By Senator Baker

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

1314

15

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

20-01489A-10 20102348

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating the "Florida Food Freedom Act"; providing definitions; providing a purpose for the act; providing an exemption from licensure requirements for certain food producers that sell or deliver directly to the consumer; prohibiting state and local governmental agencies from requiring licensure, certification, or inspection of such producers under certain circumstances; amending s. 403.9336, F.S.; revising a reference to the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes; amending s. 403.9337, F.S.; revising the criteria for a local government's adoption of more stringent standards; amending s. 493.6102, F.S.; specifying that provisions regulating security officers do not apply to certain law enforcement, correctional, and probation officers performing offduty activities; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.; revising the application requirements and procedures for certain private investigative, private security, recovery agent, and firearm licenses; specifying application requirements for firearms instructor licenses; amending s. 493.6106, F.S.; revising citizenship requirements and documentation for certain private investigative, private security, and recovery agent licenses; prohibiting the licensure of applicants for a statewide firearm license or firearms instructor license who are prohibited from purchasing

31

32

3334

35

36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

20-01489A-10 20102348

or possessing firearms; requiring that private investigative, security, and recovery agencies notify the department of changes to their branch office locations; amending s. 493.6107, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; revising requirements for criminal history checks of license applicants whose fingerprints are not legible; requiring the investigation of the mental and emotional fitness of applicants for firearms instructor licenses; amending s. 493.6111, F.S.; requiring a security officer school or recovery agent school to obtain the department's approval for use of a fictitious name; specifying that a licensee may not conduct business under more than one fictitious name; amending s. 493.6113, F.S.; revising application renewal procedures and requirements; amending s. 493.6115, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 493.6118, F.S.; authorizing disciplinary action against statewide firearm licensees and firearms instructor licensees who are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms; amending s. 493.6121, F.S.; deleting provisions for the department's access to certain criminal history records provided to licensed gun dealers, manufacturers, and exporters; amending s. 493.6202, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6203, F.S.; prohibiting bodyguard services from

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67 68

6970

71

72 73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

20-01489A-10 20102348

being credited toward certain license requirements; revising the training requirements for private investigator intern license applicants; requiring the automatic suspension of an intern's license under certain circumstances; providing an exception; amending s. 493.6302, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6303, F.S.; revising the training requirements for security officer license applicants; amending s. 493.6304, F.S.; revising application requirements and procedures for security officer school licenses; amending s. 493.6401, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; amending s. 493.6402, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6406, F.S.; revising terminology; requiring recovery agent school and instructor licenses; providing license application requirements and procedures; amending s. 500.03, F.S.; revising the term "food establishment" to include tomato repackers for purposes of the Florida Food Safety Act; amending s. 500.12, F.S.; providing that certain persons who sell directly to the consumer are exempt from food permit requirements; requiring persons who sell directly to the consumer to be trained and certified; creating s. 500.70, F.S.; defining terms; authorizing the department to adopt rules establishing food safety

89

90

91 92

93

94

95

96 97

98 99

100

101

102

103 104

105

106107

108

109

110

111112

113

114

115

116

20-01489A-10 20102348

standards for tomatoes; authorizing the department to inspect tomato farms, greenhouses, packinghouses, and repacking locations; providing penalties; authorizing the department to establish good agricultural practices and best management practices for the tomato industry by rule; providing a presumption that tomatoes introduced into commerce are safe for human consumption under certain circumstances; providing exemptions; amending ss. 501.605 and 501.607, F.S.; revising application requirements for commercial telephone seller and salesperson licenses; amending s. 501.913, F.S.; specifying the sample size required for antifreeze registration application; amending s. 525.01, F.S.; revising requirements for petroleum fuel affidavits; amending s. 525.09, F.S.; imposing an inspection fee on certain alternative fuels containing alcohol; amending s. 526.50, F.S.; defining terms applicable to regulation of the sale of brake fluid; amending s. 526.51, F.S.; revising brake fluid permit application requirements; deleting permit renewal requirements; providing for reregistration of brake fluid; establishing fees; amending s. 526.52, F.S.; revising requirements for printed statements on brake fluid containers; amending s. 526.53, F.S.; revising requirements and procedures for brake fluid stop-sale orders; authorizing businesses to dispose of unregistered brake fluid under certain circumstances; amending s. 527.0201, F.S.; revising requirements for liquefied petroleum gas qualifying examinations;

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140141

142

143

144

145

20-01489A-10 20102348

increasing continuing education requirements for certain liquefied petroleum gas qualifiers; amending s. 527.12, F.S.; providing for the issuance of certain stop orders; amending ss. 559.805 and 559.928, F.S.; deleting social security numbers as a listing requirement on registration affidavits for independent agents of sellers of business opportunities; amending s. 570.07, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt best management practices for agricultural production and food safety; amending s. 570.0725, F.S.; revising provisions for public information about food banks and similar food recovery programs; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 570.48, F.S.; revising duties of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables for tomato food safety inspections; amending ss. 570.53 and 570.54, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 570.55, F.S.; revising requirements for identifying sellers or handlers of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables; amending s. 570.902, F.S.; conforming terminology to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; amending s. 570.903, F.S.; revising provisions for direct-support organizations for certain agricultural programs to conform to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; deleting provisions for a direct-support organization for the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; amending s. 573.118, F.S.; requiring the department to maintain records of

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155156

157

158159

160

161

162

163

164165

166

167

168

169170

171

172

173

174

20-01489A-10 20102348

marketing orders; requiring an audit at the request of an advisory council; requiring that the advisory council receive a copy of the audit within a specified time; amending s. 581.011, F.S.; deleting terminology relating to the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; revising the term "nursery" for purposes of plant industry regulations; amending s. 581.211, F.S.; increasing the maximum fine for violations of plant industry regulations; amending s. 583.01, F.S.; redefining the term "dealer" with regard to the sale of eggs and poultry; amending s. 583.13, F.S.; deleting a prohibition on the sale of poultry without displaying the poultry grade; amending s. 590.125, F.S.; revising terminology for open burning authorizations; specifying purposes of certified prescribed burning; requiring the authorization of the Division of Forestry for certified pile burning; providing pile burning requirements; limiting the liability of property owners or agents engaged in pile burning; providing for the certification of pile burners; providing penalties for violations by certified pile burners; requiring rules; authorizing the division to adopt rules regulating certified pile burning; revising notice requirements for wildfire hazard reduction treatments; providing for approval of local government open burning authorization programs; providing program requirements; authorizing the division to close local government programs under certain circumstances; providing penalties for

176

177

178

179

180 181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188 189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

20-01489A-10 20102348

violations of local government open burning requirements; amending s. 590.14, F.S.; authorizing fines for violations of any division rule; providing penalties for certain violations; providing legislative intent; amending s. 599.004, F.S.; revising standards that a winery must meet to qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery; amending s. 604.15, F.S.; revising the term "agricultural products" to make tropical foliage exempt from regulation under provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products; defining the term "responsible position"; amending s. 604.19, F.S.; revising requirements for late fees on agricultural products dealer applications; amending s. 604.20, F.S.; revising the minimum amount of the surety bond or certificate of deposit required for agricultural products dealer licenses; providing conditions for the payment of bond or certificate of deposit proceeds; requiring additional documentation for issuance of a conditional license; amending s. 604.25, F.S.; revising conditions under which the department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke agricultural products dealer licenses; deleting a provision prohibiting certain persons from holding a responsible position with a licensee; amending s. 616.242, F.S.; authorizing alternative forms of insurance coverage required for amusement rides; authorizing the issuance of stop-operation orders for amusement rides under certain circumstances; amending s. 686.201, F.S.;

20-01489A-10 20102348

204 exempting contracts involving a seller of travel from 205 requirements for certain sales representative 206 contracts; amending s. 790.06, F.S.; authorizing a 207 concealed firearm license applicant to submit 208 fingerprints administered by the Division of 209 Licensing; repealing ss. 570.071 and 570.901, F.S., 210 relating to the Florida Agricultural Exposition and 211 the Florida Agricultural Museum; providing an 212 effective date.

213214

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

215216

Section 1. Florida Food Freedom Act.-

217 218 (1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida Food Freedom Act."

219

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

220221

(a) "Agent" means a person who conducts commerce on behalf of a producer.

222223

224

225

(b) "Agritourism activity" has the same meaning as provided in s. 570.961, Florida Statutes. The term also means a style of vacation that normally takes place on a farm or ranch, and includes any farm or ranch that is open to the public at least

226

part of the year. The term also includes the opportunity to participate in agricultural tasks, including, but not limited

227228

to, harvesting fruits and vegetables, riding horses, tasting

shops and farm stands for local and regional agricultural

229230

 $\underline{\text{honey,}}$ learning about wine, and shopping in farm or ranch gift

231

produce or hand-crafted gifts.

232

(c) "End consumer" means a person who is the last person to

ı	20-01489A-10 20102348
233	purchase any product or preparation and who does not resell the
234	product or preparation.
235	(d) "Home consumption" means consumed within a private
236	home.
237	(e) "Producer" means any person who grows any plant or
238	animal for food or drink.
239	(f) "Transaction" means the exchange of buying and selling.
240	(3) PURPOSE; LICENSURE EXEMPTION.—
241	(a) The purpose of this section is to encourage the
242	expansion and accessibility of farmers' markets, roadside
243	stands, ranch- and farm-based sales, and agricultural sales by:
244	1. Promoting the purchase and consumption of fresh and
245	<pre>local agricultural products;</pre>
246	2. Enhancing the agricultural economy;
247	3. Encouraging agritourism activities in this state;
248	4. Providing this state's residents with unimpeded access
249	to healthful food from known sources; and
250	5. Encouraging the expansion and accessibility of farmers'
251	markets, roadside stands, ranch- and farm-based sales, and
252	direct agricultural sales from the producer to the end consumer.
253	(b) Any producer who:
254	1. Sells his or her product at farmers' markets or at
255	roadside stands;
256	2. Sells his or her product through ranch- and farm-based
257	sales directly to the end consumer; or
258	3. Delivers his or her product directly to the end
259	consumer,
260	
261	is exempt from permit requirements of s. 500.12, Florida

20-01489A-10 20102348__

262 Statutes.

2.71

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a state agency or an agency of any political subdivision of the state may not require any licensure, certification, or inspection if there is only one transaction between the producer or the producer's agent and the end consumer and the food is for home consumption.

