By Senator Storms

	10-01711-10 20102318
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to forfeiture of property; amending s.
3	895.02, F.S.; defining the term "prosecuting
4	authority" for purposes of the Florida RICO Act;
5	creating s. 895.025, F.S.; providing that the act be
6	liberally construed to achieve the remedial purposes
7	of curtailing racketeering activities and lessening
8	the economic power of criminal organizations engaged
9	in patterns of racketeering activities in this state;
10	creating s. 895.041, F.S.; providing that in addition
11	to any criminal penalties imposed on a person due to a
12	pattern of racketeering activities, the person shall
13	forfeit to the state any interest in property that he
14	or she has acquired in violation of the racketeering
15	laws, including property of an enterprise that the
16	person has established, operated, or controlled, and
17	property derived from proceeds that the person
18	obtained, directly or indirectly, from racketeering
19	activities or unlawful debt collection practices;
20	providing that property subject to forfeiture vests in
21	the state when the person commits the act that
22	violates the racketeering laws; authorizing a court to
23	issue a temporary injunction, require the execution of
24	a satisfactory performance bond, or to take any other
25	action to preserve the availability and quality of the
26	property that is subject to forfeiture; providing that
27	the state may apply for a temporary restraining order,
28	without notice or opportunity for a hearing by the
29	defendant, under certain circumstances; requiring the

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30	temporary restraining order to expire within a
31	specified period, unless extended for good cause
32	shown; requiring the court, upon the conviction of the
33	defendant, to enter an order forfeiting the property
34	to the state and authorizing the prosecuting authority
35	to seize all forfeited property upon such terms and
36	conditions as the court deems proper; requiring the
37	prosecuting authority to dispose of the forfeited
38	property by sale or any other commercially feasible
39	means, making due provision for the rights of any
40	innocent persons; authorizing the prosecuting
41	authority to dispose of forfeited property by
42	specified means; authorizing the Attorney General to
43	adopt rules; prohibiting a party claiming an interest
44	in property that is subject to forfeiture from
45	intervening in a trial or appeal of a criminal case
46	involving the forfeited property or commencing an
47	action at law or equity against the state concerning
48	the validity of his or her claimed interest in the
49	forfeited property; providing an exception; requiring
50	the state to publish notice of the forfeiture order
51	and of its intent to dispose of the forfeited
52	property; providing that the state may also, to the
53	extent practicable, provide direct written notice to
54	any person who is known to claim an interest in the
55	forfeited property; providing that any person, other
56	than the defendant, who asserts a claim to the
57	forfeited property may petition the court for a
58	hearing to adjudicate the validity of his or her claim

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10-01711-10 20102318 59 to the forfeited property; providing that the hearing 60 be conducted without a jury; permitting the petitioner to testify and present evidence and witnesses on his 61 62 or her own behalf and cross-examine witnesses who appear at the hearing; requiring the petitioner to 63 64 prove by a preponderance of the evidence that he or 65 she has a legal claim or interest in the forfeited 66 property superior to the state or any other person or that the petitioner is a bona fide purchaser; amending 67 68 s. 896.101, F.S.; defining the term "proceeds" for 69 purposes of the Florida Money Laundering Act; 70 providing that a person who, without permission, 71 notifies another person of certain specified 72 forfeiture information is subject to a fine for each 73 unauthorized disclosure; amending s. 560.125, F.S., 74 relating to penalties for unlicensed activities; 75 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 76 amending s. 665.50, F.S.; defining the term "proceeds" 77 for purposes of the Florida Control of Money 78 Laundering in Financial Institutions Act; conforming 79 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 80 923.03, F.S.; providing that a judgment of forfeiture 81 may not be entered in a criminal proceeding unless the indictment or the information provides notice that the 82 83 defendant has an interest in property that is subject 84 to forfeiture in accordance with the applicable 85 statute; amending s. 921.0022, F.S., relating to the 86 offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal 87 Punishment Code; conforming provisions to changes made

