A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to affordable housing; amending s. 3 159.608, F.S.; providing a housing finance authority with 4 an additional purpose for which it may exercise its power 5 to borrow; amending s. 201.15, F.S.; removing a limitation 6 on the amount of proceeds from excise taxes on documents 7 to be deposited into the State Housing Trust Fund each 8 fiscal year; providing for retroactive repeal of s. 8, ch. 9 2009-131, Laws of Florida, to eliminate a conflicting 10 version of s. 201.15, F.S.; amending s. 420.0003, F.S.; 11 providing additional policy guidelines under the state housing strategy for the development of programs for 12 housing production or rehabilitation; including the needs 13 14 of persons with special needs in the strategy's periodic 15 review and report; amending s. 420.0004, F.S.; defining 16 the terms "disabling condition" and "person with special needs"; conforming cross-references; amending s. 420.5061, 17 F.S.; removing a provision requiring the Florida Housing 18 19 Finance Corporation to transfer certain funds to the General Revenue Fund; amending s. 420.507, F.S.; requiring 20 21 certain rates of interest to be made available to sponsors 22 of projects for persons with special needs; providing 23 additional powers of the corporation relating to receipt 24 of federal funds; conforming a cross-reference; amending 25 s. 420.5087, F.S.; limiting the reservation of funds 26 within each notice of fund availability to the persons 27 with special needs tenant group; including persons with special needs as a tenant group for specified purposes of 28

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the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program; requiring a specified review committee to include projects that reserve units for persons with special needs in its evaluation and competitive ranking of applications for such program; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 163.31771, 212.08, 215.5586, and 420.503, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing legislative intent; prohibiting funds from the State Housing Trust Fund or the Local Government Housing Trust Fund that are appropriated for specified programs from being used for certain purposes; providing for future repeal; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (11) is added to section 159.608, Florida Statutes, to read:

159.608 Powers of housing finance authorities.—A housing finance authority shall constitute a public body corporate and politic, exercising the public and essential governmental functions set forth in this act, and shall exercise its power to borrow only for the purpose as provided herein:

(11) To invest and reinvest surplus funds of the housing finance authority in accordance with s. 218.415. However, in addition to the investments expressly authorized in ss.

218.415(16)(a)-(g) and (17)(a)-(d), a housing finance authority may invest surplus funds in interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts that are fully insured by the Federal Deposit

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Insurance Corporation regardless of whether the bank or financial institution in which the deposit or investment is made is a qualified public depository as defined in s. 280.02. This subsection is supplementary to and may not be construed as limiting any powers of a housing finance authority or providing or implying a limiting construction of any other statutory provision.

Section 2. Subsections (9), (10), (13), (15), (16), and (17) of section 201.15, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapters 2009-17, 2009-21, and 2009-68, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

201.15 Distribution of taxes collected.—All taxes collected under this chapter are subject to the service charge imposed in s. 215.20(1). Prior to distribution under this section, the Department of Revenue shall deduct amounts necessary to pay the costs of the collection and enforcement of the tax levied by this chapter. Such costs and the service charge may not be levied against any portion of taxes pledged to debt service on bonds to the extent that the costs and service charge are required to pay any amounts relating to the bonds. After distributions are made pursuant to subsection (1), all of the costs of the collection and enforcement of the tax levied by this chapter and the service charge shall be available and transferred to the extent necessary to pay debt service and any other amounts payable with respect to bonds authorized before January 1, 2010, secured by revenues distributed pursuant to subsection (1). All taxes remaining after deduction of costs and the service charge shall be distributed as follows:

(9) Seven and fifty-three hundredths The lesser of 7.53 percent of the remaining taxes or \$107 million in each fiscal year shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and used as follows:

