

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/22/2011	•	
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The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Ring) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (r) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

(r) Capital investment tax credit; authorization; eligibility for credits.—The credit against the state sales and use tax granted pursuant to s. 220.191(2)(d) shall be deducted from any sales and use tax remitted by the dealer to the department by electronic funds transfer and may only be deducted on a sales and use tax return initiated through electronic data

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13 interchange. The dealer shall separately state the credit on the electronic return. The net amount of tax due and payable must be 14 15 remitted by electronic funds transfer. If the credit is larger than the amount owed on the sales and use tax return, the unused 16 17 portion may be carried forward to a succeeding reporting period 18 within the 12-month period immediately following the first 19 return approved by the department that the dealer may claim. The 20 credit expires at the end of the 12-month period approved by the 21 department and may not be claimed on a sales and use tax return filed with the department after the end of the 12-month period. 22 23 Section 2. Section 220.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to 24 read: 25 220.191 Capital investment tax credit.-26 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in For purposes of this section, 27 the term: (a) "Commencement of operations" means the beginning of 28 29 active operations by a qualifying business of the principal function for which a qualifying project was constructed. 30 (b) "Cumulative capital investment" means the total capital 31 32 investment in land, buildings, and equipment made in connection 33 with a qualifying project during the period from the beginning 34 of construction of the project to the commencement of 35 operations. 36 (c) "Eligible capital costs" means all expenses incurred by 37 a qualifying business in connection with the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a qualifying 38 39 project during the period from the beginning of construction of the project to the commencement of operations, including, but 40 41 not limited to:

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1. The costs of acquiring, constructing, installing,
equipping, and financing a qualifying project, including all
obligations incurred for labor and obligations to contractors,
subcontractors, builders, and materialmen.

2. The costs of acquiring land or rights to land any any cost incidental thereto, including recording fees.

3. The costs of architectural and engineering services, including test borings, surveys, estimates, plans and specifications, preliminary investigations, environmental mitigation, and supervision of construction, as well as the performance of all duties required by or consequent to the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a qualifying project.

55 4. The costs associated with the installation of fixtures 56 and equipment; surveys, including archaeological and 57 environmental surveys; site tests and inspections; subsurface 58 site work and excavation; removal of structures, roadways, and other surface obstructions; filling, grading, paving, and 59 provisions for drainage, storm water retention, and installation 60 61 of utilities, including water, sewer, sewage treatment, gas, 62 electricity, communications, and similar facilities; and offsite 63 construction of utility extensions to the boundaries of the 64 property.

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The term does eligible capital costs shall not include the cost
of any property previously owned or leased by the qualifying
business.

(d) "Income generated by or arising out of the qualifyingproject" means the qualifying project's annual taxable income as

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71 determined by generally accepted accounting principles and under 72 s. 220.13.

(e) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, as that term is consistent with terms used by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of unemployment tax administration and employment estimation, resulting directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved in the construction of the project facility.

80 (f) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 81 Economic Development.

(g) "Qualifying business" means a business which establishes a qualifying project in this state and which is certified by the office to receive tax credits pursuant to this section.

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(h) "Qualifying project" means:

1. A new or expanding facility in this state which creates at least 100 new jobs in this state and is in one of the highimpact sectors identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and certified by the office pursuant to s. 288.108(6), including, but not limited to, aviation, aerospace, automotive, and silicon technology industries;

93 2. A new or expanded facility in this state which is 94 engaged in a target industry designated pursuant to the 95 procedure specified in s. 288.106(2)(t) and which is induced by 96 this credit to create or retain at least 1,000 jobs in this 97 state, provided that at least 100 of those jobs are new, pay an 98 annual average wage of at least 130 percent of the average 99 private sector wage in the area as defined in s. 288.106(2), and

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100 make a cumulative capital investment of at least \$100 million after July 1, 2005. Jobs may be considered retained only if 101 there is significant evidence that the loss of jobs is imminent. 102 103 Notwithstanding subsection (2), annual credits against the tax 104 imposed by this chapter may shall not exceed 50 percent of the 105 increased annual corporate income tax liability or the premium 106 tax liability generated by or arising out of a project qualifying under this subparagraph. A facility that qualifies 107 108 under this subparagraph for an annual credit against the tax 109 imposed by this chapter may take the tax credit for a period not 110 to exceed 5 years; or

111 3. A new or expanded headquarters facility in this state 112 which locates in an enterprise zone and brownfield area and is 113 induced by this credit to create at least 1,500 jobs which on average pay at least 200 percent of the statewide average annual 114 115 private sector wage, as published by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its successor, and which new or expanded 116 headquarters facility makes a cumulative capital investment in 117 this state of at least \$250 million. 118

