By the Policy and Steering Committee on Ways and Means; the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12; and Senators Detert, Thrasher, Wise, Gaetz, Richter, Storms, Peaden, Fasano, Negron, Altman, and Baker

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to education accountability; amending s. 1003.413, F.S., relating to secondary school redesign, to delete obsolete provisions and to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; revising requirements for middle grades promotion; providing that successful completion of a high school level Algebra I, geometry, or Biology I course is not contingent upon a student's performance on the end-of-course assessment; requiring a student to pass the end-of-course assessment to earn high school credit for such courses; specifying information that must be provided to students as part of the personalized academic and career plan; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; revising requirements for high school graduation; requiring students entering grade 9 in specified school years to meet end-of-course assessment requirements and revised credit requirements in mathematics and science for high school graduation; requiring credit in a virtual instruction course; providing a definition for the term "virtual instruction course"; requiring district school board standards for grades in certain courses; providing for waiver of end-of-course assessment results for the purpose of receiving a course grade and credit for students with disabilities; amending s. 1003.429, F.S.; revising requirements for accelerated high school graduation options; updating crossreferences; requiring students entering grade 9 in

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specified school years to meet end-of-course assessment requirements and revised credit requirements in mathematics and science for high school graduation; requiring credit in a virtual instruction course; providing a definition for the term "virtual instruction course"; requiring district school board standards for grades in certain courses; creating s. 1003.4295, F.S.; requiring high schools to advise students of, and offer, acceleration courses; creating the Credit Acceleration Program; amending s. 1003.493, F.S., relating to career and professional academies, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1007.35, F.S., relating to the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; revising the statewide student achievement testing program; requiring end-ofcourse assessments in mathematics and science to replace FCAT Mathematics and FCAT Science beginning with students entering grade 9 in specified school years; providing requirements for the administration of, and student performance on, statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in mathematics and science; providing for establishment of an implementation schedule to develop and administer end-of-course assessments in certain courses; requiring evaluation and reporting of the transition to specified end-of-course assessments; requiring the use of scaled scores and student achievement levels for

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describing student success on assessments; requiring the State Board of Education to designate passing scores for end-of-course assessments and scores that indicate high achievement; providing requirements for retaking specified assessments; providing for waiver of end-of-course assessment requirements for students in exceptional education programs and students who have limited English proficiency; revising provisions relating to testing and reporting schedules; requiring that the Commissioner of Education consider the observance of religious and school holidays when establishing the schedules for the administration of statewide assessments; conforming provisions and cross-references; authorizing the State Board of Education to adopt concordant scores for the FCAT and equivalent scores for end-of-course assessments; deleting retake requirements for use of concordant scores; providing requirements for use of equivalent scores; amending s. 1008.25, F.S., relating to public school student progression, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1008.30, F.S., relating to the common placement test, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising provisions that specify the basis for determining school grades to include student performance on end-of-course assessments and to conform provisions to current FCAT assessments; amending s. 1008.341, F.S.; revising provisions that specify the basis for determining an alternative school's school improvement

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rating to include student performance on end-of-course assessments; amending s. 1008.36, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the use of school recognition awards; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) and subsections (4) and (5) of section 1003.413, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.413 Florida Secondary School Redesign Act.-
(3) Based on these guiding principles, district school boards shall establish policies to implement the requirements of ss. 1003.4156, 1003.428, and 1003.493. The policies must address:
(d) Credit recovery courses and intensive reading and mathematics intervention courses based on student performance on the FCAT Reading and Mathematics. These courses should be competency based and offered through innovative delivery systems, including computer-assisted instruction. School districts should use learning gains as well as other appropriate data and provide incentives to identify and reward highperforming teachers who teach credit recovery and intensive intervention courses.
(4) In order to support the successful implementation of this section by district school boards, the Department of Education shall:
(a) By February 1, 2007, inerease the number of approved applied, integrated, and combined courses available to school