Section 2. Section 403.9336, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.9336 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that the implementation of the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes (2009) (2008), which was developed by the department in conjunction with the Florida Consumer Fertilizer Task Force, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, will assist in protecting the quality of Florida's surface water and groundwater resources. The Legislature further finds that local conditions, including variations in the types and quality of water bodies, site—specific soils and geology, and urban or rural densities and characteristics, may necessitate the implementation of additional or more stringent fertilizer management practices at the local government level.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 403.9337, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.9337 Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes.—

(2) Each county and municipal government located within the watershed of a water body or water segment that is listed as

20-01489A-10 20102348

impaired by nutrients pursuant to s. 403.067, <u>must shall</u>, at a minimum, adopt the department's Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes. A local government may adopt additional or more stringent standards than the model ordinance if, before adoption, the following criteria are met:

- (a) The local government has <u>implemented</u> demonstrated, as part of a comprehensive program to address nonpoint sources of nutrient pollution <u>but</u> which is science-based, and economically and technically feasible, that additional or more stringent standards than the model ordinance are necessary in order to adequately address urban fertilizer contributions to nonpoint source nutrient loading to a water body. A comprehensive program may include:
- 1. Nonpoint source activities adopted as part of a basin management plan developed pursuant to s. 403.067(7);
- 2. Adoption of Florida-friendly landscaping requirements, as provided in s. 373.185, into the local government's development code;
- 3. The requirement for and enforcement of the implementation of low-impact development practices; and
- 4. Documenting in the public record the need for more stringent standards, including scientific documentation of the vulnerability of the waters within the local government's jurisdiction to nutrient enrichment due to landforms, soils, hydrology, climate, or geology.
- (b) The local government documents that it has <u>requested</u>
 <u>and</u> considered all relevant scientific information, including
 input from the department, the institute, the Department of
 Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the University of Florida

20-01489A-10 20102348

Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, if provided, on the need for additional or more stringent provisions to address fertilizer use as a contributor to water quality degradation.

All documentation must become part of the public record before adoption of the additional or more stringent criteria.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 493.6102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6102 Inapplicability of this chapter.—This chapter shall not apply to:

(1) Any individual who is an "officer" as defined in s. 943.10(14), or is a law enforcement officer of the United States Government, while the such local, state, or federal officer is engaged in her or his official duties or, if approved by the officer's supervisors, when performing off-duty activities as a security officer activities approved by her or his superiors.

Section 5. Section 493.6105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6105 Initial application for license.

- (1) Each individual, partner, or principal officer in a corporation, shall file with the department a complete application accompanied by an application fee not to exceed \$60, except that the applicant for a Class "D" or Class "G" license is shall not be required to submit an application fee. The application fee is shall not be refundable.
- (a) The application submitted by any individual, partner, or corporate officer <u>must</u> shall be approved by the department <u>before the</u> prior to that individual, partner, or corporate officer assumes assuming his or her duties.
 - (b) Individuals who invest in the ownership of a licensed

350

351

352

353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

364365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

20-01489A-10 20102348

agency, but do not participate in, direct, or control the operations of the agency <u>are</u> shall not be required to file an application.

- (2) Each application <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be signed <u>and verified</u> by the individual under oath <u>as provided in s. 92.525</u> and <u>shall be</u> notarized.
- (3) The application $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ contain the following information concerning the individual signing $\underline{\text{the application}}$ $\underline{\text{same}}$:
 - (a) Name and any aliases.
 - (b) Age and date of birth.
 - (c) Place of birth.
- (d) Social security number or alien registration number, whichever is applicable.
- (e) <u>Current</u> Present residence address and his or her residence addresses within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f) Occupations held presently and within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f)(g) A statement of all <u>criminal</u> convictions, <u>findings of guilt</u>, and pleas of guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of adjudication of guilt.
- (g) One passport-type color photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding submission of the application.
- (h) A statement whether he or she has ever been adjudicated incompetent under chapter 744.
- (i) A statement whether he or she has ever been committed to a mental institution under chapter 394.
 - (j) A full set of fingerprints on a card provided by the

20-01489A-10 20102348

department and a fingerprint fee to be established by rule of the department based upon costs determined by state and federal agency charges and department processing costs. An applicant who has, within the immediately preceding 6 months, submitted a fingerprint card and fee for licensing purposes under this chapter shall not be required to submit another fingerprint card or fee.

- (k) A personal inquiry waiver which allows the department to conduct necessary investigations to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (1) Such further facts as may be required by the department to show that the individual signing the application is of good moral character and qualified by experience and training to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (4) In addition to the application requirements outlined in subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "E," Class "E," or Class "G" license shall submit two color photographs taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application, which meet specifications prescribed by rule of the department. All other applicants shall submit one photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (4) (5) In addition to the application requirements outlined under subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MA," Class "MB," or Class "MR" license shall include a statement on a form provided by the department of the experience which he or she believes will qualify him or her for such license.
 - (5) (5) (6) In addition to the requirements outlined in

20-01489A-10 20102348

subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "G" license shall satisfy minimum training criteria for firearms established by rule of the department, which training criteria shall include, but is not limited to, 28 hours of range and classroom training taught and administered by a Class "K" licensee; however, no more than 8 hours of such training shall consist of range training. If the applicant can show proof that he or she is an active law enforcement officer currently certified under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or has completed the training required for that certification within the last 12 months, or if the applicant submits one of the certificates specified in paragraph (6)(a) (7)(a), the department may waive the foregoing firearms training requirement.

- (6) (7) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "K" license shall:
 - (a) Submit one of the following certificates:
- 1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission Firearms Instructor's Certificate and confirmation by the commission that the applicant is authorized to provide firearms instruction.
- 2. The National Rifle Association $\underline{\text{Law Enforcement}}$ Police Firearms Instructor's Certificate.
- 3. The National Rifle Association Security Firearms
 Instructor's Certificate.
- 3.4. A firearms instructor's <u>training</u> certificate <u>issued by</u> any branch of the United States Armed Forces, <u>from</u> a federal <u>law</u> enforcement academy or agency, <u>state</u>, <u>county</u>, or <u>a law</u> enforcement <u>municipal police</u> academy <u>or agency</u> in this state

20-01489A-10 20102348

recognized as such by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or by the Department of Education.

- (b) Pay the fee for and pass an examination administered by the department which shall be based upon, but is not necessarily limited to, a firearms instruction manual provided by the department.
- $\underline{(7)}$ (8) In addition to the application requirements for individuals, partners, or officers outlined under subsection (3), the application for an agency license shall contain the following information:
- (a) The proposed name under which the agency intends to operate.
- (b) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of the principal location at which business is to be conducted in this state.
- (c) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of all branch offices within this state.
- (d) The names and titles of all partners or, in the case of a corporation, the names and titles of its principal officers.
- (8) (9) Upon submission of a complete application, a Class "CC," Class "C," Class "D," Class "EE," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MB," or Class "MR" applicant may commence employment or appropriate duties for a licensed agency or branch office. However, the Class "C" or Class "E" applicant must work under the direction and control of a sponsoring licensee while his or her application is being processed. If the department denies application for licensure, the employment of the applicant must be terminated immediately, unless he or she performs only unregulated duties.

20-01489A-10 20102348

Section 6. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 493.6106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

493.6106 License requirements; posting.-

- (1) Each individual licensed by the department must:
- (f) Be a citizen or <u>permanent</u> legal resident alien of the United States or have <u>appropriate</u> been granted authorization <u>issued</u> to seek employment in this country by the <u>United States</u> Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services <u>of the United</u> States Department of Homeland Security.
- 1. An applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "D,"

 Class "DI," Class "E," Class "EE," Class "M," Class "MA," Class

 "MB," Class "MR," or Class "RI" license who is not a United

 States citizen must submit proof of current employment

 authorization issued by the United States Bureau of Citizenship

 and Immigration Services or proof that she or he is deemed a

 permanent legal resident alien by the United States Bureau of

 Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- 2. An applicant for a Class "G" or Class "K" license who is not a United States citizen must submit proof that she or he is deemed a permanent legal resident alien by the United States

 Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, together with additional documentation establishing that she or he has resided in the state of residence shown on the application for at least 90 consecutive days before the date that the application is submitted.
- 3. An applicant for an agency or school license who is not a United States citizen or permanent legal resident alien must

20-01489A-10 20102348

submit documentation issued by the United States Bureau of
Citizenship and Immigration Services stating that she or he is
lawfully in the United States and is authorized to own and
operate the type of agency or school for which she or he is
applying. An employment authorization card issued by the United
States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services is not
sufficient documentation.

- (g) Not be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law if the individual is applying for a Class "G" license or a Class "K" license.
- (2) Each agency shall have a minimum of one physical location within this state from which the normal business of the agency is conducted, and this location shall be considered the primary office for that agency in this state.
- (a) If an agency <u>or branch office</u> desires to change the physical location of the business, as it appears on the agency license, the department must be notified within 10 days of the change, and, except upon renewal, the fee prescribed in s. 493.6107 must be submitted for each license requiring revision. Each license requiring revision must be returned with such notification.

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 493.6107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6107 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G" or Class "M" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is

20-01489A-10 20102348

made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.—

- (1) Except as otherwise provided, prior to the issuance of a license under this chapter, the department shall make an investigation of the applicant for a license. The investigation shall include:
- (a)1. An examination of fingerprint records and police records. When a criminal history analysis of any applicant under this chapter is performed by means of fingerprint card identification, the time limitations prescribed by s. 120.60(1) shall be tolled during the time the applicant's fingerprint card is under review by the Department of Law Enforcement or the United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 2. If a legible set of fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Law Enforcement or the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after two attempts, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may determine the applicant's eligibility based upon a criminal history record check under the applicant's name conducted by the Department of Law Enforcement if the and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

 A set of fingerprints are taken by a law enforcement agency or the department and the applicant submits a written statement signed by the fingerprint technician or a licensed physician stating that there is a physical condition that precludes

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578579

580

20-01489A-10 20102348

obtaining a legible set of fingerprints or that the fingerprints taken are the best that can be obtained is sufficient to meet this requirement.

(3) The department shall also investigate the mental history and current mental and emotional fitness of any Class "G" or Class "K" applicant, and may deny a Class "G" or Class "K" license to anyone who has a history of mental illness or drug or alcohol abuse.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 493.6111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6111 License; contents; identification card.-

(4) Notwithstanding the existence of a valid Florida corporate registration, an no agency or school licensee may not conduct activities regulated under this chapter under any fictitious name without prior written authorization from the department to use that name in the conduct of activities regulated under this chapter. The department may not authorize the use of a name which is so similar to that of a public officer or agency, or of that used by another licensee, that the public may be confused or misled thereby. The authorization for the use of a fictitious name shall require, as a condition precedent to the use of such name, the filing of a certificate of engaging in business under a fictitious name under s. 865.09. A No licensee may not shall be permitted to conduct business under more than one fictitious name except as separately licensed nor shall the license be valid to protect any licensee who is engaged in the business under any name other than that specified in the license. An agency desiring to change its licensed name shall notify the department and, except upon

20-01489A-10 20102348

renewal, pay a fee not to exceed \$30 for each license requiring revision including those of all licensed employees except Class "D" or Class "G" licensees. Upon the return of such licenses to the department, revised licenses shall be provided.