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88	by the act; providing an effective date.					
89						
90	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:					
91						
92	Section 1. Subsection (13) is added to section 895.02,					
93	Florida Statutes, to read:					
94	895.02 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:					
95	(13) "Prosecuting authority" means the Attorney General,					
96	any state attorney, or the statewide prosecutor.					
97	Section 2. Section 895.025, Florida Statutes, is created to					
98	read:					
99	895.025 Construction of lawThe provisions of this chapter					
100	shall be liberally construed to achieve the remedial purposes of					
101	curtailing racketeering activities and crimes involving					
102	controlled substance and lessening the economic power of					
103	criminal organizations engaged in patterns of racketeering					
104	activities in this state.					
105	Section 3. Section 895.041, Florida Statutes, is created to					
106	read:					
107	895.041 Criminal forfeiture					
108	(1) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed, a person					
109	convicted of engaging in a pattern of racketeering activity or					
110	collecting an unlawful debt shall forfeit to the state,					
111	irrespective of any other provision of law, any:					
112	(a) Interest acquired or maintained in property in					
113	violation of s. 895.03;					
114	(b) Interest in, security of, claim against, or property or					
115	contractual right of any kind affording a source of influence					
116	over an enterprise that the person has established, operated,					

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117	controlled, or conducted, or in which the person participated,					
118	all in violation of s. 895.03; or					
119	(c) Property derived from any proceeds obtained, directly					
120	or indirectly, from a pattern of racketeering activity or					
121	through collecting an unlawful debt in violation of s. 895.03.					
122						
123	When imposing sentence, the court shall order that the person					
124	forfeit all property described in this section. In lieu of a					
125	fine otherwise authorized by this chapter, a person who derives					
126	proceeds from a violation of this chapter may be fined not more					
127	than three times the amount of the gross profits or other					
128	proceeds received by the person.					
129	(2) Property subject to forfeiture under this section					
130	includes:					
131	(a) Real property, including things growing on, affixed to,					
132	and found in the land; and					
133	(b) Tangible and intangible personal property, including					
134	rights, privileges, interests, claims, and securities.					
135	(3) All right, title, and interest in property described in					
136	subsection (1) vests in the state at the time the person commits					
137	the act that violates s. 895.03. Any property vested in the					
138	state which is subsequently transferred to a person other than					
139	the defendant may be ordered forfeited to the state. However, if					
140	at the time of purchase the person was reasonably without cause					
141	to believe that the property was subject to forfeiture and if					
142	the person purchased the property for value, he or she is a bona					
143	fide purchaser and the property is not subject to forfeiture.					
144	(4) The court may order an injunction, require the					
145	execution of a satisfactory performance bond, or take any other					

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146	action to preserve the availability and quality of the property					
147	that is subject to forfeiture under this section.					
148	(a) Upon the filing of an indictment or information					
149	charging a violation of s. 895.03, or before the filing of an					
150	indictment or information, the court may enter a temporary					
151	injunction ordering that the property be protected and					
152	sequestered if, after notice to persons appearing to have an					
153	interest in the property and an opportunity for a hearing, the					
154	prosecuting authority demonstrates that:					
155	1. There is a substantial probability that the state will					
156	prevail on the matter of forfeiture and that a failure to enter					
157	a temporary injunction against the defendant will result in the					
158	property being degraded or destroyed, removed from the					
159	jurisdiction of the court, or otherwise made unavailable for					
160	forfeiture; and					
161	2. The need to preserve the quality and availability of the					
162	property through the entry of a court order outweighs the					
163	hardship on any party against whom the order is to be entered.					
164						
165	An order entered under this paragraph expires no later than 90					
166	days after the injunction is issued, unless extended by the					
167	court for good cause shown or unless an indictment or					
168	information is filed.					
169	(b) If, before an information or indictment has been filed,					
170	the prosecuting authority demonstrates that there is probable					
171	cause to believe that the property with respect to which the					
172	temporary restraining order is sought would, in the event of					
173	conviction, be subject to forfeiture and that providing notice					
174	to the defendants before forfeiture of the property will					