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districts.
(b) By the beginning of the 2006-2007 school year, make available a professional development package designed to provide the information that content area teachers need to become proficient in applying scientifically based reading strategics through their content areas.
(a) (c) Share best practices for providing a complete education program to students enrolled in course recovery, credit recovery, intensive reading intervention, or intensive mathematics intervention.
(b) (d) Expedite assistance and decisions and coordinate policies throughout all divisions within the department to provide school districts with support to implement this section.
(c) Use data to provide the Legislature with an annual longitudinal analysis of the success of this reform effort, including the progress of 6th grade students and 9th grade students seoring at Level 1 on FCAT Reading or FCAT Mathematics.
(5) The Commissioner of Education shall create and implement the Secondary School Improvement Award Program to reward public secondary schools that demonstrate continuous student academic improvement and show the greatest gains in student academic achievement in reading and mathematics.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.-
(1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 20062007 school year, promotion from a school composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that:

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(a) The student must successfully complete academic courses as follows:

1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level Algebra I or geometry course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the end-of-course assessment required under $s$. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I). However, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, to earn high school credit for an Algebra I course, a middle school student must pass the Algebra I end-of-course assessment, and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a geometry course, a middle school student must pass the geometry end-of-course assessment.
3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education.
4. Three middle school or higher courses in science. Successful completion of a high school level Biology I course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the end-ofcourse assessment required under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II). However, beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a Biology I course, a middle school student must pass the Biology I end-of-course assessment.
5. One course in career and education planning to be completed in 7 th or 8 th grade. The course may be taught by any

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member of the instructional staff; must include career exploration using Florida CHOICES for the 21st Century or a comparable cost-effective program; must include educational planning using the online student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan. The required personalized academic and career plan must inform students of high school graduation requirements, high school assessment and college entrance test requirements, Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program requirements, state university and Florida college admission requirements, and programs through which a high school student can earn college credit, including Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, career academy opportunities, and courses that lead to national industry certification.

Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete an electronic personal education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's instructor, guidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the student's parent. By January 1, 2007, The Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career exploration and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school

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course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.

Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.-
(1) Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to s. 1003.429, beginning with students entering grade 9 their first year of high school in the 2007-2008 school year, graduation requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 20132014 school year, one of the 24 credits must be earned through a virtual instruction course. For purposes of this subsection, the term "virtual instruction course" means a course of instruction provided in an interactive learning environment created through technology in which students are separated from their teachers by time or space. This requirement shall be met through a virtual instruction course that significantly integrates content aligned to appropriate state curriculum standards, as determined by the Department of Education, and for which a standardized end-of-course assessment, as approved by the department, is administered. A student who is enrolled in a full-time virtual

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instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets this requirement. The 24 credits shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level mathematics course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, in addition to the Algebra I credit requirement, one of the four credits in mathematics must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under $s$. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Algebra I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. $1008.22(3)(c) 2$.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in geometry. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 20122013 school year, in addition to the Algebra I and geometry credit requirements, one of the four credits in mathematics must be Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course requirements under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Algebra II. School districts are encouraged to set specific goals to increase enrollments in, and successful completion of, geometry

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and Algebra II.
3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, one of the three credits in science must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under $s$.
1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Biology I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be chemistry or physics or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry or physics as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be an equally rigorous course, as determined by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, the end-of-course requirements under s. 1008.22 (3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in chemistry or physics.
4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one credit in United States American history; one credit in world history; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in United States American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or a practical arts course that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified

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through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for two full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half credit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan.
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, of electives. $\div$

1. Four credits in a major area of interest, such as
sequential courses in a carecr and technical program, fine and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the

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student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by Octobex 1, the district school board shall approve major areas of interest and submit the list of majors to the Commissioncr of Education for approval. Each major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major areas of interest shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's website.
2. Four credits in elcetive courses selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. These exedits may be combined to allow for a second major area of interest pursuant to subparagraph 1., a minor area of interest, elective courses, or intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses as described in this subparagraph.
a. Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits sclected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003. 4156 and approved by the district school board.
b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s. $1001.41(3)$ and to meet eligibility requirements fox scholarships.
1.e. For each year in which a student scores at Level l on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be

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determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9).
2.d. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year. These courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2). For courses that require statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments under s. 1008.22 and standardized end-of-course assessments under s. 1008.222, passage of the end-of-course assessment.

