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By the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senators Peaden, Jones, Fasano, Sobel, Lawson, Detert, Storms, and Wilson

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the treatment of students who have diabetes; providing definitions; requiring the Department of Health to develop guidelines, with the assistance of certain entities, for the training of diabetes personnel; providing criteria for the training; requiring the Department of Health to adopt the guidelines by a specified date; requiring each district school board and the governing body of each private and charter school to provide training to a minimum number of school employees; providing that a school employee is not subject to any penalty or disciplinary action for refusing to serve as a member of the trained diabetes personnel; requiring a school nurse to coordinate the training; requiring the school nurse or another health care professional to provide the training; requiring the school nurse to provide followup training and supervision; requiring the school nurse or another qualified health care professional to provide bus drivers with training in the recognition of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia and actions to take in response to an emergency situation; requiring the parent or legal guardian of a student who has diabetes to submit a copy of the student's diabetes medical management plan to the school; requiring a school nurse or trained diabetes personnel to perform certain functions regarding a student's care of his or her diabetes; requiring a school nurse or one member of the trained personnel to be on site

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and available to provide care to students who have diabetes during regular school hours and at schoolsponsored programs and activities; prohibiting a school district from restricting the assignment of a student who has diabetes to a particular school; providing that a member of the trained diabetes personnel is not engaging in the practice of nursing and is exempt from state law or rule restricting the activities of a person who is not a health care professional; requiring a school to allow a student who has diabetes to manage and care for his or her diabetes; providing civil immunity from disciplinary action or liability for a school employee, nurse, physician, or school district for activities authorized under the act; requiring each district school board and the governing body of each charter and private school to report to the Department of Education by a specified date regarding their compliance to the act; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, diabetes is a serious, chronic disease that impairs the body's ability to use food as energy, and WHEREAS, diabetes must be managed 24 hours a day in order to avoid the potentially life-threatening, short-term consequences of blood glucose levels that are too high, hyperglycemia, or too low, hypoglycemia, and to avoid or delay the serious, long-term complications of high blood glucose levels, which include blindness, amputation, heart disease, and kidney failure, and

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WHEREAS, in order to manage their disease, students who have diabetes must have access to the means to balance food, medications, and physical activity level while at school and at school-related activities, and

WHEREAS, diabetes is generally a self-managed disease and many diabetic students are able to perform most of their own diabetes-care tasks, and these students should be permitted to do so in the school setting, and

WHEREAS, some students, because of age, inexperience, or other factors need help with some or all of diabetes care tasks and all diabetic students will need help if a diabetes emergency occurs, and

WHEREAS, the school nurse is the preferred person in the school setting to provide or facilitate care for a student who has diabetes, but many schools in Florida do not have a full-time nurse or a school nurse may not always be available on site, and

WHEREAS, because diabetes management is needed at all times, additional school personnel who have completed training coordinated by the school nurse and who provide care under the supervision of the school nurse need to be prepared to perform diabetes-care tasks at school and all school-related activities when a school nurse is not available in order for students who have diabetes to be medically safe and to have the same access to educational opportunities as do all students in Florida, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Care of students who have diabetes.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Diabetes medical management plan" means a document developed by the student's personal health care professional which sets out the health services needed by the student at school and is signed by the student's personal health care professional and parent or legal guardian.
- (b) "Glucagon" means a hormone that immediately raises blood glucose levels for severe hypoglycemia.
- (c) "School" means any primary or secondary public school, charter school, or private school located within the state.
 - (d) "School employee" means a person employed by:
 - 1. A school;
- 2. A local health department that assists a school under this section; or
- 3. Another entity with which a school has contracted to perform its duties under this section.
- (e) "Trained diabetes personnel" means a group of school employees who volunteer and have successfully completed the training required under subsection (3). Such employee need not be a health care professional.
 - (2) TRAINING OF DESIGNATED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES.-
- (a) The Department of Health shall develop guidelines, with the assistance of the following entities, for the training of school employees in the care needed for students who have diabetes:
 - 1. The Department of Education;
 - 2. The American Diabetes Association;
 - 3. The American Association of Diabetes Educators; and

