u> "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization" means a charitable organization that:
- 1. Is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 607, chapter 608, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in the state; and
 - 3. Complies with the provisions of subsection (6).
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ "Eligible private school" means a private school, as defined in s. 1002.01(2), located in Florida which offers an education to students in any grades K-12 and that meets the

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requirements in subsection (8).

- (h) (f) "Owner or operator" includes:
- 1. An owner, president, officer, or director of an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
- 2. An owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of an eligible private school or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible private school.
- (i) "Tax credit cap amount" means the maximum annual tax credit amount that the department may approve in a state fiscal year.
- (j) "Unweighted FTE funding amount" means the statewide average total funds per unweighted full-time equivalent funding amount that is incorporated by reference in the General Appropriations Act, or any subsequent special appropriations act, for the applicable state fiscal year.
 - (3) PROGRAM; SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.-
- (a) The Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program is established.
 - (b) Contingent upon available funds:
- $\underline{1.}$ A student is eligible for a Florida tax credit scholarship under this section or s. 624.51055 if the student qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act or is on the direct certification list and:
- $\underline{a.}$ (a) Was counted as a full-time equivalent student during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state per-student funding;

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- $\underline{\text{b.}}$ (b) Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida during the previous school year;
- $\underline{\text{c.}(c)}$ Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade; or $\underline{\text{d.}(d)}$ Is currently placed, or during the previous state fiscal year was placed, in foster care as defined in s. 39.01.
- $\underline{2.}$ Contingent upon available funds, A student may continue in the scholarship program as long as the student's household income level does not exceed $\underline{230}$ 200 percent of the federal poverty level.
- 3. A sibling of a student who is continuing in the scholarship program and who resides in the same household as the student shall also be eligible as a first-time tax credit scholarship recipient if the sibling meets one or more of the criteria specified in subparagraph 1. and as long as the student's and sibling's household income level does not exceed 230 200 percent of the federal poverty level.
- (c) Household income for purposes of a student who is currently in foster care as defined in s. 39.01 shall consist only of the income that may be considered in determining whether he or she qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act.
- (4) SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS.—A student is not eligible for a scholarship while he or she is:
- (a) Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice commitment programs;
- (b) Receiving a scholarship from another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under this section;

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- (c) Receiving an educational scholarship pursuant to chapter 1002;
 - (d) Participating in a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1);
 - (e) Participating in a private tutoring program pursuant to s. 1002.43;
 - (f) Participating in a virtual school, correspondence school, or distance learning program that receives state funding pursuant to the student's participation unless the participation is limited to no more than two courses per school year; or
- (g) Enrolled in the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS.—
- (a) $\underline{\text{1. The tax credit cap amount is $140 million in the}}$ 2010-2011 state fiscal year.
- 2. In the 2011-2012 state fiscal year and each state fiscal year thereafter, the tax credit cap amount is the tax credit cap amount in the prior state fiscal year. However, in any state fiscal year when the annual tax credit amount for the prior state fiscal year is equal to or greater than 90 percent of the tax credit cap amount applicable to that state fiscal year, the tax credit cap amount shall increase by 25 percent. The department shall publish on its website information identifying the tax credit cap amount when it is increased pursuant to this subparagraph. There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable year,

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after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.

- (b) A taxpayer may submit an application to the department for a tax credit or credits under one or more of s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055. The taxpayer shall specify in the application each tax for which the taxpayer requests a credit and the applicable taxable year for a credit under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 or the applicable state fiscal year for a credit under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211. The department shall approve tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis and must obtain the division's approval prior to approving a tax credit under s. 561.1211. For each state fiscal year, the total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits which may be granted under this section and s. 624.51055 is \$118 million.
- fully used within the specified state fiscal year for credits under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, or s. 561.1211 or against taxes due for the specified taxable year for credits under s. 220.1875 or s. 624.51055 because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the taxpayer, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years. However, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application to the department for approval of the carryforward tax credit in the year that the taxpayer intends to

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use the carryforward. The department must obtain the division's approval prior to approving the carryforward of a tax credit under s. 561.1211. A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is subject to the limitation established under paragraph (a).

- (d) A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer an approved tax credit or a carryforward tax credit to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.
- (e) (d) Within any state fiscal year Effective for tax years beginning January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may rescind all or part of a its allocated tax credit approved under paragraph (b) this section. The amount rescinded shall become available for purposes of the cap for that state fiscal year under this section to another an eligible taxpayer as approved by the department if the taxpayer receives notice from the department that the rescindment has been accepted by the department and the taxpayer has not previously rescinded any or all of its tax credits approved credit allocation under paragraph (b) this section more than once in the previous 3 tax years. The department must obtain the division's approval prior to accepting the rescindment of a tax credit under s. 561.1211. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph shall become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-served basis based on tax credit applications received after the date the rescindment is accepted by the department.
 - (e) A taxpayer who is eligible to receive the credit

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provided for in s. 624.51055 is not eligible to receive the credit provided by this section.

