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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/22/2011		
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The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Detert) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2010-280, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

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213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-

9 (4) The department, while providing unemployment tax 10 collection services under contract with the Agency for Workforce 11 Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 12 443.1316, may release unemployment tax rate information to the

Page 1 of 43



13 agent of an employer, which agent provides payroll services for more than 100 500 employers, pursuant to the terms of a 14 15 memorandum of understanding. The memorandum of understanding must state that the agent affirms, subject to the criminal 16 17 penalties contained in ss. 443.171 and 443.1715, that the agent will retain the confidentiality of the information, that the 18 19 agent has in effect a power of attorney from the employer which permits the agent to obtain unemployment tax rate information, 20 21 and that the agent shall provide the department with a copy of 22 the employer's power of attorney upon request.

Section 2. Effective July 1, 2011, present subsections (26) through (45) of section 443.036, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsection (27) through (46) respectively, new subsection (26) is added to that section, and present subsections (6), (9), (16), (29), and (43) of that section are amended, to read:

29

443.036 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

30 (6) "Available for work" means actively seeking and being 31 ready and willing to accept suitable work employment.

32 (9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year 33 period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, 34 thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of 35 the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim 36 37 for benefits after the termination of his or her last preceding 38 benefit year. Each claim for benefits made in accordance with s. 39 443.151(2) is a valid claim under this subsection if the 40 individual was paid wages for insured work in accordance with s. 41 443.091(1)(g) and is unemployed as defined in subsection (43) at

Page 2 of 43



42 the time of filing the claim. However, the Agency for Workforce 43 Innovation may adopt rules providing for the establishment of a 44 uniform benefit year for all workers in one or more groups or 45 classes of service or within a particular industry if the agency 46 determines, after notice to the industry and to the workers in 47 the industry and an opportunity to be heard in the matter, that 48 those groups or classes of workers in a particular industry 49 periodically experience unemployment resulting from layoffs or 50 shutdowns for limited periods of time.

(16) "Earned income" means gross remuneration derived from work, professional service, or self-employment. The term includes commissions, bonuses, back pay awards <u>or back pay</u> <u>settlements</u>, <u>front pay or front wages</u>, and the cash value of all remuneration paid in a medium other than cash. The term does not include income derived from invested capital or ownership of property.

58 (26) "Initial skills review" means an online education or 59 training program, such as that established under s. 1004.99, 60 which is approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation and 61 designed to measure an individual's mastery level of workplace 62 skills.

63 <u>(30)</u> (29) "Misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, the 64 following, which may not be construed in pari materia with each 65 other:

(a) Conduct demonstrating <u>conscious</u> willful or wanton
disregard of an employer's interests and found to be a
deliberate violation or disregard of <u>reasonable</u> the standards of
behavior which the employer has a right to expect of his or her
employee, including standards lawfully set forth in the

Page 3 of 43



71 employer's written rules of conduct; or

(b) Carelessness or negligence to a degree or recurrence that manifests culpability <u>or</u>, wrongful intent, <del>or evil design</del> or shows an intentional and substantial disregard of the employer's interests or of the employee's duties and obligations to his or her employer.

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(44) (43) "Unemployment" or "unemployed" means:

78 (a) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week 79 during which he or she does not perform any services and for 80 which earned income is not payable to him or her. An individual 81 is "partially unemployed" in any week of less than full-time 82 work if the earned income payable to him or her for that week is less than his or her weekly benefit amount. The Agency for 83 84 Workforce Innovation may adopt rules prescribing distinctions in the procedures for unemployed individuals based on total 85 86 unemployment, part-time unemployment, partial unemployment of 87 individuals attached to their regular jobs, and other forms of short-time work. 88

(b) An individual's week of unemployment commences only after his or her registration with the Agency for Workforce Innovation as required in s. 443.091, except as the agency may otherwise prescribe by rule.

93 Section 3. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraphs (b), (c), 94 (d), and (f) of subsection (1) of section 443.091, Florida 95 Statutes, are amended to read:

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443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions.-

97 (1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive
98 benefits for any week only if the Agency for Workforce
99 Innovation finds that:

826752

100 (b) She or he has registered with the agency for work and subsequently reports to the one-stop career center as directed 101 102 by the regional workforce board for reemployment services. This 103 requirement does not apply to persons who are: 1. Non-Florida residents; 104 105 2. On a temporary layoff, as defined in s. 443.036(42); 3. Union members who customarily obtain employment through 106 107 a union hiring hall; or 108 4. Claiming benefits under an approved short-time 109 compensation plan as provided in s. 443.1116. 110 (c) To make continued claims for benefits, she or he is 111 reporting to the Agency for Workforce Innovation in accordance with this paragraph and agency its rules, and participating in 112 113 an initial skills review as directed by the agency. Agency These 114 rules may not conflict with s. 443.111(1)(b), which requires 115 including the requirement that each claimant continue to report 116 regardless of any pending appeal relating to her or his 117 eligibility or disqualification for benefits. 118 1. For each week of unemployment claimed, each report must, 119 at a minimum, include the name, address, and telephone number of 120 each prospective employer contacted pursuant to paragraph (d). 121 2. The administrator or operator of the initial skills 122 review shall notify the agency when the individual completes the 123 initial skills review and report the results of the review to 124 the regional workforce board or the one-stop career center as 125 directed by the workforce board. The workforce board shall use 126 the initial skills review to develop a plan for referring 127 individuals to training and employment opportunities. The 128 failure of the individual to comply with this requirement will

Page 5 of 43



129 result in the individual being determined ineligible for benefits for the week in which the noncompliance occurred and 130 131 for any subsequent week of unemployment until the requirement is 132 satisfied. However, this requirement does not apply if the 133 individual is able to affirmatively attest to being unable to 134 complete such review due to illiteracy or a language impediment. 135 (d) She or he is able to work and is available for work. In 136 order to assess eligibility for a claimed week of unemployment, 137 the agency shall develop criteria to determine a claimant's 138 ability to work and availability for work. A claimant must be 139 actively seeking work in order to be considered available for 140 work. This means engaging in systematic and sustained efforts to find work, including contacting at least five prospective 141 142 employers for each week of unemployment claimed. The agency may require the claimant to provide proof of such efforts to the 143 144 one-stop career center as part of reemployment services. The 145 agency shall conduct random reviews of work search information 146 provided by claimants. However:

147 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph or paragraphs (b) and (e), an otherwise eligible individual may not 148 149 be denied benefits for any week because she or he is in training 150 with the approval of the agency, or by reason of s. 443.101(3) 151 443.101(2) relating to failure to apply for, or refusal to 152 accept, suitable work. Training may be approved by the agency in 153 accordance with criteria prescribed by rule. A claimant's 154 eligibility during approved training is contingent upon 155 satisfying eligibility conditions prescribed by rule.

