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## FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Budget

576-02043A-11 20117150\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to cigarette, tobacco, and alcoholic beverage taxes; amending s. 20.165, F.S.; revising the rights of certain employees in the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; amending s. 210.01, F.S.; defining the term "program"; transferring and reassigning functions and responsibilities for the administration of cigarette, tobacco, and alcoholic beverage taxes from the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the General Tax Administration Program Office of the Department of Revenue; providing for a type two transfer of the resources associated with the administration of the taxes on cigarette and tobacco products and alcoholic beverages to the Department of Revenue; authorizing the executive director of the Department of Revenue to make organizational changes within the General Tax Administration Program Office to accommodate cigarette, tobacco, and alcoholic beverage tax administration; transferring rules; amending ss. 210.11 and 210.02, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 210.021, F.S.; requiring certain dealers who sell cigarettes to remit to the program any tax imposed by law by electronic funds transfer and to make a return in a manner that is initiated through an electronic data interchange; amending ss. 210.04, 210.05, and 210.06, F.S.; revising provisions to

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conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 210.07, F.S.; removing obsolete provisions related to cigarette vending machines; amending ss. 210.08, 210.09, 210.095, 210.11, 210.12, 210.13, and 210.14, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; requiring wholesale dealers to provide the program with certain information; amending s. 210.15, F.S.; providing that a permit or license to sell cigarettes may not be issued by the division to an applicant who is not a registered dealer with the program or to an applicant with an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program; amending ss. 210.16 and 210.1605, F.S.; authorizing the division to suspend or revoke a permit or license if a tax warrant has been outstanding against the license or permitholder for more than 3 months; amending ss. 210.161, 210.18, 210.1801, 210.185, and 210.20, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 210.19, F.S.; requiring that records and files of the program relating to ch. 210, F.S., be available in Tallahassee to the public at any time during business hours; requiring the program to prepare and make available a specified list and specified reports; amending s. 210.25, F.S.; defining the terms "distributor," "program," and "wholesale sales price"; amending s. 210.31, F.S.; requiring that certain dealers in cigarettes remit payments by electronic funds transfer and make a return in a manner that is initiated

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through an electronic data interchange; amending s. 210.35, F.S.; providing that a permit or license may not be issued by the division to a distributor who is not a registered dealer with the program or to a distributor who has an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program; amending ss. 210.40 and 210.45, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending ss. 210.50 and 210.51, F.S.; authorizing the division to suspend or revoke a permit or license, or to deny an application to renew a permit or license, if a tax warrant has been outstanding against the license or permitholder for more than 3 months; amending s. 210.55, F.S.; requiring wholesale dealers and distributing agents to provide the program with certain specified information; amending ss. 210.60, 210.65, and 210.70, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 559.79, F.S.; requiring the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Revenue to work cooperatively to establish an automated method for periodically disclosing information relating to licensees; amending s. 561.01, F.S.; defining the term "program"; creating s. 561.024, F.S.; providing that the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue is responsible for collecting taxes on alcoholic beverages and for distributing the funds collected; transferring and reassigning functions and responsibilities for the

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administration of alcoholic beverage taxes from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of Revenue; providing for a type two transfer of the resources associated with the administration of the alcoholic beverages to the Department of Revenue; authorizing the Executive Office of the Governor, under specified conditions, to transfer funds and positions between agencies; authorizing the executive director of the Department of Revenue to make organizational changes within the General Tax Administration Program Office to accommodate cigarette, tobacco, and alcoholic beverage tax administration; prohibiting the executive director from making organizational changes after a specified date; transferring rules relating to the collection and audit of taxes on alcoholic beverages; authorizing the Department of Revenue to enforce any rule adopted by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco for the collection and auditing of taxes relating to alcoholic beverages; amending s. 561.051, F.S.; requiring the director of the program to promptly report and remit to the Chief Financial Officer all taxes collected by the program; amending ss. 561.08 and 561.11, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 561.111, F.S.; requiring a beverage dealer who has paid a certain amount of taxes imposed under certain specified laws to remit payments by electronic funds transfer and to make a return in a manner that is initiated through an

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electronic data interchange; amending s. 561.15, F.S.; providing that a beverage permit or license may not be issued by the division to an applicant who is not a registered beverage dealer with the program or to an applicant who has an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program; amending ss. 561.221 and 561.25, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 561.27, F.S.; authorizing the division to deny an application to renew a beverage permit or license if a tax warrant from the program has been outstanding against the applicant for more than 3 months; amending ss. 561.29, 561.37, 561.41, 561.49, and 561.50, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 561.55, F.S.; requiring beverage manufacturers, distributors, brokers, sales agents, importers, and exporters to provide the program with certain specified information; amending ss. 561.57, 562.16, 562.20, 562.25, and 562.41, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending ss. 563.01, 564.01, and 565.01, F.S.; defining the term "program"; amending ss. 563.06, 563.07, 564.06, 565.02, 565.12, 565.13, 568.10, and 569.004, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 569.002, F.S.; defining the term "program"; amending s. 569.009, F.S.; authorizing the program to adopt rules; amending s. 213.05, F.S.; adding cross-references to conform to changes made by the act; providing legislative

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findings stating that there is an immediate threat to the welfare of the state if the act is not immediately implemented; providing for the need for emergency rules; authorizing the Department of Revenue and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to adopt emergency rules; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 20.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 20.165 Department of Business and Professional Regulation.—
  There is created a Department of Business and Professional
  Regulation.
- (9) (a) All employees authorized by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco shall have access to, and shall have the right to inspect, premises licensed by the division, to collect taxes and remit them to the officers entitled to them, and to examine the books and records of all licensees. The authorized employees shall require of each licensee strict compliance with the laws of this state relating to the transaction of such business.
- Section 2. Subsection (23) is added to section 210.01, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 210.01 Definitions.—When used in this part the following words shall have the meaning herein indicated:
- (23) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program
  Office within the Department of Revenue.
  - Section 3. In order to ensure the most effective and

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efficient collection of taxes and notwithstanding other
provisions of law to the contrary, the authority to collect
taxes on cigarettes and to distribute the funds collected, as
provided in chapter 210, Florida Statutes, is the responsibility
of the General Tax Administration Program Office within the
Department of Revenue.

- (1) All of the statutory powers, duties and functions, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds for the administration of collecting taxes on cigarettes shall be transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of Revenue effective July 1, 2011.
- (2) Notwithstanding ss. 216.292 and 216.351, Florida
  Statutes, upon approval by the Legislative Budget Committee, the
  Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds and
  positions between agencies to implement this act.
- establish, abolish, or consolidate bureaus, sections, or subsections within the General Tax Administration Program

  Office, and may reallocate duties and functions within the program to promote effective and efficient operation of the program. This subsection is subject to the requirements of s.

  216.181, Florida Statutes. The executive director may not establish, abolish, or consolidate bureaus, sections, or subsections after July 1, 2012, unless such action is approved by the Legislature or by law.
  - (4) The rules relating to the collection and audit of taxes

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on cigarettes are transferred from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of Revenue, which rules in effect at 11:59 p.m. on the day before this act takes effect shall become the rules of the Department of Revenue and shall remain in effect until amended or repealed in the manner provided by law. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules and forms pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer the collection and audit of cigarette taxes under this part.

- (5) The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation may enforce any rule adopted by the department providing collection and auditing services for taxes relating to cigarette, tobacco products, and alcoholic beverages.
- (6) The Department of Revenue is considered to be administering a revenue law of this state when the department implements this chapter. Sections 213.015(1)-(3), (5)-(7), (9)-(19), and (21); 213.018; 213.025; 213.051; 213.053; 213.0532; 213.0535; 213.055; 213.071; 213.10; 213.21(4); 213.2201; 213.23; 213.24; 213.25; 213.27; 213.28; 213.285; 213.34(1), (3), and (4); 213.37; 213.50; 213.67; 213.69; 213.73; 213.733; 213.74; 213.75; 213.756; and 213.75, Florida Statutes, apply to the collection of taxes on cigarette under chapter 210, Florida Statutes, by the Department of Revenue.

Section 4. Section 210.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.011 Cigarette surcharge levied; collection.-
- (1) A surcharge, in addition to all other taxes of every kind levied by law, is levied upon the sale, receipt, purchase,

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possession, consumption, handling, distribution, and use of cigarettes in this state, in the following amounts, except as otherwise provided in subsections (2)-(5), for cigarettes of standard dimensions:

- (a) Upon all cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand, 5 cents on each cigarette.
- (b) Upon all cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand and not more than 6 inches long, 10 cents on each cigarette.
- (c) Upon all cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand and more than 6 inches long, 20 cents on each cigarette.
- (2) The descriptions of cigarettes contained in subsection (1) are declared to be standard as to dimensions for the purpose of levying a surcharge as provided in this section. If any cigarette is received, purchased, possessed, sold, offered for sale, given away, or used which is of a size other than those standard dimensions, the cigarette is subject to a surcharge at the rate of 4.2 cents on each cigarette.
- (3) When cigarettes as described in paragraph (1)(a) are packed in varying quantities of 20 cigarettes or fewer, except the manufacturer's free samples authorized under s. 210.04(9), the following rates shall govern:
- (a) Packages containing 10 cigarettes or fewer require a surcharge of 50 cents.
- (b) Packages containing more than 10 but not more than 20 cigarettes require a surcharge of \$1.
- (4) When cigarettes as described in paragraph (1) (b) are packed in varying quantities of 20 cigarettes or fewer, except

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the manufacturer's free samples authorized under s. 210.04(9), the following rates shall govern:

- (a) Packages containing 10 cigarettes or fewer require a surcharge of \$1.
- (b) Packages containing more than 10 but not more than 20 cigarettes require a surcharge of \$2.
- (5) When cigarettes as described in paragraph (1)(c) are packed in varying quantities of 20 cigarettes or fewer, except the manufacturer's free samples authorized under s. 210.04(9), the following rates shall govern:
- (a) Packages containing 10 cigarettes or fewer require a surcharge of \$2.
- (b) Packages containing more than 10 but not more than 20 cigarettes require a surcharge of \$4.
- (6) This surcharge shall be paid by the dealer to the program division for deposit and distribution as hereinafter provided upon the first sale or transaction within the state, whether such sale or transfer is to the ultimate purchaser or consumer. The seller or dealer shall collect the surcharge from the purchaser or consumer, and the purchaser or consumer shall pay the surcharge to the seller. The seller or dealer is responsible for the collection of the surcharge and payment of the surcharge to the program division. All surcharges are due not later than the 10th day of the month following the calendar month in which they were incurred, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month. If the amount of surcharge due for a given period is assessed without allocating it to any particular month, the interest begins accruing on the date of the assessment. Whenever cigarettes are shipped from

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outside the state to anyone other than a distributing agent or wholesale dealer, the person receiving the cigarettes is responsible for the surcharge on the cigarettes and payment of the surcharge to the program division.

- (7) It is the legislative intent that the surcharge on cigarettes be uniform throughout the state.
- (8) The surcharge levied under this section shall be administered, collected, and enforced in the same manner as the tax imposed under s. 210.02.
- (9) Revenue produced from the surcharge levied under this section shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund within the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 5. Subsection (6) of section 210.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.02 Cigarette tax imposed; collection.-

division for deposit and distribution as hereinafter provided upon the first sale or transaction within the state, whether or not such sale or transfer be to the ultimate purchaser or consumer. The seller or dealer shall collect the tax from the purchaser or consumer, and the purchaser or consumer shall pay the tax to the seller. The seller or dealer is shall be responsible for the collection of the tax and the payment of the same to the program division. All taxes are due not later than the 10th day of the month following the calendar month in which they were incurred, and thereafter shall bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month. If the amount of tax due for a given period is assessed without allocating it to any particular month, the interest shall begin with the date of the assessment.

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Whenever cigarettes are shipped from outside the state to anyone other than a distributing agent or wholesale dealer, the person receiving the cigarettes <u>is</u> shall be responsible for the tax on the said cigarettes and the payment of same to the <u>program</u> division.

Section 6. Section 210.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.021 Filing of returns and payment of taxes by certified check or electronic means funds transfer.
- (1) The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation may require A dealer who sells cigarettes within the state and has paid \$20,000 or more in tax in the previous state fiscal year must to remit by certified check or electronic funds transfer any tax imposed under s. 210.02 by electronic funds transfer and make a return in a manner that is initiated through an electronic data interchange.
- (2) The provisions of this section are in addition to the requirements of s. 213.755 to file returns and remit payments to the program by electronic means. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation shall require for a period not to exceed 12 months that a dealer or agent, during the dealer's or agent's initial period of licensure or appointment, remit by certified check or electronic funds transfer any tax imposed under s. 210.02.
- (3) The division shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- Section 7. Subsections (6), (8), and (9) of section 210.04,

  Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 210.04 Construction; exemptions; collection.-

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(6) The sale of single or loose unpacked cigarettes is prohibited. The <u>program</u> division may authorize any person to give away sample packages of cigarettes, each to contain not less than two cigarettes upon which the taxes have been paid.

