LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
Comm: WD		
04/13/2011	•	
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The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Bogdanoff) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraphs (f), (h), (j), and (l) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 409.1671, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.1671 Foster care and related services; outsourcing.- (1)

10 (f)<del>1.</del> The Legislature finds that the state has 11 traditionally provided foster care services to children who <u>are</u> 12 have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster

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13 children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has also 14 15 determined that foster care and related services need to be outsourced <del>pursuant to this section</del> and that the provision of 16 17 such services is of paramount importance to the state. The purpose for such outsourcing is to increase the level of safety, 18 19 security, and stability of children who are or become the 20 responsibility of the state.

21 1. One of the components necessary to secure a safe and 22 stable environment for such children is for that private 23 providers to maintain liability insurance. As Such<sub>au</sub> insurance 24 needs to be available and remain available to nongovernmental 25 foster care and related services providers without the resources 26 of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance. To ensure that these resources are 27 28 not significantly reduced, specified limits of liability are 29 necessary for eligible lead community-based providers and 30 subcontractors engaged in the provision of services previously 31 performed by the Department of Children and Family Services.

32 2. The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the 33 following minimum levels of insurance, children in outsourced 34 foster care and related services will gain increased protection 35 and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for 36 in s. 768.28.

(h) Other than an entity to which s. 768.28 applies, any eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (e), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i), must, as a part of its contract, obtain general liability coverage for a minimum of \$500,000 \$1 million



42 per <u>occurrence or</u> claim <u>with a policy limit aggregate of</u>  $\neq \frac{52}{3}$ 43 million <del>per incident</del> in general liability insurance coverage.

44 1. The eligible lead community-based provider must also 45 require that staff who transport client children and families in 46 their personal automobiles in order to carry out their job responsibilities to obtain minimum bodily injury liability 47 insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per person claim, \$300,000 48 49 per accident incident, on their personal automobiles. In lieu of 50 personal motor vehicle insurance, the lead community-based 51 provider's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance 52 carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This 53 insurance provides liability insurance for automobiles that the provider uses in connection with the provider's business but 54 55 does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes automobiles owned by the employees of the provider or a member 56 of the employee's household but only while the automobiles are 57 58 used in connection with the provider's business. The nonowned 59 automobile coverage for the provider applies as excess coverage 60 over any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile 61 policy for the employee of the provider shall be primary 62 insurance, and the nonowned automobile coverage of the provider 63 acts as excess insurance to the primary insurance. The provider shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million per occurrence and 64 65 \$2 million in the aggregate for in nonowned automobile coverage.

66 <u>2.</u> In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead 67 community-based provider or employee, net economic damages <u>are</u> 68 shall be limited to <u>\$500,000</u> <del>\$1 million</del> per <u>occurrence, \$1</u> 69 <u>million in the aggregate, <del>liability claim</del> and \$100,000 per</u> 69 automobile claim, including, but not limited to, past and future

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71 medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, 72 offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any 73 tort action for economic damages, the total amount recoverable 74 by all claimants is limited to no more than \$1 million against 75 the Department of Children and Family Services, lead agencies, 76 and all subcontractors involved in the same incident or 77 occurrence, when totaled together. In any tort action brought 78 against such an eligible lead community-based provider, 79 noneconomic damages are shall be limited to \$200,000 per 80 occurrence and \$500,000 in the aggregate. In any tort action for 81 noneconomic damages, the total amount recoverable by all 82 claimants is limited to no more than \$1 million against the department, lead agencies, and all subcontractors involved in 83 84 the same incident or occurrence, when totaled together claim. 3. A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant 85

96 pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits 97 specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source 98 payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall 99 be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead community-based 90 provider <u>is shall</u> not <del>be</del> liable in tort for the acts or 91 omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or 92 employees of its subcontractors.

(j) Any subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (e), which is a direct provider of foster care and related services to children and families, and its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i), must, as a part of its contract, obtain general liability insurance coverage for a minimum of \$500,000 \$1 million per occurrence or claim with a policy limit

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100  $\frac{\text{aggregate of}}{\text{insurance coverage.}}$  million per incident in general liability

102 1. The subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based 103 provider must also require that staff who transport client 104 children and families in their personal automobiles in order to 105 carry out their job responsibilities obtain minimum bodily 106 injury liability insurance in the amount of \$100,000 per person claim, \$300,000 per accident incident, on their personal 107 108 automobiles. In lieu of personal motor vehicle insurance, the 109 subcontractor's casualty, liability, or motor vehicle insurance 110 carrier may provide nonowned automobile liability coverage. This 111 insurance provides liability insurance for automobiles that the subcontractor uses in connection with the subcontractor's 112 113 business but does not own, lease, rent, or borrow. This coverage includes automobiles owned by the employees of the subcontractor 114 or a member of the employee's household but only while the 115 116 automobiles are used in connection with the subcontractor's 117 business. The nonowned automobile coverage for the subcontractor 118 applies as excess coverage over any other collectible insurance. The personal automobile policy for the employee of the 119 120 subcontractor is shall be primary insurance, and the nonowned 121 automobile coverage of the subcontractor acts as excess 122 insurance to the primary insurance. The subcontractor shall provide a minimum limit of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 123 124 million in the aggregate in nonowned automobile coverage.