156 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an157 otherwise eligible individual who is in training approved under



158 s. 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, may not be 159 determined ineligible or disgualified for benefits due to her or his enrollment in such training or because of leaving work that 160 161 is not suitable employment to enter such training. As used in this subparagraph, the term "suitable employment" means work of 162 a substantially equal or higher skill level than the worker's 163 past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of 164 165 the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the wages for which are at 166 least 80 percent of the worker's average weekly wage as 167 determined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she or he is before any state or federal court pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty.

(f) She or he has been unemployed for a waiting period of 1 week. A week may not be counted as a week of unemployment under this subsection unless:

1751. UnlessIt occurs within the benefit year that includes176the week for which she or he claims payment of benefits.

2. If Benefits have been paid for that week.

3. Unless The individual was eligible for benefits for that week as provided in this section and s. 443.101, except for the requirements of this subsection and <del>of</del> s. <u>443.101(6)</u> <del>443.101(5)</del>.

Section 4. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and present subsections (2), (3), (9), and (11) of section 443.101, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (2) through (11) of that section are redesignated as subsections (3) through (13), respectively, and new subsections (2) and (12) are added to that section, to read:

Page 7 of 43

177

826752

187 443.101 Disqualification for benefits.—An individual shall188 be disqualified for benefits:

(1) (a) For the week in which he or she has voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to his or her employing unit or in which the individual has been discharged by the employing unit for misconduct connected with his or her work, based on a finding by the Agency for Workforce Innovation. As used in this paragraph, the term "work" means any work, whether full-time, part-time, or temporary.

196 1. Disgualification for voluntarily quitting continues for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after the 197 198 individual has left his or her full-time, part-time, or temporary work voluntarily without good cause and until the 199 200 individual has earned income equal to or greater than in excess of 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. As used in this 201 202 subsection, the term "good cause" includes only that cause 203 attributable to the employing unit which would compel a 204 reasonable individual to cease working or attributable to which 205 consists of the individual's illness or disability requiring 206 separation from his or her work. Any other disqualification may 207 not be imposed. An individual is not disqualified under this 208 subsection for voluntarily leaving temporary work to return 209 immediately when called to work by the permanent employing unit 210 that temporarily terminated his or her work within the previous 211 6 calendar months, or. An individual is not disqualified under 212 this subsection for voluntarily leaving work to relocate as a 213 result of his or her military-connected spouse's permanent change of station orders, activation orders, or unit deployment 214 215 orders.



216 2. Disqualification for being discharged for misconduct 217 connected with his or her work continues for the full period of 218 unemployment next ensuing after having been discharged and until 219 the individual is reemployed and has earned income of at least 220 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount and for not more than 221 52 weeks that immediately following follow that week, as 222 determined by the agency in each case according to the 223 circumstances in each case or the seriousness of the misconduct, 224 under the agency's rules adopted for determining determinations of disqualification for benefits for misconduct. 225

3. If an individual has provided notification to the employing unit of his or her intent to voluntarily leave work and the employing unit discharges the individual for reasons other than misconduct before the date the voluntary quit was to take effect, the individual, if otherwise entitled, shall receive benefits from the date of the employer's discharge until the effective date of his or her voluntary quit.

233 4. If an individual is notified by the employing unit of 234 the employer's intent to discharge the individual for reasons 235 other than misconduct and the individual quits without good 236 cause, as defined in this section, before the date the discharge 237 was to take effect, the claimant is ineligible for benefits 238 pursuant to s. 443.091(1)(d) for failing to be available for 239 work for the week or weeks of unemployment occurring before the 240 effective date of the discharge.

(2) For the week the individual has been discharged by the
 employing unit for gross misconduct, based on a finding by the
 Agency for Workforce Innovation. Disqualification for being
 discharged for gross misconduct continues for the full period of

Page 9 of 43

826752

245	unemployment next ensuing after having been discharged and until
246	the individual is reemployed and has earned income of at least
247	17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. As used in this
248	subsection, the term "gross misconduct" means any of the
249	following:
250	(a) Willful or reckless damage to an employer's property
251	which results in damage of more than \$50.
252	(b) Theft of the property of an employer, a customer, or an
253	invitee of the employer.
254	(c) Violation of an employer's policy relating to the
255	consumption of alcohol or drugs on the employer property, being
256	under the influence of alcohol or drugs on employer property, or
257	using alcohol or drugs while on the job or on duty. As used in
258	this paragraph, the term "alcohol or drugs" has the same meaning
259	<u>as in s. 440.102(1)(c).</u>
260	(d) Failure to comply with an employer's drug and alcohol
261	testing and use policies while on the job or on duty.
262	(e) Failure to comply with applicable state or federal drug
263	and alcohol testing and use regulations, including, but not
264	limited to, 49 C.F.R. part 40 and part 382 of the Federal Motor
265	Carrier Safety Regulations, while on the job or on duty, and
266	regulations applicable to employees performing transportation
267	and other safety-sensitive job functions as defined by the
268	Federal Government.
269	(f) Criminal assault or battery of another employee or of a
270	customer or invitee of the employer.
271	(g) Abuse of a patient, resident, disabled person, elderly
272	person, or child in her or his professional care.
273	(h) Insubordination, which is defined as the willful

826752

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274	failure to comply with a lawful, reasonable order of a
275	supervisor which is directly related to the employee's
276	employment as described in an applicable written job
277	description, the written rules of conduct, or other lawful
278	directive of the employer. The employee must have received at
279	least one written warning from the employer before being
280	discharged from employment.
281	(i) Willful neglect of duty directly related to the
282	employee's employment as described in an applicable written job
283	description or written rules of conduct. The employee must have
284	received at least one written warning from the employer before
285	being discharged from employment.
286	(j) Failure to maintain a license, registration, or
287	certification required by law in order for the employee to
288	perform her or his assigned job duties as described in an
289	written job description.
290	(3) (2) If the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that
291	the individual has failed without good cause to apply for
292	available suitable work <del>when directed by the agency or the one-</del>
293	stop career center, to accept suitable work when offered to him
294	or her, or to return to the individual's customary self-
295	employment when directed by the agency, the disqualification
296	continues for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after
297	he or she failed without good cause to apply for available
298	suitable work, to accept suitable work, or to return to his or
299	her customary self-employment, <del>under this subsection,</del> and until
300	the individual has earned income <u>of</u> at least 17 times his or her
301	weekly benefit amount. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall
302	by rule adopt criteria for determining the "suitability of
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826752

303 work," as used in this section. The agency for Workforce 304 Innovation In developing these rules, the agency shall consider the duration of a claimant's unemployment in determining the 305 306 suitability of work and the suitability of proposed rates of 307 compensation for available work. Further, after an individual 308 has received 19 25 weeks of benefits in a single year, suitable 309 work is a job that pays the minimum wage and is 120 percent or more of the weekly benefit amount the individual is drawing. 310

311 (a) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for 312 an individual, the agency for Workforce Innovation shall 313 consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's his or 314 her health, safety, and morals; the individual's his or her physical fitness, and prior training,; the individual's 315 316 experience, and prior earnings,; his or her length of unemployment, and prospects for securing local work in his or 317 her customary occupation; and the distance of the available work 318 319 from his or her residence.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, work is not deemed suitable and benefits may not be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:

324 1. If The position offered is vacant due directly to a
325 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute.