- (a) Half of that amount shall be used for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Half of that amount shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Local Government Housing Trust Fund and used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (10) <u>Eight and sixty-six hundredths</u> The lesser of 8.66 percent of the remaining taxes or \$136 million in each fiscal year shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and used as follows:
- (a) Twelve and one-half percent of that amount shall be deposited into the State Housing Trust Fund and be expended by the Department of Community Affairs and by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of that amount shall be distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund and used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law. Funds from this category may also be used to provide for state and local services to assist the homeless.
- (13) Beginning July 1, 2008, in each fiscal year that the remaining taxes collected under this chapter exceed collections

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in the prior fiscal year, the stated maximum dollar amounts provided in subsections (2), (4), (6), and (7), (9), and (10) shall each be increased by an amount equal to 10 percent of the increase in the remaining taxes collected under this chapter multiplied by the applicable percentage provided in those subsections.

pursuant to subsections (9) and (10) shall be sufficient to cover amounts required to be transferred to the Florida

Affordable Housing Guarantee Program's annual debt service reserve and guarantee fund pursuant to s. 420.5092(6)(a) and (b) up to but not exceeding the amount required to be transferred to such reserve and fund based on the percentage distribution of documentary stamp tax revenues to the State Housing Trust Fund which is in effect in the 2004-2005 fiscal year.

(15)(16) If amounts necessary to pay debt service or any other amounts payable with respect to Preservation 2000 bonds, Florida Forever bonds, or Everglades Restoration bonds authorized before July 1, 2009, exceed the amounts distributable pursuant to subsection (1), all moneys distributable pursuant to this section are available for such obligations and transferred in the amounts necessary to pay such obligations when due. However, amounts distributable pursuant to subsection (2), subsection (3), subsection (4), subsection (5), paragraph (9)(a), or paragraph (10)(a) are not available to pay such obligations to the extent that such moneys are necessary to pay debt service on bonds secured by revenues pursuant to those provisions.

 $\underline{(16)}$ (17) The remaining taxes collected under this chapter, after the distributions provided in the preceding subsections, shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

- Section 3. <u>Section 8 of chapter 2009-131</u>, <u>Laws of Florida</u>, is repealed, retroactive to June 30, 2009.
- Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 420.0003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 420.0003 State housing strategy.-
 - (3) POLICIES.—

- (e) Housing production or rehabilitation programs.—New programs for housing production or rehabilitation shall be developed in accordance with the following general guidelines as appropriate for the purpose of the specific program:
- 1. State and local governments shall provide incentives to encourage the private sector to be the primary delivery vehicle for the development of affordable housing.
- 2. State funds should be heavily leveraged to achieve the maximum local and private commitment of funds while achieving the program objectives.
- 3. To the maximum extent possible, state funds should be expended to provide housing units rather than to support program administration.
- 4. State money should be used, when possible, as loans rather than grants.

5. State funds should be available only to local governments that provide incentives or financial assistance for housing.

- 6. State funds should be made available only for projects which are consistent with the local government comprehensive plan.
- 7. State funding for housing should not be made available to local governments whose comprehensive plans have been found not in compliance with chapter 163 and who have not entered into a stipulated settlement agreement with the Department of Community Affairs to bring the plan into compliance.
- 8. Mixed income projects should be encouraged, to avoid a concentration of low-income residents in one area or project.
- 9. Distribution of state housing funds should be flexible and consider the regional and local needs, resources, and capabilities of housing producers.
- 10. Distribution of housing funds for multifamily rental housing should be administered to address the housing needs of persons most in need of housing.
- <u>11.10.</u> Income levels used to determine program eligibility should be adjusted for family size in determining the eligibility of specific beneficiaries.
- $\underline{12.11.}$ To the maximum extent possible, state-owned lands that are appropriate for the development of affordable housing shall be made available for that purpose.
- (4) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Department of Community Affairs and the Florida Housing Finance Corporation in carrying out the strategy articulated herein shall have the following duties:

