A bill to be entitled

An act relating to parole for adolescent offenders; providing a short title; amending s. 947.16, F.S.; providing definitions; providing that an adolescent offender who was 15 years of age or younger at the time of commission of an offense and who is sentenced to life or a single or cumulative term of 10 years or more in prison is eligible for parole if the offender has been incarcerated for a minimum period and has not previously been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for certain offenses; requiring an initial eligibility interview to determine whether the adolescent offender has been sufficiently rehabilitated for parole; providing criteria to determine sufficient rehabilitation; providing eligibility for a reinterview after a specified period for adolescent offenders denied parole; providing that the adolescent offender be incarcerated in a facility that has a GED program; providing that if the adolescent offender is granted parole, the adolescent offender must participate in any available reentry program for 2 years; defining the term "reentry program"; providing priority for certain programs; providing for eligibility for an initial eligibility interview for offenders in their eighth or subsequent year of incarceration on the effective date of the act; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Second Chance for Children in Prison Act."
- Section 2. Subsections (2) through (6) of section 947.16, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (7), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section to read:
- 947.16 Eligibility for parole; initial parole interviews; powers and duties of commission; adolescent offender eligibility.--
 - (2) (a) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Adolescent offender" means an offender who was 15
 years of age or younger at the time the criminal act was
 committed and was sentenced to life or to a single or cumulative
 term of imprisonment of 10 years or more.
- 2. "Current offense" means the offense for which the adolescent offender is being considered for parole and any other crimes committed by the adolescent offender within a 1-month period of that offense, or for which sentences run concurrent to that offense.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) or of any other law to the contrary, an adolescent offender may be eligible for parole as provided in this subsection. An adolescent offender is ineligible under this subsection if she or he, before conviction of the current offense, was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any violation of:
 - 1. Section 782.04, entitled "Murder";
 - 2. Section 784.041, entitled "Felony battery; domestic

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battery by strangulation";

- 3. Section 784.045, entitled "Aggravated battery";
- 4. Section 784.07, entitled "Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences";
- 5. Section 784.08, entitled "Assault or battery on persons 65 years of age or older; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentence";
- 6. Section 787.01, entitled "Kidnapping; kidnapping of child under age 13, aggravating circumstances";
- 7. Section 790.07, entitled "Persons engaged in criminal offense, having weapons";
 - 8. Section 794.011, entitled "Sexual battery";
 - 9. Section 812.133, entitled "Carjacking";
 - 10. Section 812.135, entitled "Home-invasion robbery";
- 11. Section 827.03, entitled "Abuse, aggravated abuse, and neglect of a child; penalties"; or
 - 12. Section 828.12(2), entitled "Cruelty to animals."
- (c) Before an adolescent offender may be granted parole under this subsection, she or he must have an initial eligibility interview to determine whether she or he has been sufficiently rehabilitated while in the custody of the department to justify granting parole. The initial eligibility interview will occur in the eighth year of incarceration. In order to determine if the adolescent offender has been sufficiently rehabilitated, she or he must have successfully

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

completed the General Educational Development (GED) program unless waived based on disability and have received no approved disciplinary reports for a period of at least 2 years immediately prior to the current eligibility interview. The hearing examiner must also take into serious consideration the wishes of the victim or the opinions of the victim's next of kin and consider whether:

- 1. The adolescent offender was a principal to the criminal offense or an accomplice to the offense, a relatively minor participant in the criminal offense, or acted under extreme duress or domination of another person.
- $\underline{\text{2.}}$ The adolescent offender has shown remorse for the criminal offense.
- 3. The adolescent offender's age, maturity, and psychological development at the time of the offense affected her or his behavior.
- 4. The adolescent offender, while in the custody of the department, has aided inmates suffering from catastrophic or terminal medical, mental, or physical conditions or has prevented risk or injury to staff, citizens, or other inmates.
- 5. The adolescent offender has successfully completed educational and self-rehabilitation programs.
- 6. The adolescent offender was a victim of sexual, physical, or emotional abuse.
- (d) An adolescent offender who is not granted parole under this subsection after an initial eligibility interview shall be eligible for a reinterview 2 years after the date of the denial of the grant of parole and every 2 years thereafter.

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(e) An adolescent offender must serve her or his sentence in a facility that has a General Educational Development (GED) program unless the adolescent offender has already successfully completed a GED program.

- (f) If the adolescent offender is granted parole, the adolescent offender must participate in any available reentry program for 2 years. As used in this paragraph, the term "reentry program" means a program that promotes effective reintegration of adolescent offenders back into communities upon release and provides one or more of the following: vocational training, placement services, transitional housing, mentoring, or drug rehabilitation. Priority shall be given to those reentry programs that are residential, highly structured, self-reliant, and therapeutic communities.
- Section 3. An adolescent offender, as defined in s. 947.16(2)(a), Florida Statutes, as created by this act, who is in her or his eighth or subsequent year of incarceration on the effective date of this act must receive an initial eligibility interview as provided in s. 947.16(2)(c), Florida Statutes, as created by this act, if she or he is otherwise eligible.
- Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, and applies with respect to offenses committed before, on, or after that date.