CS/HB 1029 2012

A bill to be entitled

An act for the relief of Thomas and Karen Brandi by the city of Haines City; providing for an appropriation to compensate them for injuries sustained as a result of the negligence of the city of Haines City; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi was involved in a two-vehicle accident that occurred on March 26, 2005, on U.S. Highway 27 in Haines City, Florida, and

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi was traveling alone on a green arrow when his vehicle was broadsided on the driver's side by a Haines City police car operated by Officer Pamela Graham, and

WHEREAS, Officer Graham entered the intersection despite a red light and struck the driver's side door of Mr. Brandi's vehicle at a speed in excess of 30 miles per hour, and

WHEREAS, Officer Graham failed to operate her vehicle in a reasonably safe manner and conducted herself in direct violation of procedures of the Haines City Police Department, and

WHEREAS, although she claimed that she was responding to a distress call, there was no evidence to support this statement and the internal investigation conducted by the Haines City Police Department concluded that she was neither called nor dispatched to the location where she was headed, and

WHEREAS, the internal investigation conducted by the Haines City Police Department found her to be at fault in the accident, and

Page 1 of 3

CS/HB 1029 2012

WHEREAS, as a result of the crash, Thomas Brandi sustained life-threatening injuries, including an aortic arch tear with contained hematoma and suggestion of active bleeding, a fractured rib, a right fibula fracture, a fractured sternum, a left acetabulum fracture, multiple right inferior pubic ramus fractures, and severe traumatic brain injury resulting in cognitive disorder, complex personality change, depressive disorder, pain disorder, post-traumatic stress disorder, and panic disorder, and

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi's medical expenses at the time of trial exceeded \$156,000, and

WHEREAS, after a trial, a jury entered a verdict assessing the city of Haines City 60 percent liability for the injuries sustained by Mr. Brandi in the accident, and assessing Thomas Brandi 40 percent liability for the accident, and

WHEREAS, future medical expenses and lost earning ability in the future totaled \$903,000, and the verdict included an award for past medical expenses and lost wages in the amount of \$279,330, and

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi was awarded \$450,000 in damages for past and future pain and suffering and Karen Brandi was awarded \$175,000 in damages for past and future loss of consortium, and

WHEREAS, after reduction for comparative negligence, the net award to Thomas and Karen Brandi was \$1,084,396, and

WHEREAS, a stipulated cost judgment in the amount of \$94,049 was entered by the trial court against the city of Haines City, and

Page 2 of 3

CS/HB 1029 2012

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi's medical expenses as of August 1, 2011, are \$167,330, and as a result of those expenses Aetna Health, Inc., has a lien on any recovery in this matter in the amount of \$78,109, and

WHEREAS, the city of Haines City paid \$200,000 to Thomas and Karen Brandi in satisfaction of sovereign immunity limits, and

WHEREAS, Thomas Brandi received a payment of \$100,000 from his uninsured motorist insurance coverage, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are found and declared to be true.

Section 2. The city of Haines City is authorized and directed to appropriate from funds of the city not otherwise appropriated and to draw a warrant in the amount of \$825,094, payable to Thomas and Karen Brandi, as compensation for injuries and damages sustained.

Statutes, and the amount awarded under this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for all present and future claims arising out of the factual situation described in this act which resulted in injuries to Thomas and Karen Brandi. The total amount paid for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, and other similar expenses relating to this claim may not exceed 15 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 3 of 3