1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to motor vehicle insurance; amending 3 s. 316.066, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 4 contents of written reports of motor vehicle crashes; 5 amending s. 400.991, F.S.; requiring that an 6 application for licensure or exemption from licensure 7 as a health care clinic include a specified statement 8 regarding insurance fraud; amending s. 626.989, F.S.; 9 providing that knowingly submitting false, misleading, 10 or fraudulent documents relating to licensure as a 11 health care clinic or submitting a claim relating to the Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care Coverage Law is 12 a fraudulent insurance act under certain conditions; 13 14 amending s. 627.736, F.S.; providing limitations on 15 attorney fees for certain actions under the Florida 16 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; specifying that the 17 limitations on attorney fee awards does not limit the attorney fees an insured may pay her or his attorney; 18 19 creating s. 627.748, F.S.; designating specified 20 provisions as the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault 21 Medical Care Coverage Law; providing legislative 22 findings; creating s. 627.7481, F.S.; providing 23 purposes; creating s. 627.74811, F.S.; providing 24 legislative intent that provisions, schedules, or 25 procedures are to be given full force and effect 26 regardless of their express inclusion in insurer 27 forms; creating s. 627.7482, F.S.; providing 28 definitions; creating s. 627.7483, F.S.; requiring Page 1 of 115

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29 every owner or registrant of a motor vehicle required 30 to be registered and licensed in this state to 31 maintain specified security; providing exceptions; 32 requiring every nonresident owner or registrant of a motor vehicle that has been physically present within 33 34 this state for a specified period to maintain 35 security; specifying means by which such security is 36 provided; providing an exemption; creating s. 37 627.7484, F.S.; providing requirements for filing and 38 maintaining proof of security; providing penalties; 39 creating s. 627.7485, F.S.; requiring that insurance policies provide medical care coverage to specified 40 persons; providing limits of coverage; specifying 41 42 limits for medical, disability, and death benefits; 43 providing restrictions on insurers with respect to 44 provision of required benefits; authorizing insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance to offer 45 additional first-party motor vehicle coverages; 46 47 prohibiting requiring purchase of other motor vehicle coverage as a condition for providing such benefits; 48 49 prohibiting insurers from requiring the purchase of 50 property damage liability insurance exceeding a 51 specified amount in conjunction with medical care 52 coverage insurance; providing that failure to comply 53 with specified availability requirements constitutes 54 an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice; providing penalties; 55 56 specifying benefits an insurer may exclude; providing Page 2 of 115

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57 procedure with respect to such exclusions; specifying 58 when benefits are due from an insurer; prohibiting 59 insurers from obtaining liens on recovery of special 60 damages in tort claims for medical care coverage benefits; providing that benefits under the Florida 61 62 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care Coverage Law are 63 subject to the Medicaid program in specified 64 circumstances; requiring that an insurer repay any benefits covered by the Medicaid program within a 65 66 specified period; requiring that an insurer provide a 67 claimant an opportunity to revise claims that contain errors; specifying when benefits are overdue; 68 69 requiring insurers to hold a specified amount of 70 benefits in reserve for a certain time for the payment 71 of providers; providing for interest on overdue 72 payments; providing for tolling the time period in 73 which medical care coverage benefits are required to 74 be paid when the insurer has reasonable belief that 75 fraud has been committed; specifying injuries for 76 which an insurer must pay medical care coverage 77 benefits; disallowing benefits to an insured who has 78 committed insurance fraud; providing that a person or 79 entity lawfully rendering treatment to an injured 80 person for a bodily injury covered by medical care 81 coverage may charge only a reasonable amount for 82 services and care; providing that the insurer may pay 83 such charges directly to the person or entity lawfully 84 rendering such treatment; providing limits on such

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85 charges; providing for determination of reasonableness 86 of charges; providing that payments made by an insurer 87 pursuant to the schedule of maximum charges, or for 88 lesser amounts billed by providers, are considered 89 reasonable; establishing a schedule of maximum 90 charges; specifying that reimbursement under a 91 schedule of maximum charges that is based on Medicare 92 is to be calculated under the applicable Medicare 93 schedule in effect on a specified date each year; 94 authorizing insurers to use all Medicare coding 95 policies and CMS payment methodologies in determining reimbursement under a schedule of maximum charges that 96 97 is Medicare-based; establishing limits on specified 98 services and care; providing conditions under which an 99 insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim or 100 charges; requiring the Department of Health to adopt, 101 by rule, a list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be 102 medically necessary and to periodically revise the 103 list; providing procedures and requirements with respect to statements of and bills for charges for 104 105 emergency services and care; directing the Financial 106 Services Commission to adopt by rule a disclosure and 107 acknowledgment form to be countersigned by claimants 108 upon receipt of medical services; providing procedures 109 and requirements with respect to investigation of 110 claims of improper billing by a physician or other 111 medical provider; prohibiting insurers from systematically downcoding with intent to deny 112 Page 4 of 115

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113 reimbursement; requiring insureds to comply with all 114 terms of the medical care coverage policy, including 115 submission to examinations under oath; limiting the 116 scope of questioning during such examinations under 117 oath; providing that compliance with policy terms is a 118 condition precedent to the receipt of medical care 119 coverage benefits; providing that it is an unfair 120 method of competition or an unfair or deceptive trade 121 practice for an insurer, as a general business 122 practice, to request examinations under oath without a 123 reasonable basis; providing for insurers to inspect the physical premises of providers seeking payment of 124 125 medical care coverage benefits; providing that when an 126 insured fails to appear for two or more mental or 127 physical examinations, the medical care coverage 128 carrier is not liable for subsequent medical care 129 coverage benefits; creating a rebuttable presumption 130 that an insured's failure to appear for two 131 examinations is an unreasonable refusal to appear; 132 creating an attorney fee cap; prohibiting the use of 133 contingency risk multipliers in calculating attorney 134 fee awards; requiring that an insurer must be provided 135 with written notice of an intent to initiate 136 litigation as a condition precedent to filing any 137 action for benefits; providing requirements with 138 respect to a demand letter; providing procedures and 139 requirements with respect to payment of an overdue claim; providing for the tolling of the time period 140 Page 5 of 115

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141 for an action against an insurer; providing that failure to pay valid claims with specified frequency 142 143 constitutes an unfair or deceptive trade practice; 144 providing penalties; providing circumstances under 145 which an insurer has a cause of action; providing for 146 fraud advisory notice; requiring that all claims 147 related to the same health care provider for the same 148 injured person be brought in one action unless good 149 cause is shown; authorizing the electronic transmission of notices and communications under 150 151 certain conditions; creating s. 627.7486, F.S.; 152 providing an exemption from tort liability for certain 153 damages in legal actions under the Florida Motor 154 Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care Coverage Law in certain 155 circumstances; providing for recovery of tort damages 156 in certain circumstances; providing for motions to 157 dismiss action on specified grounds; prohibiting the 158 award of punitive damages; creating s. 627.7487, F.S.; 159 providing for optional deductibles and limitations of coverage for medical care coverage policies; requiring 160 161 a specified notice to policyholders; creating s. 162 627.7488, F.S.; requiring the commission to adopt by 163 rule a form for the notification of insureds of their 164 right to receive medical care coverage benefits; 165 specifying contents of such notice; providing 166 requirements for the mailing or delivery of such 167 notice; creating s. 627.7489, F.S.; providing for mandatory joinder of specified claims; creating s. 168

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169	627.749, F.S.; providing for an insurer's right of
170	reimbursement for medical care benefits paid to a
171	person injured by a commercial motor vehicle under
172	specified circumstances; providing an exception;
173	creating s. 627.7491, F.S.; providing for application
174	of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care
175	Coverage Law; providing for requirements for forms and
176	rates for policies issued or renewed on or after a
177	specified date; requiring a specified notice to
178	existing policyholders; amending ss. 316.646, 318.18,
179	320.02, 320.0609, 320.27, 320.771, 322.251, 322.34,
180	324.021, 324.0221, 324.032, 324.171, 400.9935,
181	409.901, 409.910, 456.057, 456.072, 626.9541,
182	627.06501, 627.0652, 627.0653, 627.4132, 627.6482,
183	627.7263, 627.727, 627.7275, 627.728, 627.7295,
184	627.8405, 627.915, 628.909, 705.184, and 713.78, F.S.;
185	conforming provisions; amending s. 817.234, F.S.;
186	providing that it is insurance fraud to present a
187	claim for personal injury protection benefits payable
188	to a person or entity that knowingly submitted false,
189	misleading, or fraudulent applications or other
190	documents relating to licensure as a health care
191	clinic; conforming provisions; providing a directive
192	to the Division of Statutory Revision; providing
193	applicability; providing for severability; providing
194	effective dates.
195	
196	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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197	
198	Section 1. Effective May 1, 2012, subsection (1) of
199	section 316.066, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
200	316.066 Written reports of crashes
201	(1)(a) A Florida Traffic Crash Report <u>must, Long Form is</u>
202	required to be completed and submitted to the entities specified
203	<u>in paragraph (e)</u> department within 10 days after completing an
204	investigation <u>is completed</u> by <u>the</u> every law enforcement officer
205	who in the regular course of duty investigates a motor vehicle
206	crash. that:
207	1. Resulted in death or personal injury.
208	2. Involved a violation of s. 316.061(1) or s. 316.193.
209	(b) In every crash for which a Florida Traffic Crash
210	Report, Long Form is not required by this section, the law
211	enforcement officer may complete a short-form crash report or
212	provide a driver exchange-of-information form to be completed by
213	each party involved in the crash. The short-form report must
214	include:
215	1. The date, time, and location of the crash.
216	2. A description of the vehicles involved.
217	3. The names and addresses of the parties involved,
218	including all drivers and passengers, each clearly identified as
219	being either a driver or a passenger and specifying the vehicle
220	in which each person was a driver or passenger.
221	4. The names and addresses of witnesses.
222	5. The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of
223	the officer investigating the crash.
224	6. The names of the insurance companies for the respective
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225 parties involved in the crash.

226 (C) Each party to the crash must provide the law 227 enforcement officer with proof of insurance, which must be 228 documented in the crash report. If a law enforcement officer 229 submits a report on the crash, proof of insurance must be 230 provided to the officer by each party involved in the crash. Any 231 party who fails to provide the required information commits a 232 noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving 233 violation as provided in chapter 318, unless the officer 234 determines that due to injuries or other special circumstances 235 such insurance information cannot be provided immediately. If 236 the person provides the law enforcement agency, within 24 hours 237 after the crash, proof of insurance that was valid at the time 238 of the crash, the law enforcement agency may void the citation.

The driver of a vehicle that was in any manner 239 (d) involved in a crash resulting in damage to any vehicle or other 240 241 property in an amount of \$500 or more which was not investigated 242 by a law enforcement agency, shall, within 10 days after the 243 crash, submit a written report of the crash to the department. 244 The entity receiving the report may require witnesses of the 245 crash to render reports and may require any driver of a vehicle 246 involved in a crash of which a written report must be made to 247 file supplemental written reports if the original report is 248 deemed insufficient by the receiving entity.

(e) <u>All short-form crash reports prepared by law</u>
enforcement <u>must be submitted to the department and may shall be</u>
maintained by the law enforcement officer's agency.
Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 400.991,

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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
253	Florida Statutes, to read:
254	400.991 License requirements; background screenings;
255	prohibitions
256	(6) All agency forms for licensure application or
257	exemption from licensure under this part must contain the
258	following statement:
259	
260	INSURANCE FRAUD NOTICEA person who knowingly submits a
261	false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other
262	document when applying for licensure as a health care
263	clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health
264	care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of
265	chapter 400, Florida Statutes, with the intent to use the
266	license, exemption from licensure, or demonstration of
267	compliance to provide services or seek reimbursement under
268	the Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care Coverage Law commits
269	a fraudulent insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989,
270	Florida Statutes. A person who presents a claim for medical
271	care coverage benefits knowing that the payee knowingly
272	submitted such application or document commits insurance
273	fraud as defined in s. 817.234, Florida Statutes.
274	
275	Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 626.989, Florida
276	Statutes, is amended to read:
277	626.989 Investigation by department or Division of
278	Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information;
279	reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest
280	(1) For the purposes of this section: $\overline{\cdot}$
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281 (a) A person commits a "fraudulent insurance act" if the 282 person:

1. Knowingly and with intent to defraud presents, causes 283 284 to be presented, or prepares with knowledge or belief that it 285 will be presented, to or by an insurer, self-insurer, self-286 insurance fund, servicing corporation, purported insurer, 287 broker, or any agent thereof, any written statement as part of, 288 or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of, any insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other 289 290 benefit pursuant to any insurance policy, which the person knows 291 to contain materially false information concerning any fact 292 material thereto or if the person conceals, for the purpose of 293 misleading another, information concerning any fact material 294 thereto.

295

2. Knowingly submits:

296 a. A false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other 297 document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, 298 seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or 299 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400 with an 300 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure, or 301 demonstration of compliance to provide services or seek 302 reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care 303 Coverage Law. 304 b. A claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an

305 <u>insurance policy under the Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care</u> 306 <u>Coverage Law if the person knows that the payee knowingly</u> 307 submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent application or

308 other document when applying for licensure as a health care

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309 clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care 310 clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400. 311 For the purposes of this section, 312 The term "insurer" also includes a any health (b) 313 maintenance organization, and the term "insurance policy" also 314 includes a health maintenance organization subscriber contract. 315 Section 4. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 316 subsection (8) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended 317 to read: 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; 318 exclusions; priority; claims.-319 320 (8) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY'S 321 FEES.-322 For legal actions commenced on or after the effective (a) 323 date of this act, with respect to any dispute under the 324 provisions of ss. 627.730-627.7405 between the insured and the 325 insurer, or between an assignee of an insured's rights and the 326 insurer, the provisions of s. 627.428 applies shall apply, except as provided in paragraph (b) and subsections (10) and 327 328 (15) and except that any attorney fees recovered are limited to 329 the lesser of the actual fee incurred based upon a rate for 330 attorney services not to exceed \$200 per billable hour or: 331 1. For any disputed amount of less than \$500, 15 times any 332 disputed amount recovered by the attorney under ss. 627.730-333 627.7405, limited to a total of \$5,000. 334 2. For any disputed amount of \$500 or more and less than 335 \$5,000, 10 times any disputed amount recovered by the attorney 336 under ss. 627.730-627.7405, limited to a total of \$10,000.

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATI	VES
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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
337	3. For any disputed amount of \$5,000 or more and up to
338	\$10,000, 5 times any disputed amount recovered by the attorney
339	under ss. 627.730-627.7405, limited to a total of \$15,000.
340	
341	Fees incurred in litigating or quantifying the amount of fees
342	due to the prevailing party under ss. 627.730-627.7405 are not
343	recoverable.
344	(b) Notwithstanding s. 627.428, the attorney fees
345	recovered under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be calculated without
346	regard to any contingency risk multiplier.
347	(c) This subsection does not limit the attorney fees an
348	insured may pay her or his attorney.
349	Section 5. Section 627.748, Florida Statutes, is created
350	to read:
351	627.748 Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care Coverage Law;
352	legislative findings
353	(1) SHORT TITLE.—Sections 627.748-627.7491 may be cited as
354	the "Florida Motor Vehicle Medical Care Coverage Law."
355	(2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.—
356	(a) The Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-
357	627.7405, was intended to deliver medically necessary and
358	appropriate medical care promptly, without regard to fault, and
359	without undue litigation or other associated costs. This intent
360	has been frustrated at significant cost and harm to consumers by
361	fraud, inappropriate treatment, overutilization of medical
362	services, inflated charges, and other abusive practices.
363	(b) Personal injury protection fraud has become pervasive.
364	Widespread fraud has been documented by a statewide grand jury
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365 ("Report on Insurance Fraud Related to Personal Injury 366 Protection" by the Fifteenth Statewide Grand Jury, 2000), the 367 Insurance Consumer Advocate ("Report on Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Insurance," December 2011), and the Office of Insurance 368 369 Regulation ("Report on Review of the 2011 Personal Injury Protection Data Call, April 11, 2011) as well as numerous media 370 371 reports and other publications ("Suspicious Staged Accident 372 Claims Soar in Florida," National Insurance Crime Bureau, 2010). 373 Since 2009, no-fault fraud has cost Florida motorists and their 374 insurers nearly \$1.3 billion. 375 (c) Personal injury protection premiums have risen to 376 unacceptable levels as a result of fraud and abuse, 377 significantly impacting the ability of average families to 378 maintain coverage mandated by law. Based on current trends, it 379 is anticipated that personal injury protection premiums will 380 double every 3 years. 381 (d) Personal injury protection insurance carrier losses 382 from fraud and abuse are increasing faster than the rise in 383 premiums, threatening the availability of personal injury 384 protection coverage within this state. From 2008 to 2010, 385 personal injury protection benefits paid by insurers increased 386 by 70 percent, from \$1.43 billion to \$2.37 billion. 387 (e) Significant reforms must be enacted to curtail the 388 level of fraudulent activity within no-fault motor vehicle 389 insurance to preserve the affordability and availability of coverage within this state, particularly with respect to 390 391 overutilization of certain treatment and procedures. Reform 392 measures must also be adopted to address the proliferation of

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393 litigation and the concomitant costs associated with the 394 increasing number of lawsuits. 395 (f) Ensuring the availability and affordability of no-396 fault motor vehicle insurance by requiring medical care coverage 397 is an overwhelming public necessity and provides a commensurate 398 benefit. Moreover, deterrence and prevention of fraud and abuse 399 are matters of great public interest and of importance to public health, safety, and welfare. 400 401 Section 6. Section 627.7481, Florida Statutes, is created 402 to read: 627.7481 Purposes.-The purposes of ss. 627.748-627.7491 403 404 are to provide, without regard to fault, for emergency services 405 and care, services and care for injuries arising from motor 406 vehicle accidents, prescribed followup care, funeral benefits, 407 and disability insurance benefits; to require motor vehicle 408 insurance that secures such benefits for motor vehicles required 409 to be registered in this state; and, with respect to motor 410 vehicle accidents, to provide a limitation on the right to claim 411 damages for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience. 412 Section 7. Section 627.74811, Florida Statutes, is created 413 to read: 414 627.74811 Effect of law on medical care coverage 415 policies.-The provisions, schedules, and procedures authorized in ss. 627.748-627.7491 shall be implemented by insurers 416 417 offering policies pursuant to the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care Coverage Law. The Legislature intends that these 418 provisions, schedules, and procedures have full force and effect 419 420 regardless of their express inclusion in an insurance policy

