

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: WD		
03/09/2012 11:38 AM	•	

Senator Smith moved the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Effective July 1, 2013, subsection (9) of section 440.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.02 Definitions.-When used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall 9 have the following meanings:

(9) "Corporate officer" or "officer of a corporation" means 10 11 any person who fills an office provided for in the corporate charter or articles of incorporation filed with the Division of 12 Corporations of the Department of State or as permitted or 13

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14	required by chapter 607. As to persons engaged in the
15	construction industry, The term "officer of a corporation"
16	includes a member owning at least 10 percent of a limited
17	liability company created and approved under chapter 608.
18	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (15) of section
19	440.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
20	440.02 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the
21	context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms shall
22	have the following meanings:
23	(15)
24	(b) "Employee" includes any person who is an officer of a
25	corporation and who performs services for remuneration for such
26	corporation within this state, whether or not such services are
27	continuous.
28	1. Any officer of a corporation may elect to be exempt from
29	this chapter by filing <del>written</del> notice of the election with the
30	department as provided in s. 440.05.
31	2. As to officers of a corporation who are engaged in the
32	construction industry, no more than three officers of a
33	corporation or of any group of affiliated corporations may elect
34	to be exempt from this chapter by filing <u>a</u> $\frac{1}{2}$ written notice of the
35	election with the department as provided in s. 440.05. Officers
36	must be shareholders, each owning at least 10 percent of the
37	stock of such corporation and listed as an officer of such
38	corporation with the Division of Corporations of the Department
39	of State, in order to elect exemptions under this chapter. For
40	purposes of this subparagraph, the term "affiliated" means and
41	includes one or more corporations or entities, any one of which
42	is a corporation engaged in the construction industry, under the

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43 same or substantially the same control of a group of business entities which are connected or associated so that one entity 44 45 controls or has the power to control each of the other business 46 entities. The term "affiliated" includes, but is not limited to, 47 the officers, directors, executives, shareholders active in 48 management, employees, and agents of the affiliated corporation. 49 The ownership by one business entity of a controlling interest in another business entity or a pooling of equipment or income 50 51 among business entities shall be prima facie evidence that one 52 business is affiliated with the other.

53 3. An officer of a corporation who elects to be exempt from 54 this chapter by filing a written notice of the election with the 55 department as provided in s. 440.05 is not an employee.

57 Services are presumed to have been rendered to the corporation 58 if the officer is compensated by other than dividends upon 59 shares of stock of the corporation which the officer owns.

Section 3. Subsections (3) and (6) of section 440.05,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

62 440.05 Election of exemption; revocation of election;
63 notice; certification.-

64 (3) Each officer of a corporation who is engaged in the 65 construction industry and who elects an exemption from this 66 chapter or who, after electing such exemption, revokes that 67 exemption, must submit mail a written notice to such effect to the department on a form prescribed by the department. The 68 69 notice of election to be exempt from the provisions of this 70 chapter must be notarized and under oath. The notice of election 71 to be exempt which is electronically submitted to the department

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72 by the officer of a corporation who is allowed to claim an 73 exemption as provided by this chapter must list the name, 74 federal tax identification number, date of birth, Florida driver 75 license number or Florida identification card number social security number, all certified or registered licenses issued 76 77 pursuant to chapter 489 held by the person seeking the 78 exemption, a copy of relevant documentation as to employment 79 status filed with the Internal Revenue Service as specified by 80 the department, a copy of the relevant occupational license in 81 the primary jurisdiction of the business, and the registration 82 number of the corporation filed with the Division of 83 Corporations of the Department of State, and the percentage of 84 ownership along with a copy of the stock certificate evidencing 85 the required ownership under this chapter. The notice of election to be exempt must identify each corporation that 86 87 employs the person electing the exemption and must list the social security number or federal tax identification number of 88 each such employer and the additional documentation required by 89 90 this section. In addition, the notice of election to be exempt 91 must provide that the officer electing an exemption is not 92 entitled to benefits under this chapter, must provide that the 93 election does not exceed exemption limits for officers provided in s. 440.02, and must certify that any employees of the 94 95 corporation whose officer elects an exemption are covered by 96 workers' compensation insurance. Upon receipt of the notice of 97 the election to be exempt, receipt of all application fees, and 98 a determination by the department that the notice meets the requirements of this subsection, the department shall issue a 99 100 certification of the election to the officer, unless the

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101 department determines that the information contained in the 102 notice is invalid. The department shall revoke a certificate of 103 election to be exempt from coverage upon a determination by the 104 department that the person does not meet the requirements for exemption or that the information contained in the notice of 105 106 election to be exempt is invalid. The certificate of election 107 must list the name of the corporation listed in the request for exemption. A new certificate of election must be obtained each 108 109 time the person is employed by a new or different corporation 110 that is not listed on the certificate of election. A copy of the 111 certificate of election must be sent to each workers' 112 compensation carrier identified in the request for exemption. Upon filing a notice of revocation of election, an officer who 113 114 is a subcontractor or an officer of a corporate subcontractor 115 must notify her or his contractor. Upon revocation of a 116 certificate of election of exemption by the department, the department shall notify the workers' compensation carriers 117 identified in the request for exemption. 118

119 (6) A construction industry certificate of election to be 120 exempt which is issued in accordance with this section shall be 121 valid for 2 years after the effective date stated thereon. Both 122 the effective date and the expiration date must be listed on the 123 face of the certificate by the department. The construction 124 industry certificate must expire at midnight, 2 years from its 125 issue date, as noted on the face of the exemption certificate. A 126 construction industry certificate of election to be exempt may 127 be revoked before its expiration by the officer for whom it was issued or by the department for the reasons stated in this 128 129 section. At least 60 days before prior to the expiration date of