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The Shimberg Center for Affordable Housing, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs and the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, shall review and evaluate existing housing rehabilitation, production, and finance programs to determine their consistency with relevant policies in this section and identify the needs of specific populations, including, but not limited to, elderly persons, and handicapped persons, and persons with special needs, and shall recommend statutory modifications where appropriate. The Shimberg Center for Affordable Housing, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs and the corporation, shall also evaluate the degree of coordination between state housing programs, and between state, federal, and local housing activities, and shall recommend improved program linkages. The recommendations required above and a report of any programmatic modifications made as a result of these policies shall be included in the housing report required by s. 420.6075, beginning December 31, 1991, and every 5 years thereafter.

Section 5. Section 420.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.0004 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the context otherwise indicates:

(1) "Adjusted for family size" means adjusted in a manner which results in an income eligibility level which is lower for households with fewer than four people, or higher for households with more than four people, than the base income eligibility determined as provided in subsection (9) (8), subsection (11) (11), subsection (12) (11), or subsection (17) (15), based upon

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

a formula as established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

- (2) "Adjusted gross income" means all wages, assets, regular cash or noncash contributions or gifts from persons outside the household, and such other resources and benefits as may be determined to be income by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for family size, less deductions allowable under s. 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) "Affordable" means that monthly rents or monthly mortgage payments including taxes, insurance, and utilities do not exceed 30 percent of that amount which represents the percentage of the median adjusted gross annual income for the households as indicated in subsection (9) (8), subsection (11) (10), subsection (12) (11), or subsection (17) (15).
- (4) "Corporation" means the Florida Housing Finance Corporation.
- (5) "Community-based organization" or "nonprofit organization" means a private corporation organized under chapter 617 to assist in the provision of housing and related services on a not-for-profit basis and which is acceptable to federal and state agencies and financial institutions as a sponsor of low-income housing.
- (6) "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.
- (7) "Disabling condition" means a diagnosable substance abuse disorder, serious mental illness, developmental disability, or chronic physical illness or disability, or the

co-occurrence of two or more of these conditions, and a
determination that the condition is:

- (a) Expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration; and
- (b) Not expected to impair the ability of the person with special needs to live independently with appropriate supports.
- (8) (7) "Elderly" describes persons 62 years of age or older.
- (9) (8) "Extremely-low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family whose total annual household income does not exceed 30 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation may adjust this amount annually by rule to provide that in lower income counties, extremely low income may exceed 30 percent of area median income and that in higher income counties, extremely low income may be less than 30 percent of area median income.
- (10) (9) "Local public body" means any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, or any housing authority as provided by chapter 421, which is eligible to sponsor or develop housing for farmworkers and very-low-income and low-income persons within its jurisdiction.
- (11) (10) "Low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 80 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 80 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if

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not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.

- (12) (11) "Moderate-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which is less than 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.
- requiring independent living services in order to maintain housing or develop independent living skills and who has a disabling condition; a young adult formerly in foster care who is eligible for services under s. 409.1451(5); a survivor of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28; or a person receiving benefits under the Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) program or the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program or from veterans' disability benefits.
- (14) (12) "Student" means any person not living with his or her parent or guardian who is eligible to be claimed by his or her parent or guardian as a dependent under the federal income tax code and who is enrolled on at least a half-time basis in a secondary school, career center, community college, college, or university.
 - (15) (13) "Substandard" means:
- (a) Any unit lacking complete plumbing or sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants;

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(b) A unit which is in violation of one or more major sections of an applicable housing code and where such violation poses a serious threat to the health of the occupant; or

(c) A unit that has been declared unfit for human habitation but that could be rehabilitated for less than 50 percent of the property value.

- (16) (14) "Substantial rehabilitation" means repair or restoration of a dwelling unit where the value of such repair or restoration exceeds 40 percent of the value of the dwelling.
- (17) (15) "Very-low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, not including students, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 50 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 50 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.

