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By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Storms

591-04782-10 20102612c1 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to forensic mental health; amending s. 394.457, F.S.; providing additional responsibilities for certain contractors of the Department of Children and Family Services; providing for set-asides for service providers that have supportive employment programs; requiring that the department make certain training available to correctional personnel; amending s. 394.4655, F.S.; providing for involuntary outpatient treatment plans that require patients to take all prescribed medications in certain circumstances; amending s. 948.001, F.S.; defining the term "department" for purposes of ch. 948, F.S.; creating s. 948.0395, F.S.; providing for the creation of a forensic mental health probation and parole program; providing program requirements; providing for designation of certain correctional probation officers as forensic probation officers; providing for establishing requirements for such officers; providing duties for such officers; authorizing the Department of Corrections to establish an advisory workgroup to assist with the program; requiring that the department adopt rules; authorizing the chief judge of each circuit to establish a mental health court; providing requirements for such courts; authorizing specified activities by such courts; requiring each court to have a coordinator for certain aspects of the court's operations; requiring that such courts be funded from existing revenues or from a specified grant program;

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requiring that the Department of Children and Family Services adopt rules relating to supportive housing; requiring that the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability perform a study of the forensic mental health system; requiring that the study examine the causes impacting the incarceration of the mentally ill in state and local correctional facilities; requiring that a report of such study be submitted to the Legislature by a specified date; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (d) are added to subsection (2) of section 394.457, Florida Statutes, and subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

394.457 Operation and administration.-

- (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT.—The department is responsible for:
- (c) Ensuring that each state contract mental health agency that works with individuals who are under forensic mental health probation and parole:
- 1. Ensures that each person enrolled in the probation and parole program has a forensic case manager who is working towards reducing the need for institutional placement.
- 2. Coordinates between the forensic probation and parole program, mental health court, and other agencies needed to help improve access to care.
 - (d) In cooperation with each circuit administrator,

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supervising all forensic mental health programs and contracts, which shall be carried out by the department's central office staff.

- (8) SUPPORTIVE EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.—The department, subject to current resources, shall examine opportunities to generate cost savings through the use of set—aside agreements with supportive employment programs that serve forensic mental health consumers living in the community under plans of conditional release.
- (9) TRAINING FOR CORRECTIONAL PERSONNEL.—The department may make available training on the special needs of adult forensic mental health inmates incarcerated in state correctional facilities operated by the Department of Corrections or a private vendor to the staffs of these institutions.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 394.4655 Involuntary outpatient placement.-
- (2) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT PLACEMENT.-
- (a)1. A patient who is being recommended for involuntary outpatient placement by the administrator of the receiving facility where the patient has been examined may be retained by the facility after adherence to the notice procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement are met. However, in a county having a population of fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical

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psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such recommendation must be entered on an involuntary outpatient placement certificate that authorizes the receiving facility to retain the patient pending completion of a hearing. The certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

- 2. If the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets the criteria for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463(1), the patient must be released from the receiving facility while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient placement. Before filing a petition for involuntary outpatient treatment, the administrator of a receiving facility or a designated department representative must identify the service provider that will have primary responsibility for service provision under an order for involuntary outpatient placement, unless the person is otherwise participating in outpatient psychiatric treatment and is not in need of public financing for that treatment, in which case the individual, if eligible, may be ordered to involuntary treatment pursuant to the existing psychiatric treatment relationship.
- 3. The service provider shall prepare a written proposed treatment plan in consultation with the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if appointed, for the court's consideration for inclusion in the involuntary outpatient placement order. The

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service provider shall also provide a copy of the proposed treatment plan to the patient and the administrator of the receiving facility. The treatment plan must specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness, address the reduction of symptoms that necessitate involuntary outpatient placement, and include measurable goals and objectives for the services and treatment that are provided to treat the person's mental illness and assist the person in living and functioning in the community or to prevent a relapse or deterioration. Service providers may select and supervise other individuals to implement specific aspects of the treatment plan. The services in the treatment plan must be deemed clinically appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker who consults with, or is employed or contracted by, the service provider. The service provider must certify to the court in the proposed treatment plan whether sufficient services for improvement and stabilization are currently available and whether the service provider agrees to provide those services. If the service provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the petition.

