By Senator Siplin

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the state judicial system; amending s. 2.01, F.S.; construing application of the common and statute laws of England to this state; amending s. 25.382, F.S.; revising a definition; expanding the list of recipients required to be provided a certain annual report of the Florida Supreme Court; specifying a required use of such report; requiring the Supreme Court to develop a plan for certain civics promotion and judicial branch education purposes; requiring an annual plan implementation report; specifying report recipients and uses; requiring the Supreme Court to submit to certain recipients all final reports completed by certain committees; specifying uses of such reports; requiring the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct biennial full audit reviews and examinations of the state courts system; requiring reports; specifying recipients of the reports; amending s. 26.012, F.S.; specifying certain additional jurisdiction of circuit courts; establishing certain divisions within each judicial circuit for certain purposes; providing for administration of the divisions; amending s. 43.20, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; increasing membership of the Judicial Qualifications Commission; revising expenses authorization for the commission; requiring the commission to hire staff for each commission panel; providing requirements for staff

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committees for commission panels; requiring reports of staff committees; specifying recipients of the reports for certain purposes; designating such reports as public records; requiring the commission to adopt rules; requiring the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct biennial full audit reviews and examinations of the commission; requiring reports; specifying recipients of the reports; specifying application of certain provisions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 2.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2.01 Common law and certain statutes declared in force.(1) The common and statute laws of England which are of a

general and not a local nature, with the exception hereinafter mentioned, down to the 4th day of July, 1776, are declared to be of force in this state to the extent such common and statute laws are; provided, the said statutes and common law be not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States

and the acts of the Legislature of this state.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), provisions including,
but not limited to, the following are declared to be of force in

this state:

(a) Those clearly expressed, or obviously and reasonably implied without clear expression, in the language and wording of

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the acts of the Legislature.

- (b) Those that provide for rights and claims in tort liability for acts committed directly or indirectly involving judicial and administrative proceedings. In such cases, litigation privilege or judicial, qualified, or absolute immunity and similar privileges and immunities are not and may not be considered as viable or valid defenses.
- (c) Those relating to claims for or defenses of abuse of process, malicious prosecution, and fraud upon the court, also known as extrinsic fraud, that must be strictly enforced. In such cases, litigation privilege or judicial, qualified, or absolute immunity and similar privileges and immunities are not and may not be considered as viable or valid defenses.
- (d) Those relating to criminal offenses under 18 U.S.C. ss. 241 and 242 and claims under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1983, 1985, 1986, and 1988, as prescribed by federal statutes and the decisions of the federal courts.

Section 2. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 25.382, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (5), (6), and (7) are added to that section, to read:

25.382 State courts system.—

- (1) As used in this section, "state courts system" means all officers, employees, and divisions of the Supreme Court, district courts of appeal, circuit courts, and county courts, also known as the judicial branch of state government.
- (4) The Supreme Court shall ensure that clearly written policies, procedures, and goals for the recruitment, selection, promotion, and retention of minorities, including minority women, are established throughout all levels of the judicial

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system. An annual report shall be submitted to the Chief Justice outlining progress, problems, and corrective actions relating to the implementation of this plan shall be submitted to the Chief Justice, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Three copies of the report shall be submitted to each legislative substantive and appropriations committee having jurisdiction over state courts or judicial matters. The report shall be used for legislative interim projects.

- (5) The Supreme Court shall ensure that clearly written policies, procedures, and goals are developed into a plan for promoting civics for residents of this state, together with education concerning the judicial branch in order to develop trust and confidence in the state's judicial system. An annual report outlining progress, problems, and corrective actions relating to the implementation of this plan shall be submitted to the Chief Justice, the Governor, the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Three copies of the report shall be submitted to each legislative substantive and appropriations committee having jurisdiction over state courts or judicial matters. The report shall be used for legislative interim projects.
- (6) The Supreme Court shall submit all final reports completed by assigned court committees, whether by rule or order, dating from 2000 and thereafter, as follows: one copy each to the Governor, the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and three copies to each legislative substantive and appropriations committee having jurisdiction over state courts or judicial matters. The

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reports may be used for legislative interim projects.