(2) (a) An annual credit against the tax imposed by this 119 120 chapter shall be granted to any qualifying business in an amount equal to 5 percent of the eligible capital costs generated by a 121 122 qualifying project, for a period not to exceed 20 years 123 beginning with the commencement of operations of the project. 124 Unless assigned as described in this subsection, the tax credit 125 shall be granted against only the corporate income tax liability or the premium tax liability generated by or arising out of the 126 qualifying project, and the sum of all tax credits provided 127 128 pursuant to this section may shall not exceed 100 percent of the

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129 eligible capital costs of the project. Except as provided in 130 paragraph (d), a In no event may any credit granted under this 131 section may not be carried forward or backward by any qualifying 132 business with respect to a subsequent or prior year. The annual 133 tax credit granted under this section may shall not exceed the 134 following percentages of the annual corporate income tax 135 liability or the premium tax liability generated by or arising out of a qualifying project: 136

137 1. One hundred percent for a qualifying project which 138 results in a cumulative capital investment of at least \$100 139 million.

140 2. Seventy-five percent for a qualifying project which 141 results in a cumulative capital investment of at least \$50 142 million but less than \$100 million.

143 3. Fifty percent for a qualifying project which results in 144 a cumulative capital investment of at least \$25 million but less 145 than \$50 million.

(b) A qualifying project that which results in a cumulative 146 147 capital investment of less than \$25 million is not eligible for 148 the capital investment tax credit. An insurance company claiming 149 a credit against premium tax liability under this program is 150 shall not be required to pay any additional retaliatory tax 151 levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such credit. Because credits under this section are available to an 152 153 insurance company, s. 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any 154 manner.

(c) A qualifying business that establishes a qualifying project that includes locating a new solar panel manufacturing facility in this state that generates a minimum of 400 jobs



158 within 6 months after commencement of operations with an average 159 salary of at least \$50,000 may assign or transfer the annual 160 credit, or any portion thereof, granted under this section to any other business. However, the amount of the tax credit that 161 162 may be transferred in any year is shall be the lesser of the qualifying business's state corporate income tax liability for 163 164 that year, as limited by the percentages applicable under 165 paragraph (a) and as calculated before prior to taking any 166 credit pursuant to this section, or the credit amount granted 167 for that year. A business receiving the transferred or assigned 168 credits may use the credits only in the year received, and the 169 credits may not be carried forward or backward. To perfect the transfer, the transferor must shall provide the department with 170 171 a written transfer statement notifying the department of the 172 transferor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the transferee; the date the transfer is effective; the transferee's 173 174 name, address, and federal taxpayer identification number; the tax period; and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The 175 176 department shall, upon receipt of a transfer statement 177 conforming to the requirements of this paragraph, provide the 178 transferee with a certificate reflecting the tax credit amounts 179 transferred. A copy of the certificate must be attached to each 180 tax return for which the transferee seeks to apply such tax credits. 181

(d) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2011, if a credit granted under this subsection is not fully
used in a taxable year going forward because of insufficient tax
liability on the part of the qualifying business, the qualifying
business is entitled to a sales and use tax credit against its

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187	state sales and use tax liability in an amount equal to the
188	corporate income or insurance premium tax credit that could not
189	be used in that tax year because of insufficient tax liability
190	arising out of the project. The sales and use tax credit shall
191	be granted against state sales and use taxes collected,
192	reported, and remitted pursuant to chapter 212 during the 12-
193	month period beginning on the date that the qualifying business
194	files its corporate income tax return for the year in which the
195	credit granted under this subsection is not fully used.
196	1. The sales and use tax credit granted under this
197	paragraph is subject to the following:
198	a. A qualifying business that applies its sales and use tax
199	credit against its sales and use tax liability must make capital
200	investments in Florida, in addition to its cumulative capital
201	investment, in an amount equal to or greater than the applied
202	credit within 5 years after the date that the qualifying
203	business first applied the sales and use tax credit to its sales
204	and use tax return.
205	b. A qualifying business must annually provide to the
206	office, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
207	House of Representatives a report listing the capital
208	investments made in each tax year of the business in which the
209	business claims a sales and use tax credit pursuant to this
210	paragraph and must provide a final summary report of all capital
211	investments made pursuant to requirements of this paragraph.
212	c. If the qualifying business fails to make the capital
213	investments pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. or if the business
214	fails to report its capital investments pursuant to subparagraph
215	(a)2., the qualifying business shall repay to the department the
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216 difference between the sales and use tax credits received and 217 the amount of capital investments accounted for, plus interest 218 as provided for delinquent taxes under chapter 212. 219 d. To be eligible for the sales and use tax credit, a 220 qualifying business must have its headquarters in this state; 221 qualify for the capital investment tax credit pursuant to 222 subparagraph (a)1.; and between January 1, 2006, and December 223 31, 2008, signed an agreement with the department for the 224 determination of income generated by or arising out of the 225 qualifying project. 226 e. The qualifying business must notify the department of 227 its intent to apply the credit against its state sales and use 228 taxes and the amount it is entitled to claim prior to claiming 229 the credit as provided in s. 212.08(5)(r). The department will 230 send written instructions to the taxpayer on how to claim the 231 credit on a sales and use tax return initiated through 232 electronic data exchange. 233 2. The maximum amount of tax credits that any one 234 qualifying business may claim as a state sales and use tax 235 credit under this section on sales and use tax returns due 236 during any state fiscal year is \$5 million. 237 3. The office and the department may adopt rules to 238 administer this paragraph. (3) (a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), an annual credit 239 240 against the tax imposed by this chapter shall be granted to a 241 qualifying business which establishes a qualifying project 242 pursuant to subparagraph (1)(h)3., in an amount equal to the 243 lesser of \$15 million or 5 percent of the eligible capital costs 244 made in connection with a qualifying project, for a period not