326 2. If The wages, hours, or other conditions of the work 327 offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than 328 those prevailing for similar work in the locality.

329 3. If As a condition of being employed, the individual <u>is</u> 330 would be required to join a company union or to resign from or 331 refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

## Page 12 of 43

826752

332	(c) If the agency <del>for Workforce Innovation</del> finds that an
333	individual was rejected for offered employment as the direct
334	result of a positive, confirmed drug test required as a
335	condition of employment, the individual is disqualified for
336	refusing to accept an offer of suitable work.
337	(4)(3) For any week with respect to which he or she is
338	receiving or has received remuneration in the form of:
339	(a) Wages in lieu of notice.
340	(b) Severance pay. The number of weeks that an individual's
341	severance pay disqualifies the individual is equal to the amount
342	of the severance pay divided by the individual's average weekly
343	wage received from the employer that paid the severance pay,
344	rounded down to the nearest whole number, beginning with the
345	week the individual separated from that employer.
346	(c) (b) 1. Compensation for temporary total disability or
347	permanent total disability under the workers' compensation law
348	of any state or under a similar law of the United States.
349	
350	$rac{2}{\cdot}$ However, if the remuneration referred to in paragraphs (a),
351	and (b), and (c) is less than the benefits that would otherwise
352	be due under this chapter, an individual who is otherwise
353	<u>eligible</u> <del>he or she</del> is entitled to receive for that week <del>, if</del>
354	otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of the
355	remuneration.
356	(10) <del>(9)</del> If the individual was terminated from <del>his or her</del>
357	work for violation of any criminal law punishable by
358	imprisonment, or for any dishonest act, in connection with his
359	<del>or her work</del> , as follows:
360	(a) If the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the
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361 Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was 362 terminated from his or her work for violation of any criminal 363 law, under any jurisdiction, which was punishable by 364 imprisonment in connection with his or her work or affected his 365 or her ability to perform work, and the individual was 366 convicted, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere found 367 guilty of the offense, made an admission of guilt in a court of 368 law, or entered a plea of no contest, the individual is not 369 entitled to unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks, pursuant 370 to under rules adopted by the agency for Workforce Innovation, 371 and until he or she has earned income of at least 17 times his 372 or her weekly benefit amount. If, before an adjudication of 373 guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of nolo contendere no 374 contest, the employer proves by competent, substantial evidence 375 to shows the agency for Workforce Innovation that the arrest was 376 due to a crime against the employer or the employer's business, 377 customers, or invitees and, after considering all the evidence, 378 the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds misconduct in 379 connection with the individual's work, the individual is not 380 entitled to unemployment benefits.

381 (b) If the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the 382 Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was 383 terminated from work for any dishonest act in connection with 384 his or her work, the individual is not entitled to unemployment 385 benefits for up to 52 weeks, pursuant to under rules adopted by 386 the agency for Workforce Innovation, and until he or she has 387 earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. In addition, If the employer terminates an individual as 388 389 a result of a dishonest act in connection with his or her work

Page 14 of 43

393

826752

390 and the agency for Workforce Innovation finds misconduct in 391 connection with his or her work, the individual is not entitled 392 to unemployment benefits.

394 <u>If With respect to an individual is disqualified for benefits,</u> 395 the account of the terminating employer, if the employer is in 396 the base period, is noncharged at the time the disqualification 397 is imposed.

398 (12) For any week in which the individual is unavailable 399 for work due to incarceration or imprisonment.

400 (13) (11) If an individual is discharged from employment for 401 drug use as evidenced by a positive, confirmed drug test as provided in paragraph (1)(d), or is rejected for offered 402 403 employment because of a positive, confirmed drug test as 404 provided in paragraph (3) (c)  $\frac{(2)(c)}{(2)(c)}$ , test results and chain of 405 custody documentation provided to the employer by a licensed and approved drug-testing laboratory is self-authenticating and 406 407 admissible in unemployment compensation hearings, and such 408 evidence creates a rebuttable presumption that the individual 409 used, or was using, controlled substances, subject to the 410 following conditions:

(a) To qualify for the presumption described in this 411 412 subsection, an employer must have implemented a drug-free 413 workplace program under ss. 440.101 and 440.102 $_{T}$  and must submit 414 proof that the employer has qualified for the insurance 415 discounts provided under s. 627.0915, as certified by the 416 insurance carrier or self-insurance unit. In lieu of these requirements, an employer who does not fit the definition of 417 "employer" in s. 440.102 may qualify for the presumption if the 418

Page 15 of 43



419 employer is in compliance with equivalent or more stringent420 drug-testing standards established by federal law or regulation.

(b) Only laboratories licensed and approved as provided in s. 440.102(9), or as provided by equivalent or more stringent licensing requirements established by federal law or regulation may perform the drug tests.

(c) Disclosure of drug test results and other information pertaining to drug testing of individuals who claim or receive compensation under this chapter <u>is shall be</u> governed by s. 428 443.1715.

429 Section 5. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraph (b) of 430 subsection (1) of section 443.111, Florida Statutes, is amended 431 to read:

432

443.111 Payment of benefits.-

(1) MANNER OF PAYMENT.-Benefits are payable from the fund
in accordance with rules adopted by the Agency for Workforce
Innovation, subject to the following requirements:

436 (b) As required under s. 443.091(1), each claimant must 437 report in the manner prescribed by the agency for Workforce 438 Innovation to certify for benefits that are paid and must 439 continue to report at least biweekly to receive unemployment 440 benefits and to attest to the fact that she or he is able and available for work, has not refused suitable work, is seeking 441 442 work and has contacted at least five prospective employers for 443 each week of unemployment claimed, and, if she or he has worked, 444 to report earnings from that work. Each claimant must continue 445 to report regardless of any appeal or pending appeal relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for benefits. 446 Section 6. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraph (c) of 447

Page 16 of 43

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. SB 728

826752

448 subsection (3) of section 443.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended 449 to read:

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443.1115 Extended benefits.-

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(3) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTENDED BENEFITS.-

(c)1. An individual is disqualified from receiving extended benefits if the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that, during any week of unemployment in her or his eligibility period:

456 a. She or he failed to apply for suitable work or, if 457 offered, failed to accept suitable work, unless the individual 458 can furnish to the agency satisfactory evidence that her or his 459 prospects for obtaining work in her or his customary occupation 460 within a reasonably short period are good. If this evidence is 461 deemed satisfactory for this purpose, the determination of 462 whether any work is suitable for the individual shall be made in 463 accordance with the definition of suitable work in s. 443.101(3) 464 443.101(2). This disgualification begins with the week the 465 failure occurred and continues until she or he is employed for 466 at least 4 weeks and receives earned income of at least 17 times 467 her or his weekly benefit amount.

b. She or he failed to furnish tangible evidence that she or he actively engaged in a systematic and sustained effort to find work. This disqualification begins with the week the failure occurred and continues until she or he is employed for at least 4 weeks and receives earned income of at least 4 times her or his weekly benefit amount.