Section 10. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 493.6113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 493.6113 Renewal application for licensure.—

- (2) At least No less than 90 days before prior to the expiration date of the license, the department shall mail a written notice to the last known mailing residence address of the licensee for individual licensees and to the last known agency address for agencies.
- (3) Each licensee shall be responsible for renewing his or her license on or before its expiration by filing with the department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of the prescribed license fee.
- (a) Each <u>Class "B"</u> <u>Class "A," Class "B," or Class "R"</u> licensee shall additionally submit on a form prescribed by the department a certification of insurance which evidences that the licensee maintains coverage as required under s. 493.6110.

Section 11. Subsection (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (12), and subsection (16) of section 493.6115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6115 Weapons and firearms.-

- (8) A Class "G" applicant must satisfy the minimum training criteria as set forth in s. $493.6105_{(5)}$ (6) and as established by rule of the department.
- (12) The department may issue a temporary Class "G" license, on a case-by-case basis, if:

611

612613

614

615616

617

618619

620

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

628629

630

631

632

633634

635

636637

638

20-01489A-10 20102348

(d) The applicant has received approval from the department subsequent to its conduct of a criminal history record check as authorized in s. 493.6108(1)(a)1.

(16) If the criminal history record check program referenced in s. $493.6108(1)(a)1. \frac{493.6121(6)}{a}$ is inoperable, the department may issue a temporary "G" license on a case-by-case basis, provided that the applicant has met all statutory requirements for the issuance of a temporary "G" license as specified in subsection (12), excepting the criminal history record check stipulated there; provided, that the department requires that the licensed employer of the applicant conduct a criminal history record check of the applicant pursuant to standards set forth in rule by the department, and provide to the department an affidavit containing such information and statements as required by the department, including a statement that the criminal history record check did not indicate the existence of any criminal history that would prohibit licensure. Failure to properly conduct such a check, or knowingly providing incorrect or misleading information or statements in the affidavit shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action against the licensed agency, including revocation of license.

Section 12. Paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 493.6118, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (v), and a new paragraph (u) is added to that subsection to read:

493.6118 Grounds for disciplinary action.

(1) The following constitute grounds for which disciplinary action specified in subsection (2) may be taken by the department against any licensee, agency, or applicant regulated by this chapter, or any unlicensed person engaged in activities

20-01489A-10 20102348

639 regulated under this chapter.

(u) For a Class "G" or a Class "K" applicant or licensee, being prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law.

Section 13. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6121, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), respectively, and present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

493.6121 Enforcement; investigation.-

(6) The department shall be provided access to the program that is operated by the Department of Law Enforcement, pursuant to s. 790.065, for providing criminal history record information to licensed gun dealers, manufacturers, and exporters. The department may make inquiries, and shall receive responses in the same fashion as provided under s. 790.065. The department shall be responsible for payment to the Department of Law Enforcement of the same fees as charged to others afforded access to the program.

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 493.6202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6202 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G," Class "C," Class "CC," Class "M," or Class "MA" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

20-01489A-10 20102348

Section 15. Subsections (2), (4), and (6) of section 493.6203, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 493.6203 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:
- (2) An applicant for a Class "MA" license shall have 2 years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in:
- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training;
 - (b) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern;
 - (c) Any combination of paragraphs (a) and (b);
- (d) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and experience described in paragraph (e) for 1 year;
 - (e) No more than 1 year using:
- 1. College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration; or
- 2. Successfully completed law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency; or
- (f) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and work in a managerial or supervisory capacity for 1 year.

However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

(4) An applicant for a Class "C" license shall have 2 years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in one, or a combination of more than one, of the

20-01489A-10 20102348

697 following:

- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training.
- (b) College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration, or successful completion of any law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency, except that no more than 1 year may be used from this category.
 - (c) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern.

However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

- (6)(a) A Class "CC" licensee shall serve an internship under the direction and control of a designated sponsor, who is a Class "C," Class "MA," or Class "M" licensee.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2010 September 1, 2008, before submission of an application to the department, the an applicant for a Class "CC" license must have completed a minimum of 40 at least 24 hours of professional training a 40-hour course pertaining to general investigative techniques and this chapter, which course is offered by a state university or by a school, community college, college, or university under the purview of the Department of Education, and the applicant must pass an examination. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The certificate evidencing satisfactory completion of the 40 at least 24 hours of professional training a 40-hour course must be submitted with the application for a Class "CC" license. The remaining 16 hours must be completed and an examination passed within 180 days. If

20-01489A-10 20102348

documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's license is automatically suspended or his or her authority to work as a Class "CC" pursuant to s. 493.6105(9) is rescinded until such time as proof of certificate of completion is provided to the department. The training course specified in this paragraph may be provided by face-to-face presentation, online technology, or a home study course in accordance with rules and procedures of the Department of Education. The administrator of the examination must verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.

- 1. Upon an applicant's successful completion of each part of the approved <u>training</u> course and passage of any required examination, the school, community college, college, or university shall issue a certificate of completion to the applicant. The certificates must be on a form established by rule of the department.
- 2. The department shall establish by rule the general content of the <u>professional</u> training course and the examination criteria.
- 3. If the license of an applicant for relicensure <u>is</u> has been invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must complete the required training and pass any required examination.
- (c) An individual who submits an application for a Class
 "CC" license on or after September 1, 2008, through June 30,
 2010, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof
 of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the
 date the application is submitted. If documentation of
 completion of the required training is not submitted by that

 20-01489A-10 20102348

date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department.

An individual licensed on or before August 31, 2008, is not required to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license beyond the required total amount of training, and within the timeframe, in effect at the time he or she was licensed.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 493.6302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6302 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "D," Class "G," Class "M," or Class "MB" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 493.6303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6303 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:

(4) (a) Effective July 1, 2010, an applicant for a Class "D" license must submit proof of successful completion of complete a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour

20-01489A-10 20102348

course. The department shall by rule establish the general content and number of hours of each subject area to be taught.

- (b) An individual who submits an application for a Class
 "D" license on or after January 1, 2007, through June 30, 2010,
 who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of
 successful completion of the course within 180 days after the
 date the application is submitted. If documentation of
 completion of the required training is not submitted by that
 date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until
 proof of the required training is submitted to the department.
 This section does not require a person licensed before January
 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew
 an active license beyond the required total amount of training
 within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time he or she was
 licensed. An applicant may fulfill the training requirement
 prescribed in paragraph (a) by submitting proof of:
- 1. Successful completion of the total number of required hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license; or
- 2. Successful completion of 24 hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license and successful completion of the remaining 16 hours of training within 180 days after the date that the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's license is automatically suspended until such time as proof of the required training is provided to the department.
- (c) An individual However, any person whose license is suspended or has been revoked, suspended pursuant to paragraph

814

815816

817

818819

820

821

822

823

824

825

826

827

828

829

830

831

832

833

834

835

836

837

838

839

840

841

20-01489A-10 20102348

(b) subparagraph 2., or is expired for at least 1 year, or longer is considered, upon reapplication for a license, an initial applicant and must submit proof of successful completion of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department as provided prescribed in paragraph (a) before a license is will be issued. Any person whose license was issued before January 1, 2007, and whose license has been expired for less than 1 year must, upon reapplication for a license, submit documentation of completion of the total number of hours of training prescribed by law at the time her or his initial license was issued before another license will be issued. This subsection does not require an individual licensed before January 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license, beyond the required total amount of training within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time she or he was licensed.

Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 493.6304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6304 Security officer school or training facility.-

- (2) The application shall be signed and <u>verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525</u> notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, her or his name, address, and social security or alien registration number.
- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.

20-01489A-10 20102348

Section 19. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6401 Classes of licenses.-

- (7) Any person who operates a <u>recovery agent</u> repossessor school or training facility or who conducts an Internet-based training course or a correspondence training course must have a Class "RS" license.
- (8) Any individual who teaches or instructs at a Class "RS" recovery agent repossessor school or training facility shall have a Class "RI" license.

Section 20. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6402 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license fees which shall not exceed the following:
- (f) Class "RS" license—<u>recovery agent</u> repossessor school or training facility: \$60.
- (g) Class "RI" license—<u>recovery agent repossessor</u> school or training facility instructor: \$60.
- (3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order, or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "E," Class "EE," or Class "MR" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied, or if an application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 21. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 493.6406, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

20-01489A-10 20102348

493.6406 <u>Recovery agent</u> <u>Repossession services</u> school or training facility.—

- (1) Any school, training facility, or instructor who offers the training outlined in s. 493.6403(2) for <u>Class "E" or Class "E" or Class "E" applicants shall, before licensure of such school, training facility, or instructor, file with the department an application accompanied by an application fee in an amount to be determined by rule, not to exceed \$60. The fee shall not be refundable. This training may be offered as face-to-face training, Internet-based training, or correspondence training.</u>
- (2) The application shall be signed and verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525 notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, his or her name, address, and social security or alien registration number.
- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted or the street address of the Class "RS" school offering Internet-based or correspondence training.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.
- Section 22. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 500.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 500.03 Definitions; construction; applicability.-
 - (1) For the purpose of this chapter, the term:
- (n) "Food establishment" means any factory, food outlet, or any other facility manufacturing, processing, packing, holding, or preparing food, or selling food at wholesale or retail. The term does not include any business or activity that is regulated

20-01489A-10 20102348

under chapter 509 or chapter 601. The term includes tomato packinghouses <u>and repackers</u> but does not include any other establishments that pack fruits and vegetables in their raw or natural states, including those fruits or vegetables that are washed, colored, or otherwise treated in their unpeeled, natural form before they are marketed.

Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 500.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

500.12 Food permits; building permits.

- (1)(a) A food permit from the department is required of any person who operates a food establishment or retail food store, except:
- 1. Persons operating minor food outlets, including, but not limited to, video stores, which that sell commercially prepackaged, nonpotentially hazardous candy, chewing gum, soda, or popcorn, provided the shelf space for those items does not exceed 12 linear feet and no other food is sold by the minor food outlet.
- 2. Persons subject to continuous, onsite federal or state inspection.
- 3. Persons selling only legumes in the shell, either parched, roasted, or boiled.
- 4. Persons selling food directly to the end consumer at farmers' markets, roadside stands, or from a ranch or farm which has been grown, washed, prepared, or packaged sugar cane or sorghum syrup that has been boiled and bottled on a premise located within the state. The packaging Such bottles must contain a label listing the producer's name and street address, all added ingredients, the net weight or volume of product, and

20-01489A-10 20102348

a statement that reads "This product has not been produced in a facility permitted by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services." To ensure food safety protection standards, each person who sells food directly to the end consumer and who is responsible for the storage, preparation, display, or serving of foods to the end consumer shall be trained and certified consistent with the conference standards for Accreditation of Food Protection Manager Certification Programs adopted by the Conference for Food Protection.

