By Senator Wise

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to driving under the influence; amending s. 316.193, F.S.; requiring that an ignition interlock device be used for a specified period after a first conviction of driving under the influence of alcohol; revising the period for which an ignition interlock device is required if the offender's bloodalcohol or breath-alcohol level is 0.15 percent or higher or if minor was in the vehicle; amending s. 316.1937, F.S.; requiring a court to order a person who is convicted of driving under the influence not to operate a motor vehicle for up to a specified period unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device; setting forth the standard to be used by the court in determining whether a person is able to pay for an ignition interlock device; requiring a person who uses a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device to obtain an ignition interlock-restricted driver's license from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; authorizing a court to extend the time an offender must use an ignition interlock device if the offender requests or solicits any other person to blow into an ignition interlock device in place of the offender; amending s. 316.1939, F.S.; increasing the length of time of a driver's license suspension for a second or subsequent refusal to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test; amending s. 322.2715, F.S.; increasing the time that an ignition interlock device must be used by 5-00787A-10 2010924

a convicted driver, to conform to changes made by the act; increasing the fee imposed for installing the device; amending s. 322.28, F.S.; authorizing a person convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or chemical substances to petition the court to approve receipt of a restricted driver's license under certain circumstances and with specified conditions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 316.193, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties.-

- (2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), subsection (3), or subsection (4), any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) shall be punished:
 - 1. By a fine of:
- a. Not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000 for a first conviction.
- b. Not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000 for a second conviction; and
 - 2. By imprisonment for:
 - a. Not more than 6 months for a first conviction.
 - b. Not more than 9 months for a second conviction.
- 3. By placing for a period of 6 months, at the convicted person's sole expense, an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon any vehicle

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operated by the convicted person, if the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license.

- 4.3. For a second conviction, By placing mandatory placement for a period of at least 1 year, for a second conviction, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon any vehicle all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, if when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. The installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 2003.
- (4) Any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher, or any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who at the time of the offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person under the age of 18 years, shall be punished:
- (c) In addition to the penalties in paragraphs (a) and (b), the court shall order the mandatory placement, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon any vehicle all vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person for not less than 1 year 6 continuous months for the first offense and for not less than 2 continuous years for a second offense, when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license.
- Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 316.1937, Florida Statutes, are

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88 amended to read:

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316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; unlawful acts.—

- (1) In addition to any other authorized penalties, the court shall prohibit may require that any person who is convicted of driving under the influence in violation of s. 316.193 from operating shall not operate a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the department as provided in s. 316.1938, and installed in such a manner that the vehicle will not start if the operator's blood alcohol level is in excess of 0.05 percent or as otherwise specified by the court. The court shall may require the use of an approved ignition interlock device for a period of not less than 6 continuous months, if the person is permitted to operate a motor vehicle, whether or not the privilege to operate a motor vehicle is restricted, as determined by the court. The court, however, shall order placement of an ignition interlock device in those circumstances required by s. 316.193.
- (2) When $\overline{\text{Hf}}$ the court imposes the use of an ignition interlock device, the court shall:
- (a) Stipulate on the record the requirement for, and the period of, the use of a certified ignition interlock device.
- (b) Order that the records of the department reflect such requirement.
- (c) Order that an ignition interlock device be installed, as the court may determine necessary, on any vehicle owned or operated by the person.
 - (d) Determine the person's ability to pay for installation

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of the device if the person claims inability to pay. The court shall base its determination on an objective standard of the convicted person's eligibility for representation by a public defender or eligibility for food stamps. If the court determines that the person is unable to pay for installation of the device, the court may order that any portion of a fine paid by the person for a violation of s. 316.193 shall be allocated to defray the costs of installing the device.

- (e) Require proof of installation of the device and periodic reporting to the department for verification of the operation of the device in the person's vehicle.
- (f) Require that anyone who is required to use a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device first obtain a license from the department which clearly states that the driver of the vehicle is restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

(6)

(b) It is unlawful for any person whose driving privilege is restricted pursuant to this section to request or solicit any other person to blow into an ignition interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with the device for the purpose of providing the person so restricted with an operable motor vehicle. A court shall extend the time that an offender is required to use an ignition interlock device for at least 3 months but not more than 6 months if an offender violates this paragraph.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 316.1939, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1939 Refusal to submit to testing; penalties.-

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(1) Any person who has refused to submit to a chemical or physical test of his or her breath, blood, or urine, as described in s. 316.1932, and whose driving privilege was previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, and:

- (a) Who the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances;
- (b) Who was placed under lawful arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 unless such test was requested pursuant to s. 316.1932(1)(c);
- (c) Who was informed that, if he or she refused to submit to such test, his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for a period of 1 year or, in the case of a second or subsequent refusal, for a period of 2 years 18 months;
- (d) Who was informed that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor; and
- (e) Who, after having been so informed, refused to submit to any such test when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer

commits a misdemeanor of the first degree and is subject to punishment as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 4. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 322.2715,

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175 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.2715 Ignition interlock device.-

- (3) If the person is convicted of:
- (a) A first offense of driving under the influence under s. 316.193 and has an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level as specified in s. 316.193(4), or if a person is convicted of a violation of s. 316.193 and was at the time of the offense accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of age, the person shall have the ignition interlock device installed for not less than 1 year 6 continuous months for the first offense and for not less than 2 continuous years for a second offense.
- (b) A second offense of driving under the influence, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of not less than 2 1 continuous years year.
- (c) A third offense of driving under the influence which occurs within 10 years after a prior conviction for a violation of s. 316.193, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of not less than 3 $\frac{2}{3}$ continuous years.
- (d) A third offense of driving under the influence which occurs more than 10 years after the date of a prior conviction, the ignition interlock device shall be installed for a period of not less than $\frac{3}{2}$ continuous years.
- (5) In addition to any fees authorized by rule for the installation and maintenance of the ignition interlock device, the authorized installer of the device shall collect and remit $\frac{15}{12}$ for each installation to the department, which shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to be used for the operation of the Ignition Interlock Device Program.

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Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 322.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.28 Period of suspension or revocation.-
- (2) In a prosecution for a violation of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931, the following provisions apply:
- (a) Upon conviction of the driver, the court, along with imposing sentence, shall revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of the person so convicted, effective on the date of conviction, and shall prescribe the period of such revocation in accordance with the following provisions:
- 1. Upon a first conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193, except a violation resulting in death, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 180 days or more than 1 year. No sooner than 30 days after conviction, the offender may petition the court for approval of a restricted driver's license upon the condition that the offender operate only a vehicle that is equipped with a functioning and approved ignition interlock device certified to be in compliance with s. 316.1938.
- 2. Upon a second conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 5 years after the date of a prior conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 5 years. No sooner than 180 days after conviction, the offender may petition the court for approval of a restricted driver's license upon the condition that the offender operate only a vehicle that is equipped with a functioning and approved ignition interlock device certified to be in compliance with s. 316.1938.

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3. Upon a third conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years after the date of a prior conviction for the violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 10 years. No sooner than 360 days after conviction, the offender may petition the court for approval of a restricted driver's license upon the condition that the offender operate only a vehicle that is equipped with a functioning and approved ignition interlock device certified to be in compliance with s. 316.1938.

2.42

For the purposes of this paragraph, a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, or any other alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense similar to the offense of driving under the influence as proscribed by s. 316.193 will be considered a previous conviction for violation of s. 316.193, and a conviction for violation of former s. 316.028, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 860.01 is considered a conviction for violation of s. 316.193.

Section 6. This act shall take effect January 1, 2011.