4. If the patient is to be supervised by a forensic mental health case manager, the plan may require the patient to take all prescribed medications.

Section 3. Subsections (4) through (10) of section 948.001, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (11), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section to read:

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948.001 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (4) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
- Section 4. Section 948.0395, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 948.0395 Forensic probation and parole program.-
 - (1) The department shall create a forensic mental health probation and parole program that shall be responsible for reentry of mentally ill inmates back into the community.
 - (2) The forensic probation and parole program shall be focused on compliance with care, supervision of conditional plans of release, tracking information, and reducing inappropriate placements and jail utilization. The department shall make sex offenders a high priority for supervision and for placement in safe housing that is not located near children.
 - (3) This program shall be established within the current department funding and the secretary may reorganize the probation and parole staff and programs to assist with the development of the forensic mental health program. The department may have a probation officer serve in a dual role as a trained forensic mental health probation officer as well as an officer for persons subject to general probation and parole.
 - (4) (a) The department may designate correctional probation officers as forensic probation officers.
 - (b) The department shall establish requirements for such forensic mental health probation officers.
 - (c) Forensic mental health probation officers shall coordinate issues and compliance with the Department of Children and Family Services' forensic case manager and establish plans having the goal of improving plan compliance and reducing the

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need for incarcerations due to violations.

- (d) Forensic mental health probation officers shall work with all relevant agencies to further the goals of the forensic mental health program.
- (5) The department may establish an advisory workgroup to assist the department in gathering input, providing professional expertise, and developing appropriate policies and procedures to ensure implementation of this section.
- (6) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section conferring duties upon it.
- Section 5. (1) The chief judge of each circuit may establish a mental health court to help reduce the cost of managing cases that pertain to persons with mental illnesses who have court involvement. The chief judge shall supervise the mental health court.
 - (2) Each mental health court shall:
- (a) Have an advisory workgroup for the purpose of providing input, which shall serve as a coordinating workgroup to help improve access to community-based services and improve access to care for individuals involved with the criminal justice system.
- (b) Establish eligibility criteria. Individuals charged with felonies who upon evaluation are considered to be a minimal threat to public safety may be considered for mental health court involvement.
- (c) Be focused on improving compliance with mental health care and treatment and may require state agencies to comply with its orders and directives.
 - (d) Supervise the processing of felonies and misdemeanors

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and determine which cases shall be referred for criminal prosecution and incarceration and those who are eligible for diversion programs and alternatives.

- (e) Be the ongoing contact with the criminal justice system for persons found incompetent to proceed and supervise the community control for such persons under s. 916.145(2), Florida Statutes.
- (f) Process all evaluations for persons charged with a felony and require evaluations for competency to proceed or a determination of not guilty by reason of insanity.
 - (3) A mental health court may:
- (a) Establish drug repository programs and accept unused medications from nursing homes and licensed assisted living facilities to be repackaged and used for mental health court participants who need medications.
- (b) Provide a waiver of charges and allow the court flexibility in dispositions.
- (c) Authorize the use of medication algorithms for mental health court participants.
- (d) Require individuals who are enrolled in Medicaid, prepaid mental health plans, or Medicaid health maintenance organizations to obtain maximum available reimbursement for all medically necessary services.
- (4) (a) Each mental health court shall have a coordinator to run the day-to-day elements of the program.
- (b) The coordinator shall supervise the forensic mental health case managers and receive reports from the case managers.
- (c) The coordinator shall evaluate the threat to public safety and make recommendations to the court regarding

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591-04782-10 20102612c1 233 compliance or appropriateness for court involvement. 234 (5) A mental health court may supervise compliance with the 235 assisted outpatient treatment laws as such laws relate to court 236 requirements that outpatients take their medications. 237 (6) Mental health courts shall be funded from within 238 existing resources or from grants under s. 394.658, Florida 239 Statutes. 240 Section 6. The Department of Children and Family Services 241 shall adopt rules relating to supportive housing. In 2.42 establishing these rules, the department shall define the term 243 "supportive housing" and shall address consumer health and 244 safety and the use of state subsidies. 245 Section 7. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 246 Government Accountability shall perform a study of the forensic 247 mental health system. The study shall examine the causes that 248 impact the incarceration of the mentally ill in state and local 249 correctional facilities. The report shall be submitted to the 250 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

Representatives by December 31, 2010.