Section 24. Section 500.70, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

500.70 Tomato food safety standards; inspections; penalties; tomato good agricultural practices; tomato best management practices.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Field packing" means the packing of tomatoes on a tomato farm or in a tomato greenhouse into containers for sale for human consumption without transporting the tomatoes to a packinghouse.
- (b) "Packing" or "repacking" means the packing of tomatoes into containers for sale for human consumption. The term includes the sorting or separating of tomatoes into grades and sizes. The term also includes field packing.
- (c) "Producing" means the planting, growing, or cultivating of tomatoes on a tomato farm or in a tomato greenhouse for sale for human consumption.
- (2) The department may adopt rules establishing food safety standards to safeguard the public health and promote the public welfare by protecting the consuming public from injury caused by

961

964

965

967

968

969

970 971

972

973

974

975

976

977

978

979

980

981

982

983

984

985

986

20-01489A-10 20102348

958 the adulteration or the microbiological, chemical, or 959 radiological contamination of tomatoes. The rules must be based on federal requirements, available scientific research, generally accepted industry practices, or recommendations of 962 food safety professionals. The rules shall apply to the 963 producing, harvesting, packing, and repacking of tomatoes for sale for human consumption by a tomato farm, tomato greenhouse, or tomato packinghouse or repacker in this state. The rules may 966 include, but are not limited to, standards for:

- (a) Registration with the department of a person who produces, harvests, packs, or repacks tomatoes in this state who does not hold a food permit issued under s. 500.12.
- (b) Proximity of domestic animals and livestock to the production areas for tomatoes.
- (c) Food safety related use of water for irrigation during production and washing of tomatoes after harvest.
 - (d) Use of fertilizers.
- (e) Cleaning and sanitation of containers, materials, equipment, vehicles, and facilities, including storage and ripening areas.
- (f) Health, hygiene, and sanitation of employees who handle tomatoes.
- (g) Training and continuing education of a person who produces, harvests, packs, or repacks tomatoes in this state, and the person's employees who handle tomatoes.
- (h) Labeling and recordkeeping, including standards for identifying and tracing tomatoes for sale for human consumption.
- (3) (a) The department may inspect tomato farms, tomato greenhouses, tomato packinghouses, repacking locations, or any

20-01489A-10 20102348

vehicle being used to transport or hold tomatoes to ensure compliance with the applicable provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter.

- (b) The department may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 per violation, or issue a written notice or warning under s. 500.179, against a person who violates any applicable provision of this section or any rule adopted under this section.
- (4) (a) The department may adopt rules establishing tomato good agricultural practices and tomato best management practices for the state's tomato industry based on applicable federal requirements, available scientific research, generally accepted industry practices, or recommendations of food safety professionals.
- (b) A person who documents compliance with the department's rules, tomato good agricultural practices, and tomato best management practices is presumed to introduce tomatoes into the stream of commerce which are safe for human consumption, unless the department identifies noncompliance through inspections.
- (5) Subsections (2) and (4) do not apply to tomatoes sold by the grower on the premises at which the tomatoes are grown or at a local farmers' market, if the quantity of tomatoes sold does not exceed two 25-pound boxes per customer.
- (6) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 501.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 501.605 Licensure of commercial telephone sellers.
- (2) An applicant for a license as a commercial telephone

20-01489A-10 20102348

seller must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for the license. The application must set forth the following information:

(a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant, including each name under which he or she intends to do business.

102210231024

1025

1026

1027

1028

1029

1030

1031

1032

1033

10341035

1036

1037

1038

1039

1040

1041

1042

1043

1044

1016

1017

1018

1019

1020

1021

The application shall be accompanied by a copy of any: Script, outline, or presentation the applicant will require or suggest a salesperson to use when soliciting, or, if no such document is used, a statement to that effect; sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a salesperson; and sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a purchaser in connection with any solicitation.

Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 501.607, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.607 Licensure of salespersons.

- (1) An applicant for a license as a salesperson must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for a license. The application must set forth the following information:
- (a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant.

Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 501.913, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.913 Registration.-

- (2) The completed application shall be accompanied by:
- (a) Specimens or facsimiles of the label for each brand of

1045 antifreeze;

- (b) An application fee of \$200 for each brand; and
- (c) A properly labeled sample of <u>at least 1 gallon</u>, but not more than 2 gallons, of each brand of antifreeze.

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 525.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

525.01 Gasoline and oil to be inspected.-

- (2) All petroleum fuels <u>are</u> shall be subject to inspection and analysis by the department. Before selling or offering for sale in this state any petroleum fuel, all manufacturers, <u>terminal suppliers</u>, wholesalers, and <u>importers as defined in s.</u> 206.01 jobbers shall file with the department:
- (a) An affidavit <u>stating</u> that they desire to do business in this state, and the name and address of the manufacturer of the petroleum fuel.
- (b) An affidavit stating that the petroleum fuel is in conformity with the standards prescribed by department rule.

Section 29. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 525.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

525.09 Inspection fee.-

(1) For the purpose of defraying the expenses incident to inspecting, testing, and analyzing petroleum fuels in this state, there shall be paid to the department a charge of one-eighth cent per gallon on all gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s. 525.01(1)(c)1. or 2., kerosene (except when used as aviation turbine fuel), and #1 fuel oil for sale or use in this state. This inspection fee shall be imposed in the same manner as the motor fuel tax pursuant to s. 206.41. Payment shall be made on or before the

1074 25th day of each month.

(3) All remittances to the department for the inspection tax herein provided shall be accompanied by a detailed report under oath showing the number of gallons of gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s.

525.01(1)(c)1. and 2., kerosene, or fuel oil sold and delivered in each county.

Section 30. Section 526.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

526.50 Definition of terms.—As used in this part:

- (1) "Brake fluid" means the fluid intended for use as the liquid medium through which force is transmitted in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle operated upon the highways.
- (2) "Brand" means the product name appearing on the label of a container of brake fluid.
- (3) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.
- $\underline{(4)}$ "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (5) "Formula" means the name of the chemical mixture or composition of the brake fluid product.
- (3) "Sell" includes give, distribute, barter, exchange, trade, keep for sale, offer for sale or expose for sale, in any of their variant forms.
- (6) (4) "Labeling" includes all written, printed or graphic representations, in any form whatsoever, imprinted upon or affixed to any container of brake fluid.

20-01489A-10 20102348

(5) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.

- (7) "Permit year" means a period of 12 months commencing July 1 and ending on the next succeeding June 30.
- (8) "Registrant" means any manufacturer, packer, distributor, seller, or other person who has registered a brake fluid with the department.
- (9) "Sell" includes give, distribute, barter, exchange, trade, keep for sale, offer for sale or expose for sale, in any of their variant forms.

Section 31. Section 526.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 526.51 Registration; renewal and fees; departmental expenses; cancellation or refusal to issue or renew.—
- (1) (a) Application for registration of each brand of brake fluid shall be made on forms to be supplied by the department. The applicant shall give his or her name and address and the brand name of the brake fluid, state that he or she owns the brand name and has complete control over the product sold thereunder in Florida, and provide the name and address of the resident agent in Florida. If the applicant does not own the brand name but wishes to register the product with the department, a notarized affidavit that gives the applicant full authorization to register the brand name and that is signed by the owner of the brand name must accompany the application for registration. The affidavit must include all affected brand names, the owner's company or corporate name and address, the

1134

1135

1136

1137

1138

1139

1140

1141

1142

1143

11441145

1146

1147

1148

1149

1150

1151

1152

1153

1154

1155

1156

11571158

1159

1160

20-01489A-10 20102348

applicant's company or corporate name and address, and a statement from the owner authorizing the applicant to register the product with the department. The owner of the brand name shall maintain complete control over each product sold under that brand name in this state. All first-time brand-formula combination new product applications must be accompanied by a certified report from an independent testing laboratory, setting forth the analysis of the brake fluid which shall show its quality to be not less than the specifications established by the department for brake fluids. A sample of not less than 24 fluid ounces of brake fluid shall be submitted, in a container or containers, with labels representing exactly how the containers of brake fluid will be labeled when sold, and the sample and container shall be analyzed and inspected by the Division of Standards in order that compliance with the department's specifications and labeling requirements may be verified. Upon approval of the application, the department shall register the brand name of the brake fluid and issue to the applicant a permit authorizing the registrant to sell the brake fluid in this state during the permit year specified in the permit.

(b) Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$100 with each application. An applicant seeking reregistration of a previously registered brand-formula combination must submit a completed application and all materials required under this subsection to the department before the first day of the permit year. A brand-formula combination for which a completed application and all materials required under this subsection are not received before the first day of the permit year ceases to be registered with

20-01489A-10 20102348

the department until a completed application and all materials required under this subsection are received and approved. Any fee, application, or materials received after the first day of the permit year, if the brand-formula combination was previously registered with the department, A permit may be renewed by application to the department, accompanied by a renewal fee of \$50 on or before the last day of the permit year immediately preceding the permit year for which application is made for renewal of registration. To any fee not paid when due, there shall accrue a penalty of \$25, which shall be added to the renewal fee. Renewals will be accepted only on brake fluids that have no change in formula, composition, or brand name. Any change in formula, composition, or brand name of any brake fluid constitutes a new product that must be registered in accordance with this part.

- (2) All fees collected under the provisions of this section shall be credited to the General Inspection Trust Fund of the department and all expenses incurred in the enforcement of this part shall be paid from said fund.
- (3) The department may cancel <u>or</u> refuse to issue or refuse to renew any registration and permit after due notice and opportunity to be heard if it finds that the brake fluid is adulterated or misbranded or that the registrant has failed to comply with the provisions of this part or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 526.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 526.52 Specifications; adulteration and misbranding.-
- (3) Brake fluid is deemed to be misbranded:

20-01489A-10 20102348

(a) If its container does not bear on its side or top a label on which is printed the name and place of business of the registrant of the product, the words "brake fluid," and a statement that the product therein equals or exceeds the minimum specification of the Society of Automotive Engineers for heavy-duty-type brake fluid or equals or exceeds Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 116 adopted by the United States Department of Transportation, heavy-duty-type. By regulation the department may require that the duty-type classification appear on the label.

Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 526.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

526.53 Enforcement; inspection and analysis, stop-sale and disposition, regulations.—

- (2) (a) When any brake fluid is sold in violation of any of the provisions of this part, all such <u>affected</u> brake fluid of the same brand name on the same premises on which the violation occurred shall be placed under a stop-sale order by the department by serving the owner of the brand name, distributor, or other entity responsible for selling or distributing the product in the state with the stop-sale order. The department shall withdraw its stop-sale order upon the removal of the violation or upon voluntary destruction of the product, or other disposal approved by the department, under the supervision of the department.
- (b) In addition to being subject to the stop-sale procedures above, unregistered brake fluid shall be held by the department or its representative, at a place to be designated in the stop-sale order, until properly registered and released in

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

1235

1236

1237

1238

1239

12401241

1242

1243

1244

1245

1246

1247

20-01489A-10 20102348

writing by the department or its representative. If application is has not been made for registration of the such product within 30 days after issue of the stop-sale order, such product shall be disposed of by the department, or, with the department's consent, by the business, to any tax-supported institution or agency of the state if the brake fluid meets legal specifications or by other disposal authorized by rule of the department if it fails to meet legal specifications.