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENT	ΓΑΤΙΥΕS
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to read: <u>627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, 1</u> <u>term:</u> (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed <u>pursuant to s. 395.003.</u> (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter <u>395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter</u> <u>460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives</u> <u>compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the</u> <u>100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment</u> <u>For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a</u> <u>individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity</u> <u>and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.</u> <u>For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log</u> <u>term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not</u>	421	form, and a specific provision, schedule, or procedure
424required to amend its policy form or to expressly notify425providers, claimants, or insureds of the applicable fee426schedules in order to implement and apply such provisions,427schedules, or procedures.428Section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created429to read:430627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, for431term:432(1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that,433the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed434pursuant to s. 395.003.435(2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapted436395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapted437460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives438compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the439100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment440For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be and individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity443and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.444term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	422	authorized in ss. 627.748-627.7491 will govern over general
Providers, claimants, or insureds of the applicable fee schedules in order to implement and apply such provisions, schedules, or procedures. Section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 627.7482 Definitions.—As used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, term: (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed pursuant to s. 395.003. (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapted 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 401 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 413 and any of its 100-percent—owned affiliates and subsidiaries. For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a logital or operating lease but does not	423	provisions in an insurance policy form. An insurer is not
426schedules in order to implement and apply such provisions, schedules, or procedures.427section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created to read:430627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, 1431term:432(1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed434pursuant to s. 395.003.435(2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter436395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter437460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives438compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment440For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.443For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	424	required to amend its policy form or to expressly notify
427schedules, or procedures.428Section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created429to read:430627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, for431term:432(1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that,433the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed434pursuant to s. 395.003.435(2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapted436395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapted437460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives438compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the439100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment440For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a441individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity443For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log444term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	425	providers, claimants, or insureds of the applicable fee
428Section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created429to read:430627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, for431term:432(1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that,433the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed434pursuant to s. 395.003.435(2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter436395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter437460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives438compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the439100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment440For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a441individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity442and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.443For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log444term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	426	schedules in order to implement and apply such provisions,
to read: <u>627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, 5</u> <u>term:</u> (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed pursuant to s. 395.003. (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter <u>395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter</u> <u>460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives</u> <u>compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the</u> <u>100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment</u> <u>For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a</u> <u>individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity</u> <u>and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.</u> <u>For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log</u> <u>term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not</u>	427	schedules, or procedures.
 430 <u>627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, 7</u> 431 <u>term:</u> 432 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, 433 <u>the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed</u> 434 <u>pursuant to s. 395.003.</u> 435 (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 436 <u>395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chap</u> 437 <u>460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives</u> 438 <u>compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the</u> 439 <u>100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment</u> 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not 	428	Section 8. Section 627.7482, Florida Statutes, is created
431 term: 432 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, 433 the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed 434 pursuant to s. 395.003. 435 (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 436 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chap 437 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 439 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	429	to read:
 (1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed pursuant to s. 395.003. (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a lost term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not 	430	627.7482 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 627.748-627.7491, the
433 the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed 434 pursuant to s. 395.003. 435 (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 436 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 437 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 439 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	431	term:
434 pursuant to s. 395.003. 435 (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 436 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 437 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 439 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	432	(1) "Ambulatory surgical center" means a facility that, at
 (2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 436 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a loss 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not 	433	the time services or treatment were rendered, was licensed
 436 <u>395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 437</u> 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 439 <u>100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment</u> 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be a 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not 	434	pursuant to s. 395.003.
437 437 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives 438 compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the 439 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a log 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	435	(2) "Broker" means any person not licensed under chapter
438 <u>compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the</u> 439 <u>100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment</u> 440 <u>For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be</u> 441 <u>individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity</u> 442 <u>and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.</u> 443 <u>For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los</u> 444 <u>term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not</u>	436	395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter
439 439 100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment 440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a lost 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	437	460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives
440 For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be 441 individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity 442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	438	compensation for any use of medical equipment and is not the
441 <u>individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity</u> 442 <u>and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.</u> 443 <u>For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los</u> 444 <u>term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not</u>	439	100-percent owner or the 100-percent lessee of such equipment.
442 and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries. 443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	440	For purposes of this subsection, such owner or lessee may be an
443 For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a los 444 term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not	441	individual, a corporation, a partnership, or any other entity
444 <u>term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not</u>	442	and any of its 100-percent-owned affiliates and subsidiaries.
	443	For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a long-
445 include a part-time lessee For purposes of this subsection	444	term lessee under a capital or operating lease but does not
include a part time respect. For parposes of this subsection,	445	include a part-time lessee. For purposes of this subsection, the
446 term "broker" does not include a hospital or physician	446	term "broker" does not include a hospital or physician
447 <u>management company whose medical equipment is ancillary to the</u>	447	management company whose medical equipment is ancillary to the
448 practices managed; a debt collection agency; an entity that he	448	practices managed; a debt collection agency; an entity that has

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449	contracted with the insurer to obtain a discounted rate; a
450	management company that has contracted to provide general
451	management services for a licensed physician or health care
452	facility and whose compensation is not materially affected by
453	the usage or frequency of usage of medical equipment; or an
454	entity that is 100-percent owned by one or more hospitals or
455	physicians. The term "broker" does not include a person or
456	entity that certifies, upon request of an insurer, that:
457	(a) It is a clinic licensed under part X of chapter 400;
458	(b) It is a 100-percent owner of medical equipment; and
459	(c) The owner's only part-time lease of medical equipment
460	for medical care coverage patients is on a temporary basis not
461	to exceed 30 days in a 12-month period and is necessitated by:
462	1. Repair or maintenance of existing 100-percent-owned
463	medical equipment;
464	2. The pending arrival and installation of newly purchased
465	or replacement 100-percent-owned medical equipment; or
466	3. A determination by the medical director or clinical
467	director that open-style medical equipment is medically
468	necessary for the performance of tests or procedures for
469	patients due to a patient's physical size or claustrophobia. The
470	leased medical equipment may not be used by patients who are not
471	patients of the registered clinic for medical treatment of
472	services.
473	
474	However, the 30-day period provided in this paragraph may be
475	extended for an additional 60 days as applicable to magnetic
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476	resonance imaging equipment if the owner certifies that the
477	extension otherwise complies with this paragraph.
478	
479	Any person or entity making a false certification under this
480	subsection commits insurance fraud as defined in s. 817.234.
481	(3) "Certify" means to swear or attest to a fact being
482	true or accurately represented in a writing.
483	(4) "Emergency medical condition" means:
484	(a) A medical condition manifesting itself by acute
485	symptoms of sufficient severity, which may include severe pain,
486	such that the absence of immediate medical attention could
487	reasonably be expected to result in any of the following:
488	1. Serious jeopardy to patient health, including a
489	pregnant woman or fetus.
490	2. Serious impairment to bodily functions.
491	3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.
492	(b) With respect to a pregnant woman:
493	1. That there is inadequate time to effect safe transfer
494	to another hospital prior to delivery;
495	2. That a transfer may pose a threat to the health and
496	safety of the patient or fetus; or
497	3. That there is evidence of the onset and persistence of
498	uterine contractions or rupture of the membranes.
499	(5) "Emergency services and care" means medical screening,
500	examination and evaluation by a physician, or, to the extent
501	permitted by applicable law, by other appropriate personnel
502	under the supervision of a physician, to determine if an
503	emergency medical condition exists and, if it does, the care,
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504 treatment, or surgery by a physician necessary to relieve or 505 eliminate the emergency medical condition, within the service 506 capability of the facility. 507 "Hospital" means a facility that, at the time services (6) 508 or treatment was rendered, was licensed under chapter 395. 509 "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of (7) 510 information; acting in deliberate ignorance of the truth or 511 falsity of the information; or acting in reckless disregard of 512 the information. Proof of specific intent to defraud is not 513 required. (8) "Lawful" or "lawfully" means in substantial compliance 514 515 with all relevant applicable criminal, civil, and administrative 516 requirements of state and federal law related to the provision 517 of medical services or treatment. "Medically necessary" refers to a medical service or (9) 518 519 supply that a prudent physician would provide for the purpose of 520 preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, 521 or symptom in a manner that is: 522 (a) In accordance with generally accepted standards of 523 medical practice; 524 (b) Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, 525 extent, site, and duration; and 526 (c) Not primarily for the convenience of the patient, 527 physician, or other health care provider. 528 "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle with (10) four or more wheels that is of a type both designed and required 529 530 to be licensed for use on the highways of this state and any 531 trailer or semitrailer designed for use with such vehicle and

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532 includes: 533 (a) A "private passenger motor vehicle," which is any 534 motor vehicle that is a sedan, station wagon, or jeep-type 535 vehicle and, if not used primarily for occupational, 536 professional, or business purposes, a motor vehicle of the pickup truck, panel truck, van, camper, or motor home type. 537 538 A "commercial motor vehicle," which is any motor (b) 539 vehicle that is not a private passenger motor vehicle. 540 541 The term "motor vehicle" does not include a mobile home or any 542 motor vehicle that is used in mass transit, other than public 543 school transportation; is designed to transport more than five 544 passengers exclusive of the operator of the motor vehicle; and 545 is owned by a municipality, a transit authority, or a political 546 subdivision of the state. 547 (11) "Named insured" means a person, usually the owner of 548 a motor vehicle, identified in a policy by name as the insured 549 under the policy. 550 "Owner," with respect to a motor vehicle, means a (12)551 person who holds the legal title to a motor vehicle or, if a 552 motor vehicle is the subject of a security agreement or lease 553 with an option to purchase with the debtor or lessee having the right to possession, the debtor or lessee of the motor vehicle. 554 555 (13) "Properly completed" means providing truthful, substantially complete, and substantially accurate responses as 556 557 to all material elements to each applicable request for 558 information or statement by a means that may lawfully be 559 provided and that complies with this section, or as otherwise

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560	agreed to by the parties.
561	(14) "Relative residing in the insured's household" means
562	a relative of any degree by blood or by marriage who usually
563	makes her or his home in the same family unit, regardless of
564	whether she or he is temporarily living elsewhere.
565	(15) "Unbundling" means separating treatment or services
566	that would be properly billed under one billing code into two or
567	more billing codes, resulting in a payment amount greater than
568	would be paid using one billing code.
569	(16) "Upcoding" means using a billing code to describe
570	treatment or services in a manner that would result in a payment
571	amount greater than would be paid using a billing code that
572	accurately describes such treatment or services. The term does
573	not include an otherwise lawful bill by a magnetic resonance
574	imaging facility, which globally combines both technical and
575	professional components, if the amount of the global bill is not
576	more than the components if billed separately; however, payment
577	of such a bill constitutes payment in full for all components of
578	such service.
579	Section 9. Section 627.7483, Florida Statutes, is created
580	to read:
581	627.7483 Required security
582	(1)(a) Every owner or registrant of a motor vehicle, other
583	than a motor vehicle used as a school bus as defined in s.
584	1006.25 or a limousine, required to be registered and licensed
585	in this state shall maintain security as described in subsection
586	(3) continuously throughout the registration or licensing
587	period.
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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
588	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to an owner or registrant
589	of a motor vehicle used as a taxicab, but such owner or
590	registrant shall maintain security as required under s.
591	324.032(1), and s. 627.7486 does not apply to any such motor
592	vehicle.
593	(2) Every nonresident owner or registrant of a motor
594	vehicle that, whether operated or not operated, has been
595	physically present within this state for more than 90 days
596	during the preceding 365 days shall thereafter maintain security
597	as described in subsection (3) continuously while such motor
598	vehicle is physically present within this state.
599	(3) Security required by this section shall be provided:
600	(a) By an insurance policy delivered or issued for
601	delivery in this state by an authorized or eligible motor
602	vehicle liability insurer which provides the benefits and
603	exemptions contained in ss. 627.748-627.7491. Any policy of
604	insurance represented or sold as providing the security required
605	under this section shall be deemed to provide insurance for the
606	payment of the required benefits; or
607	(b) By any other method authorized by s. 324.031(2), (3),
608	or (4) and approved by the Department of Highway Safety and
609	Motor Vehicles as affording security equivalent to that afforded
610	by a policy of insurance or by self-insuring as authorized by s.
611	768.28(16). The person filing such security shall have all of
612	the obligations and rights of an insurer under ss. 627.748-
613	627.7491.
614	(4) An owner of a motor vehicle for which security is
615	required by this section who fails to have such security in
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616 <u>effect at the time of an accident is not immune from tort</u> 617 <u>liability and is personally liable for the payment of benefits</u> 618 <u>under s. 627.7485. With respect to such benefits, such an owner</u> 619 <u>has all of the rights and obligations of an insurer under ss.</u> 620 627.748-627.7491.

621 (5) In addition to other persons who are not required to 622 provide security as required under this section and s. 324.022, 623 the owner or registrant of a motor vehicle is exempt from such 624 requirements if she or he is a member of the United States Armed 625 Forces and is called to or on active duty outside the United 626 States in an emergency situation. The exemption provided by this 627 subsection applies only while the member of the armed forces is 628 on such active duty outside the United States and while the 629 motor vehicle covered by the security required by this section 630 and s. 324.022 is not operated by any person. Upon receipt of a 631 written request by the insured to whom the exemption provided in 632 this subsection applies, the insurer shall cancel the coverages 633 and return any unearned premium or suspend the security required 634 by this section and s. 324.022. Notwithstanding s. 324.0221(2), 635 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not 636 suspend the registration or operator's license of any owner or 637 registrant of a motor vehicle during the time she or he 638 qualifies for an exemption under this subsection. Any owner or 639 registrant of a motor vehicle who qualifies for an exemption 640 under this subsection shall immediately notify the department 641 prior to and at the end of the expiration of the exemption. 642 Section 10. Section 627.7484, Florida Statutes, is created 643 to read:

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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
644	627.7484 Proof of security; security requirements;
645	penalties
646	(1) The provisions of chapter 324 that pertain to the
647	method of giving and maintaining proof of financial
648	responsibility and that govern and define a motor vehicle
649	liability policy apply to filing and maintaining proof of
650	security required by ss. 627.748-627.7491.
651	(2) Any person who:
652	(a) Gives information required in a report or otherwise as
653	provided for in ss. 627.748-627.7491, knowing or having reason
654	to believe that such information is false;
655	(b) Forges or, without authority, signs any evidence of
656	proof of security; or
657	(c) Files, or offers for filing, any such evidence of
658	proof, knowing or having reason to believe that it is forged or
659	signed without authority
660	
661	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
662	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
663	Section 11. Section 627.7485, Florida Statutes, is created
664	to read:
665	627.7485 Required medical care coverage benefits;
666	exclusions; priority; claims
667	(1) REQUIRED BENEFITSEvery insurance policy complying
668	with the security requirements of s. 627.7483 must provide
669	medical care coverage to the named insured, relatives residing
670	in the insured's household, persons operating the insured motor
671	vehicle, passengers in such motor vehicle, and other persons
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672	struck by such motor vehicle and suffering bodily injury while
673	not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, subject to
674	subsection (2) and paragraph (4)(f), to a limit of \$10,000 for
675	loss sustained by any such person as a result of bodily injury,
676	sickness, disease, or death arising out of the ownership,
677	maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle as follows:
678	(a) Medical benefitsUp to a limit of \$10,000, 80 percent
679	of all reasonable expenses as follows:
680	1. Emergency transport and treatment rendered by an
681	ambulance provider licensed under part III of chapter 401 within
682	24 hours after the motor vehicle accident.
683	2. Emergency services and care rendered in a hospital
684	within 7 days after the motor vehicle accident.
685	3. Services and care rendered when an insured is admitted
686	to a hospital within 7 days after the motor vehicle accident.
687	4. Emergency services and care rendered to an insured in a
688	hospital who is determined more than 7 days after the motor
689	vehicle accident to have an emergency medical condition related
690	to the initial medical diagnosis made in a hospital and arising
691	from the motor vehicle accident.
692	5. If the insured receives services and care pursuant to
693	subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., or subparagraph 4., subsequent
694	services and care directly related to the determination of an
695	emergency medical condition and medical diagnosis arising from
696	the motor vehicle accident, subject to the following:
697	a. The medical diagnosis and the determination of an
698	emergency medical condition shall be rendered in a hospital and
699	rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 458, by an
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700	osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, by a dentist
701	licensed under chapter 466, or, to the extent permitted by
702	applicable law and under the supervision of such physician,
703	osteopathic physician, or dentist, by a physician assistant
704	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an advanced
705	registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 464; and
706	b. The care and services shall be rendered by a physician
707	licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed
708	under chapter 459, a dentist licensed under chapter 466, a
709	physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459,
710	or an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under
711	chapter 464.
712	6. If the insured receives services and care pursuant to
713	subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., subparagraph 4., or
714	subparagraph 5., all medically necessary medical, surgical,
715	dental, nursing, or diagnostic ancillary services, hospital or
716	ambulatory surgical center services, durable medical equipment,
717	prosthetics, or orthotics and supplies.
718	
719	For purposes of ss. 627.748-627.7491, a determination pursuant
720	to this paragraph that an emergency medical condition exists is
721	presumed to be correct unless rebutted by clear and convincing
722	evidence to the contrary.
723	(b) Medical benefitsUp to a limit of \$2,500, 80 percent
724	of all reasonable expenses as follows:
725	1. Services and care rendered within 7 days after the
726	motor vehicle accident by a physician licensed under chapter
727	458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, a
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728	dentist licensed under chapter 466, a physician assistant
729	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced
730	registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 464.
731	2. If the insured receives services and care pursuant to
732	subparagraph 1., subsequent services and care rendered by a
733	provider listed in subparagraph 1. and directly related to the
734	medical diagnosis arising from the motor vehicle accident.
735	3. All medically necessary medical, surgical, dental,
736	nursing, or diagnostic ancillary services, hospital or
737	ambulatory surgical center services, durable medical equipment,
738	prosthetics, or orthotics and supplies.
739	
740	Payment of benefits under this paragraph shall occur only if a
741	person has been determined in a hospital not to have an
742	emergency medical condition or the person did not present
743	herself or himself at a hospital but received treatment from a
744	provider identified in subparagraph 1. within 7 days after the
745	motor vehicle accident.
746	(c) Disability benefitsSixty percent of any loss of
747	gross income and loss of earning capacity per individual from
748	inability to work proximately caused by the injury sustained by
749	the injured person, plus all expenses reasonably incurred in
750	obtaining from others ordinary and necessary services in lieu of
751	those that, but for the injury, the injured person would have
752	performed without income for the benefit of her or his
753	household. All disability benefits payable under this paragraph
754	shall be paid not less than every 2 weeks.
755	(d) Death benefitsDeath benefits of \$5,000 per
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756 individual. Death benefits are in addition to the medical and 757 disability benefits provided under the insurance policy. The 758 insurer shall pay such benefits to the executor or administrator 759 of the deceased, to any of the deceased's relatives by blood, 760 legal adoption, or marriage, or to any person appearing to the 761 insurer to be equitably entitled thereto. 762 763 Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this 764 state may provide the benefits required by this section, and no 765 such insurer may require the purchase of any other motor vehicle 766 coverage other than the purchase of property damage liability 767 coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a condition for providing 768 such required benefits. Insurers may not require that property 769 damage liability insurance in an amount greater than \$10,000 be 770 purchased in conjunction with medical care coverage insurance. 771 Such insurers shall make benefits and required property damage 772 liability insurance coverage available through normal marketing 773 channels. Any insurer writing motor vehicle liability insurance 774 in this state who fails to comply with such availability 775 requirement as a general business practice, as determined by the 776 office, shall be deemed to have violated part IX of chapter 626, 777 and such violation shall constitute an unfair method of 778 competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice involving 779 the business of insurance. Any such insurer committing such 780 violation shall be subject to the penalties afforded in such 781 part, as well as those that may be afforded elsewhere in the 782 insurance code. An insurer writing motor vehicle liability 783 insurance may offer insureds additional first-party motor

