

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R		
04/21/2010 03:21 PM	•	

Senator Bennett moved the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 52 - 325

and insert:

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Section 1. Effective June 1, 2010, subsection (11) of section 626.854, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

7 626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitions.—The 8 Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the 9 public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the 10 unauthorized practice of law.

(11) (a) If a public adjuster enters into a contract with an insured or claimant to reopen a claim or to file a supplemental claim that seeks additional payments for a claim that has been

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14 previously paid in part or in full or settled by the insurer, the public adjuster may not charge, agree to, or accept any 15 16 compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value based on a previous settlement or previous claim payments by the 17 18 insurer for the same cause of loss. The charge, compensation, 19 payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value may be based 20 only on the claim payments or settlement obtained through the work of the public adjuster after entering into the contract 21 22 with the insured or claimant. Compensation for a reopened or 23 supplemental claim may not exceed 20 percent of the reopened or 24 supplemental claim payment. The contracts described in this 25 paragraph are not subject to the limitations in paragraph (b).

(b) A public adjuster may not charge, agree to, or accept any compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value in excess of:

1. Ten percent of the amount of insurance claim payments by the insurer for claims based on events that are the subject of a declaration of a state of emergency by the Governor. This provision applies to claims made during the period of 1 year after the declaration of emergency. <u>After the period of 1 year</u>, the limitations in subparagraph 2. apply.

35 2. Twenty percent of the amount of all other insurance 36 claim payments by the insurer for claims that are not based on 37 events that are the subject of a declaration of a state of 38 emergency by the Governor.

40 The provisions of subsections (5)-(13) apply only to residential 41 property insurance policies and condominium association policies 42 as defined in s. 718.111(11).

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43 Section 2. Section 626.854, Florida Statutes, as amended by 44 this act, is amended to read:

45 626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitions.—The 46 Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the 47 public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the 48 unauthorized practice of law.

49 (1) A "public adjuster" is any person, except a duly licensed attorney at law as hereinafter in s. 626.860 provided, 50 51 who, for money, commission, or any other thing of value, 52 prepares, completes, or files an insurance claim form for an 53 insured or third-party claimant or who, for money, commission, 54 or any other thing of value, acts or aids in any manner on 55 behalf of an insured or third-party claimant in negotiating for 56 or effecting the settlement of a claim or claims for loss or damage covered by an insurance contract or who advertises for 57 58 employment as an adjuster of such claims, and also includes any person who, for money, commission, or any other thing of value, 59 solicits, investigates, or adjusts such claims on behalf of any 60 such public adjuster. 61

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(2) This definition does not apply to:

(a) A licensed health care provider or employee thereof who
prepares or files a health insurance claim form on behalf of a
patient.

(b) A person who files a health claim on behalf of anotherand does so without compensation.

(3) A public adjuster may not give legal advice. A public
adjuster may not act on behalf of or aid any person in
negotiating or settling a claim relating to bodily injury,
death, or noneconomic damages.

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(4) For purposes of this section, the term "insured"
includes only the policyholder and any beneficiaries named or
similarly identified in the policy.

(5) A public adjuster may not directly or indirectly through any other person or entity solicit an insured or claimant by any means except on Monday through Saturday of each week and only between the hours of 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. on those days.

(6) A public adjuster may not directly or indirectly through any other person or entity initiate contact or engage in face-to-face or telephonic solicitation or enter into a contract with any insured or claimant under an insurance policy until at least 48 hours after the occurrence of an event that may be the subject of a claim under the insurance policy unless contact is initiated by the insured or claimant.

87 (7) An insured or claimant may cancel a public adjuster's contract to adjust a claim without penalty or obligation within 88 3 business days after the date on which the contract is executed 89 90 or within 3 business days after the date on which the insured or 91 claimant has notified the insurer of the claim, by phone or in 92 writing, whichever is later. The public adjuster's contract shall disclose to the insured or claimant his or her right to 93 cancel the contract and advise the insured or claimant that 94 95 notice of cancellation must be submitted in writing and sent by 96 certified mail, return receipt requested, or other form of 97 mailing which provides proof thereof, to the public adjuster at 98 the address specified in the contract; provided, during any state of emergency as declared by the Governor and for a period 99 of 1 year after the date of loss, the insured or claimant shall 100

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101	have 5 business days after the date on which the contract is
102	executed to cancel a public adjuster's contract.
103	(8) It is an unfair and deceptive insurance trade practice
104	pursuant to s. 626.9541 for a public adjuster or any other
105	person to circulate or disseminate any advertisement,
106	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
107	representation, or statement with respect to the business of
108	insurance which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.
109	(a) For purposes of this section, the following statements,
110	if made in any public adjuster's advertisement or solicitation,
111	shall be considered deceptive or misleading:
112	1. A statement or representation that invites an insured
113	policyholder to submit a claim when the policyholder does not
114	have covered damage to insured property.
115	2. Any statement or representation that invites an insured
116	policyholder to submit a claim by offering monetary or other
117	valuable inducement.
118	3. A statement or representation that invites an insured
119	policyholder to submit a claim by stating that there is "no
120	risk" to the policyholder by submitting such claim.
121	4. Any statement or representation, or use of a logo or
122	shield, that would imply or could be mistakenly construed that
123	the solicitation was issued or distributed by a governmental
124	agency or is sanctioned or endorsed by a governmental agency.
125	(b) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "written
126	advertisement" includes only newspapers, magazines, flyers, and
127	bulk mailers. The following disclaimer, which is not required to
128	be printed on standard size business cards, shall be added in
129	bold print and capital letters in typeface no smaller than the