- (6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS.—An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization:
- (a) Must comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
- (b) Must comply with the following background check requirements:
- 1. All owners and operators as defined in subparagraph (2) (h) (f) 1. are, upon employment or engagement to provide services, subject to level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. The fingerprints for the background screening must be electronically submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement and can be taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or by an employee of the eligible nonprofit scholarshipfunding organization or a private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of an owner or operator may not be taken by the owner or operator. The results of the state and national criminal history check shall be provided to the Department of Education for screening under chapter 435. The cost of the background screening may be borne by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or the owner or operator.
- 2. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to provide services or association with an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, each owner or operator must meet level 2 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at which time the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall

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request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening. If the fingerprints of an owner or operator are not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3., the owner or operator must electronically file a complete set of fingerprints with the Department of Law Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose, the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3.

- 3. Beginning July 1, 2007, all fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph must be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner approved by rule and entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.
- 4. Beginning July 1, 2007, the Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system under subparagraph 3. Any arrest record that is identified with an owner's or operator's fingerprints must be reported to the Department of Education. The Department of Education shall participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to

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the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment, engagement, or association status of the owners or operators whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 3. The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon the Department of Education for performing these services and establishing the procedures for the retention of owner and operator fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by the owner or operator of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

- 5. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator fails the level 2 background screening shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.
- 6. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which he or she owned more than 20 percent shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.
- (c) Must not have an owner or operator who owns or operates an eligible private school that is participating in the scholarship program.
- (d) Must provide scholarships, from eligible contributions, to eligible students for the cost of:
 - 1. Tuition and fees for an eligible private school; or
- 2. Transportation to a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or to a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.
 - (e) Must give priority to eligible students who received a

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scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida during the previous school year.

- (f) Must provide a scholarship to an eligible student on a first-come, first-served basis unless the student qualifies for priority pursuant to paragraph (e).
- (g) May not restrict or reserve scholarships for use at a particular private school or provide scholarships to a child of an owner or operator.
- (h) Must allow an eligible student to attend any eligible private school and must allow a parent to transfer a schoolarship during a school year to any other eligible private school of the parent's choice.
- (i)1. May use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions received during the state fiscal year in which such contributions are collected for administrative expenses if the organization has operated under this section for at least 3 state fiscal years and did not have any negative financial findings in its most recent audit under paragraph (1). Such administrative expenses must be reasonable and necessary for the organization's management and distribution of eligible contributions under this section. No more than one-third of the funds authorized for administrative expenses under this subparagraph may be used for expenses related to the recruitment of contributions from taxpayers.
- 2. Must expend for annual or partial-year scholarships an amount equal to or greater than 75 percent of the net eligible contributions remaining after administrative expenses during the state fiscal year in which such contributions are collected. No

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more than 25 percent of such net eligible contributions may be carried forward to the following state fiscal year. Any amounts carried forward shall be expended for annual or partial-year scholarships in the following state fiscal year. Net eligible contributions remaining on June 30 of each year that are in excess of the 25 percent that may be carried forward shall be returned to the State Treasury for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

- 3. Must, before granting a scholarship for an academic year, document each scholarship student's eligibility for that academic year. A scholarship-funding organization may not grant multiyear scholarships in one approval process.
- (j) Must maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds and operating funds.
- (k) With the prior approval of the Department of Education, may transfer funds to another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization if additional funds are required to meet scholarship demand at the receiving nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. A transfer shall be limited to the greater of \$500,000 or 20 percent of the total contributions received by the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization making the transfer. All transferred funds must be deposited by the receiving nonprofit scholarship-funding organization into its scholarship accounts. All transferred amounts received by any nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must be separately disclosed in the annual financial and compliance audit required in this section.
- (1) Must provide to the Auditor General and the Department of Education an annual financial and compliance audit of its

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accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant and in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General. The audit must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing standards and must include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for not-for-profit organizations and a determination of compliance with the statutory eligibility and expenditure requirements set forth in this section. Audits must be provided to the Auditor General and the Department of Education within 180 days after completion of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's fiscal year.

- (m) Must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Department of Education pursuant to paragraph (9) (m). In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit in a timely manner any information requested by the Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.
- (n)1.a. Must participate in the joint development of agreed-upon procedures to be performed by an independent certified public accountant as required under paragraph (8)(e) if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than \$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school under this section during the 2009-2010 state fiscal year. The agreed-upon procedures must uniformly apply to all private schools and must determine, at a minimum, whether the private school has been verified as eligible by the Department of Education under paragraph (9)(c); has an adequate accounting system, system of financial controls, and process for deposit

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and classification of scholarship funds; and has properly expended scholarship funds for education-related expenses.