Section 6. Section 420.5061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.5061 Transfer of agency assets and liabilities.—The corporation is the legal successor in all respects to the agency, is obligated to the same extent as the agency under any agreements existing on December 31, 1997, and is entitled to any rights and remedies previously afforded the agency by law or contract, including specifically the rights of the agency under chapter 201 and part VI of chapter 159. Effective January 1, 1998, all references under Florida law to the agency are deemed

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to mean the corporation. The corporation shall transfer to the General Revenue Fund an amount which otherwise would have been deducted as a service charge pursuant to s. 215.20(1) if the Florida Housing Finance Corporation Fund established by s. 420.508(5), the State Apartment Incentive Loan Fund established s. 420.5087(7), the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund established by s. 420.5088(4), the HOME Investment Partnership Fund established by s. 420.5089(1), and the Housing Predevelopment Loan Fund established by s. 420.525(1) were each trust funds. For purposes of s. 112.313, the corporation is deemed to be a continuation of the agency, and the provisions thereof are deemed to apply as if the same entity remained in place. Any employees of the agency and agency board members covered by s. 112.313(9)(a)6. shall continue to be entitled to the exemption in that subparagraph, notwithstanding being hired by the corporation or appointed as board members of the corporation.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (22) and subsections (33) and (46) of section 420.507, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.507 Powers of the corporation.—The corporation shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this part, including the following powers which are in addition to all other powers granted by other provisions of this part:

(22) To develop and administer the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. In developing and administering that program, the corporation may:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(a) Make first, second, and other subordinated mortgage loans including variable or fixed rate loans subject to contingent interest for all State Apartment Incentive Loans provided in this chapter based upon available cash flow of the projects. The corporation shall make loans exceeding 25 percent of project cost only to nonprofit organizations and public bodies that are able to secure grants, donations of land, or contributions from other sources and to projects meeting the criteria of subparagraph 1. Mortgage loans shall be made available at the following rates of interest:

- 1. Zero to 3 percent interest for sponsors of projects that set aside at least 80 percent of their total units for residents qualifying as farmworkers, commercial fishing workers, or the homeless as defined in s. 420.621, or persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004(13) over the life of the loan.
- 2. Zero to 3 percent interest based on the pro rata share of units set aside for homeless residents or persons with special needs if the total of such units is less than 80 percent of the units in the borrower's project.
- 3. One to 9 percent interest for sponsors of projects targeted at populations other than farmworkers, commercial fishing workers, or persons with special needs.
- (33) To receive federal funding in connection with the corporation's programs directly from the Federal Government and to receive federal funds for which no corresponding program has been created in statute and establish selection criteria for

such funds by request for proposals or other competitive solicitation.

- (46) To require, as a condition of financing a multifamily rental project, that an agreement be recorded in the official records of the county where the real property is located, which requires that the project be used for housing defined as affordable in s. 420.0004(3) by persons defined in s. 420.0004(9)(8), (11)(10), (12)(11), and (17)(15). Such an agreement is a state land use regulation that limits the highest and best use of the property within the meaning of s. 193.011(2).
- Section 8. Subsection (3) and paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 420.5087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 420.5087 State Apartment Incentive Loan Program.—There is hereby created the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program for the purpose of providing first, second, or other subordinated mortgage loans or loan guarantees to sponsors, including forprofit, nonprofit, and public entities, to provide housing affordable to very-low-income persons.
- (3) During the first 6 months of loan or loan guarantee availability, program funds shall be reserved for use by sponsors who provide the housing set-aside required in subsection (2) for the tenant groups designated in this subsection. The reservation of funds to each of these groups shall be determined using the most recent statewide very-low-income rental housing market study available at the time of publication of each notice of fund availability required by paragraph (6)(b). The reservation of funds within each notice of