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784	vehicle coverages.
785	(2) AUTHORIZED EXCLUSIONS.—Any insurer may exclude
786	benefits:
787	(a) For injury sustained by the named insured and
788	relatives residing in the insured's household while occupying
789	another motor vehicle owned by the named insured and not insured
790	under the policy or for injury sustained by any person operating
791	the insured motor vehicle without the express or implied consent
792	of the insured.
793	(b) To any injured person if such person's conduct
794	contributed to her or his injury under either of the following
795	circumstances:
796	1. Causing injury to herself or himself intentionally; or
797	2. Being injured while committing a felony.
798	
799	Whenever an insured is charged with conduct as set forth in
800	subparagraph 2., the 30-day payment provision of paragraph
801	(4)(b) shall be held in abeyance, and the insurer shall withhold
802	payment of any medical care coverage benefits pending the
803	outcome of the case at the trial level. If the charge is nolle
804	prossed or dismissed or the insured is acquitted, the 30-day
805	payment provision shall run from the date the insurer is
806	notified of such action.
807	(3) INSURED'S RIGHTS TO RECOVERY OF SPECIAL DAMAGES IN
808	TORT CLAIMS.—No insurer shall have a lien on any recovery in
809	tort by judgment, settlement, or otherwise for medical care
810	coverage benefits, whether suit has been filed or settlement has
811	been reached without suit. An injured party who is entitled to
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812 bring suit under ss. 627.748-627.7491, or her or his legal 813 representative, shall have no right to recover any damages for 814 which medical care coverage benefits are paid or payable. The 815 plaintiff may prove all of her or his special damages 816 notwithstanding this limitation, but if special damages are 817 introduced in evidence, the trier of facts, whether judge or 818 jury, may not award damages for medical care coverage benefits 819 paid or payable. In all cases in which a jury is required to fix 820 damages, the court shall instruct the jury that the plaintiff 821 may not recover such special damages for medical care coverage 822 benefits paid or payable. 823 BENEFITS; WHEN DUE.-Benefits due from an insurer under (4) 824 ss. 627.748-627.7491 shall be primary, except that benefits 825 received under any workers' compensation law shall be credited 826 against the benefits provided by subsection (1) and shall be due 827 and payable as loss accrues, upon receipt of reasonable proof of 828 such loss and the amount of expenses and loss incurred that are 829 covered by the policy issued under ss. 627.748-627.7491. When 830 the Agency for Health Care Administration provides, pays, or 831 becomes liable for medical assistance under the Medicaid program 832 related to injury, sickness, disease, or death arising out of 833 the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, benefits 834 under ss. 627.748-627.7491 shall be subject to the provisions of 835 the Medicaid program. However, within 30 days after receiving 836 notice that the Medicaid program paid such benefits, the insurer 837 shall repay the full amount of the benefits to the Medicaid 838 program. 839 (a) An insurer may require written notice to be given as Page 30 of 115

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840 soon as practicable after an accident involving a motor vehicle 841 for which the policy affords the security required by ss. 842 627.748-627.7491. 843 (b) Medical care coverage benefits paid pursuant to this 844 section are overdue if not paid within 30 days after the insurer 845 is furnished written notice of the fact and amount of a covered 846 loss. However: 847 1. If such written notice is not furnished to the insurer as to the entire claim, any partial amount supported by the 848 849 written notice is overdue if not paid within 30 days after the 850 written notice is furnished to the insurer. Any part or all of 851 the remainder of the claim that is subsequently supported by the 852 written notice is overdue if not paid within 30 days after the 853 written notice is furnished to the insurer. 854 2. If an insurer pays only a portion of a claim or rejects a claim, the insurer shall provide at the time of the partial 855 856 payment or rejection an itemized specification of each item that 857 the insurer had reduced, omitted, or declined to pay and any 858 information that the insurer desires the claimant to consider 859 related to the medical necessity of the denied treatment or to 860 explain the reasonableness of the reduced charge; however, this 861 does not limit the introduction of evidence at trial. The 862 insurer shall include the name and address of the person to whom 863 the claimant should respond and a claim number to be referenced 864 in future correspondence. 865 3. If an insurer pays only a portion of a claim or rejects 866 a claim due to an alleged error in the claim, the insurer shall 867 provide at the time of the partial payment or rejection an

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868	itemized specification or explanation of benefits of the
869	specified error. Upon receiving the specification or
870	explanation, the person making the claim has, at the person's
871	option and without waiving any other legal remedy for payment,
872	15 days to submit a revised claim, and the revised claim shall
873	be considered a timely submission of written notice of a claim.
874	4. Notwithstanding the fact that written notice has been
875	furnished to the insurer, a payment may not be deemed overdue
876	when the insurer has reasonable proof to establish that the
877	insurer is not responsible for the payment.
878	5. For the purpose of calculating the extent to which any
879	benefits are overdue, payment shall be considered made on the
880	date a draft or other valid instrument that is equivalent to
881	payment was placed in the United States mail in a properly
882	addressed, postpaid envelope or, if not so posted, on the date
883	of delivery.
884	6. This paragraph does not preclude or limit the ability
885	of the insurer to assert that the claim was unrelated, was not
886	medically necessary, or was unreasonable or that the amount of
887	the charge was in excess of that permitted under, or in
888	violation of, subsection (5). Such assertion by the insurer may
889	be made at any time, including after payment of the claim or
890	after the 30-day time period for payment set forth in this
891	paragraph.
892	(c) Upon receiving notice of an accident that is
893	potentially covered by medical care coverage benefits, the
894	insurer must reserve \$5,000 of medical care coverage benefits
895	for payment to physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter
1	

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896 459, dentists licensed under chapter 466, physician assistants 897 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or advanced 898 registered nurse practitioners licensed under chapter 464 who 899 provide medical care coverage pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(a)2. 900 and 3. The amount required to be held in reserve may be used 901 only to pay claims from such medical providers until 30 days 902 after the date the insurer receives notice of the accident. After the 30-day period, any amount of the reserve for which the 903 904 insurer has not received notice of a claim from such medical 905 provider for medical care coverage benefits may then be used by 906 the insurer to pay other claims. The time periods specified in 907 paragraph (b) for required payment of medical care coverage 908 benefits shall be tolled for the period of time that an insurer is required by this paragraph to hold payment of a claim that is 909 910 not from a medical provider eligible to receive payment of 911 medical care coverage benefits to the extent that the medical 912 care coverage benefits not held in reserve are insufficient to 913 pay the claim. This paragraph does not require an insurer to 914 establish a claim reserve for insurance accounting purposes. 915 (d) All overdue payments shall bear simple interest at the 916 rate established under s. 55.03 or the rate established in the 917 insurance contract, whichever is greater, for the quarter in 918 which the payment became overdue, calculated from the date the 919 insurer was furnished with written notice of the amount of the 920 covered loss. Interest shall be due at the time payment of the 921 overdue claim is made. 922 (e) If an insurer has a reasonable belief that a 923 fraudulent insurance act, for the purposes of s. 626.989 or s. Page 33 of 115

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924 817.234, has been committed, the insurer shall notify the 925 claimant, in writing, within 30 days after submission of the 926 claim that the claim is being investigated for suspected fraud. 927 The insurer then has an additional 60 days, beginning at the end 928 of the initial 30-day period, to conduct its fraud 929 investigation. Notwithstanding subsection (9), no later than 90 930 days after the submission of the claim, the insurer must either 931 deny or pay the claim with simple interest as provided in 932 paragraph (d). Interest shall be assessed from the day the claim 933 was submitted until the day the claim is paid. All claims denied 934 for suspected fraudulent insurance acts shall be reported to the 935 Division of Insurance Fraud. 936 The insurer of the owner of a motor vehicle shall pay (f) 937 medical care coverage benefits for accidental bodily injury: 938 1. Sustained in this state by the owner while occupying a 939 motor vehicle, or while not an occupant of a self-propelled 940 vehicle if the injury is caused by physical contact with a motor 941 vehicle. 942 2. Sustained outside this state, but within the United 943 States of America or its territories or possessions or Canada, 944 by the owner while occupying the owner's motor vehicle. 945 3. Sustained by a relative of the owner residing in the insured's household, under the circumstances described in 946 947 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., provided the relative at the 948 time of the accident is domiciled in the owner's household and 949 is not herself or himself the owner of a motor vehicle with 950 respect to which security is required under ss. 627.748-951 627.7491.

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952	4. Sustained in this state by any other person while
953	occupying the owner's motor vehicle or, if a resident of this
954	state, while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, if the
955	injury is caused by physical contact with such motor vehicle,
956	provided the injured person is not herself or himself:
957	a. The owner of a motor vehicle for which security is
958	required under ss. 627.748-627.7491; or
959	b. Entitled to medical care coverage benefits from the
960	insurer of the owner or owners of such a motor vehicle.
961	(g) If two or more insurers are liable to pay medical
962	care coverage benefits for the same injury to any one person,
963	the maximum amount payable shall be as specified in subsection
964	(1), and any insurer paying the benefits shall be entitled to
965	recover from each of the other insurers an equitable pro rata
966	share of the benefits paid and expenses incurred in processing
967	the claim.
968	(h) It is a violation of the insurance code for an insurer
969	to fail to timely provide benefits as required by this section
970	with such frequency as to constitute a general business
971	practice, as determined by the office.
972	(i) Benefits are not due or payable to or on behalf of an
973	insured, claimant, medical provider, or attorney if the insured,
974	claimant, medical provider, or attorney has:
975	1. Submitted a false material statement, document, record,
976	or bill;
977	2. Submitted false material information; or
978	3. Otherwise committed or attempted to commit a fraudulent
979	insurance act as defined in s. 626.989.
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981	A claimant who violates this paragraph is not entitled to any
982	medical care coverage benefits or payment for any bills and
983	services, regardless of whether a portion of the claim may be
984	legitimate. However, a medical provider who does not violate
985	this paragraph may not be denied benefits solely due to the
986	violation by another claimant.
987	(5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS
988	(a) Any person or entity lawfully rendering treatment to
989	an injured person for a bodily injury covered by medical care
990	coverage insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only
991	a reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services,
992	treatment, and supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such
993	coverage may pay for such charges directly to such person or
994	entity lawfully rendering such treatment, if the insured
995	receiving such treatment or her or his guardian has
996	countersigned the properly completed invoice, bill, or claim
997	form approved by the office upon which such charges are to be
998	paid for as having actually been rendered, to the best of the
999	knowledge of the insured or her or his guardian. However, such a
1000	charge may not exceed the amount the person or entity
1001	customarily charges for like services, treatment, or supplies.
1002	When determining whether a charge for a particular service,
1003	treatment, or supply is reasonable, consideration may be given
1004	to evidence of usual and customary charges and payments accepted
1005	by the provider involved in the dispute, reimbursement levels in
1006	the community and various federal and state medical fee
1007	schedules applicable to motor vehicle and other insurance

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1008	coverages, and other information relevant to the reasonableness
1009	of the reimbursement for the service, treatment, or supply.
1010	1. When a health care provider or entity bills an insurer
	_
1011	in an amount less than indicated in the following schedule of
1012	maximum charges and the insurer pays the amount billed, the
1013	payment shall be considered reasonable. However, a payment made
1014	by an insurer that limits reimbursement to 80 percent of the
1015	following schedule of maximum charges is considered reasonable:
1016	a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers
1017	licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare charges.
1018	b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital
1019	licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual
1020	and customary charges.
1021	c. For emergency services and care provided in a facility
1022	licensed under chapter 395 rendered by a physician or dentist,
1023	and related hospital inpatient services rendered by a physician
1024	or dentist, the usual and customary charges in the community.
1025	d. For hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
1026	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A
1027	prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital
1028	providing the inpatient services.
1029	e. For hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
1030	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory
1031	Payment Classification for the specific hospital or ambulatory
1032	surgical center providing the outpatient services.
1033	f. For all other medical services, treatment, supplies,
1034	and care, 200 percent of the allowable amount under the
1035	participating physicians schedule of Medicare Part B; for
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1036 medical services, treatment, supplies, and care provided by 1037 clinical laboratories, 200 percent of the allowable amount under 1038 Medicare Part B; and for durable medical equipment, the amount 1039 contained in the Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics 1040 & Supplies (DMEPOS) fee schedule of Medicare Part B. However, if 1041 such services, treatment, or supplies, and care are not 1042 reimbursable under Medicare Part B, the insurer may limit 1043 reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation, as determined under s. 1044 1045 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder that are in effect at the 1046 time such services, treatment, supplies, or care are provided. 1047 Services, treatment, or supplies that are not reimbursable under 1048 Medicare or workers' compensation are not required to be 1049 reimbursed by the insurer. 1050 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 1051 schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee 1052 schedule or payment limitation that was in effect as of March 1 1053 of the year in which the services, treatment, supplies, or care 1054 were provided and for the area in which such services were 1055 rendered and shall apply until March 1 of the following year, 1056 notwithstanding any subsequent changes made to such fee schedule 1057 or payment limitation, except that it may not be less than the 1058 allowable amount under the participating physicians schedule of 1059 Medicare Part B for 2007 for medical services, treatment, 1060 supplies, and care subject to Medicare Part B. 1061 3. Subparagraph 2. does not allow the insurer to apply any 1062 limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization 1063 limits that apply under Medicare or workers' compensation. An

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1064 insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of 1065 subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided 1066 care or treatment under the scope of her or his license 1067 regardless of whether such provider is entitled to reimbursement 1068 under Medicare due to restrictions or limitations on the types 1069 or discipline of health care providers who may be reimbursed for 1070 particular procedures or procedure codes. However, nothing in 1071 subparagraph 1. prohibits an insurer from using any and all 1072 Medicare coding policies and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid 1073 Services (CMS) payment methodologies, including applicable 1074 modifiers, to determine the appropriate amount of reimbursement 1075 for medical services, treatment, supplies, or care. 1076 4. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by 1077 subparagraph 2., the person providing such services, treatment, 1078 supplies, or care may not bill or attempt to collect from the 1079 insured any amount in excess of such limits, except for amounts 1080 that are not covered by the insured's medical care coverage insurance due to the coinsurance amount or maximum policy 1081 1082 limits. 1083 (b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim 1084 or charges: 1085 a. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim on 1086 behalf of a broker; b. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the 1087 1088 time rendered; c. To any person who knowingly submits a false material 1089 statement relating to the claim or charges; 1090 1091 d. With respect to a bill or statement that does not

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1092 s	ubstantially meet the applicable requirements of paragraph (d);
1093	e. For any treatment or service that is upcoded, or that
1094 i	s unbundled when such treatment or services should be bundled,
1095 i	n accordance with paragraph (d). To facilitate prompt payment
1096 <u>o</u>	f lawful services, an insurer may change billing codes that it
1097 <u>d</u>	etermines to have been improperly or incorrectly upcoded or
1098 <u>u</u>	nbundled, and may make payment based on the changed billing
1099 <u>c</u>	odes, without affecting the right of the provider to dispute
1100 <u>t</u>	he change by the insurer; however, before doing so, the insurer
1101 <u>m</u>	ust contact the health care provider and discuss the reasons
1102 <u>f</u>	or the insurer's change and the health care provider's reason
1103 <u>f</u>	or the coding or make a reasonable good faith effort to do so
1104 <u>a</u>	s documented in the insurer's file; or
1105	f. For medical services or treatment billed by a physician
1106 <u>a</u>	nd not provided in a hospital unless such services are rendered
1107 <u>b</u>	y the physician or are incident to her or his professional
1108 <u>s</u>	ervices and are included on the physician's bill, including
1109 <u>d</u>	ocumentation verifying that the physician is responsible for
1110 <u>t</u>	he medical services that were rendered and billed.
1111	2. The Department of Health, in consultation with the
1112 <u>a</u>	ppropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt, by rule,
1113 <u>a</u>	list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary
1114 <u>f</u>	or use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury
1115 <u>c</u>	overed by medical care coverage benefits under this section.
1116 <u>T</u>	he list shall be revised from time to time as determined by the
1117 <u>D</u>	epartment of Health in consultation with the respective
1118 <u>p</u>	rofessional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list
1119 <u>s</u>	hall be based on lack of demonstrated medical value and a level