During the development of the procedures, the participating scholarship-funding organizations shall specify guidelines governing the materiality of exceptions that may be found during the accountant's performance of the procedures. The procedures and guidelines shall be provided to private schools and the Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2011.

- b. Must participate in a joint review of the agreed-upon procedures and guidelines developed under sub-subparagraph a., by February 2013 and biennially thereafter, if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than \$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school under this section during the state fiscal year preceding the biennial review. If the procedures and guidelines are revised, the revisions must be provided to private schools and the Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2013, and biennially thereafter.
- c. Must monitor the compliance of a private school with paragraph (8)(e) if the scholarship-funding organization provided the majority of the scholarship funding to the school. For each private school subject to paragraph (8)(e), the appropriate scholarship-funding organization shall notify the Commissioner of Education by October 30, 2011, and annually thereafter of:
- (I) A private school's failure to submit a report required under paragraph (8)(e); or
- (II) Any material exceptions set forth in the report required under paragraph (8)(e).
 - 2. Must seek input from the accrediting associations that

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are members of the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools when jointly developing the agreed-upon procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and conducting a review of those procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.b.

- Any and all information and documentation provided to the Department of Education and the Auditor General relating to the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution under this section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance with s. 213.053.
- (7) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.—
- (a) The parent must select an eligible private school and apply for the admission of his or her child.
- (b) The parent must inform the child's school district when the parent withdraws his or her child to attend an eligible private school.
- (c) Any student participating in the scholarship program must remain in attendance throughout the school year unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause.
- (d) Each parent and each student has an obligation to the private school to comply with the private school's published policies.
- (e) The parent shall ensure that the student participating in the scholarship program takes the norm-referenced assessment offered by the private school. The parent may also choose to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. If the parent requests that the student participating in the scholarship program take statewide

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assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22, the parent is responsible for transporting the student to the assessment site designated by the school district.

- (f) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant from the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, the parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. The parent may not designate any entity or individual associated with the participating private school as the parent's attorney in fact to endorse a scholarship warrant. A participant who fails to comply with this paragraph forfeits the scholarship.
- (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:
- (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.
- (b) Provide to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules.
- (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:
- 1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.
- 2. Annually administering or making provision for students participating in the scholarship program in grades 3 through 10 to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the Department of Education. Students with disabilities for

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whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A participating private school must report a student's scores to the parent and to the independent research organization selected by the Department of Education as described in paragraph (9)(j).

- 3. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22.
- (d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.
- (e) Annually contract with an independent certified public accountant to perform the agreed-upon procedures developed under paragraph (6) (n) and produce a report of the results if the private school receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this section in the 2010-2011 state fiscal year or a state fiscal year thereafter. A private school subject to this paragraph must submit the report by September 15, 2011, and annually thereafter to the scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority of the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must be conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the Department of Education.

(9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.—The Department of

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Education shall:

- (a) Annually submit to the department <u>and division</u>, by March 15, a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2) (f) (d).
- (b) Annually verify the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(f) $\frac{d}{d}$.
- (c) Annually verify the eligibility of private schools that meet the requirements of subsection (8).
- (d) Annually verify the eligibility of expenditures as provided in paragraph (6)(d) using the audit required by paragraph (6)(l).
- (e) Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and private schools with information on participation in the scholarship program.
- (f) Establish a process by which individuals may notify the Department of Education of any violation by a parent, private school, or school district of state laws relating to program participation. The Department of Education shall conduct an inquiry of any written complaint of a violation of this section, or make a referral to the appropriate agency for an investigation, if the complaint is signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the Department of Education may require supporting information or documentation from the complainant. A department inquiry is not subject to the requirements of chapter 120.

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- (g) Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance statement by participating private schools certifying compliance with state laws and shall retain such records.
- (h) Cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid duplication.
- (i) Maintain a list of nationally norm-referenced tests identified for purposes of satisfying the testing requirement in subparagraph (8)(c)2. The tests must meet industry standards of quality in accordance with State Board of Education rule.
- (j) Select an independent research organization, which may be a public or private entity or university, to which participating private schools must report the scores of participating students on the nationally norm-referenced tests administered by the private school in grades 3 through 10.
- 1. The independent research organization must annually report to the Department of Education on the year-to-year <u>learning gains</u> improvements of participating students:
- a. On a statewide basis. The report shall also include, to the extent possible, a comparison of these learning gains to the statewide learning gains of public school students with socioeconomic backgrounds similar to those of students participating in the scholarship program. The independent research organization must analyze and report student performance data in a manner that protects the rights of students and parents as mandated in 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and must not disaggregate data to a level that will disclose the academic level of individual students or of individual schools. To the

