

House Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution to allow the Legislature by general law to prohibit increases in the assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property if the just value of the property decreases, reduce the limitation on annual assessment increases applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property for a specified time before purchase of the current homestead property, and application and limitations with respect thereto, delete a future repeal of provisions limiting annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property, and provide effective dates.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

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FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 ~~of this Article~~ shall have their homestead assessed ~~at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as~~ provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall change ~~be changed~~ annually on January 1 ~~1st~~ of each year. ~~but those changes in assessments~~

a. A change in an assessment may ~~shall~~ not exceed the lower of the following:

1.a. ~~Three percent (3%)~~ of the assessment for the prior year.

57 |       ~~2.b.~~ The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for  
 58 | all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or a  
 59 | successor index reports for the preceding calendar year as  
 60 | initially reported by the United States Department of Labor,  
 61 | Bureau of Labor Statistics.

62 |       b. The Legislature may provide by general law that, except  
 63 | for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead  
 64 | property assessed as provided in paragraph (5), an assessment  
 65 | may not increase if the just value of the property is less than  
 66 | the just value of the property on the preceding January 1.

67 |       (2) An ~~No~~ assessment may not ~~shall~~ exceed just value.

68 |       (3) After a ~~any~~ change of ownership, as provided by  
 69 | general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value  
 70 | as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of  
 71 | paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed  
 72 | as provided in this subsection.

73 |       (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value  
 74 | as of January 1 ~~1st~~ of the year following the establishment of  
 75 | the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply.  
 76 | That assessment shall ~~only~~ change only as provided in this  
 77 | subsection.

78 |       (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to  
 79 | homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general  
 80 | law. ~~; provided,~~ However, after the adjustment for any change,  
 81 | addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be  
 82 | assessed as provided in this subsection.

83 |       (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the  
 84 | property shall be assessed as provided by general law.

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85           (7) The provisions of this subsection ~~amendment~~ are  
 86 severable. If a provision ~~any of the provisions~~ of this  
 87 subsection is amendment ~~shall be~~ held unconstitutional by a ~~any~~  
 88 court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of the ~~such~~ court  
 89 does ~~shall~~ not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this  
 90 subsection ~~amendment~~.

91           (8)a. A person who ~~establishes a new homestead as of~~  
 92 ~~January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who~~ has  
 93 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 ~~of this~~  
 94 ~~Article~~ as of January 1 of either of the 2 ~~two~~ years immediately  
 95 preceding the establishment of a ~~the~~ new homestead is entitled  
 96 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. ~~If~~  
 97 ~~this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who~~  
 98 ~~establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled~~  
 99 ~~to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only~~  
 100 ~~if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1,~~  
 101 ~~2007.~~ The assessed value of the newly established homestead  
 102 shall be determined as follows:

103           1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than  
 104 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January  
 105 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the  
 106 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of  
 107 the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of  
 108 \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the  
 109 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the  
 110 year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the  
 111 homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

112           2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the

113 just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in  
 114 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of  
 115 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new  
 116 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and  
 117 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead.

118 However, if the difference between the just value of the new  
 119 homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated  
 120 pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the  
 121 assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that  
 122 the difference between the just value and the assessed value  
 123 equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as  
 124 provided in this subsection.

125       b. By general law and subject to conditions specified  
 126 therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this  
 127 paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

128       (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment  
 129 purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow  
 130 counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that  
 131 historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of  
 132 character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply  
 133 only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The  
 134 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by  
 135 general law.

136       (f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law,  
 137 provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead  
 138 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of  
 139 that property which results from the construction or  
 140 reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing

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141 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents  
 142 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse  
 143 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the  
 144 living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a  
 145 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

146 (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from  
 147 construction or reconstruction of the property.

148 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the  
 149 property as improved.

150 (g) For all levies other than school district levies,  
 151 assessments of residential real property, as defined by general  
 152 law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject  
 153 to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a)  
 154 through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

155 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be  
 156 changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.  
 157 However, ~~but~~ those changes in assessments may ~~shall~~ not exceed  
 158 3 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The  
 159 Legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes,  
 160 additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as  
 161 provided in paragraph (4), an assessment may not increase if the  
 162 just value of the property is less than the just value of the  
 163 property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

164 (2) An ~~No~~ assessment may not ~~shall~~ exceed just value.