474 2. Except as otherwise provided in sub-subparagraph 1.a.,
475 as used in this paragraph, the term "suitable work" means any
476 work within the individual's capabilities to perform, if:

Page 17 of 43



477	a. The gross average weekly remuneration payable for the
478	work exceeds the sum of the individual's weekly benefit amount
479	plus the amount, if any, of supplemental unemployment benefits,
480	as defined in s. 501(c)(17)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of
481	1954, as amended, payable to the individual for that week;
482	b. The wages payable for the work equal the higher of the
483	minimum wages provided by s. 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards
484	Act of 1938, without regard to any exemption, or the state or
485	local minimum wage; and
486	c. The work otherwise meets the definition of suitable work
487	in s. $443.101(3)$ $443.101(2)$ to the extent that the criteria for
488	suitability are not inconsistent with this paragraph.
489	Section 7. Notwithstanding the expiration date contained in
490	section 1 of chapter 2010-90, Laws of Florida, operating
491	retroactive to December 17, 2010, and expiring January 4, 2012,
492	section 443.1117, Florida Statutes, is revived, readopted, and
493	amended to read:
494	443.1117 Temporary extended benefits
495	(1) APPLICABILITY OF EXTENDED BENEFITS STATUTEExcept if
496	the result is inconsistent with <del>the</del> other provisions of this
497	section, s. 443.1115(2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) apply to all
498	claims covered by this section.
499	(2) DEFINITIONS <u>As used in</u> <del>For the purposes of</del> this
500	section, the term:
501	(a) "Regular benefits" and "extended benefits" have the
502	same meaning as in s. 443.1115.
503	(b) "Eligibility period" means the weeks in an individual's
504	benefit year or emergency benefit period which begin in an

504 benefit year or emergency benefit period which begin in an 505 extended benefit period and, if the benefit year or emergency

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. SB 728

826752

506	benefit period ends within that extended benefit period, any
507	subsequent weeks beginning in that period.
508	(c) "Emergency benefits" means Emergency Unemployment
509	Compensation paid pursuant to Pub. L. No. 110-252, Pub. L. No.
510	110-449, Pub. L. No. 111-5, Pub. L. No. 111-92, <del>and</del> Pub. L. No.
511	111-118, Pub. L. No. 111-144, <del>and</del> Pub. L. No. 111-157 <u>, Pub. L.</u>
512	No. 111-205, and Pub. L. No. 111-312.
513	(d) "Extended benefit period" means a period that:
514	1. Begins with the third week after a week for which there
515	is a state "on" indicator; and
516	2. Ends with any of the following weeks, whichever occurs
517	later:
518	a. The third week after the first week for which there is a
519	<pre>state ``off" indicator;</pre>
520	b. The 13th consecutive week of that period.
521	
522	However, an extended benefit period may not begin by reason of a
523	state "on" indicator before the 14th week after the end of a
524	prior extended benefit period that was in effect for this state.
525	(e) "Emergency benefit period" means the period during
526	which an individual receives emergency benefits as defined in
527	<del>paragraph (c)</del> .
528	(f) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, for any week of
529	unemployment in her or his eligibility period:
530	1. Has received, before that week, all of the regular
531	benefits and emergency benefits, if any, available under this
532	chapter or any other law, including dependents' allowances and
533	benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-
534	servicemembers under 5 U.S.C. ss. 8501-8525, in the current

Page 19 of 43



535 benefit year or emergency benefit period that includes that 536 week. For the purposes of this subparagraph, an individual has received all of the regular benefits and emergency benefits, if 537 538 any, available even if although, as a result of a pending appeal for wages paid for insured work which were not considered in the 539 540 original monetary determination in the benefit year, she or he 541 may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular 542 benefits;

543 2. Had a benefit year <u>that</u> which expired before that week, 544 and was paid no, or insufficient, wages for insured work on the 545 basis of which she or he could establish a new benefit year that 546 includes that week; and

3.a. Has no right to unemployment benefits or allowances
under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act or other federal
laws as specified in regulations issued by the United States
Secretary of Labor; and

551 b. Has not received and is not seeking unemployment 552 benefits under the unemployment compensation law of Canada; but 553 if an individual is seeking those benefits and the appropriate 554 agency finally determines that she or he is not entitled to 555 benefits under that law, she or he is considered an exhaustee.

(g) "State 'on' indicator" means, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after February 1, 2009, and ending on or before <u>December 10, 2011</u> May 8, 2010, the occurrence of a week in which the average total unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States Secretary of Labor, for the most recent 3 months for which data for all states are published by the United States Department of Labor:

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1. Equals or exceeds 110 percent of the average of those

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. SB 728



564 rates for the corresponding 3-month period ending in <u>any or all</u> 565 <del>cach</del> of the preceding 3 + 2 calendar years; and

566

2. Equals or exceeds 6.5 percent.

(h) "High unemployment period" means, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after February 1, 2009, and ending on or before <u>December 10, 2011</u> May 8, 2010, any week in which the average total unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States Secretary of Labor, for the most recent 3 months for which data for all states are published by the United States Department of Labor:

574 1. Equals or exceeds 110 percent of the average of those 575 rates for the corresponding 3-month period ending in <u>any or all</u> 576 each of the preceding <u>3</u> <del>2</del> calendar years; and

577

2. Equals or exceeds 8 percent.

(i) "State 'off' indicator" means the occurrence of a week
in which there is no state "on" indicator or which does not
constitute a high unemployment period.

581 (3) TOTAL EXTENDED BENEFIT AMOUNT.-Except as provided in 582 subsection (4):

(a) For any week for which there is an "on" indicator pursuant to paragraph (2)(g), the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible individual for her or his applicable benefit year is the lesser of:

587 1. Fifty percent of the total regular benefits payable588 under this chapter in the applicable benefit year; or

589 2. Thirteen times the weekly benefit amount payable under 590 this chapter for a week of total unemployment in the applicable 591 benefit year.

592

(b) For any high unemployment period, the total extended

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. SB 728



593 benefit amount payable to an eligible individual for her or his 594 applicable benefit year is the lesser of:

595 1. Eighty percent of the total regular benefits payable 596 under this chapter in the applicable benefit year; or

597 2. Twenty times the weekly benefit amount payable under
598 this chapter for a week of total unemployment in the applicable
599 benefit year.

600 (4) EFFECT ON TRADE READJUSTMENT.-Notwithstanding any other 601 provision of this chapter, if the benefit year of an individual 602 ends within an extended benefit period, the number of weeks of 603 extended benefits the individual is entitled to receive in that 604 extended benefit period for weeks of unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, except as provided in this 605 606 section, is reduced, but not to below zero, by the number of 607 weeks for which the individual received, within that benefit 608 year, trade readjustment allowances under the Trade Act of 1974, 609 as amended.