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extent possible, the independent research organization must accumulate historical performance data on students from the Department of Education and private schools to describe baseline performance and to conduct longitudinal studies. To minimize costs and reduce time required for the independent research organization's third-party analysis and evaluation, the Department of Education shall conduct analyses of matched students from public school assessment data and calculate control group learning gains using an agreed-upon methodology outlined in the contract with the independent research organization; and third-party evaluator

- b. According to each participating private school in which there are at least 30 participating students who have scores for tests administered during or after the 2009-2010 school year for 2 consecutive years at that private school.
- 2. The sharing and reporting of student learning gain data under this paragraph must be in accordance with requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and shall be for the sole purpose of creating the annual report required by subparagraph 1 conducting the evaluation. All parties must preserve the confidentiality of such information as required by law. The annual report must not disaggregate data to a level that will identify individual participating schools, except as required under sub-subparagraph 1.b., or disclose the academic level of individual students.
- 3. The annual report required by subparagraph 1. shall be published by the Department of Education on its website.
- (k) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students

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who are receiving educational scholarships pursuant to chapter 1002.

- (1) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students who are receiving tax credit scholarships from other eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.
- (m) Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of students participating in the scholarship program, the private schools at which the students are enrolled, and other information deemed necessary by the Department of Education.
- (n)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results. The Department of Education may not make more than seven random site visits each year and may not make more than one random site visit each year to the same private school.
- 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Department of Education's actions with respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private school under this program concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and

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the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.

- (o) Provide a process to match the direct certification list with the scholarship application data submitted by any nonprofit scholarship-funding organization eligible to receive the 3-percent administrative allowance under paragraph (6)(i).
- (10) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS.—Upon the request of any eligible nonprofit scholarship—funding organization, a school district shall inform all households within the district receiving free or reduced—priced meals under the National School Lunch Act of their eligibility to apply for a tax credit scholarship. The form of such notice shall be provided by the eligible nonprofit scholarship—funding organization, and the district shall include the provided form, if requested by the organization, in any normal correspondence with eligible households. If an eligible nonprofit scholarship—funding organization requests a special communication to be issued to households within the district receiving free or reduced—price meals under the National School Lunch Act, the organization shall reimburse the district for the cost of postage. Such notice is limited to once a year.
 - (11) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-
- (a) 1. The Commissioner of Education shall deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program if it is determined that the private school has failed to comply with the provisions of this section. However, in instances in which the noncompliance is correctable within a reasonable amount of time and in which the health, safety, or welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner may issue a notice of noncompliance that shall provide the private

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school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of compliance prior to taking action to suspend or revoke the private school's participation in the scholarship program.

- 2. The Commissioner of Education may deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program if the commissioner determines that an owner or operator of the private school is operating or has operated an educational institution in this state or another state or jurisdiction in a manner contrary to the health, safety, or welfare of the public. In making this determination, the commissioner may consider factors that include, but are not limited to, acts or omissions by an owner or operator that led to a previous denial or revocation of participation in an education scholarship program; an owner's or operator's failure to reimburse the Department of Education for scholarship funds improperly received or retained by a school; imposition of a prior criminal or civil administrative sanction related to an owner's or operator's management or operation of an educational institution; or other types of criminal proceedings in which the owner or operator was found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, or moral turpitude.
- (b) The commissioner's determination is subject to the following:
- 1. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program, the Department of Education shall notify the private school of such proposed action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to

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the private school's address of record with the Department of Education. The notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this paragraph.

- 2. The private school that is adversely affected by the proposed action shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice of proposed action to file with the Department of Education's agency clerk a request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), the Department of Education shall forward the request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.
- 3. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this paragraph, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a recommended order. The provisions of this subparagraph may be waived upon stipulation by all parties.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately suspend payment of scholarship funds if it is determined that there is probable cause to believe that there is:
- 1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the students; or
 - 2. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school.

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Notwithstanding s. 1002.22, in incidents of alleged fraudulent activity pursuant to this section, the Department of Education's Office of Inspector General is authorized to release personally identifiable records or reports of students to the following persons or organizations:

- a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
- b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232q.
- c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31.

The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in paragraph (b).