Section 34. Subsections (1) and (3) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 527.0201, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

527.0201 Qualifiers; master qualifiers; examinations.-

- (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 527.02, any person applying for a license to engage in the activities of a pipeline system operator, category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser, category IV liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle servicer, category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only, LP gas installer, specialty installer, requalifier requalification of cylinders, or fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks must prove competency by passing a written examination administered by the department or its agent with a grade of at least 75 percent in each area tested or above. Each applicant for examination shall submit a \$20 nonrefundable fee. The department shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be covered by each examination and the relative weight to be assigned in grading each area tested.
 - (3) Qualifier cards issued to category I liquefied

1249

1250

1251

1252

1253

1254

1255

1256

1257

1258

1259

1260

1261

1262

1263

1264

1265

1266

1267

1268

1269

1270

1271

1272

1273

1274

1275

1276

20-01489A-10 20102348__

petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas installers shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance. All category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers holding a valid qualifier card upon the effective date of this act shall retain their qualifier status until July 1, 2003, and may sit for the master qualifier examination at any time during that time period. All such category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers may renew their qualification on or before July 1, 2003, upon application to the department, payment of a \$20 renewal fee, and documentation of the completion of a minimum of $16 \frac{12}{12}$ hours of approved continuing education courses, as defined by department rule, during the previous 3-year period. Applications for renewal must be made 30 calendar days prior to expiration. Persons failing to renew prior to the expiration date must reapply and take a qualifier competency examination in order to reestablish category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier status. If a category I liquefied petroleum gas qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier becomes a master qualifier at any time during the effective date of the qualifier card, the card shall remain in effect until expiration of the master qualifier certification.

(5) In addition to all other licensing requirements, each category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer and liquefied petroleum gas installer must, at the time of application for licensure, identify to the department one master qualifier who is a full-time employee at the licensed location. This person

1278

1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

1301

1302

1303

1304

1305

20-01489A-10 20102348

shall be a manager, owner, or otherwise primarily responsible for overseeing the operations of the licensed location and must provide documentation to the department as provided by rule. The master qualifier requirement shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection (1).

- (a) In order to apply for certification as a master qualifier, each applicant must be a category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier, must be employed by a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant for such license, must provide documentation of a minimum of 1 year's work experience in the gas industry, and must pass a master qualifier competency examination. Master qualifier examinations shall be based on Florida's laws, rules, and adopted codes governing liquefied petroleum gas safety, general industry safety standards, and administrative procedures. The examination must be successfully passed completed by the applicant with a grade of at least 75 percent or more. Each applicant for master qualifier status shall submit to the department a nonrefundable \$30 examination fee prior to the examination.
- (c) Master qualifier status shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance of the certificate and may be renewed by submission to the department of documentation of completion of at least 16 12 hours of approved continuing education courses during the 3-year period; proof of employment with a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant; and a \$30 certificate renewal fee. The department shall define, by rule, approved courses of

1306 continuing education.

Section 35. Section 527.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

527.12 Cease and desist orders; stop-use orders; stop-operation orders; stop-sale orders; administrative fines.-

- (1) Whenever the department <u>has</u> shall have reason to believe that any person is <u>violating</u> or has <u>violated</u> been <u>violating</u> provisions of this chapter or any rules adopted <u>under</u> this chapter <u>pursuant thereto</u>, the department it may issue a cease and desist order, or impose a civil penalty, or <u>do both</u> may issue such cease and desist order and impose a civil penalty.
- (2) Whenever a person or liquefied petroleum gas system or storage facility, or any part or component thereof, fails to comply with this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter, the department may issue a stop-use order, stop-operation order, or stop-sale order.

Section 36. Subsection (1) of section 559.805, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.805 Filings with the department; disclosure of advertisement identification number.—

(1) Every seller of a business opportunity shall annually file with the department a copy of the disclosure statement required by s. 559.803 <u>before prior to</u> placing an advertisement or making any other representation designed to offer to, sell to, or solicit an offer to buy a business opportunity from a prospective purchaser in this state and shall update this filing by reporting any material change in the required information within 30 days after the material change occurs. An

1336

1337

1338

1339

1340

1341

1342

1343

1344

1345

1346

1347

1348

1349

1350

1351

1352

1353

1354

1355

1356

1357

1358

1359

1360

1361

1362

1363

20-01489A-10 20102348

advertisement is not placed in the state merely because the publisher circulates, or there is circulated on his or her behalf in the state, any bona fide newspaper or other publication of general, regular, and paid circulation which has had more than two-thirds of its circulation during the past 12 months outside the state or because a radio or television program originating outside the state is received in the state. If the seller is required by s. 559.807 to provide a bond or establish a trust account or guaranteed letter of credit, he or she shall contemporaneously file with the department a copy of the bond, a copy of the formal notification by the depository that the trust account is established, or a copy of the guaranteed letter of credit. Every seller of a business opportunity shall file with the department a list of independent agents who will engage in the offer or sale of business opportunities on behalf of the seller in this state. This list must be kept current and shall include the following information: name, home and business address, telephone number, present employer, social security number, and birth date. A No person may not shall be allowed to offer or sell business opportunities unless the required information is has been provided to the department.

Section 37. Subsection (3) of section 559.928, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.928 Registration.-

(3) Each independent agent shall annually file an affidavit with the department <u>before</u> prior to engaging in business in this state. This affidavit must include the independent agent's full name, legal business or trade name, mailing address, business

1365

1366

1367

1368

1369

1370

1371

1372

1373

1374

1375

1376

1377

1378

1379

1380

1381

1382

1383

1384

1385

1386

1387

1388

1389

1390

1391

1392

20-01489A-10 20102348

address, telephone number, social security number, and the name or names and addresses of each seller of travel represented by the independent agent. A letter evidencing proof of filing must be issued by the department and must be prominently displayed in the independent agent's primary place of business. Each independent agent must also submit an annual registration fee of \$50. All moneys collected pursuant to the imposition of the fee shall be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer into the General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the sole purpose of administrating this part. As used in this subsection, the term "independent agent" means a person who represents a seller of travel by soliciting persons on its behalf; who has a written contract with a seller of travel which is operating in compliance with this part and any rules adopted thereunder; who does not receive a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration directly from the purchaser for the seller of travel; who does not at any time have any unissued ticket stock or travel documents in his or her possession; and who does not have the ability to issue tickets, vacation certificates, or any other travel document. The term "independent agent" does not include an affiliate of the seller of travel, as that term is used in s. 559.935(3), or the employees of the seller of travel or of such affiliates.

Section 38. Subsection (10) of section 570.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; functions, powers, and duties.—The department shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:

(10) To act as adviser to producers and distributors, when

20-01489A-10 20102348

requested, and to assist them in the economical and efficient distribution of their agricultural products, and to encourage cooperative effort among producers to gain economical and efficient production of agricultural products, and to adopt rules establishing comprehensive best management practices for agricultural production and food safety.

Section 39. Subsection (7) of section 570.0725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.0725 Food recovery; legislative intent; department functions.—

shall develop and provide a public information brochure detailing the need for food banks and similar of food recovery programs, the benefit of such food recovery programs, the benefit of such food recovery programs, the manner in which such organizations may become involved in such food recovery programs, and the protection afforded to such programs under s. 768.136, and the food recovery entities or food banks that exist in the state. This brochure must be updated annually. A food bank or similar food recovery organization seeking to be included on a list of such organizations must notify the department and provide the information required by rule of the department. Such organizations are responsible for updating the information and providing the updated information to the department. The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 40. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 570.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.48 Division of Fruit and Vegetables; powers and duties; records.—The duties of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables

1422 include, but are not limited to:

1423 (2)

1424

1425

1426

1427

1428

1429

1430

1431

1432

1433

1434

1435

1436

1437

1438

1439

14401441

1442

1443

14441445

1446

1447

1448 1449

1450

(e) Performing tomato food safety inspections <u>under s.</u>

<u>500.70</u> on tomato farms, in tomato greenhouses, and in tomato packinghouses and repackers.

Section 41. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 570.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.53 Division of Marketing and Development; powers and duties.—The powers and duties of the Division of Marketing and Development include, but are not limited to:

(6)

- (e) Extending in every practicable way the distribution and sale of Florida agricultural products throughout the markets of the world as required of the department by \underline{s} . \underline{ss} . 570.07(7), (8), (10), and (11) and $\underline{570.071}$ and chapters 571, 573, and 574.
- Section 42. Subsection (2) of section 570.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.54 Director; duties.-

(2) It shall be the duty of the director of this division to supervise, direct, and coordinate the activities authorized by ss. 570.07(4), (7), (8), (10), (11), (12), (17), (18), and (20), 570.071, 570.21, 534.47-534.53, and 604.15-604.34 and chapters 504, 571, 573, and 574 and to exercise other powers and authority as authorized by the department.

Section 43. Subsection (4) of section 570.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.55 Identification of sellers or handlers of tropical or subtropical fruit and vegetables; containers specified; penalties.—

1452

1453

1454

1455

1456

1457

1458

1459

1460

1461

1462

1463

1464

1465

1466

1467

1468

1469 1470

1471

1472

14731474

1475

1476

1477

1478

1479

20-01489A-10 20102348

(4) IDENTIFICATION OF HANDLER.-At the time of each transaction involving the handling or sale of 55 pounds or more of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables in the primary channel of trade, the buyer or receiver of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables shall demand a bill of sale, invoice, sales memorandum, or other document listing the date of the transaction, the quantity of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables involved in the transaction, and the identification of the seller or handler as it appears on the driver's license of the seller or handler, including the driver's license number. If the seller or handler does not possess a driver's license, the buyer or receiver shall use any other acceptable means of identification, which may include, but is not limited to, i.e., voter's registration card and number, draft card, social security card, or other identification. However, no less than two identification documents shall be used. The identification of the seller or handler shall be recorded on the bill of sale, sales memorandum, invoice, or voucher, which shall be retained by the buyer or receiver for a period of not less than 1 year from the date of the transaction.

Section 44. Subsection (3) of section 570.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.902 Definitions; ss. 570.902 and 570.903.—For the purpose of ss. 570.902 and 570.903:

(3) "Museum" means the Florida Agricultural Museum which is designated as the museum for agriculture and rural history of the State of Florida.