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1120	of general acceptance by the relevant provider community and may
1121	not be dependent entirely upon subjective patient response.
1122	Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in this
1123	subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay any
1124	charges or reimburse claims for any diagnostic test deemed not
1125	medically necessary by the Department of Health.
1126	(c)1. With respect to any treatment or service, other than
1127	medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for
1128	emergency services and care or inpatient services rendered at a
1129	hospital-owned facility, the statement of charges must be
1130	furnished to the insurer by the provider and may not include,
1131	and the insurer is not required to pay, charges for treatment or
1132	services rendered more than 35 days before the postmark date or
1133	electronic transmission date of the statement, except for past
1134	due amounts previously billed on a timely basis under this
1135	paragraph, and except that, if the provider submits to the
1136	insurer a notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days after
1137	its first examination or treatment of the claimant, the
1138	statement may include charges for treatment or services rendered
1139	up to, but not more than, 75 days before the postmark date of
1140	the statement. The injured party is not liable for, and the
1141	provider may not bill the injured party for, charges that are
1142	unpaid because of the provider's failure to comply with this
1143	paragraph. Any agreement requiring the injured person or insured
1144	to pay for such charges is unenforceable.
1145	2. If, however, the insured fails to furnish the provider
1146	with the correct name and address of the insured's medical care
1147	coverage insurer, the provider has 35 days from the date the
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1148	provider obtains the correct information to furnish the insurer
1149	with a statement of the charges. The insurer is not required to
1150	pay for such charges unless the provider includes with the
1151	statement documentary evidence that was provided by the insured
1152	during the 35-day period demonstrating that the provider
1153	reasonably relied on erroneous information from the insured and
1154	either:
1155	a. A denial letter from the incorrect insurer; or
1156	b. Proof of mailing, which may include an affidavit under
1157	penalty of perjury, reflecting timely mailing to the incorrect
1158	address or insurer.
1159	3. For emergency services and care rendered in a hospital
1160	emergency department or for transport and treatment rendered by
1161	an ambulance provider licensed pursuant to part III of chapter
1162	401, the provider is not required to furnish the statement of
1163	charges within the time periods established by this paragraph,
1164	and the insurer may not be considered to have been furnished
1165	with notice of the amount of the covered loss for purposes of
1166	paragraph (4)(b) until it receives a statement complying with
1167	paragraph (d), or a copy thereof, that specifically identifies
1168	the place of service as a hospital emergency department or an
1169	ambulance in accordance with billing standards recognized by the
1170	Health Care Finance Administration.
1171	4. Each notice of insured's rights under s. 627.7488 must
1172	include the following statement in type no smaller than 12
1173	points:
1174	
1175	BILLING REQUIREMENTSFlorida Statutes provide that with
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1176	respect to any treatment or services, other than certain
1177	hospital and emergency services, the statement of charges
1178	furnished to the insurer by the provider may not include,
1179	and the insurer and the injured party are not required to
1180	
	pay, charges for treatment or services rendered more than
1181	35 days before the postmark date of the statement, except
1182	for past due amounts previously billed on a timely basis,
1183	and except that, if the provider submits to the insurer a
1184	notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days after its
1185	first examination or treatment of the claimant, the
1186	statement may include charges for treatment or services
1187	rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days before the
1188	postmark date of the statement.
1189	
1190	(d) All statements and bills for medical services rendered
1191	by a person or entity shall be submitted to the insurer on a
1192	properly completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
1193	(CMS) 1500 form, UB 92 form, or any other standard form approved
1194	by the office or adopted by the commission for purposes of this
1195	paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers
1196	shall, to the extent applicable, follow the Physicians' Current
1197	Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Healthcare Correct Procedural
1198	Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9 in effect for the year in which
1199	services are rendered and comply with the Centers for Medicare
1200	and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500 form instructions and the
1201	American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology
1202	(CPT) Editorial Panel and Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding
1203	System (HCPCS). All providers other than hospitals shall include
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1204	on the applicable claim form the professional license number of
1204	
	the provider in the line or space provided for "Signature of
1206	Physician or Supplier, Including Degrees or Credentials." In
1207	determining compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding,
1208	guidance shall be provided by the Physicians' Current Procedural
1209	Terminology (CPT) or the Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding
1210	System (HCPCS) in effect for the year in which services were
1211	rendered, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG), Physicians
1212	Compliance Guidelines, and other authoritative treatises
1213	designated by rule by the Agency for Health Care Administration.
1214	No statement of medical services may include charges for medical
1215	services of a person or entity that performed such services
1216	without possessing the valid licenses required to perform such
1217	services. For purposes of paragraph (4)(b), an insurer may not
1218	be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount
1219	of the covered loss or medical bills due unless the statements
1220	or bills comply with this paragraph and are properly completed
1221	in their entirety as to all material provisions, with all
1222	relevant information being provided therein.
1223	(e)1. At the time the initial treatment or service is
1224	provided, each person or entity providing medical services upon
1225	which a claim for medical care coverage benefits is based shall
1226	require an insured person or her or his guardian to execute a
1227	disclosure and acknowledgment form that reflects at a minimum
1228	that:
1229	a. The insured or her or his guardian must countersign the
1230	form attesting to the fact that the services set forth in the
1231	form were actually rendered.
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1232	b. The insured or her or his guardian has both the right
1233	and the affirmative duty to confirm that the services were
1234	actually rendered.
1235	c. The insured or her or his guardian was not solicited by
1236	any person to seek any services from the medical provider.
1237	d. The person or entity rendering services for which
1238	payment is being claimed explained the services to the insured
1239	or her or his guardian.
1240	e. If the insured notifies the insurer in writing of a
1241	billing error, the insured may be entitled to a certain
1242	percentage of a reduction in the amounts paid by the insured's
1243	motor vehicle insurer.
1244	2. The person or entity rendering services for which
1245	payment is being claimed has the affirmative duty to explain the
1246	services rendered to the insured or her or his guardian so that
1247	the insured or her or his guardian countersigns the form with
1248	informed consent.
1249	3. Countersignature by the insured or her or his guardian
1250	is not required for the reading of diagnostic tests or other
1251	services of such a nature that they are not required to be
1252	performed in the presence of the insured.
1253	4. The licensed medical professional rendering treatment
1254	for which payment is being claimed must sign, by her or his own
1255	hand, the form complying with this paragraph.
1256	5. The original completed disclosure and acknowledgment
1257	form shall be furnished to the insurer pursuant to paragraph
1258	(4) (b) and may not be electronically furnished.
1259	6. This disclosure and acknowledgment form is not required
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1260	for services billed by a provider for emergency services and
1261	care rendered in a hospital emergency department or for
1262	transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider
1263	licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401.
1264	7. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt, by rule,
1265	a standard disclosure and acknowledgment form that shall be used
1266	to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, effective 90 days
1267	after such form is adopted and becomes final. The commission
1268	shall adopt a proposed rule by January 1, 2013. Until the rule
1269	is final, the provider may use a form of its own that otherwise
1270	complies with the requirements of this paragraph.
1271	8. As used in this paragraph, the term "countersigned"
1272	means bearing a second or verifying signature, as on a
1273	previously signed document, and is not satisfied by the
1274	statement "signature on file" or any similar statement.
1275	9. This paragraph applies only with respect to the initial
1276	treatment or service of the insured by a provider. For
1277	subsequent treatments or service, the provider must maintain a
1278	patient log signed by the patient, in chronological order by
1279	date of service, that is consistent with the services being
1280	rendered to the patient as claimed. The requirements of this
1281	subparagraph for maintaining a patient log signed by the patient
1282	may be met by a hospital that maintains medical records as
1283	required by s. 395.3025 and applicable rules and makes such
1284	records available to the insurer upon request.
1285	(f) Upon written notification by any person, an insurer
1286	shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a physician
1287	or other medical provider. The insurer shall determine whether
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1288 the insured was properly billed for only those services and 1289 treatments that the insured actually received. If the insurer 1290 determines that the insured has been improperly billed, the 1291 insurer shall notify the insured, the person making the written 1292 notification, and the provider of its findings and shall reduce 1293 the amount of payment to the provider by the amount determined 1294 to be improperly billed. If a reduction is made due to such 1295 written notification by any person, the insurer shall pay to the 1296 person 20 percent of the amount of the reduction, up to \$500. If 1297 the provider is arrested due to the improper billing, the 1298 insurer shall pay to the person 40 percent of the amount of the 1299 reduction, up to \$500. 1300 (q) An insurer may not systematically downcode with the 1301 intent to deny reimbursement otherwise due. Such action 1302 constitutes a material misrepresentation under s. 1303 626.9541(1)(i)2. 1304 (6) DISCOVERY OF FACTS ABOUT AN INJURED PERSON; DISPUTES.-1305 (a) An insured seeking benefits under ss. 627.748-1306 627.7491, including omnibus insureds, must comply with the terms 1307 of the policy, which include, but are not limited to, submitting 1308 to an examination under oath. The scope of questioning during 1309 the examination under oath is limited to relevant information or 1310 information that could reasonably be expected to lead to 1311 relevant information. Compliance with this paragraph is a 1312 condition precedent to receiving benefits. An insurer that, as a 1313 general business practice, as determined by the office, requests 1314 an examination under oath of an insured or an omnibus insured 1315 without a reasonable basis is subject to s. 626.9541.

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1316	(b) Every employer shall, if a request is made by an
1317	insurer providing medical care coverage under ss. 627.748-
1318	627.7491 against whom a claim has been made, furnish in a form
1319	approved by the office a sworn statement of the earnings, since
1320	the time of the bodily injury and for a reasonable period before
1321	the injury, of the person upon whose injury the claim is based.
1322	(c) Every person or entity providing, before or after
1323	bodily injury upon which a claim for medical care coverage
1324	benefits is based, any products, services, or accommodations in
1325	relation to that or any other injury, or in relation to a
1326	condition claimed to be connected with that or any other injury,
1327	shall, if requested to do so by the insurer against whom the
1328	claim has been made, permit the insurer or the insurer's
1329	representative to conduct an onsite physical review and
1330	examination of the treatment location, treatment apparatuses,
1331	diagnostic devices, and any other medical equipment used for the
1332	services rendered within 10 days after the insurer's request and
1333	furnish forthwith a written report of the history, condition,
1334	treatment, dates, and costs of such treatment of the injured
1335	person and why the items identified by the insurer were
1336	reasonable in amount and medically necessary, together with a
1337	sworn statement that the treatment or services rendered were
1338	reasonable and necessary with respect to the bodily injury
1339	sustained and identifying which portion of the expenses for such
1340	treatment or services was incurred as a result of such bodily
1341	injury, and produce forthwith, and permit the inspection and
1342	copying of, her or his or its records regarding such history,
1343	condition, treatment, dates, and costs of treatment; however,
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this does not limit the introduction of evidence at trial. Such 1344 1345 sworn statement shall read as follows: 1346 1347 "Under penalty of perjury, I declare that I have read the 1348 foregoing, and the facts alleged are true to the best of my 1349 knowledge and belief." 1350 1351 No cause of action for violation of the physician-patient 1352 privilege or invasion of the right of privacy may be permitted 1353 against any person or entity complying with this paragraph. The 1354 person requesting such records and such sworn statement shall 1355 pay all reasonable costs connected therewith. If an insurer 1356 makes a written request for documentation or information under 1357 this paragraph within 30 days after having received notice of 1358 the amount of a covered loss under paragraph (4)(a), the amount 1359 or the partial amount that is the subject of the insurer's 1360 inquiry shall become overdue if the insurer does not pay in 1361 accordance with paragraph (4) (b) or within 10 days after the 1362 insurer's receipt of the requested documentation or information, 1363 whichever occurs later. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 1364 "receipt" includes, but is not limited to, inspection and 1365 copying pursuant to this paragraph. Any insurer that requests 1366 documentation or information pertaining to reasonableness of 1367 charges or medical necessity under this paragraph without a 1368 reasonable basis for such requests as a general business practice, as determined by the office, is engaging in an unfair 1369 1370 trade practice under the insurance code. Section 626.989(4)(d) 1371 applies to the sharing of information related to reviews and

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1372 examinations conducted pursuant to this section. 1373 (d) In the event of any dispute regarding an insurer's 1374 right to discovery of facts under this section, the insurer may 1375 petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enter an order 1376 permitting such discovery. The order may be made only on motion 1377 for good cause shown and upon notice to all persons having an 1378 interest, and it shall specify the time, place, manner, 1379 conditions, and scope of the discovery. Such court may, in order 1380 to protect against annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression, as 1381 justice requires, enter an order refusing discovery or 1382 specifying conditions of discovery and may order payments of 1383 costs and expenses of the proceeding, including reasonable fees 1384 for the appearance of attorneys at the proceedings, as justice 1385 requires. 1386 (e) The injured person shall be furnished, upon request, a 1387 copy of all information obtained by the insurer under this 1388 section and shall pay a reasonable charge if required by the 1389 insurer. 1390 (f) Notice to an insurer of the existence of a claim may 1391 not be unreasonably withheld by an insured. 1392 (7) MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF INJURED PERSON; 1393 REPORTS.-1394 Whenever the mental or physical condition of an (a) injured person covered by medical care coverage insurance is 1395 1396 material to any claim that has been or may be made for past or future medical care coverage insurance benefits, such person 1397 shall, upon the request of an insurer, submit to mental or 1398 1399 physical examination by a physician or physicians. The costs of Page 50 of 115

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1400	any examinations requested by an insurer shall be borne entirely
1401	by the insurer. Such examination shall be conducted within the
1402	municipality where the insured is receiving treatment, or in a
1403	location reasonably accessible to the insured, which, for
1404	purposes of this paragraph, means any location within the
1405	municipality in which the insured resides or any location within
1406	10 miles by road of the insured's residence provided such
1407	location is within the county in which the insured resides. If
1408	the examination is to be conducted in a location reasonably
1409	accessible to the insured, and if there is no qualified
1410	physician to conduct the examination in a location reasonably
1411	accessible to the insured, such examination shall be conducted
1412	in an area of the closest proximity to the insured's residence.
1413	Medical care coverage insurers are authorized to include
1414	reasonable provisions in medical care coverage insurance
1415	policies for mental and physical examination of those claiming
1416	medical care coverage insurance benefits. An insurer may not
1417	withdraw payment of a treating physician without the consent of
1418	the injured person covered by the medical care coverage
1419	insurance unless the insurer first obtains a valid report by a
1420	physician located in this state licensed under the same chapter
1421	as the treating physician whose treatment authorization is
1422	sought to be withdrawn stating that treatment was not
1423	reasonable, related, or necessary. A valid report is one that is
1424	prepared and signed by the physician examining the injured
1425	person or reviewing the treatment records of the injured person,
1426	is factually supported by the examination and treatment records,
1427	if reviewed, and has not been modified by anyone other than the
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1428 physician. The physician preparing the report must be in active 1429 practice unless the physician is physically disabled. Active 1430 practice means that during the 3 years immediately preceding the 1431 date of the physical examination or review of the treatment 1432 records, the physician must have devoted professional time to 1433 the active clinical practice of evaluation, diagnosis, or 1434 treatment of medical conditions or to the instruction of 1435 students in an accredited health professional school or accredited residency program or a clinical research program that 1436 1437 is affiliated with an accredited health professional school or 1438 teaching hospital or accredited residency program. The physician 1439 preparing a report at the request of an insurer and physicians 1440 rendering expert opinions on behalf of persons claiming medical benefits for medical care coverage, or on behalf of an insured 1441 through an attorney or another entity, shall maintain, for at 1442 1443 least 3 years, copies of all examination reports as medical 1444 records and shall maintain, for at least 3 years, records of all 1445 payments for the examinations and reports. Neither an insurer 1446 nor any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an 1447 insurer may materially change an opinion in a report prepared 1448 under this paragraph or direct the physician preparing the 1449 report to change such opinion. The denial of a payment as the 1450 result of such a changed opinion constitutes a material 1451 misrepresentation under s. 626.9541(1)(i)2.; however, this 1452 paragraph does not preclude the insurer from calling to the 1453 attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based 1454 upon information in the claim file. 1455 (b) If requested by the person examined, a party causing

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1456 an examination to be made shall deliver to her or him a copy of 1457 every written report concerning the examination rendered by an 1458 examining physician, at least one of which must set out the 1459 examining physician's findings and conclusions in detail. After 1460 such request and delivery, the party causing the examination to 1461 be made is entitled, upon request, to receive from the person 1462 examined every written report available to her or him or her or 1463 his representative concerning any examination, previously or 1464 thereafter made, of the same mental or physical condition. By 1465 requesting and obtaining a report of the examination so ordered, 1466 or by taking the deposition of the examiner, the person examined 1467 waives any privilege she or he may have, in relation to the 1468 claim for benefits, regarding the testimony of every other 1469 person who has examined, or may thereafter examine, her or him 1470 with respect to the same mental or physical condition. If a 1471 person unreasonably refuses to submit to or fails to appear at 1472 an examination, the medical care coverage insurer is no longer 1473 liable for subsequent medical care coverage benefits. Refusal or 1474 failure to appear for two examinations raises a rebuttable 1475 presumption that such refusal or failure was unreasonable. 1476 APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY FEES.-(8) 1477 With respect to any dispute under ss. 627.748-627.7491 (a) 1478 between the insured and the insurer, or between an assignee of 1479 an insured's rights and the insurer, s. 627.428 applies, except 1480 as provided in paragraph (b) and subsections (9) and (13) and 1481 except that any attorney fees recovered are limited to the 1482 lesser of the actual fee incurred based upon a rate for attorney 1483 services not to exceed \$200 per billable hour or:

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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
1484	1. For any disputed amount of less than \$500, 15 times any
1485	disputed amount recovered by the attorney under ss. 627.748-
1486	627.7491, not to exceed \$5,000.
1487	2. For any disputed amount of \$500 or more and less than
1488	\$5,000, 10 times any disputed amount recovered by the attorney
1489	under ss. 627.748-627.7491, not to exceed \$10,000.
1490	3. For any disputed amount of \$5,000 or more and up to
1491	\$10,000, 5 times any disputed amount recovered by the attorney
1492	under ss. 627.748-627.7491, not to exceed \$15,000.
1493	
1494	Fees incurred in litigating or quantifying the amount of fees
1495	due to the prevailing party under ss. 627.748-627.7491 are not
1496	recoverable.
1497	(b) Notwithstanding s. 627.428, the attorney fees
1498	recovered under ss. 627.748-627.7491 shall be calculated without
1499	regard to any contingency risk multiplier.
1500	(c) Nothing in this subsection limits the attorney fees an
1501	insured may pay her or his attorney.
1502	(9) DEMAND LETTER.—
1503	(a) As a condition precedent to filing any action for
1504	benefits under this section, the insurer must be provided with
1505	written notice of an intent to initiate litigation. Such notice
1506	may not be sent until the claim is overdue, including any
1507	additional time the insurer has to pay the claim pursuant to
1508	paragraph (4)(b).
1509	(b) The notice required shall state that it is a "demand
1510	letter under s. 627.7485(9), F.S.," and shall state with
1511	specificity:

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1512	1. The name of the insured upon whom such benefits are
1513	being sought, including a copy of the assignment giving rights
1514	to the claimant if the claimant is not the insured.
1515	2. The claim number or policy number upon which such claim
1516	was originally submitted to the insurer.
1517	3. To the extent applicable, the name of any medical
1518	provider who rendered to an insured the treatment, services,
1519	accommodations, or supplies that form the basis of such claim
1520	and an itemized statement specifying each exact amount, the date
1521	of treatment, service, or accommodation, and the type of benefit
1522	claimed to be due. A completed form satisfying the requirements
1523	of paragraph (5)(d) or the lost-wage statement previously
1524	submitted may be used as the itemized statement. To the extent
1525	that the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment
1526	under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered,
1527	the claimant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice
1528	withdrawing such payment and an itemized statement of the type,
1529	frequency, and duration of future treatment claimed to be
1530	reasonable and medically necessary.
1531	(c) Each notice required by this subsection must be
1532	delivered to the insurer by United States certified or
1533	registered mail, return receipt requested. If so requested by
1534	the claimant in the notice, such postal costs shall be
1535	reimbursed by the insurer when the insurer pays the claim. Such
1536	notice must be sent to the person and address specified by the
1537	insurer for the purposes of receiving notices under this
1538	subsection. Each licensed insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or
1539	alien, shall file with the office designation of the name and
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1540 address of the person to whom notices pursuant to this 1541 subsection shall be sent, which the office shall make available 1542 on its website. The name and address on file with the office 1543 pursuant to s. 624.422 shall be deemed the authorized 1544 representative to accept notice pursuant to this subsection in 1545 the event no other designation has been made. 1546 If, within 30 days after receipt of notice by the (d) 1547 insurer, the overdue claim specified in the notice is paid by 1548 the insurer together with applicable interest and a penalty of 1549 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, subject to 1550 a maximum penalty of \$250, no action may be brought against the 1551 insurer. If the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of 1552 payment under paragraph (7) (a) for future treatment not yet 1553 rendered, no action may be brought against the insurer if, within 30 days after its receipt of the notice, the insurer 1554 1555 mails to the person filing the notice a written statement of the 1556 insurer's agreement to pay for such treatment in accordance with 1557 the notice and to pay a penalty of 10 percent, subject to a 1558 maximum penalty of \$250, when it pays for such future treatment 1559 in accordance with the requirements of this section. To the 1560 extent the insurer determines not to pay any amount demanded, 1561 the penalty is not payable in any subsequent action. For purposes of this paragraph, payment or the insurer's agreement 1562 shall be considered made on the date a draft or other valid 1563 1564 instrument that is equivalent to payment, or the insurer's written statement of agreement, is placed in the United States 1565 1566 mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or if not so 1567 posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer is not obligated to

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1568	pay any attorney fees if the insurer pays the claim or mails its
1569	agreement to pay for future treatment within the time prescribed
1570	by this paragraph.
1571	(e) The applicable statute of limitation for an action
1572	under this section shall be tolled for a period of 30 business
1573	days by the mailing of the notice required by this subsection.
1574	(f) Any insurer making a general business practice, as
1575	determined by the office, of not paying valid claims until
1576	receipt of the notice required by this subsection is engaging in
1577	an unfair trade practice under the insurance code.
1578	(10) FAILURE TO PAY VALID CLAIMS; UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE
1579	PRACTICE.
1580	(a) If an insurer fails to pay valid claims for medical
1581	care coverage with such frequency so as to indicate a general
1582	business practice, as determined by the office, the insurer is
1583	engaging in a prohibited unfair or deceptive practice that is
1584	subject to the penalties provided in s. 626.9521, and the office
1585	has the powers and duties specified in ss. 626.9561-626.9601
1586	with respect thereto.
1587	(b) Notwithstanding s. 501.212, the Department of Legal
1588	Affairs may investigate and initiate actions for a violation of
1589	this subsection, including, but not limited to, the powers and
1590	duties specified in part II of chapter 501.
1591	(11) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.—An insurer shall
1592	have a cause of action against any person convicted of, or who,
1593	regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo
1594	contendere to, insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient
1595	brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054,

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1596 associated with a claim for medical care coverage benefits in 1597 accordance with this section. An insurer prevailing in an action 1598 brought under this subsection may recover compensatory, 1599 consequential, and punitive damages subject to the requirements 1600 and limitations of part II of chapter 768 and attorney fees and 1601 costs incurred in litigating a cause of action against any 1602 person convicted of, or who, regardless of adjudication of 1603 guilt, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, insurance fraud 1604 under s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or 1605 kickbacks under s. 456.054, associated with a claim for medical 1606 care coverage benefits in accordance with this section. 1607 (12) FRAUD ADVISORY NOTICE.-Upon receiving notice of a 1608 claim under this section, an insurer shall provide a notice to 1609 the insured or to a person for whom a claim for reimbursement 1610 for diagnosis or treatment of injuries has been filed advising 1611 that: 1612 (a) Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of Financial 1613 Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons providing 1614 information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons 1615 committing crimes investigated by the Division of Insurance 1616 Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s. 1617 626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234. 1618 Solicitation of a person injured in a motor vehicle (b) 1619 crash for purposes of filing medical care coverage or tort 1620 claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s. 817.505, or the rules regulating The Florida Bar and, if such conduct has taken 1621 place, it should be immediately reported to the Division of 1622 1623 Insurance Fraud.

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1624	(13) ALL CLAIMS BROUGHT IN A SINGLE ACTIONIn any civil
1625	action to recover medical care coverage benefits brought by a
1626	claimant pursuant to this section against an insurer, all claims
1627	related to the same health care provider for the same injured
1628	person shall be brought in one action unless good cause is shown
1629	why such claims should be brought separately. If the court
1630	determines that a civil action is filed for a claim that should
1631	have been brought in a prior civil action, the court may not
1632	award attorney fees to the claimant.
1633	(14) SECURE ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFERIf all parties
1634	mutually and expressly agree, a notice, documentation,
1635	transmission, or communication of any kind required or
1636	authorized under ss. 627.748-627.7491 may be transmitted
1637	electronically if it is transmitted by secure electronic data
1638	transfer that is consistent with state and federal privacy and
1639	security laws.
1640	Section 12. Section 627.7486, Florida Statutes, is created
1641	to read:
1642	627.7486 Tort exemption; limitation on right to damages;
1643	punitive damages
1644	(1) Every owner, registrant, operator, or occupant of a
1645	motor vehicle for which security has been provided as required
1646	by ss. 627.748-627.7491, and every person or organization
1647	legally responsible for her or his acts or omissions, is exempt
1648	from tort liability for damages because of bodily injury,
1649	sickness, or disease arising out of the ownership, operation,
1650	maintenance, or use of such motor vehicle in this state to the
1651	extent that the benefits described in s. 627.7485(1) are payable
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1652	for such injury, or would be payable but for any exclusion
1653	authorized by ss. 627.748-627.7491, under any insurance policy
1654	or other method of security complying with s. 627.7483, or by an
1655	owner personally liable under s. 627.7483 for the payment of
1656	such benefits, unless a person is entitled to maintain an action
1657	for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience for such
1658	injury under subsection (2).
1659	(2) In any action of tort brought against the owner,
1660	registrant, operator, or occupant of a motor vehicle for which
1661	security has been provided as required by ss. 627.748-627.7491,
1662	or against any person or organization legally responsible for
1663	her or his acts or omissions, a plaintiff may recover damages in
1664	tort for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience
1665	because of bodily injury, sickness, or disease arising out of
1666	the ownership, maintenance, operation, or use of such motor
1667	vehicle only in the event that the injury or disease consists in
1668	whole or in part of:
1669	(a) Significant and permanent loss of an important bodily
1670	function;
1671	(b) Permanent injury within a reasonable degree of medical
1672	probability, other than scarring or disfigurement;
1673	(c) Significant and permanent scarring or disfigurement;
1674	or
1675	(d) Death.
1676	(3) When a defendant in a proceeding brought pursuant to
1677	ss. 627.748-627.7491 questions whether the plaintiff has met the
1678	requirements of subsection (2), the defendant may file an
1679	appropriate motion with the court, and the court shall, on a
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1680	one-time basis only, 30 days before the date set for the trial
1681	or the pretrial hearing, whichever is first, by examining the
1682	pleadings and the evidence before it, ascertain whether the
1683	plaintiff will be able to submit some evidence that the
1684	plaintiff will meet the requirements of subsection (2). If the
1685	court finds that the plaintiff will not be able to submit such
1686	evidence, the court shall dismiss the plaintiff's claim without
1687	prejudice.
1688	(4) In any action brought against a motor vehicle
1689	liability insurer for damages in excess of its policy limits, no
1690	claim for punitive damages shall be allowed.
1691	Section 13. Section 627.7487, Florida Statutes, is created
1692	to read:
1693	627.7487 Medical care coverage; optional limitations;
1694	deductibles
1695	(1) The named insured may elect a deductible or modified
1696	coverage or combination thereof to apply to the named insured
1697	alone or to the named insured and dependent relatives residing
1698	in the insured's household but may not elect a deductible or
1699	modified coverage to apply to any other person covered under the
1700	policy.
1701	(2) An insurer shall offer to each applicant and to each
1702	policyholder, upon the renewal of an existing policy,
1703	deductibles in amounts of \$250, \$500, and \$1,000. The deductible
1704	amount must be applied to 100 percent of the expenses and losses
1705	described in s. 627.7485. After the deductible is met, each
1706	insured is eligible to receive up to \$10,000 in total benefits
1707	described in s. 627.7485(1). However, this subsection may not be

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1708	applied to reduce the amount of any benefits received in
1709	accordance with s. 627.7485(1)(d).
1710	(3) An insurer shall offer coverage wherein, at the
1711	election of the named insured, the benefits for loss of gross
1712	income and loss of earning capacity described in s.
1713	627.7485(1)(c) shall be excluded.
1714	(4) The named insured may not be prevented from electing a
1715	deductible under subsection (2) and modified coverage under
1716	subsection (3). Each election made by the named insured under
1717	this section shall result in an appropriate reduction of premium
1718	associated with that election.
1719	(5) All such offers shall be made in clear and unambiguous
1720	language at the time the initial application is taken and before
1721	each annual renewal and shall indicate that a premium reduction
1722	will result from each election. At the option of the insurer,
1723	such requirement may be met by using forms of notice approved by
1724	the office or by providing the following notice in 10-point type
1725	in the insurer's application for initial issuance of a policy of
1726	motor vehicle insurance and the insurer's annual notice of
1727	renewal premium:
1728	
1729	For medical care coverage insurance, the named insured may
1730	elect a deductible and to exclude coverage for loss of
1731	gross income and loss of earning capacity ("lost wages").
1732	These elections apply to the named insured alone, or to the
1733	named insured and all dependent resident relatives. A
1734	premium reduction will result from these elections. The
1735	named insured is hereby advised not to elect the lost wage
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	CS/CS/HB 119, Engrossed 2 2012
1736	exclusion if the named insured or dependent resident
1737	relatives are employed, since lost wages will not be
1738	payable in the event of an accident.
1739	
1740	Section 14. Section 627.7488, Florida Statutes, is created
1741	to read:
1742	627.7488 Notice of insured's rights
1743	(1) The commission, by rule, shall adopt a form for the
1744	notification of insureds of their right to receive medical care
1745	coverage under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care
1746	Coverage Law. Such notice shall include:
1747	(a) A description of the benefits provided by medical
1748	care coverage insurance, including, but not limited to, the
1749	specific types of services for which medical benefits are paid,
1750	disability benefits, death benefits, significant exclusions from
1751	and limitations on medical care coverage benefits, when payments
1752	are due, how benefits are coordinated with other insurance
1753	benefits that the insured may have, penalties and interest that
1754	may be imposed on insurers for failure to make timely payments
1755	of benefits, and rights of parties regarding disputes as to
1756	benefits.
1757	(b) An advisory informing insureds that:
1758	1. Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of Financial
1759	Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons providing
1760	information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons
1761	committing crimes investigated by the Division of Insurance
1762	Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s.
1763	<u>626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234.</u>

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1764	2. Pursuant to s. 627.7485(5)(e)1.e., if the insured
1765	notifies the insurer in writing of a billing error, the insured
1766	may be entitled to a certain percentage of a reduction in the
1767	amounts paid by the insured's motor vehicle insurer.
1768	(c) A notice that solicitation of a person injured in a
1769	motor vehicle crash for purposes of filing medical care coverage
1770	or tort claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s. 817.505,
1771	or the rules regulating The Florida Bar and, if such conduct has
1772	taken place, it should be immediately reported to the Division
1773	of Insurance Fraud.
1774	(2) Each insurer issuing a policy in this state providing
1775	medical care coverage benefits must mail or deliver the notice
1776	as specified in subsection (1) to an insured within 21 days
1777	after receiving from the insured notice of a motor vehicle
1778	accident or claim involving personal injury to an insured who is
1779	covered under the policy. The office may allow an insurer
1780	additional time, not to exceed 30 days, to provide the notice
1781	specified in subsection (1) upon a showing by the insurer that
1782	an emergency justifies an extension of time.
1783	(3) The notice required by this section does not alter or
1784	modify the terms of the insurance contract or other requirements
1785	of ss. 627.748-627.7491.
1786	Section 15. Section 627.7489, Florida Statutes, is created
1787	to read:
1788	627.7489 Mandatory joinder of derivative claimIn any
1789	action brought pursuant to s. 627.7486 claiming personal
1790	injuries, all claims arising out of the plaintiff's injuries,
1791	including all derivative claims, shall be brought together,
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1792	unless good cause is shown why such claims should be brought
1793	separately.
1794	Section 16. Section 627.749, Florida Statutes, is created
1795	to read:
1796	627.749 Insurers' right of reimbursement
1797	(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of ss. 627.748-
1798	627.7491, any insurer providing medical care coverage benefits
1799	on a private passenger motor vehicle shall have, to the extent
1800	of any medical care coverage benefits paid to any person as a
1801	benefit arising out of such private passenger motor vehicle
1802	insurance, a right of reimbursement against the owner or the
1803	insurer of the owner of a commercial motor vehicle if the
1804	benefits paid result from such person having been an occupant of
1805	the commercial motor vehicle or having been struck by the
1806	commercial motor vehicle while not an occupant of any self-
1807	propelled vehicle.
1808	(2) For purposes of this section, an owner or registrant
1809	identified in s. 627.7483(1)(b) is not liable for a right of
1810	reimbursement.
1811	Section 17. Section 627.7491, Florida Statutes, is created
1812	to read:
1813	627.7491 Application of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault
1814	Medical Care Coverage Law
1815	(1) All forms and rates for policies issued or renewed on
1816	or after December 1, 2012, for purposes of maintaining security
1817	as required by s. 627.7483 must reflect ss. 627.748-627.7491 and
1818	must be approved by the office prior to their use.
1819	(2) The coverage provided under ss. 627.748-627.7491 shall
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1820 supersede and replace the coverage provided under the Florida 1821 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, for any motor 1822 vehicle insurance policy issued or renewed on or after the 1823 effective date of this act. 1824 After the effective date of this act, insurers must (3) 1825 provide notice of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical 1826 Care Coverage Law to existing policyholders at least 30 days 1827 before the policy expiration date and to applicants for no-fault 1828 coverage upon receipt of the application. The notice is not subject to approval by the office and must clearly inform the 1829 1830 policyholder or applicant of the following: 1831 That no-fault motor vehicle insurance requirements are (a) 1832 governed by the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Medical Care 1833 Coverage Law and must provide an explanation of medical care coverage. Current policyholders, with respect to the initial 1834 1835 renewal after the effective date of this act, must also be 1836 provided with an explanation of differences between their 1837 current policies and the coverage provided under medical care 1838 coverage policies. 1839 That failure to maintain required medical care (b) 1840 coverage and \$10,000 in property damage liability coverage may result in suspension of the policyholder's driver license and 1841 1842 vehicle registration by the State of Florida. 1843 (c) The name and telephone number of a person to contact 1844 with any questions she or he may have. 1845 Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 316.646, Florida 1846 Statutes, is amended to read: 1847 316.646 Security required; proof of security and display Page 66 of 115

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1848 thereof; dismissal of cases.-

Any person required by s. 324.022 to maintain property 1849 (1) 1850 damage liability security, required by s. 324.023 to maintain 1851 liability security for bodily injury or death, or required by s. 1852 627.733 or s. 627.7483 to maintain personal injury protection 1853 security or medical care coverage security, as applicable, on a 1854 motor vehicle shall have in his or her immediate possession at 1855 all times while operating such motor vehicle proper proof of 1856 maintenance of the required security. Such proof shall be a 1857 uniform proof-of-insurance card in a form prescribed by the 1858 department, a valid insurance policy, an insurance policy 1859 binder, a certificate of insurance, or such other proof as may 1860 be prescribed by the department.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1862 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1863 318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a 1864 noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal 1865 offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

1866 (2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations
1867 and:

(b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 322.065, and 322.15(1). Any person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinquent fee pursuant to s. 320.07(4).

1872 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605 1873 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid registration at 1874 the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case 1875 and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds

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1876 it impossible or impractical to obtain a valid registration 1877 certificate must submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for 1878 the impossibility or impracticality. The reasons may include, 1879 but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle was sold, 1880 stolen, or destroyed; that the state in which the vehicle is 1881 registered does not issue a certificate of registration; or that 1882 the vehicle is owned by another person.

1883 2. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 322.03, 1884 s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a <u>driver driver's</u> license 1885 issued to him or her and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk 1886 of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a dismissal fee 1887 of up to \$10.