- (12) SCHOLARSHIP AMOUNT AND PAYMENT.-
- (a) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., the amount of a scholarship provided to any student for any single school year by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization from

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eligible contributions shall be for total costs authorized under paragraph (6)(d), not to exceed the following annual limits, which shall be determined as follows:

- $\underline{\text{a.1.}}$ Three thousand nine hundred fifty dollars For a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible private school: for
- (I) For the 2009-2010 state fiscal year, the limit shall be \$3,950 the 2008-2009 state fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (II) For the 2010-2011 state fiscal year, the limit shall be 60 percent of the unweighted FTE funding amount for that year.
- the limit shall be determined by multiplying the unweighted FTE funding amount in that state fiscal year by the percentage used to determine the limit in the prior state fiscal year. However, in each state fiscal year that the tax credit cap amount increases pursuant to subparagraph (5) (a) 2., the prior year percentage shall be increased by 4 percentage points and the increased percentage shall be used to determine the limit for that state fiscal year. If the percentage so calculated reaches 80 percent in a state fiscal year, no further increase in the percentage is allowed and the limit shall be 80 percent of the unweighted FTE funding amount for that state fiscal year and thereafter.
- $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$ Five hundred dollars For a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or in a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32, the limit shall be \$500.

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- 2. The annual limit for a scholarship under subsubparagraph 1.a. shall be reduced by:
- <u>a. Twenty-five percent if the student's household income</u>

 <u>level is equal to or greater than 200 percent, but less than 215</u>

 percent, of the federal poverty level.
- b. Fifty percent if the student's household income level is equal to or greater than 215 percent, but equal to or less than 230 percent, of the federal poverty level.
- (b) Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent. If the parent chooses that his or her child attend an eligible private school, the warrant must be delivered by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the private school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school. An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall ensure that the parent to whom the warrant is made restrictively endorsed the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school.
- (c) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall obtain verification from the private school of a student's continued attendance at the school for each period covered by a scholarship payment.
- (d) Payment of the scholarship shall be made by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization no less frequently than on a quarterly basis.
 - (13) ADMINISTRATION; RULES.-
- (a) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability

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on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years; however, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application for allocation of tax credits or carryforward credits as required in paragraph (d) in the year that the taxpayer intends to use the carryforward. This carryforward applies to all approved contributions made after January 1, 2002. A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer the credit authorized by this section to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.

- (b) An application for a tax credit pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the department on forms established by rule of the department.
- (a) (c) The department, the division, and the Department of Education shall develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of this section.
- (b) (d) The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section and ss. 211.0251, 212.1831, 220.1875, 561.1211, and 624.51055, including rules establishing application forms, and procedures and governing the approval allocation of tax credits and carryforward tax credits under subsection (5), and procedures to be followed by taxpayers when claiming approved tax credits on their returns this section on a first-come, first-served basis.
- (c) The division shall adopt rules necessary to administer its responsibilities under this section and s. 561.1211.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (e) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer $\underline{\text{the}}$

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 $\frac{\text{responsibilities}}{\text{Department of Education and the Commissioner of Education}} \ \frac{\text{this section as it relates to the roles}}{\text{this section.}} \$

- (14) DEPOSITS OF ELIGIBLE CONTRIBUTIONS.—All eligible contributions received by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be deposited in a manner consistent with s. 17.57(2).
- (15) PRESERVATION OF CREDIT.—If any provision or portion of this section, s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055 subsection (5) or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional by any court or is otherwise declared invalid, the unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect any credit earned under s. 211.0251, s. 212.1831, s. 220.1875, s. 561.1211, or s. 624.51055 subsection (5) by any taxpayer with respect to any contribution paid to an eligible nonprofit scholarshipfunding organization before the date of a determination of unconstitutionality or invalidity. Such credit shall be allowed at such time and in such a manner as if a determination of unconstitutionality or invalidity had not been made, provided that nothing in this subsection by itself or in combination with any other provision of law shall result in the allowance of any credit to any taxpayer in excess of one dollar of credit for each dollar paid to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

Section 2. Effective January 1, 2011, section 211.0251, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

211.0251 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—There is allowed a credit of

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929 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible 930 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 931 against any tax due under s. 211.02 or s. 211.025. However, a 932 credit allowed under this section may not exceed 50 percent of the tax due on the return the credit is taken. For purposes of 933 934 the distributions of tax revenue under s. 211.06, the department 935 shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received which is 936 937 attributable to the tax credits results only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue Fund. The provisions of s. 939 1002.395 apply to the credit authorized by this section. 940 Section 3. Effective January 1, 2011, section 212.1831, 941 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 212.1831 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—There is allowed a credit of 943 944 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 945 946 against any tax imposed by the state and due under this chapter 947 from a direct pay permit holder as a result of the direct pay 948 permit held pursuant to s. 212.183. For purposes of the 949 distributions of tax revenue under s. 212.20, the department 950 shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this section to 951 ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received that is 952 attributable to the tax credits results only in a reduction in 953 distributions to the General Revenue Fund. The provisions of s. 954 1002.395 apply to the credit authorized by this section. 955 Section 4. Paragraph (u) of subsection (8) of section 956 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-

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- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- (u) Information relative to $\underline{ss.\ 211.0251}$, $\underline{212.1831}$, $\underline{220.1875}$, $\underline{561.1211}$, $\underline{624.51055}$, and $\underline{1002.395}$ $\underline{s.\ 220.187}$ to the Department of Education $\underline{and\ the\ Division\ of\ Alcoholic\ Beverages}$ and Tobacco in the conduct of \underline{its} official business.

Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.02 Legislative intent.-

(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 221.02, those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.197, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.1873, and those enumerated in s. 288.9916.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

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220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.—
 (1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection
- (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:
 - (a) Additions.—There shall be added to such taxable income:
 - 1. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income, excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state of the United States which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
 - 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).
 - 3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.
 - 4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016

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for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

- 5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- 6. The amount of emergency excise tax paid or accrued as a liability to this state under chapter 221 which tax is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
- 7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.
- 8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the attributable expenses for the taxable year.
- 9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1895.
- 10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.185.
- 11. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1875 220.187. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. This addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense back to income more than once.

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- 1045 12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under 1046 s. 220.192.
 - 13. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.193.
 - 14. Any portion of a qualified investment, as defined in s. 288.9913, which is claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer and taken as a credit against income tax pursuant to s. 288.9916.

Statutes, made by this act is intended to be clarifying and remedial in nature and shall apply retroactively to tax credits under s. 220.187, Florida Statutes, between January 1, 2002, and June 30, 2010, for taxes due under chapter 220, Florida Statutes, and prospectively to tax credits under s. 220.1875, Florida Statutes.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 220.186, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.186 Credit for Florida alternative minimum tax.-

(2) The credit pursuant to this section shall be the amount of the excess, if any, of the tax paid based upon taxable income determined pursuant to s. 220.13(2)(k) over the amount of tax which would have been due based upon taxable income without application of s. 220.13(2)(k), before application of this credit without application of any credit under s. 220.1875 220.187.

Section 9. Section 220.1875, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

220.1875 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—

(1) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible

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contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable year, after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.

- (2) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is subject to the limitation established under subsection (1).
- (3) The provisions of s. 1002.395 apply to the credit authorized by this section.

Section 10. Section 561.1211, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

561.1211 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 against any tax due under s. 563.05, s. 564.06, or s. 565.12, except excise taxes imposed on wine produced by manufacturers in this state from products grown in this state. However, a credit allowed under this section may not exceed 90 percent of the tax due on the return the credit is taken. For purposes of the distributions of tax revenue under ss. 561.121 and 564.06(10),

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the division shall disregard any tax credits allowed under this section to ensure that any reduction in tax revenue received that is attributable to the tax credits results only in a reduction in distributions to the General Revenue Fund. The provisions of s. 1002.395 apply to the credit authorized by this section.

Section 11. Section 624.51055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.51055 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.—

- (1) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under s. 1002.395 as provided in s. 220.187 against any tax due for a taxable year under s. 624.509(1). However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under s. 624.509(1) after deducting from such tax deductions for assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits for taxes paid under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income taxes paid under chapter 220; credits for the emergency excise tax paid under chapter 221; and the credit allowed under s. 624.509(5), as such credit is limited by s. 624.509(6). An insurer claiming a credit against premium tax liability under this section shall not be required to pay any additional retaliatory tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such credit. Section 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any manner.
- (2) The provisions of s. $\underline{1002.395}$ $\underline{220.187}$ apply to the credit authorized by this section.

Section 12. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and duties.—

- (4) The Department of Education shall provide technical assistance to school districts, charter schools, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that accept scholarship students under s. 220.187 or s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395 in the development of policies, procedures, and training related to employment practices and standards of ethical conduct for instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01.
- (5) The Department of Education shall provide authorized staff of school districts, charter schools, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that accept scholarship students under s. 220.187 or s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395 with access to electronic verification of information from the following employment screening tools:
- (a) The Professional Practices' Database of Disciplinary Actions Against Educators; and
- (b) The Department of Education's Teacher Certification Database.

This subsection does not require the department to provide these staff with unlimited access to the databases. However, the department shall provide the staff with access to the data necessary for performing employment history checks of the instructional personnel and school administrators included in the databases.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE.-
- (b) Private school choices.—Parents of public school students may seek private school choice options under certain programs.
- 1. Under the Opportunity Scholarship Program, the parent of a student in a failing public school may request and receive an opportunity scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.38.
- 2. Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.39.
- 3. Under the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program, the parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunch may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization in accordance with the provisions of s. $\underline{1002.395}$ $\underline{220.187}$.