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175	jeopardize the quality and availability of the property for					
176	forfeiture, a court may issue a temporary restraining order					
177	without notice or opportunity for a hearing. The temporary					
178	restraining order expires no later than 10 days after the date					
179	the temporary restraining order is issued unless extended for					
180	good cause shown or unless the party against whom the temporary					
181	restraining order is entered consents to an extension for a					
182	longer period. If a hearing is requested concerning a temporary					
183	restraining order entered under this paragraph, it shall be held					
184	before the expiration of the temporary restraining order.					
185						
186	At a hearing held pursuant to this paragraph, the court may					
187	receive and consider evidence and information that would be					
188	inadmissible under the Florida Rules of Evidence.					
189	(5) Upon the conviction of a person under s. 895.03, the					
190	court shall:					
191	(a)1. Enter an order forfeiting the property of the					
192	defendant to the state; and					
193	2. Order the prosecuting authority to seize all property of					
194	the defendant upon such terms and conditions as the court deems					
195	proper.					
196	(b) After ordering the property forfeited, the court may,					
197	at the request of the prosecuting authority, enter other orders					
198	necessary to protect the property, including requiring the					
199	execution of satisfactory performance bonds, appointing					
200	receivers, conservators, appraisers, accountants, or trustees,					
201	or taking any other appropriate action to protect the forfeited					
202	property. Any income accruing to, or derived from, an enterprise					
203	or an interest in an enterprise that has been ordered forfeited					

10-01711-10 20102318 204 under this section may be used to offset ordinary and necessary 205 expenses of the enterprise which are required by law, or which 206 are necessary to protect the interests of the state or of third 207 parties. 208 (6) (a) After seizing the property ordered forfeited under 209 this section, the prosecuting authority shall dispose of the 210 property by sale or any other commercially feasible means, 211 making due provision for the rights of innocent persons. 212 (b) Any property right or interest not exercisable by, or 213 transferable for value to, the state shall expire and does not 214 revert to the defendant. The defendant and any person acting in 215 concert with or on behalf of the defendant, is not eligible to 216 purchase forfeited property at any sale held by the state. If a 217 person other than the defendant or a person acting in concert 218 with or on behalf of the defendant demonstrates that continuing 219 with the sale or disposition of the property will result in 220 irreparable injury, harm, or loss to that person, the court may 221 restrain or stay the sale or disposition of the property pending 222 the conclusion of any appeal of the criminal case giving rise to 223 the forfeiture. The proceeds of any sale or disposition of 224 property forfeited under this section and any moneys forfeited 225 shall be used to pay all proper expenses for the forfeiture and 226 the sale, including expenses of seizure, maintenance and custody 227 of the property pending its disposition, advertising, and court 228 costs. The prosecuting authority shall deposit any amount of 229 such proceeds or moneys remaining after the payment of such 230 expenses into the General Revenue Fund. 231 (7) With respect to forfeited property, the prosecuting 232 authority may:

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233	(a) Grant petitions for mitigation or remission of						
234	forfeiture, restore forfeited property to victims of a violation						
235	of this chapter, or take any other action to protect the rights						
236	of innocent persons which is in the interest of justice and						
237	which is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.						
238	(b) Compromise claims arising under this section.						
239	(c) Award compensation to persons providing information						
240	resulting in a forfeiture under this section.						
241	(d) Direct the disposition by the state of all forfeited						
242	property by public sale or any other commercially feasible						
243	means, making due provision for the rights of innocent persons.						
244	(e) Take appropriate measures necessary to safeguard and						
245	maintain property ordered forfeited under this section pending						
246	its disposition.						
247	(8) The Attorney General may adopt rules relating to:						
248	(a) Making reasonable efforts to provide notice to persons						
249	who may have an interest in property ordered forfeited under						
250	this section;						
251	(b) Granting petitions for remission or mitigation of						
252	forfeiture;						
253	(c) Returning property to victims of an offense petitioning						
254	for remission or mitigation of forfeiture under this chapter;						
255	(d) Disposing the forfeited property by public sale or						
256	other commercially feasible means;						
257	(e) Maintaining and safekeeping forfeited property pending						
258	its disposition; and						
259	(f) Compromising claims arising under this chapter.						
260	(9) Except as provided in subsection (12), a person						
261	claiming an interest in property subject to forfeiture under						