If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 316.646 1888 3. 1889 can show proof of security as required by s. 627.733 or s. 1890 627.7483, as applicable, issued to the person and valid at the 1891 time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and 1892 may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds it 1893 impossible or impractical to obtain proof of security must 1894 submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for the 1895 impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited to, 1896 the fact that the vehicle has since been sold, stolen, or 1897 destroyed; that the owner or registrant of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 or s. 627.7483 to maintain personal 1898 1899 injury protection insurance or medical care coverage insurance, 1900 as applicable; or that the vehicle is owned by another person. 1901 Section 20. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (5) of 1902 section 320.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1903 320.02 Registration required; application for

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1904 registration; forms.-

1905 (5) (a) Proof that personal injury protection benefits or 1906 medical care coverage benefits, as applicable, have been 1907 purchased when required under s. 627.733 or s. 627.7483, as 1908 applicable, that property damage liability coverage has been 1909 purchased as required under s. 324.022, that bodily injury or 1910 death coverage has been purchased if required under s. 324.023, 1911 and that combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 1912 liability insurance have been purchased when required under s. 1913 627.7415 shall be provided in the manner prescribed by law by 1914 the applicant at the time of application for registration of any 1915 motor vehicle that is subject to such requirements. The issuing 1916 agent shall refuse to issue registration if such proof of 1917 purchase is not provided. Insurers shall furnish uniform proof-1918 of-purchase cards in a form prescribed by the department and shall include the name of the insured's insurance company, the 1919 1920 coverage identification number, and the make, year, and vehicle 1921 identification number of the vehicle insured. The card shall 1922 contain a statement notifying the applicant of the penalty 1923 specified in s. 316.646(4). The card or insurance policy, 1924 insurance policy binder, or certificate of insurance or a 1925 photocopy of any of these; an affidavit containing the name of 1926 the insured's insurance company, the insured's policy number, 1927 and the make and year of the vehicle insured; or such other 1928 proof as may be prescribed by the department shall constitute 1929 sufficient proof of purchase. If an affidavit is provided as 1930 proof, it shall be in substantially the following form:

1931

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1932 Under penalty of perjury, I ... (Name of insured) ... do hereby 1933 certify that I have ... (Personal Injury Protection or Medical 1934 Care Coverage, as applicable, Property Damage Liability, and, 1935 when required, Bodily Injury Liability)... Insurance currently 1936 in effect with ... (Name of insurance company) ... under 1937 ... (policy number) ... covering ... (make, year, and vehicle 1938 identification number of vehicle) (Signature of 1939 Insured)... 1940 1941 Such affidavit shall include the following warning: 1942 1943 WARNING: GIVING FALSE INFORMATION IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A VEHICLE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER FLORIDA 1944 1945 LAW. ANYONE GIVING FALSE INFORMATION ON THIS AFFIDAVIT IS SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION. 1946 1947 When an application is made through a licensed motor vehicle 1948 1949 dealer as required in s. 319.23, the original or a photostatic 1950 copy of such card, insurance policy, insurance policy binder, or 1951 certificate of insurance or the original affidavit from the 1952 insured shall be forwarded by the dealer to the tax collector of 1953 the county or the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 1954 Vehicles for processing. By executing the aforesaid affidavit, 1955 no licensed motor vehicle dealer will be liable in damages for 1956 any inadequacy, insufficiency, or falsification of any statement 1957 contained therein. A card shall also indicate the existence of 1958 any bodily injury liability insurance voluntarily purchased.

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1959 The verifying of proof of personal injury protection (d) 1960 insurance or medical care coverage insurance, as applicable, 1961 proof of property damage liability insurance, proof of combined 1962 bodily liability insurance and property damage liability 1963 insurance, or proof of financial responsibility insurance and 1964 the issuance or failure to issue the motor vehicle registration 1965 under the provisions of this chapter may not be construed in any 1966 court as a warranty of the reliability or accuracy of the 1967 evidence of such proof. Neither the department nor any tax 1968 collector is liable in damages for any inadequacy, 1969 insufficiency, falsification, or unauthorized modification of 1970 any item of the proof of personal injury protection insurance or 1971 medical care coverage insurance, as applicable, proof of 1972 property damage liability insurance, proof of combined bodily 1973 liability insurance and property damage liability insurance, or 1974 proof of financial responsibility insurance prior to, during, or 1975 subsequent to the verification of the proof. The issuance of a 1976 motor vehicle registration does not constitute prima facie 1977 evidence or a presumption of insurance coverage. 1978 Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

1979 320.0609, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1980 320.0609 Transfer and exchange of registration license

1981 plates; transfer fee.-

1982 (1)

(b) The transfer of a license plate from a vehicle disposed of to a newly acquired vehicle does not constitute a new registration. The application for transfer shall be accepted without requiring proof of personal injury protection <u>insurance</u>

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1987 or medical care coverage insurance, as applicable, or liability
1988 insurance.

1989 Section 22. Subsection (3) of section 320.27, Florida
1990 Statutes, is amended to read:

1991

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.-

1992 APPLICATION AND FEE. - The application for the license (3) 1993 shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the department and 1994 shall be subject to such rules with respect thereto as may be so 1995 prescribed by it. Such application shall be verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain a full statement of the name and 1996 1997 birth date of the person or persons applying therefor; the name 1998 of the firm or copartnership, with the names and places of residence of all members thereof, if such applicant is a firm or 1999 2000 copartnership; the names and places of residence of the 2001 principal officers, if the applicant is a body corporate or 2002 other artificial body; the name of the state under whose laws 2003 the corporation is organized; the present and former place or 2004 places of residence of the applicant; and prior business in 2005 which the applicant has been engaged and the location thereof. 2006 Such application shall describe the exact location of the place 2007 of business and shall state whether the place of business is 2008 owned by the applicant and when acquired, or, if leased, a true 2009 copy of the lease shall be attached to the application. The 2010 applicant shall certify that the location provides an adequately 2011 equipped office and is not a residence; that the location 2012 affords sufficient unoccupied space upon and within which 2013 adequately to store all motor vehicles offered and displayed for 2014 sale; and that the location is a suitable place where the

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2015 applicant can in good faith carry on such business and keep and maintain books, records, and files necessary to conduct such 2016 2017 business, which will be available at all reasonable hours to 2018 inspection by the department or any of its inspectors or other 2019 employees. The applicant shall certify that the business of a 2020 motor vehicle dealer is the principal business which shall be 2021 conducted at that location. Such application shall contain a 2022 statement that the applicant is either franchised by a manufacturer of motor vehicles, in which case the name of each 2023 2024 motor vehicle that the applicant is franchised to sell shall be 2025 included, or an independent (nonfranchised) motor vehicle 2026 dealer. Such application shall contain such other relevant 2027 information as may be required by the department, including 2028 evidence that the applicant is insured under a garage liability 2029 insurance policy or a general liability insurance policy coupled 2030 with a business automobile policy, which shall include, at a 2031 minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit liability coverage 2032 including bodily injury and property damage protection and 2033 \$10,000 personal injury protection or medical care coverage, as 2034 applicable. Franchise dealers must submit a garage liability 2035 insurance policy, and all other dealers must submit a garage 2036 liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance 2037 policy coupled with a business automobile policy. Such policy 2038 shall be for the license period, and evidence of a new or 2039 continued policy shall be delivered to the department at the 2040 beginning of each license period. Upon making initial 2041 application, the applicant shall pay to the department a fee of 2042 \$300 in addition to any other fees now required by law; upon

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2043 making a subsequent renewal application, the applicant shall pay 2044 to the department a fee of \$75 in addition to any other fees now 2045 required by law. Upon making an application for a change of 2046 location, the person shall pay a fee of \$50 in addition to any 2047 other fees now required by law. The department shall, in the 2048 case of every application for initial licensure, verify whether 2049 certain facts set forth in the application are true. Each 2050 applicant, general partner in the case of a partnership, or 2051 corporate officer and director in the case of a corporate 2052 applicant, must file a set of fingerprints with the department 2053 for the purpose of determining any prior criminal record or any 2054 outstanding warrants. The department shall submit the 2055 fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state 2056 processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation 2057 for federal processing. The actual cost of state and federal 2058 processing shall be borne by the applicant and is in addition to 2059 the fee for licensure. The department may issue a license to an 2060 applicant pending the results of the fingerprint investigation, 2061 which license is fully revocable if the department subsequently 2062 determines that any facts set forth in the application are not 2063 true or correctly represented.

2064 Section 23. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) of section 2065 320.771, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2066

320.771 License required of recreational vehicle dealers.-

(3) APPLICATION.—The application for such license shall be
in the form prescribed by the department and subject to such
rules as may be prescribed by it. The application shall be
verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain:

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2071 A statement that the applicant is insured under a (j) 2072 garage liability insurance policy, which shall include, at a 2073 minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit liability coverage, 2074 including bodily injury and property damage protection, and 2075 \$10,000 personal injury protection or medical care coverage, as 2076 applicable, if the applicant is to be licensed as a dealer in, 2077 or intends to sell, recreational vehicles. 2078

2079 The department shall, if it deems necessary, cause an 2080 investigation to be made to ascertain if the facts set forth in 2081 the application are true and shall not issue a license to the 2082 applicant until it is satisfied that the facts set forth in the 2083 application are true.

2084 Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 322.251, Florida 2085 Statutes, is amended to read:

2086 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 2087 disqualification of license.-

2088 All orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or (1)2089 disqualification issued under the provisions of this chapter, 2090 chapter 318, chapter 324, or ss. 627.732-627.734, or ss. 2091 627.748-627.7491 shall be given either by personal delivery 2092 thereof to the licensee whose license is being canceled, 2093 suspended, revoked, or disqualified or by deposit in the United 2094 States mail in an envelope, first class, postage prepaid, 2095 addressed to the licensee at his or her last known mailing 2096 address furnished to the department. Such mailing by the 2097 department constitutes notification, and any failure by the 2098 person to receive the mailed order will not affect or stay the

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2099 effective date or term of the cancellation, suspension, 2100 revocation, or disqualification of the licensee's driving 2101 privilege.

2102 Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 2103 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2104 322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, 2105 or disqualified.-

(8) (a) Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of driving while the person's <u>driver</u> driver's license or driving privilege is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall determine:

Whether the person's <u>driver</u> driver's license is
 suspended or revoked.

2112 2. Whether the person's <u>driver driver's</u> license has
2113 remained suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense
2114 of driving with a suspended or revoked license.

3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s. 316.646, or s. 627.733, or s. 627.7483, relating to failure to maintain required security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic offenders.

2119 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner2120 of the vehicle.

2121Section 26. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection2122(9) of section 324.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2123 324.021 Definitions; minimum insurance required.—The 2124 following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall, for 2125 the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings respectively 2126 ascribed to them in this section, except in those instances

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2127

where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

2128 (1) MOTOR VEHICLE.-Every self-propelled vehicle which is 2129 designed and required to be licensed for use upon a highway, 2130 including trailers and semitrailers designed for use with such 2131 vehicles, except traction engines, road rollers, farm tractors, 2132 power shovels, and well drillers, and every vehicle which is 2133 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires but not 2134 operated upon rails, but not including any bicycle or moped. 2135 However, the term "motor vehicle" does shall not include any 2136 motor vehicle as defined in s. 627.732(3) or s. 627.7482, as 2137 applicable, when the owner of such vehicle has complied with the 2138 requirements of ss. 627.730-627.7405 or ss. 627.748-627.7491, as 2139 applicable, inclusive, unless the provisions of s. 324.051 2140 applies apply; and, in such case, the applicable proof of 2141 insurance provisions of s. 320.02 apply.

2142

2143

(9) OWNER; OWNER/LESSOR.-

(C) Application.-

2144 The limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. 1. 2145 do not apply to an owner of motor vehicles that are used for commercial activity in the owner's ordinary course of business, 2146 2147 other than a rental company that rents or leases motor vehicles. 2148 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rental company" 2149 includes only an entity that is engaged in the business of 2150 renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that 2151 rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with 2152 no direct or indirect affiliation with the rental company. The 2153 term also includes a motor vehicle dealer that provides 2154 temporary replacement vehicles to its customers for up to 10

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2155 days. The term "rental company" also includes:

a. A related rental or leasing company that is a
subsidiary of the same parent company as that of the renting or
leasing company that rented or leased the vehicle.

2159 The holder of a motor vehicle title or an equity b. 2160 interest in a motor vehicle title if the title or equity 2161 interest is held pursuant to or to facilitate an asset-backed 2162 securitization of a fleet of motor vehicles used solely in the 2163 business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general 2164 public and under the dominion and control of a rental company, 2165 as described in this subparagraph, in the operation of such 2166 rental company's business.

2167 Furthermore, with respect to commercial motor vehicles 2. 2168 as defined in s. 627.732 or s. 627.7482, as applicable, the 2169 limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do not apply 2170 if, at the time of the incident, the commercial motor vehicle is 2171 being used in the transportation of materials found to be 2172 hazardous for the purposes of the Hazardous Materials 2173 Transportation Authorization Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. 2174 ss. 5101 et seq., and that is required pursuant to such act to 2175 carry placards warning others of the hazardous cargo, unless at 2176 the time of lease or rental either:

a. The lessee indicates in writing that the vehicle will
not be used to transport materials found to be hazardous for the
purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization
Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq.; or

2181 b. The lessee or other operator of the commercial motor 2182 vehicle has in effect insurance with limits of at least

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2183 \$5,000,000 combined property damage and bodily injury liability.
2184 Section 27. Section 324.0221, Florida Statutes, is amended
2185 to read:

2186 324.0221 Reports by insurers to the department; suspension 2187 of <u>driver driver's</u> license and vehicle registrations; 2188 reinstatement.-

2189 (1) (a) Each insurer that has issued a policy providing 2190 personal injury protection or medical care coverage or property 2191 damage liability coverage shall report the renewal, 2192 cancellation, or nonrenewal thereof to the department within 45 2193 days after the effective date of each renewal, cancellation, or 2194 nonrenewal. Upon the issuance of a policy providing personal 2195 injury protection or medical care coverage or property damage liability coverage to a named insured not previously insured by 2196 2197 the insurer during that calendar year, the insurer shall report 2198 the issuance of the new policy to the department within 30 days. The report shall be in the form and format and contain any 2199 2200 information required by the department and must be provided in a 2201 format that is compatible with the data processing capabilities of the department. The department may adopt rules regarding the 2202 2203 form and documentation required. Failure by an insurer to file 2204 proper reports with the department as required by this 2205 subsection or rules adopted with respect to the requirements of 2206 this subsection constitutes a violation of the Florida Insurance 2207 Code. These records shall be used by the department only for 2208 enforcement and regulatory purposes, including the generation by 2209 the department of data regarding compliance by owners of motor 2210 vehicles with the requirements for financial responsibility

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2211 coverage.

2212 (b) With respect to an insurance policy providing personal 2213 injury protection or medical care coverage or property damage 2214 liability coverage, each insurer shall notify the named insured, 2215 or the first-named insured in the case of a commercial fleet policy, in writing that any cancellation or nonrenewal of the 2216 2217 policy will be reported by the insurer to the department. The 2218 notice must also inform the named insured that failure to 2219 maintain personal injury protection or medical care coverage and 2220 property damage liability coverage on a motor vehicle when 2221 required by law may result in the loss of registration and 2222 driving privileges in this state and inform the named insured of 2223 the amount of the reinstatement fees required by this section. 2224 This notice is for informational purposes only, and an insurer 2225 is not civilly liable for failing to provide this notice.

(2) The department shall suspend, after due notice and an opportunity to be heard, the registration and <u>driver driver's</u> license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle with respect to which security is required under <u>s.</u> ss. 324.022 and <u>either s.</u> 627.733 <u>or s.</u> 627.7483, <u>as applicable</u>, upon:

(a) The department's records showing that the owner or registrant of such motor vehicle did not have in full force and effect when required security that complies with the requirements of <u>s. ss.</u> 324.022 and <u>either s.</u> 627.733 <u>or s.</u> 627.7483, as applicable; or

(b) Notification by the insurer to the department, in a form approved by the department, of cancellation or termination of the required security.

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2239 An operator or owner whose driver driver's license or (3)2240 registration has been suspended under this section or s. 316.646 2241 may effect its reinstatement upon compliance with the requirements of this section and upon payment to the department 2242 2243 of a nonrefundable reinstatement fee of \$150 for the first 2244 reinstatement. The reinstatement fee is \$250 for the second reinstatement and \$500 for each subsequent reinstatement during 2245 2246 the 3 years following the first reinstatement. A person 2247 reinstating her or his insurance under this subsection must also 2248 secure noncancelable coverage as described in ss. 324.021(8), 2249 324.023, and 627.7275(2) and present to the appropriate person 2250 proof that the coverage is in force on a form adopted by the 2251 department, and such proof shall be maintained for 2 years. If 2252 the person does not have a second reinstatement within 3 years 2253 after her or his initial reinstatement, the reinstatement fee is 2254 \$150 for the first reinstatement after that 3-year period. If a 2255 person's license and registration are suspended under this 2256 section or s. 316.646, only one reinstatement fee must be paid to reinstate the license and the registration. All fees shall be 2257 collected by the department at the time of reinstatement. The 2258 2259 department shall issue proper receipts for such fees and shall 2260 promptly deposit those fees in the Highway Safety Operating 2261 Trust Fund. One-third of the fees collected under this 2262 subsection shall be distributed from the Highway Safety 2263 Operating Trust Fund to the local governmental entity or state 2264 agency that employed the law enforcement officer seizing the license plate pursuant to s. 324.201. The funds may be used by 2265 2266 the local governmental entity or state agency for any authorized Page 81 of 115

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2267 purpose.

2281

2268 Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 2269 324.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2270 324.032 Manner of proving financial responsibility; for-2271 hire passenger transportation vehicles.-Notwithstanding the 2272 provisions of s. 324.031:

2273 (1) (a) A person who is either the owner or a lessee 2274 required to maintain insurance under s. 627.733(1)(b) or s. 2275 627.7483(1)(b), as applicable, and who operates one or more 2276 taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other for-hire passenger 2277 transportation vehicles may prove financial responsibility by 2278 furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor vehicle 2279 liability policy, but with minimum limits of 2280 \$125,000/250,000/50,000.

2282 Upon request by the department, the applicant must provide the 2283 department at the applicant's principal place of business in 2284 this state access to the applicant's underlying financial information and financial statements that provide the basis of 2285 2286 the certified public accountant's certification. The applicant 2287 shall reimburse the requesting department for all reasonable 2288 costs incurred by it in reviewing the supporting information. 2289 The maximum amount of self-insurance permissible under this 2290 subsection is \$300,000 and must be stated on a per-occurrence 2291 basis, and the applicant shall maintain adequate excess 2292 insurance issued by an authorized or eligible insurer licensed 2293 or approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation. All risks 2294 self-insured shall remain with the owner or lessee providing it,

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2295	and the risks are not transferable to any other person, unless a
2296	policy complying with subsection (1) is obtained.
2297	Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 324.171, Florida
2298	Statutes, is amended to read:
2299	324.171 Self-insurer
2300	(2) The self-insurance certificate shall provide limits of
2301	liability insurance in the amounts specified under s. 324.021(7)
2302	or s. 627.7415 and shall provide personal injury protection <u>or</u>
2303	medical care coverage under s. 627.733(3)(b) or s.
2304	627.7483(3)(b), as applicable.
2305	Section 30. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section
2306	400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2307	400.9935 Clinic responsibilities
2308	(1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic
2309	director who shall agree in writing to accept legal
2310	responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the
2311	clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:
2312	(g) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to
2313	ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon
2314	discovery of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic
2315	director shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic
2316	performs only the technical component of magnetic resonance
2317	imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron
2318	emission tomography, and provides the professional
2319	interpretation of such services, in a fixed facility that is
2320	accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of
2321	Healthcare Organizations or the Accreditation Association for
2322	Ambulatory Health Care, and the American College of Radiology;
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2323 and if, in the preceding quarter, the percentage of scans 2324 performed by that clinic which was billed to all personal injury 2325 protection insurance or medical care coverage insurance carriers 2326 was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the 2327 clinic may, in a written acknowledgment provided to the agency, 2328 assume the responsibility for the conduct of the systematic 2329 reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not 2330 fraudulent or unlawful.