Section 8. <u>The provisions of s. 443.1117, Florida Statutes,</u>
as revived, readopted, and amended by this act, apply only to
claims for weeks of unemployment in which an exhaustee
establishes entitlement to extended benefits pursuant to that
section which are established for the period between December
<u>17, 2010, and January 4, 2012.</u>

Section 9. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraph (a) of
subsection (1) and paragraph (f) of subsection (13) of section
443.1216, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

619 443.1216 Employment.-Employment, as defined in s. 443.036,
620 is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:
621 (1) (a) The employment subject to this chapter includes a

Page 22 of 43

826752

622 service performed, including a service performed in interstate 623 commerce, by:

624

1. An officer of a corporation.

625 2. An individual who, under the usual common-law rules 626 applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, is 627 an employee. However, if whenever a client, as defined in s. 628 443.036(18), which would otherwise be designated as an employing 629 unit, has contracted with an employee leasing company to supply 630 it with workers, those workers are considered employees of the 631 employee leasing company and must be reported under the leasing 632 company's tax identification number and contribution rate for 633 work performed for the leasing company.

a. However, except for the internal employees of an
employee leasing company, a leasing company may make a one-time
election to report and pay contributions for all leased
employees under the respective unemployment account of each
client of the leasing company. This election applies only to
contributions for unemployment.

(I) The election applies to all of the leasing company's
 current and future clients.

(II) The leasing company must notify the Agency for
Workforce Innovation or the tax collection service provider of
its election by August 1, and such election applies to reports
and contributions for the first quarter of the following
calendar year. The notification must include:

647 (A) A list of each client company and its unemployment
 648 account number;

649(B) A list of each client company's current and previous650employees and their respective social security numbers for the

Page 23 of 43

## 826752

651	prior 3 state fiscal years;
652	(C) All wage data and benefit charges for the prior 3 state
653	fiscal years.
654	(III) Subsequent to such election, the employee leasing
655	company may not change its reporting method.
656	(IV) The employee leasing company must file a Florida
657	Department of Revenue Employer's Quarterly Report (UCT-6) for
658	each client company and pay all contributions by approved
659	electronic means.
660	(V) For the purposes of calculating experience rates, the
661	election is treated like a total or partial succession,
662	depending on the percentage of employees leased. If the client
663	company leases only a portion of its employees from the leasing
664	company, the client company shall continue to report the
665	nonleased employees under its tax rate based on the experience
666	of the nonleased employees.
667	(VI) This sub-subparagraph applies to all employee leasing
668	companies, including each leasing company that is a group member
669	or group leader of an employee leasing company group licensed
670	pursuant to chapter 468. The election is binding on all employee
671	leasing companies and their related enterprises, subsidiaries,
672	or other entities that share common ownership, management, or
673	control with the leasing company. The election is also binding
674	on all clients of the leasing company for as long as a written
675	agreement is in effect between the client and the leasing
676	company pursuant to s. 468.525(3)(a). If the relationship
677	between the leasing company and the client terminates, the
678	client retains the wage and benefit history experienced under
679	the leasing company.



b. An employee leasing company may lease corporate officers
 of the client to the client and other workers to the client,
 except as prohibited by regulations of the Internal Revenue
 Service. Employees of an employee leasing company must be
 reported under the employee leasing company's tax identification
 number and contribution rate for work performed for the employee
 leasing company.

687 <u>c.a.</u> In addition to any other report required to be filed 688 by law, an employee leasing company shall submit a report to the 689 Labor Market Statistics Center within the Agency for Workforce 690 Innovation which includes each client establishment and each 691 establishment of the <u>employee</u> leasing company, or as otherwise 692 directed by the agency. The report must include the following 693 information for each establishment:

694

(I) The trade or establishment name;

695 (II) The former unemployment compensation account number, 696 if available;

697 (III) The former federal employer's identification number 698 (FEIN), if available;

(IV) The industry code recognized and published by theUnited States Office of Management and Budget, if available;

(V) A description of the client's primary business activity
in order to verify or assign an industry code;

703

(VI) The address of the physical location;

(VII) The number of full-time and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay that was subject to unemployment compensation taxes for, the pay period including the 12th of the month for each month of the quarter;

708

(VIII) The total wages subject to unemployment compensation



709 taxes paid during the calendar quarter; 710 (IX) An internal identification code to uniquely identify each establishment of each client; 711 712 (X) The month and year that the client entered into the contract for services; and 713 714 (XI) The month and year that the client terminated the 715 contract for services. 716 d.b. The report shall be submitted electronically or in a 717 manner otherwise prescribed by the Agency for Workforce 718 Innovation in the format specified by the Bureau of Labor 719 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor for its 720 Multiple Worksite Report for Professional Employer 721 Organizations. The report must be provided quarterly to the 722 Labor Market Statistics Center within the agency for Workforce 723 Innovation, or as otherwise directed by the agency, and must be 724 filed by the last day of the month immediately following the end 725 of the calendar quarter. The information required in sub-subsubparagraphs c.(X) and (XI) a.(X) and (XI) need be provided 726 727 only in the quarter in which the contract to which it relates 728 was entered into or terminated. The sum of the employment data 729 and the sum of the wage data in this report must match the 730 employment and wages reported in the unemployment compensation 731 quarterly tax and wage report. A report is not required for any 732 calendar quarter preceding the third calendar quarter of 2010.

733 <u>e.e.</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules 734 as necessary to administer this subparagraph, and may 735 administer, collect, enforce, and waive the penalty imposed by 736 s. 443.141(1)(b) for the report required by this subparagraph. 737 f.<del>d.</del> For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term



738 "establishment" means any location where business is conducted 739 or where services or industrial operations are performed.

3. An individual other than an individual who is an
employee under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., who performs
services for remuneration for any person:

a. As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in
distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products,
bakery products, beverages other than milk, or laundry or
drycleaning services for his or her principal.

747 b. As a traveling or city salesperson engaged on a full-748 time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the 749 transmission to, his or her principal of orders from 750 wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, 751 restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for 752 resale or supplies for use in their business operations. This 753 sub-subparagraph does not apply to an agent-driver or a 754 commission-driver and does not apply to sideline sales 755 activities performed on behalf of a person other than the 756 salesperson's principal.

757 4. The services described in subparagraph 3. are employment758 subject to this chapter only if:

a. The contract of service contemplates that substantially
all of the services are to be performed personally by the
individual;

b. The individual does not have a substantial investment in
facilities used in connection with the services, other than
facilities used for transportation; and

765 c. The services are not in the nature of a single766 transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with



767 the person for whom the services are performed.

768 (13) The following are exempt from coverage under this 769 chapter:

(f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer as defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), and service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a public employer as described in s. <u>443.036(36)(b)</u> <u>443.036(35)(b)</u> or (c), to the extent that the instrumentality is immune under the United States Constitution from the tax imposed by s. 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code for that service.

