2012

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Drug-Free Workplace Act;
3	amending s. 112.0455, F.S.; revising the definition of
4	the term "job applicant"; defining the term "random
5	testing"; removing the definition of the term "safety-
6	sensitive position"; requiring drug testing to be
7	conducted within each state agency's appropriation;
8	authorizing a state agency to conduct random drug
9	testing every 3 months; providing testing selection
10	requirements; removing provisions prohibiting a state
11	agency from discharging or disciplining an employee
12	under certain circumstances based on the employee's
13	first positive confirmed drug test; removing
14	provisions limiting the circumstances under which an
15	agency may discharge an employee in a special risk or
16	safety-sensitive position; providing that an agency
17	may discharge or discipline an employee following a
18	first-time positive confirmed drug test result;
19	authorizing an agency to refer an employee to an
20	employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug
21	rehabilitation program if the employee is not
22	discharged; requiring participation in an employee
23	assistance program or an alcohol and drug
24	rehabilitation program at the employee's own expense;
25	requiring the employer to determine if the employee is
26	able to safely and effectively perform the job duties
27	assigned to the employee while the employee is
28	participating in the employee assistance program or
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29 alcohol and drug rehabilitation program; deeming that certain specified job activities cannot be performed 30 31 safely and effectively while the employee is 32 participating in the employee assistance program or alcohol and drug rehabilitation program; requiring the 33 34 employer to transfer the employee to a job assignment 35 that he or she can perform safely and effectively 36 while the employee participates in the employee 37 assistance program or alcohol and drug rehabilitation 38 program; requiring the employer to place the employee 39 on leave status while the employee is participating in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 40 rehabilitation program if such a position is 41 42 unavailable; authorizing the employee to use 43 accumulated leave credits before being placed on leave 44 without pay; amending s. 440.102, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "job applicant" as it pertains 45 to a public employer; removing the definition of the 46 47 term "safety-sensitive position" and replacing it with the definition for the term "mandatory-testing 48 49 position;" providing that an employer remains 50 qualified for an insurer rate plan that discounts 51 rates for workers' compensation and employer's 52 liability insurance policies if the employer maintains 53 a drug-free workplace program that is broader in scope 54 than that provided for by the standards and procedures 55 established in the act; authorizing a public employer, 56 using an unbiased selection procedure, to conduct

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57 random drug tests of employees occupying mandatory-58 testing or special-risk positions if the testing is 59 performed in accordance with drug-testing rules 60 adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration; requiring that a public sector employer assign a 61 62 public sector employee to a position other than a 63 mandatory-testing position if the employee enters an employee assistance program or drug rehabilitation 64 65 program; removing provisions related to collective 66 bargaining rights for nonfederal public sector 67 employers; conforming cross-references; amending s. 944.474, F.S.; revising provisions governing employees 68 of the state correctional system, to conform to 69 70 changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 71 72 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 73 74 Subsections (5), (7), and (8) and paragraphs Section 1. 75 (h), (i), (j), and (k) of subsection (10) of section 112.0455, 76 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 77 112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act.-78 (5) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise 79 requires, as used in this act: 80 "Drug" means alcohol, including distilled spirits, (a) wine, malt beverages, and intoxicating liquors; amphetamines; 81 cannabinoids; cocaine; phencyclidine (PCP); hallucinogens; 82 methaqualone; opiates; barbiturates; benzodiazepines; synthetic 83 84 narcotics; designer drugs; or a metabolite of any of the Page 3 of 22

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85 substances listed herein.

(b) "Drug test" or "test" means any chemical, biological, or physical instrumental analysis administered for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or its metabolites.

90 (c) "Initial drug test" means a sensitive, rapid, and 91 reliable procedure to identify negative and presumptive positive 92 specimens. All initial tests <u>must</u> shall use an immunoassay 93 procedure or an equivalent, or <u>must</u> shall use a more accurate 94 scientifically accepted method approved by the Agency for Health 95 Care Administration as such more accurate technology becomes 96 available in a cost-effective form.