Each district school board shall adopt policies designed to assist students in meeting the requirements of this subsection. These policies may include, but are not limited to: forgiveness policies, summer school or before or after school attendance, special counseling, volunteers or peer tutors, school-sponsored help sessions, homework hotlines, and study skills classes. Forgiveness policies for required courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of

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a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. Forgiveness policies for elective courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in another course. The only exception to these forgiveness policies shall be made for a student in the middle grades who takes any high school course for high school credit and earns a grade of "C," "D," or "F" or the equivalent of a grade of "C," "D," or "F." In such case, the district forgiveness policy must allow the replacement of the grade with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. In all cases of grade forgiveness, only the new grade shall be used in the calculation of the student's grade point average. Any course grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the cumulative grade point average required for graduation.
(8)
(b) 1. A student with a disability, as defined in $s$. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan (IEP) committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of paragraph (4) (b) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high school diploma, if the student:
a. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3). b.z. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph (4)(b)

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after one opportunity in 10th grade and one opportunity in 11th grade.
2. A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the IEP committee determines that an end-of-course assessment cannot accurately measure the student's abilities, taking into consideration all allowable accommodations and alternate assessments, shall have the end-ofcourse assessment results waived for the purpose of determining the student's course grade and credit as required in paragraph (4)(a). However, the student is not eligible for a standard high school diploma. The student is eligible for a special diploma.

Section 4. Subsections (1) and (5), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options.-
(1) Students who enter grade 9 in the 2006-2007 school year and thereafter may select, upon receipt of each consent required by this section, one of the following three high school graduation options:
(a) Completion of the general requirements for high school graduation pursuant to s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, as applicable;
(b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18 credits required for completion of this program must be received in classes that are offered pursuant to the International Baccalaureate Program, the Advanced Placement Program, dual enrollment, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or specifically listed or identified by the Department of Education

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as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3). Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, one of the 18 credits must be earned through a virtual instruction course. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "virtual instruction course" means a course of instruction provided in an interactive learning environment created through technology in which students are separated from their teachers by time or space. This requirement shall be met through a virtual instruction course that significantly integrates content aligned to appropriate state curriculum standards, as determined by the Department of Education, and for which a standardized end-ofcourse assessment, as approved by the department, is administered. A student who is enrolled in a full-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets this requirement. The 18 credits required for completion of this program shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
2. Three credits and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, four credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, in addition to the Algebra I credit requirement, one of the four credits in mathematics must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 20102011 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. $1008.22(3)(c) 2 . a .(I)$ must be met in order for a student

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to earn the required credit in Algebra I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in geometry. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year, in addition to the Algebra I and geometry credit requirements, one of the four credits in mathematics must be Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. 1008.22 (3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Algebra II;
3. Three credits in hatural science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, one of the three credits in science must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s . 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Biology I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be chemistry or physics or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry or physics as approved by the state Board of Education, and one credit must be an equally rigorous course, as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning

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with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in chemistry or physics;
4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in United States American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in United States American government, and one-half credit in economics;
5. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of or can otherwise demonstrate competency in a language other than English. If the student demonstrates competency in another language, the student may replace the language requirement with two credits in other academic courses; and
6. Three credits in electives and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, two credits in electives; or
(c) Completion of a 3-year career preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, one of the 18 credits must be earned through a virtual instruction course. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "virtual instruction course" means a course of instruction provided in an interactive learning environment created through technology in which students are separated from their teachers by time or space. This requirement shall be met through a virtual instruction course that significantly integrates content aligned to appropriate state curriculum standards, as determined by the Department of

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Education, and for which a standardized end-of-course assessment, as approved by the department, is administered. A student who is enrolled in a full-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets this requirement. The 18 credits shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
2. Three credits and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, in addition to the Algebra I credit requirement, one of the four credits in mathematics must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 20102011 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. $1008.22(3)(c) 2 . a .(I)$ must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Algebra I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in geometry. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year, in addition to the Algebra I and geometry credit requirements, one of the four credits in mathematics must be Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I)

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must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Algebra II;
3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, one of the three credits in science must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under s .
1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in Biology I. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be chemistry or physics or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry or physics as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be an equally rigorous course, as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course assessment requirements under $s$. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II) must be met in order for a student to earn the required credit in chemistry or physics;
4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in United States American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in United States American government, and one-half credit in economics;
5. Three credits in a single vocational or career education program, three credits in career and technical certificate dual enrollment courses, or five credits in vocational or career

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education courses; and
6. Two credits and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, one credit in electives unless five credits are earned pursuant to subparagraph 5.