- (8) Except as hereinafter provided, all agents <u>are shall be</u> liable for the collection and payment of the tax imposed by this part and shall pay the tax to the <u>program division</u> by purchasing, under such regulations as it  $\underline{\text{may shall}}$  prescribe, adhesive stamps of such design and denominations as it  $\underline{\text{may shall}}$  prescribe.
- (9) Agents, located within or without the state, shall purchase stamps and affix such stamps in the manner prescribed to packages or containers of cigarettes to be sold, distributed, or given away within the state, in which case any dealer subsequently receiving such stamped packages of cigarettes will not be required to purchase and affix stamps on such packages of cigarettes. However, the program division may, in its discretion, authorize manufacturers to distribute in the state free sample packages of cigarettes containing not less than 2 or more than 20 cigarettes without affixing any surcharge and tax stamps provided copies of shipping invoices on such cigarettes are furnished, and payment of all surcharges and taxes imposed on such cigarettes by law is made, directly to the program division not later than the 10th day of each calendar month. The surcharge and tax on cigarettes in sample packages shall be based on a unit in accordance with the surcharges levied under s. 210.011(1) and the taxing provisions of s. 210.02(1).
- Section 8. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 210.05, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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210.05 Preparation and sale of stamps; discount.-

- (2) The program may division shall prescribe, prepare, and furnish stamps of such denominations and quantities as may be necessary for the payment of the tax imposed by this part, and may from time to time and as often as it deems advisable provide for the issuance and exclusive use of stamps of a new design and forbid the use of stamps of any other design. However, all stamps prescribed by the program division must be designed and furnished in a fashion that permits identification of the agent or wholesale dealer that affixed the stamp to the particular package of cigarettes by means of a serial number or other mark on the stamp. The program division shall make provisions for the sale of such stamps at such places and at such time as it may deem necessary.
- (3) (a) The division may appoint dealers in cigarettes, approved by the program manufacturers of cigarettes, within or without the state as agent to buy or affix stamps to be used in paying the tax herein imposed, but an agent shall at all times have the right to appoint a person in his or her employ who is to affix the stamps to any cigarettes under the agent's control; provided, however, that any wholesale dealer in the state has shall have the right to buy and affix such stamps. Whenever the program division shall sell and deliver to any such agent or wholesaler any such stamps, such agent or wholesaler is shall be entitled to receive as compensation for his or her services and expenses as such agent or wholesaler in affixing and accounting for the taxes represented by such stamps and to retain out of the moneys to be paid by the agent or wholesaler for such stamps a discount of 2 percent of the par value of any amount of stamps

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purchased during any fiscal year from July 1 through June 30 of the following year, provided the discount shall be computed on the basis of 24 cents per pack. A No such discount is not shall be allowed to a dealer, vendor, or distributor who sells or deals in any form of candy which resembles drug paraphernalia. Stamping locations approved by the program are division shall be responsible for computing the discount they receive pursuant to this paragraph, and the said computations shall be retained by the stamping location for a period of 5 years and shall be available to the program division. All stamps purchased from the division under this part shall be paid for in cash on delivery, except as hereinafter provided.

(b) Each agent appointed by the division and approved by the program to affix stamps may shall be authorized to purchase stamps by furnishing an irrevocable letter of credit or unconditional guaranty contract or by executing bond with a solvent surety company qualified to do business in this state, in an amount of 110 percent of the agent's estimated tax liability for 30 days, but not less than \$2,000, conditioned upon the said agent paying all taxes due the state arising hereunder. This form of payment in lieu of cash on delivery or its equivalent shall not preclude supplemental purchases for cash. Payment for each month's liability is shall be due on or before the 10th day of the month following the month in which the stamps were sold. Default in the aforesaid bonding and payment provisions by any agent may result in the revocation of his or her privilege to purchase stamps except for cash on delivery for a period up to 12 months in the discretion of the program division.

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(4) Upon the program's direction, the division shall may in its discretion revoke the authority of any agent failing to comply with the requirements of this part or the rules adopted and regulations promulgated hereunder, and such agent may in addition be punished in accordance with the provisions of this part.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 210.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.06 Affixation of stamps; presumption.-
- (4) Stamps shall be affixed to each package of cigarettes of an aggregate denomination not less than the amount of the tax upon the contents therein, and shall be affixed in such manner as to be visible to the purchaser. All stamps shall be affixed in the manner prescribed by the <u>program</u> division. The state may not impose an additional charge on stamps for printing costs.

Section 10. Section 210.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.07 Cigarette vending Metering machines.-
- (1) (a) The tax may also be paid through the use of cigarette tax stamp insignia to be applied by the use of metering machines. The division shall prescribe and promulgate appropriate rules and regulations governing the use of metering machines, the procedure for the payment of such cigarette taxes through the use thereof, requiring adequate surety bonds of the users thereof to assure the proper use of such machines and payment of all cigarette taxes that might come due by the users thereof, and all other rules and regulations necessary and proper to govern the use of same.
  - (b) The provisions of s. 210.05(3)(a) and (b) shall be

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applicable to cigarette taxes paid through the use of metering machines.

(2) All provisions of this part governing the use of cigarette tax stamps, the compiling of records, the making of reports, permits and revocation of permits, seizures and forfeitures, penalties, and all other provisions pertaining to the payment of cigarette taxes through the use of stamps, shall likewise be applicable to the payment of said taxes through the use of metering machines.

(1) (3) Wholesale or retail dealers of cigarettes owning, leasing, furnishing, or operating cigarette vending machines shall affix to each such machine, in a conspicuous place, an identification sticker furnished by the division. Every sticker must shall show the vending machine serial number and the name and address of the cigarette wholesale or retail dealer owning, leasing, furnishing, or operating said vending machine.

(2) (4) No vending machine shall be allowed to operate in the state that does not have affixed thereto the identification sticker required by this section nor shall any vending machine be allowed to operate in the state that does not display at all times at least one package of each brand of the packages located therein so the same are clearly visible and arranged in such a manner that the cigarette tax stamps or meter impressions of stamps affixed thereto are clearly visible. It is shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation operating a cigarette vending machine in this state to furnish the division the location of the vending machine and to report within 30 days to the division any change of location of the vending machine.

Section 11. Section 210.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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494 read:

210.08 Bond for payment of taxes.—Each dealer, agent, or distributing agent shall file with the division a surety bond, certificate of deposit, or irrevocable letter of credit acceptable to the <u>program</u> division in an amount equal to 110 percent of the estimated tax liability for 30 days, but not less than \$2,000.

Section 12. Section 210.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.09 Records to be kept; reports to be made; examination.—

- (1) (a) Every person who possesses shall possess or transports transport any unstamped cigarettes upon the public highways, roads, or streets of the state, is shall be required to have in his or her actual possession invoices or delivery tickets for such cigarettes. The absence of such invoices or delivery tickets is shall be prima facie evidence that the such person is a dealer in cigarettes in this state and subject to the provisions of this part.
- (b) Any person who ships unstamped cigarette packages into this state other than to a manufacturer, an importer, or a distributing agent representing a manufacturer or an importer, or dealer holding a valid, current permit pursuant to s. 210.15 shall first file with the <u>program division</u> a notice of such shipment. This paragraph <u>does shall</u> not apply to any common or contract carrier that:
- 1. Is transporting cigarettes through this state to another location outside this state under a proper bill of lading or freight bill that states the quantity, source, and destination

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of such cigarettes or to cigarettes shipped or otherwise transported pursuant to s. 210.04(9); or

- 2. Does not issue paper bills of lading or freight bills and does not obtain specific information about the contents of the shipment that includes a description of the freight carried but uses electronic shipping documents as part of its ordinary course of business to provide transportation services for individually addressed packages weighing less than 150 pounds, which electronic shipping documents shall be made available for inspection upon request.
- (c) In any case in which the division or its duly authorized agent, or any law enforcement officer of this state, has probable cause to believe that any vehicle is transporting cigarettes in violation of this part, the division, the such agent, or the such law enforcement officer is authorized to stop the such vehicle and inspect the vehicle for contraband cigarettes.
- prescribe and promulgate by rule rules and regulations, which shall have the force and effect of the law, such records to be kept and reports to be made to the program division by any manufacturer, importer, distributing agent, wholesale dealer, retail dealer, common carrier, or any other person handling, transporting or possessing cigarettes for sale or distribution within the state as may be necessary to collect and properly distribute the taxes imposed by s. 210.02. All reports shall be made on or before the 10th day of the month following the month for which the report is made, unless the program division by rule or regulation shall prescribe that reports be made more

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- (3) All manufacturers, importers, distributing agents, wholesale dealers, agents, or retail dealers shall maintain and keep for a period of 3 years at the place of business where any transaction takes place, such records of cigarettes received, sold, or delivered within the state as may be required by the program division. The program or division or their its duly authorized representative is hereby authorized to examine the books, papers, invoices, and other records, the stock of cigarettes in and upon any premises where the same are placed, stored, and sold, and the equipment of any such manufacturers, importers, distributing agents, wholesale dealers, agents, or retail dealers, pertaining to the sale and delivery of cigarettes taxable under this part. To verify the accuracy of the tax imposed and assessed by this part, each person is hereby directed and required to give to the program division or its duly authorized representatives the means, facilities, and opportunity for such examinations as are herein provided for and required.
- (4) (a) All persons who are either cigarette manufacturers, importers, wholesalers, or distributing agents, and agents and employees of the same, shall are required to keep daily sales tickets or invoices of cigarette sales and it is shall be the duty of these said persons to see that each sales ticket and invoice handled by them or on behalf of them show the correct name and address to whom sold and the number of packages or cartons of each brand sold. It is shall also be the duty of these said persons to see that each sales ticket or invoice correctly shows whether the same is inside or outside of a

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qualified municipality and if the sale is made within the limits of a qualified municipality, the correct name of the municipality must be indicated.

- (b) The division shall suspend or revoke the license of any person who is either a cigarette wholesaler, vending machine operator, or distributing agent upon notification from the program of sufficient cause appearing that this person or his or her agent or employee has the said persons, their agents or employees have failed to keep daily sales tickets or invoices in accordance with this section.
- (5) Common carriers in this state are required to report to the <u>program</u> division all packages or cartons of unstamped cigarettes which are refused by the consignee because of damage or otherwise. Authority in writing from the <u>program</u> division must be obtained to sell or dispose of such unstamped cigarettes. Any dealer or distributing agent, who refuses any shipment or part of a shipment of unstamped cigarettes, must show in the next monthly report to the <u>program</u> division the number of packages or cartons of cigarettes refused and the name of the common carrier from whom the cigarettes were refused.
- (6) In addition to the reporting requirements in this chapter, wholesale dealers must also provide the program with information regarding sales to the retail dealers: the names, addresses, retail tobacco products dealer permit numbers, and resale certificate numbers; the invoice numbers; the dates the products were sold; the quantity of each type of product sold; and the sales price of each type of product sold on their monthly returns.
  - Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a)

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and (b) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 210.095, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

210.095 Mail order, Internet, and remote sales of tobacco products; age verification.—

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- (b) A retailer must obtain a license from the division pursuant to the requirements of this chapter before accepting an order for a delivery sale.
- (6) (a) Before making sales or shipping tobacco products in connection with sales, a person shall file with the <u>program</u> division a statement providing the person's name, trade name, and the address of the person's principal place of business, as well as any other place of business.
- (b) No later than the 10th day of each month, each person who has made a sale or mailed, shipped, or otherwise delivered tobacco products in connection with any sale during the previous calendar month shall file with the <u>program</u> division a memorandum or a copy of the invoice, providing for each sale:
- 1. The name and address of the individual who submitted the order for the sale.
- 2. The name and address of the individual who accepted delivery of the tobacco products.
- 3. The name and address of the person who accepted the order for the sale of the tobacco products.
- 4. The name and address of the delivery service and the name of the individual making the delivery.
- 5. The brand or brands of the tobacco products sold in the sale.
  - 6. The quantity of each brand of tobacco products sold in

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(7) Each person accepting a purchase order for a delivery sale shall collect and remit to the <u>program</u> division all taxes imposed on tobacco products by this state with respect to the delivery sale. With respect to cigarettes, the collection and remission are not required if the person has obtained proof in the form of the presence of applicable tax stamps or tax-exempt stamps, or other proof that the taxes have already been paid to this state.

Section 14. Section 210.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.11 Refunds; sales of stamps and payment of tax.-Whenever any cigarettes upon which stamps have been placed, or upon which the tax has been paid by metering machine, have been sold and shipped into another state for sale or use therein, or have become unfit for use and consumption or unsalable, or have been destroyed, the dealer involved is shall be entitled to a refund or credit of the actual amount of the tax paid with respect to such cigarettes less any discount allowed by the program division in the sale of the stamps or payment of the tax by metering machine, upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of the dealer's right to receive such refund or credit, provided application for refund or credit is made within 9 months of the date the cigarettes were shipped out of the state, became unfit, or were destroyed. Only the program division shall sell, or offer for sale, any stamp or stamps issued under this part. The program division may redeem unused stamps lawfully in the possession of any person. The program division may prescribe necessary rules and regulations concerning refunds, credits,

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sales of stamps, and redemptions under the provisions of this part. Appropriation is hereby made out of revenues collected under this part for payment of such allowances.