165 (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by  
 166 general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity  
 167 that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just  
 168 value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property

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169 shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

170 (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to  
 171 such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.~~+~~  
 172 However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,  
 173 reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as  
 174 provided in this subsection.

175 (h) For all levies other than school district levies,  
 176 assessments of real property that is not subject to the  
 177 assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d)  
 178 and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

179 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be  
 180 changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law.  
 181 However,~~+~~ but those changes in assessments may ~~shall~~ not exceed  
 182 3 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The  
 183 Legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes,  
 184 additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as  
 185 provided in paragraph (5), an assessment may not increase if the  
 186 just value of the property is less than the just value of the  
 187 property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

188 (2) An ~~No~~ assessment may not ~~shall~~ exceed just value.

189 (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall  
 190 be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a  
 191 qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to  
 192 such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as  
 193 provided in this subsection.

194 (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall  
 195 be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a  
 196 change of ownership or control, as defined by general law,

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197 including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns  
 198 the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as  
 199 provided in this subsection.

200 (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to  
 201 such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.+  
 202 However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,  
 203 reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as  
 204 provided in this subsection.

205 (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to  
 206 conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of  
 207 the following in the determination of the assessed value of real  
 208 property used for residential purposes:

209 (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of  
 210 improving the property's resistance to wind damage.

211 (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.

212 (j) (1) The assessment of the following working waterfront  
 213 properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:

214 a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing  
 215 purposes.

216 b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for  
 217 vessel launches into waters that are navigable.

218 c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.

219 d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities,  
 220 commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction  
 221 and repair facilities and their support activities.

222 (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is  
 223 subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions  
 224 as specified by the legislature by general law.



225 SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.—

226 (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to  
 227 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the  
 228 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner,  
 229 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for  
 230 special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000  
 231 ~~twenty-five thousand dollars~~ and, for all levies other than  
 232 school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than  
 233 \$50,000 ~~fifty thousand dollars~~ and up to \$75,000 ~~seventy-five~~  
 234 ~~thousand dollars~~, upon establishment of right thereto in the  
 235 manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal  
 236 or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a  
 237 condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership  
 238 representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a  
 239 corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of  
 240 98 ~~ninety-eight~~ years. The exemption shall not apply with  
 241 respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first  
 242 determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4  
 243 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is  
 244 repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article  
 245 which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less  
 246 than just value.

247 (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any  
 248 individual or family unit or with respect to any residential  
 249 unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate  
 250 assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock  
 251 or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion  
 252 which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed

253 value of the property.

254 (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified  
 255 therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are  
 256 permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax  
 257 levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and  
 258 amount established by general law.

259 (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or  
 260 municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies  
 261 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an  
 262 additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 ~~fifty~~  
 263 ~~thousand dollars~~ to any person who has the legal or equitable  
 264 title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent  
 265 residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 ~~sixty-five~~  
 266 and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not  
 267 exceed \$20,000 ~~twenty thousand dollars~~. The general law must  
 268 allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional  
 269 exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by  
 270 ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and  
 271 must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income  
 272 limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost  
 273 of living.

274 (e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially  
 275 or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from  
 276 the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead  
 277 property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was  
 278 combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the  
 279 time of entering the military service of the United States, and  
 280 the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from

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281 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to  
 282 the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected  
 283 disability as determined by the United States Department of  
 284 Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this  
 285 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property  
 286 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of  
 287 entering military service, an official letter from the United  
 288 States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of  
 289 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence  
 290 that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and  
 291 a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property  
 292 appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must  
 293 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial,  
 294 and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general  
 295 law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent  
 296 years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is  
 297 self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

298 (f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions  
 299 specified therein, every person who establishes the right to  
 300 receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a)  
 301 within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who  
 302 has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which  
 303 the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is  
 304 entitled to an additional homestead exemption in an amount equal  
 305 to 50 percent of the homestead property's just value on January  
 306 1 of the year the homestead is established for all levies other  
 307 than school district levies. The additional exemption shall  
 308 apply for a period of 5 years or until the year the property is

309 sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the additional  
 310 exemption shall not exceed \$200,000 and shall be reduced in each  
 311 subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount  
 312 of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead  
 313 was established or by an amount equal to the difference between  
 314 the just value of the property and the assessed value of the  
 315 property determined under Section 4(d), whichever is greater.  
 316 Not more than one exemption provided under this subsection shall  
 317 be allowed per homestead property. The additional exemption  
 318 shall apply to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011,  
 319 if this amendment is approved at a special election held on the  
 320 date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after  
 321 January 1, 2012, if approved at the 2012 general election, but  
 322 shall not be available in the sixth and subsequent years after  
 323 the additional exemption is first received.