97 (d) "Confirmation test," "confirmed test," or "confirmed 98 drug test" means a second analytical procedure used to identify 99 the presence of a specific drug or metabolite in a specimen. The 100 confirmation test must be different in scientific principle from 101 that of the initial test procedure. This confirmation method 102 must be capable of providing requisite specificity, sensitivity, 103 and quantitative accuracy.

(e) "Chain of custody" refers to the methodology of tracking specified materials or substances for the purpose of maintaining control and accountability from initial collection to final disposition for all such materials or substances and providing for accountability at each stage in handling, testing, storing specimens, and reporting of test results.

(f) "Job applicant" means a person who has applied for a special risk or safety-sensitive position with an employer and has been offered employment conditioned upon successfully

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113 passing a drug test.

(g) "Employee" means <u>a</u> any person who works for salary,
wages, or other remuneration for an employer.

(h) "Employer" means <u>an</u> any agency within state government that employs individuals for salary, wages, or other remuneration.

(i) "Prescription or nonprescription medication" means a drug or medication obtained pursuant to a prescription as defined by s. 893.02 or a medication that is authorized pursuant to federal or state law for general distribution and use without a prescription in the treatment of human diseases, ailments, or injuries.

(j) "Random testing" means a drug test conducted on employees who are selected through the use of a computergenerated random sample of an employer's employees.

128 (k) (j) "Reasonable suspicion drug testing" means drug 129 testing based on a belief that an employee is using or has used 130 drugs in violation of the employer's policy drawn from specific 131 objective and articulable facts and reasonable inferences drawn 132 from those facts in light of experience. Reasonable suspicion 133 drug testing may shall not be required except upon the 134 recommendation of a supervisor who is at least one level of 135 supervision higher than the immediate supervisor of the employee 136 in question. Among other things, such facts and inferences may 137 be based upon:

Observable phenomena while at work, such as direct
 observation of drug use or of the physical symptoms or
 manifestations of being under the influence of a drug.

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141 2. Abnormal conduct or erratic behavior while at work or a142 significant deterioration in work performance.

143 3. A report of drug use, provided by a reliable and144 credible source, which has been independently corroborated.

145 4. Evidence that an individual has tampered with a drug146 test during employment with the current employer.

147 5. Information that an employee has caused, or contributed148 to, an accident while at work.

Evidence that an employee has used, possessed, sold,
solicited, or transferred drugs while working or while on the
employer's premises or while operating the employer's vehicle,
machinery, or equipment.

153 <u>(1)(k)</u> "Specimen" means a tissue, hair, or product of the 154 human body capable of revealing the presence of drugs or their 155 metabolites.

(m) (1) "Employee assistance program" means an established program for employee assessment, counseling, and possible referral to an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program.

(m) "Safety-sensitive position" means any position, including a supervisory or management position, in which a drug impairment would constitute an immediate and direct threat to public health or safety.

(n) "Special risk" means employees who are required as a
condition of employment to be certified under chapter 633 or
chapter 943.

166 (7) TYPES OF TESTING.-Drug testing must be conducted 167 within each agency's appropriation. An employer may conduct is 168 authorized, but is not required, to conduct, the following types Page 6 of 22

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169 of drug tests:

(a) Job applicant testing.—An employer may require job
applicants to submit to a drug test and may use a refusal to
submit to a drug test or a positive confirmed drug test as a
basis for refusal to hire the job applicant.

(b) Reasonable suspicion.—An employer may require anemployee to submit to reasonable suspicion drug testing.

176 (c) Random testing.—An employer may conduct random testing
 177 once every 3 months. The random sample of employees chosen for
 178 testing must be computer-generated by an independent third
 179 party. A random sample may not constitute more than 10 percent
 180 of the total employee population.

