

1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to blood establishments; amending s.
3 381.06014, F.S.; redefining the term "blood establishment"
4 and defining the term "volunteer donor"; prohibiting local
5 governments from restricting access to public facilities
6 or infrastructure for certain activities based on whether
7 a blood establishment is operating as a for-profit
8 organization or not-for-profit organization; prohibiting a
9 blood establishment from considering whether certain
10 customers are operating as for-profit organizations or
11 not-for-profit organizations when determining service fees
12 for selling blood or blood components; requiring that
13 certain blood establishments disclose specified
14 information on the Internet; authorizing the Department of
15 Legal Affairs to assess a civil penalty against a blood
16 establishment that fails to disclose specified information
17 on the Internet; providing that the civil penalty accrues
18 to the state and requiring that it be deposited as
19 received into the General Revenue Fund; amending s.
20 499.003, F.S.; redefining the term "health care entity" to
21 clarify that a blood establishment is a health care entity
22 that may engage in certain activities; amending s.
23 499.005, F.S.; clarifying provisions that prohibit the
24 unauthorized wholesale distribution of a prescription drug
25 that was purchased by a hospital or other health care
26 entity or donated or supplied at a reduced price to a
27 charitable organization, to conform to changes made by the
28 act; amending s. 499.01, F.S.; exempting certain blood

29 establishments from the requirements to be permitted as a
 30 prescription drug manufacturer and register products;
 31 requiring that certain blood establishments obtain a
 32 restricted prescription drug distributor permit under
 33 specified conditions; limiting the prescription drugs that
 34 a blood establishment may distribute under a restricted
 35 prescription drug distributor permit; authorizing the
 36 Department of Health to adopt rules regarding the
 37 distribution of prescription drugs by blood
 38 establishments; providing an effective date.

39

40 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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42 Section 1. Section 381.06014, Florida Statutes, is amended
 43 to read:

44 381.06014 Blood establishments.—

45 (1) As used in this section, the term:

46 (a) "Blood establishment" means any person, entity, or
 47 organization, operating within the state, which examines an
 48 individual for the purpose of blood donation or which collects,
 49 processes, stores, tests, or distributes blood or blood
 50 components collected from the human body for the purpose of
 51 transfusion, for any other medical purpose, or for the
 52 production of any biological product. A person, entity, or
 53 organization that uses a mobile unit to conduct such activities
 54 within the state is also a blood establishment.

55 (b) "Volunteer donor" means a person who does not receive
 56 remuneration, other than an incentive, for a blood donation

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57 intended for transfusion, and the product container of the
58 donation from the person qualifies for labeling with the
59 statement "volunteer donor" under 21 C.F.R. s. 606.121.

60 (2) Any blood establishment operating in the state may not
61 conduct any activity defined in paragraph (1) (a) subsection (1)
62 unless that blood establishment is operated in a manner
63 consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and
64 600-640, ~~Code of Federal Regulations.~~

65 (3) Any blood establishment determined to be operating in
66 the state in a manner not consistent with the provisions of
67 Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, ~~Code of Federal~~
68 ~~Regulations,~~ and in a manner that constitutes a danger to the
69 health or well-being of donors or recipients as evidenced by the
70 federal Food and Drug Administration's inspection reports and
71 the revocation of the blood establishment's license or
72 registration is ~~shall be~~ in violation of this chapter and must
73 ~~shall~~ immediately cease all operations in the state.

74 (4) The operation of a blood establishment in a manner not
75 consistent with the provisions of Title 21 C.F.R. parts 211 and
76 600-640, ~~Code of Federal Regulations,~~ and in a manner that
77 constitutes a danger to the health or well-being of blood donors
78 or recipients as evidenced by the federal Food and Drug
79 Administration's inspection process is declared a nuisance and
80 inimical to the public health, welfare, and safety. The Agency
81 for Health Care Administration or any state attorney may bring
82 an action for an injunction to restrain such operations or
83 enjoin the future operation of the blood establishment.

84 (5) A local government may not restrict the access to or

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85 use of any public facility or infrastructure for the collection
86 of blood or blood components from volunteer donors based on
87 whether the blood establishment is operating as a for-profit
88 organization or not-for-profit organization.

89 (6) In determining the service fee of blood or blood
90 components received from volunteer donors and sold to hospitals
91 or other health care providers, a blood establishment may not
92 base the service fee of the blood or blood component solely on
93 whether the purchasing entity is a for-profit organization or
94 not-for-profit organization.