Section 45. Section 570.903, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

20-01489A-10 20102348

570.903 Direct-support organization.

- (1) When the Legislature authorizes the establishment of a direct-support organization to provide assistance for the museums, the Florida Agriculture in the Classroom Program, the Florida State Collection of Arthropods, the Friends of the Florida State Forests Program of the Division of Forestry, and the Forestry Arson Alert Program, and other programs of the department, the following provisions shall govern the creation, use, powers, and duties of the direct-support organization.
- (a) The department shall enter into a memorandum or letter of agreement with the direct-support organization, which shall specify the approval of the department, the powers and duties of the direct-support organization, and rules with which the direct-support organization shall comply.
- (b) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate use of property, facilities, and personnel of the department by a direct-support organization, subject to the provisions of ss. 570.902 and 570.903. The use shall be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the direct-support organization and shall not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the general public to use department facilities for established purposes.
- (c) The department shall prescribe by contract or by rule conditions with which a direct-support organization shall comply in order to use property, facilities, or personnel of the department or museum. Such rules shall provide for budget and audit review and oversight by the department.
- (d) The department shall not permit the use of property, facilities, or personnel of the museum, department, or

20-01489A-10 20102348

designated program by a direct-support organization which does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

- (2) (a) The direct-support organization shall be empowered to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the museum or designated program.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.057, the direct-support organization may enter into contracts or agreements with or without competitive bidding for the restoration of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials or for the purchase of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials which are to be added to the collections of the museum, or benefit of the designated program. However, before the direct-support organization may enter into a contract or agreement without competitive bidding, the direct-support organization shall file a certification of conditions and circumstances with the internal auditor of the department justifying each contract or agreement.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.025(1)(e), the direct-support organization may enter into contracts to insure property of the museum or designated programs and may insure objects or collections on loan from others in satisfying security terms of the lender.
 - (3) The direct-support organization shall provide for an

20-01489A-10 20102348

1538 annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.

- (4) Neither a designated program or a museum, nor a nonprofit corporation trustee or employee may:
- (a) Receive a commission, fee, or financial benefit in connection with the sale or exchange of <u>property</u> historical objects or properties to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program; or
- (b) Be a business associate of any individual, firm, or organization involved in the sale or exchange of property to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program.
- (5) All moneys received by the direct-support organization shall be deposited into an account of the direct-support organization and shall be used by the organization in a manner consistent with the goals of the museum or designated program.
- (6) The identity of a donor or prospective donor who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (7) The Commissioner of Agriculture, or the commissioner's designee, may serve on the board of trustees and the executive committee of any direct-support organization established to benefit the museum or any designated program.
- (8) The department shall establish by rule archival procedures relating to museum artifacts and records. The rules shall provide procedures which protect the museum's artifacts and records equivalent to those procedures which have been established by the Department of State under chapters 257 and

1567 267.

Section 46. Subsection (4) of section 573.118, Florida
1569 Statutes, is amended to read:

573.118 Assessment; funds; audit; loans.—

(4) In the event of levying and collecting of assessments, for each fiscal year in which assessment funds are received by the department, the department shall maintain records of collections and expenditures for each marketing order separately within the state's accounting system. If requested by an advisory council, department staff shall cause to be made a thorough annual audit of the books and accounts by a certified public accountant, such audit to be completed within 60 days after the request is received end of the fiscal year. The advisory council department and all producers and handlers covered by the marketing order shall be provided a copy of the properly advised of the details of the annual official audit of the accounts as shown by the certified public accountant within 30 days after completion of the audit.

Section 47. Subsections (18) through (30) of section 581.011, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17) through (29), respectively, and present subsections (17) and (20) of that section are amended to read:

581.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(17) "Museum" means the Florida State Collection of Arthropods.

 $\underline{(19)}$ "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is grown, propagated, or held for sale or distribution, including except where aquatic plant species are tended for harvest in the natural environment.

20-01489A-10 20102348

Section 48. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 581.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.211 Penalties for violations.-

- (3) (a) 1. In addition to any other provision of law, the department may, after notice and hearing, impose an administrative fine not exceeding \$10,000 \$5,000 for each violation of this chapter, upon any person, nurseryman, stock dealer, agent or plant broker. The fine, when paid, shall be deposited in the Plant Industry Trust Fund. In addition, the department may place the violator on probation for up to 1 year, with conditions.
- 2. The imposition of a fine or probation pursuant to this subsection may be in addition to or in lieu of the suspension or revocation of a certificate of registration or certificate of inspection.

Section 49. Subsection (4) of section 583.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 583.01 Definitions.—For the purpose of this chapter, unless elsewhere indicated, the term:
- (4) "Dealer" means any person, firm, or corporation, including a producer, processor, retailer, or wholesaler, which that sells, offers for sale, or holds for the purpose of sale in this state:
 - (a) The eggs of a flock of more than 3,000 birds; or
- (b) More than 20,000 head of dressed poultry that is produced or processed per calendar year 30 dozen or more eggs or its equivalent in any one week, or in excess of 100 pounds of dressed poultry in any one week.

Section 50. Section 583.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to

1625 read:

583.13 Labeling and advertising requirements for dressed poultry; unlawful acts.—

- (1) It is unlawful for any dealer or broker to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale in the state any dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk unless the such poultry is packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which shall be plainly and legibly printed, in letters of not less than 1/4 inch high in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (2) It is unlawful to sell unpackaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled by a placard immediately adjacent to the poultry or unless each bird is individually labeled to show the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement. The placard shall be no smaller than 7 inches by 7 inches in size, and the required labeling information shall be legibly and plainly printed on the placard in letters not smaller than 1 inch in height.
- (3) It is unlawful to sell packaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled to show the grade, the part name or whole-bird statement, the net weight of the poultry, and the name and address of the dealer. The size of the type on the label must be one-eighth inch or larger. A placard immediately adjacent to such poultry may be used to

20-01489A-10 20102348

indicate the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement, but not the net weight of the poultry or the name and address of the dealer.

- (4) It is unlawful to use dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk in the preparation of food served to the public, or to hold such poultry for the purpose of such use, unless the poultry when received was packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which was plainly and legibly printed, in letters not less than 1/4 one-fourth inch high in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (5) It is unlawful to offer dressed or ready-to-cook poultry for sale in any advertisement in a newspaper or circular, on radio or television, or in any other form of advertising without plainly designating in such advertisement the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry.

Section 51. Section 590.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 590.125 Open burning authorized by the division.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Certified pile burner" means an individual who successfully completes the division's pile burning certification program and possesses a valid pile burner certification number.
 "Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in

20-01489A-10 20102348

accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire or land-management objectives.

- (b) "Certified prescribed burn manager" means an individual who successfully completes the <u>certified prescribed burning</u> certification program of the division and possesses a valid certification number.
- (c) "Prescription" means a written plan establishing the criteria necessary for starting, controlling, and extinguishing a prescribed burn.
 - (c) (d) "Extinguished" means: that no spreading flame
- 1. For wild land burning or certified prescribed burning, that spreading flames do not and no visible flame, smoke, or emissions for vegetative land-clearing debris burning, exist.
- 2. For vegetative land-clearing debris burning or pile burning, that visible flames do not exist.
- 3. For vegetative land-clearing debris burning or pile burning in an area designated as smoke sensitive by the division, that no visible flames, smoke, or emissions exist.
- (d) "Land-clearing operation" means the uprooting or clearing of vegetation in connection with the construction of buildings and rights-of-way, land development, and mineral operations. The term does not include the clearing of yard trash.
- (e) "Pile burning" means the burning of silvicultural, agricultural, or land-clearing and tree-cutting debris originating onsite, which is stacked together in a round or

20-01489A-10 20102348

1712 linear fashion, including, but not limited to, a windrow.

- (f) "Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire or land-management objectives.
- (g) "Prescription" means a written plan establishing the criteria necessary for starting, controlling, and extinguishing a prescribed burn.
- (h) "Yard trash" means vegetative matter resulting from landscaping and yard maintenance operations and other such routine property cleanup activities. The term includes materials such as leaves, shrub trimmings, grass clippings, brush, and palm fronds.
 - (2) NONCERTIFIED BURNING.-
- (a) Persons may be authorized to burn wild land or vegetative land-clearing debris in accordance with this subsection if:
- 1. There is specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee;
- 2. Authorization has been obtained from the division or its designated agent before starting the burn;
- 3. There are adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire;
- 1738 4. The fire remains within the boundary of the authorized 1739 area;
 - 5. Someone is present at the burn site until the fire is

20-01489A-10 20102348__

1741 extinguished;

- 6. The division does not cancel the authorization; and
- 7. The division determines that air quality and fire danger are favorable for safe burning.
- (b) A person who burns wild land or vegetative landclearing debris in a manner that violates any requirement of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) CERTIFIED PRESCRIBED BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—
- (a) The application of prescribed burning is a land management tool that benefits the safety of the public, the environment, and the economy of the state. The Legislature finds that:
- 1. Prescribed burning reduces vegetative fuels within wild land areas. Reduction of the fuel load reduces the risk and severity of wildfire, thereby reducing the threat of loss of life and property, particularly in urban areas.
- 2. Most of Florida's natural communities require periodic fire for maintenance of their ecological integrity. Prescribed burning is essential to the perpetuation, restoration, and management of many plant and animal communities. Significant loss of the state's biological diversity will occur if fire is excluded from fire-dependent systems.
- 3. Forestland and rangeland constitute significant economic, biological, and aesthetic resources of statewide importance. Prescribed burning on forestland prepares sites for reforestation, removes undesirable competing vegetation, expedites nutrient cycling, and controls or eliminates certain

20-01489A-10 20102348

forest pathogens. On rangeland, prescribed burning improves the quality and quantity of herbaceous vegetation necessary for livestock production.

- 4. The state purchased hundreds of thousands of acres of land for parks, preserves, wildlife management areas, forests, and other public purposes. The use of prescribed burning for management of public lands is essential to maintain the specific resource values for which these lands were acquired.
- 5. A public education program is necessary to make citizens and visitors aware of the public safety, resource, and economic benefits of prescribed burning.
- 6. Proper training in the use of prescribed burning is necessary to ensure maximum benefits and protection for the public.
- 7. As Florida's population continues to grow, pressures from liability issues and nuisance complaints inhibit the use of prescribed burning. Therefore, the division is urged to maximize the opportunities for prescribed burning conducted during its daytime and nighttime authorization process.
- (b) Certified prescribed burning pertains only to broadcast burning for purposes of silviculture, wildlife management, ecological maintenance and restoration, and range and pasture management. It must be conducted in accordance with this subsection and:
- 1. May be accomplished only when a certified prescribed burn manager is present on site with a copy of the prescription from ignition of the burn to its completion.
- 2. Requires that a written prescription be prepared before receiving authorization to burn from the division.

20-01489A-10 20102348

3. Requires that the specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee be obtained before requesting an authorization.

- 4. Requires that an authorization to burn be obtained from the division before igniting the burn.
- 5. Requires that there be adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire.
- 6. Is considered to be in the public interest and does not constitute a public or private nuisance when conducted under applicable state air pollution statutes and rules.
- 7. Is considered to be a property right of the property owner if vegetative fuels are burned as required in this subsection.
- (c) Neither a property owner nor his or her agent is liable pursuant to s. 590.13 for damage or injury caused by the fire or resulting smoke or considered to be in violation of subsection (2) for burns conducted in accordance with this subsection unless gross negligence is proven.
- (d) Any certified burner who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (e) The division shall adopt rules for the use of prescribed burning and for certifying and decertifying certified prescribed burn managers based on their past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.
- 1825 (4) CERTIFIED PILE BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND 1826 PURPOSE.—
 - (a) Pile burning is a tool that benefits current and future

20-01489A-10 20102348

generations in Florida by disposing of naturally occurring
vegetative debris through burning rather than disposing of the
debris in landfills.