181 <u>(d) (c)</u> Routine fitness for duty.—An employer may require 182 an employee to submit to a drug test if the test is conducted as 183 part of a routinely scheduled employee fitness-for-duty medical 184 examination that is part of the employer's established policy or 185 that is scheduled routinely for all members of an employment 186 classification or group.

187 <u>(e) (d)</u> Followup testing.—If the employee in the course of 188 employment enters an employee assistance program for drug-189 related problems, or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program, 190 the employer may require <u>the said</u> employee to submit to a drug 191 test as a followup to such program, and on a quarterly, 192 semiannual, or annual basis for up to 2 years thereafter.

(8) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen
 collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be
 performed in accordance with the following procedures:

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(a)

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A sample shall be collected with due regard to the

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197 privacy of the individual providing the sample, and in a manner 198 reasonably calculated to prevent substitution or contamination 199 of the sample.

(b) Specimen collection shall be documented, and the documentation procedures shall include:

Labeling of specimen containers so as to reasonably
 preclude the likelihood of erroneous identification of test
 results.

205 2. A form for the employee or job applicant to provide any information he or she considers relevant to the test, including 206 207 identification of currently or recently used prescription or nonprescription medication, or other relevant medical 208 information. Such form shall provide notice of the most common 209 210 medications by brand name or common name, as applicable, as well as by chemical name, which may alter or affect a drug test. The 211 212 providing of information does shall not preclude the 213 administration of the drug test, but shall be taken into account 214 in interpreting any positive confirmed results.

(c) Specimen collection, storage, and transportation to
 the testing site shall be performed in a manner <u>that</u> which will
 reasonably preclude specimen contamination or adulteration.

(d) Each initial and confirmation test conducted under this section, not including the taking or collecting of a specimen to be tested, shall be conducted by a licensed laboratory as described in subsection (12).

(e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collectedby any of the following persons:

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 A physician, a physician's assistant, a registered Page 8 of 22

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225 professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse 226 practitioner, or a certified paramedic who is present at the 227 scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency 228 medical service or treatment.

229

2. A qualified person employed by a licensed laboratory.

(f) A person who collects or takes a specimen for a drug test conducted pursuant to this section shall collect an amount sufficient for two drug tests as determined by the Agency for Health Care Administration.

(g) Any drug test conducted or requested by an employer
may occur before, during, or immediately after the regular work
period of the employee, and shall be deemed to be performed
during work time for the purposes of determining compensation
and benefits for the employee.

239 Every specimen that produces a positive confirmed (h) 240 result shall be preserved by the licensed laboratory that 241 conducts the confirmation test for a period of at least 210 days 242 from the time the results of the positive confirmation test are 243 mailed or otherwise delivered to the employer. However, if an 244 employee or job applicant undertakes an administrative or legal 245 challenge to the test result, the employee or job applicant 246 shall notify the laboratory and the sample shall be retained by 247 the laboratory until the case or administrative appeal is settled. During the 180-day period after written notification of 248 a positive test result, the employee or job applicant who has 249 provided the specimen shall be permitted by the employer to have 250 a portion of the specimen retested, at the employee or job 251 252 applicant's expense, at another laboratory, licensed and

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approved by the Agency for Health Care Administration, chosen by the employee or job applicant. The second laboratory must test at equal or greater sensitivity for the drug in question as the first laboratory. The first laboratory <u>that</u> which performed the test for the employer <u>is shall be</u> responsible for the transfer of the portion of the specimen to be retested, and for the integrity of the chain of custody during such transfer.

(i) Within 5 working days after receipt of a positive
confirmed test result from the testing laboratory, an employer
shall inform an employee or job applicant in writing of such
positive test result, the consequences of such results, and the
options available to the employee or job applicant.

(j) The employer shall provide to the employee or jobapplicant, upon request, a copy of the test results.

(k) Within 5 working days after receiving notice of a positive confirmed test result, the employee or job applicant may submit information to an employer explaining or contesting the test results, and why the results do not constitute a violation of the employer's policy.