95 (7) A blood establishment that collects blood or blood
96 components from volunteer donors must disclose on the Internet
97 the information required under this subsection to educate and
98 inform donors and the public about the blood establishment's
99 activities. A hospital that collects blood or blood components
100 to be used only by that hospital's licensed facilities or by a
101 health care provider that is a part of the hospital's business
102 entity is exempt from the disclosure requirements in this
103 subsection. The information required to be disclosed under this
104 subsection may be cumulative for all blood establishments within
105 a business entity. A blood establishment must disclose on its
106 website all of the following information:

107 (a) A description of the steps involved in collecting,
108 processing, and distributing volunteer donations.

109 (b) By March 1 of each year, the number of units of blood
110 components which were:

111 1. Produced by the blood establishment during the
112 preceding calendar year;

113 2. Obtained from other sources during the preceding
114 calendar year;

115 3. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to
116 health care providers located outside this state. However, if
117 the blood establishment collects donations in a county outside
118 this state, distributions to health care providers in that
119 county shall be excluded. Such information shall be reported in
120 the aggregate for health care providers located within the
121 United States and its territories or outside the United States
122 and its territories; and

123 4. Distributed during the preceding calendar year to
124 entities that are not health care providers. Such information
125 shall be reported in the aggregate for purchasers located within
126 the United States and its territories or outside the United
127 States and its territories.

128 (c) The blood establishment's conflict-of-interest policy,
129 policy concerning related-party transactions, whistleblower
130 policy, and policy for determining executive compensation. If a
131 change occurs to any of these documents, the revised document
132 must be available on the blood establishment's website by the
133 following March 1.

134 (d) Except for a hospital that collects blood or blood
135 components from volunteer donors:

136 1. The most recent 3 years of the Return of Organization
137 Exempt from Income Tax, Internal Revenue Service Form 990, if
138 the business entity for the blood establishment is eligible to
139 file such return. The Form 990 must be available on the blood
140 establishment's website within 60 calendar days after it is

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141 filed with the Internal Revenue Service; or

142 2. If the business entity for the blood establishment is
143 not eligible to file the Form 990 return, a balance sheet,
144 income statement, and statement of changes in cash flow, along
145 with the expression of an opinion thereon by an independent
146 certified public accountant who audited or reviewed such
147 financial statements. Such documents must be available on the
148 blood establishment's website within 120 days after the end of
149 the blood establishment's fiscal year and must remain on the
150 blood establishment's website for at least 36 months.

151 (8) A blood establishment is liable for a civil penalty
152 for failing to make the disclosures required under subsection
153 (7). The Department of Legal Affairs may assess the civil
154 penalty against the blood establishment for each day that it
155 fails to make such required disclosures, but the penalty may not
156 exceed \$10,000 per year. If multiple blood establishments
157 operated by a single business entity fail to meet such
158 disclosure requirements, the civil penalty may be assessed
159 against only one of the business entity's blood establishments.
160 The Department of Legal Affairs may terminate an action if the
161 blood establishment agrees to pay a stipulated civil penalty. A
162 civil penalty so collected accrues to the state and shall be
163 deposited as received into the General Revenue Fund unallocated.
164 The Department of Legal Affairs may terminate the action and
165 waive the civil penalty upon a showing of good cause by the
166 blood establishment as to why the required disclosures were not
167 made.

168 Section 2. Subsection (23) of section 499.003, Florida

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169 Statutes, is amended to read:

170 499.003 Definitions of terms used in this part.—As used in
 171 this part, the term:

172 (23) "Health care entity" means a closed pharmacy or any
 173 person, organization, or business entity that provides
 174 diagnostic, medical, surgical, or dental treatment or care, or
 175 chronic or rehabilitative care, but does not include any
 176 wholesale distributor or retail pharmacy licensed under state
 177 law to deal in prescription drugs. However, a blood
 178 establishment is a health care entity that may engage in the
 179 wholesale distribution of prescription drugs under s.
 180 499.01(2)(g)1.c.

181 Section 3. Subsection (21) of section 499.005, Florida
 182 Statutes, is amended to read:

183 499.005 Prohibited acts.—It is unlawful for a person to
 184 perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in
 185 this state:

186 (21) The wholesale distribution of any prescription drug
 187 that was:

188 (a) Purchased by a public or private hospital or other
 189 health care entity; or

190 (b) Donated or supplied at a reduced price to a charitable
 191 organization,

192
 193 unless the wholesale distribution of the prescription drug is
 194 authorized in s. 499.01(2)(g)1.c.