2331 Section 31. Subsection (28) of section 409.901, Florida 2332 Statutes, is amended to read:

2333 409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss. 2334 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the 2335 term:

2336 (28)"Third-party benefit" means any benefit that is or 2337 may be available at any time through contract, court award, 2338 judgment, settlement, agreement, or any arrangement between a 2339 third party and any person or entity, including, without 2340 limitation, a Medicaid recipient, a provider, another third 2341 party, an insurer, or the agency, for any Medicaid-covered injury, illness, goods, or services, including costs of medical 2342 2343 services related thereto, for personal injury or for death of 2344 the recipient, but specifically excluding policies of life 2345 insurance on the recipient, unless available under terms of the policy to pay medical expenses prior to death. The term 2346 includes, without limitation, collateral, as defined in this 2347 2348 section, health insurance, any benefit under a health 2349 maintenance organization, a preferred provider arrangement, a 2350 prepaid health clinic, liability insurance, uninsured motorist

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insurance or personal injury protection <u>or medical care</u> coverage, medical benefits under workers' compensation, and any obligation under law or equity to provide medical support.

2354 Section 32. Paragraph (f) of subsection (11) of section 2355 409.910, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaid-eligible persons when other parties are liable.-

(11) The agency may, as a matter of right, in order to enforce its rights under this section, institute, intervene in, or join any legal or administrative proceeding in its own name in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the recipient, or as lienholder of the collateral.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, in the event of an action in tort against a third party in which the recipient or his or her legal representative is a party which results in a judgment, award, or settlement from a third party, the amount recovered shall be distributed as follows:

After <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and taxable costs as
 defined by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, one-half of the
 remaining recovery shall be paid to the agency up to the total
 amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid.

2374 2. The remaining amount of the recovery shall be paid to2375 the recipient.

3. For purposes of calculating the agency's recovery of
medical assistance benefits paid, the fee for services of an
attorney retained by the recipient or his or her legal

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2379 representative shall be calculated at 25 percent of the 2380 judgment, award, or settlement.

2381 4. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 2382 contrary, the agency shall be entitled to all medical coverage 2383 benefits up to the total amount of medical assistance provided 2384 by Medicaid. For purposes of this paragraph, "medical coverage" 2385 means any benefits under health insurance, a health maintenance 2386 organization, a preferred provider arrangement, or a prepaid 2387 health clinic, and the portion of benefits designated for 2388 medical payments under coverage for workers' compensation, 2389 medical care, personal injury protection, and casualty.

2390 Section 33. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 2391 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2392 456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report 2393 or copies of records to be furnished.—

As used in this section, the terms "records owner," 2394 (2) 2395 "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's 2396 employer" do not include any of the following persons or 2397 entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized 2398 2399 under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this 2400 section to maintain those documents required by the part or 2401 chapter under which they are licensed or regulated:

2402 (k) Persons or entities practicing under s. 627.736(7) or 2403 <u>s. 627.7485(7)</u>, as applicable.

2404 Section 34. Paragraphs (ee) and (ff) of subsection (1) of 2405 section 456.072, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2406 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-Page 86 of 115

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2407 (1)The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 2408 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 2409 taken: 2410 (ee) With respect to making a personal injury protection 2411 or a medical care coverage claim as required by s. 627.736 or s. 2412 627.7485, respectively, intentionally submitting a claim, 2413 statement, or bill that has been "upcoded" as defined in s. 2414 627.732 or s. 627.7482, as applicable. 2415 (ff) With respect to making a personal injury protection 2416 or a medical care coverage claim as required by s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, respectively, intentionally submitting a claim, 2417 2418 statement, or bill for payment of services that were not 2419 rendered. 2420 Section 35. Paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2421 2422 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 2423 deceptive acts or practices defined.-2424 UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE (1)2425 ACTS.-The following are defined as unfair methods of competition 2426 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices: 2427 Illegal dealings in premiums; excess or reduced (\circ) 2428 charges for insurance.-2429 Knowingly collecting any sum as a premium or charge for 1. 2430 insurance, which is not then provided, or is not in due course to be provided, subject to acceptance of the risk by the 2431 2432 insurer, by an insurance policy issued by an insurer as 2433 permitted by this code. 2434 2. Knowingly collecting as a premium or charge for Page 87 of 115

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2435 insurance any sum in excess of or less than the premium or 2436 charge applicable to such insurance, in accordance with the 2437 applicable classifications and rates as filed with and approved 2438 by the office, and as specified in the policy; or, in cases when 2439 classifications, premiums, or rates are not required by this 2440 code to be so filed and approved, premiums and charges collected 2441 from a Florida resident in excess of or less than those 2442 specified in the policy and as fixed by the insurer. This 2443 provision may shall not be deemed to prohibit the charging and 2444 collection, by surplus lines agents licensed under part VIII of 2445 this chapter, of the amount of applicable state and federal 2446 taxes, or fees as authorized by s. 626.916(4), in addition to 2447 the premium required by the insurer or the charging and 2448 collection, by licensed agents, of the exact amount of any 2449 discount or other such fee charged by a credit card facility in 2450 connection with the use of a credit card, as authorized by 2451 subparagraph (g)3., in addition to the premium required by the 2452 insurer. This subparagraph may shall not be construed to 2453 prohibit collection of a premium for a universal life or a 2454 variable or indeterminate value insurance policy made in 2455 accordance with the terms of the contract.

3.a. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for a policy of motor vehicle liability, <u>medical care coverage</u>, personal injury protection, medical payment, or collision insurance or any combination thereof or refusing to renew the policy solely because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident unless the insurer's file contains information from which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured

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2463 was substantially at fault in the accident.

An insurer which imposes and collects such a surcharge 2464 b. 2465 or which refuses to renew such policy shall, in conjunction with 2466 the notice of premium due or notice of nonrenewal, notify the 2467 named insured that he or she is entitled to reimbursement of 2468 such amount or renewal of the policy under the conditions listed 2469 below and will subsequently reimburse him or her or renew the 2470 policy, if the named insured demonstrates that the operator involved in the accident was: 2471

2472

(I) Lawfully parked;

2473 (II) Reimbursed by, or on behalf of, a person responsible 2474 for the accident or has a judgment against such person;

(III) Struck in the rear by another vehicle headed in the same direction and was not convicted of a moving traffic violation in connection with the accident;

(IV) Hit by a "hit-and-run" driver, if the accident was reported to the proper authorities within 24 hours after discovering the accident;

(V) Not convicted of a moving traffic violation in connection with the accident, but the operator of the other automobile involved in such accident was convicted of a moving traffic violation;

2485 (VI) Finally adjudicated not to be liable by a court of 2486 competent jurisdiction;

2487 (VII) In receipt of a traffic citation which was dismissed 2488 or nolle prossed; or

2489 (VIII) Not at fault as evidenced by a written statement 2490 from the insured establishing facts demonstrating lack of fault Page 89 of 115

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2491 which are not rebutted by information in the insurer's file from 2492 which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured was 2493 substantially at fault.

2494 In addition to the other provisions of this с. 2495 subparagraph, an insurer may not fail to renew a policy if the 2496 insured has had only one accident in which he or she was at 2497 fault within the current 3-year period. However, an insurer may 2498 nonrenew a policy for reasons other than accidents in accordance 2499 with s. 627.728. This subparagraph does not prohibit nonrenewal 2500 of a policy under which the insured has had three or more 2501 accidents, regardless of fault, during the most recent 3-year 2502 period.

4. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for, or refusing to renew, a policy for motor vehicle insurance solely because the insured committed a noncriminal traffic infraction as described in s. 318.14 unless the infraction is:

a. A second infraction committed within an 18-month
period, or a third or subsequent infraction committed within a
36-month period.

2510 b. A violation of s. 316.183, when such violation is a 2511 result of exceeding the lawful speed limit by more than 15 miles 2512 per hour.

5. Upon the request of the insured, the insurer and licensed agent shall supply to the insured the complete proof of fault or other criteria which justifies the additional charge or cancellation.

2517 6. No insurer shall impose or request an additional2518 premium for motor vehicle insurance, cancel or refuse to issue a

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2519 policy, or refuse to renew a policy because the insured or the 2520 applicant is a handicapped or physically disabled person, so 2521 long as such handicap or physical disability does not 2522 substantially impair such person's mechanically assisted driving 2523 ability.

2524 No insurer may cancel or otherwise terminate any 7. 2525 insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a 2526 consent to rate endorsement, during the stated policy term for 2527 the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or 2528 identical contract or coverage to the same insured with the same 2529 exposure at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing 2530 contract or coverage with the same exposure at an increased 2531 premium.

8. No insurer may issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a consent to rate endorsement, for the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or identical contract or coverage to the same insured at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing contract or coverage at an increased premium without meeting any applicable notice requirements.

9. No insurer shall, with respect to premiums charged for
motor vehicle insurance, unfairly discriminate solely on the
basis of age, sex, marital status, or scholastic achievement.

2542 10. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for motor 2543 vehicle comprehensive or uninsured motorist coverage solely 2544 because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident or 2545 was convicted of a moving traffic violation.

2546 11. No insurer shall cancel or issue a nonrenewal notice Page 91 of 115

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2547 on any insurance policy or contract without complying with any 2548 applicable cancellation or nonrenewal provision required under 2549 the Florida Insurance Code.

2550 12. No insurer shall impose or request an additional 2551 premium, cancel a policy, or issue a nonrenewal notice on any 2552 insurance policy or contract because of any traffic infraction 2553 when adjudication has been withheld and no points have been 2554 assessed pursuant to s. 318.14(9) and (10). However, this 2555 subparagraph does not apply to traffic infractions involving accidents in which the insurer has incurred a loss due to the 2556 fault of the insured. 2557

2558 Section 36. Subsection (1) of section 627.06501, Florida 2559 Statutes, is amended to read:

2560 627.06501 Insurance discounts for certain persons 2561 completing driver improvement course.-

2562 (1) Any rate, rating schedule, or rating manual for the 2563 liability, medical care, personal injury protection, and 2564 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 2565 with the office may provide for an appropriate reduction in 2566 premium charges as to such coverages when the principal operator 2567 on the covered vehicle has successfully completed a driver 2568 improvement course approved and certified by the Department of 2569 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which is effective in reducing 2570 crash or violation rates, or both, as determined pursuant to s. 2571 318.1451(5). Any discount, not to exceed 10 percent, used by an 2572 insurer is presumed to be appropriate unless credible data 2573 demonstrates otherwise.

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Section 37. Subsection (1) of section 627.0652, Florida Page 92 of 115

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2575 Statutes, is amended to read:

2576 627.0652 Insurance discounts for certain persons 2577 completing safety course.—

2578 Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the (1)2579 liability, medical care, personal injury protection, and 2580 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 2581 with the office shall provide for an appropriate reduction in 2582 premium charges as to such coverages when the principal operator 2583 on the covered vehicle is an insured 55 years of age or older 2584 who has successfully completed a motor vehicle accident 2585 prevention course approved by the Department of Highway Safety 2586 and Motor Vehicles. Any discount used by an insurer is presumed 2587 to be appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

2588 Section 38. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 627.0653, 2589 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2590 627.0653 Insurance discounts for specified motor vehicle 2591 equipment.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical care</u>, personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office shall provide a premium discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with factory-installed, four-wheel antilock brakes.

(3) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for
medical care coverage, personal injury protection coverage, and
medical payments coverage, if offered, of a motor vehicle
insurance policy filed with the office shall provide a premium
discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with one or more air

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2603 bags which are factory installed.

2604 Section 39. Section 627.4132, Florida Statutes, is amended 2605 to read:

2606 627.4132 Stacking of coverages prohibited.-If an insured 2607 or named insured is protected by any type of motor vehicle 2608 insurance policy for liability, medical care, personal injury 2609 protection, or other coverage, the policy shall provide that the 2610 insured or named insured is protected only to the extent of the 2611 coverage she or he has on the vehicle involved in the accident. 2612 However, if none of the insured's or named insured's vehicles is 2613 involved in the accident, coverage is available only to the 2614 extent of coverage on any one of the vehicles with applicable coverage. Coverage on any other vehicles may shall not be added 2615 2616 to or stacked upon that coverage. This section does not apply:

2617 (1) To uninsured motorist coverage which is separately 2618 governed by s. 627.727.

2619 (2) To reduce the coverage available by reason of2620 insurance policies insuring different named insureds.

2621 Section 40. Subsection (6) of section 627.6482, Florida 2622 Statutes, is amended to read:

2623 627.6482 Definitions.—As used in ss. 627.648-627.6498, the 2624 term:

(6) "Health insurance" means any hospital and medical
expense incurred policy, minimum premium plan, stop-loss
coverage, health maintenance organization contract, prepaid
health clinic contract, multiple-employer welfare arrangement
contract, or fraternal benefit society health benefits contract,
whether sold as an individual or group policy or contract. The

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2631 term does not include any policy covering medical payment 2632 coverage or <u>medical care or</u> personal injury protection coverage 2633 in a motor vehicle policy, coverage issued as a supplement to 2634 liability insurance, or workers' compensation.

2635 Section 41. Section 627.7263, Florida Statutes, is amended 2636 to read:

2637 627.7263 Rental and leasing <u>driver</u> driver's insurance to 2638 be primary; exception.—

2639 (1)The valid and collectible liability insurance, medical 2640 care coverage insurance, or personal injury protection insurance 2641 providing coverage for the lessor of a motor vehicle for rent or 2642 lease is primary unless otherwise stated in at least 10-point 2643 type on the face of the rental or lease agreement. Such 2644 insurance is primary for the limits of liability and personal injury protection or medical care coverage as required by s. ss. 2645 2646 324.021(7) and either s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable.

(2) If the lessee's coverage is to be primary, the rental or lease agreement must contain the following language, in at least 10-point type:

"The valid and collectible liability insurance and personal injury protection insurance <u>or medical care coverage</u> <u>insurance, as applicable,</u> of any authorized rental or leasing driver is primary for the limits of liability and personal injury protection <u>or medical care</u> coverage, <u>as</u> <u>applicable</u>, required by <u>s. ss.</u> 324.021(7) and <u>either s.</u> 627.736 <u>or s. 627.7485</u>, Florida Statutes, <u>as applicable</u>."

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2659 Section 42. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 627.727, 2660 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2661 627.727 Motor vehicle insurance; uninsured and 2662 underinsured vehicle coverage; insolvent insurer protection.-

2663 No motor vehicle liability insurance policy which (1)2664 provides bodily injury liability coverage shall be delivered or 2665 issued for delivery in this state with respect to any 2666 specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered or 2667 principally garaged in this state unless uninsured motor vehicle 2668 coverage is provided therein or supplemental thereto for the 2669 protection of persons insured thereunder who are legally 2670 entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of 2671 uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, or 2672 disease, including death, resulting therefrom. However, the 2673 coverage required under this section is not applicable when, or 2674 to the extent that, an insured named in the policy makes a 2675 written rejection of the coverage on behalf of all insureds 2676 under the policy. When a motor vehicle is leased for a period of 2677 1 year or longer and the lessor of such vehicle, by the terms of 2678 the lease contract, provides liability coverage on the leased 2679 vehicle, the lessee of such vehicle shall have the sole 2680 privilege to reject uninsured motorist coverage or to select 2681 lower limits than the bodily injury liability limits, regardless 2682 of whether the lessor is qualified as a self-insurer pursuant to 2683 s. 324.171. Unless an insured, or lessee having the privilege of 2684 rejecting uninsured motorist coverage, requests such coverage or 2685 requests higher uninsured motorist limits in writing, the 2686 coverage or such higher uninsured motorist limits need not be

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2687 provided in or supplemental to any other policy which renews, 2688 extends, changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy 2689 with the same bodily injury liability limits when an insured or 2690 lessee had rejected the coverage. When an insured or lessee has 2691 initially selected limits of uninsured motorist coverage lower 2692 than her or his bodily injury liability limits, higher limits of 2693 uninsured motorist coverage need not be provided in or 2694 supplemental to any other policy which renews, extends, changes, 2695 supersedes, or replaces an existing policy with the same bodily 2696 injury liability limits unless an insured requests higher 2697 uninsured motorist coverage in writing. The rejection or 2698 selection of lower limits shall be made on a form approved by 2699 the office. The form shall fully advise the applicant of the 2700 nature of the coverage and shall state that the coverage is 2701 equal to bodily injury liability limits unless lower limits are 2702 requested or the coverage is rejected. The heading of the form 2703 shall be in 12-point bold type and shall state: "You are 2704 electing not to purchase certain valuable coverage which 2705 protects you and your family or you are purchasing uninsured 2706 motorist limits less than your bodily injury liability limits 2707 when you sign this form. Please read carefully." If this form is 2708 signed by a named insured, it will be conclusively presumed that 2709 there was an informed, knowing rejection of coverage or election 2710 of lower limits on behalf of all insureds. The insurer shall notify the named insured at least annually of her or his options 2711 as to the coverage required by this section. Such notice shall 2712 be part of, and attached to, the notice of premium, shall 2713 2714 provide for a means to allow the insured to request such

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2715 coverage, and shall be given in a manner approved by the office. 2716 Receipt of this notice does not constitute an affirmative waiver 2717 of the insured's right to uninsured motorist coverage where the 2718 insured has not signed a selection or rejection form. The 2719 coverage described under this section shall be over and above, 2720 but may shall not duplicate, the benefits available to an 2721 insured under any workers' compensation law, medical care 2722 coverage or personal injury protection benefits, disability 2723 benefits law, or similar law; under any automobile medical 2724 expense coverage; under any motor vehicle liability insurance 2725 coverage; or from the owner or operator of the uninsured motor 2726 vehicle or any other person or organization jointly or severally 2727 liable together with such owner or operator for the accident; 2728 and such coverage shall cover the difference, if any, between 2729 the sum of such benefits and the damages sustained, up to the 2730 maximum amount of such coverage provided under this section. The 2731 amount of coverage available under this section may shall not be 2732 reduced by a setoff against any coverage, including liability 2733 insurance. Such coverage may shall not inure directly or 2734 indirectly to the benefit of any workers' compensation or 2735 disability benefits carrier or any person or organization 2736 qualifying as a self-insurer under any workers' compensation or 2737 disability benefits law or similar law.