Section 15. Subsections (1), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of section 210.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

210.12 Seizures; forfeiture proceedings.-

- shall be authorized and empowered to seize, confiscate, and forfeit any cigarettes upon which taxes payable hereunder may be unpaid or that are otherwise held in violation of the requirements of this chapter, and also any vending machine or receptacle in which cigarettes upon which taxes have not been paid are held for sale, or any vending machine that does not have affixed thereto the identification sticker required by the provisions of s. 210.07, or which does not display at all times at least one package of each brand of cigarettes located therein so the same is clearly visible and arranged in such a manner that the cigarette tax stamp or meter impression of the stamp affixed thereto is clearly visible. Such seizure may be made by the division, its duly authorized representative, any sheriff or deputy sheriff, or any police officer.
- (5) From the proceeds of any sale hereunder the <u>program</u> division shall collect the tax on the property, together with a penalty of 50 percent thereof and the costs incurred in such proceedings; the balance, if any, shall be payable by the <u>program</u> division to the person in whose possession the <u>said</u> property was found or as the court may direct.
- (6) The distribution by the <u>program</u> division of the proceeds of the sale from any cigarettes or other property that

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may be forfeited and confiscated hereunder shall, after the payment of expenses of such forfeiture, be governed by the provisions of this part.

- (7) A No sale may not shall be made hereunder to any person except a licensed wholesale or retail dealer authorized to engage in the sale of cigarettes under the laws of Florida. All sales shall be made to the highest and best bidder for cash. The program division shall provide for the payment of any taxes payable upon any cigarettes sold hereunder before the same are delivered to any purchaser.
- (8) The state attorney for the judicial circuit in which such property was seized shall act as the attorney for the <a href="program and">program and</a> division in such confiscation and forfeiture proceedings.

Section 16. Section 210.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.13 Determination of tax on failure to file a return.—If a dealer fails to file any return required under this part, or having filed an incorrect or insufficient return, fails to file a correct or sufficient return, as the case may require, within 10 days after the giving of notice to the dealer by the program Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco that such return or corrected or sufficient return is required, the program division shall determine the amount of tax due by the such dealer any time within 3 years after the making of the earliest sale included in such determination and give written notice of such determination to such dealer. Such a determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the tax unless the dealer against whom it is assessed shall, within 30 days after the giving of notice of

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such determination, apply to the program division for a hearing with the division. Judicial review may shall not be granted unless the amount of tax stated in the decision, with penalties thereon, if any, shall have been first deposited with the program division, and an undertaking or bond filed in the court in which such cause may be pending in such amount and with such sureties as the court shall approve, conditioned that if such proceeding be dismissed or the decision of the division confirmed, the applicant for review will pay all costs and charges which may accrue against the applicant in the prosecution of the proceeding. At the option of the applicant, such undertaking or bond may be in an additional sum sufficient to cover the tax, penalties, costs, and charges aforesaid, in which event the applicant shall not be required to pay such tax and penalties precedent to the granting of such review by such court.

Section 17. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 210.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

210.14 Warrant for collection of taxes.

(1) In addition to all other remedies for the collection of any taxes due under the provisions of this part, the program division may issue a warrant under its official seal, which warrant may be filed by the program division in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of any county where the delinquent taxpayer owns property. Upon presentation of the warrant, the clerk of the circuit court shall enter it in the judgment docket. The name of the person mentioned in the warrant, the amount of the tax and penalties for which the warrant was issued, and the date such copy was filed shall be

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included in the record of the warrant. The clerk <u>is</u> shall be allowed the same fees as are allowed by law for similar services rendered in judgment execution proceedings. The warrant issued by the <u>program division</u> may then be directed to the sheriff of any county commanding that sheriff to levy upon and sell the goods and chattels of the specified delinquent person found within the sheriff's jurisdiction, for the payment of the amount of such delinquency plus a penalty equal to 50 percent of the amount thereof, and interest on the total at 1 percent per month and the cost of executing the warrant, and to return such warrant to the <u>program division</u> and to pay it the money collected by virtue thereof within 60 days after receipt of such warrant.

(3) In the discretion of the <u>program</u> division, a warrant of like terms, force, and effect may be issued and directed to any officer or employee of the <u>program</u> division; and in the execution thereof such officer or employee shall have all the power conferred by law upon sheriffs, but <u>are shall be</u> entitled to no fee or compensation in excess of the actual expenses paid in the performance of such duty. If a warrant is returned not satisfied in full, the <u>program</u> division may from time to time issue new warrants and shall also have the same remedies to enforce the amount due thereunder as if the state had recovered judgment therefor and execution thereon had been returned satisfied.

Section 18. Section 210.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.15 Permits.-
- (1) (a) Every person, firm, or corporation desiring to

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engage in business as a manufacturer, importer, exporter, distributing agent, or wholesale dealer of cigarettes within this state shall file with the division an application for a cigarette permit for each place of business located within this state or, in the absence of such place of business in this state, for wherever its principal place of business is located. Every application for a cigarette permit shall be made on forms furnished by the division and shall set forth the name under which the applicant transacts or intends to transact business, the location of the applicant's place of business within the state, if any, and such other information as the division may require. If the applicant has or intends to have more than one place of business dealing in cigarettes within this state, the application shall state the location of each place of business. If the applicant is an association, the application shall set forth the names and addresses of the persons constituting the association, and if a corporation, the names and addresses of the principal officers thereof and any other information prescribed by the division for the purpose of identification. The application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation by the owner, if a natural person, and in the case of an association or partnership, members or partners thereof, and in the case of a corporation, by an executive officer thereof or by any person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application, to which shall be attached the written evidence of this authority.

(b) Permits shall be issued only to persons of good moral character, who are not less than 18 years of age. Permits to corporations shall be issued only to corporations whose officers

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are of good moral character and not less than 18 years of age.

There shall be no exemptions from the permit fees herein

provided to any persons, association of persons, or corporation,

any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

- (c)  $\underline{A}$  No permit under this part or chapter 569 may not shall be issued, maintained, or renewed if the applicant, its officers, or any person or persons owning directly or indirectly, in the aggregate, more than 10 percent of the ownership interests in the applicant:
- 1. Has been finally adjudicated as owing \$500 or more in delinquent cigarette taxes;
- 2. Had a permit revoked by the division within the previous 2 years;
- 3. Has been convicted of selling stolen or counterfeit cigarettes, receiving stolen cigarettes, or being involved in the counterfeiting of cigarettes;
- 4. Has been convicted within the past 5 years of any offense against the cigarette laws of this state or convicted in this state, any other state, or the United States during the past 5 years of any offense designated as a felony by such state or the United States, or to a corporation, any of whose officers have been so convicted. The term "convicted" includes shall include an adjudication of guilt on a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere, or the forfeiture of a bond when charged with a crime;
- 5. Has imported, or caused to be imported, into the United States any cigarette in violation of 19 U.S.C. s. 1681a; or
- 6. Has imported, or caused to be imported, into the United States, or manufactured for sale or distribution in the United

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States, any cigarette that does not fully comply with the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (15 U.S.C. ss. 1331 et seg.).

- (d) The division may refuse to issue a permit to any person, firm, or corporation whose permit under the cigarette law has been revoked, to any corporation an officer of which has had his or her permit under the cigarette law revoked, or to any person who is or has been an officer of a corporation whose permit has been revoked under the cigarette law. Any permit issued to a firm or corporation prohibited from obtaining such permit under the cigarette law may be revoked by the division.
- (e) Before Prior to an application for a distributing agent, wholesale dealer, or exporter permit is being approved, the applicant shall file a set of fingerprints on forms provided by the division. The applicant shall also file a set of fingerprints for any person or persons interested directly or indirectly with the applicant in the business for which the permit is being sought, when so required by the division. If the applicant or any person interested with the applicant, either directly or indirectly, in the business for which the permit is sought shall be such a person as is within the definition of persons to whom a permit shall be denied, then the application may be denied by the division. If the applicant is a partnership, all members of the partnership are required to file said fingerprints, or if a corporation, all principal officers of the corporation are required to file said fingerprints. The cigarette permit for a manufacturer, importer, distributing agent, wholesale dealer, or exporter shall be originally issued at a fee of \$100, which sum is to cover the cost of the

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investigation required before issuing such permit.

- (f) The cigarette permits issued under this section shall be renewed from year to year at an annual cost of \$100, on or before July 1, upon making application to the division and upon payment of the annual renewal fee.
- (g) Permittees, by acceptance of their permits, agree that their places of business or vehicles transporting cigarettes are shall always be subject to be inspected and searched without a search warrant for the purpose of ascertaining that all provisions of this part are complied with by authorized employees of the division and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or during any other time such premises are occupied by the permittee or other persons. Retail cigarette dealers and manufacturers' representatives, by dealing in cigarettes, agree that their places of business or vehicles transporting cigarettes shall always be subject to inspection and search without a search warrant for the purpose of ascertaining that all provisions of this part are complied with by authorized employees of the division and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or other times when the premises are occupied by the retail dealer or manufacturers' representatives or other persons.
- (h) No Retail sales of cigarettes may <u>not</u> be made at a location for which a wholesale dealer, distributing agent, or exporter permit has been issued. The excise tax on sales made to any traveling location, such as an itinerant store or industrial caterer, shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund unallocated. Cigarettes may be purchased for retail purposes

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only from a person holding a wholesale dealer permit. The invoice for the purchase of cigarettes must show the place of business for which the purchase is made and the cigarettes cannot be transferred to any other place of business for the purpose of resale.

- (i) A permit or license may not be issued by the division to an applicant who is not a registered dealer with the program or to an applicant with an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program.
- (2) The <u>program</u> division may not furnish stamps or approve the use of meter machines to evidence the payment of the taxes on cigarettes except to qualified wholesale dealers.
- (3) Upon approval of the application, the division shall grant and issue to each applicant a cigarette permit for each place of business set forth in the application. Cigarette permits are shall not be assignable and are shall be valid only for the persons in whose names issued and for the transaction of business at the places designated therein and shall at all times be conspicuously displayed at the places for which issued.
- (4) All permits of distributing agents, wholesale dealers, or exporters shall remain in force and effect until July 1 following their issuance, or until suspended or revoked for cause by the division, or surrendered by the permitholder.
- (5) Whenever any permit issued under the provisions of this part is destroyed or lost, the holder thereof shall immediately make application for a duplicate permit on a form prescribed by the division, which application shall be filed with the division. The said application shall be under oath and shall state that the applicant is a holder of a valid permit which has

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been destroyed or lost as the case may be and that the said permit has not been suspended or revoked for cause by the division or surrendered by the permitholder.

- (6) Applicants for a permit hereunder, by the acceptance of such permit, agree that their places of business covered by such permit are shall always be subject to be inspected and searched without search warrant by the division or any of its authorized assistants and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs or police officers.
- (7) The division shall  $\underline{adopt}$   $\underline{promulgate}$  suitable rules  $\underline{to}$  administer  $\underline{for}$  carrying out the provisions of this section.
- (8) Every person, firm, corporation, or business entity who deals in, or sells, stores, or operates as a wholesale dealer in, cigarettes, or who acts as a cigarette distributing agent or exporter in any manner whatsoever, and who does so without a cigarette permit as required by this section commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 19. Section 210.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.16 Revocation or suspension of permit.-
- (1) The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco  $\underline{\text{may}}$  is given full power and authority to revoke the permit of any person receiving a permit to engage in business under this part or chapter 569 for violation of any of the provisions of this part or chapter 569.
- (2) The division shall revoke the permit or permits of any person who would be ineligible to obtain a new license or renew a license by reason of any of the conditions for permitting

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958 provided in s. 210.15(1)(c)1.-6.

- (3) The division may suspend for a reasonable period of time or revoke, in its discretion, the permits issued under the provisions of this part or chapter 569 to any person who has violated any other provision of this part or chapter 569.
- (4)  $\underline{A}$  No person whose permit for any place of business has been revoked  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  engage in business under this part or chapter 569 at such place of business after such revocation until a new permit is issued.  $\underline{A}$  No person whose permit for any place of business has been revoked  $\underline{is}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  be permitted to have  $\underline{the}$  said permit renewed, or to obtain an additional cigarette permit for any other place of business, for a period of 2 years after the date such revocation becomes final.
- (5) In addition to the suspension or revocation of permits, the division may impose civil penalties against holders of permits for violations of this part or rules and regulations relating thereto. A No civil penalty so imposed may not shall exceed \$2,500 for each offense, and all amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund. If the holder of the permit fails to pay the civil penalty, his or her permit shall be suspended for such period of time as the division may specify.
- (6) The division may suspend or revoke a permit or license if a tax warrant issued by the Department of Revenue has been outstanding against the license or permitholder for more than 3 months.

Section 20. Section 210.1605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.1605 Renewal of permit.

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(1) A permit may be renewed after its expiration only by filing with the division a delinquent application for approval and upon payment of a penalty of \$20 for each month or part of a month of such delinquency. A permit not renewed within 60 days after its expiration date shall be canceled by the division unless the permit is involved in litigation. However, the division may allow a permittee to renew a permit after the 60-day period for good and sufficient cause.

- (2) The division may deny an application to renew a permit or license if a tax warrant from the program has been outstanding against the applicant for more than 3 months.
- (3) (2) Any fee or penalty collected under the provisions of this section shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund.