195 Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (2) of
 196 section 499.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

197 499.01 Permits.—

198 (2) The following permits are established:

199 (a) *Prescription drug manufacturer permit.*—A prescription
 200 drug manufacturer permit is required for any person that is a
 201 manufacturer of a prescription drug and that manufactures or
 202 distributes such prescription drugs in this state.

203 1. A person that operates an establishment permitted as a
 204 prescription drug manufacturer may engage in wholesale
 205 distribution of prescription drugs manufactured at that
 206 establishment and must comply with all of the provisions of this
 207 part, except s. 499.01212, and the rules adopted under this
 208 part, except s. 499.01212, which ~~that~~ apply to a wholesale
 209 distributor.

210 2. A prescription drug manufacturer must comply with all
 211 appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices.

212 3. A blood establishment, as defined in s. 381.06014,
 213 operating in a manner consistent with the provisions of Title 21
 214 C.F.R. parts 211 and 600-640, and manufacturing only the
 215 prescription drugs described in s. 499.003(54)(d) is not
 216 required to be permitted as a prescription drug manufacturer
 217 under this paragraph or to register products under s. 499.015.

218 (g) *Restricted prescription drug distributor permit.*—

219 1. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is
 220 required for:

221 a. Any person located in this state that engages in the
 222 distribution of a prescription drug, which distribution is not
 223 considered "wholesale distribution" under s. 499.003(54)(a).

224 ~~b.1.~~ Any A person located in this state who engages in the

225 receipt or distribution of a prescription drug in this state for
 226 the purpose of processing its return or its destruction ~~must~~
 227 ~~obtain a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor~~ if
 228 such person is not the person initiating the return, the
 229 prescription drug wholesale supplier of the person initiating
 230 the return, or the manufacturer of the drug.

231 c. A blood establishment located in this state which
 232 collects blood and blood components only from volunteer donors
 233 as defined in s. 381.06014 or pursuant to an authorized
 234 practitioner's order for medical treatment or therapy and
 235 engages in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug not
 236 described in s. 499.003(54) (d) to a health care entity. The
 237 health care entity receiving a prescription drug distributed
 238 under this sub-subparagraph must be licensed as a closed
 239 pharmacy or provide health care services at that establishment.
 240 The blood establishment must operate in accordance with s.
 241 381.06014 and may distribute only:

242 (I) Prescription drugs indicated for a bleeding or
 243 clotting disorder or anemia;

244 (II) Blood-collection containers approved under s. 505 of
 245 the federal act;

246 (III) Drugs that are blood derivatives, or a recombinant
 247 or synthetic form of a blood derivative;

248 (IV) Prescription drugs that are identified in rules
 249 adopted by the department and that are essential to services
 250 performed or provided by blood establishments and authorized for
 251 distribution by blood establishments under federal law; or

252 (V) To the extent authorized by federal law, drugs

253 necessary to collect blood or blood components from volunteer
 254 blood donors; for blood establishment personnel to perform
 255 therapeutic procedures under the direction and supervision of a
 256 licensed physician; and to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent
 257 any reaction of either a volunteer blood donor or a patient
 258 undergoing a therapeutic procedure performed under the direction
 259 and supervision of a licensed physician,

260
 261 as long as all of the health care services provided by the blood
 262 establishment are related to its activities as a registered
 263 blood establishment or the health care services consist of
 264 collecting, processing, storing, or administering human
 265 hematopoietic stem cells or progenitor cells or performing
 266 diagnostic testing of specimens if such specimens are tested
 267 together with specimens undergoing routine donor testing.

268 2. Storage, handling, and recordkeeping of these
 269 distributions by a person required to be permitted as a
 270 restricted prescription drug distributor must comply with the
 271 requirements for wholesale distributors under s. 499.0121, but
 272 not those set forth in s. 499.01212 if the distribution occurs
 273 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.a. or sub-subparagraph 1.b.

274 3. A person who applies for a permit as a restricted
 275 prescription drug distributor, or for the renewal of such a
 276 permit, must provide to the department the information required
 277 under s. 499.012.

278 4. The department may adopt rules regarding the
 279 distribution of prescription drugs by hospitals, health care
 280 entities, charitable organizations, ~~or~~ other persons not

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281 | involved in wholesale distribution, and blood establishments,
282 | which rules are necessary for the protection of the public
283 | health, safety, and welfare.

284 | Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.