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262	this section may not:					
263	(a) Intervene in a trial or appeal of a criminal case					
264	involving the forfeiture of property under this section; or					
265	(b) Commence an action against the state concerning the					
266	validity of a person's claim in the property after the filing of					
267	an indictment or information alleging that the property is					
268	subject to forfeiture.					
269	(10) A circuit court has jurisdiction to enter orders as					
270	provided in this section without regard to the location of any					
271	property that may be subject to forfeiture or that has been					
272	ordered forfeited under this section.					
273	(11) In order to facilitate the identification or location					
274	of property that has been ordered forfeited and to facilitate					
275	the disposition of petitions for remission or mitigation of					
276	forfeiture, a court that orders the forfeiture of property to					
277	the state may order that the testimony of any witness relating					
278	to the property be taken by deposition and that any designated					
279	book, paper, document, record, recording, or other material that					
280	is not subject to privilege be produced at the time and place of					
281	the deposition, in the same manner as provided for the taking of					
282	depositions under Rule 3.220, Florida Rules of Criminal					
283	Procedure.					
284	(12)(a) After the court enters an order forfeiting property					
285	under this section, the state shall publish notice of the order					
286	and of its intent to dispose of the property in such manner as					
287	the prosecuting authority may direct. The state may also, to the					
288	extent practicable, provide direct written notice to any person					
289	known to have claimed an interest in the property that is the					
290	subject of the order of forfeiture as a substitute for published					

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10-01711-10 20102318 291 notice as to those persons so notified. 292 (b) Any person, other than the defendant, who claims a 293 legal interest in property that has been ordered forfeited to 294 the state may, within 30 days after the final publication of 295 notice or his or her receipt of notice under paragraph (a), 296 whichever occurs sooner, petition the court for a hearing to 297 adjudicate the validity of his or her claim to the forfeited 298 property. The hearing shall be held before the court alone, 299 without a jury. 300 (c) The petition must be signed by the petitioner under 301 penalty of perjury and shall set forth the nature and extent of 302 the petitioner's right, title, or interest in the property, the 303 time and circumstances of the petitioner's acquisition of the 304 right, title, or interest in the property, any additional facts 305 supporting the petitioner's claim, and the relief sought. 306 (d) The hearing on the petition shall, to the extent 307 practicable, be held within 30 days after the petition is filed. 308 The court may consolidate the hearing on the petition with a 309 hearing on any other petition filed by a person other than the 310 defendant. 311 (e) At the hearing, the petitioner may testify, present 312 evidence and witnesses on his or her behalf, and cross-examine 313 witnesses who appear at the hearing. The state may present 314 evidence and witnesses in rebuttal and in defense of its claim 315 to the property and may cross-examine witnesses who appear at 316 the hearing. In addition to testimony and evidence presented at 317 the hearing, the court shall consider the relevant portions of 318 the record of the criminal case that resulted in the order of 319 forfeiture.

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320	(f) After the hearing, the court shall determine whether					
321	the petitioner has proven by a preponderance of the evidence					
322	that:					
323	1. The petitioner has a legal right, title, or interest in					
324	the property, and that the petitioner's right, title, or					
325	interest renders the order of forfeiture invalid in whole or in					
326	part because it was vested in the petitioner rather than in the					
327	defendant or was superior to any right, title, or interest of					
328	the defendant at the time of the commission of the acts that					
329	gave rise to the forfeiture of the property under this section;					
330	or					
331	2. The petitioner is a bona fide purchaser for value of the					
332	right, title, or interest in the property and was at the time of					
333	purchase reasonably without cause to believe that the property					
334	was subject to forfeiture,					
335						
336	and the court shall amend the order of forfeiture according to					
337	its determination.					
338	(g) Following the court's disposition of all petitions					
339	filed under this subsection, or if no such petition is timely					
340	filed, the state shall have clear title to the forfeited					
341	property and may warrant good title to any subsequent purchaser					
342	<u>or transferee.</u>					
343	(13) If any of the property described in subsection (1) is					
344	protected by s. 6, Art. VII of the State Constitution; cannot be					
345	located upon the exercise of due diligence as a result of any					
346	act or omission of the defendant; has been transferred, sold to,					
347	or deposited with a third party; has been placed beyond the					
348	jurisdiction of the court; has been substantially diminished in					

