

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R		
05/03/2011 05:36 PM	•	

Senator Fasano moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the resolving clause and insert:

5 That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of 6 Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of 7 Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution are 8 agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state 9 for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an 10 earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that 11 purpose:

ARTICLE VII FINANCE AND TAXATION

Page 1 of 17

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Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658

271546

14 SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.-By general law 15 regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just 16 valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided: 17 (a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for 18 19 noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general 20 law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use. (b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, 21 22 limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land

23 used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general 24 law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.

34 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall <u>change</u> be 35 changed annually on January <u>1</u> 1st of each year<u>.</u>; but those 36 changes in assessments

37 <u>a. A change in an assessment may shall</u> not exceed the lower 38 of the following:

39 <u>1.a.</u> Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior 40 year.

41 <u>2.b.</u> The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all 42 urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or a

Page 2 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658

271546

43 successor <u>index</u> reports for the preceding calendar year as
44 initially reported by the United States Department of Labor,
45 Bureau of Labor Statistics.

b. The legislature may provide by general law that, except
for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead
property assessed as provided in paragraph (5), an assessment
may not increase if the just value of the property is less than
the just value of the property on the preceding January 1.

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(2) <u>An</u> No assessment <u>may not shall</u> exceed just value.

(3) After <u>a</u> any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

57 (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value
58 as of January <u>1</u> 1st of the year following the establishment of
59 the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply.
60 That assessment shall only change <u>only</u> as provided in this
61 subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general
law.; provided, However, after the adjustment for any change,
addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be
assessed as provided in this subsection.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, theproperty shall be assessed as provided by general law.

69 (7) The provisions of this <u>subsection</u> amendment are
70 severable. If <u>a provision</u> any of the provisions of this
71 <u>subsection is</u> amendment shall be held unconstitutional by <u>a</u> any

Page 3 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



72 court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of <u>the</u> such court 73 <u>does</u> shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this 74 <u>subsection</u> amendment.

75 (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of 76 January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has 77 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this 78 Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately 79 preceding the establishment of a the new homestead is entitled 80 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If 81 this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who 82 establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 83 84 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 85 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows: 86

87 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 88 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the 89 90 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of 91 the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of 92 \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the 93 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the 94 95 homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

96 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the 97 just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in 98 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of 99 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new 100 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



101 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. 102 However, if the difference between the just value of the new 103 homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated 104 pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that 105 106 the difference between the just value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as 107 provided in this subsection. 108

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

112 (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow 113 114 counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of 115 116 character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply 117 only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by 118 119 general law.

(f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, 120 121 provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead 122 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of 123 that property which results from the construction or 124 reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing 125 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 126 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 127 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 128 129 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



(1) The increase in assessed value resulting fromconstruction or reconstruction of the property.

132 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the133 property as improved.

(g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

139 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law. However, \div 140 141 but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The 142 143 legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, 144 additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as 145 provided in paragraph (4), an assessment may not increase if the 146 just value of the property is less than the just value of the 147 property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

(2) <u>An</u> No assessment <u>may not</u> shall exceed just value.

(3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by
general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity
that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just
value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property
shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such
property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.;
However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

148

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



(h) For all levies other than school district levies,
assessments of real property that is not subject to the
assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d)
and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed 163 164 annually on the date of assessment provided by law. However, + 165 but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The 166 167 legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, 168 additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as 169 provided in paragraph (5), an assessment may not increase if the 170 just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law. 171

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(2) <u>An No</u> assessment <u>may not</u> shall exceed just value.

(3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be
assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a
change of ownership or control, as defined by general law,
including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns
the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such
property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.÷
However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



188 provided in this subsection. 189 (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to 190 conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of 191 the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes: 192 193 (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. 194 195 (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device. 196 (j) (1) The assessment of the following working waterfront 197 properties shall be based upon the current use of the property: 198 a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes. 199 b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable. 200 201 c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public. 202 d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, 203 commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction 204 and repair facilities and their support activities. 205 (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is 206 subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions 207 as specified by the legislature by general law. 208 SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-209 (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 210 211 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 212 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for 213 special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 214 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than 215 216 \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five

Page 8 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



217 thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal 218 219 or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a 220 condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a 221 222 corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 223 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with 224 respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first 225 determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 226 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is 227 repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article 228 which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less 229 than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or
municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies
and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an
additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



246 thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable 247 title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent 248 residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not 249 250 exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must 251 allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by 252 ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and 253 254 must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income 255 limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost 256 of living.

257 (e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or 258 totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the 259 amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was 260 261 combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the 262 time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from 263 264 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to 265 the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected 266 disability as determined by the United States Department of 267 Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this 268 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property 269 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of 270 entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of 271 272 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and 273 274 a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property

Page 10 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



275 appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must 276 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, 277 and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general 278 law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent 279 years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is 280 self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation. 281 (f) As provided by general law and subject to conditions 282 specified therein, every person who establishes the right to 283 receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) 284 within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who 285 has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which 286 the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is 287 entitled to an additional homestead exemption for all levies 288 except school district levies. The additional exemption is an 289 amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just 290 value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The 291 additional exemption may not exceed the median just value of all 292 homestead property within the county where the property at issue 293 is located for the calendar year immediately preceding January 1 294 of the year the homestead is established. The additional 295 exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year 296 the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the 297 additional exemption shall be reduced in each subsequent year by 298 an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional 299 exemption received in the year the homestead was established or 300 by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of 301 the property and the assessed value of the property determined 302 under Section 4(d), whichever is greater. Not more than one