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fund availability to the tenant groups in paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) (d) may not be less than 10 percent of the funds available at that time. Any increase in funding required to reach the 10-percent minimum must be taken from the tenant group that has the largest reservation. The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (c) may not be less than 5 percent of the funds available at that time. The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (d) may not be more than 10 percent of the funds available at that time. The tenant groups are:

- (a) Commercial fishing workers and farmworkers;
- (b) Families;

- (c) Persons who are homeless;
- (d) Persons with special needs; and

(e)(d) Elderly persons. Ten percent of the amount reserved for the elderly shall be reserved to provide loans to sponsors of housing for the elderly for the purpose of making building preservation, health, or sanitation repairs or improvements which are required by federal, state, or local regulation or code, or lifesafety or security-related repairs or improvements to such housing. Such a loan may not exceed \$750,000 per housing community for the elderly. In order to receive the loan, the sponsor of the housing community must make a commitment to match at least 5 percent of the loan amount to pay the cost of such repair or improvement. The corporation shall establish the rate of interest on the loan, which may not exceed 3 percent, and the term of the loan, which may not exceed 15 years; however, if the

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lien of the corporation's encumbrance is subordinate to the lien of another mortgagee, then the term may be made coterminous with the longest term of the superior lien. The term of the loan shall be based on a credit analysis of the applicant. The corporation may forgive indebtedness for a share of the loan attributable to the units in a project reserved for extremelylow-income elderly by nonprofit organizations, as defined in s. 420.0004(5), where the project has provided affordable housing to the elderly for 15 years or more. The corporation shall establish, by rule, the procedure and criteria for receiving, evaluating, and competitively ranking all applications for loans under this paragraph. A loan application must include evidence of the first mortgagee's having reviewed and approved the sponsor's intent to apply for a loan. A nonprofit organization or sponsor may not use the proceeds of the loan to pay for administrative costs, routine maintenance, or new construction.

- (6) On all state apartment incentive loans, except loans made to housing communities for the elderly to provide for lifesafety, building preservation, health, sanitation, or security-related repairs or improvements, the following provisions shall apply:
- (c) The corporation shall provide by rule for the establishment of a review committee composed of the department and corporation staff and shall establish by rule a scoring system for evaluation and competitive ranking of applications submitted in this program, including, but not limited to, the following criteria:

1. Tenant income and demographic targeting objectives of the corporation.

- 2. Targeting objectives of the corporation which will ensure an equitable distribution of loans between rural and urban areas.
- 3. Sponsor's agreement to reserve the units for persons or families who have incomes below 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, for a time period to exceed the minimum required by federal law or the provisions of this part.
 - 4. Sponsor's agreement to reserve more than:
- a. Twenty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher; or
- b. Forty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 60 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, without requiring a greater amount of the loans as provided in this section.
 - 5. Provision for tenant counseling.
- 6. Sponsor's agreement to accept rental assistance certificates or vouchers as payment for rent.
- 7. Projects requiring the least amount of a state apartment incentive loan compared to overall project cost except that the share of the loan attributable to units serving extremely-low-income persons shall be excluded from this requirement.

8. Local government contributions and local government comprehensive planning and activities that promote affordable housing.

9. Project feasibility.

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- 10. Economic viability of the project.
- 11. Commitment of first mortgage financing.
- 505 12. Sponsor's prior experience, including whether the developer and general contractor have substantial experience, as provided in s. 420.507(47).
 - 13. Sponsor's ability to proceed with construction.
 - 14. Projects that directly implement or assist welfare-to-work transitioning.
- 511 15. Projects that reserve units for extremely-low-income persons.
 - 16. Projects that include green building principles, storm-resistant construction, or other elements that reduce long-term costs relating to maintenance, utilities, or insurance.
 - 17. Domicile of the developer and general contractor, as provided in s. 420.507(47).
 - 18. Projects that reserve units for persons with special needs, provided services for such persons are available to the project.
 - Section 9. Paragraphs (d), (e), (f), and (g) of subsection (2) of section 163.31771, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 163.31771 Accessory dwelling units.—
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:

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526 "Low-income persons" has the same meaning as in s. 527 420.0004(11) + (10).