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349	value; or has been commingled with other property that cannot be					
350	divided without difficulty, the court shall order the forfeiture					
351	of any other property of the defendant up to the value of any					
352	such protected or unavailable property.					
353	Section 4. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (2) of					
354	section 896.101, Florida Statutes, and subsections (5) and (10)					
355	of that section are amended, to read:					
356	896.101 Florida Money Laundering Act; definitions;					
357	penalties; injunctions; seizure warrants; immunity					
358	(2) As used in this section, the term:					
359	(j) "Proceeds" means any property derived from or obtained					
360	or retained, directly or indirectly, through some form of					
361	unlawful activity, including the gross receipts of such					
362	activity.					
363	(5) A person who violates <u>or causes another to violate</u> this					
364	section, if the violation involves:					
365	(a) Financial transactions valued at less than \$20,000,					
366	exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 in any 12-month period,					
367	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in					
368	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.					
369	(b) Financial transactions <u>valued at</u> totaling or exceeding					
370	\$20,000 <u>or more</u> but less than \$100,000 in any 12-month period ,					
371	commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in					
372	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.					
373	(c) Financial transactions <u>valued at</u> totaling or exceeding					
374	\$100,000 <u>or more</u> in any 12-month period , commits a felony of the					
375	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,					
376	or s. 775.084.					
377	(10) Any financial institution, licensed money services					

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10-01711-10 20102318 378 business, or other person served with and complying with the 379 terms of a warrant, temporary injunction, or other court order, 380 including any subpoena issued under s. 16.56 or s. 27.04, 381 obtained in furtherance of an investigation of any crime in this section, including any crime specified listed as specified 382 unlawful activity under this section or any felony violation of 383 384 chapter 560, has immunity from criminal liability and is not 385 liable to any person for any lawful action taken in complying 386 with the warrant, temporary injunction, or other court order, 387 including any subpoena issued under s. 16.56 or s. 27.04. If a 388 any subpoena issued under s. 16.56 or s. 27.04 contains a 389 nondisclosure provision, it is unlawful for any financial institution or \overline{r} licensed money services business, employee or 390 officer of a financial institution or licensed money services 391 392 business, or any other person to may not notify, directly or 393 indirectly, any customer of that financial institution or money 394 services business whose records are being sought by the 395 subpoena, or any other person named in the subpoena, about the 396 existence or the contents of that subpoena, or of the 397 investigation, or about information that has been furnished in 398 response to the subpoena to the state attorney, the or statewide 399 prosecutor who issued the subpoena, or other law enforcement 400 officer named in the subpoena in response to the subpoena. 401 However, an entity or person whose testimony is sought in the 402 matter is not precluded from consulting with an attorney 403 regarding that testimony. Any person who violates a 404 nondisclosure provision contained in a warrant, temporary 405 injunction, or other court order, including a subpoena issued 406 under s. 16.56 or s. 27.04, shall be fined \$5,000 for each

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10-01711-10 20102318 407 unauthorized notification. 408 Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 560.125, Florida 409 Statutes, is amended to read: 410 560.125 Unlicensed activity; penalties.-411 (5) A person who violates or causes another to violate this 412 section, if the violation involves: 413 (a) Currency or payment instruments valued at exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 in any 12-month period, commits a 414 415 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 416 417 (b) Currency or payment instruments valued at totaling or 418 exceeding \$20,000 but less than \$100,000 in any 12-month period, 419 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in 420 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 421 (c) Currency or payment instruments valued at totaling or 422 exceeding \$100,000 or more in any 12-month period, commits a 423 felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 424 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 425 Section 6. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (3) of 426 section 655.50, Florida Statutes, and subsection (10) of that 427 section is amended, to read: 428 655.50 Florida Control of Money Laundering in Financial 429 Institutions Act; reports of transactions involving currency or 430 monetary instruments; when required; purpose; definitions; 431 penalties.-432 (3) As used in this section, the term: 433 (h) "Proceeds" means any property derived from or obtained or retained, directly or indirectly, through some form of 434 435 unlawful activity, including the gross receipts of such

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10-01711-10 20102318 436 activity. 437 (10) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person who willfully violates any provision of this section is guilty of a 438 439 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 440 (b) A person who willfully violates or knowingly causes 441 442 another to violate any provision of this section, when the violation involves: 443 1. Financial transactions valued at totaling or exceeding 444 445 \$300 but less than \$20,000 in any 12-month period, commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided 446 447 in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083; or 2. Financial transactions valued at totaling or exceeding 448 \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000 commits in any 12-month 449 450 period is guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as 451 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083; or 452 3. Financial transactions valued at totaling or exceeding 453 \$100,000 or more commits in any 12-month period is guilty of a 454 felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 455 456 (c) In addition to the penalties otherwise authorized by 457 ss. 775.082 and 775.083, a person who has been convicted of or who has pleaded quilty or nolo contendere to having violated 458 459 paragraph (b) may be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding 460 \$250,000 or twice the value of the financial transaction, 461 whichever is greater, except that on a second or subsequent 462 conviction for or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a 463 violation of paragraph (b), the fine may be up to \$500,000 or 464 quintuple the value of the financial transaction, whichever is