Section 21. Section 210.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.161 Examination of records.—The <u>program and</u> division, or any employee designated by it, <u>may shall have the power and authority to</u> examine <u>into</u> the business, books, records, and accounts of any permittee and <u>to</u> issue subpoenas to <u>the said</u> permittee or any other person from whom information is desired and to take depositions of witnesses within or without the state. The <u>program and</u> division, or any employee designated by it, may administer oaths and issue subpoenas. The provisions of the civil law of the state in relation to enforcing obedience to a subpoena lawfully issued by a judge or other person duly authorized to issue subpoenas in civil cases shall apply to a subpoena issued by the <u>program or</u> division, or any employee designated by it, as authorized in this section, and may be

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enforced by writ of attachment to be issued by the <u>program or</u> division, or any employee designated by it, for such witness to compel him or her to attend before the <u>program or</u> division, or any employee designated by it, and give testimony and to bring and produce such books, papers, and documents as may be required for examination. The <u>program or</u> division, or any employee designated by it, may punish any willful refusal to so appear or give testimony by citation of any witness before the circuit court which shall punish such witness for contempt as in cases of refusal to obey the orders and process of the circuit court. The <u>program or</u> division may in such cases pay such attendance and mileage fees as are permitted to witnesses in civil cases appearing before the circuit court.

Section 22. Section 210.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.18 Penalties for tax evasion; reports by sheriffs.-

(1) Any person who possesses or transports any unstamped packages of cigarettes upon the public highways, roads, or streets in the state for the purpose of sale; or who sells or offers for sale unstamped packages of cigarettes in violation of the provisions of this part; or who willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed by this part, or the payment thereof, commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who has been convicted of a violation of any provision of the cigarette tax law and who is thereafter convicted of a subsequent further violation of the cigarette tax law is, upon conviction of such further offense, guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,

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1045 or s. 775.084.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or violates the provisions of, this part or the rules adopted by the <u>program or</u> division under this part commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who has been convicted of a violation of any provision of the cigarette tax law and who is thereafter convicted of a further violation of the cigarette tax law is, upon conviction of such further offense, guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) Any person who falsely or fraudulently makes, forges, alters, or counterfeits any stamp or impression die used in meter machines prescribed by the program division under the provisions of this part; or, with intent to evade taxes, jams, tampers with, or alters such a machine; or causes or procures to be falsely or fraudulently made, forged, altered, or counterfeited any such stamp or die; or knowingly and willfully utters, purchases, passes or tenders as true any such false, altered, or counterfeited stamp or die impression; or, with the intent to defraud the state, fails to comply with any other requirement of this part commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) (a) Any person or corporation that owns or is in possession of any cigarettes upon which a tax is imposed by the cigarette law, or would be imposed if such cigarettes were manufactured in or brought into this state in accordance with the regulatory provisions of the cigarette law, and upon which

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such tax has not been paid is, in addition to the fines and penalties otherwise provided in the cigarette law, personally liable for the amount of the tax imposed on such cigarettes; and the <u>program division</u> may collect such tax from such person or corporation by suit or by restitution if the taxpayer is convicted, found guilty, or pleads nolo contendere or guilty to any crime under this chapter. This paragraph is applicable even if adjudication is withheld.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to a manufacturer or distributor licensed under the cigarette law, to a state bonded warehouse, or to a person possessing not in excess of three cartons of such cigarettes, which cigarettes were purchased by such possessor outside the state in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased and brought into this state by such possessor. The burden of proof that such cigarettes were purchased outside the state and in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased shall in all cases be upon the possessor of such cigarettes.
- (5) (a) All cigarettes on which taxes are imposed by the cigarette law, or would be imposed if such cigarettes were manufactured in or brought into this state in accordance with the regulatory provisions of such law, which are found in the possession or custody or within the control of any person for the purpose of being sold or removed by him or her in fraud of the cigarette law or with design to evade payment of such taxes may be seized by the division or any supervisor, sheriff, deputy sheriff, or other law enforcement agent and shall be forfeited to the state.
  - (b) This subsection does not apply to a person possessing

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not in excess of three cartons of cigarettes, which cigarettes were purchased by such possessor outside the state in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased and brought into this state by such possessor.

- (6) (a) Every person, firm, or corporation, other than a licensee under the provisions of this part, who possesses, removes, deposits, or conceals, or aids in the possessing, removing, depositing, or concealing of, any unstamped cigarettes is presumed to have knowledge that they have not been taxed and commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) This section does not apply to a person possessing not in excess of three cartons of such cigarettes purchased by such possessor outside the state in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased and brought into this state by such possessor. The burden of proof that such cigarettes were purchased outside the state and in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased shall in all cases be upon the possessor of such cigarettes.
- (7) Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, or state law enforcement officer, upon the seizure of any unstamped cigarettes under this section, shall promptly report such seizure to the division or its representative, together with a description of all such unstamped cigarettes seized, so that the state may be kept informed as to the size and magnitude of the illicit cigarette business. The division shall keep records showing the number of seizures and seized cigarettes reported to, or seized by, the division.
  - (8) (a) A It is unlawful for any person may not to conspire

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with any other person or persons to do any act in violation of the provisions of this part, when any one or more of such persons does or commits any act to effect the object of the conspiracy.

- (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection:
- 1. If the act conspired to be done would constitute a misdemeanor, commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 2. If the act conspired to be done would constitute a felony, commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the sale or possession for sale of counterfeit cigarettes by any person or by a manufacturer, importer, distributing agent, wholesale dealer, or retail dealer shall result in the seizure of the product and related machinery by the division or any law enforcement agency.
- (10) A person may not It is unlawful to sell or possess with the intent to sell counterfeit cigarettes, as defined in s. 210.01(22).
- (a) A person who does not hold a permit or holds a retail permit under the provisions of this chapter and who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and is subject to the imposition of fines and additional penalties as follows:
- 1. If the quantity of counterfeit cigarettes sold or possessed with the intent to sell is less than two cartons or

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the equivalent, the fine for a first violation shall not exceed \$1,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater. A subsequent violation may result in the imposition of a fine not to exceed \$5,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater, and shall result in revocation of the retail permit by the division.

- 2. If the quantity of counterfeit cigarettes sold or possessed with the intent to sell is two cartons or more or the equivalent, the fine for a first violation shall not exceed \$2,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater. A subsequent violation may result in the imposition of a fine not to exceed \$50,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater, and shall result in revocation of the retail permit by the division.
- (b) A person who holds a permit, other than a retail permit, under the provisions of this chapter and who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and is subject to the imposition of fines and additional penalties as follows:
- 1. If the quantity of counterfeit cigarettes sold or possessed with the intent to sell is less than 10 cartons or the equivalent, the fine for a first violation shall not exceed \$1,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater. A subsequent violation may result in the imposition of a fine not to exceed \$5,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever

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is greater, and shall result in revocation of the permit by the division.

2. If the quantity of counterfeit cigarettes sold or possessed with the intent to sell is 10 cartons or more or the equivalent, the fine for a first violation shall not exceed \$2,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater. A subsequent violation may result in the imposition of a fine not to exceed \$50,000 or five times the retail value of the counterfeit cigarettes, whichever is greater, and shall result in revocation of the permit by the division.

For purposes of this subsection, any counterfeit cigarettes seized by the division shall be destroyed.

(11) The division shall create a toll-free number for reporting violations of this part. Upon a determination that a violation has occurred, the informant who provided the information that led to the determination shall be paid a reward of up to 50 percent of the fine levied and paid under this section. A notice must be conspicuously displayed in every location where cigarettes are sold which contains the following provision in conspicuous type: "NOTICE TO CUSTOMER: FLORIDA LAW PROHIBITS THE POSSESSION OR SALE OF UNSTAMPED CIGARETTES. REPORT VIOLATIONS TO (TOLL-FREE NUMBER). YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR A CASH REWARD." This notice must be provided at the expense of the retail dealer.

Section 23. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 210.1801, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

210.1801 Exempt cigarettes for members of recognized Indian

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1219 tribes.—

- (2) In order to ensure an adequate quantity of cigarettes on Indian reservations which may be purchased by tribal members who are exempt from the cigarette tax and surcharge, the program division shall provide recognized Indian tribes within this state with Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons as set forth in this section. A reservation cigarette seller shall present such Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons to a wholesale dealer licensed in this state in order to purchase stamped cigarettes that are exempt from the imposition of the cigarette tax and surcharge. A tribal member may purchase cigarettes that are exempt from the cigarette tax and surcharge from a reservation cigarette seller even though such cigarettes have an affixed cigarette tax-and-surcharge stamp.
- (3) Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons shall be provided to the recognized governing body of each Indian tribe to ensure that each Indian tribe can obtain cigarettes that are exempt from the tax and surcharge which are for the use of the tribe or its members. The Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons shall be provided to the Indian tribes quarterly. It is intended that each Indian tribe will distribute the Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons to reservation cigarette sellers on such tribe's reservation. Only Indian tribes or reservation cigarette sellers on their reservations may redeem such Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons pursuant to this section.
- (a) The number of Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons to be given to the recognized governing body of each Indian tribe shall be based upon the probable demand of the tribal members on the tribe's reservation plus the number needed

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for official tribal use. The annual total number of Indian-taxand-surcharge-exemption coupons to be given to the recognized governing body of each Indian tribe shall be calculated by multiplying the number of members of the tribe times five packs of cigarettes times 365.

- (b) Each wholesale dealer shall keep records of transactions involving Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupons and shall submit appropriate documentation to the <a href="mailto:program">program</a> division when claiming a refund as set forth in this section. Documentation must contain at least the following information:
- 1. The identity of the Indian tribe from which an Indiantax-and-surcharge-exemption coupon is received;
- 2. The identity and the quantity of the product for which an Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupon is provided;
- 3. The date of issuance and the date of expiration of the Indian-tax-and-surcharge-exemption coupon; and
- 4. Any other information as the  $\underline{\text{program}}$   $\underline{\text{division}}$  may deem appropriate.
- Section 24. Subsections (2), (4), and (6) of section 210.185, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 210.185 Prohibition on sale or distribution of cigarettes; criminal penalties; administrative sanctions; applicability.—
- (2) DOCUMENTATION.—On or before the 10th day of each month, each person permitted to affix the tax stamp to cigarettes shall file with the <u>program</u> division, for all cigarettes imported into the United States to which the person has affixed the tax stamp in the preceding month, a copy of the permit issued under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 5713, to the person

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importing the cigarettes into the United States which allows that person to import those cigarettes; a copy of the customs form containing, with respect to the cigarettes, the internal revenue tax information required by the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms; and a statement, signed by an officer of the manufacturer or importer under penalty of perjury, certifying that the manufacturer or importer has complied with the package health warning and ingredient reporting requirements of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1333 and 1335a, with respect to those cigarettes.

- (4) ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS.-
- (a) The division may revoke or suspend the permit of any distributing agent or wholesale dealer, or the retail tobacco dealer permit of any retailer, and impose on the permittee a civil penalty, in an amount not to exceed the greater of 500 percent of the retail value of the cigarettes involved or \$5,000, upon finding a violation of this section or any implementing rule adopted by the program or division.
- (b) Cigarettes that are acquired, held, owned, possessed, transported in, imported into, or sold or distributed in this state in violation of this section are considered contraband and are subject to seizure and forfeiture under this part. Any cigarettes so seized and forfeited shall be destroyed. The cigarettes are considered contraband whether the violation of this section is knowing or otherwise.
  - (6) GENERAL PROVISIONS.-
- (a) The <u>program and</u> division shall enforce this section.

  However, at the request of the program or the division, any law

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1306 enforcement agency shall enforce this section.

- (b) For the purpose of enforcing this act, the <u>program or</u> the division and any agency to which the <u>program or the</u> division has delegated enforcement responsibility may request information from any state or local agency, and may share information with, and request information from, any federal agency or any agency of any other state or any local agency thereof.
- (c) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, including enforcement as provided in paragraph (a), any person may bring an action for appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief for a violation of this section; for actual damages, if any, sustained by reason of the violation; and, as determined by the court, for interest on the damages from the date of the complaint, taxable costs, and reasonable attorney's fees. If the trier of fact finds that the violation is flagrant, it may increase recovery to an amount not in excess of 3 times the actual damages sustained by reason of the violation.

Section 25. Section 210.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.19 Records to be kept by the program; public records division.—
- (1) The program division shall keep records showing the total amount of taxes collected, which records shall be open to the public during the regular office hours of the program division. The program division shall maintain records that identify which agent or wholesale dealer affixed the tax stamp to each package of cigarettes. The identifying records must be made available for public inspection and retained for at least 3 years.

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(2) The records and files in the office of the program appertaining to this part and part II shall be available in Tallahassee to the public at any time during business hours. The program shall prepare and make available a list of all importers, manufacturers, and distributors licensed under this chapter, monthly reports of cigarette and other tobacco product sales to other states, and monthly wholesale reports.

Section 26. Section 210.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.20 Employees and assistants; distribution of funds.-
- (1) The <u>program and</u> division under the applicable rules of the Department of Management Services <u>have</u> shall have the power to employ such employees and assistants and incur such other expenses as may be necessary for the administration of this part, within the limits of an appropriation for the operation of the <u>Department of Revenue and the</u> Department of Business and Professional Regulation as may be authorized by the General Appropriations Act.
- (2) As collections are received by the <u>program</u> division from such cigarette taxes, it shall pay the same into a trust fund in the State Treasury designated "Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund" which shall be paid and distributed as follows:
- (a) The <u>program</u> division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying the amounts to be transferred from the Cigarette Tax

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Collection Trust Fund and credited on the basis of 2.9 percent of the net collections to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties and 29.3 percent of the net collections for the funding of indigent health care to the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund.