(7) Pursuant to ss. 11.45(2)(a), 11.51(1), and 11.513(5), the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall conduct a full audit review and examination of the state courts system and prepare a report containing appropriate recommendations. The audit must be conducted every 2 years beginning July 1, 2011, in accordance with the full authority and responsibilities conferred upon the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability by general law. The report and recommendations must be submitted within 1 year after the audit to the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission, the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Auditing Committee, the Governor, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 26.012, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

26.012 Jurisdiction of circuit court.

(1) Circuit courts shall have jurisdiction of appeals from county courts except appeals of county court orders or judgments declaring invalid a state statute or a provision of the State Constitution and except orders or judgments of a county court which are certified by the county court to the district court of appeal to be of great public importance and which are accepted by the district court of appeal for review. Circuit courts shall have jurisdiction of interlocutory appeals from orders on motions to dismiss, for final dismissal, and for summary judgment rendered in cases in which a circuit court has

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exclusive original jurisdiction. Circuit courts shall have jurisdiction of appeals from final administrative orders of local government code enforcement boards.

- (6) The following special divisions of judicial circuits are created:
- (a) Unified family courts.—A unified family division is established in each judicial circuit for the purpose of consolidating cases and integrating subject matter pertaining to children and their families who are parties or persons of interest in proceedings or matters under chapters 39, 61, and 63, s. 68.07, and chapters 88, 741, 742, 743, 984, 985, and 1003. Each judicial circuit shall administer the division as prescribed by general law or s. 43.30 for the resolution of disputes involving children and families through a fully integrated, comprehensive approach that includes coordinated case management; the concept of "one family, one judge"; collaboration with the community for referral to needed services; and methods of alternative dispute resolution.
- (b) Teen courts.—A teen division is established in each judicial circuit for the purpose of administering teen courts as provided by s. 938.19. Each judicial circuit shall administer the division as prescribed by general law or s. 43.30.
- (c) Drug and mental health courts.—A drug and mental health division is established in each judicial circuit for the purpose of administering the programs under ss. 394.656, 394.658, and 397.334. Each judicial circuit shall administer the division as prescribed by general law or s. 43.30.
- Section 4. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 43.20, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (6) and (7) are

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175 added to that section, to read:

- 43.20 Judicial Qualifications Commission.
- (1) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to implement s. 12(a)(b), Art. V of the State Constitution which provides for a Judicial Qualifications Commission.
- (2) MEMBERSHIP; TERMS.—The commission shall consist of $\underline{15}$ $\underline{13}$ members. The members of the commission shall serve for terms of 6 years.
- (5) EXPENSES.—The compensation of members <u>and their staff</u> and referees shall be the travel expense or transportation and per diem allowance provided by s. 112.061. <u>Other administrative costs and expenses shall be appropriated under the state courts system.</u>
- (6) COMMISSION STAFF.—The commission shall hire separate staff for each commission panel, which staff may be compensated or may be provided by volunteer services.
- (a) Staff for each commission panel must consist of at least one designated staff committee of five common citizen electors to assist and engage in the deliberations for each panel of members of the commission in carrying out its powers and duties. Such designated staff committee must consist of persons who are not considered to be officers of the court. The designated staff committee shall prepare a report of suggestions or comments.
- (b) The designated staff committee shall provide a copy of the report of its suggestions or comments to:
- 1. The hearing panel upon submission of formal charges by the commission's investigative panel to assist the hearing panel in its pending proceedings and final recommendations.

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2. The Supreme Court, together with the recommendations of the commission's hearing panel, to assist the Supreme Court in its final determination.

- (c) The reports of the suggestions or comments of the designated staff committee shall be public records and available upon the final determination of any case rendered by any commission panel.
- (d) The commission shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.
- (7) COMMISSION ACCOUNTABILITY AND EFFICIENCY.—Pursuant to ss. 11.45(2)(a), 11.51(1), and 11.513(5), the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall conduct a full audit review and examination of the commission and prepare a report containing appropriate recommendations. The audit must be conducted every 2 years commencing July 1, 2011, in accordance with the full authority and responsibilities conferred upon the Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability by general law. The report and recommendations shall be submitted within 1 year after the audit to the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission, the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Auditing Committee, the Governor, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
- Section 5. The amendment to section 2.01, Florida Statutes, made by this act applies retroactively and prospectively.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.