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465	55 greater.					
466	(d) A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 that					
467	willfully viola	tes this	s section is also liable for a	civil		
468	penalty of not	more tha	an the greater of the value of	the		
469	financial trans	action i	involved or \$25,000. However, t	he civil		
470	penalty may not	exceed	\$100,000.			
471	(e) A pers	on other	than a financial institution	as defined		
472	in s. 655.005 w	ho viola	ates this section is also liable	e for a		
473	civil penalty o	f not mc	ore than the greater of the val	ue of the		
474	financial transaction involved or \$25,000.					
475	Section 7.	Subsect	tion (3) is added to section 92	3.03,		
476	Florida Statute	s, to re	ead:			
477	923.03 Ind	ictment	and information			
478	<u>(</u> 3) A judg	ment of	forfeiture may not be entered	in a		
479	<u>criminal procee</u>	ding unl	less the indictment or the info	rmation		
480	provides notice	that th	ne defendant has an interest in	property		
481	<u>that is subject</u>	to forf	feiture in accordance with the	applicable		
482	statute.					
483	Section 8.	Paragra	aph (g) of subsection (3) of se	ction		
484	921.0022, Flori	da Statu	ites, is amended to read:			
485	921.0022 C	riminal	Punishment Code; offense sever	ity ranking		
486	chart					
487	(3) OFFENS	E SEVERI	ITY RANKING CHART			
488	(g) LEVEL	7				
	Florida	Felony				
	Statute	Degree	Description			
489						
	316.027(1)(b)	1st	Accident involving death, fai	lure to		
			stop; leaving scene.			

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10-01711-10 20102318 490 316.193(3)(c)2. 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 491 316.1935(3)(b) 1st Causing serious bodily injury or death to another person; driving at high speed or with wanton disregard for safety while fleeing or attempting to elude law enforcement officer who is in a patrol vehicle with siren and lights activated. 492 327.35(3)(c)2. 3rd Vessel BUI resulting in serious bodily injury. 493 402.319(2) 2nd Misrepresentation and negligence or intentional act resulting in great bodily harm, permanent disfiguration, permanent disability, or death. 494 409.920(2)(b)1.a. 3rd Medicaid provider fraud; \$10,000 or less. 495 409.920(2)(b)1.b. 2nd Medicaid provider fraud; more than \$10,000, but less than \$50,000. 496 456.065(2) 3rd Practicing a health care profession without a license. 497 456.065(2) 2nd Practicing a health care profession without a license which results in

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			serious bodily injury.
498	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a license.
499	100.017(1)	010	reaction means a recence.
	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine without
500			a license.
	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine without
5.0.1			a license.
501	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine without a
			license.
502	462.17		
	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a license.
503			
504	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a license.
504	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a license.
505			
FOC	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a license.
506	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene
			without a license.
507	467.201	3~4	Dracticing miduifory without a licence
508	40/.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a license.
	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services
			without a license.
I			

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10-01711-10 20102318 509 483.828(1) 3rd Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without a license. 510 483.901(9) 3rd Practicing medical physics without a license. 511 484.013(1)(c) 3rd Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription. 512 484.053 3rd Dispensing hearing aids without a license. 513 494.0018(2) 1st Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims. 514 560.123(8)(b)1. 3rd Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business. 515 560.125(5)(a) 3rd Money services business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000. 516 655.50(10)(b)1. 3rd Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by

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775.21(10)(a)

775.21(10)(b)

775.21(10)(g)

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20102318_ financial institution. 3rd Sexual predator; failure to register; failure to renew driver's license or identification card; other registration violations. 3rd Sexual predator working where children regularly congregate. 3rd Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual predator; harbor or conceal a sexual predator.

782.051(3) 2nd Attempted felony murder of a person by a person other than the perpetrator or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.

782.07(1) 2nd Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another (manslaughter).