777 Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law and 778 operating retroactively to January 1, 2011, paragraphs (c) and 779 (e) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, are 780 amended to read:

781

443.131 Contributions.-

782 (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT783 EXPERIENCE.-

(c) Standard rate.—The standard rate of contributions
payable by each employer shall be 6.4 5.4 percent.

(e) Assignment of variations from the standard rate.-For
the calculation of contribution rates effective January 1, 2010,
and thereafter:

1. The tax collection service provider shall assign a variation from the standard rate of contributions for each calendar year to each eligible employer. In determining the contribution rate, varying from the standard rate to be assigned each employer, adjustment factors computed under subsubparagraphs a.-d. are added to the benefit ratio. This addition shall be accomplished in two steps by adding a variable

Page 28 of 43



796 adjustment factor and a final adjustment factor. The sum of 797 these adjustment factors computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-d. 798 shall first be algebraically summed. The sum of these adjustment 799 factors shall next be divided by a gross benefit ratio 800 determined as follows: Total benefit payments for the 3-year 801 period described in subparagraph (b)2. are charged to employers 802 eligible for a variation from the standard rate, minus excess 803 payments for the same period, divided by taxable payroll 804 entering into the computation of individual benefit ratios for 805 the calendar year for which the contribution rate is being 806 computed. The ratio of the sum of the adjustment factors 807 computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-d. to the gross benefit 808 ratio is multiplied by each individual benefit ratio that is 809 less than the maximum contribution rate to obtain variable 810 adjustment factors; except that if the sum of an employer's 811 individual benefit ratio and variable adjustment factor exceeds 812 the maximum contribution rate, the variable adjustment factor is 813 reduced in order for the sum to equal the maximum contribution 814 rate. The variable adjustment factor for each of these employers 815 is multiplied by his or her taxable payroll entering into the 816 computation of his or her benefit ratio. The sum of these 817 products is divided by the taxable payroll of the employers who 818 entered into the computation of their benefit ratios. The 819 resulting ratio is subtracted from the sum of the adjustment 820 factors computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-d. to obtain the 821 final adjustment factor. The variable adjustment factors and the 822 final adjustment factor must be computed to five decimal places 823 and rounded to the fourth decimal place. This final adjustment 824 factor is added to the variable adjustment factor and benefit

Page 29 of 43



825 ratio of each employer to obtain each employer's contribution 826 rate. An employer's contribution rate may not, however, be 827 rounded to less than 0.1 percent.

828 a. An adjustment factor for noncharge benefits is computed 829 to the fifth decimal place and rounded to the fourth decimal 830 place by dividing the amount of noncharge benefits during the 3-831 year period described in subparagraph (b)2. by the taxable 832 payroll of employers eligible for a variation from the standard 833 rate who have a benefit ratio for the current year which is less 834 than the maximum contribution rate. For purposes of computing 835 this adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of these employers 836 is the taxable payrolls for the 3 years ending June 30 of the 837 current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service 838 provider by September 30 of the same calendar year. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "noncharge benefits" means 839 840 benefits paid to an individual from the Unemployment 841 Compensation Trust Fund, but which were not charged to the 842 employment record of any employer.

843 b. An adjustment factor for excess payments is computed to 844 the fifth decimal place, and rounded to the fourth decimal place 845 by dividing the total excess payments during the 3-year period 846 described in subparagraph (b)2. by the taxable payroll of 847 employers eligible for a variation from the standard rate who 848 have a benefit ratio for the current year which is less than the 849 maximum contribution rate. For purposes of computing this 850 adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of these employers is the 851 same figure used to compute the adjustment factor for noncharge 852 benefits under sub-subparagraph a. As used in this sub-853 subparagraph, the term "excess payments" means the amount of

Page 30 of 43



854 benefits charged to the employment record of an employer during 855 the 3-year period described in subparagraph (b)2., less the 856 product of the maximum contribution rate and the employer's 857 taxable payroll for the 3 years ending June 30 of the current 858 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 859 by September 30 of the same calendar year. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "total excess payments" means the sum of 860 861 the individual employer excess payments for those employers that 862 were eligible for assignment of a contribution rate different 863 from the standard rate.

864

c. With respect to computing a positive adjustment factor:(I) Beginning January 1, 2012, if the balance of the

865 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund on September 30 of the 866 867 calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for which 868 the contribution rate is being computed is less than 4 percent 869 of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 as reported 870 to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that 871 calendar year, a positive adjustment factor shall be computed. 872 The positive adjustment factor is computed annually to the fifth 873 decimal place and rounded to the fourth decimal place by 874 dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year 875 ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the 876 tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 877 year into a sum equal to one-third of the difference between the 878 balance of the fund as of September 30 of that calendar year and 879 the sum of 5 percent of the total taxable payrolls for that 880 year. The positive adjustment factor remains in effect for 881 subsequent years until the balance of the Unemployment 882 Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year



immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution rate equals or exceeds 5 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar year.

(II) Beginning January 1, 2015, and for each year 888 889 thereafter, the positive adjustment shall be computed by 890 dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year 891 ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the 892 tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 893 year into a sum equal to one-fourth of the difference between 894 the balance of the fund as of September 30 of that calendar year 895 and the sum of 5 percent of the total taxable payrolls for that 896 year. The positive adjustment factor remains in effect for 897 subsequent years until the balance of the Unemployment 898 Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year 899 immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution 900 rate equals or exceeds 4 percent of the taxable payrolls for the 901 year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to 902 the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that 903 calendar year.

d. If, beginning January 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, 904 905 the balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of 906 September 30 of the year immediately preceding the calendar year 907 for which the contribution rate is being computed exceeds 5 908 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of 909 the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar year, a 910 911 negative adjustment factor must be computed. The negative

Page 32 of 43



912 adjustment factor shall be computed annually beginning on January 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, to the fifth decimal 913 place and rounded to the fourth decimal place by dividing the 914 915 sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of 916 the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection 917 service provider by September 30 of the calendar year into a sum 918 equal to one-fourth of the difference between the balance of the 919 fund as of September 30 of the current calendar year and 5 920 percent of the total taxable payrolls of that year. The negative 921 adjustment factor remains in effect for subsequent years until 922 the balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of 923 September 30 of the year immediately preceding the effective 924 date of the contribution rate is less than 5 percent, but more 925 than 4 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 926 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 927 928 year. The negative adjustment authorized by this section is 929 suspended in any calendar year in which repayment of the 930 principal amount of an advance received from the federal 931 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund under 42 U.S.C. s. 1321 is 932 due to the Federal Government.

e. The maximum contribution rate that may be assigned to an employer is <u>6.4</u> 5.4 percent, except employers participating in an approved short-time compensation plan may be assigned a maximum contribution rate that is 1 percent greater than the maximum contribution rate for other employers in any calendar year in which short-time compensation benefits are charged to the employer's employment record.