Any student who selected an accelerated graduation program before July 1, 2004, may continue that program, and all statutory program requirements that were applicable when the student made the program choice shall remain applicable to the student as long as the student continues that program.
(5) District school boards may not establish requirements for accelerated 3-year high school graduation options in excess of the requirements in paragraphs (1)(b) and (c). For courses that require statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments under s. 1008.22 and standardized end-of-course assessments under s. 1008.222, passage of the end-of-course assessment. Students enrolled in the accelerated high school graduation option are eligible to participate in the Credit Acceleration Program pursuant to s. 1003.4295(3).
(7) If, at the end of grade 10, a student is not on track to meet the credit, assessment, or grade-point-average requirements of the accelerated graduation option selected, the school shall notify the student and parent of the following:
(c) The right of the student to change to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, as applicable.
(8) A student who selected one of the accelerated 3-year graduation options shall automatically move to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, if applicable, if the student:

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(a) Exercises his or her right to change to the 4-year program;
(b) Fails to earn 5 credits by the end of grade 9 or fails to earn 11 credits by the end of grade 10;
(c) Does not achieve a score of 3 or higher on the grade 10 FCAT Writing assessment; or
(d) By the end of grade 11 does not meet the requirements of subsections (1) and (6).

Section 5. Section 1003.4295, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4295 Acceleration courses.-
(1) Each high school shall advise each student of programs through which a high school student can earn college credit, including Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment courses, career academy courses, and courses that lead to national industry certification, as well as the availability of course offerings through virtual instruction.
(2) Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, each high school shall offer an International Baccalaureate Program, an Advanced International Certificate of Education Program, or a combination of at least four courses in dual enrollment or Advanced Placement, including one course each in English, mathematics, science, and social studies. To meet this requirement, school districts may provide courses through virtual instruction, if the virtual course significantly integrates postsecondary level content for which a student may earn college credit, as determined by the Department of Education, and for which a standardized end-of-course

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assessment, as approved by the department, is administered.
(3) The Credit Acceleration Program (CAP) is created for the purpose of allowing a secondary student to earn high school credit in a course that requires a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment under s. 1008.22(3)(c) or a standardized end-of-course assessment under s. 1008.222 , if the student attains a specified score on the assessment. Notwithstanding s. 1003.436, a school district shall award course credit to a student who is not enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course, if the student attains a score indicating satisfactory performance, as defined in s. 1008.22(3)(c)5., on the corresponding standardized end-of-course assessment or a passing score on a standardized assessment under s. 1008.222. The school district shall permit a student who is not enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course, to take the standardized end-of-course assessment during the regular administration of the assessment.

Section 6. Paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.493 Career and professional academies.-
(4) Each career and professional academy must:
(k) Include an evaluation plan developed jointly with the Department of Education and the local workforce board. The evaluation plan must include an assessment tool based on national industry standards, such as the Career Academy National Standards of Practice, and outcome measures, including, but not limited to, achievement of national industry certifications identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, graduation

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rates, enrollment in postsecondary education, business and industry satisfaction, employment and earnings, awards of postsecondary credit and scholarships, and student FCAT achievement levels and learning gains on statewide assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c) and standardized assessments administered under s. 1008.222. The Department of Education shall use Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., in identifying industry experts to participate in developing and implementing such assessments.

Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and

Underrepresented Student Achievement.-
(6) The partnership shall:
(c) Provide teacher training and materials that are aligned with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and are consistent with best theory and practice regarding multiple learning styles and research on learning, instructional strategies, instructional design, and classroom assessment. Curriculum materials must be based on current, accepted, and essential academic knowledge. Materials for prerequisite courses should, at a minimum, address the skills assessed on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT).