782.071 2nd Killing of a human being or viable fetus by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless manner (vehicular homicide).

782.072 2nd Killing of a human being by the operation of a vessel in a reckless manner (vessel homicide).

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524	10-01711-10		20102318
	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally causing great bodily harm or disfigurement.
525 526	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly weapon.
	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator aware victim pregnant.
527	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of injunction or court order.
528	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of court order.
529	784.07(2)(d)	lst	Aggravated battery on law enforcement officer.
530	784.074(1)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery on sexually violent predators facility staff.
531	784.08(2)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
532	784.081(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on specified official or employee.
533	784.082(1)	lst	Aggravated battery by detained person on

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	10-01711-10		20102318
534			visitor or other detainee.
535	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
	790.07(4)	lst	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
536	790.16(1)	lst	Discharge of a machine gun under specified circumstances.
537	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or deliver hoax bomb.
538	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
540	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
541	790.23	lst,PBL	Possession of a firearm by a person who qualifies for the penalty enhancements

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	10-01711-10		20102318
542			provided for in s. 874.04.
543	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.
544	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16 years for prostitution.
545	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years of age; offender less than 18 years.
545	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.
547 548	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
548	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.

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10-01711-10 20102318 550 810.02(3)(e) Burglary of authorized emergency 2nd vehicle. 551 812.014(2)(a)1. 1st Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more or a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer; property stolen while causing other property damage; 1st degree grand theft. 552 812.014(2)(b)2. 2nd Property stolen, cargo valued at less than \$50,000, grand theft in 2nd degree. 553 812.014(2)(b)3. 2nd Property stolen, emergency medical equipment; 2nd degree grand theft. 554 812.014(2)(b)4. 2nd Property stolen, law enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle. 555 812.0145(2)(a) 1st Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more. 556 812.019(2) 1st Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property. 557 812.131(2)(a) 2nd Robbery by sudden snatching. 558

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	10-01711-10		20102318
	812.133(2)(b)	lst	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
559			
	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
560			
	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
561			
	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.
562			
	817.2341(2)(b) & (3)(b)	lst	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
563	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled
	823.102(3)(D)	2110	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
564			
565	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or disabled adult and property is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000.
	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.

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566	10-01711-10		20102318
567	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.
	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about alleged capital felony to a law enforcement officer.
568	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
569	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.
570 571	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
571	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
572	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a computer service, to commit an unlawful sex act.
573	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor to commit an unlawful sex act.
574 575	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
	874.10	1st,PBL	Knowingly initiates, organizes, plans, finances, directs, manages, or supervises criminal gang-related

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I	10-01711-10		20102318
576			activity.
577	893.13(1)(c)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.
578	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for religious services or a specified business site.</pre>
	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).
579	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less than 2,000 lbs.
580	893.135(1)(b)1.a	. 1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
581	893.135(1)(c)1.a	. 1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than

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	10-01711-10	20102318 4 grams, less than 14 grams.
582	893.135(1)(d)1. 1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
583	893.135(1)(e)1. 1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than 5 kilograms.
584	893.135(1)(f)1. 1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.
585	893.135(1)(g)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4 grams or more, less than 14 grams.
586	893.135(1)(h)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
587	893.135(1)(j)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
588 589	893.135(1)(k)2.a. 1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 10 grams or more, less than 200 grams.
505	893.1351(2) 2nd	Possession of place for trafficking in or manufacturing of controlled substance.
590		

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	10-01711-10		20102318
	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions
			exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
591			
	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade
			reporting or registration requirements,
			financial transactions exceeding \$300
			but less than \$20,000.
592			
	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent
			residence; failure to comply with
			reporting requirements.
593			
	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after
			indicating intent to leave; failure to
			comply with reporting requirements.
594			
	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with
			reporting requirements.
595			
	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false
			information about a sexual offender;
			harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
596			
	943.0435(14)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and
			reregister; failure to respond to
			address verification.
597			
	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with
			reporting requirements.

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10-01711-10 20102318 598 944.607(10)(a) 3rd Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph. 599 944.607(12) 3rd Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender. 600 944.607(13) 3rd Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification. 601 985.4815(10) 3rd Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph. 602 985.4815(12) 3rd Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender. 603 985.4815(13) 3rd Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification. 604 605 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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