

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Floor: WD/2R 05/06/2011 07:58 PM

Senator Latvala moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 1246 and 1247 insert:

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Section 35. Section 493.6120, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6120 Violations; penalty.-

- (1) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a person who engages in any activity for which this chapter requires a license and who does not hold the required license commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - (b) A second or subsequent violation of paragraph (a) is a

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felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.

- (c) Paragraph (a) does not apply if the person engages in unlicensed activity within 90 days after the date of the expiration of his or her license.
- (2) (a) A person who, while impersonating a security officer, private investigator, recovery agent, or other person required to have a license under this chapter, knowingly and intentionally forces another person to assist the impersonator in an activity within the scope of duty of a professional licensed under this chapter commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) during the course of committing a felony commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) A person who violates paragraph (a) during the course of committing a felony that results in death or serious bodily injury to another human being commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) (1) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter except s. 493.6405, subsection (1), or subsection (2) commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) (2) Any person who is convicted of any violation of this chapter is shall not be eliqible for licensure for a period of 5 years.

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(5) (3) Any person who violates or disregards any cease and desist order issued by the department commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. In addition, the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.

(6) (4) Any person who was an owner, officer, partner, or manager of a licensed agency at the time of any activity that is the basis for revocation of the agency or branch office license and who knew or should have known of the activity, shall have his or her personal licenses or approval suspended for 3 years and may not have any financial interest in or be employed in any capacity by a licensed agency during the period of suspension.

Section 36. Protecting critical infrastructure facilities .-

- (1) A licensed security officer who possesses a valid Class "G" license, or a licensed security agency manager who possesses a valid Class "G" license, who is on duty, in uniform, providing security services on the premises of a critical infrastructure facility, and has probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a crime against the licensed security officer's client or patrons thereof, may temporarily detain the person for the purpose of ascertaining his or her identity and the circumstances of the activity that is the basis for the temporary detention. The security officer may detain the person in a reasonable manner until the responding law enforcement officer arrives at the premises of the client and is in the presence of the detainee.
- (2) When temporarily detaining a person, the licensed security officer or security agency manager shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency as soon as reasonably

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possible. Temporary detention of a person by a licensed security officer or security agency manager must be done solely for the purpose of detaining the person before the arrival of a law enforcement officer. Custody of any person being temporarily detained shall be immediately transferred to the responding law enforcement officer.

- (3) A licensed security officer or security agency manager may not detain a person under this section after the arrival of a law enforcement officer unless the law enforcement officer requests the security officer to continue detaining the person. The responsibilities of the licensed security officer or security agency manager do not extend beyond the place where the person was first detained or in the immediate vicinity.
- (4) A person may not be temporarily detained under this section longer than is reasonably necessary to effect the purposes of this section.
- (5) If a licensed security officer or security agency manager while detaining a person pursuant to this section observes that the person temporarily detained is armed with a firearm, concealed weapon, or any destructive device that poses a threat to the safety of the security officer or any person for whom the security officer is responsible for providing protection, or the detainee admits to having a weapon in his or her possession, the security officer or security agency manager may conduct a search of the person and his or her belongings only to the extent necessary for the purpose of disclosing the presence of a weapon. If the search reveals such a weapon, the weapon shall be seized and transferred to the responding law enforcement officer.



- (6) As used in this section, the term "critical infrastructure facility" means any one of the following, if it employs measures such as fences, barriers, or quard posts that are designed to exclude unauthorized personnel and is determined by a state or federal authority to be so vital to the state that the incapacity or destruction of the facility would have a debilitating impact on security, state economic stability, state public health or safety, or any combination of those matters:
 - (a) A chemical manufacturing facility;
 - (b) A refinery;
- (c) An electrical power generating facility, substation, switching station, electrical control center, or electrical transmission or distribution facility;
- (d) A water intake structure, water treatment facility, wastewater treatment plant, or pump station;
 - (e) A natural gas transmission compressor station;
 - (f) A liquid natural gas terminal or storage facility;
 - (g) A telecommunications central switching office;
- (h) A deep water seaport or railroad switching yard;
- (i) A gas processing plant, including a plant used in the processing, treatment, or fractionation of natural gas; or
 - (j) A public transportation facility as defined in s. 343.62, Florida Statutes.
 - (7) Class "D" and Class "MB" licensees shall perform duties regulated under this section in a uniform that bears at least one patch or emblem visible at all times clearly identifying the employing agency.

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And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 107

132 and insert:

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Affairs to adopt rules; amending s. 493.6120, F.S.; providing that a person who engages in any activity for which ch. 493, F.S., requires a license, but acts without having a license, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree; providing that a person commits a felony of the third degree for a second or subsequent offense of engaging in activities without a license; authorizing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to impose a civil penalty not to exceed a specified amount; providing that penalties do not apply if the person engaged in unlicensed activity within 90 days after the expiration date of the person's license; providing that a person who, while impersonating a security officer, private investigator, recovery agent, or other person required to have a license under ch. 493, F.S., knowingly and intentionally forces another person to assist the impersonator in an activity within the scope of duty of a professional licensed under ch. 493, F.S., commits a felony of the third degree; providing that a person who impersonates a security officer or other designated officer during the commission of a felony commits a felony of the second degree; providing that a person who impersonates a security officer or other designated officer during the commission a felony that results in death or serious bodily injury to another

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human being commits a felony of the first degree; authorizing a licensed security officer or a licensed security agency manager to detain a person on the premises of a critical infrastructure facility if the security officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed or is committing a crime and for the purpose of ascertaining the person's identity and the circumstances of the activity that is the basis for the temporary detention; providing that the person may be detained until a responding law enforcement officer arrives at the critical infrastructure facility; requiring the security officer to notify the law enforcement agency as soon as possible; requiring that custody of any person temporarily detained be immediately transferred to the responding law enforcement officer; prohibiting a licensed security officer or security agency manager from detaining a person after the arrival of a law enforcement officer unless the law enforcement officer requests the security officer to assist in detaining the person; authorizing the security officer to search the person detained if the security officer observes that the person temporarily detained is armed with a firearm, concealed weapon, or any destructive device that poses a threat to the safety of the security officer, or the detainee admits to the security officer that he or she is armed with a weapon; requiring the security officer to seize any weapon discovered and transfer the weapon to the responding



law enforcement officer; defining the term "critical
infrastructure facility"; providing identification
requirements for licensed security officers; providing
an effective date.