125 <u>2.</u> In any tort action brought against such subcontractor or 126 employee, net economic damages <u>are shall be</u> limited to <u>\$500,000</u> 127 <del>\$1 million</del> per <u>occurrence</u>, \$1 million in the aggregate, 128 <del>liability claim</del> and \$100,000 per automobile claim, including,

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129 but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, 130 and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action for economic 131 132 damages, the total amount recoverable by all claimants is 133 limited to no more than \$2 million against the Department of 134 Children and Family Services, lead agencies, and all 135 subcontractors involved in the same incident or occurrence, when 136 totaled together. In any tort action brought against such 137 subcontractor, noneconomic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 138 per claim and \$500,000 per incident. In any tort action for 139 noneconomic damages, the total amount recoverable by all 140 claimants is limited to no more than \$1 million against the department, lead agencies, and all subcontractors involved in 141 142 the same incident or occurrence, when totaled together.

<u>3.</u> A claims bill may be brought on behalf of a claimant
pursuant to s. 768.28 for any amount exceeding the limits
specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source
payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall
be in accordance with s. 768.76.

(1) The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing costs of 148 149 goods and services each year and recognizes that fixing a set 150 amount of compensation actually has the effect of a reduction in 151 compensation each year. Accordingly, the conditional limitations 152on damages in this section shall be increased at the rate of 5 153 percent each year, prorated from the effective date of this 154 paragraph to the date at which damages subject to such 155 limitations are awarded by final judgment or settlement.

(2) (a) The Department <u>of Children and Family Services</u> may
 contract for the delivery, administration, or management of

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158 protective services, the services specified in subsection (1) 159 relating to foster care, and other related services or programs, 160 as appropriate. The department shall use diligent efforts to 161 ensure that retain responsibility for the quality of contracted 162 services and programs and shall ensure that services are of high 163 quality and delivered in accordance with applicable federal and 164 state statutes and regulations. However, the department is not 165 liable in tort for the acts or omissions of an eligible lead 166 community-based provider or the officers, agents, or employees of the provider, nor is the department liable in tort for the 167 168 acts or omissions of the subcontractors of eligible lead 169 community-based providers or the officers, agents, or employees 170 of its subcontractors. The department may not require an 171 eligible lead community-based provider or its subcontractors to 172 indemnify the department for the department's own acts or 173 omissions, nor may the department require an eligible lead 174 community-based provider or its subcontractors to include the 175 department as an additional insured on any insurance policy. A 176 lead community-based provider may not require its subcontractors 177 to add the lead community-based provider as an additional 178 insured on a liability policy. The department shall must adopt 179 written policies and procedures for monitoring the contract for 180 the delivery of services by lead community-based providers. The 181 These policies and procedures must, at a minimum, address the 182 evaluation of fiscal accountability and program operations, 183 including provider achievement of performance standards, 184 provider monitoring of subcontractors, and timely followup of corrective actions for significant monitoring findings related 185 186 to providers and subcontractors. These policies and procedures



187	must also include provisions for reducing the duplication of the
188	department's program monitoring activities both internally and
189	with other agencies, to the extent possible. The department's
190	written procedures must ensure that the written findings,
191	conclusions, and recommendations from monitoring the contract
192	for services of lead community-based providers are communicated
193	to the director of the provider agency as expeditiously as
194	possible.
195	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.
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198	And the title is amended as follows:
199	Delete everything before the enacting clause
200	and insert:
201	A bill to be entitled
202	An act relating to community-based care providers;
203	amending s. 409.1671, F.S.; decreasing the requisite
204	amount of insurance coverage for lead community-based
205	providers and their subcontractors; decreasing the
206	total amount of economic and noneconomic damages
207	recoverable from the Department of Children and Family
208	Services, the lead agencies, and all subcontractors;
209	providing immunity from liability for the department
210	for acts or omissions of a community-based provider or
211	subcontractor, or the officers, agents, or employees
212	thereof; prohibiting the department from requiring the
213	lead agency to indemnify the department or for a
214	subcontractor from requiring its subcontractors to add
215	the lead agency as an additional insured; providing an

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216 effective date.

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218 WHEREAS, lead community-based providers were established to 219 provide foster care and related services, and

WHEREAS, the goal of establishing these providers was to strengthen the support and commitment of communities to the reunification of families and the care of children and families and to increase the efficiency and accountability of providers, and

225 WHEREAS, lead community-based providers provide services 226 identical to those previously provided by the Department of 227 Children and Family Services, which was protected when 228 delivering those services by the state's sovereign immunity 229 limits, and

WHEREAS, the costs of litigation and attorney's fees
diminishes the resources available to the children and families
served by lead community-based providers, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the limits of liability for lead community-based providers should be reviewed, NOW, THEREFORE,