- (b) Certified pile burning pertains to the disposal of piled, naturally occurring debris from an agricultural, silvicultural, or temporary land-clearing operation. A land-clearing operation is temporary if it operates for 6 months or less. Certified pile burning must be conducted in accordance with this subsection, and:
- 1. A certified pile burner must ensure, before ignition, that the piles are properly placed and that the content of the piles is conducive to efficient burning.
- 2. A certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished no later than 1 hour after sunset. If the burn is conducted in an area designated by the division as smoke sensitive, a certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished at least 1 hour before sunset.
- 3. A written pile burn plan must be prepared before receiving authorization from the division to burn.
- 4. The specific consent of the landowner or his or her agent must be obtained before requesting authorization to burn.
- 5. An authorization to burn must be obtained from the division or its designated agent before igniting the burn.
- 6. There must be adequate firebreaks and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment at the burn site to control the fire.
- (c) If a burn is conducted in accordance with this subsection, the property owner and his or her agent are not liable under s. 590.13 for damage or injury caused by the fire

 20-01489A-10 20102348

or resulting smoke, and are not in violation of subsection (2),
unless gross negligence is proven.

- (d) A certified pile burner who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (e) The division shall adopt rules regulating certified pile burning. The rules shall include procedures and criteria for certifying and decertifying certified pile burn managers based on past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.
- (5)-(4) WILDFIRE HAZARD REDUCTION TREATMENT BY THE DIVISION.—The division may conduct fuel reduction initiatives, including, but not limited to, burning and mechanical and chemical treatment, on any area of wild land within the state which is reasonably determined to be in danger of wildfire in accordance with the following procedures:
- (a) Describe the areas that will receive fuels treatment to the affected local governmental entity.
- (b) Publish a treatment notice, including a description of the area to be treated, in a conspicuous manner in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the area of the treatment not less than 10 days before the treatment.
- (c) Prepare, and send the county tax collector shall include with the annual tax statement, a notice to be sent to all landowners in each area township designated by the division as a wildfire hazard area. The notice must describe particularly the area to be treated and the tentative date or dates of the treatment and must list the reasons for and the expected benefits from the wildfire hazard reduction.

20-01489A-10 20102348

(d) Consider any landowner objections to the fuels treatment of his or her property. The landowner may apply to the director of the division for a review of alternative methods of fuel reduction on the property. If the director or his or her designee does not resolve the landowner objection, the director shall convene a panel made up of the local forestry unit manager, the fire chief of the jurisdiction, and the affected county or city manager, or any of their designees. If the panel's recommendation is not acceptable to the landowner, the landowner may request further consideration by the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee and shall thereafter be entitled to an administrative hearing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120.

- (6) (5) DUTIES OF AGENCIES.—The Department of Education shall incorporate, where feasible and appropriate, the issues of fuels treatment, including prescribed burning, into its educational materials.
- (7) DIVISION APPROVAL OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT OPEN BURNING AUTHORIZATION PROGRAMS.—
- (a) A county or municipality may exercise the division's authority, if delegated by the division under this subsection, to issue authorizations for the burning of yard trash or debris from land-clearing operations. A county's or municipality's existing or proposed open burning authorization program must:
- 1. Be approved by the division. The division shall not approve a program if it fails to meet the requirements of subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.
 - 2. Provide by ordinance or local law the requirements for

20-01489A-10 20102348

obtaining and performing a burn authorization which comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.

- $\underline{\mbox{3. Provide for the enforcement of the program's}}$ requirements.
- 4. Provide financial, personnel, and other resources needed to carry out the program.
- (b) If the division determines that a county's or municipality's open burning authorization program does not comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections, the division shall require the county or municipality to take necessary corrective actions within a reasonable period, not to exceed 90 days.
- 1. If the county or municipality fails to take the necessary corrective actions within the required period, the division shall resume administration of the open burning authorization program in the county or municipality and the county or municipality shall cease administration of its program.
- 2. Each county and municipality administering an open burning authorization program must cooperate with and assist the division in carrying out the division's powers, duties, and functions.
- 3. A person who violates the requirements of a county's or municipality's open burning authorization program, as provided by ordinance or local law enacted pursuant to this section, commits a violation of this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 590.14.
 - Section 52. Section 590.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to

1944 read:

590.14 Notice of violation; penalties.-

- (1) If a division employee determines that a person has violated chapter 589, or this chapter, or any rule adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division, the division employee he or she may issue a notice of violation indicating the statute violated. This notice will be filed with the division and a copy forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement entity for further action if necessary.
- (2) In addition to any penalties provided by law, any person who causes a wildfire or permits any authorized fire to escape the boundaries of the authorization or to burn past the time of the authorization is liable for the payment of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in suppressing the fire or \$150, whichever is greater. All costs and expenses incurred by the division shall be payable to the division. When such costs and expenses are not paid within 30 days after demand, the division may take proper legal proceedings for the collection of the costs and expenses. Those costs incurred by an agency acting at the division's direction are recoverable by that agency.
- (3) The department may also impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 per violation of any section of chapter 589 or this chapter or violation of any rule adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division. The fine shall be based upon the degree of damage, the prior violation record of the person, and whether the person knowingly provided false information to obtain an authorization. The fines shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the

20-01489A-10 20102348__

1973 division.

(4) A person may not:

- (a) Fail to comply with any rule or order adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division; or
- (b) Knowingly make any false statement or representation in any application, record, plan, or other document required by this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter.
- (5) A person who violates paragraph (4) (a) or paragraph (4) (b) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that a penalty imposed by a court under subsection (5) be of a severity that ensures immediate and continued compliance with this section.
- (7) (4) The penalties provided in this section shall extend to both the actual violator and the person or persons, firm, or corporation causing, directing, or permitting the violation.

Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 599.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

599.004 Florida Farm Winery Program; registration; logo; fees.—

- (1) The Florida Farm Winery Program is established within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Under this program, a winery may qualify as a tourist attraction only if it is registered with and certified by the department as a Florida Farm Winery. A winery may not claim to be certified unless it has received written approval from the department.
- (a) To qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery, a winery shall meet the following standards:

2.011

20-01489A-10 20102348

1. Produce or sell less than 250,000 gallons of wine annually.

- 2. Maintain a minimum of 10 acres of owned or managed <u>land</u> vineyards in Florida which produces commodities used in the production of wine.
- 3. Be open to the public for tours, tastings, and sales at least 30 hours each week.
- 4. Make annual application to the department for recognition as a Florida Farm Winery, on forms provided by the department.
- 5. Pay an annual application and registration fee of \$100. Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 604.15, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:
- 604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions.—For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms, when used, shall be construed to mean:
- (1) "Agricultural products" means the natural products of the farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, and apiary (raw or manufactured); sod; tropical foliage; horticulture; hay; livestock; milk and milk products; poultry and poultry products; the fruit of the saw palmetto (meaning the fruit of the Serenoa repens); limes (meaning the fruit Citrus aurantifolia, variety Persian, Tahiti, Bearss, or Florida Key limes); and any other nonexempt agricultural products produced in the state, except tobacco, sugarcane, tropical foliage, timber and timber byproducts, forest products as defined in s. 591.17, and citrus other than limes.
 - (11) "Responsible position" means a position within the

2032

2033

2034

2035

2036

2037

2038

2039

2040

2041

2042

2043

2044

2045

2046

2047

2048

2049

2050

2051

2052

2053

2054

2055

2056

2057

2058

2059

20-01489A-10 20102348

business of a dealer in agricultural products which has the authority to negotiate or make the purchase of agricultural products on behalf of the dealer's business or has principal active management authority over the business decisions, actions, and activities of the dealer's business in this state.

Section 55. Section 604.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

604.19 License; fee; bond; certificate of deposit; penalty.-Unless the department refuses the application on one or more of the grounds provided in this section, it shall issue to an applicant, upon the payment of required fees and the execution and delivery of a bond or certificate of deposit as provided in this section, a state license entitling the applicant to conduct business as a dealer in agricultural products for a 1-year period to coincide with the effective period of the bond or certificate of deposit furnished by the applicant. During the 1-year period covered by a license, if the supporting surety bond or certificate of deposit is canceled for any reason, the license shall automatically expire on the date the surety bond or certificate of deposit terminates, unless an acceptable replacement is in effect before the date of termination so that continual coverage occurs for the remaining period of the license. A surety company shall give the department a 30-day written notice of cancellation by certified mail in order to cancel a bond. Cancellation of a bond or certificate of deposit does shall not relieve a surety company or financial institution of liability for purchases or sales occurring while the bond or certificate of deposit was in effect. The license fee, which must be paid for the principal

2061

2062

2063

2064

2065

2066

2067

2068

2069

2070

2071

2072

2073

2074

2075

2076

2077

2078

2079

2080

2081

2082

2083

2084

2085

2086

2087

2088

20-01489A-10 20102348

place of business for a dealer in agricultural products, shall be based upon the amount of the dealer's surety bond or certificate of deposit furnished by each dealer under the provisions of s. 604.20 and may not exceed \$500. For each additional place in which the applicant desires to conduct business and which the applicant names in the application, the additional license fee must be paid but may not exceed \$100 annually. If a Should any dealer in agricultural products fails, refuses, or neglects fail, refuse, or neglect to apply and qualify for the renewal of a license on or before its the date of expiration date thereof, a penalty not to exceed \$100 shall apply to and be added to the original license fee for the principal place of business and to the license fee for each additional place of business named in the application and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license may be issued. The department by rule shall prescribe fee amounts sufficient to fund ss. 604.15-604.34.