Section 14. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 1002.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.23 Family and School Partnership for Student Achievement Act.—

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- (2) To facilitate meaningful parent and family involvement, the Department of Education shall develop guidelines for a parent guide to successful student achievement which describes what parents need to know about their child's educational progress and how they can help their child to succeed in school. The guidelines shall include, but need not be limited to:
- (e) Educational choices, as provided for in s. 1002.20(6), and Florida tax credit scholarships, as provided for in s. $1002.395 \ \frac{220.187}{6}$;

Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

- (3) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS.—A student is not eligible for a John M. McKay Scholarship while he or she is:
- (b) Receiving a Florida tax credit scholarship under s. 1002.395 220.187;

Section 16. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 1002.421, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.421 Accountability of private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs.—

(1) A Florida private school participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program established pursuant to s.

1002.395 220.187 or an educational scholarship program established pursuant to this chapter must comply with all requirements of this section in addition to private school

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requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools.

- (4) A private school that accepts scholarship students under $\frac{1002.39}{1002.39}$ must:
- (a) Disqualify instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, from employment in any position that requires direct contact with students if the personnel or administrators are ineligible for such employment under s. 1012.315.
- (b) Adopt policies establishing standards of ethical conduct for instructional personnel and school administrators. The policies must require all instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, to complete training on the standards; establish the duty of instructional personnel and school administrators to report, and procedures for reporting, alleged misconduct by other instructional personnel and school administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student; and include an explanation of the liability protections provided under ss. 39.203 and 768.095. A private school, or any of its employees, may not enter into a confidentiality agreement regarding terminated or dismissed instructional personnel or school administrators, or personnel or administrators who resign in lieu of termination, based in whole or in part on misconduct that affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student, and may not provide the instructional personnel or school administrators with employment references or discuss the personnel's or administrators' performance with prospective employers in another educational setting, without

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disclosing the personnel's or administrators' misconduct. Any part of an agreement or contract that has the purpose or effect of concealing misconduct by instructional personnel or school administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student is void, is contrary to public policy, and may not be enforced.

(c) Before employing instructional personnel or school administrators in any position that requires direct contact with students, conduct employment history checks of each of the personnel's or administrators' previous employers, screen the personnel or administrators through use of the educator screening tools described in s. 1001.10(5), and document the findings. If unable to contact a previous employer, the private school must document efforts to contact the employer.

The department shall suspend the payment of funds under ss. 220.187 and 1002.39 and 1002.395 to a private school that knowingly fails to comply with this subsection, and shall prohibit the school from enrolling new scholarship students, for 1 fiscal year and until the school complies.

Section 17. Section 1006.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.061 Child abuse, abandonment, and neglect policy.—Each district school board, charter school, and private school that accepts scholarship students under $\frac{1002.395}{1002.395}$ shall:

(1) Post in a prominent place in each school a notice that, pursuant to chapter 39, all employees and agents of the district school board, charter school, or private school have an

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affirmative duty to report all actual or suspected cases of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; have immunity from liability if they report such cases in good faith; and have a duty to comply with child protective investigations and all other provisions of law relating to child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. The notice shall also include the statewide toll-free telephone number of the central abuse hotline.

- (2) Post in a prominent place at each school site and on each school's Internet website, if available, the policies and procedures for reporting alleged misconduct by instructional personnel or school administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student; the contact person to whom the report is made; and the penalties imposed on instructional personnel or school administrators who fail to report suspected or actual child abuse or alleged misconduct by other instructional personnel or school administrators.
- (3) Require the principal of the charter school or private school, or the district school superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, at the request of the Department of Children and Family Services, to act as a liaison to the Department of Children and Family Services and the child protection team, as defined in s. 39.01, when in a case of suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or an unlawful sexual offense involving a child the case is referred to such a team; except that this does not relieve or restrict the Department of Children and Family Services from discharging its duty and responsibility under the law to investigate and report every suspected or actual case of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or unlawful sexual offense involving a child.

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The Department of Education shall develop, and publish on the department's Internet website, sample notices suitable for posting in accordance with subsections (1) and (2).

1310 Section 18. Section 1012.315, Florida Statutes, is amended 1311 to read:

1012.315 Disqualification from employment.—A person is ineligible for educator certification, and instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, are ineligible for employment in any position that requires direct contact with students in a district school system, charter school, or private school that accepts scholarship students under s. 220.187 or s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395, if the person, instructional personnel, or school administrator has been convicted of:

- (1) Any felony offense prohibited under any of the following statutes:
- (a) Section 393.135, relating to sexual misconduct with certain developmentally disabled clients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
- (b) Section 394.4593, relating to sexual misconduct with certain mental health patients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
- (c) Section 415.111, relating to adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation of aged persons or disabled adults.
 - (d) Section 782.04, relating to murder.
- (e) Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, aggravated manslaughter of a child, or aggravated manslaughter of an

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officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic.

