1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to petroleum contamination site
3	cleanup; requiring the installation of fuel tank
4	upgrades to secondary containment systems to be
5	completed by specified deadlines; amending s.
6	376.3071, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
7	petroleum contamination site selection and cleanup
8	criteria; deleting obsolete provisions relating to
9	funding for limited interim soil-source removals;
10	requiring the Department of Environmental Protection
11	to utilize natural attenuation monitoring strategies
12	to transition sites into long-term natural attenuation
13	monitoring under specified conditions; providing for
14	natural attenuation and active remediation of sites;
15	requiring the department to evaluate certain costs and
16	strategies; prohibiting a local government from
17	denying any development permit based solely on the
18	presence of petroleum contamination for any
19	construction, repairs, or renovations performed in
20	conjunction with tank upgrade activity in an existing
21	retail fuel facility; requiring that such facility be
22	fully operational before the request for the building
23	permit; requiring that the construction, repairs, or
24	renovations be performed by a licensed contractor;
25	requiring that the construction, repairs, or
26	renovations performed in conjunction with such permit
27	comply with the applicable provisions of chs. 489 and
28	553, F.S.; providing an exception; establishing a low-
29	scored site initiative; providing conditions for
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30	participation; requiring the department to issue
31	certain determinations and orders; providing that
32	certain sites are eligible for payment of preapproved
33	costs; requiring assessment work to be completed
34	within a certain timeframe; providing payment and
35	funding limitations; deleting provisions relating to
36	nonreimbursable voluntary cleanup; providing an
37	effective date.
38	
39	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
40	
41	Section 1. The installation of fuel tank upgrades to
42	secondary containment systems shall be completed by the
43	deadlines specified in rule 62-761.510, Florida Administrative
44	Code, Table UST. For fuel service station facilities that have
45	orders issued by the Department of Environmental Protection
46	before July 1, 2010, granting an extension to the deadline, the
47	deadline shall be extended to September 30, 2011. Such
48	facilities must be in compliance with all other state and
49	federal regulations pertaining to petroleum storage systems.
50	Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and paragraph
51	(b) of subsection (11) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes,
52	are amended to read:
53	376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes;
54	funding
55	(5) SITE SELECTION AND CLEANUP CRITERIA
56	(c) The department shall require source removal, if
57	warranted and cost-effective, at each site eligible for
58	restoration funding from the Inland Protection Trust Fund.
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59 1. Funding for free product recovery may be provided in 60 advance of the order established by the priority ranking system 61 under paragraph (a) for site cleanup activities. However, a 62 separate prioritization for free product recovery shall be 63 established consistent with paragraph (a). No more than \$5 million shall be encumbered from the Inland Protection Trust 64 65 Fund in any fiscal year for free product recovery conducted in 66 advance of the priority order under paragraph (a) established for site cleanup activities. 67

68 2. Funding for limited interim soil-source removals for 69 sites that will become inaccessible for future remediation due 70 to road infrastructure and right-of-way restrictions resulting 71 from a pending Department of Transportation road construction 72 project or for secondary containment upgrading of underground 73 storage tanks required under chapter 62-761, Florida 74 Administrative Code, may be provided in advance of the order 75 established by the priority ranking system under paragraph (a) for site cleanup activities. The department shall provide 76 77 written quidance on the limited source removal information and 78 technical evaluation necessary to justify a request for a 79 limited source removal in advance of the priority order pursuant 80 to paragraph (a) established for site cleanup activities. 81 Prioritization for limited source removal projects associated 82 with a secondary containment upgrade in any fiscal year shall be 83 determined on a first-come, first-served basis according to the 84 approval date issued under s. 376.30711 for the limited source 85 removal. Funding for limited source removals associated with 86 secondary containment upgrades shall be limited to 10 sites in each fiscal year for each facility owner and any related person. 87

