CS/CS/HB 621 2010

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fraudulently taking or using a credit card; amending s. 817.60, F.S.; providing that a person who takes a credit card from the possession, custody, or control of another without the cardholder's consent, who possesses, receives, or retains custody of the credit card with the knowledge that it has been taken, or who receives the credit card with the intent to use it, to sell it, or to transfer it to a person other than the issuer or the cardholder commits a felony of the third degree rather than a misdemeanor of the first degree; providing increased criminal penalties; providing for an inference that the person in possession of a credit card knew or should have known that the credit card had been stolen in certain circumstances; providing that a retailer who in good faith takes, accepts, retains, or processes a stolen credit card without knowledge that the card is stolen does not commit a violation; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 817.60, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

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817.60 Theft; obtaining credit card through fraudulent means.—

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(1) THEFT BY TAKING OR RETAINING POSSESSION OF CARD TAKEN.—A person who takes a credit card from the person,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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possession, custody, or control of another without the cardholder's consent; or who possesses, receives, or retains custody of the credit $\operatorname{card}_{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$ with knowledge that it has been so taken; or who, receives the credit card with intent to use it, to sell it, or to transfer it to a person other than the issuer or the cardholder commits is guilty of credit card theft and is subject to the penalties set forth in s. $817.67(2)\frac{(1)}{(1)}$. Taking a credit card without consent includes obtaining it by conduct defined or known as statutory larceny, common-law larceny by trespassory taking, common-law larceny by trick or embezzlement or obtaining property by false pretense, false promise or extortion. Proof of possession of a credit card that has been recently stolen or possession of a credit card in the name of a person other than that of the possessor, unless satisfactorily explained, gives rise to an inference that the person in possession of the credit card knew or should have known that the credit card had been stolen.

(8) RETAILER EXCEPTION.—A retailer who in good faith takes, accepts, retains, or processes a stolen credit card without knowledge that the card is stolen does not commit a violation of this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.