303 exemption provided under this subsection shall be allowed per

Page 11 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658

271546

304	homestead property at one time. The additional exemption applies
305	to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if this
306	amendment is approved at a special election held on the date of
307	the 2012 presidential preference primary, or to property
308	purchased on or after January 1, 2012, if this amendment is
309	approved at the 2012 general election, but the additional
310	exemption is not available in the sixth and subsequent years
311	after it is first received.
312	ARTICLE XII
313	SCHEDULE
314	SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on
315	property tax assessmentsThe amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6
316	of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible
317	personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead
318	exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the
319	limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this
320	section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval
321	or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held
322	on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the
323	electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or,
324	if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or
325	rejection at the next general election, shall take effect
326	January 1 of the year following such general election. The
327	amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (f)
328	and (g) of that section, creating a limitation on annual
329	assessment increases for specified real property, shall take
330	effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit
331	assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special
332	election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit

Page 12 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



333 assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the 334 general election held in November of 2008. Subsections (g) (f) 335 and (h) (g) of Section 4 of Article VII, initially adopted as 336 subsections (f) and (g), are repealed effective January 1, 2023 337 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution propose 338 an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (g) (f) and 339 (h) $\frac{(g)}{(g)}$, which shall be submitted to the electors of this state 340 for approval or rejection at the general election of 2022 2018 341 and, if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2023 2019. 342 SECTION 32. Property assessments.-This section and the 343 amendment of Section 4 of Article VII addressing homestead and 344 specified nonhomestead property having a declining just value 345 and reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the 346 assessed value of nonhomestead property, if submitted to the 347 electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 348 349 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval 350 by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 351 2012, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for 352 approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take 353 effect January 1, 2013. 354 SECTION 33. Additional homestead exemption for owners of 355 homestead property who recently have not owned homestead 356 property.-This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article 357 VII providing for an additional homestead exemption for owners 358 of homestead property who have not owned homestead property 359 during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of 360 the current homestead property, if submitted to the electors of 361 this state for approval or rejection at a special election

Page 13 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



362	authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012
363	presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval
364	by the electors and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012,
365	and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for
366	properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, or if
367	submitted to the electors of this state for approval or
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	rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect
369	January 1, 2013, and the additional homestead exemption shall be
370	available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2012.
371	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
372	placed on the ballot:
373	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
374	ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6
375	ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 27, 32, 33
376	PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS; PROPERTY VALUE DECLINE; REDUCTION
377	FOR NONHOMESTEAD ASSESSMENT INCREASES; DELAY OF SCHEDULED
378	REPEAL
379	(1) This would amend Florida Constitution Article VII,
380	Section 4 (Taxation; assessments) and Section 6 (Homestead
381	exemptions). It also would amend Article XII, Section 27, and
382	add Sections 32 and 33, relating to the Schedule for the
383	amendments.
384	(2) In certain circumstances, the law requires the assessed
385	value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property to
386	increase when the just value of the property decreases.
387	Therefore, this amendment provides that the Legislature may, by
388	general law, provide that the assessment of homestead and
389	specified nonhomestead property may not increase if the just
390	value of that property is less than the just value of the

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



391 property on the preceding January 1, subject to any adjustment 392 in the assessed value due to changes, additions, reductions, or 393 improvements to such property which are assessed as provided for 394 by general law. This amendment takes effect upon approval by the 395 voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of 396 the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate 397 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 398 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.

(3) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 5 percent the limitation on annual changes in assessments of nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon approval of the voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

406 (4) This amendment also authorizes general law to provide, 407 subject to conditions specified in such law, an additional homestead exemption to every person who establishes the right to 408 409 receive the homestead exemption provided in the Florida Constitution within 1 year after purchasing the homestead 410 411 property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 412 calendar years to which the Florida homestead exemption applied. 413 The additional homestead exemption shall apply to all levies 414 except school district levies. The additional exemption is an 415 amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just 416 value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The 417 additional homestead exemption may not exceed an amount equal to the median just value of all homestead property within the 418 419 county where the property at issue is located for the calendar

Page 15 of 17

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



420 year immediately preceding January 1 of the year the homestead 421 is established. The additional exemption shall apply for the 422 shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property. The 423 amount of the additional exemption shall be reduced in each 424 subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount 425 of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead 426 was established or by an amount equal to the difference between 427 the just value of the property and the assessed value of the 428 property determined under Article VII, Section 4(d), whichever 429 is greater. Not more than one such exemption shall be allowed 430 per homestead property at one time. The additional exemption 431 applies to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if 432 approved by the voters at a special election held on the date of 433 the 2012 presidential preference primary, or to property 434 purchased on or after January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters 435 at the 2012 general election. The additional exemption is not 436 available in the sixth and subsequent years after it is first 437 received. The amendment shall take effect upon approval by the 438 voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of 439 the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate 440 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 general election, takes effect January 1, 2013. 441

(5) This amendment also delays until 2023, the repeal, currently scheduled to take effect in 2019, of constitutional amendments adopted in 2008 which limit annual assessment increases for specified nonhomestead real property. This amendment delays until 2022 the submission of an amendment proposing the abrogation of such repeal to the voters.

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for SJR 658



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450	And the title is amended as follows:
451	Delete everything before the resolving clause
452	and insert:
453	A bill to be entitled
454	A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4
455	and 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and
456	the creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of
457	the State Constitution to allow the Legislature by
458	general law to prohibit increases in the assessed
459	value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property
460	if the just value of the property decreases, reduce
461	the limitation on annual assessment increases
462	applicable to nonhomestead real property, provide an
463	additional homestead exemption for owners of homestead
464	property who have not owned homestead property for a
465	specified time before purchase of the current
466	homestead property, and application and limitations
467	with respect thereto, delay the future repeal of
468	provisions limiting annual assessment increases for
469	specified nonhomestead real property, and provide
470	effective dates.