324 ARTICLE XII

325 SCHEDULE

326 SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on  
 327 property tax assessments.—The amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6  
 328 of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible  
 329 personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead  
 330 exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the  
 331 limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this  
 332 section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval  
 333 or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held  
 334 on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the  
 335 electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or,  
 336 if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or

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337 rejection at the next general election, shall take effect  
 338 January 1 of the year following such general election. The  
 339 amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (f)  
 340 and (g) of that section, creating a limitation on annual  
 341 assessment increases for specified real property, shall take  
 342 effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit  
 343 assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special  
 344 election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit  
 345 assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the  
 346 general election held in November of 2008. ~~Subsections (f) and~~  
 347 ~~(g) of Section 4 of Article VII are repealed effective January~~  
 348 ~~1, 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution~~  
 349 ~~propose an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (f)~~  
 350 ~~and (g), which shall be submitted to the electors of this state~~  
 351 ~~for approval or rejection at the general election of 2018 and,~~  
 352 ~~if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2019.~~

353 SECTION 32. Property assessments.—This section and the  
 354 amendment of Section 4 of Article VII protecting homestead and  
 355 specified nonhomestead property having a declining just value  
 356 and reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the  
 357 assessed value of nonhomestead property from 10 percent to 3  
 358 percent, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval  
 359 or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held  
 360 on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, shall  
 361 take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate  
 362 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if submitted to the  
 363 electors of this state for approval or rejection at the 2012  
 364 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.



393 Therefore, this amendment provides that the Legislature may, by  
 394 general law, provide that the assessed value of homestead and  
 395 specified nonhomestead property will not increase if the just  
 396 value of that property decreases, subject to any adjustment in  
 397 assessed value due to changes, additions, reductions, or  
 398 improvements to such property which are assessed as provided for  
 399 by general law. This amendment takes effect upon approval by the  
 400 voters, if approved at a special election held on the date of  
 401 the 2012 presidential preference primary and operates  
 402 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved by the voters  
 403 at the general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

404 (2) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 3 percent  
 405 the limitation on annual increases in assessments of  
 406 nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon  
 407 approval of the voters, if approved at a special election held  
 408 on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary and  
 409 operates retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved by  
 410 the voters at the general election, takes effect January 1,  
 411 2013.

412 (3) This amendment also provides owners of homestead  
 413 property who have not owned homestead property during the 3  
 414 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of the current  
 415 homestead property with an additional homestead exemption equal  
 416 to 50 percent of the property's just value in the first year for  
 417 all levies other than school district levies, limited to  
 418 \$200,000; applies the additional exemption for the shorter of 5  
 419 years or the year of sale of the property; reduces the amount of  
 420 the additional exemption in each succeeding year for 5 years by

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421 the greater of 20 percent of the amount of the initial  
422 additional exemption or the difference between the just value  
423 and the assessed value of the property; limits the additional  
424 exemption to one per homestead property; limits the additional  
425 exemption to properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011,  
426 if approved by the voters at a special election held on the date  
427 of the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on or after  
428 January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters at the 2012 general  
429 election; prohibits availability of the additional exemption in  
430 the sixth and subsequent years after the additional exemption is  
431 granted; and provides for the amendment to take effect upon  
432 approval of the voters and operate retroactively to January 1,  
433 2012, if approved at the special election held on the date of  
434 the 2012 presidential preference primary, or on January 1, 2013,  
435 if approved by the voters at the 2012 general election.

436 (4) This amendment also removes from the State  
437 Constitution a repeal, scheduled to take effect in 2019, of  
438 constitutional amendments adopted in 2008 that limit annual  
439 assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property.