272 If an employee or job applicant's explanation or (1)273 challenge of the positive test results is unsatisfactory to the 274 employer, a written explanation as to why the employee or job 275 applicant's explanation is unsatisfactory, along with the report of positive results, shall be provided by the employer to the 276 277 employee or job applicant. All such documentation shall be kept confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) by 278 the employer pursuant to subsection (11) and shall be retained 279 280 by the employer for at least 1 year.

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(m) <u>An</u> No employer may <u>not</u> discharge, discipline, refuse to hire, discriminate against, or request or require rehabilitation of an employee or job applicant on the sole basis of a positive test result that has not been verified by a confirmation test.

286

(n) In addition to the limitation under paragraph (m):

287 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., no employer may 288 discharge, discipline, or discriminate against an employee on 289 the sole basis of the employee's first positive confirmed drug 290 test, unless the employer has first given the employee an opportunity to participate in, at the employee's own expense or 291 292 pursuant to coverage under a health insurance plan, an employee 293 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 294 program, and:

295 a. The employee has either refused to participate in the 296 employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug 297 rehabilitation program or has failed to successfully complete 298 such program, as evidenced by withdrawal from the program before 299 its completion or a report from the program indicating 300 unsatisfactory compliance, or by a positive test result on a 301 confirmation test after completion of the program; or

302 b. The employee has failed or refused to sign a written 303 consent form allowing the employer to obtain information 304 regarding the progress and successful completion of an employee 305 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 306 program.

307 2. An employee in a safety-sensitive position shall be 308 placed by the employer in a non-safety-sensitive position, or if Page 11 of 22

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309 such position is unavailable, on leave status while 310 participating in an employee assistance program or an alcohol 311 and drug rehabilitation program. If placed on leave status 312 without pay, the employee shall be permitted to use any 313 accumulated leave credits prior to being placed on leave without 314 pay.

315 3. A special risk employee may be discharged or 316 disciplined for the first positive confirmed drug test result 317 when illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, are confirmed. No 318 special risk employee shall be permitted to continue work in a 319 safety-sensitive position, but may be placed either in a non-320 safety-sensitive position or on leave status while participating 321 in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 322 rehabilitation program.

323 <u>(n) (o)</u> Upon successful completion of an employee 324 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 325 program, the employee shall be reinstated to the same or 326 equivalent position that was held prior to such rehabilitation.

327 <u>(o) (p)</u> An No employer may not discharge, discipline, or 328 discriminate against an employee, or refuse to hire a job 329 applicant, on the basis of any prior medical history revealed to 330 the employer pursuant to this section.

331 <u>(p)(q)</u> An employer who performs drug testing or specimen 332 collection shall use chain-of-custody procedures as established 333 by the Agency for Health Care Administration to ensure proper 334 recordkeeping, handling, labeling, and identification of all 335 specimens to be tested.

336 (q) (r) An employer shall pay the cost of all drug tests, Page 12 of 22

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337 initial and confirmation, which the employer requires of 338 employees.

339 (r) (s) An employee or job applicant shall pay the costs of
 340 any additional drug tests not required by the employer.

341 (s) (t) An No employer may not shall discharge, discipline, or discriminate against an employee solely upon voluntarily 342 343 seeking treatment, while under the employ of the employer, for a drug-related problem if the employee has not previously tested 344 345 positive for drug use, entered an employee assistance program 346 for drug-related problems, or entered an alcohol and drug 347 rehabilitation program. However, special risk employees may be subject to discharge or disciplinary action when the presence of 348 illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, is confirmed. 349

(t) (u) If Where testing is conducted based on reasonable 350 351 suspicion, each employer shall promptly detail in writing the 352 circumstances which formed the basis of the determination that 353 reasonable suspicion existed to warrant the testing. A copy of 354 this documentation shall be given to the employee upon request 355 and the original documentation shall be kept confidential and 356 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) by the employer 357 pursuant to subsection (11) and retained by the employer for at 358 least 1 year.