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88 The limited source removal for secondary containment upgrades 89 shall be completed no later than 6 months after the department issues its approval of the project, and the approval 90 91 automatically expires at the end of the 6 months. Funding for 92 Department of Transportation and secondary containment upgrade source removals may not exceed \$50,000 for a single facility 93 94 unless the department makes a determination that it is cost-95 effective and environmentally beneficial to exceed this amount, 96 but in no event shall the department authorize costs in excess 97 of \$100,000 for a single facility. Department funding for 98 limited interim soil-source removals associated with Department of Transportation projects and secondary containment upgrades 99 100 shall be limited to supplemental soil assessment, soil screening, soil removal, backfill material, treatment or 101 102 disposal of the contaminated soil, dewatering related to the 103 contaminated soil removal in an amount of up to 10 percent of 104 the total interim soil source removal project costs, treatment, 105 and disposal of the contaminated groundwater and preparation of 106 the source removal report. No other costs associated with the 107 facility upgrade may be paid with department funds. No more than 108 \$1 million for Department of Transportation limited source 109 removal projects and \$10 million for secondary containment 110 upgrade limited source removal projects conducted in advance of 111 the priority order established under paragraph (a) for site 112 cleanup activities shall be encumbered from the Inland 113 Protection Trust Fund in any fiscal year. This subparagraph is 114 repealed effective June 30, 2010.

1152.3.Once free product removal and other source removal116identified in this paragraph are completed at a site, and

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117 notwithstanding the order established by the priority ranking 118 system under paragraph (a) for site cleanup activities, the 119 department may reevaluate the site to determine the degree of 120 active cleanup needed to continue site rehabilitation. Further, 121 the department shall determine if the reevaluated site qualifies 122 for natural attenuation monitoring, long-term natural 123 attenuation monitoring, or no further action. If additional site 124 rehabilitation is necessary to reach no further action status, 125 the site rehabilitation shall be conducted in the order established by the priority ranking system under paragraph (a). 126 127 and The department shall is encouraged to utilize natural 128 attenuation and monitoring strategies and, when cost-effective, 129 transition sites eligible for restoration funding assistance to 130 long-term natural attenuation monitoring where the plume is shrinking or stable and confined to the source property 131 132 boundaries and the petroleum products' chemicals of concern meet 133 the natural attenuation default concentrations, as defined by 134 department rule. If the plume migrates beyond the source 135 property boundaries, natural attenuation monitoring may be 136 conducted in accordance with department rule, or if the site no 137 longer qualifies for natural attenuation monitoring, active 138 remediation may be resumed. For long-term natural attenuation 139 monitoring, if the petroleum products' chemicals of concern 140 increase or are not significantly reduced after 42 months of monitoring, or if the plume migrates beyond the property 141 boundaries, active remediation shall be resumed as necessary. 142 143 For sites undergoing active remediation, the department shall 144 template the cost of natural attenuation monitoring pursuant to 145 s. 376.30711 to ensure that site mobilizations are performed in

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146	a cost-effective manner. Sites that are not eligible for state
147	restoration funding may transition to long-term natural
148	attenuation monitoring using the criteria in this subparagraph.
149	Nothing in this subparagraph precludes a site from pursuing a
150	"No Further Action" order with conditions where site conditions
151	warrant.
152	3. The department shall evaluate whether higher natural
153	attenuation default concentrations for natural attenuation
154	monitoring or long-term natural attenuation monitoring are cost-
155	effective and would adequately protect public health and the
156	environment. The department shall also evaluate site-specific
157	characteristics that would allow for higher natural attenuation
158	or long-term natural attenuation concentration levels.
159	4. A local government may not deny a building permit based
160	solely on the presence of petroleum contamination for any
161	construction, repairs, or renovations performed in conjunction
162	with tank upgrade activity in an existing retail fuel facility.
163	Such facility must have been fully operational prior to the
164	request for the building permit and any construction, repairs,
165	or renovations must be performed by a licensed contractor. All
166	building permits and any construction, repairs, or renovations
167	performed in conjunction with such permits must comply with the
168	applicable provisions of chapters 489 and 553.
169	(11)
170	(b) <u>Low-scored site initiative</u> <del>Nonreimbursable voluntary</del>
171	<i>cleanup.</i> -Notwithstanding s. 376.30711, any site For sites with
172	releases reported prior to January 1, 1995, the department shall
173	issue a determination of "No Further Action" at sites ranked
174	with a <del>total</del> priority <u>ranking</u> score of 10 <u>points</u> or less <u>may</u>

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175 voluntarily participate in the low-scored site initiative, 176 whether or not the site is eligible for state restoration 177 funding.

178 <u>1. To participate in the low-scored site initiative, the</u>
179 responsible party or property owner must affirmatively
180 <u>demonstrate that</u>, which meet the following conditions <u>are met</u>:
181 <u>a.1. Upon reassessment pursuant to department rule, the</u>
182 <u>site retains a priority ranking score of 10 points or less</u> No
183 free product exists in wells, boreholes, subsurface utility
184 <u>conduits</u>, or vaults or buildings and no other fire or explosion

185 hazard exists as a result of a release of petroleum products.