(b) 1. Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing for 10 years thereafter, the program division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 2.59 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer upon the State Treasury. These funds are hereby appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. In fiscal years 1999-2000 and thereafter with the exception of fiscal year 2008-2009, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this subparagraph shall not be less than the amount that would have been paid to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute for fiscal year 1998-1999 had payments been made for the entire fiscal year rather than for a 6-month period thereof.

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2. Beginning July 1, 2002, and continuing through June 30, 2004, the program division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 0.2632 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. Beginning July 1, 2004, and continuing through June 30, 2020, the program division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20, and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1.47 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. These funds are appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. In

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fiscal years 2004-2005 and thereafter, the appropriation to the
H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized
by this subparagraph shall not be less than the amount that
would have been paid to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and
Research Institute in fiscal year 2001-2002, had this

(3) After all distributions hereinabove provided for have been made, the balance of the revenue produced from the tax imposed by this part shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

Section 27. Subsections (4) and (13) of section 210.25, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (14) is added to that section, to read:

210.25 Definitions.—As used in this part:

(4) "Distributor" means:

subparagraph been in effect.

- (a) Any person engaged in the business of selling tobacco products in this state who ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state to be sold by those retailers brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from outside the state any tobacco products for sale; or
- (b) Any person who makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products in this state for sale in this state; or
- (b)(c) Any person engaged in the business of selling tobacco outside this state who ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state to be sold by those retailers.
- (13) "Wholesale sales price" means the established price for which the distributor who sells a tobacco product to the retailer paid for that tobacco product a manufacturer sells a

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tobacco product to a distributor, exclusive of any diminution by volume or other discounts.

(14) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program Office of the Department of Revenue.

Section 28. Section 210.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.31 Payment of taxes by Electronic filing and payment of taxes funds transfer.—A dealer who had paid taxes imposed under s. 210.30 in the previous state fiscal year in the amount of \$20,000 or more must remit payments by electronic funds transfer and make a return in a manner that is initiated through an electronic data interchange. The provisions of this section are in addition to the requirements of s. 213.755 to electronically file tax returns and remit payments required under this chapter. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation may require a distributor who sells tobacco products within the state to remit by electronic funds transfer any tax imposed under s. 210.30 if the taxpayer is subject to the tax and if the total of such taxes the distributor paid in the prior year amounted to \$50,000 or more.

Section 29. Section 210.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.35 Distributor's license required; application; out-of-state applicant.—
- (1)  $\underline{A}$  No person  $\underline{may}$  not  $\underline{shall}$  engage in the business of selling or dealing in tobacco products as a distributor in any place of business in this state without first having received a license from the division to engage in such business at the place of business. Every application for such license  $\underline{must}$   $\underline{shall}$

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be made on a form prescribed by the division and <u>must shall</u> state the name and address of the applicant; if the applicant is a firm, partnership, or association, the name and address of each of its members; if the applicant is a corporation, the name and address of each of its officers; the address of its principal place of business; the place where the business to be licensed is to be conducted; and such other information as the division may require for the purpose of the administration of this part.

- (2) A person outside this state who ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state, to be sold by those retailers, may make application for license as a distributor, be granted such a license by the division, and thereafter be subject to all the provisions of this part and entitled to act as a licensed distributor.
- (3) A permit or license may not be issued by the division to an applicant who is not a registered dealer with the program or to an applicant who has an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program.

Section 30. Section 210.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.40 License fees; surety bond; application for each place of business.—Each application for a distributor's license shall be accompanied by a fee of \$25. The application shall also be accompanied by a corporate surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, conditioned for the payment when due of all taxes, penalties, and accrued interest which may be due the state. The bond shall be in the sum of \$1,000 and in a form prescribed by the division. Whenever

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it is the opinion of the <u>program division</u> that the bond given by a licensee is inadequate in amount to fully protect the state, the division shall require an additional bond in such amount as is deemed sufficient. A separate application for a license shall be made for each place of business at which a distributor proposes to engage in business as a distributor under this part, but an applicant may provide one bond in an amount determined by the division for all applications made by the distributor.

Section 31. Section 210.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.45 Issuance, expiration, and display of licenses; license not transferable.—Upon receipt of an application in proper form and payment of the required license fee, the division shall, unless otherwise provided by this part, issue to the applicant a license which shall permit the applicant to engage in business as a manufacturer, importer, or distributor at the place of business shown on the license. Each license shall expire on June 30 following its date of issue unless sooner revoked by the division or unless the business for which the license was issued is transferred. In either case, the holder of the license shall immediately surrender it to the division. Each license shall be prominently displayed on the premises covered by the license. A No license is not shall be transferable to any other person.

Section 32. Section 210.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.50 Revocation or suspension of license.-
- (1) The division  $\underline{\text{may}}_{,}$  is authorized upon sufficient cause appearing of a the violation of any of the provisions of this

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part by any <u>manufacturer</u>, <u>importer</u>, <u>or</u> distributor licensed under this part, to revoke the license of the <u>manufacturer</u>, importer, or distributor.

- (2) The division may suspend for a reasonable period of time, in its discretion, the license of any manufacturer, importer, or distributor issued under the provisions of this part for the same causes and under the same limitations as are authorized for license revocation.
- (3) A manufacturer, importer, or No distributor whose license for any place of business has been revoked may not shall engage in business under this part at such place of business, after the revocation, until a new license is issued. A manufacturer, importer, or No distributor whose license for any place of business has been revoked is not shall be permitted to have the license renewed or to obtain an additional license for any other place of business for a period of 6 months after the date such revocation becomes final.
- (4) In lieu of the suspension or revocation of licenses, the division may impose civil penalties against holders of licenses for violations of this part or rules relating thereto. A No civil penalty so imposed may not shall exceed \$1,000 for each offense, and all amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund. If the holder of the license fails to pay the civil penalty, his or her license shall be suspended for such period of time as the division may specify.
- (5) The division may suspend or revoke a permit or license if a Department of Revenue tax warrant has been outstanding against the license or permitholder for more than 3 months.

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Section 33. Subsection (3) is added to section 210.51, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 210.51 Renewal of permit.
- (3) The division may deny an application to renew a permit or license if a tax warrant from the program has been outstanding against the applicant for more than 3 months.

Section 34. Section 210.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 210.55 Manufacturers, importers, and distributors; monthly returns.—
- manufacturer, importer, and distributor having taxpayer with a place of business in this state shall file a return with the program division showing the taxable price of each tobacco product brought or caused to be brought into this state for sale, or made, manufactured, or fabricated in this state for sale in this state, during the preceding month. Every manufacturer, importer, and distributor taxpayer outside this state shall file a return showing the quantity and taxable price of each tobacco product shipped or transported to retailers in this state, to be sold by those retailers, during the preceding month. Returns shall be made upon forms furnished and prescribed by the program division and shall contain any other information that the program division requires. Each return shall be accompanied by a remittance for the full tax liability shown.
- (2) As soon as practicable after any return is filed, the <u>program</u> division shall examine each return and correct it, if necessary, according to its best judgment and information. If the program division finds that any amount of tax is due from

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the taxpayer and unpaid, it shall notify the taxpayer of the deficiency, stating that it proposes to assess the amount due together with interest and penalties. If a deficiency disclosed by the <u>program's division's</u> examination cannot be allocated to one or more particular months, the <u>program division</u> shall notify the taxpayer of the deficiency, stating its intention to assess the amount due for a given period without allocating it to any particular months.

- (3) If, within 60 days after the mailing of notice of the proposed assessment, the taxpayer files a protest to the proposed assessment and requests a hearing on it, the <u>program division</u> shall give notice to the taxpayer of the time and place fixed for the hearing, shall hold a hearing on the protest, and shall issue a final assessment to the taxpayer for the amount found to be due as a result of the hearing. If a protest is not filed within 60 days, the <u>program division</u> shall issue a final assessment to the taxpayer. In any action or proceeding in respect to the proposed assessment, the taxpayer shall have the burden of establishing the incorrectness or invalidity of any final assessment made by the program division.
- (4) If any taxpayer required to file any return fails to do so within the time prescribed, the taxpayer shall, on the written demand of the <u>program division</u>, file the return within 20 days after mailing of the demand and at the same time pay the tax due on its basis. If the taxpayer fails within that time to file the return, the <u>program division</u> shall prepare the return from its own knowledge and from the information that it obtains and on that basis shall assess a tax, which shall be paid within 10 days after the program division has mailed to the taxpayer a

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written notice of the amount and a demand for its payment. In any action or proceeding in respect to the assessment, the taxpayer shall have the burden of establishing the incorrectness or invalidity of any return or assessment made by the <a href="mailto:program">program</a> division because of the failure of the taxpayer to make a return.

- (5) All taxes are due not later than the 10th day of the month following the calendar month in which they were incurred, and thereafter shall bear interest at the annual rate of 12 percent. If the amount of tax due for a given period is assessed without allocating it to any particular month, the interest shall begin with the date of the assessment.
- (6) In issuing its final assessment, the <u>program</u> division shall add to the amount of tax found due and unpaid a penalty of 10 percent, but if it finds that the taxpayer has made a false return with intent to evade the tax, the penalty shall be 50 percent of the entire tax as shown by the corrected return. In assessing a tax on the basis of a return made under subsection (4), the <u>program</u> division shall add to the amount of tax found due and unpaid a penalty of 25 percent.
- (7) For the purpose of compensating the distributor for the keeping of prescribed records and the proper accounting and remitting of taxes imposed under this part, the distributor shall be allowed 1 percent of the amount of the tax due and accounted for and remitted to the program division in the form of a deduction in submitting his or her report and paying the amount due; and the program division shall allow such deduction of 1 percent of the amount of the tax to the person paying the same for remitting the tax in the manner herein provided, for

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paying the amount due to be paid by him or her, and as further compensation to the distributor for the keeping of prescribed records and for collection of taxes and remitting the same.

- (a) The collection allowance may not be granted, nor may any deduction be permitted, if the tax is delinquent at the time of payment.
- (b) The <u>program</u> division may reduce the collection allowance by 10 percent or \$50, whichever is less, if a taxpayer files an incomplete return.
- 1. An "incomplete return" is, for purposes of this part, a return which is lacking such uniformity, completeness, and arrangement that the physical handling, verification, or review of the return may not be readily accomplished.
- 2. The <u>program may</u> division shall adopt rules requiring such information as it may deem necessary to ensure that the tax levied hereunder is properly collected, reviewed, compiled, and enforced, including, but not limited to: the amount of taxable sales; the amount of tax collected or due; the amount claimed as the collection allowance; the amount of penalty and interest; the amount due with the return; and such other information as the program division may specify.
- (8) In addition to the reporting requirements in this chapter, wholesale dealers and distributing agents must also provide the program with information regarding sales to the retail dealers: the names, addresses, retail tobacco products dealer permit numbers, and resale certificate numbers; invoice numbers; the dates the products were sold; the quantity of each type of product sold; and the sales price of each type of product sold on its monthly returns.

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Section 35. Section 210.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.60 Books, records, and invoices to be kept and preserved; inspection by agents of division.-Every manufacturer, importer, and distributor shall keep in each licensed place of business complete and accurate records for that place of business, including itemized invoices of tobacco products held, purchased, manufactured, brought in or caused to be brought in from without the state, or shipped or transported to retailers in this state, and of all sales of tobacco products made, except sales to an ultimate consumer. Such records shall show the names and addresses of purchasers and other pertinent papers and documents relating to the purchase, sale, or disposition of tobacco products. When a licensed distributor sells tobacco products exclusively to ultimate consumers at the addresses given in the license, no invoice of those sales shall be required, but itemized invoices shall be made of all tobacco products transferred to other retail outlets owned or controlled by that licensed distributor. All books, records and other papers, and other documents required by this section to be kept shall be preserved for a period of at least 3 years after the date of the documents, as aforesaid, or the date of the entries thereof appearing in the records, unless the program division, in writing, authorizes their destruction or disposal at an earlier date. At any time during usual business hours, duly authorized agents or employees of the program division may enter any place of business of a manufacturer, importer, or distributor and inspect the premises, the records required to be kept under this part, and the tobacco products contained therein

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to determine whether all the provisions of this part are being fully complied with. Refusal to permit such inspection by a duly authorized agent or employee of the program division shall be grounds for revocation of the license. Every person who sells tobacco products to persons other than an ultimate consumer shall render with each sale an itemized invoice showing the seller's name and address, the purchaser's name and address, the date of sale, and all prices and discounts. The seller shall preserve legible copies of all such invoices for 3 years from the date of sale. Every retailer shall produce itemized invoices of all tobacco products purchased. The invoices shall show the name and address of the seller and the date of purchase. The retailer shall preserve a legible copy of each such invoice for 3 years from the date of purchase. Invoices shall be available for inspection by authorized agents or employees of the division at the retailer's place of business.

Section 36. Section 210.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.65 Penalties for tax evasion.-

- (1) Any distributor or any other person who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with, or violates the provisions of, this part or the rules adopted promulgated by the program or division under this part, commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) Any retailer who purchases tobacco products from a distributor not licensed under the provisions of this part commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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(3) Any distributor or any other person who has been convicted of a violation of this part and is thereafter convicted of a further violation of this part shall, upon conviction of the subsequent said further offense, be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 37. Section 210.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.70 Disposition of funds.—As collections from the taxes imposed under this part are received by the <u>program</u> division, it shall pay the same into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 38. Subsection (4) is added to section 559.79, Florida Statutes, to read:

559.79 Applications for license or renewal.-

(4) The Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Revenue shall work cooperatively to establish an automated method for periodically disclosing information relating to licensees.