359 <u>(u) (v)</u> If an employee is unable to participate in 360 outpatient rehabilitation, the employee may be placed on leave 361 status while participating in an employee assistance program or 362 an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program. If placed on leave-363 without-pay status, the employee shall be permitted to use any 364 accumulated leave credits prior to being placed on leave without

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365 pay. Upon successful completion of an employee assistance 366 program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program, the 367 employee shall be reinstated to the same or equivalent position 368 that was held prior to such rehabilitation.

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(10) EMPLOYER PROTECTION.-

370 An employer may discharge or discipline shall refer an (h) 371 employee following with a first-time positive confirmed drug 372 test result. If the employer does not discharge the employee, 373 the employer may refer the employee to an employee assistance 374 program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program in which 375 the employee may participate at the expense of the employee or 376 pursuant to a health insurance plan, unless such employee is 377 discharged as provided in subparagraph (8) (n)3. If the results 378 of a subsequent confirmed drug test are positive, the employer 379 may discharge or discipline the employee.

380 <u>1. If an employer refers an employee to an employee</u> 381 <u>assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation</u> 382 <u>program, the employer must determine whether the employee is</u> 383 <u>able to safely and effectively perform the job duties assigned</u> 384 <u>to the employee while the employee participates in the employee</u> 385 <u>assistance program or the alcohol and drug rehabilitation</u> 386 program.

2. An employee whose assigned duties require the employee
 to carry a firearm, work closely with an employee who carries a
 firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with heavy or
 dangerous machinery, work as a safety inspector, work with
 children, work with detainees in the correctional system, work
 with confidential information or documents pertaining to

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393 <u>criminal investigations, work with controlled substances, hold a</u> 394 <u>position subject to s. 110.1127, or hold a position in which a</u> 395 <u>momentary lapse in attention could result in injury or death to</u> 396 <u>another person, is deemed unable to safely and effectively</u> 397 <u>perform the job duties assigned to the employee while the</u> 398 <u>employee participates in the employee assistance program or the</u> 399 <u>alcohol and drug rehabilitation program.</u>

400 3. If an employer refers an employee to an employee 401 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program 402 and the employer determines that the employee is unable, or the employee is deemed unable, to safely and effectively perform the 403 404 job duties assigned to the employee before he or she completes 405 the employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug 406 rehabilitation program, the employer shall place the employee in 407 a job assignment that the employer determines the employee can 408 safely and effectively perform while participating in the 409 employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug 410 rehabilitation program.

4. If a job assignment in which the employee may safely
and effectively perform is unavailable, the employer shall place
the employee on leave status while the employee is participating
in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug
rehabilitation program. If placed on leave status without pay,
the employee may use accumulated leave credits before being
placed on leave without pay.

(i) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to
 prohibit an employer from conducting medical screening or other
 tests required by any statute, rule, or regulation for the

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421 purpose of monitoring exposure of employees to toxic or other 422 unhealthy substances in the workplace or in the performance of 423 job responsibilities. Such screening or tests shall be limited 424 to the specific substances expressly identified in the 425 applicable statute, rule, or regulation, unless prior written 426 consent of the employee is obtained for other tests.

427 (j) An employer shall place a safety-sensitive position 428 employee whose drug test result is confirmed positive in a non-429 safety-sensitive position, or if such a position is unavailable, 430 on leave status while the employee participates in an employee 431 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 432 program. If placed on leave status without pay, the employee 433 shall be permitted to use any accumulated leave credits prior to 434 being placed on leave without pay.

435 (k) A special risk employee may be discharged or 436 disciplined on the first positive confirmed drug test result 437 when illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, are confirmed. No 438 special risk employee shall be permitted to continue work in a 439 safety-sensitive position, but may be placed either in a non-440 safety-sensitive position or on leave status while participating 441 in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 442 rehabilitation program.