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to exceed 20 years beginning with the commencement of operations of the project. The tax credit shall be granted against the corporate income tax liability of the qualifying business and as further provided in paragraph (c). The total tax credit provided pursuant to this subsection shall be equal to no more than 100 percent of the eligible capital costs of the qualifying project.

251 (b) If the credit granted under this subsection is not 252 fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability 253 on the part of the qualifying business, the unused amount may be 254 carried forward for a period not to exceed 20 years after the 255 commencement of operations of the project. The carryover credit 256 may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this 257 chapter for that year exceeds the credit for which the 258 qualifying business is eligible in that year under this 259 subsection after applying the other credits and unused 260 carryovers in the order provided by s. 220.02(8).

261 (c) The credit granted under this subsection may be used in whole or in part by the qualifying business or any corporation 262 263 that is either a member of that qualifying business's affiliated 264 group of corporations, is a related entity taxable as a 265 cooperative under subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code, or, 266 if the qualifying business is an entity taxable as a cooperative 267 under subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code, is related to 268 the qualifying business. Any entity related to the qualifying 269 business may continue to file as a member of a Florida-nexus 270 consolidated group pursuant to a prior election made under s. 271 220.131(1), Florida Statutes (1985), even if the parent of the group changes due to a direct or indirect acquisition of the 272 273 former common parent of the group. Any credit can be used by any



of the affiliated companies or related entities referenced in this paragraph to the same extent as it could have been used by the qualifying business. However, any such use shall not operate to increase the amount of the credit or extend the period within which the credit must be used.

(4) <u>Before</u> Prior to receiving tax credits pursuant to this section, a qualifying business must achieve and maintain the minimum employment goals beginning with the commencement of operations at a qualifying project and continuing each year thereafter during which tax credits are available pursuant to this section.

285 (5) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant 286 to s. 288.061. The office, upon a recommendation by Enterprise 287 Florida, Inc., shall first certify a business as eligible to 288 receive tax credits pursuant to this section prior to the 289 commencement of operations of a qualifying project, and such 290 certification shall be transmitted to the Department of Revenue. 291 Upon receipt of the certification, the Department of Revenue 292 shall enter into a written agreement with the qualifying 293 business specifying, at a minimum, the method by which income 294 generated by or arising out of the qualifying project will be 295 determined.

(6) The office, in consultation with Enterprise Florida,
Inc., is authorized to develop the necessary guidelines and
application materials for the certification process described in
subsection (5).

300 (7) It shall be the responsibility of The qualifying
 301 business <u>has the responsibility</u> to affirmatively demonstrate to
 302 the satisfaction of the Department <del>of Revenue</del> that such business

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303	meets the job creation and capital investment requirements of
304	this section.
305	(8) The Department <del>of Revenue</del> may specify by rule the
306	methods by which a project's pro forma annual taxable income is
307	determined.
308	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.
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312	And the title is amended as follows:
313	Delete everything before the enacting clause
314	and insert:
315	A bill to be entitled
316	An act relating to the capital investment tax credit;
317	amending s. 212.08, F.S.; specifying procedures to claim a sales
318	and use tax credit; amending s. 220.191, F.S.; authorizing a
319	qualifying business that has insufficient corporate income tax
320	liability to fully claim a capital investment tax credit to
321	apply the credit against its liability for sales and use taxes
322	to be collected, reported, and remitted to the Department of
323	Revenue; requiring a qualifying business that receives a credit
324	against its sales and use tax liability to make additional
325	capital investments; requiring a qualifying business to annually
326	report its capital investments to the Office of Tourism, Trade,
327	and Economic Development, the President of the Senate, and the
328	Speaker of the House of Representatives; requiring a qualifying
329	business that fails to make the required capital investments to
330	repay the amount of the sales and use tax credit claimed with
331	interest; limiting the availability of the sales and use tax



332 credit to certain businesses that have their headquarters in 333 this state, that qualify for the capital investment tax credit 334 under certain circumstances, and that entered in an agreement with the Department of Revenue during a certain period; limiting 335 336 the annual amount of tax credits that may be approved for each 337 eligible qualifying business; authorizing the Office of Tourism, 338 Trade, and Economic Development and the Department of Revenue to 339 adopt rules; providing an effective date.