

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
03/09/2010	•	
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The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Storms) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

Between lines 85 and 86

insert:

(1)

(b) Each order for support shall contain a provision for health insurance for the minor child when health insurance is reasonable in cost and accessible to the child. Health insurance is presumed to be reasonable in cost if the incremental cost of adding health insurance for the child or children does not exceed 5 percent of the gross income, as defined in s. 61.30, of the parent responsible for providing health insurance. Health 12

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insurance is accessible to the child if the health insurance is 13 available to be used in the county of the child's primary 14 15 residence or in another county if the parent who has the most time under the time-sharing plan agrees. If the time-sharing 16 17 plan provides for equal time-sharing, health insurance is accessible to the child if the health insurance is available to 18 19 be used in either county where the child resides or in another 20 county if both parents agree. The court may require the obligor 21 to provide health insurance or to reimburse the obligee for the 22 cost of health insurance for the minor child when insurance is 23 provided by the obligee. The presumption of reasonable cost may 24 be rebutted by evidence of any of the factors in s. 25 61.30(11)(a). The court may deviate from what is presumed 26 reasonable in cost only upon a written finding explaining its determination why ordering or not ordering the provision of 27 28 health insurance or the reimbursement of the obligee's cost for 29 providing health insurance for the minor child would be unjust 30 or inappropriate. In any event, the court shall apportion the cost of health insurance, and any noncovered medical, dental, 31 32 and prescription medication expenses of the child, to both 33 parties by adding the cost to the basic obligation determined pursuant to s. 61.30(6). The court may order that payment of 34 noncovered medical, dental, and prescription medication expenses 35 36 of the minor child be made directly to the obligee on a 37 percentage basis. In a proceeding for medical support only, each 38 parent's share of the child's health insurance and noncovered 39 medical expenses shall equal the parent's percentage share of 40 the combined net income of the parents. The percentage share shall be calculated by dividing each parent's net monthly income 41

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42 by the combined monthly net income of both parents. Net income 43 is calculated as specified by s. 61.30(3) and (4).

1. In a non-Title IV-D case, a copy of the court order for health insurance shall be served on the obligor's union or employer by the obligee when the following conditions are met:

a. The obligor fails to provide written proof to the
obligee within 30 days after receiving effective notice of the
court order that the health insurance has been obtained or that
application for health insurance has been made;

51 b. The obligee serves written notice of intent to enforce 52 an order for health insurance on the obligor by mail at the 53 obligor's last known address; and

54 c. The obligor fails within 15 days after the mailing of 55 the notice to provide written proof to the obligee that the 56 health insurance existed as of the date of mailing.

57 2.a. A support order enforced under Title IV-D of the 58 Social Security Act which requires that the obligor provide health insurance is enforceable by the department through the 59 60 use of the national medical support notice, and an amendment to 61 the support order is not required. The department shall transfer 62 the national medical support notice to the obligor's union or 63 employer. The department shall notify the obligor in writing that the notice has been sent to the obligor's union or 64 65 employer, and the written notification must include the 66 obligor's rights and duties under the national medical support 67 notice. The obligor may contest the withholding required by the 68 national medical support notice based on a mistake of fact. To contest the withholding, the obligor must file a written notice 69 70 of contest with the department within 15 business days after the

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71 date the obligor receives written notification of the national 72 medical support notice from the department. Filing with the department is complete when the notice is received by the person 73 74 designated by the department in the written notification. The 75 notice of contest must be in the form prescribed by the 76 department. Upon the timely filing of a notice of contest, the 77 department shall, within 5 business days, schedule an informal 78 conference with the obligor to discuss the obligor's factual 79 dispute. If the informal conference resolves the dispute to the 80 obligor's satisfaction or if the obligor fails to attend the 81 informal conference, the notice of contest is deemed withdrawn. 82 If the informal conference does not resolve the dispute, the 83 obligor may request an administrative hearing under chapter 120 84 within 5 business days after the termination of the informal 85 conference, in a form and manner prescribed by the department. 86 However, the filing of a notice of contest by the obligor does 87 not delay the withholding of premium payments by the union, employer, or health plan administrator. The union, employer, or 88 89 health plan administrator must implement the withholding as 90 directed by the national medical support notice unless notified 91 by the department that the national medical support notice is 92 terminated.

b. In a Title IV-D case, the department shall notify an
obligor's union or employer if the obligation to provide health
insurance through that union or employer is terminated.

96 3. In a non-Title IV-D case, upon receipt of the order 97 pursuant to subparagraph 1., or upon application of the obligor 98 pursuant to the order, the union or employer shall enroll the 99 minor child as a beneficiary in the group health plan regardless

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100 of any restrictions on the enrollment period and withhold any 101 required premium from the obligor's income. If more than one 102 plan is offered by the union or employer, the child shall be 103 enrolled in the group health plan in which the obligor is 104 enrolled.

105 4.a. Upon receipt of the national medical support notice 106 under subparagraph 2. in a Title IV-D case, the union or 107 employer shall transfer the notice to the appropriate group 108 health plan administrator within 20 business days after the date 109 on the notice. The plan administrator must enroll the child as a 110 beneficiary in the group health plan regardless of any 111 restrictions on the enrollment period, and the union or employer must withhold any required premium from the obligor's income 112 113 upon notification by the plan administrator that the child is enrolled. The child shall be enrolled in the group health plan 114 in which the obligor is enrolled. If the group health plan in 115 which the obligor is enrolled is not available where the child 116 resides or if the obligor is not enrolled in group coverage, the 117 118 child shall be enrolled in the lowest cost group health plan that is accessible to the child. 119

b. If health insurance or the obligor's employment is terminated in a Title IV-D case, the union or employer that is withholding premiums for health insurance under a national medical support notice must notify the department within 20 days after the termination and provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new employer, if known.

127 5.a. The amount withheld by a union or employer in128 compliance with a support order may not exceed the amount

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129 allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 130 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended. The union or employer shall 131 withhold the maximum allowed by the Consumer Credit Protection 132 Act in the following order:

133

(I) Current support, as ordered.

(III) Past due support, as ordered.

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(II) Premium payments for health insurance, as ordered.

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(IV) Other medical support or insurance, as ordered.

b. If the combined amount to be withheld for current support plus the premium payment for health insurance exceed the amount allowed under the Consumer Credit Protection Act, and the health insurance cannot be obtained unless the full amount of the premium is paid, the union or employer may not withhold the premium payment. However, the union or employer shall withhold the maximum allowed in the following order:

144

(I) Current support, as ordered.

145

(II) Past due support, as ordered.

146

(III) Other medical support or insurance, as ordered.

6. An employer, union, or plan administrator who does not comply with the requirements in sub-subparagraph 4.a. is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for subsequent violations, plus attorney's fees and costs. The department may file a petition in circuit court to enforce the requirements of this subparagraph.

153 7. The department may adopt rules to administer the child
154 support enforcement provisions of this section that affect Title
155 IV-D cases.

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157 ====== DIRECTORY CLAUSE AMENDMENT ======

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158	And the directory clause is amended as follows:
159	Delete line 81
160	and insert:
161	Section 1. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) of
162	section
163	
164	======================================
165	And the title is amended as follows:
166	Delete line 3
167	and insert:
168	F.S.; deleting a reference to health insurance in the
169	process to determine share of a medical support only
170	obligation; requiring that an obligor may make child
171	support

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