Section 39. Subsection (22) is added to section 561.01, Florida Statutes, to read:

561.01 Definitions.—As used in the Beverage Law:

(22) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.

Section 40. Section 561.024, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

561.024 Tax collection responsibilities with the Department of Revenue.—In order to ensure the most effective and efficient collection of taxes and notwithstanding other laws to the contrary, the authority to collect taxes on alcoholic beverages

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and to distribute the funds collected, as provided in chapters

561, 562, 563, 564, and 565, is the responsibility of the

General Tax Administration Program Office of the Department of

Revenue.

Section 41. (1) All of the statutory powers, duties, and functions, and all of the records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds for the administration of collecting taxes on alcoholic beverages shall be transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of Revenue effective July 1, 2011.

- (2) Notwithstanding ss. 216.292 and 216.351, Florida

  Statutes, upon approval by the Legislative Budget Committee, the

  Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds and

  positions between agencies to implement this act.
- establish, abolish, or consolidate bureaus, sections, or subsections within the General Tax Administration Program

  Office, and may reallocate duties and functions within the program to promote effective and efficient operation of the program. This subsection is subject to the requirements of s.

  216.181, Florida Statutes. The executive director may not establish, abolish, or consolidate bureaus, sections, or subsections after July 1, 2012, unless such action is approved by the Legislature or by law.
- (4) The rules relating to the collection and audit of taxes on alcoholic beverages are transferred from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of

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Revenue, which rules in effect at 11:59 p.m. on June 30, 2011, shall become the rules of the Department of Revenue and shall remain in effect until amended or repealed in the manner provided by law. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules and forms pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer the collection and audit of taxes relating to alcoholic beverages under chapters 561, 562, 563, 564, and 565, Florida Statutes.

- (5) The Department of Revenue may enforce any rule adopted by the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for the collection and auditing of taxes relating to alcoholic beverages.
- (6) The Department of Revenue is considered to be administering a revenue law of this state when the department implements this chapter. Sections 213.015(1)-(3), (5)-(7), (9)-(19), and (21); 213.018; 213.025; 213.051; 213.053; 213.0532; 213.0535; 213.055; 213.071; 213.10; 213.21(4); 213.2201; 213.23; 213.24; 213.25; 213.27; 213.28; 213.285; 213.34(1), (3), and (4); 213.37; 213.50; 213.67; 213.69; 213.73; 213.733; 213.74; 213.75; 213.756; and 213.75, Florida Statutes, apply to the collection of taxes on alcoholic beverages under chapters 561-565 by the Department of Revenue.

Section 42. Section 561.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.051 Reporting requirements of director.—The director of the division shall promptly report and remit to the Chief Financial Officer all taxes and fees collected by him or her hereunder. The director of the program shall promptly report and

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remit to the Chief Financial Officer all taxes collected by him or her hereunder.

Section 43. Section 561.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.08 Enforcement of Beverage Law; division to prescribe forms.—The program and division shall enforce the provisions of the Beverage Law and cigarette tax law and perform such other acts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions thereof. The and The division may shall prescribe forms of bonds, reports, and other papers, to be used under and in the execution and enforcement of the provisions of the Beverage Law and the cigarette tax law. The program may prescribe forms, reports, and records to be kept for the collection and audit of the Beverage Law and the cigarette tax law.

Section 44. Section 561.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.11 Power and authority of division.-

- (1) The division  $\underline{\text{may}}$  has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of the Beverage Law.
- (2) The division <u>may</u> shall have full power and authority to provide for the continuous training and upgrading of all division personnel in their respective positions with the division. This training shall include the attendance of division personnel at workshops, seminars, or special schools established by the division or other organizations when attendance at such educational programs shall in the opinion of the division be deemed appropriate to the particular position which the employee holds.

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Section 45. Section 561.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

of taxes funds transfer.—A dealer who paid taxes imposed under chapter 563, chapter 564, or chapter 565 in the previous state fiscal year in an amount of \$20,000 or more, must remit payments by electronic funds transfer and make a return in a manner that is initiated through an electronic data interchange. The provisions of this section are in addition to the requirements of s. 213.755 to electronically file returns and remit payments required under this chapter. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation may require a person who manufactures or distributes alcoholic beverages within the state to remit by electronic funds transfer any tax imposed under chapter 563, chapter 564, or chapter 565 if the taxpayer is subject to tax amounted to \$50,000 or more.

Section 46. Subsection (5) is added to section 561.15, Florida Statutes, to read:

561.15 Licenses; qualifications required.-

(5) A permit or license may not be issued by the division to an applicant who is not a registered dealer with the program or to an applicant who has an outstanding tax warrant for more than 3 months from the program.

Section 47. Subsection (3) of section 561.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.221 Licensing of manufacturers and distributors as vendors and of vendors as manufacturers; conditions and limitations.—

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(3) (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of the Beverage Law, any vendor licensed in this state may be licensed as a manufacturer of malt beverages upon a finding by the division that:

- 1. The vendor will be engaged in brewing malt beverages at a single location and in an amount which will not exceed 10,000 kegs per year. For purposes of this subsection, the term "keg" means 15.5 gallons.
- 2. The malt beverages so brewed will be sold to consumers for consumption on the vendor's licensed premises or on contiguous licensed premises owned by the vendor.
- (b) Any vendor which is also licensed as a manufacturer of malt beverages pursuant to this subsection is shall be responsible for applicable reports pursuant to ss. 561.50 and 561.55 with respect to the amount of beverage manufactured each month and shall pay applicable excise taxes thereon to the program division by the 10th day of each month for the previous month.
- (c) It <u>is</u> shall be unlawful for any licensed distributor of malt beverages or any officer, agent, or other representative thereof to discourage or prohibit any vendor licensed as a manufacturer under this subsection from offering malt beverages brewed for consumption on the licensed premises of the vendor.
- (d) It <u>is</u> shall be unlawful for any manufacturer of malt beverages or any officer, agent, or other representative thereof to take any action to discourage or prohibit any distributor of the manufacturer's product from distributing such product to a licensed vendor which is also licensed as a manufacturer of malt beverages pursuant to this subsection.

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Section 48. Section 561.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 561.25 Officers and employees prohibited from being employed by or engaging in beverage business; penalties; exceptions.—
- (1) No officer or employee of the division, no officer or employee of the program, and no sheriff or other state, county, or municipal officer with state police power granted by the Legislature, is shall be permitted to engage in the sale of alcoholic beverages under the Beverage Law; or shall be employed, directly or indirectly, in connection with the operation of any business licensed under the Beverage Law; or shall be permitted to own any stock or interest in any firm, partnership, or corporation dealing wholly or partly in the sale or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as provided in this section. The provisions of This subsection does shall not be construed to prevent any certified law enforcement officer, except members of the Florida Highway Patrol or its auxiliary, or employees of the division, from being employed in businesses which have obtained licenses only to sell beer or beer and wine for consumption off the premises. However, the written approval of the chief of police, sheriff, or other appropriate department head must be obtained for any such employment.
- (2) Any person violating this section <u>commits</u> shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall be automatically removed or suspended from office.
- (3) This section does not Nothing herein may be construed to prohibit any sheriff or other state, county, or municipal

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officer with state police power granted by the Legislature from owning, negotiating, or trading any shares of stock, bonds, or other securities which are regulated by and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and which are customarily traded on the major stock exchanges of the United States, or from being employed as an entertainer or from rendering security services when off duty in any business establishment licensed under the beverage laws to sell beverages, provided the written approval of the chief of police, sheriff, or other appropriate department head is obtained for the place and hours of such employment or service. Any officer employed for the purposes of rendering private security services as permitted under this section shall not be paid less than the established prevailing wage.

Section 49. Subsection (3) is added to section 561.27, Florida Statutes, to read:

561.27 Renewal of license.-

(3) The division may deny an application to renew a permit or license if a tax warrant from the program has been outstanding against the applicant for more than 3 months.

Section 50. Subsection (2) of section 561.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.29 Revocation and suspension of license; power to subpoena.—

(2) The division and program, or any employee designated by them it, shall have the power and authority to examine into the business, books, records, and accounts of any licensee, to issue subpoenas to said licensee or any other person from whom information is desired, and to take depositions of witnesses

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within or without of the state. The division and program, or any employee designated by them it, may administer oaths and issue subpoenas. The provisions of the civil law of the state in relation to enforcing obedience to a subpoena lawfully issued by a judge or other person duly authorized to issue subpoenas under the laws of the state, to issue subpoenas in civil cases, shall apply to a subpoena issued by the division or program, or any employee designated by them it, as authorized in this section, and may be enforced by writ of attachment to be issued by the division or program, or any employee designated by them it, for such witness to compel him or her to attend before the division, or any employee designated by them it, and give his or her testimony and to bring and produce such books, papers, and documents as may be required for examination; and the division or program, or any employee designated by them it, may punish any willful refusal to so appear or give testimony by citation of any witness before the circuit court who shall punish such witness for contempt as in cases of refusal to obey the orders and process of the circuit court. The division or program may in such cases pay such attendance and mileage fees as are permitted to be paid to witnesses in civil cases appearing before the circuit court.

Section 51. Section 561.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.37 Bond for payment of taxes.—Each manufacturer and each distributor shall file with the division a surety bond acceptable to the division in the sum of \$25,000 as surety for the payment of all taxes, provided, however, that when in the discretion of the division the amount of business done by the

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2002 manufacturer or distributor is of such volume that a bond of 2003 less than \$25,000 will be adequate to secure the payment of all 2004 taxes assessed or authorized by the Beverage Law, the division may accept a bond in a lesser sum than \$25,000, but in no event 2005 2006 shall it accept a bond of less than \$10,000, and it may at any 2007 time in its discretion require any bond in an amount less than 2008 \$25,000 to be increased so as not to exceed \$25,000; provided, 2009 however, that the amount of bond required for a brewer shall be 2010 \$20,000, except that where, in the discretion of the division, 2011 the amount of business done by the brewer is of such volume that 2012 a bond of less than \$20,000 will be adequate to secure the 2013 payment of all taxes assessed or authorized by the Beverage Law, 2014 the program division may accept a bond in a lesser sum than 2015 \$20,000, but in no event shall it accept a bond of less than 2016 \$10,000, and it may at any time in its discretion require any 2017 bond in an amount less than \$20,000 to be increased so as not to 2018 exceed \$20,000; provided further that the amount of the bond 2019 required for a wine or wine and cordial manufacturer shall be 2020 \$5,000, except that, in the case of a manufacturer engaged 2021 solely in the experimental manufacture of wines and cordials 2022 from Florida products, where in the discretion of the division 2023 the amount of business done by such manufacturer is of such 2024 volume that a bond of less than \$5,000 will be adequate to 2025 secure the payment of all taxes assessed or authorized by the 2026 Beverage Law, the division may accept a bond in a lesser sum 2027 than \$5,000, but in no event shall it accept a bond of less than 2028 \$1,000 and it may at any time in its discretion require a bond 2029 in an amount less than \$5,000 to be increased so as not to 2030 exceed \$5,000; provided, further, that the amount of bond

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required for a distributor who sells only beverages containing not more than 4.007 percent of alcohol by volume, in counties where the sale of intoxicating liquors, wines, and beers is prohibited, and to distributors who sell only beverages containing not more than 17.259 percent of alcohol by volume and wines regardless of alcoholic content, in counties where the sale of intoxicating liquors, wines, and beers is permitted, shall file with the division a surety bond acceptable to the division in the sum of \$25,000, as surety for the payment of all taxes; provided, however, that where in the discretion of the division the amount of business done by such distributor is of such volume that a bond of less than \$25,000 will be adequate to secure the payment of all taxes assessed or authorized by the Beverage Law the division may accept a bond in a less sum than \$25,000 but in no event shall it accept a bond less than \$1,000 and it may at any time in its discretion require any bond in an amount less than \$25,000 to be increased so as not to exceed \$25,000; provided, further, that the amount of bond required for a distributor in a county having a population of 15,000 or less who procures a license by which his or her sales are restricted to distributors and vendors who have obtained licenses in the same county, shall be \$5,000.

Section 52. Section 561.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.41 Maintenance and designation of principal office by manufacturers, distributors, importers, and exporters.—Each licensed manufacturer, distributor, and importer and each registered exporter must have within this state an office designated as its principal office within this state and may

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maintain branch offices within or without this state. The principal and branch offices of each manufacturer, distributor, and importer within this state must, during regular defined business hours, be kept open for the inspection of authorized employees of the division. Each registered exporter must provide access to authorized employees of the division and the program to all business premises, inventories, and records, including all records of transporters, warehouses, and exporters required by the Federal Government, for the purpose of conducting semiannual audits and inventories. The division may adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 53. Section 561.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.49 No tax on out-of-state sales.—The excise taxes provided for in this chapter shall be paid as to all such beverages sold within this state. No excise tax shall be required to be paid by manufacturers, distributors, or exporters as to the sale of beverages which are actually delivered by such manufacturer, distributor, or exporter to persons outside the state when such deliveries are actually made outside the state in places where the sale of such beverages is authorized by law to persons authorized by the laws of the places where such delivery is made to purchase and receive such beverages in such places. The burden shall always be on the manufacturer, distributor, or exporter to show to the satisfaction of the program division by bill of lading of a common carrier or other satisfactory evidence that delivery was made outside the state in accordance with the laws of the place of delivery.

Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 561.50, Florida

2089 Statutes, is amended to read:

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561.50 One state tax payment; reports.-

(1) There shall be only one state tax paid as to each gallon or fraction thereof of beverage sold under the Beverage Law, and no other excise tax shall be levied directly or indirectly. Such tax shall be computed from the reports, books, and records of manufacturers and distributors; and the amount so computed shall be remitted with the report required by s. 561.55 to the program division at intervals of 1 month, on or before the 10th of each month, for all beverages sold during the previous calendar month, and such payment of tax shall accompany the report required by s. 561.55. If the monthly tax liability of a manufacturer or distributor exceeds the amount of the bond furnished for payment of taxes, the program division, upon a finding based upon substantial and competent evidence that the security of the tax revenue involved is in jeopardy, may require a bond equal to the anticipated tax liability of the manufacturer or distributor. Additionally, the program division may increase the frequency of the remittance of the tax when the security of the tax involved is in immediate jeopardy or the financial condition of the manufacturer or distributor is unstable and the potential tax liability exceeds the bond furnished under the Beverage Law. In arriving at a conclusion that the security of the tax revenue involved is in jeopardy, the program division shall consider and be guided by the prior history, if any, of the compliance or noncompliance by the manufacturer or distributor with beverage tax obligations; the transient or nontransient nature of the manufacturer or distributorship; the type of inventory, the equity of the

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2118 manufacturer or distributor therein, and the mobility of such 2119 inventory; the financial status of the manufacturer or 2120 distributor; and the anticipated tax obligation of the 2121 manufacturer or distributor.

Section 55. Section 561.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 561.55 Manufacturers', distributors', brokers', sales agents', importers', vendors', and exporters' records and reports.—
- (1) Each manufacturer, distributor, broker, sales agent, importer, and exporter shall keep a complete and accurate record and make reports showing the amount of:
- (a) Beverages manufactured or sold within the state and to whom sold:
- (b) Beverages imported from beyond the limits of the state and to whom sold;
- (c) Beverages exported beyond the limits of the state, to whom sold, the place where sold, and the address of the person to whom sold.
- (2) Each manufacturer, distributor, broker, sales agent, and importer shall make a full and complete report by the 10th day of each month for the previous calendar month. The report shall be made out in triplicate; two copies shall be sent to the program division, and a the third copy shall be retained for the manufacturer's, distributor's, broker's, sales agent's, or importer's record. Reports shall be made on forms prepared and furnished by the program division.
- (3) (a) Each manufacturer, distributor, broker, agent, and importer licensed under the Beverage Law shall maintain and keep

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for a period of 3 years at the licensed place of business such records of alcoholic beverages received, sold, or delivered within or without this state as may be required by the program division.

- (b) Each vendor shall keep records of all purchases and other acquisitions of alcoholic beverages for a period of 3 years.
- (4) Each registered exporter shall supply to the <u>program</u> division copies of all certified reports pertaining to transporting, warehousing, and exporting alcoholic beverages prepared for the Federal Government with all supporting documents.
- (5) In addition to the reporting requirements in this chapter, manufacturers, distributors, brokers, sales agents, importers, and exporters must also provide the program with information regarding sales to the retail dealers: the names, addresses, retail beverage license numbers, and business partner numbers; the invoice numbers; the dates the products were sold; the quantity of each type of product sold; and the sales price of each type of product sold on its monthly returns.

Section 56. Section 561.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

561.57 Deliveries by licensees.

(1) Vendors <u>are shall be</u> permitted to make deliveries away from their places of business of sales actually made at the licensed place of business; <u>however provided</u>, telephone, <u>electronic mail (e-mail)</u>, or mail orders received at vendor's licensed place of business <u>are shall be</u> construed as a sale actually made at the vendor's licensed place of business.

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(2) Deliveries made by a manufacturer, distributor, or vendor away from his or her place of business may be made only in vehicles which are owned or leased by the licensee. By acceptance of an alcoholic beverage license and the use of such vehicles, the licensee agrees that such vehicle shall always be subject to be inspected and searched without a search warrant, for the purpose of ascertaining that all provisions of the alcoholic beverage laws are complied with, by authorized employees of the division and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or other times the vehicle is being used to transport or deliver alcoholic beverages.

- (3) Any vendor may transport alcoholic beverage purchases from a distributor's place of business to the vendor's licensed premises or off-premises storage, provided that a vehicle permit or decal is attached to the vendor's owned or leased vehicle.
- (4) The division shall have prepared for issuance vehicle permits or decals suitable to be attached to such vehicles, with the words, "Beverage Vehicle No. ...," which may be obtained by any vendor upon payment of a fee of \$5 to the division. Such permits are shall be valid and will not expire unless the vendor disposes of his or her vehicle, or the vendor's alcoholic beverage license is transferred, canceled, not renewed, or is revoked by the division, whichever occurs first. By acceptance of a vehicle permit, the licensee agrees that such vehicle is shall always be subject to be inspected and searched without a search warrant, for the purpose of ascertaining that all provisions of the alcoholic beverage laws are complied with, by authorized employees of the division and also by sheriffs,

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deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or other times the vehicle is being used to transport or deliver alcoholic beverages.

- (5) Nothing contained in This section does not shall prohibit deliveries by the licensee from his or her permitted storage area or deliveries by a distributor from the manufacturer to his or her licensed premises; nor shall a pool buying agent be prohibited from transporting pool purchases to the licensed premises of his or her members with the licensee's owned or leased vehicles, and in such cases, no vehicle permit is shall be required in the transporting of such alcoholic beverages. In addition, a licensed salesperson of wine and spirits is authorized to deliver alcoholic beverages in his or her vehicle on behalf of the distributor without having to obtain a vehicle permit.
- (6) Common carriers are not required to have vehicle permits to transport alcoholic beverages.

Section 57. Section 562.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

562.16 Possession of beverages upon which tax is unpaid.—
Any person or corporation who shall own or have in her or his or
its possession any beverage upon which a tax is imposed by the
Beverage Law, or which would be imposed if such beverage were
manufactured in or brought into this state in accordance with
the regulatory provisions of the Beverage Law, and upon which
such tax has not been paid shall, in addition to the fines and
penalties otherwise provided in the Beverage Law, be personally
liable for the amount of the tax imposed on such beverage, and
the General Tax Administration Program Office within the

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Department of Revenue division may collect such tax from such person by suit or otherwise; provided, that this section shall not apply to manufacturers or distributors licensed under the Beverage Law, to state bonded warehouses or to common carriers; provided, further, this section shall not apply to persons possessing not in excess of 1 gallon of such beverages; provided, the beverage shall have been purchased by said possessor outside of the state in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased and shall have been brought into this state by said possessor. The burden of proof that such beverages were purchased outside the state and in accordance with the laws of the place where purchased in all cases shall be upon the possessor of such beverages.

Section 58. Section 562.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

562.20 Monthly reports by common and other carriers of beverages required.—

- (1) All common carriers of freight operating in the state shall file monthly reports with the <u>program</u> division on forms to be prepared by the <u>program</u> division which shall show in detail all shipments of alcoholic beverages transported by them to or from any point within the state.
- (2) Every other person, except manufacturers and distributors licensed in this state who are required to make reports under s. 561.55, who brings into the state from any point without the state any alcoholic beverages, in amounts exceeding 1 gallon in the aggregate, shall likewise file monthly reports with the <u>program division</u> on the forms to be prepared by the program <u>division</u>, which shall show in detail all such

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amounts of alcoholic beverages transported by them to any point within the state from any point without the state. Every licensee under this law who ships any alcoholic beverage to points beyond the state shall file monthly reports with the <a href="mailto:program division">program division</a> on forms to be prepared by the <a href="mailto:program division">program division</a>, which shall show in detail all shipments of alcoholic beverages transported by them from any point within the state to any point without the state.

(3) Such reports shall show in detail the name of the shipper and the consignee of each shipment and a description of the kind and amount of each such shipment and shall be filed monthly on or before the 15th of each month for the calendar month previous.

Section 59. Section 562.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

562.25 State bonded warehouses.-

(1) An No operator of a any storage warehouse may not shall accept for storage in such warehouse any alcoholic beverage subject to tax under the Beverage Law until such operator shall have obtained from the division a permit to store such beverage and shall have filed a bond payable to the division, conditioned upon the full compliance by such operator with the provisions of this section. This section does shall not apply to a federal bonded warehouse owned wholly by, and operated solely for, a manufacturer or distributor licensed under the Beverage Law. Such permit shall issue upon the payment of \$1 to the division, and may be refused, suspended, or revoked in the same manner and upon the same grounds that the license of a distributor may be refused, suspended, or revoked. Such bond shall be in an amount

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of not more than \$5,000 nor less than \$1,000, in the discretion of the division, with a surety company licensed to do business in the state as surety.

(2) On or before the 10th day of each month the operator of any state bonded warehouse shall report, on forms furnished by the <u>program division</u>, the amount of such beverages on deposit in such warehouse on the last day of the previous calendar month and the amount of such beverages deposited in and withdrawn from such warehouse during the previous calendar month, except that no report <u>is shall be</u> required as to such beverages on which all taxes have been paid which have been deposited in storage by a vendor licensed under the Beverage Law.

Section 60. Section 562.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

562.41 Searches; penalty.-

- (1) Any authorized employee of the division, <u>program</u>, any sheriff, any deputy sheriff, or any police officer may make searches of persons, places, and conveyances of any kind whatsoever in accordance with the laws of this state for the purpose of determining whether or not the provisions of the Beverage Law are being violated.
- (2) Any authorized employee of the division or program, any sheriff, any deputy sheriff, or any police officer may enter in the daytime any building or place where any beverages subject to tax under the Beverage Law or which would be subject to tax thereunder if such beverages were manufactured in or brought into this state in accordance with the regulatory provisions thereof, or any alcoholic beverages, are manufactured, produced, or kept, so far as may be necessary, for the purpose of

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examining the said beverages. When such premises are open at night, such officers may enter them while so open, in the performance of their official duties.

- (3) Any owner of such premises or person having the agency, superintendency, or possession of same, who refuses to admit such officer or to suffer her or him to examine such beverages, commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) Any person who shall forcibly obstruct or hinder the director of the division or the director of the program, any division or program employee, any sheriff, any deputy sheriff, or any police officer in the execution of any power or authority vested in her or him by law, or who shall forcibly rescue or cause to be rescued any property if the same shall have been seized by such officer, or shall attempt or endeavor to do so, commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) Licensees, by the acceptance of their license, agree that their places of business shall always be subject to be inspected and searched without search warrants by the authorized employees of the division or program, and also by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and police officers during business hours or at any other time such premises are occupied by the licensee or other persons.

Section 61. Section 563.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 563.01 Definition.—As used in this chapter, the terms:
- (1) The terms—"Beer" and "malt beverage" mean all brewed beverages containing malt.

(2) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.

Section 62. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 563.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

563.06 Malt beverages; imprint on individual container; size of containers; exemptions.—

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(b) Before Prior to shipping individual containers of malt beverages into the state which do not have the word "Florida" or "FL" imprinted thereon, the manufacturer must file an application with the division to claim the exemption contained herein and must obtain approval from the division to ship individual containers of malt beverages into the state which do not have the word "Florida" or "FL" imprinted thereon. Information furnished by the manufacturer to establish the criteria contained within paragraph (a) may be subject to an annual audit and verification by the program or the division. The division may revoke an approved exemption if the manufacturer refuses to furnish the information required in paragraph (a) upon request of the division, or if the manufacturer fails to permit a subsequent verification audit, or if the manufacturer fails to fully cooperate with the division or the program during the conducting of an audit.

Section 63. Section 563.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

563.07 Beer distributors' collection credit.—For the purpose of allowing credit to licensed distributors of malt beverages or beer for keeping prescribed records, furnishing bond, and properly accounting for and remitting taxes due to the

state, such licensed distributors shall be allowed 2.5 percent of the amount of the tax due, accounted for, and remitted to the program division, in the form of a deduction from such remittance. However, no allowance may be granted or permitted when the tax is delinquent at the time of payment.

Section 64. Subsection (3) is added to section 564.01, Florida Statutes, to read:

564.01 Definitions.-

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(3) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.

Section 65. Subsections (7) and (9) of section 564.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

564.06 Excise taxes on wines and beverages.-

- (7) Every distributor selling wine within the state shall pay the tax to the <u>program</u> division monthly on or before the 10th day of the following month, less 1.9 percent of the tax due, which shall be withheld by the distributor for keeping prescribed records, furnishing bond, and properly accounting for and remitting taxes due to the state. However, no allowance shall be granted or permitted when the tax is delinquent at the time of payment.
- (9) The program may department is authorized to adopt rules to administer effectuate the provisions of this section.

Section 66. Section 565.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.01 Definition; liquor.—<u>As used in this chapter, the</u> term:

(1) The words "Liquor," "distilled spirits," "spirituous liquors," "spirituous beverages," or "distilled spirituous

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2408 liquors" mean that substance known as ethyl alcohol, ethanol, or 2409 spirits of wine in any form, including all dilutions and 2410 mixtures thereof from whatever source or by whatever process produced.

