A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to parole interview dates for certain 3 inmates; amending ss. 947.16, 947.174, and 947.1745, F.S.; 4 extending from 5 to 7 years the period between parole 5 interview dates for inmates convicted of violating 6 specified provisions or serving a mandatory minimum 7 sentence under a specified provision; providing an 8 effective date. 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 12 947.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 14 947.16 Eligibility for parole; initial parole interviews; powers and duties of commission .--15 16 (4) A person who has become eligible for an initial parole interview and who may, according to the objective parole 17 quidelines of the commission, be granted parole shall be placed 18 19 on parole in accordance with the provisions of this law; except 20 that, in any case of a person convicted of murder, robbery, 21 burglary of a dwelling or burglary of a structure or conveyance 22 in which a human being is present, aggravated assault, 23 aggravated battery, kidnapping, sexual battery or attempted 24 sexual battery, incest or attempted incest, an unnatural and 25 lascivious act or an attempted unnatural and lascivious act, lewd and lascivious behavior, assault or aggravated assault when 26 27 a sexual act is completed or attempted, battery or aggravated battery when a sexual act is completed or attempted, arson, or 28 Page 1 of 5

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29 any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon 30 or the use of intentional violence, at the time of sentencing 31 the judge may enter an order retaining jurisdiction over the offender for review of a commission release order. This 32 33 jurisdiction of the trial court judge is limited to the first 34 one-third of the maximum sentence imposed. When any person is 35 convicted of two or more felonies and concurrent sentences are 36 imposed, then the jurisdiction of the trial court judge as 37 provided herein applies to the first one-third of the maximum 38 sentence imposed for the highest felony of which the person was 39 convicted. When any person is convicted of two or more felonies and consecutive sentences are imposed, then the jurisdiction of 40 41 the trial court judge as provided herein applies to one-third of 42 the total consecutive sentences imposed.

43 The decision of the original sentencing judge or, in (g) 44 her or his absence, the chief judge of the circuit to vacate any parole release order as provided in this section is not 45 appealable. Each inmate whose parole release order has been 46 vacated by the court shall be reinterviewed within 2 years after 47 the date of receipt of the vacated release order and every 2 48 49 years thereafter, or earlier by order of the court retaining 50 jurisdiction. However, each inmate whose parole release order 51 has been vacated by the court and who has been:

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Convicted of murder or attempted murder;

53 2. Convicted of sexual battery or attempted sexual54 battery; or

3. Sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence
previously provided in s. 775.082,

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58	shall be reinterviewed once within 7 $\frac{5}{2}$ years after the date of
59	receipt of the vacated release order and once every 7 $5$ years
60	thereafter, if the commission finds that it is not reasonable to
61	expect that parole would be granted during the following years
62	and states the bases for the finding in writing. For any inmate
63	who is within 7 years of his or her tentative release date, the
64	commission may establish a reinterview date prior to the <u>7-year</u>
65	<del>5-year</del> schedule.
66	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
67	947.174, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
68	947.174 Subsequent interviews
69	(1)
70	(b) For any inmate convicted of murder, attempted murder,
71	sexual battery, attempted sexual battery, or who has been
72	sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence previously
73	provided in s. 775.082, and whose presumptive parole release
74	date is more than $\overline{7}$ $5$ years after the date of the initial
75	interview, a hearing examiner shall schedule an interview for
76	review of the presumptive parole release date. Such interview
77	shall take place once within $\underline{7}$ $\underline{5}$ years after the initial
78	interview and once every $7 - 5$ years thereafter if the commission
79	finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole will be
80	granted at a hearing during the following years and states the
81	bases for the finding in writing. For any inmate who is within 7
82	years of his or her tentative release date, the commission may
83	establish an interview date prior to the <u>7-year</u> $\frac{5-year}{2}$ schedule.

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84 Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 947.1745, Florida 85 Statutes, is amended to read:

947.1745 Establishment of effective parole release 86 87 date.--If the inmate's institutional conduct has been 88 satisfactory, the presumptive parole release date shall become the effective parole release date as follows: 89

90 (6) Within 90 days before the effective parole release 91 date interview, the commission shall send written notice to the 92 sentencing judge of any inmate who has been scheduled for an 93 effective parole release date interview. If the sentencing judge is no longer serving, the notice must be sent to the chief judge 94 95 of the circuit in which the offender was sentenced. The chief judge may designate any circuit judge within the circuit to act 96 97 in the place of the sentencing judge. Within 30 days after receipt of the commission's notice, the sentencing judge, or the 98 99 designee, shall send to the commission notice of objection to 100 parole release, if the judge objects to such release. If there 101 is objection by the judge, such objection may constitute good 102 cause in exceptional circumstances as described in s. 947.173, 103 and the commission may schedule a subsequent review within 2 104 years, extending the presumptive parole release date beyond that 105 time. However, for an inmate who has been:

106 107

Convicted of murder or attempted murder; (a)

Convicted of sexual battery or attempted sexual (b) 108 battery; or

109 (C) Sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence 110 previously provided in s. 775.082,

111

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112 the commission may schedule a subsequent review under this subsection once every 7  $\frac{5}{5}$  years, extending the presumptive 113 parole release date beyond that time if the commission finds 114 115 that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted 116 at a review during the following years and states the bases for 117 the finding in writing. For any inmate who is within 7 years of 118 his or her release date, the commission may schedule a subsequent review prior to the 7-year 5 year schedule. With any 119 120 subsequent review the same procedure outlined above will be 121 followed. If the judge remains silent with respect to parole 122 release, the commission may authorize an effective parole 123 release date. This subsection applies if the commission desires 124 to consider the establishment of an effective release date 125 without delivery of the effective parole release date interview. Notice of the effective release date must be sent to the 126 127 sentencing judge, and either the judge's response to the notice 128 must be received or the time period allowed for such response 129 must elapse before the commission may authorize an effective 130 release date.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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