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsections (6), (9), (10), (11), and (12) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-
(3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational

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assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
(c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program as follows: known as

1. The Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) measures as part of the statewide assesment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The content knowledge and skills assessed by the FCAT must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10 except, beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the administration of grade 9 FCAT Mathematics shall be discontinued, and beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the administration of grade 10 FCAT Mathematics shall be discontinued, except as required for students who have not

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attained minimum performance expectations for graduation as provided in paragraph (9) (c). FCAT Comprehensive assessments of Writing and FCAT Science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels except, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the administration of FCAT Science at the high school level shall be discontinued.
2.a. End-of-course assessments for a subject shall may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under subparagraph 1. this paragraph. An End-of-course assessments assessment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by comprehensive and end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.
(I) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in mathematics shall be administered according to this sub-subsubparagraph. Beginning with the $2010-2011$ school year, all students enrolled in Algebra $I$ or an equivalent course must take the Algebra I end-of-course assessment. Students who earned high school credit in Algebra $I$ while in grades 6 through 8 during the 2007-2008 through 2009-2010 school years and who have not taken Grade 10 FCAT Mathematics must take the Algebra I end-ofcourse assessment during the 2010-2011 school year. For students entering grade 9 during the 2010-2011 school year and who are enrolled in Algebra $I$ or an equivalent, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school

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year, a student who is enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I or attain an equivalent score as described in subsection (11) in order to earn course credit. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, all students enrolled in geometry or an equivalent course must take the geometry end-of-course assessment. For students entering grade 9 during the 2011-2012 school year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment in geometry shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 during the 2012-2013 school year, a student must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in geometry or attain an equivalent score as described in subsection (11) in order to earn course credit. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, all students enrolled in Algebra II or an equivalent course must take the Algebra II end-of-course assessment. For students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment in Algebra II shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, a student must earn a passing score on the end-ofcourse assessment in Algebra II in order to earn course credit. (II) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in science shall be administered according to this sub-subsubparagraph. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, all students enrolled in Biology I or an equivalent course must take the Biology I end-of-course assessment. For the 2011-2012 school year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment in Biology I shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final

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course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 during the 2012-2013 school year, a student must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in Biology I in order to earn course credit. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, all students enrolled in chemistry or physics or an equivalent course must take the chemistry or physics end-of-course assessment. For students entering grade 9 in the 2013-2014 school year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment in chemistry or physics shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 during the $2014-2015$ school year, a student must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in chemistry or physics in order to earn course credit.
b. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course, or industry-approved examinations to earn national industry certifications identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the state Board of Education as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course assessments that are aligned to the Next

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Generation Sunshine State Standards. The testing program must be designed as follows:
c. Contingent upon funding provided in the General Appropriations Act, including the appropriation of funds received through federal grants, the Commissioner of Education shall establish an implementation schedule for the development and administration of additional statewide, standardized end-ofcourse assessments in English/Language Arts II, earth/space science, United States history, and world history. Priority shall be given to the development of end-of-course assessments in English/Language Arts II. The Commissioner of Education shall evaluate the feasibility and effect of transitioning from the grade 9 and grade 10 FCAT Reading and high school level FCAT Writing to an end-of-course assessment in English/Language Arts II. The commissioner shall report the results of the evaluation to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than July 1, 2011.
3.1. The testing program tests shall measure student content knowledge and skills and competencics adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a) and. The tests must measure and report student performance proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology

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experts, and the public.
4.z. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
3. Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the eommissioner shall discontinue administration of the selectedresponse test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive zssessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence eonstruction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of spech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subject verb agreement, and noun-pronoun agrecment.
5. FCAT Reading, Mathematics, and Science and all statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments shall measure the content knowledge and skills a student has attained on the assessment by the use of scaled scores and achievement levels. Achievement levels shall range from 1 through 5, with level 1 being the lowest achievement level, level 5 being the highest achievement level, and level 3 indicating satisfactory performance on an assessment. For purposes of FCAT Writing, student achievement shall be scored using a scale of 1 through 6 and the score earned shall be used in calculating school grades.
4. A score shall be designated for each subject area