Section 2. Paragraphs (j) and (o) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraph (g) of subsection (7), and subsections (11), (13), (14), and (15) of section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

447440.102Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The448following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program

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449 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 450 for Health Care Administration:

(1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwiserequires, as used in this act:

(j) "Job applicant" means a person who has applied for a position with an employer and has been offered employment conditioned upon successfully passing a drug test, and may have begun work pending the results of the drug test. For a public employer, "job applicant" means only a person who has applied for a special-risk or <u>mandatory-testing</u> safety-sensitive position.

460 "Mandatory-testing position" means, with respect to a (\circ) 461 public employer, a job assignment that requires the employee to 462 carry a firearm, work closely with an employee who carries a 463 firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with heavy or 464 dangerous machinery, work as a safety inspector, work with 465 children, work with detainees in the correctional system, work 466 with confidential information or documents pertaining to 467 criminal investigations, work with controlled substances, or a 468 job assignment that requires an employee security background 469 check, pursuant to s. 110.1127, or a job assignment in which a 470 momentary lapse in attention could result in injury or death to another person. "Safety-sensitive position" means, with respect 471 472 to a public employer, a position in which a drug impairment 473 constitutes an immediate and direct threat to public health or 474 safety, such as a position that requires the employee to carry a 475 firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with 476 confidential information or documents pertaining to criminal Page 17 of 22

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477 investigations, or work with controlled substances; a position 478 subject to s. 110.1127; or a position in which a momentary lapse 479 in attention could result in injury or death to another person. 480 DRUG TESTING.-An employer may test an employee or job (2) 481 applicant for any drug described in paragraph (1)(c). In order 482 to qualify as having established a drug-free workplace program 483 under this section and to qualify for the discounts provided 484 under s. 627.0915 and deny medical and indemnity benefits under this chapter, an employer must, at a minimum, implement drug 485 testing that conforms to the standards and procedures 486 487 established in this section and all applicable rules adopted 488 pursuant to this section as required in subsection (4). However, an employer does not have a legal duty under this section to 489 490 request an employee or job applicant to undergo drug testing. If 491 an employer fails to maintain a drug-free workplace program in accordance with the standards and procedures established in this 492 493 section and in applicable rules, the employer is ineligible for 494 discounts under s. 627.0915. However, an employer qualifies for 495 discounts under s. 627.0915 if the employer maintains a drug-496 free workplace program that is broader in scope than that 497 provided for by the standards and procedures established in this 498 section. An employer who qualifies All employers qualifying for 499 and receives receiving discounts provided under s. 627.0915 must 500 be reported annually by the insurer to the department. 501 EMPLOYER PROTECTION.-(7)

(g) This section does not prohibit an employer from
conducting medical screening or other tests required, permitted,
or not disallowed by any statute, rule, or regulation for the

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505 purpose of monitoring exposure of employees to toxic or other 506 unhealthy substances in the workplace or in the performance of 507 job responsibilities. Such screening or testing is limited to the specific substances expressly identified in the applicable 508 509 statute, rule, or regulation, unless prior written consent of 510 the employee is obtained for other tests. Such screening or 511 testing need not be in compliance with the rules adopted by the 512 Agency for Health Care Administration under this chapter or 513 under s. 112.0455. A public employer may, through the use of an unbiased selection procedure, conduct random drug tests of 514 employees occupying mandatory-testing safety-sensitive or 515 special-risk positions if the testing is performed in accordance 516 with drug-testing rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care 517 518 Administration and the department. If applicable, random drug 519 testing must be specified in a collective bargaining agreement 520 as negotiated by the appropriate certified bargaining agent 521 before such testing is implemented.