Section 56. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 604.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

604.20 Bond or certificate of deposit prerequisite; amount; form.—

(1) Before any license is issued, the applicant therefor shall make and deliver to the department a surety bond or certificate of deposit in the amount of at least \$5,000 or in such greater amount as the department may determine. No bond or certificate of deposit may be in an amount less than \$5,000. The penal sum of the bond or certificate of deposit to be furnished to the department by an applicant for license as a dealer in agricultural products shall be in an amount equal to twice the

2089 average of the monthly dollar amounts amount of agricultural 2090 products handled for a Florida producer or a producer's agent or 2091 representative, by purchase or otherwise, during the month of 2092 maximum transaction in such products during the preceding 12-2093 month period. Only those months in which the applicant handled, 2094 by purchase or otherwise, amounts equal to or greater than 2095 \$1,000 shall be used to calculate the penal sum of the required 2096 bond or certificate of deposit. An applicant for license who has 2097 not handled agricultural products for a Florida producer or a 2098 producer's agent or representative, by purchase or otherwise, 2099 during the preceding 12-month period shall furnish a bond or 2100 certificate of deposit in an amount equal to twice the estimated 2101 average of the monthly dollar amounts amount of such 2102 agricultural products to be handled, by purchase or otherwise, 2103 during the month of maximum transaction during the next 2104 immediate 12 months. Only those months in which the applicant 2105 anticipates handling, by purchase or otherwise, amounts equal to 2106 or greater than \$1,000 shall be used to calculate the penal sum 2107 of the required bond or certificate of deposit. Such bond or 2108 certificate of deposit shall be provided or assigned in the 2109 exact name in which the dealer will conduct business subject to the provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34. Such bond must be executed 2110 2111 by a surety company authorized to transact business in the state. For the purposes of ss. 604.19-604.21, the term 2112 2113 "certificate of deposit" means a certificate of deposit at any 2114 recognized financial institution doing business in the United 2115 States. No certificate of deposit may be accepted in connection 2116 with an application for a dealer's license unless the issuing 2117 institution is properly insured by either the Federal Deposit

2118 Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance 2119 Corporation. Such bond or any certificate of deposit assignment 2120 or agreement shall be upon a form prescribed or approved by the 2121 department and shall be conditioned to secure the faithful 2122 accounting for and payment, in the manner prescribed by s. 2123 604.21(9), to producers or their agents or representatives of 2124 the proceeds of all agricultural products handled or purchased 2125 by such dealer, and to secure payment to dealers who sell agricultural products to such dealer, and to pay any claims or 2126 2127 costs ordered under s. 604.21 as the result of a complaint. Such 2128 bond or certificate of deposit assignment or agreement shall 2129 include terms binding the instrument to the Commissioner of 2130 Agriculture. A certificate of deposit shall be presented with an 2131 assignment of applicant's rights in the certificate in favor of 2132 the Commissioner of Agriculture on a form prescribed by the 2133 department and with a letter from the issuing institution 2134 acknowledging that the assignment has been properly recorded on 2135 the books of the issuing institution and will be honored by the 2136 issuing institution. Such assignment shall be irrevocable while 2137 the dealer's license is in effect and for an additional period 2138 of 6 months after the termination or expiration of the dealer's 2139 license, provided no complaint is pending against the licensee. 2140 If a complaint is pending, the assignment shall remain in effect until all actions on the complaint have been finalized. The 2141 2142 certificate of deposit may be released by the assignee of the 2143 financial institution to the licensee or the licensee's 2144 successors, assignee, or heirs if no claims are pending against 2145 the licensee before the department at the conclusion of 6 months 2146 after the last effective date of the license. No certificate of

20-01489A-10 20102348

deposit shall be accepted that contains any provision that would give the issuing institution any prior rights or claim on the proceeds or principal of such certificate of deposit. The department shall determine by rule the maximum amount of bond or certificate of deposit required of a dealer and whether an annual bond or certificate of deposit will be required.

- (4) The department may issue a conditional license to an applicant who is unable to provide a single bond or certificate of deposit in the full amount required by the calculation in subsection (1). The conditional license shall remain in effect for a 1-year period to coincide with the effective period of the bond or certificate of deposit furnished by the applicant. The applicant must provide at least the minimum \$5,000 bond or certificate of deposit as provided in subsection (1) together with documentation from each of three separate bonding companies denying the applicant's request for a surety bond in the full amount required in subsection (1) and one of the following:
- (a) A notarized affidavit limiting the handling of agricultural products, by purchase or otherwise, during their largest month to a minimum of one-half the amount of the bond or certificate of deposit provided by the applicant;
- (b) A notarized affidavit stating that any subject agricultural products, handled by purchase or otherwise, exceeding one-half of the amount of the bond or certificate of deposit will be handled under the exemption provisions set forth in s. 604.16(2); or
- (c) A second bond or certificate of deposit in such an amount that, when the penal sum of the second bond or certificate of deposit is added to the penal sum of the first

license may be revoked.

20-01489A-10 20102348

bond or certificate of deposit, the combined penal sum will
equal twice the dollar amount of agricultural products handled
for a Florida producer or a producer's agent or representative,
by purchase or otherwise, during the month of maximum
transaction in such products during the preceding 12-month
period.

21822183

21842185

21862187

2188

2189

2190

2191

2192

2193

2194

2195

2196

21972198

2199

2200

2201

2202

2203

2204

- The department or its agents may require from any licensee who is issued a conditional license verified statements of the volume of the licensee's business or may review the licensee's records at the licensee's place of business during normal business hours to determine the licensee's adherence to the conditions of the license. The failure of a licensee to furnish such statement or to make such records available shall be cause for suspension of the licensee's conditional license. If the department finds such failure to be willful, the conditional
- Section 57. Section 604.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 604.25 Denial of, refusal to renew grant, or suspension or revocation of, license.—
- (1) The department may deny, refuse to renew, decline to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license already granted if the applicant or licensee has:
- (1) (a) Suffered a monetary judgment entered against the applicant or licensee upon which is execution has been returned unsatisfied;
- (2) (b) Made false charges for handling or services rendered;

20-01489A-10 20102348

(3) (c) Failed to account promptly and properly or to make settlements with any producer;

- (4) (d) Made any false statement or statements as to condition, quality, or quantity of goods received or held for sale when the true condition, quality, or quantity could have been ascertained by reasonable inspection;
- (5) (e) Made any false or misleading statement or statements as to market conditions or service rendered;
- (6)(f) Been guilty of a fraud in the attempt to procure, or the procurement of, a license;
- (7) (g) Directly or indirectly sold agricultural products received on consignment or on a net return basis for her or his own account, without prior authority from the producer consigning the same, or without notifying such producer;
- (8) (h) Failed to prevent a person from holding a position as the applicant's or licensee's owner, officer, director, general or managing partner, or employee Employed in a responsible position a person, or holding any other similarly situated position, if the person holds or has held a similar position with any entity that an officer of a corporation, who has failed to fully comply with an order of the department, has not satisfied a civil judgment held by the department, has pending any administrative or civil enforcement action by the department, or has pending any criminal charges pursuant to s. 604.30 at any time within 1 year after issuance;
- $\underline{(9)}$ (i) Violated any statute or rule relating to the purchase or sale of any agricultural product, whether or not such transaction is subject to the provisions of this chapter;

20-01489A-10 20102348

 $\underline{\text{(10)}}$ Failed to submit to the department an application, appropriate license fees, and an acceptable surety bond or certificate of deposit; or-

- (11) (2) Failed If a licensee fails or refused refuses to comply in full with an order of the department or failed to satisfy a civil judgment owed to the department, her or his license may be suspended or revoked, in which case she or he shall not be eligible for license for a period of 1 year or until she or he has fully complied with the order of the department.
- (3) No person, or officer of a corporation, whose license has been suspended or revoked for failure to comply with an order of the department may hold a responsible position with a licensee for a period of 1 year or until the order of the department has been fully complied with.

Section 58. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 616.242, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (18) and (19) are renumbered as subsections (19) and (20), respectively, and a new subsection (18) is added to that section, to read:

- 616.242 Safety standards for amusement rides.-
- (5) ANNUAL PERMIT.-
- (b) To apply for an annual permit an owner must submit to the department a written application on a form prescribed by rule of the department, which must include the following:
- 1. The legal name, address, and primary place of business of the owner.
- 2. A description, manufacturer's name, serial number, model number and, if previously assigned, the United States Amusement

20-01489A-10 20102348

Identification Number of the amusement ride.

- 3. A valid certificate of insurance, or bond, escrow account, or unexpired irrevocable letter of credit for each amusement ride.
- 4. An affidavit of compliance <u>stating</u> that the amusement ride was inspected in person by the affiant and that the amusement ride is in general conformance with the requirements of this section and all applicable rules adopted by the department. The affidavit must be executed by a professional engineer or a qualified inspector no earlier than 60 days before, but not later than, the date of the filing of the application with the department. The owner shall request inspection and permitting of the amusement ride within 60 days of the date of filing the application with the department. The department shall inspect and permit the amusement ride within 60 days after filing the application with the department.
- 5. If required by subsection (6), an affidavit of nondestructive testing dated and executed no earlier than 60 days prior to, but not later than, the date of the filing of the application with the department. The owner shall request inspection and permitting of the amusement ride within 60 days of the date of filing the application with the department. The department shall inspect and permit the amusement ride within 60 days after filing the application with the department.
 - 6. A request for inspection.
- 7. Upon request, the owner shall, at no cost to the department, provide the department a copy of the manufacturer's current recommended operating instructions in the possession of the owner, the owner's operating fact sheet, and any written

20-01489A-10 20102348

bulletins in the possession of the owner concerning the safety, operation, or maintenance of the amusement ride.

- (9) INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) An owner may not operate an amusement ride unless the owner has in effect at all times of operation insurance meeting the following requirements:
- 1. An insurance policy in an amount of not less than \$1 million per occurrence, \$1 million in the aggregate, which insures the owner of the amusement ride against liability for injury to persons arising out of the use of the amusement ride;
- 2. A bond in a like amount; however, the aggregate liability of the surety under the bond may not exceed the face amount thereof; \cdot
- 3. An escrow account consisting of cash or assets in a like amount deposited with any bank, credit union, or savings association organized and doing business under the laws of this state or the United States; however, the aggregate liability of the account may not exceed the face amount thereof; or
- 4. An unexpired irrevocable letter of credit in a like amount; however, the aggregate liability of the letter of credit may not exceed the face amount thereof. The letter of credit must:
- a. Be issued by any bank or savings association organized and doing business under the laws of this state or the United States.
- b. Be payable to the owner of the amusement ride as the beneficiary upon presentment of a final judgment indicating liability and awarding damages to be paid by the owner of the

are repealed.

20-01489A-10 20102348 2321 amusement ride or upon presentment of a settlement agreement 2322 signed by all parties to the agreement when such final judgment 2323 or settlement is a result of a claim arising out of liability. 2324 c. Not be used for litigation costs or attorney's fees. 2325 d. Be nonassignable and nontransferable. 2326 (18) STOP-OPERATION ORDERS.—If an owner or amusement ride 2327 fails to comply with this chapter or any rule adopted under this 2328 chapter, the department may issue a stop-operation order. 2329 Section 59. Subsection (4) of section 686.201, Florida 2330 Statutes, is amended to read: 2331 686.201 Sales representative contracts involving 2332 commissions; requirements; termination of agreement; civil 2333 remedies.-2334 (4) This section does not apply to: 2335 (a) Persons licensed pursuant to chapter 475 who are 2336 performing services within the scope of their license. 2337 (b) Contracts to which a seller of travel as defined in s. 2338 559.927 is a party. 2339 Section 60. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 2340 790.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2341 790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm.-2342 (5) The applicant shall submit to the Department of 2343 Agriculture and Consumer Services: 2344 (c) A full set of fingerprints of the applicant 2345 administered by a law enforcement agency or the Division of 2346 Licensing of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 2347 Services. 2348 Section 61. Sections 570.071 and 570.901, Florida Statutes, 2349

·	20-01	1489A-10									201	20102348	
2350		Section	62.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2010.		