186 <u>b.2.</u> No excessively contaminated soil, as defined by 187 department rule, exists onsite as a result of a release of 188 petroleum products.

189 c.3. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring 190 indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable Public supply 191 wells for consumptive use of water expected to be affected by 192 the site shall not be located within a 1/2-mile radius of the 193 site; private supply wells for consumptive use of water expected 194 to be affected by the site shall not be located within a 1/4-195 mile radius of the site; and there must be no current or 196 projected consumptive use of the water affected by the site for 197 at least the following 3 years. Where appropriate, institutional 198 controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph (5) (b) 4. may 199 be required by the department to meet these criteria.

200 <u>d.4</u>. The release of petroleum products at the site <u>does</u>
201 shall not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including
202 their effects on human health and the environment.

203

e.5. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum

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204	products' chemicals of concern <del>in concentrations greater than</del>
205	the boundary values defined in subparagraph 7. is less than one-
206	quarter acre and is confined to the source property boundaries
207	of the real property on which the discharge originated.
208	<u>f.</u> 6. Soils onsite that are subject to human exposure found
209	between land surface and 2 feet below land surface <del>shall</del> meet
210	the <u>soil cleanup target levels</u> <del>criteria</del> established <u>by</u>
211	department rule or human exposure is limited by <del>pursuant to sub-</del>
212	<del>subparagraph (5)(b)9.a. Where</del> appropriate $_{m{ au}}$ institutional or
213	engineering controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph
214	(5)(b)4. may be required by the department to meet these
215	<del>criteria</del> .
216	2. Upon affirmative demonstration of the conditions under
217	subparagraph 1., the department shall issue a determination of
218	"No Further Action." Such determination acknowledges that
219	minimal contamination exists onsite and that such contamination
220	is not a threat to human health or the environment. If no
221	contamination is detected, the department may issue a site
222	rehabilitation completion order.
223	3. Sites that are eligible for state restoration funding
224	may receive payment of preapproved costs for the low-scored site
225	initiative as follows:
226	a. A responsible party or property owner may submit an
227	assessment plan designed to affirmatively demonstrate that the
228	site meets the conditions under subparagraph 1. Notwithstanding
229	the priority ranking score of the site, the department may
230	preapprove the cost of the assessment pursuant to s. 376.30711,
231	including 6 months of groundwater monitoring, not to exceed
232	\$30,000 for each site. The department may not pay the costs

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233	associated with the establishment of institutional or
234	engineering controls.
235	b. The assessment work shall be completed no later than 6
236	months after the department issues its approval.
237	c. No more than \$10 million for the low-scored site
238	initiative shall be encumbered from the Inland Protection Trust
239	Fund in any fiscal year. Funds shall be made available on a
240	first-come, first-served basis and shall be limited to 10 sites
241	in each fiscal year for each responsible party or property
242	owner.
243	7. Concentrations of the petroleum products' chemicals of
244	concern in groundwater at the property boundary of the real
245	property on which the petroleum contamination originates shall
246	not exceed the criteria established pursuant to sub-subparagraph
247	(5)(b)7.a. Where appropriate, institutional or engineering
248	controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph (5)(b)4. may
249	be required by the department to meet these criteria.
250	8. The department is authorized to establish alternate
251	cleanup target levels for onsite nonboundary wells pursuant to
252	the criteria in subparagraph (5)(b)8.
253	9. A scientific evaluation that demonstrates that the
254	boundary criteria in subparagraph 7. will not be exceeded and a
255	1-year site-specific groundwater monitoring plan approved in
256	advance by the department validates the scientific evaluation.
257	If the boundary criteria in subparagraph 7. are exceeded at any
258	time, the department may order an extension of the monitoring
259	period for up to 12 additional months from the time of the
260	excess reading. The department shall determine the adequacy of
261	the groundwater monitoring system at a site. All wells required

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262	by the department pursuant to this paragraph shall be installed
263	before the monitoring period begins.
264	10. Costs associated with activities performed pursuant to
265	this paragraph for sites which qualify for a determination of
266	"No Further Action" under this paragraph shall not be
267	reimbursable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund.
268	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.