By Senator Fasano

193.1554, F.S.; reducing the amount that any change in

resulting from an annual reassessment may exceed the

amending s. 193.1555, F.S.; reducing the amount that

nonresidential real property resulting from an annual

F.S.; providing a definition; providing a first-time

exemption; providing for calculation of the exemption;

exemption; providing for an annual reduction in the

exemption during the applicability period; providing application procedures; providing for applicability of

specified provisions; providing for contingent effect

assessed value of the property for the prior year;

any change in the value of certain residential and

reassessment may exceed the assessed value of the

property for the prior year; creating s. 196.078,

Florida homesteader with an additional homestead

providing for the applicability period of the

of provisions and varying dates of application depending on the adoption and adoption date of

specified joint resolutions; authorizing the

rules; providing for retroactive application;

providing effective dates.

Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules;

providing for application and renewal of emergency

An act relating to ad valorem taxation; amending s.

the value of nonhomestead residential property

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in the general election held in November 2012, subsection (3) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-

(3) Beginning in 2013 2009, or the year following the year the property is placed on the tax roll, whichever is later, the property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change resulting from such reassessment may not exceed 3 10 percent of the assessed value of the property for the prior year.

Section 2. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in a special election held concurrent with the presidential preference primary in 2012, subsection (3) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-

(3) Beginning in 2012 2009, or the year following the year the property is placed on the tax roll, whichever is later, the property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change resulting from such reassessment may not exceed 3 10 percent of the assessed value of the property for the prior year.

Section 3. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in the general election held in November 2012, subsection (3) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and nonresidential real property.—

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(3) Beginning in 2013 2009, or the year following the year the property is placed on the tax roll, whichever is later, the property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change resulting from such reassessment may not exceed 3 10 percent of the assessed value of the property for the prior year.

Section 4. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in a special election held concurrent with the presidential preference primary in 2012, subsection (3) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and nonresidential real property.—

(3) Beginning in 2012 2009, or the year following the year the property is placed on the tax roll, whichever is later, the property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change resulting from such reassessment may not exceed 3 10 percent of the assessed value of the property for the prior year.

Section 5. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in the general election held in November 2012, section 196.078, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

196.078 Additional homestead exemption for a first-time Florida homesteader.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "first-time Florida homesteader" means a person who establishes the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in s. 196.031 within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 years to which the homestead exemption provided in s. 196.031(1)(a) applied.

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(2) Every first-time Florida homesteader is entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other than school district levies. The additional exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead was established or by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under s. 193.155, whichever is greater. Not more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall be allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption shall apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2012, but shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is first received.

(3) The property appraiser shall require a first-time Florida homesteader claiming an exemption under this section to submit, not later than March 1 on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue, a sworn statement attesting that the taxpayer, and each other person who holds legal or equitable title to the property, has not owned property in the prior 3 years that received the homestead exemption provided by s. 196.031. In order for the exemption to be retained upon the addition of another person to the title to the property, the person added must also submit, not later than the subsequent March 1 on a form prescribed by the department, a sworn

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statement attesting that he or she has not owned property in the prior 3 years that received the homestead exemption provided by s. 196.031.

(4) Sections 196.131 and 196.161 apply to the exemption provided in this section.

Section 6. If House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in a special election held concurrent with the presidential preference primary in 2012, section 196.078, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

196.078 Additional homestead exemption for a first-time Florida homesteader.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term "first-time Florida homesteader" means a person who establishes the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in s. 196.031 within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 years to which the homestead exemption provided in s. 196.031(1)(a) applied.
- (2) Every first-time Florida homesteader is entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other than school district levies. The additional exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead was established or by an amount equal to the difference between

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the just value of the property and the assessed value of the
property determined under s. 193.155, whichever is greater. Not
more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall be
allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption shall
apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, but
shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years after
the additional exemption is first received.

- (3) The property appraiser shall require a first-time Florida homesteader claiming an exemption under this section to submit, not later than March 1 on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue, a sworn statement attesting that the taxpayer, and each other person who holds legal or equitable title to the property, has not owned property in the prior 3 years that received the homestead exemption provided by s. 196.031. In order for the exemption to be retained upon the addition of another person to the title to the property, the person added must also submit, not later than the subsequent March 1 on a form prescribed by the department, a sworn statement attesting that he or she has not owned property in the prior 3 years that received the homestead exemption provided by s. 196.031.
- (4) Sections 196.131 and 196.161 apply to the exemption provided in this section.

Section 7. (1) In anticipation of implementing this act, the executive director of the Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to make necessary changes and preparations so that forms, methods, and data records, electronic or otherwise, are

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ready and in place if sections 2, 4, and 6 or sections 1, 3, and 5 of this act become law.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, such emergency rules shall remain in effect for 18 months after the date of adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, except that the sections of this act that take effect upon the approval of House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, by a vote of the electors in a special election held concurrent with the presidential preference primary in 2012 shall apply retroactively to the 2012 tax roll if the revision of the State Constitution contained in House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in a special election held concurrent with the presidential preference primary in 2012; or the sections of this act that take effect upon the approval of House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, by a vote of the electors in the general election held in November 2012 shall apply to the 2013 tax roll if the revision of the State Constitution contained in House Joint Resolution 381 or Senate Joint Resolution 658, 2011 Regular Session, is approved by a vote of the electors in the general election held in November of 2012.