940

f. As used in this subsection, "taxable payroll" shall be



941 determined by excluding any part of the remuneration paid to an 942 individual by an employer for employment during a calendar year in excess of the first \$7,000. Beginning January 1, 2012, 943 944 "taxable payroll" shall be determined by excluding any part of 945 the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer for 946 employment during a calendar year as described in s. 947 443.1217(2). For the purposes of the employer rate calculation 948 that will take effect in January 1, 2012, and in January 1, 949 2013, the tax collection service provider shall use the data 950 available for taxable payroll from 2009 based on excluding any 951 part of the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer 952 for employment during a calendar year in excess of the first 953 \$7,000, and from 2010 and 2011, the data available for taxable 954 payroll based on excluding any part of the remuneration paid to 955 an individual by an employer for employment during a calendar 956 year in excess of the first \$8,500.

957 2. If the transfer of an employer's employment record to an 958 employing unit under paragraph (f) which, before the transfer, 959 was an employer, the tax collection service provider shall 960 recompute a benefit ratio for the successor employer based on 961 the combined employment records and reassign an appropriate 962 contribution rate to the successor employer effective on the 963 first day of the calendar quarter immediately after the effective date of the transfer. 964

965 Section 11. Present paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of 966 section 443.141, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph 967 (g), and a new paragraph (f) is added to that subsection, to 968 read:

443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.-

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826752

970 (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT,
971 ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.—

972 (f) Payments for 2012, 2013, and 2014 Contributions.—For an 973 annual administrative fee not to exceed \$5, a contributing 974 employer may pay its quarterly contributions due for wages paid 975 in the first three quarters of 2012, 2013, and 2014 in equal 976 installments if those contributions are paid as follows:

977 <u>1. For contributions due for wages paid in the first</u>
978 <u>quarter of each year, one-fourth of the contributions due must</u>
979 <u>be paid on or before April 30, one-fourth must be paid on or</u>
980 <u>before July 31, one-fourth must be paid on or before October 31,</u>
981 <u>and one-fourth must be paid on or before December 31.</u>

982 <u>2. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraph</u> 983 <u>1., for contributions due for wages paid in the second quarter</u> 984 <u>of each year, one-third of the contributions due must be paid on</u> 985 <u>or before July 31, one-third must be paid on or before October</u> 986 <u>31, and one-third must be paid on or before December 31.</u>

987 <u>3. In addition to the payments specified in subparagraphs</u> 988 <u>1. and 2., for contributions due for wages paid in the third</u> 989 <u>quarter of each year, one-half of the contributions due must be</u> 990 <u>paid on or before October 31, and one-half must be paid on or</u> 991 before December 31.

992 <u>4. The annual administrative fee assessed for electing to</u> 993 pay under the installment method shall be collected at the time 994 the employer makes the first installment payment each year. The 995 fee shall be segregated from the payment and deposited into the 996 Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Revenue.

9975. Interest does not accrue on any contribution that998becomes due for wages paid in the first three quarters of each

Page 35 of 43

826752

999 year if the employer pays the contribution in accordance with 1000 subparagraphs 1.-4. Interest and fees continue to accrue on 1001 prior delinquent contributions and commence accruing on all 1002 contributions due for wages paid in the first three quarters of 1003 each year which are not paid in accordance with subparagraphs 1004 1.-3. Penalties may be assessed in accordance with this chapter. 1005 The contributions due for wages paid in the fourth quarter of 1006 2012, 2013, and 2014 are not affected by this paragraph and are 1007 due and payable in accordance with this chapter.

Section 12. Effective July 1, 2011, paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (3), and paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (4) of section 443.151, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraphs (c) through (f) of subsection (6) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (g), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, to read:

1015

443.151 Procedure concerning claims.-

1016 (2) FILING OF CLAIM INVESTIGATIONS; NOTIFICATION OF 1017 CLAIMANTS AND EMPLOYERS.-

(a) In general.-Initial and continued claims for benefits 1018 1019 must be made by approved electronic means and in accordance with 1020 the rules adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation. The 1021 agency must notify claimants and employers regarding monetary 1022 and nonmonetary determinations of eligibility. Investigations of 1023 issues raised in connection with a claimant which may affect a 1024 claimant's eligibility for benefits or charges to an employer's 1025 employment record shall be conducted by the agency through 1026 written, telephonic, or electronic means as prescribed by rule. 1027 (3) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY.-

Page 36 of 43



1028 (d) Determinations in labor dispute cases.-If a Whenever 1029 any claim involves a labor dispute described in s. 443.101(5) 1030 443.101(4), the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly 1031 assign the claim to a special examiner who shall make a 1032 determination on the issues involving unemployment due to the 1033 labor dispute. The special examiner shall make the determination 1034 after an investigation, as necessary. The claimant or another 1035 party entitled to notice of the determination may appeal a 1036 determination under subsection (4).

1037 1038

(e) Redeterminations.-

1038 1. The Agency for Workforce Innovation may reconsider a 1039 determination if it finds an error or if new evidence or 1040 information pertinent to the determination is discovered after a 1041 prior determination or redetermination. A redetermination may 1042 not be made more than 1 year after the last day of the benefit year unless the disqualification for making a false or 1043 1044 fraudulent representation under s. 443.101(7) 443.101(6) is applicable, in which case the redetermination may be made within 1045 1046 2 years after the false or fraudulent representation. The agency 1047 must promptly give notice of redetermination to the claimant and 1048 to any employers entitled to notice in the manner prescribed in 1049 this section for the notice of an initial determination.

1050 2. If the amount of benefits is increased by the 1051 redetermination, an appeal of the redetermination based solely 1052 on the increase may be filed as provided in subsection (4). If 1053 the amount of benefits is decreased by the redetermination, the 1054 redetermination may be appealed by the claimant if a subsequent 1055 claim for benefits is affected in amount or duration by the 1056 redetermination. If the final decision on the determination or

826752

1057 redetermination to be reconsidered was made by an appeals 1058 referee, the commission, or a court, the Agency for Workforce 1059 Innovation may apply for a revised decision from the body or 1060 court that made the final decision.

1061 3. If an appeal of an original determination is pending 1062 when a redetermination is issued, the appeal, unless withdrawn, 1063 is treated as an appeal from the redetermination.

(4) APPEALS.-

1064

1065

(b) Filing and hearing.-

1066 1. The claimant or any other party entitled to notice of a 1067 determination may appeal an adverse determination to an appeals 1068 referee within 20 days after the date of mailing <del>of</del> the notice 1069 to her or his last known address or, if the notice is not 1070 mailed, within 20 days after the date of <u>delivering delivery of</u> 1071 the notice.

2. Unless the appeal is untimely or withdrawn, or review is initiated by the commission, the appeals referee, after mailing all parties and attorneys of record a notice of hearing at least 1074 10 days before the date of hearing, notwithstanding the 14-day notice requirement in s. 120.569(2)(b), may only affirm, modify, or reverse the determination. An appeal may not be withdrawn without the permission of the appeals referee.