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tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels. 6.5. Except as provided in s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must carn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain eoncordant scores as described in subsection (10) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall, by rule, designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test and end-of-course assessments. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any rule that has such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores may, shall apply only to students taking the assessment frade for the first time after the rule is such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education. Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph and as provided in s. $1003.428(8)(b)$ or s. $1003.43(11)(\mathrm{b})$, students must earn a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading and grade 10 FCAT Mathematics or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (10) in order to qualify for a standard high school diploma.
7. In addition to designating a passing score under subparagraph 6., the State Board of Education shall also designate, by rule, a score for each statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment which indicates that a student is high achieving and has the potential to meet college-readiness

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standards by the time the student graduates from high school.
8.6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. A student who has not earned passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT as provided in subparagraph 6. must participate in each retake of the assessment until the student earns passing scores or achieves scores on a standardized assessment which are concordant with passing scores pursuant to subsection (10). If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment may have the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment

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576-02993A-10 requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of $s$. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).
9.7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
10.8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-tograde progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected performance levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is part of the district instructional programs.
11.9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable performance level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
12.10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools

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must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.
13.11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
14.12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. When establishing the schedules for the administration of statewide assessments, the commissioner shall consider the observance of religious and school holidays. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:
a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations; however, test results for the FCAT must be made available no later than the week of June 8. Student results for end-of-course assessments must be provided no later than 1 week after the school district completes testing for each course final day of the regulax school year for students.
b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, FCAT Writing a

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eomprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not
administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a
comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.
c. A statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment is administered during a 3 -week period at the end ithin the last 2 weks of the course. The commissioner shall select a 3-week administration period for assessments that meets the intent of end-of-course assessments and provides student results prior to the end of the course. School districts shall select one testing week within the 3 -week administration period for each end-ofcourse assessment. For an end-of-course assessment administered at the end of the first semester, the commissioner shall determine the most appropriate testing dates based on a school district's academic calendar.

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the

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statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.
(6) SCHOOL TESTING PROGRAMS.-Each public school shall participate in the statewide assessment program in accordance with the testing and reporting schedules published by the Commissioner of Education under subparagraph (3) (c) 14.12. unless specifically exempted by state board rule based on serving a specialized population for which standardized testing is not appropriate. Student performance data shall be analyzed and reported to parents, the community, and the state. Student performance data shall be used in developing objectives of the school improvement plan, evaluation of instructional personnel, evaluation of administrative personnel, assignment of staff, allocation of resources, acquisition of instructional materials and technology, performance-based budgeting, and promotion and assignment of students into educational programs. The analysis of student performance data also must identify strengths and needs in the educational program and trends over time. The analysis must be used in conjunction with the budgetary planning processes developed pursuant to s. 1008.385 and the development of the programs of remediation.
(9) APPLICABILITY OF TESTING STANDARDS.-
(a) If the Commissioner of Education revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the assessment's performance proficiency levels or modify the passing scores required for a standard high shol diplow, until the state board adopts the modifications by rule, the commissioner shall use calculations for scoring the

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assessment which adjust student scores on the revised assessment for statistical equivalence to student scores on the former assessment.
(b) A student must attain the passing scores on the statewide assessment required for a standard high school diploma or for high school course credits under sub-sub-subparagraphs (3) (c)2.a.(I) and (II) which are in effect at the time the student enters grade 9. If a student transfers into a high school, the school principal shall determine, in accordance with State Board of Education rule, whether the student must take an end-of-course assessment in a course for which the student has credit that was earned from the previous school if the student's enrollment is continuous.
(c) If the commissioner revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diploma or for high school course credits under sub-sub-subparagraphs (3) (c)2.a.(I) and (II), the commissioner may, with approval of the state board, discontinue administration of the former assessment upon the graduation, based on normal student progression, of students participating in the final regular administration of the former assessment. The state board shall adopt by rule passing scores for the revised assessment which are statistically equivalent to passing scores on the discontinued assessment for a student required under paragraph (b) to attain passing scores on the discontinued assessment.
(10) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR THE FCAT.-
(a) The Commissioner stan of Education shall analyze the content and concordant data sets for nationally recognized