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- "Moderate-income persons" has the same meaning as in s. $420.0004(12) \frac{(11)}{(11)}$.
- "Very-low-income persons" has the same meaning as in s. $420.0004(17)\frac{(15)}{(15)}$.
- "Extremely-low-income persons" has the same meaning as (q) 533 in s. $420.0004(9) \cdot (8)$.
 - Section 10. Paragraph (o) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
 - (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
 - (o) Building materials in redevelopment projects.-
 - As used in this paragraph, the term:
 - "Building materials" means tangible personal property that becomes a component part of a housing project or a mixeduse project.
 - "Housing project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to housing units in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20 percent of the housing units in the project for low-income and

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moderate-income persons or the construction in a designated brownfield area of affordable housing for persons described in s. $420.0004\underline{(9)}(8)$, $\underline{(11)}(10)$, $\underline{(12)}(11)$, or $\underline{(17)}(15)$ or in s. 159.603(7).

- c. "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use units that include artists' studios, art and entertainment services, or other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must be located in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20 percent of the square footage of the project for low-income and moderate-income housing.
- d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.042(1).
- 2. Building materials used in the construction of a housing project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met. This exemption inures to the owner through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must file an application under oath with the department which includes:
 - a. The name and address of the owner.
- b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the project for which a refund is sought.
 - c. A copy of the building permit issued for the project.

d. A certification by the local building code inspector that the project is substantially completed.

- e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner contracted to construct the project, which statement lists the building materials used in the construction of the project and the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales tax paid on these materials. If a general contractor was not used, the owner shall provide this information in a sworn statement, under penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment of sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement.
- 3. An application for a refund under this paragraph must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the project is deemed to be substantially completed by the local building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of the application, the department shall determine if it meets the requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal approval of the application by the department.
- 4. The department shall establish by rule an application form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption under this paragraph.
- 5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on or after July 1, 2000.
- Section 11. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (2) of section 215.5586, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 215.5586 My Safe Florida Home Program.—There is established within the Department of Financial Services the My

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Safe Florida Home Program. The department shall provide fiscal accountability, contract management, and strategic leadership for the program, consistent with this section. This section does not create an entitlement for property owners or obligate the state in any way to fund the inspection or retrofitting of residential property in this state. Implementation of this program is subject to annual legislative appropriations. It is the intent of the Legislature that the My Safe Florida Home Program provide trained and certified inspectors to perform inspections for owners of site-built, single-family, residential properties and grants to eligible applicants as funding allows. The program shall develop and implement a comprehensive and coordinated approach for hurricane damage mitigation that may include the following:

- (2) MITIGATION GRANTS.—Financial grants shall be used to encourage single-family, site-built, owner-occupied, residential property owners to retrofit their properties to make them less vulnerable to hurricane damage.
- (a) For a homeowner to be eligible for a grant, the following criteria must be met:
- 1. The homeowner must have been granted a homestead exemption on the home under chapter 196.
- 2. The home must be a dwelling with an insured value of \$300,000 or less. Homeowners who are low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.0004(11)(10), are exempt from this requirement.
- 3. The home must have undergone an acceptable hurricane mitigation inspection after May 1, 2007.

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4. The home must be located in the "wind-borne debris region" as that term is defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code (2006), or as subsequently amended.

- 5. The building permit application for initial construction of the home must have been made before March 1, 2002.
- An application for a grant must contain a signed or
 electronically verified statement made under penalty of perjury
 that the applicant has submitted only a single application and
 must have attached documents demonstrating the applicant meets
 the requirements of this paragraph.
 - (g) Low-income homeowners, as defined in s.