- (f) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault.
- (g) Section 784.045, relating to aggravated battery.
- (h) Section 784.075, relating to battery on a detention or commitment facility staff member or a juvenile probation officer.
 - (i) Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.
 - (j) Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.
- (k) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a child.
- (1) Section 787.04(2), relating to leading, taking, enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending custody proceedings.
- (m) Section 787.04(3), relating to leading, taking, enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending dependency proceedings or proceedings concerning alleged abuse or neglect of a minor.
- (n) Section 790.115(1), relating to exhibiting firearms or weapons at a school-sponsored event, on school property, or within 1,000 feet of a school.
- (o) Section 790.115(2)(b), relating to possessing an electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon at a school-sponsored event or on school property.
 - (p) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.
- (q) Former s. 794.041, relating to sexual activity with or solicitation of a child by a person in familial or custodial

authority.

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1366	with certain minors.
1367	(s) Section 794.08, relating to female genital mutilation.
1368	(t) Chapter 796, relating to prostitution.
1369	(u) Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent
1370	exposure.
1371	(v) Section 806.01, relating to arson.
1372	(w) Section 810.14, relating to voyeurism.
1373	(x) Section 810.145, relating to video voyeurism.
1374	(y) Section 812.014(6), relating to coordinating the
1375	commission of theft in excess of \$3,000.
1376	(z) Section 812.0145, relating to theft from persons 65
1377	years of age or older.
1378	(aa) Section 812.019, relating to dealing in stolen
1379	property.
1380	(bb) Section 812.13, relating to robbery.

(r) Section 794.05, relating to unlawful sexual activity

- (dd) Section 812.133, relating to carjacking.
 - (ee) Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery.
- (ff) Section 817.563, relating to fraudulent sale of controlled substances.
- (gg) Section 825.102, relating to abuse, aggravated abuse, or neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult.

(cc) Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden

- 1389 (hh) Section 825.103, relating to exploitation of an 1390 elderly person or disabled adult.
- (ii) Section 825.1025, relating to lewd or lascivious
 offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person

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1393 or disabled person.

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- (jj) Section 826.04, relating to incest.
- 1395 (kk) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated child abuse, or neglect of a child.
 - (11) Section 827.04, relating to contributing to the delinquency or dependency of a child.
- 1399 (mm) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by a 1400 child.
 - (nn) Section 843.01, relating to resisting arrest with violence.
 - (oo) Chapter 847, relating to obscenity.
 - (pp) Section 874.05, relating to causing, encouraging, soliciting, or recruiting another to join a criminal street gang.
 - (qq) Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and control, if the offense was a felony of the second degree or greater severity.
 - (rr) Section 916.1075, relating to sexual misconduct with certain forensic clients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.
 - (ss) Section 944.47, relating to introduction, removal, or possession of contraband at a correctional facility.
 - (tt) Section 985.701, relating to sexual misconduct in juvenile justice programs.
 - (uu) Section 985.711, relating to introduction, removal, or possession of contraband at a juvenile detention facility or commitment program.
- 1420 (2) Any misdemeanor offense prohibited under any of the 1421 following statutes:

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- (a) Section 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim of the offense was a minor.
- (b) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a child.
- (3) Any criminal act committed in another state or under federal law which, if committed in this state, constitutes an offense prohibited under any statute listed in subsection (1) or subsection (2).
- (4) Any delinquent act committed in this state or any delinquent or criminal act committed in another state or under federal law which, if committed in this state, qualifies an individual for inclusion on the Registered Juvenile Sex Offender List under s. 943.0435(1)(a)1.d.

Section 19. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1012.796, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators; procedure; penalties.—

(1)

(e) If allegations arise against an employee who is certified under s. 1012.56 and employed in an educator-certificated position in any public school, charter school or governing board thereof, or private school that accepts scholarship students under s. 220.187 or s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395, the school shall file in writing with the department a legally sufficient complaint within 30 days after the date on which the subject matter of the complaint came to the attention of the school. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show a violation has occurred as provided in s. 1012.795 and defined by rule of the State Board of Education.

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The school shall include all known information relating to the complaint with the filing of the complaint. This paragraph does not limit or restrict the power and duty of the department to investigate complaints, regardless of the school's untimely filing, or failure to file, complaints and followup reports.

Section 20. The Department of Revenue is authorized and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer the provisions of this act. The emergency rules shall remain in effect for 6 months after the rules are adopted and the rules may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

Section 21. For the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the sum of \$140,494 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Department of Revenue for purposes of implementing the provisions of this act.

Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2010.