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widely used high school achievement tests, including, but not limited to, the PSAT, PLAN, SAT, ACT, and College Placement Test, to assess if concordant scores for FCAT scores can be determined for high school graduation, college placement, and scholarship awards. When In cases where content alignment and concordant scores can be determined, the Commissioner of Education shall adopt those scores as meeting the graduation requirement in lieu of achieving the FCAT passing score and may adopt those scores as being sufficient to achieve additional purposes as determined by rule. Each time that test content or scoring procedures change for the FCAT or for a high school achievement test for which a concordant score is determined, new concordant scores must be determined.
(b) In order to use a concordant subject area score pursuant to this subsection to satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429 (6) (a), s. 1003.43(5) (a), or s. 1003.428, a student must take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without carning a passing score. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to a new student who enters the Florida public school system in grade 12, who may either achieve a passing seore on the FCAT or use an approved subject arew eoncordant score to fulfill the graduation requirement.
(b) (c) The State Board of Education may define by rule the allowable uses, other than to satisfy the high school graduation requirement, for concordant scores as described in this subsection. Such uses may include, but need not be limited to, achieving appropriate standardized test scores required for the awarding of Florida Bright Futures Scholarships and college

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placement.
(11) EQUIVALENT SCORES FOR END-OF-COURSE ASSESSMENTS.-
(a) The Commissioner of Education shall analyze the content and equivalent data sets for nationally recognized high school achievement tests and industry certification tests under the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, including, but not limited to, grade 10 FCAT Mathematics retakes until such retakes are discontinued pursuant to subsection (9), the PSAT, the PLAN, the SAT, the ACT, and the College Placement Test, to assess if equivalent scores for end-of-course assessment scores can be determined for passage of an end-of-course assessment. When content alignment and equivalent scores can be determined, the Commissioner of Education shall adopt those scores as meeting the requirement to pass the end-of-course assessment and as being sufficient to achieve additional purposes as determined by rule. Each time that assessment content or scoring procedures change for an end-of-course assessment or for a high school achievement test or an industry certification test under the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education for which an equivalent score is determined, new equivalent scores must be determined.
(b) Use of an equivalent score adopted by the State Board of Education under paragraph (a) for purposes of grade adjustment, grade forgiveness, or course credit recovery is contingent upon and subject to district school board rules.
(12)(11) REPORTS.-The Department of Education shall annually provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the

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following:
(a) Longitudinal performance of students in mathematics and reading.
(b) Longitudinal performance of students by grade level in mathematics and reading.
(c) Longitudinal performance regarding efforts to close the achievement gap.
(d) Other student performance data based on national normreferenced and criterion-referenced tests, when available, and numbers of students who after 8 th grade enroll in adult education rather than other secondary education.
(13)(12) RULES.-The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.-
(4) ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION.-
(a) Each student must participate in the statewide assessment tests required by s. 1008.22. Each student who does not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the district school board in FCAT reading, writing, science, and mathematics for each grade level, or who scores below Level 3 in FCAT reading or FCAT mathematics math, must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction as described in paragraph (b).

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Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.-
(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that require high schools to evaluate before the beginning of grade 12 the college readiness of each student who indicates an interest in postsecondary education and scores at Level 2 or Level 3 on the reading portion of the grade 10 FCAT or Level 2, Level 3, or Level 4 on the mathematics assessments under s. 1008.22(3)(c) portion of the grade 10 FCAT. High schools shall perform this evaluation using results from the corresponding component of the common placement test prescribed in this section, or an equivalent test identified by the State Board of Education. The Department of Education shall purchase or develop the assessments necessary to perform the evaluations required by this subsection and shall work with the school districts to administer the assessments. The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the minimum test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness. Students who demonstrate readiness by achieving the minimum test scores established by the state board and enroll in a community college within 2 years of achieving such scores shall not be required to enroll in remediation courses as a condition of acceptance to any community college. The high school shall use the results of the test to advise the students of any identified deficiencies and to the maximum extent practicable provide 12th grade students access to appropriate remedial instruction prior to high school graduation. The remedial instruction provided under this

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subsection shall be a collaborative effort between secondary and postsecondary educational institutions. To the extent courses are available, the Florida Virtual School may be used to provide the remedial instruction required by this subsection.