(2) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.

Section 67. Subsections (2), (3), and (9) of section 565.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

565.02 License fees; vendors; clubs; caterers; and others.-

- (2) Any operator of railroads or sleeping cars in this state may obtain a license to sell the beverages mentioned in the Beverage Law on passenger trains upon the payment of an annual license tax of \$2,500, the tax to be paid to the division. Such license shall authorize the holder thereof to keep for sale and sell all beverages mentioned in the Beverage Law upon any dining, club, parlor, buffet, or observation car operated by it in this state, but such beverages may be sold only to passengers upon the cars and must be served for consumption thereon. It is unlawful for such licensees to purchase or sell any liquor except in miniature bottles of not more than 2 ounces. Every such license shall be good throughout the state. No license shall be required, or tax levied by any municipality or county, for the privilege of selling such beverages for consumption in such cars. Such beverages shall be sold only on cars in which are posted certified copies of the licenses issued to such operator. Such certified copies of such licenses shall be issued by the division upon the payment of a tax of \$10.
  - (3) (a) Operators of steamships and steamship lines, buses

and bus lines, or airplanes and airlines engaged in interstate or foreign commerce or plying between fixed terminals and upon fixed schedules in this state may obtain licenses to sell the beverages mentioned in the Beverage Law:

- 1. On steamships, buses, and airplanes operated by such operators, upon the payment of an annual license tax of \$1,100; and
- 2. In no more than one passenger waiting lounge licensed by the division and operated by an airline licensed herein at each of its terminals in the state for ticketed passengers whose flights are scheduled to depart within 24 hours of service and guests in the company of such ticketholders, provided such licensed airline has first obtained an appropriate space lease or permit providing for payment of nondiscriminatory rental and concession fees and upon the payment of an additional license tax of \$1,100 per lounge.

All such license taxes shall be paid to the division. Such licenses shall authorize the holders thereof to keep for sale and sell all beverages mentioned in the Beverage Law upon any steamship, bus, or airplane or in any such airline passenger waiting lounge operated by such operators in this state, but such beverages may be sold only to passengers upon such steamships, buses, and airplanes and to ticketed passengers and their guests in such airline passenger waiting lounges and may be served only for consumption on such steamships, buses, and airplanes or in such airline passenger waiting lounges. It is unlawful for such licensees to purchase for resale any liquor except in miniature bottles of not more than 2 ounces or liquor

in individual containers of not less than one-fifth of 1 gallon. 2466 2467 Such sales are permitted while such steamships, buses, and 2468 airplanes are in transit; but such sales are not permitted on 2469 airplanes while such airplanes are in airports. Every such 2470 license shall be good throughout the state. No license may be 2471 required or tax levied by any municipality or county for the 2472 privilege of selling such beverages for consumption on such 2473 steamships, buses, or airplanes or in such airline passenger 2474 waiting lounges. The division shall issue a license to sell 2475 alcoholic beverages on steamships, buses, and airplanes to an 2476 operator of a steamship line, bus line, or airline, at a central 2477 location designated on the sworn application for license. The 2478 application for initial issuance of such a license must specify 2479 the number of steamships, buses, or airplanes in the fleet 2480 scheduled by the operator of the line for operation in this 2481 state. An application for renewal of such a license must specify 2482 the total number of steamships, buses, or airplanes in the fleet 2483 that operated in this state during the preceding license year. 2484 In addition to the annual license tax imposed under this 2485 subsection, a tax of \$25 is imposed for each steamship, bus, or 2486 airplane which is disclosed on the application for license or 2487 renewal of license. Upon the payment of all applicable license 2488 taxes, each such steamship, bus, or airplane is considered a 2489 licensed premises under the Beverage Law. However, this paragraph does not apply to operators of pleasure, excursion, 2490 2491 sightseeing, or charter boats not having regular round-trip runs 2492 of more than 100 miles in each direction; but operators of such 2493 boats may obtain licenses, with such boats being designated as 2494 their places of business, upon compliance with all the laws

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relating to vendors operating places of business where consumption on the premises is permitted. However, the operator of any pleasure, excursion, sightseeing, or charter boat which has a Coast Guard-approved capacity of at least 125 passengers may be granted a special liquor license to sell and serve alcoholic beverages to passengers during a period of no longer than 1 hour prior to departure on a scheduled or chartered cruise while the boat is docked at a docking facility or marina and the period during which the boat is in operation on the scheduled or chartered cruise for consumption on the premises only. The fee for such special license shall be the same as that charged pursuant to paragraphs (1)(b)-(f) based on the location of the home port of the boat. Also, no license to sell the beverages herein defined shall be issued to the operator of any boat which plies upon or is anchored upon the waters of any lake within this state.

(b) Operators of railroads, sleeping cars, steamships, buses, and airplanes licensed under this section shall not be required to obtain their beverages from licensees under the Beverage Law, but such operators shall keep strict accounts of all such beverages sold within this state and shall make monthly reports to the program division on the forms prepared and furnished by the program division. Such operators are required to pay an excise tax for such beverages sold within this state as to which such excise tax has not theretofore been paid, equal to the tax assessed against manufacturers and distributors. Such operators shall pay such tax monthly to the program division at the same time they furnish the reports hereinabove provided for. Such reports shall be filed on or before the 15th day of each

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2524 month for sales for the previous calendar month.

- (9) It is the finding of the Legislature that passenger vessels engaged exclusively in foreign commerce are susceptible to a distinct and separate classification for purposes of the sale of alcoholic beverages under the Beverage Law. Upon the filing of an application and payment of an annual fee of \$1,100, the director is authorized to issue a permit authorizing the operator, or, if applicable, his or her concessionaire, of a passenger vessel which has cabin-berth capacity for at least 75 passengers, and which is engaged exclusively in foreign commerce, to sell alcoholic beverages on the vessel for consumption on board only:
- (a) During a period not in excess of 24 hours prior to departure while the vessel is moored at a dock or wharf in a port of this state; or
- (b) At any time while the vessel is located in Florida territorial waters and is in transit to or from international waters.

One such permit shall be required for each such vessel and shall name the vessel for which it is issued. No license shall be required or tax levied by any municipality or county for the privilege of selling beverages for consumption on board such vessels. The beverages so sold may be purchased outside the state by the permittee, and the same shall not be considered as imported for the purposes of s. 561.14(3) solely because of such sale. The permittee is not required to obtain its beverages from licensees under the Beverage Law, but it shall keep a strict

account of all such beverages sold within this state and shall

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make monthly reports to the program division on forms prepared and furnished by the program division. A permittee who sells on board the vessel beverages withdrawn from United States Bureau of Customs and Border Protection bonded storage on board the vessel may satisfy such accounting requirement by supplying the program division with copies of the appropriate United States Bureau of Customs and Border Protection forms evidencing such withdrawals as importations under United States customs laws. Such permittee shall pay to the state an excise tax for beverages sold pursuant to this section, if such excise tax has not previously been paid, in an amount equal to the tax which would be required to be paid on such sales by a licensed manufacturer or distributor. A vendor holding such permit shall pay the tax monthly to the program division at the same time he or she furnishes the required report. Such report shall be filed on or before the 15th day of each month for the sales occurring during the previous calendar month.

Section 68. Subsection (4) of section 565.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.12 Excise tax on liquors and beverages.-

(4) The <u>Department of Revenue may department is authorized</u> to adopt rules to <u>administer</u> <u>effectuate the provisions of</u> this section.

Section 69. Section 565.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.13 Monthly payment of tax by distributor.—Every distributor selling spirituous beverages within the state shall pay the tax to the <u>program</u> division monthly on or before the 10th day of the following month, less 1.0 percent of the tax

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due, which shall be withheld by the distributor for keeping prescribed records, furnishing bond, and properly accounting for and remitting taxes due to the state. However, no allowance may be granted or permitted when the tax is delinquent at the time of payment.

Section 70. Section 568.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

568.10 Confiscation of liquors. - Upon the arrest of any person charged with a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, the arresting officer shall take into his or her custody all of the intoxicating liquors, wines, or beer found in the possession, custody or control of the person arrested, and safely keep and preserve the same and have it forthcoming at any investigation, prosecution or other proceeding for the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, and for the destruction of same as is in this section provided. Upon the conviction of the person arrested for the violation of any provision of this chapter, the judge of the court trying the case, after notice to the person convicted and any other person who the judge may be of the opinion is entitled to notice, as the judge may deem reasonable, shall issue to the sheriff of the county, division, or authorized municipality a written order adjudging and declaring such intoxicating liquors, wines, or beer forfeited and directing the sheriff, division, or authorized municipality to sell the liquors, wines, or beer to any licensed wholesaler in the state upon the condition that the intoxicating liquors, wines, and beer must be first inspected by an employee of the program or division to ascertain that all state taxes applicable have been paid. Sale shall be made,

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however, only upon submission by the sheriff, division, or authorized municipality of a request for bids to at least five wholesalers in the state, and the sale shall be made to the highest and best bidder; provided, however, if in the opinion of the sheriff, division, or authorized municipality no satisfactory bid from a wholesaler is received, bids may then be rejected and the intoxicating liquors, wines, or beer so seized and forfeited may be sold to any retailer licensed in this state to sell such beverages provided that the sale shall be made only upon submission by the sheriff, division, or authorized municipality of a request for bids to at least five retail dealers in the state and that the sale shall be made to the highest and best bidder therefor; the order shall further provide, in the event any forfeited liquors, wines, or beer cannot be sold, that the sheriff, division, or authorized municipality shall immediately destroy same or that the sheriff or authorized municipality shall deliver same to the division for the disposition as provided in s. 562.44. In the event that the liquors, wines, or beer are to be destroyed under the order, the destruction by the sheriff or authorized municipality shall be in the presence of the clerk of the circuit court of the county and at times, places and in the manner as the judge, in his or her order, directs.

Section 71. Present subsections (4) through (7) of section 569.002, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, and new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

- 569.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (4) "Program" means the General Tax Administration Program

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2640 Office of the Department of Revenue.

Section 72. Section 569.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

569.004 Consent to inspection and search without warrant.— An applicant for a permit, by accepting the permit when issued, agrees that the place or premises covered by the permit is subject to inspection and search without a search warrant by the division or the program or their its authorized assistants, and by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, or police officers, to determine compliance with this chapter.

Section 73. Section 569.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

569.009 Rulemaking authority.—The division shall adopt any rules necessary to administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter. The program may adopt any rules necessary for the collection or audit of taxes and surcharges on tobacco products.

Section 74. Section 213.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

213.05 Department of Revenue; control and administration of revenue laws.—The Department of Revenue shall have only those responsibilities for ad valorem taxation specified to the department in chapter 192, taxation, general provisions; chapter 193, assessments; chapter 194, administrative and judicial review of property taxes; chapter 195, property assessment administration and finance; chapter 196, exemption; chapter 197, tax collections, sales, and liens; chapter 199, intangible personal property taxes; and chapter 200, determination of millage. The Department of Revenue shall have the responsibility of regulating, controlling, and administering all revenue laws

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2669 and performing all duties as provided in s. 125.0104, the Local 2670 Option Tourist Development Act; s. 125.0108, tourist impact tax; 2671 chapter 198, estate taxes; chapter 201, excise tax on documents; 2672 chapter 202, communications services tax; chapter 203, gross 2673 receipts taxes; chapter 206, motor and other fuel taxes; chapter 2674 210, for the function of collecting and auditing taxes and 2675 surcharges on cigarette and tobacco products; chapter 211, tax 2676 on production of oil and gas and severance of solid minerals; 2677 chapter 212, tax on sales, use, and other transactions; chapter 2678 220, income tax code; chapter 221, emergency excise tax; ss. 2679 336.021 and 336.025, taxes on motor fuel and special fuel; s. 2680 376.11, pollutant spill prevention and control; s. 403.718, 2681 waste tire fees; s. 403.7185, lead-acid battery fees; s. 538.09, 2682 registration of secondhand dealers; s. 538.25, registration of 2683 secondary metals recyclers; chapters 561, 562, 563, 564, and 2684 565, for the functions of collecting and auditing taxes on 2685 alcoholic beverages; s. 624.4621, group self-insurer's fund 2686 premium tax; s. 624.5091, retaliatory tax; s. 624.475, commercial self-insurance fund premium tax; ss. 624.509-624.511, 2687 2688 insurance code: administration and general provisions; s. 2689 624.515, State Fire Marshal regulatory assessment; s. 627.357, 2690 medical malpractice self-insurance premium tax; s. 629.5011, 2691 reciprocal insurers premium tax; and s. 681.117, motor vehicle 2692 warranty enforcement. Section 75. The Legislature hereby finds that the failure 2693 2694 to promptly implement this act would present an immediate threat 2695 to the welfare of the state because the revenues needed for 2696 operation of the state would not be collected. Therefore, the

Department of Revenue and the Department of Business and

20117150 576-02043A-11 2698 Professional Regulation are authorized and all conditions are 2699 deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) 2700 and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this act. The 2701 emergency rules shall remain in effect for 6 months after the 2702 rules are adopted and the emergency rules may be renewed during 2703 the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing 2704 the subject of the emergency rules. 2705 Section 76. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.