1079 3. However, <u>if</u> when an appeal appears to have been filed 1080 after the permissible time limit, the Office of Appeals may 1081 issue an order to show cause to the appellant <u>which requires</u>, 1082 <del>requiring</del> the appellant to show why the appeal should not be 1083 dismissed as untimely. If <del>the appellant does not</del>, within 15 days 1084 after the mailing date of the order to show cause, <u>the appellant</u> 1085 <u>does not</u> provide written evidence of timely filing or good cause

826752

1086	for failure to appeal timely, the appeal shall be dismissed.
1087	4. <u>If When</u> an appeal involves a question of whether
1088	services were performed by a claimant in employment or for an
1089	employer, the referee must give special notice of the question
1090	and of the pendency of the appeal to the employing unit and to
1091	the Agency for Workforce Innovation, both of which become
1092	parties to the proceeding.
1093	5. Any part of the evidence may be received in written
1094	form, and all testimony of parties and witnesses must be made
1095	under oath.
1096	a. Irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence
1097	shall be excluded, but all other evidence of a type commonly
1098	relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of
1099	their affairs is admissible, whether or not such evidence would
1100	be admissible in a trial in state court.
1101	b. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of
1102	supplementing or explaining other evidence, or to support a
1103	finding if it would be admissible over objection in civil
1104	actions. Notwithstanding s. 120.57(1)(c), hearsay evidence may
1105	support a finding of fact if:
1106	(I) The party against whom it is offered has a reasonable
1107	opportunity to review it before the hearing; and
1108	(II) The appeals referee or special deputy determines,
1109	after considering all relevant facts and circumstances, that the
1110	evidence is trustworthy and probative and that the interests of
1111	justice are best served by its admission into evidence.
1112	6.5. The parties must be notified promptly of the referee's
1113	decision. The referee's decision is final unless further review
1114	is initiated under paragraph (c) within 20 days after the date
I	

Page 39 of 43



1115 of mailing notice of the decision to the party's last known 1116 address or, in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the 1117 delivery of the notice.

1118 (e) Judicial review.-Orders of the commission entered under 1119 paragraph (c) are subject to review only by notice of appeal in 1120 the district court of appeal in the appellate district in which 1121 the issues involved were decided by an appeals referee. If the 1122 notice of appeal is filed by the claimant, it must be filed in 1123 the appellate district in which the claimant resides. If the 1124 notice of appeal is filed by the employer, it must be filed in 1125 the appellate district in which the business is located. 1126 However, if the claimant does not reside in this state or the 1127 business is not located in this state, the notice of appeal must 1128 be filed in the appellate district in which the order was 1129 issued. Notwithstanding chapter 120, the commission is a party 1130 respondent to every such proceeding. The Agency for Workforce 1131 Innovation may initiate judicial review of orders in the same 11.32 manner and to the same extent as any other party.

1133

(6) RECOVERY AND RECOUPMENT.-

1134 (c) Any person who, by reason other than fraud, receives 1135 benefits under this chapter for which she or he is not entitled 1136 due to the failure of the Agency for Workforce Innovation to 1137 make and provide notice of a nonmonetary determination under 1138 paragraph (3)(c) within 30 days after filing a new claim, is 1139 liable for repaying up to 5 weeks of benefits received to the 1140 agency on behalf of the trust fund or may have those benefits 1141 deducted from any future benefits payable to her or him under 1142 this chapter.

1143

Section 13. Subsection (10) is added to section 443.171,

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1144	Florida Statutes, to read:
1145	443.171 Agency for Workforce Innovation and commission;
1146	powers and duties; records and reports; proceedings; state-
1147	federal cooperation
1148	(10) EVIDENCE OF MAILINGA mailing date on any notice,
1149	determination, decision, order, or other document mailed by the
1150	Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service
1151	provider pursuant to this chapter creates a rebuttable
1152	presumption that such notice, determination, order, or other
1153	document was mailed on the date indicated.
1154	Section 14. The Legislature finds that this act fulfills an
1155	important state interest.
1156	Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
1157	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
1158	
1159	======================================
1160	And the title is amended as follows:
1161	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1162	and insert:
1163	A bill to be entitled
1164	An act relating to unemployment compensation; amending
1165	s. 213.053, F.S.; increasing the number of employer
1166	payroll service providers who qualify for access to
1167	unemployment tax information by filing a memorandum of
1168	understanding; amending s. 443.036, F.S.; revising the
1169	definitions for "available for work," "earned income,"
1170	"misconduct," and "unemployment"; adding a definition
1171	for "initial skills review"; amending s. 443.091,
1172	F.S.; revising requirements for making continued

Page 41 of 43



1173 claims for benefits; requiring that an individual 1174 claiming benefits report certain information and 1175 participate in an initial skills review; providing an 1176 exception; specifying criteria for determining an 1177 applicant's availability for work; amending s. 1178 443.101, F.S.; clarifying "good cause" for voluntarily 1179 leaving employment; specifying acts that are "gross 1180 misconduct" for purposes of discharging an employee 1181 and disqualifying him or her for benefits; revising 1182 the criteria for determining suitable work to reduce 1183 the number of weeks a person may receive benefits 1184 before having to accept a job that pays a certain 1185 amount; disqualifying a person for benefits due to the 1186 receipt of severance pay; revising provisions relating 1187 to the effect of criminal acts on eligibility for 1188 benefits; disqualifying an individual for benefits for 1189 any week he or she is incarcerated; amending s. 1190 443.111, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 1191 by the act; amending s. 443.1115, F.S.; conforming 1192 cross-references; reviving, readopting, and amending 1193 s. 443.1117, F.S., relating to temporary extended 1194 benefits; providing for retroactive application; 1195 providing for applicability relating to extended 1196 benefits for certain weeks and for periods of high 1197 unemployment; providing for applicability; amending s. 1198 443.1216, F.S.; providing that employee leasing 1199 companies may make a one-time election to report 1200 leased employees under the respective unemployment account of each leasing company client; providing 1201

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. SB 728



1202 procedures and application for such election; 1203 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 443.131, 1204 F.S.; increasing the employer's standard rate of 1205 contributions; providing for retroactive application; 1206 amending s. 443.141, F.S.; providing an employer 1207 payment schedule for 2012, 2013, and 2014 1208 contributions; requiring an employer to pay a fee for 1209 paying contributions on a quarterly schedule; 1210 providing penalties, interest, and fees on delinquent 1211 contributions; amending s. 443.151, F.S.; requiring 1212 claims to be submitted by electronic means; conforming 1213 cross-references; specifying the allowable forms of 1214 evidence in an appeal hearing; specifying the judicial 1215 venue for filing a notice of appeal; providing for 1216 repayment of benefits in cases of agency error; 1217 amending s. 443.171, F.S.; specifying that evidence of 1218 mailing an agency document creates a rebuttable 1219 presumption; providing that the act fulfills an 1220 important state interest; providing effective dates.