Section 11. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 1008.34 , Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade.-
(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.-
(b) 1. A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:
a. Student achievement scores, including achievement on all FCAT and end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)1., end-of-course assessments administered under s.
 special diploma.
b. Student learning gains in reading and mathematics as measured by qnmuat FCAT and end-of-course assessments, as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)1. and 2.a. in grades 3 through 10; Learning gains for students seeking a special diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment tool, shall be included not later than the 2009-2010 school year.
c. Improvement of the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school in reading and $\boldsymbol{r}$ mathematics, or writing on the FCAT or end-of-course assessments described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
2. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a combination of the factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c.

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and the remaining 50 percent on the following factors:
a. The high school graduation rate of the school;
b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and the students' achievement of national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
c. Postsecondary readiness of the school's students as measured by the SAT, ACT, or the common placement test;
d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students who scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations;
e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22 and standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.b. and c.; and
f. The growth or decline in the components listed in subsubparagraphs a.-e. from year to year.
(c) Student assessment data used in determining school grades shall include:

1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in courses required for

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high school graduation, including, beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course assessments in geometry and Biology, and beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, the end-of-course assessments in Algebra II, chemistry, and physics.
2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and end-ofcourse assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and who have scored at or in the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the school in reading and mathematics, or writing, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
3. Effective with the 2005-2006 school year, The achievement scores and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative schools that provide dropout prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include students attending an alternative school who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in the calculation of the home school's grade. As used in this section and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the school to which the student would be assigned if the student were not assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative school chooses to be graded under this section, student performance

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data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to assign the FCAT and end-of-course assessment as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. scores of each of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 fiscal year. School districts must require collaboration between the home school and the alternative school in order to promote student success. This collaboration must include an annual discussion between the principal of the alternative school and the principal of each student's home school concerning the most appropriate school assignment of the student.
4. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school yeax For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available:
a. The high school graduation rate of the school as calculated by the Department of Education;
b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and courses or sequence of courses leading to national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation

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under s. 1003.492(2) in a carcer and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses;
d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 1007.271;
e. Earning of a national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. $1003.492(2)$ in a earecr and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as measured by the SAT, the ACT, and the common placement test for postsecondary readiness;
g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students enrolled in the school who scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations;
$h$. The performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22; and
i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-h. from year to year.

The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight

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to student achievement in reading. Schools designated with a grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in the school who are in the lowest 25 th percentile in reading and $\boldsymbol{T}$ mathematics, or writing on the FCAT and end-of-course assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph. Beginning in the 2009-2010 school year, in order for a high school to be designated as having a grade of "A," making excellent progress, the school must demonstrate that at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph, in the school are making adequate progress.

Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 1008.341, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.341 School improvement rating for alternative schools.-
(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.-Student data used in determining an alternative school's school improvement rating shall include:
(a) The aggregate scores on statewide assessments administered under s. 1008.22 for $\notin$ all eligible students who were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count, who have been assessed on the FCAT, and who have FCAT or comparable scores for the preceding school year.

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(b) The aggregate scores on statewide assessments administered under s. 1008.22 for $e f$ all eligible students who were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count, who have been assessed on the FCAT and who have scored in the lowest 25 th percentile of students in the state on FCAT Reading.

The assessment scores of students who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative school's school improvement rating.

Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 1008.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.36 Florida School Recognition Program.-
(4) All selected schools shall receive financial awards depending on the availability of funds appropriated and the number and size of schools selected to receive an award. Funds must be distributed to the school's fiscal agent and placed in the school's account and must be used for purposes listed in subsection (5) as determined jointly by the school's staff and school advisory council. If school staff and the school advisory council cannot reach agreement by February Novembex 1, the awards must be equally distributed to all classroom teachers currently teaching in the school. If a school selected to receive a school recognition award is no longer in existence at the time the award is paid, the district school superintendent

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shall distribute the funds to teachers who taught at the school in the previous year in the form of a bonus.

Notwithstanding statutory provisions to the contrary, incentive awards are not subject to collective bargaining.

Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