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130 <u>typeface of the body of the text to all written advertisements</u> 131 <u>by any public adjuster:</u> 132 <u>"THIS IS A SOLICITATION FOR BUSINESS. IF YOU HAVE HAD</u> 133 <u>A CLAIM FOR AN INSURED PROPERTY LOSS OR DAMAGE AND YOU</u> 134 <u>ARE SATISFIED WITH THE PAYMENT BY YOUR INSURER, YOU</u> 135 <u>MAY DISREGARD THIS ADVERTISEMENT."</u> 136 (9) A public adjuster, a public adjuster apprentice, or any

(9) A public adjuster, a public adjuster apprentice, of any
person or entity acting on behalf of a public adjuster or public
adjuster apprentice may not give or offer to give a monetary
loan or advance to a client or prospective client.

(10) A public adjuster, public adjuster apprentice, or any individual or entity acting on behalf of a public adjuster or public adjuster apprentice may not give or offer to give, directly or indirectly, any article of merchandise having a value in excess of \$25 to any individual for the purpose of advertising or as an inducement to entering into a contract with a public adjuster.

(11) (a) If a public adjuster enters into a contract with an 147 insured or claimant to reopen a claim or to file a supplemental 148 149 claim that seeks additional payments for a claim that has been 150 previously paid in part or in full or settled by the insurer, 151 the public adjuster may not charge, agree to, or accept any 152 compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value 153 based on a previous settlement or previous claim payments by the 154 insurer for the same cause of loss. The charge, compensation, 155 payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value may be based 156 only on the claim payments or settlement obtained through the 157 work of the public adjuster after entering into the contract 158 with the insured or claimant. Compensation for a reopened or

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supplemental claim may not exceed 20 percent of the reopened or
supplemental claim payment. The contracts described in this
paragraph are not subject to the limitations in paragraph (b).

(b) A public adjuster may not charge, agree to, or accept
any compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of
value in excess of:

165 1. Ten percent of the amount of insurance claim payments by 166 the insurer for claims based on events that are the subject of a 167 declaration of a state of emergency by the Governor. This 168 provision applies to claims made during the period of 1 year 169 after the declaration of emergency. After the period of 1 year, 170 the limitations in subparagraph 2. apply.

171 2. Twenty percent of the amount of insurance claim payments 172 by the insurer for claims that are not based on events that are 173 the subject of a declaration of a state of emergency by the 174 Governor.

(12) Each public adjuster shall provide to the claimant or insured a written estimate of the loss to assist in the submission of a proof of loss or any other claim for payment of insurance proceeds. The public adjuster shall retain such written estimate for at least 5 years and shall make such estimate available to the claimant or insured and the department upon request.

(13) A public adjuster, public adjuster apprentice, or any person acting on behalf of a public adjuster or apprentice may not accept referrals of business from any person with whom the public adjuster conducts business if there is any form or manner of agreement to compensate the person, whether directly or indirectly, for referring business to the public adjuster. A

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188 public adjuster may not compensate any person, except for 189 another public adjuster, whether directly or indirectly, for the 190 principal purpose of referring business to the public adjuster.

191 (14) A company employee adjuster, independent adjuster, 192 attorney, investigator, or other persons acting on behalf of an 193 insurer that needs access to an insured or claimant or to the 194 insured property that is the subject of a claim shall provide at 195 least 48 hours' notice to the insured or claimant, public 196 adjuster, or legal representative before scheduling a meeting 197 with the claimant or an onsite inspection of the insured 198 property. The insured or claimant may deny access to the property if this notice has not been provided. The insured or 199 200 claimant may waive this 48-hour notice.

201 (15) (a) A public adjuster shall ensure prompt notice of any 202 property loss claim submitted to an insurer by or through a 203 public adjuster or on which a public adjuster represents the 204 insured at the time the claim or notice of loss is submitted to 205 the insurer. The public adjuster shall ensure that notice is 206 given to the insurer, the public adjuster's contract is provided 207 to the insurer, the property is made available for inspection of 208 the loss or damage by the insurer, and the insurer is given an opportunity to interview the insured directly about the loss and 209 210 claim. The insurer shall be allowed to obtain necessary 211 information to investigate and respond to the claim. The insurer 212 may not exclude the public adjuster from its in-person meetings with the insured. The insurer shall meet or communicate with the 213 214 public adjuster in an effort to reach agreement as to the scope 215 of the covered loss under the insurance policy. This section 216 does not impair the terms and conditions of the insurance policy