 420.0004(11)(10), who otherwise meet the requirements of paragraphs (a), (c), (e), and (f) are eligible for a grant of up to \$5,000 and are not required to provide a matching amount to receive the grant. Additionally, for low-income homeowners, grant funding may be used for repair to existing structures leading to any of the mitigation improvements provided in paragraph (e), limited to 20 percent of the grant value. The program may accept a certification directly from a low-income homeowner that the homeowner meets the requirements of s.

 420.0004(11)(10) if the homeowner provides such certification in a signed or electronically verified statement made under penalty of perjury.

Statutes, is amended to read:

Section 12. Subsection (19) of section 420.503, Florida

420.503 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

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665 "Housing for the elderly" means, for purposes of s. 666 $420.5087(3)(e)\frac{(d)}{d}$, any nonprofit housing community that is 667 financed by a mortgage loan made or insured by the United States 668 Department of Housing and Urban Development under s. 202, s. 202 669 with a s. 8 subsidy, s. 221(d)(3) or (4), or s. 236 of the 670 National Housing Act, as amended, and that is subject to income 671 limitations established by the United States Department of 672 Housing and Urban Development, or any program funded by the 673 Rural Development Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture and subject to income limitations established by the 674 United States Department of Agriculture. A project which 675 676 qualifies for an exemption under the Fair Housing Act as housing for older persons as defined by s. 760.29(4) shall qualify as 677 678 housing for the elderly for purposes of s. 420.5087(3) (e) $\frac{(d)}{(d)}$ and 679 for purposes of any loans made pursuant to s. 420.508. In 680 addition, if the corporation adopts a qualified allocation plan 681 pursuant to s. 42(m)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code or any 682 other rules that prioritize projects targeting the elderly for 683 purposes of allocating tax credits pursuant to s. 420.5099 or 684 for purposes of the HOME program under s. 420.5089, a project which qualifies for an exemption under the Fair Housing Act as 685 686 housing for older persons as defined by s. 760.29(4) shall 687 qualify as a project targeted for the elderly, if the project satisfies the other requirements set forth in this part. 688 689 The Legislature finds that due to the Section 13. (1) 690 current economic conditions in the housing market there is a 691 critical need to rehabilitate or sell excess inventory of unsold 692 homes, including foreclosed homes and newly constructed homes,

as well as a critical need for the rehabilitation and preservation of older, affordable apartments. The Legislature further finds that there is a critical need to create housing-related jobs and that these conditions require the targeting of state and local housing trust fund moneys to assist in the sale or rehabilitation of existing homes and the preservation and rehabilitation of older rental apartments.

- (2) Notwithstanding ss. 420.507(22)(a) and (23)(a),
 420.5087(6)(1), 420.5088, 420.5095, and 420.9075(1)(b) and
 (5)(b), Florida Statutes, funds from the State Housing Trust
 Fund or the Local Government Housing Trust Fund that are
 appropriated for use in the State Apartment Incentive Loan
 Program, Florida Homeownership Assistance Program, Community
 Workforce Housing Innovation Pilot Program, or the State Housing
 Initiatives Partnership Program may not be used to:
- (a) Finance or otherwise assist the construction or purchase of housing sold to eligible individuals, unless the housing unit being sold had an initial certificate of occupancy prior to December 31, 2009; or
- (b) Finance or otherwise assist in the construction or purchase of rental housing, unless the development being financed or assisted received its initial certificate of occupancy prior to December 31, 1995.

Nothing in this section restricts the use of such funds to assist with the purchase of newly constructed homes that were completed prior to December 31, 2009, or the acquisition and rehabilitation of apartments that received their initial

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21	certi	ficat	e of	occ	upar	псу	pric	or to	Dece	mber	31	, 19	995.	The	use	of
22	such	funds	is	subj	ect	to	the	rest	ricti	ons	of	the	pro	gram	unde	<u>er</u>
23	which	n the	func	ding	is m	nade	e ava	ailabi	le.							

(3) This section expires July 1, 2011.

724

725 Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.