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- 4. The Florida Association of School Nurses.
- (b) Training shall be provided annually commensurate with the school employee's role in the student's care. Training guidelines shall include instruction in:
 - 1. Recognizing and treating hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia.
- 2. Understanding the appropriate actions to take when blood glucose levels are outside of the target ranges indicated by student's diabetes medical management plan.
- 3. Understanding the instructions from the student's personal health care professional concerning drug dosage, frequency, and the manner of administration of the student's medication for his or her treatment of diabetes.
- 4. Performing finger sticks to check blood-glucose levels, checking urine ketone levels, and recording the results of those checks.
- 5. Administrating glucagon and insulin and the recording of doses used.
- 6. Understanding how to perform basic insulin pump functions.
- 7. Recognizing complications that require emergency assistance.
- 8. Understanding the recommended schedules and food intake for meals and snacks, the effect of physical activity upon blood-glucose levels, and the proper actions to be taken if a student's schedule is disrupted.
 - 9. Understanding and operating continuous glucose monitors.
- (c) The Department of Health shall adopt by rule the guidelines outlined in this subsection by August 1, 2010.
 - (d) Each district school board and the governing body of

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each private school and charter school shall ensure that the training outlined in this subsection is provided to a minimum of three school employees at each school attended by a student who has diabetes.

- (e) A school employee may not be subject to any penalty or disciplinary action for refusing to serve as a member of the trained diabetes personnel.
- (f) The training outlined in this subsection shall be coordinated by a school nurse and provided by the school nurse or another health care professional having expertise in the care of persons who have diabetes. Such training shall take place before the commencement of each school year, or as needed when a student who has diabetes is newly enrolled at a school or a student is newly diagnosed as having diabetes. The school nurse shall provide followup training and supervision.
- (g) The school nurse or another qualified health care professional shall provide training to each bus driver who is responsible for the transportation of a student who has diabetes in the recognition of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia and actions to take in response to emergency situations.
- (3) DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN.—The parent or legal guardian of a diabetic student who seeks diabetes care while at school should submit to the school a diabetes medical management plan that, upon receipt, shall be reviewed and implemented by the school.
 - (4) REQUIRED CARE.—
- (a) In accordance with the request of a parent or legal guardian of a student who has diabetes and the student's diabetes medical management plan, the school nurse or, in the

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absence of the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel shall perform functions, including, but not limited to, responding to blood-glucose levels that are outside the student's target range; administering glucagon; administering insulin or assisting a student in administering insulin through the student's insulin delivery system; providing oral diabetes medications; checking and recording blood glucose levels and ketone levels or assisting a student with such checking and recording; and following instructions regarding meals, snacks, and physical activity.

- (b) The school nurse or at least one member of the trained diabetes personnel must be on site and available to provide care to each student who has diabetes as set forth in this subsection during regular school hours, school-sponsored care programs, field trips, and extracurricular activities and on buses when the bus driver has not completed the necessary training.
- (c) A school district may not restrict the assignment of a student who has diabetes to a particular school on the basis that the student has diabetes, that the school does not have a full-time school nurse, or that the school does not have trained diabetes personnel.
- (d) The activities set forth in this subsection do not constitute the practice of nursing and are exempt from any applicable state law or rule that restricts what activities may be delegated to or performed by a person who is not a licensed health care professional.
- (5) INDEPENDENT MONITORING AND TREATMENT.—Upon written request of the parent or legal guardian and authorization by the student's diabetes medical management plan, a school shall

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permit a student to attend to the management and care of his or her diabetes, which may include:

- (a) Performing blood-glucose level checks;
- (b) Administering insulin through the insulin-delivery system that the student uses;
 - (c) Treating hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia;
- (d) Possessing on the student's person at any time any supplies or equipment necessary to monitor and care for the student's diabetes; and
- (e) Otherwise attending to the management and care of the student's diabetes in the classroom, in any area of the school or school grounds, or at any school-related activity.
- (6) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.—A physician, nurse, school employee, or school district is not liable for civil damages or subject to disciplinary action under professional licensing rules or school disciplinary policies as a result of the activities authorized by this section when such acts are committed as an ordinarily reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.
- (7) REPORTING REQUIRMENT.—Each district school board and the governing body of each charter school and private school shall annually report to the Department of Education, by August 15, 2011, and each August 15 thereafter, on whether students who have diabetes are enrolled in the school and provide information showing compliance with this section. The report must comply with the federal Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.