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217	in effect at the time the claim is filed.
218	(b) A public adjuster may not restrict or prevent an
219	insurer, company employee adjuster, independent adjuster,
220	attorney, investigator, or other person acting on behalf of the
221	insurer from having reasonable access at reasonable times to any
222	insured or claimant or to the insured property that is the
223	subject of a claim.
224	(c) A public adjuster may not act or fail to reasonably act
225	in any manner that would obstruct or prevent an insurer or
226	insurer's adjuster from timely gaining access to conduct an
227	inspection of any part of the insured property for which there
228	is a claim for loss or damage to the property. The public
229	adjuster that represents the insured may be present for the
230	insurer's inspection of the property loss or damage but, if the
231	lack of availability of the public adjuster would otherwise
232	delay the access to or the inspection of the insured property by
233	the insurer, the public adjuster or the insured must allow the
234	insurer to gain access to the insured property to facilitate the
235	insurer's prompt inspection of the loss or damage without the
236	participation or presence of the public adjuster or insured.
237	(16) A licensed contractor under part I of chapter 489, or
238	a subcontractor, may not adjust a claim on behalf of an insured
239	without being licensed and compliant as a public adjuster under
240	this chapter. However, if asked by the residential property
241	owner who has suffered loss or damage covered by a property
242	insurance policy, or the insurer of such property, a licensed
243	contractor may discuss or explain a bid for construction or
244	repair of covered property if the contractor is doing so for
245	usual and customary fees applicable to the work to be performed
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246 as stated in the contract between the contractor and the 247 insured. 248 249 The provisions of subsections  $(5) - (16) \frac{(5) - (13)}{(5) - (13)}$  apply only to 250 residential property insurance policies and condominium unit 251 owner association policies as defined in s. 718.111(11). 252 Section 3. Present subsections (7) through (11) of section 253 626.8651, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8) 2.5.4 through (12), respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to 255 that section, to read: 256 626.8651 Public adjuster apprentice license; 257 qualifications.-258 (7) A public adjuster apprentice shall complete a minimum 259 of 8 hours of continuing education specific to the practice of a 260 public adjuster, 2 hours of which must relate to ethics, in 261 order to qualify for licensure as a public adjuster. The 262 continuing education must be in subjects designed to inform the 263 licensee regarding the current insurance laws of this state for 264 the purpose of enabling him or her to engage in business as an 265 insurance adjuster fairly and without injury to the public and 266 to adjust all claims in accordance with the insurance contract 267 and the laws of this state. 268 Section 4. Section 626.8796, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 269 270 626.8796 Public adjuster contracts; fraud statement.-271 (1) All contracts for public adjuster services must be in 272 writing and must prominently display the following statement on the contract: "Pursuant to s. 817.234, Florida Statutes, any 273 274 person who, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any Page 10 of 12

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275 insurer or insured, prepares, presents, or causes to be 276 presented a proof of loss or estimate of cost or repair of 277 damaged property in support of a claim under an insurance policy 278 knowing that the proof of loss or estimate of claim or repairs 279 contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information 280 concerning any fact or thing material to the claim commits a 281 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 282 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, Florida Statutes."

283 (2) A public adjuster contract must contain the following 284 information: full name, permanent business address, and license 285 number of the public adjuster, the full name of the public 286 adjusting firm, and the insured's full name and street address, 287 together with a brief description of the loss. The contract must 288 state the percentage of compensation for the public adjuster's 289 services, the type of claim, including an emergency claim, 290 nonemergency claim, or supplemental claim, the signatures of the 291 public adjuster and all named insureds, and the signature date. 292 If all named insureds signatures are not available, the public 293 adjuster shall submit an affidavit signed by the available named 294 insureds attesting that they have authority to enter into the 295 contract and to settle all claim issues on behalf of all named 296 insureds. An unaltered copy of the executed contract must be remitted to the insurer within 30 days after execution. 297 298 Section 5. Effective June 1, 2010, section 626.70132, 299 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 300 626.70132 Duty to file windstorm or hurricane claim.-A 301

301 <u>claim, supplemental claim, or reopened claim under an insurance</u> 302 <u>policy that provides personal lines residential coverage, as</u> 303 defined in s. 627.4025, for loss or damage caused by the peril

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304	of windstorm or hurricane is barred unless notice of the claim,
305	supplemental claim, or reopened claim was given to the insurer
306	in accordance with the terms of the policy within 3 years after
307	the hurricane first made landfall or the windstorm caused the
308	covered damage. For purposes of this section, the term
309	"supplemental claim" or "reopened claim" means any additional
310	claim for recovery from the insurer for losses from the same
311	hurricane or windstorm for which the insurer has previously
312	adjusted pursuant to the initial claim. This section may not be
313	interpreted to affect any applicable limitation on civil actions
314	provided in s. 95.11 for claims, supplemental claims, or
315	reopened claims timely filed under this section.
316	Section 6. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
317	act and except for this section, which shall take effect June 1,
318	2010, this act shall take effect January 1, 2011.
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321	And the title is amended as follows:
322	Delete lines 47 - 48
323	and insert:
324	for the terms "supplemental claim" or "reopened
325	claim"; providing applicability; providing effective
326	dates.