2738 The legal liability of an uninsured motorist coverage (7)2739 insurer does not include damages in tort for pain, suffering, 2740 mental anguish, and inconvenience unless the injury or disease 2741 is described in one or more of paragraphs (a) - (d) of s. 2742

627.737(2) or one or more of paragraphs (a)-(d) of s.

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2743 627.7486(2), as applicable.

2744 Section 43. Subsection (1) of section 627.7275, Florida 2745 Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.7275 Motor vehicle liability.-

2747 A motor vehicle insurance policy providing personal (1)2748 injury protection as set forth in s. 627.736 or medical care 2749 coverage as set forth in s. 627.7485 may not be delivered or 2750 issued for delivery in this state with respect to any 2751 specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered or 2752 principally garaged in this state unless the policy also 2753 provides coverage for property damage liability as required by 2754 s. 324.022.

2755 Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 2756 627.728, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.728 Cancellations; nonrenewals.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Policy" means the bodily injury and property damage liability, <u>medical care</u>, personal injury protection, medical payments, comprehensive, collision, and uninsured motorist coverage portions of a policy of motor vehicle insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state:

2764 1. Insuring a natural person as named insured or one or 2765 more related individuals resident of the same household; and

2766 2. Insuring only a motor vehicle of the private passenger 2767 type or station wagon type which is not used as a public or 2768 livery conveyance for passengers or rented to others; or 2769 insuring any other four-wheel motor vehicle having a load 2770 capacity of 1,500 pounds or less which is not used in the

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2771 occupation, profession, or business of the insured other than 2772 farming; other than any policy issued under an automobile 2773 insurance assigned risk plan; insuring more than four 2774 automobiles; or covering garage, automobile sales agency, repair 2775 shop, service station, or public parking place operation 2776 hazards.

2778 The term "policy" does not include a binder as defined in s.
2779 627.420 unless the duration of the binder period exceeds 60
2780 days.

2781 Section 45. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection 2782 (5), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 627.7295, Florida 2783 Statutes, are amended to read:

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627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Policy" means a motor vehicle insurance policy that
provides personal injury protection <u>or medical care</u> coverage,
property damage liability coverage, or both.

(b) "Binder" means a binder that provides motor vehicle personal injury protection <u>or medical care coverage</u> and property damage liability coverage.

(5) (a) A licensed general lines agent may charge a perpolicy fee not to exceed \$10 to cover the administrative costs
of the agent associated with selling the motor vehicle insurance
policy if the policy covers only personal injury protection or
<u>medical care</u> coverage as provided by s. 627.736 or <u>s. 627.7485</u>,
<u>as applicable</u>, and property damage liability coverage as
provided by s. 627.7275 and if no other insurance is sold or

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2799 issued in conjunction with or collateral to the policy. The fee 2800 is not considered part of the premium.

(6) If a motor vehicle owner's driver license, license plate, and registration have previously been suspended pursuant to s. 316.646, or s. 627.733, or s. 627.7483, an insurer may cancel a new policy only as provided in s. 627.7275.

2805 A policy of private passenger motor vehicle insurance (7)2806 or a binder for such a policy may be initially issued in this 2807 state only if, before the effective date of such binder or 2808 policy, the insurer or agent has collected from the insured an 2809 amount equal to 2 months' premium. An insurer, agent, or premium 2810 finance company may not, directly or indirectly, take any action 2811 resulting in the insured having paid from the insured's own 2812 funds an amount less than the 2 months' premium required by this 2813 subsection. This subsection applies without regard to whether 2814 the premium is financed by a premium finance company or is paid pursuant to a periodic payment plan of an insurer or an 2815 insurance agent. This subsection does not apply if an insured or 2816 member of the insured's family is renewing or replacing a policy 2817 or a binder for such policy written by the same insurer or a 2818 2819 member of the same insurer group. This subsection does not apply 2820 to an insurer that issues private passenger motor vehicle 2821 coverage primarily to active duty or former military personnel 2822 or their dependents. This subsection does not apply if all 2823 policy payments are paid pursuant to a payroll deduction plan or 2824 an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from the 2825 policyholder. This subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if 2826 all policy payments to an insurer are paid pursuant to an

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2827 automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from an agent, 2828 a managing general agent, or a premium finance company and if 2829 the policy includes, at a minimum, personal injury protection or 2830 medical care coverage pursuant to ss. 627.730-627.7405 or ss. 2831 627.748-627.7491, as applicable; motor vehicle property damage 2832 liability pursuant to s. 627.7275; and bodily injury liability 2833 in at least the amount of \$10,000 because of bodily injury to, 2834 or death of, one person in any one accident and in the amount of 2835 \$20,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, two or more 2836 persons in any one accident. This subsection and subsection (4) 2837 do not apply if an insured has had a policy in effect for at 2838 least 6 months, the insured's agent is terminated by the insurer 2839 that issued the policy, and the insured obtains coverage on the 2840 policy's renewal date with a new company through the terminated 2841 agent.

2842 Section 46. Section 627.8405, Florida Statutes, is amended 2843 to read:

2844 627.8405 Prohibited acts; financing companies.—No premium 2845 finance company shall, in a premium finance agreement or other 2846 agreement, finance the cost of or otherwise provide for the 2847 collection or remittance of dues, assessments, fees, or other 2848 periodic payments of money for the cost of:

(1) A membership in an automobile club. The term
"automobile club" means a legal entity which, in consideration
of dues, assessments, or periodic payments of money, promises
its members or subscribers to assist them in matters relating to
the ownership, operation, use, or maintenance of a motor
vehicle; however, this definition of "automobile club" does not

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include persons, associations, or corporations which are organized and operated solely for the purpose of conducting, sponsoring, or sanctioning motor vehicle races, exhibitions, or contests upon racetracks, or upon racecourses established and marked as such for the duration of such particular events. The words "motor vehicle" used herein have the same meaning as defined in chapter 320.

(2) An accidental death and dismemberment policy sold in combination with a personal injury protection and property damage only policy <u>or a medical care and property damage only</u> policy, as applicable.

(3) Any product not regulated under the provisions of this
insurance code.

This section also applies to premium financing by any insurance agent or insurance company under part XVI. The commission shall adopt rules to assure disclosure, at the time of sale, of coverages financed with personal injury protection <u>or medical</u> <u>care coverage</u> and shall prescribe the form of such disclosure.

2874 Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 627.915, Florida 2875 Statutes, is amended to read:

2876

2868

627.915 Insurer experience reporting.-

(1) Each insurer transacting private passenger automobile
insurance in this state shall report certain information
annually to the office. The information will be due on or before
July 1 of each year. The information shall be divided into the
following categories: bodily injury liability; property damage
liability; uninsured motorist; medical care coverage or personal

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2883	injury protection benefits; medical payments; comprehensive and
2884	collision. The information given shall be on direct insurance
2885	writings in the state alone and shall represent total limits
2886	data. The information set forth in paragraphs (a)-(f) is
2887	applicable to voluntary private passenger and Joint Underwriting
2888	Association private passenger writings and shall be reported for
2889	each of the latest 3 calendar-accident years, with an evaluation
2890	date of March 31 of the current year. The information set forth
2891	in paragraphs (g)-(j) is applicable to voluntary private
2892	passenger writings and shall be reported on a calendar-accident
2893	year basis ultimately seven times at seven different stages of
2894	development.
2895	(a) Premiums earned for the latest 3 calendar-accident
2896	years.
2897	(b) Loss development factors and the historic development
2898	of those factors.
2899	(c) Policyholder dividends incurred.
2900	(d) Expenses for other acquisition and general expense.
2901	(e) Expenses for agents' commissions and taxes, licenses,
2902	and fees.
2903	(f) Profit and contingency factors as utilized in the
2904	insurer's automobile rate filings for the applicable years.
2905	(g) Losses paid.
2906	(h) Losses unpaid.
2907	(i) Loss adjustment expenses paid.
2908	(j) Loss adjustment expenses unpaid.
2909	Section 48. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph
2910	(d) of subsection (3) of section 628.909, Florida Statutes, are
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2911 amended to read:

2912

628.909 Applicability of other laws.-

(2) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code shall apply to captive insurers who are not industrial insured captive insurers to the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with this part:

2917 (d) Sections 627.730-627.7405 or ss. 627.748-627.7491, as
 2918 applicable, when no-fault coverage is provided.

(3) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code shall apply to industrial insured captive insurers to the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with this part:

 2922
 (d) Sections 627.730-627.7405 or ss. 627.748-627.7491, as

 2923
 applicable, when no-fault coverage is provided.

2924 Section 49. Subsections (2) and (6) and paragraphs (a), 2925 (c), and (d) of subsection (7) of section 705.184, Florida 2926 Statutes, are amended to read:

2927705.184Derelict or abandoned motor vehicles on the2928premises of public-use airports.-

2929 (2)The airport director or the director's designee shall 2930 contact the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 2931 notify that department that the airport has possession of the 2932 abandoned or derelict motor vehicle and to determine the name 2933 and address of the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2934 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and any 2935 2936 person who has filed a lien on the motor vehicle. Within 7 business days after receipt of the information, the director or 2937 2938 the director's designee shall send notice by certified mail,

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2939 return receipt requested, to the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding 2940 2941 the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and 2942 all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. 2943 The notice shall state the fact of possession of the motor 2944 vehicle, that charges for reasonable towing, storage, and 2945 parking fees, if any, have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2946 a lien as provided in subsection (6) will be claimed, that the 2947 lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, that the owner 2948 or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth 2949 in subsection (4), and that any motor vehicle which, at the end 2950 of 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice, has not been 2951 removed from the airport upon payment in full of all accrued charges for reasonable towing, storage, and parking fees, if 2952 2953 any, may be disposed of as provided in s. 705.182(2)(a), (b), 2954 (d), or (e), including, but not limited to, the motor vehicle 2955 being sold free of all prior liens after 35 calendar days after 2956 the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior liens on the 2957 motor vehicle are more than 5 years of age or after 50 calendar 2958 days after the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior 2959 liens on the motor vehicle are 5 years of age or less.

(6) The airport pursuant to this section or, if used, a licensed independent wrecker company pursuant to s. 713.78 shall have a lien on an abandoned or derelict motor vehicle for all reasonable towing, storage, and accrued parking fees, if any, except that no storage fee shall be charged if the motor vehicle is stored less than 6 hours. As a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under this section, the airport director or the director's

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2967 designee must serve a notice in accordance with subsection (2) 2968 on the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance company 2969 insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and all persons of record 2970 2971 claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts to notify 2972 the owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, 2973 notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as 2974 applicable, or lienholders are not successful, the requirement 2975 of notice by mail shall be considered met. Serving of the notice 2976 does not dispense with recording the claim of lien. (7) (a) For the purpose of perfecting its lien under this 2977 2978 section, the airport shall record a claim of lien which shall 2979 state: 2980 1. The name and address of the airport. 2981 2. The name of the owner of the motor vehicle, the 2982 insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding 2983 the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and 2984 all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. 2985 3. The costs incurred from reasonable towing, storage, and 2986 parking fees, if any. 2987 A description of the motor vehicle sufficient for 4. 2988 identification. 2989 The claim of lien shall be sufficient if it is in (C) 2990 substantially the following form: 2991 CLAIM OF LIEN 2992 State of 2993 County of 2994 Before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared Page 107 of 115

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2995, who was duly sworn and says that he/she is the 2996 of; whose address is.....; and that the 2997 following described motor vehicle: 2998 ... (Description of motor vehicle) ... 2999 owned by, whose address is, has accrued 3000 \$..... in fees for a reasonable tow, for storage, and for 3001 parking, if applicable; that the lienor served its notice to the 3002 owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle 3003 notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, Florida Statutes, as applicable, and all persons of record 3004 claiming a lien against the motor vehicle on, ... (year) ..., 3005 3006 by..... 3007 ... (Signature) ... 3008 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this day of 3009, ... (year)..., by ... (name of person making statement).... 3010 ... (Signature of Notary Public)..... (Print, Type, or Stamp 3011 Commissioned name of Notary Public) ... 3012 Personally Known....OR Produced....as identification. 3013 However, the negligent inclusion or omission of any information 3014 3015 in this claim of lien which does not prejudice the owner does 3016 not constitute a default that operates to defeat an otherwise 3017 valid lien. 3018 The claim of lien shall be served on the owner of the (d) 3019 motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as 3020 3021 applicable, when no-fault coverage is provided, and all persons 3022 of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts Page 108 of 115

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3023 to notify the owner, the insurance company insuring the motor 3024 vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 3025 <u>627.7485, as applicable, when no-fault coverage is provided</u>, or 3026 lienholders are not successful, the requirement of notice by 3027 mail shall be considered met. The claim of lien shall be so 3028 served before recordation.

- 3029 Section 50. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (4) 3030 of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 3031 713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles 3032 and vessels.-

3033 (4) (a) Any person regularly engaged in the business of 3034 recovering, towing, or storing vehicles or vessels who comes 3035 into possession of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to subsection 3036 (2), and who claims a lien for recovery, towing, or storage 3037 services, shall give notice to the registered owner, the 3038 insurance company insuring the vehicle notwithstanding the 3039 provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and to 3040 all persons claiming a lien thereon, as disclosed by the records 3041 in the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or of a 3042 corresponding agency in any other state.

3043 Whenever any law enforcement agency authorizes the (b) 3044 removal of a vehicle or vessel or whenever any towing service, 3045 garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or parking 3046 place notifies the law enforcement agency of possession of a 3047 vehicle or vessel pursuant to s. 715.07(2)(a)2., the law 3048 enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the vehicle or 3049 vessel is stored shall contact the Department of Highway Safety 3050 and Motor Vehicles, or the appropriate agency of the state of

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3051 registration, if known, within 24 hours through the medium of 3052 electronic communications, giving the full description of the vehicle or vessel. Upon receipt of the full description of the 3053 3054 vehicle or vessel, the department shall search its files to 3055 determine the owner's name, the insurance company insuring the 3056 vehicle or vessel, and whether any person has filed a lien upon 3057 the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) and (3) and 3058 notify the applicable law enforcement agency within 72 hours. 3059 The person in charge of the towing service, garage, repair shop, 3060 or automotive service, storage, or parking place shall obtain 3061 such information from the applicable law enforcement agency 3062 within 5 days after the date of storage and shall give notice 3063 pursuant to paragraph (a). The department may release the 3064 insurance company information to the requestor notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable. 3065

3066 (C) Notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, 3067 shall be sent within 7 business days after the date of storage 3068 of the vehicle or vessel to the registered owner, the insurance 3069 company insuring the vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of 3070 s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable, and all persons of 3071 record claiming a lien against the vehicle or vessel. It shall 3072 state the fact of possession of the vehicle or vessel, that a 3073 lien as provided in subsection (2) is claimed, that charges have 3074 accrued and the amount thereof, that the lien is subject to 3075 enforcement pursuant to law, and that the owner or lienholder, 3076 if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth in subsection (5), and that any vehicle or vessel which remains unclaimed, or 3077 3078 for which the charges for recovery, towing, or storage services Page 110 of 115

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3079 remain unpaid, may be sold free of all prior liens after 35 days 3080 if the vehicle or vessel is more than 3 years of age or after 50 3081 days if the vehicle or vessel is 3 years of age or less.

Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (8), and subsection (9) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3086

817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.-

3087 (1)(a) A person commits insurance fraud punishable as 3088 provided in subsection (11) if that person, with the intent to 3089 injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer:

3090 1. Presents or causes to be presented any written or oral 3091 statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or 3092 other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health 3093 maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, 3094 knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or 3095 misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to 3096 such claim;

2. Prepares or makes any written or oral statement that is intended to be presented to any insurer in connection with, or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim; or

3104 3.a. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or 3105 prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be 3106 presented to any insurer, purported insurer, servicing

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3107 corporation, insurance broker, or insurance agent, or any 3108 employee or agent thereof, any false, incomplete, or misleading 3109 information or written or oral statement as part of, or in 3110 support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating 3111 of, any insurance policy, or a health maintenance organization 3112 subscriber or provider contract; or

3113 b. Who Knowingly conceals information concerning any fact 3114 material to such application<u>; or</u>

3115 4. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares 3116 or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to 3117 any insurer a claim for payment or other benefit under a medical 3118 care coverage insurance policy if the person knows that the 3119 payee knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent 3120 application or other document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a 3121 3122 health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of 3123 chapter 400.

(7)

3124

3125 An insurer, or any person acting at the direction of (C) 3126 or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a 3127 mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or s. 627.7485(7), as applicable, s. 627.736(8) or direct the 3128 3129 physician preparing the report to change such opinion; however, 3130 this provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the 3131 attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based 3132 upon information in the claim file. Any person who violates this 3133 paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 3134 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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3135 It is unlawful for any person intending to defraud (8) (a) 3136 any other person to solicit or cause to be solicited any 3137 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident for 3138 the purpose of making, adjusting, or settling motor vehicle tort 3139 claims or claims for personal injury protection or medical care 3140 coverage benefits required by s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as 3141 applicable. Any person who violates the provisions of this 3142 paragraph commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as 3143 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be 3144 3145 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 2 years.

3146 A person may not solicit or cause to be solicited any (b) 3147 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by 3148 any means of communication other than advertising directed to 3149 the public for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims 3150 or claims for personal injury protection or medical care 3151 coverage benefits required by s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as 3152 applicable, within 60 days after the occurrence of the motor 3153 vehicle accident. Any person who violates this paragraph commits 3154 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 3155 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(c) A lawyer, health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001, or owner or medical director of a clinic required to be licensed pursuant to s. 400.9905 may not, at any time after 60 days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle accident, solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by means of in person or telephone contact at the person's residence, for the

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3163 purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for 3164 personal injury protection <u>or medical care coverage</u> benefits 3165 required by s. 627.736 <u>or s. 627.7485</u>, <u>as applicable</u>. Any person 3166 who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third 3167 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 3168 775.084.

3169 (9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly 3170 participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash or a scheme to create documentation of a motor vehicle crash that did not occur 3171 3172 for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims 3173 for personal injury protection or medical care coverage benefits 3174 as required by s. 627.736 or s. 627.7485, as applicable. Any 3175 person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the 3176 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 3177 or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this 3178 subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment 3179 of 2 years.

3180 Section 52. The Division of Statutory Revision is directed 3181 to replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever 3182 it occurs in this act with the date this act becomes a law. 3183 Section 53. If any provision of this act or its 3184 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 3185 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of 3186 this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this 3187 3188 act are severable. 3189 Section 54. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 3190 act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon Page 114 of 115

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3191 this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect December 1, 3192 2012, and shall apply to policies issued or renewed on or after 3193 that date.

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