522 (11) PUBLIC EMPLOYEES IN <u>MANDATORY-TESTING</u> SAFETY 523 <u>SENSITIVE</u> OR SPECIAL-RISK POSITIONS.-

524 If an employee who is employed by a public employer in (a) 525 a mandatory-testing safety-sensitive position enters an employee 526 assistance program or drug rehabilitation program, the employer 527 must assign the employee to a position other than a mandatory-528 testing safety-sensitive position or, if such position is not available, place the employee on leave while the employee is 529 participating in the program. However, the employee shall be 530 531 permitted to use any accumulated annual leave credits before 532 leave may be ordered without pay.

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533 An employee who is employed by a public employer in a (b) 534 special-risk position may be discharged or disciplined by a 535 public employer for the first positive confirmed test result if 536 the drug confirmed is an illicit drug under s. 893.03. A 537 special-risk employee who is participating in an employee 538 assistance program or drug rehabilitation program may not be 539 allowed to continue to work in any special-risk or mandatory-540 testing safety-sensitive position of the public employer, but 541 may be assigned to a position other than a mandatory-testing safety-sensitive position or placed on leave while the employee 542 543 is participating in the program. However, the employee shall be 544 permitted to use any accumulated annual leave credits before 545 leave may be ordered without pay.

546

(13) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RIGHTS.-

547 (a) This section does not eliminate the bargainable rights
 548 as provided in the collective bargaining process if applicable.

549 (b) Drug-free workplace program requirements pursuant to 550 this section shall be a mandatory topic of negotiations with any 551 certified collective bargaining agent for nonfederal public 552 sector employers that operate under a collective bargaining 553 agreement.

554 <u>(13)</u> (14) APPLICABILITY.—A drug testing policy or procedure 555 adopted by an employer pursuant to this chapter shall be applied 556 equally to all employee classifications where the employee is 557 subject to workers' compensation coverage.

558 <u>(14) (15)</u> STATE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS.—Each construction 559 contractor regulated under part I of chapter 489, and each 560 electrical contractor and alarm system contractor regulated

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under part II of chapter 489, who contracts to perform construction work under a state contract for educational facilities governed by chapter 1013, for public property or publicly owned buildings governed by chapter 255, or for state correctional facilities governed by chapter 944 shall implement a drug-free workplace program under this section.

567 Section 3. Section 944.474, Florida Statutes, is amended 568 to read:

569 944.474 Legislative intent; employee wellness program;570 drug and alcohol testing.-

It is the intent of the Legislature that the state 571 (1)572 correctional system provide a safe and secure environment for 573 both inmates and staff. A healthy workforce is a productive 574 workforce, and security of the state correctional system can 575 best be provided by strong and healthy employees. The Department 576 of Corrections may develop and implement an employee wellness 577 program. The program may include, but is not limited to, 578 wellness education, smoking cessation, nutritional education, 579 and overall health-risk reduction, including the effects of 580 using drugs and alcohol.

581 An employee Under no circumstances shall employees of (2)582 the department may not test positive for illegal use of 583 controlled substances. An employee of the department may not be 584 under the influence of alcohol while on duty. In order to ensure that these prohibitions are adhered to by all employees of the 585 department and notwithstanding s. 112.0455, the department may 586 develop a program for the drug testing of all job applicants and 587 588 for the random drug testing of all employees. The department may Page 21 of 22

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589 randomly evaluate employees for the contemporaneous use or 590 influence of alcohol through the use of alcohol tests and 591 observation methods. Notwithstanding s. 112.0455, the department 592 may develop a program for the reasonable suspicion drug testing 593 of employees who are in safety-sensitive or special risk 594 positions, as defined in s. 112.0455(5), for the controlled 595 substances listed in s. 893.03(3)(d). The reasonable suspicion 596 drug testing authorized by this subsection shall be conducted in 597 accordance with s. 112.0455, but may also include testing upon 598 reasonable suspicion based on violent acts or violent behavior of an employee who is on or off duty. The department shall adopt 599 600 rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 that are necessary 601 to administer this subsection.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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