A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s. 985.245, 3 F.S.; requiring additional risk assessment points to be 4 assessed for a child on a specified status who is charged 5 with a new offense; amending s. 985.255, F.S.; providing 6 that a child may continue to be detained by a court if he 7 or she violates the conditions of his or her home 8 detention; providing that a child may be detained for 9 failure to appear at any hearing, not just adjudicatory 10 hearings; increasing the periods that children may be 11 detained for failure to appear at hearings; providing for additional detention for a child detained on a judicial 12 order for failure to appear who has previously willfully 13 14 failed to appear at two or more court hearings; deleting 15 language concerning a child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid 16 17 mailing address as not constituting a valid excuse for a failure to appear; amending s. 985.26, F.S.; providing 18 19 that a child on home detention who violates the conditions 20 of detention may be placed in secure detention regardless 21 of his or her risk assessment score; increasing the 22 periods that a child may be held under certain detention 23 orders; revising language concerning the period that a child may be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention 24 25 care; amending s. 985.27, F.S.; providing that a child 26 awaiting placement in any commitment level may be held in 27 secure detention pending placement if the child is

arrested for any offense while in other specified forms of detention care; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 985.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.245 Risk assessment instrument.-

- (4) For a child who is under the supervision of the department through probation, home detention, nonsecure detention, conditional release, postcommitment probation, or commitment and who is charged with committing a new offense, the risk assessment instrument may be completed and scored based on the underlying charge for which the child was placed under the supervision of the department and the new offense. <u>In addition</u>, a score of 3 points in aggravation shall be included.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (i) and (j) of subsection (1) of section 985.255, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (j) and (k), respectively, and amended, and a new paragraph (i) is added to that subsection, to read:

985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing.-

- (1) Subject to s. 985.25(1), a child taken into custody and placed into nonsecure or home detention care or detained in secure detention care prior to a detention hearing may continue to be detained by the court if:
- (i) The child is alleged to have violated the conditions of the child's home detention.
 - $\underline{\text{(j)}}$ (i) The child is detained on a judicial order for

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failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to appear, after proper notice, for any an adjudicatory hearing on the same case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 5 business days 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled court hearing pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to appear at court proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at the hearings.

(k)(j) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to appear, after proper notice, at two or more court hearings of any nature on the same case, and under such circumstances shall be held in secure detention for up to 21 days, regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled court hearing pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to appear at court proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at the hearings.

Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 985.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

985.26 Length of detention.-

(1) (a) A child may not be placed into or held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for longer than 24 hours

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unless the court orders such detention care, and the order includes specific instructions that direct the release of the child from such detention care, in accordance with s. 985.255. The order shall be a final order, reviewable by appeal under s. 985.534 and the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. Appeals of such orders shall take precedence over other appeals and other pending matters.

- (b) A child released on home detention, who violates the conditions thereof, may be placed in secure detention regardless of the score on the risk assessment instrument.
- (2) A child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care under a special detention order for more than 30 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the court. However, upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case, the court may extend the length of detention for an additional 15 9 days. If the child is charged with an offense that would be, if committed by an adult, a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree, or a felony of the second degree involving violence against any individual, the child may be held in secure detention for up to 45 days.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for more than 15 days <u>pending disposition</u>, after <u>following</u> the entry of an order of adjudication.
- Section 4. Subsection (3) is added to section 985.27, Florida Statutes, to read:

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985.27 Postcommitment detention while awaiting placement.—
(3) A child who is awaiting placement in any commitment
level may be held in secure detention pending placement if the
child is arrested for any offense, including a misdemeanor while
the child is placed in home detention care, nonsecure detention
care, or home or nonsecure detention care with electronic
monitoring, while awaiting placement in that program.
Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.