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a construction industry certificate of exemption issued after
December 1, 1998, the department shall send notice of the
expiration date and an application for renewal to the
certificateholder at the address on the certificate or to the e-
mail address on file with the department.
Section 4. Effective January 1, 2013, subsection (6) of
section 440.05, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is
amended to read:
440.05 Election of exemption; revocation of election;
notice; certification
(6) A <del>construction industry</del> certificate of election to be
exempt which is issued <u>on or after January 1, 2013,</u> in
accordance with this section <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> valid for 2 years after
the effective date stated thereon. Both the effective date and
the expiration date must be listed on the face of the
certificate by the department. The <del>construction industry</del>
certificate must expire at midnight, 2 years from its issue
date, as noted on the face of the exemption certificate. A
construction industry certificate of election to be exempt may
be revoked before its expiration by the officer for whom it was
issued or by the department for the reasons stated in this
section. At least 60 days before the expiration date of a
construction industry certificate of exemption, the department
shall send notice of the expiration date to the
certificateholder at the address on the certificate or to the e-
mail address on file with the department.
Section 5. Subsection (15) is added to section 440.107,
Florida Statutes, to read:
440.107 Department powers to enforce employer compliance

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159	with coverage requirements
160	(15) A limited liability company that is not engaged in the
161	construction industry and that meets the definition of
162	"employment" at any time between July 1, 2013, and December 31,
163	2013, may not be issued a penalty pursuant to this section for
164	failing to secure the payment of workers' compensation.
165	Section 6. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 624.307,
166	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8) and (9),
167	respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to that section,
168	to read:
169	624.307 General powers; duties
170	(7) The office, within existing resources, may expend funds
171	for the professional development of its employees, including,
172	but not limited to, professional dues for employees who are
173	required to be members of professional organizations;
174	examinations leading to professional designations required for
175	employment with the office; training courses and examinations
176	provided through, and to ensure compliance with, the National
177	Association of Insurance Commissioners; or other training
178	courses related to the regulation of insurance.
179	Section 7. Section 627.215, Florida Statutes, is amended to
180	read:
181	627.215 Excessive profits for workers' compensation,
182	$rac{employer's liability}{r}$ commercial property $_{r}$ and commercial
183	casualty insurance prohibited
184	(1)(a) Each insurer group writing workers' compensation and
185	employer's liability insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(c),
186	commercial property insurance as defined in s. 627.0625,
187	commercial umbrella liability insurance as defined in s.
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188 627.0625, or commercial casualty insurance as defined in s.
189 627.0625 shall file with the office <u>before</u> prior to July 1 of
190 each year, on a form prescribed by the commission, the following
191 data for the component types of such insurance as provided in
192 the form:

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1. Calendar-year earned premium.

194 2. Accident-year incurred losses and loss adjustment195 expenses.

196 3. The administrative and selling expenses incurred in this197 state or allocated to this state for the calendar year.

198 199 4. Policyholder dividends applicable to the calendar year.

200 This paragraph does not Nothing herein is intended to prohibit 201 an insurer from filing on a calendar-year basis.

202 (b) The data filed for the group shall be a consolidation 203 of the data of the individual insurers of the group. However, an 204 insurer may elect to either consolidate commercial umbrella 205 liability insurance data with commercial casualty insurance data 206 or to separately file data for commercial umbrella liability 207 insurance. Each insurer shall elect its method of filing 208 commercial umbrella liability insurance at the time of filing 209 data for accident year 1987 and shall thereafter continue filing 210 under the same method. In the case of commercial umbrella 211 liability insurance data reported separately, a separate 212 excessive profits test shall be applied and the test period shall be 10 years. In the case of workers' compensation and 213 214 employer's liability insurance, the final report for the test period including accident years 1984, 1985, and 1986 must be 215 filed prior to July 1, 1988. In the case of commercial property 216

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217 and commercial casualty insurance, the final report for the test 218 period including accident years 1987, 1988, and 1989 must be 219 filed prior to July 1, 1991.

220 (2) Each insurer group writing workers' compensation and 221 employer's liability insurance shall also file a schedule of 222 Florida loss and loss adjustment experience for each of the 3 223 years previous to the most recent accident year. The incurred 224 losses and loss adjustment expenses shall be valued as of December 31 of the first year following the latest accident year 225 226 to be reported, developed to an ultimate basis, and at two 12-227 month intervals thereafter, each developed to an ultimate basis, 228 so that a total of three evaluations will be provided for each 229 accident year. The first year to be so reported shall be 230 accident year 1984, so that the reporting of 3 accident years 231 under this revised evaluation will not take place until accident 232 years 1985 and 1986 have become available. For reporting 233 purposes unrelated to determining excessive profits, the loss 234 and loss adjustment experience of each accident year shall 235 continue to be reported until each accident year has been 236 reported at eight stages of development.

237 (2) (3) (a) Each insurer group writing commercial property 238 insurance or commercial casualty insurance shall also file a 239 schedule of Florida loss and loss adjustment experience for each of the 3 years previous to the most recent accident year. The 240 241 incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses shall be valued as 242 of December 31 of the first year following the latest accident 243 year, developed to an ultimate basis, and at two 12-month intervals thereafter, each developed to an ultimate basis, so 244 that a total of 3 evaluations will be provided for each accident 245

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246 year. The first year to be so reported shall be accident year 247 1987, which shall first be reported on or before July 1, 1989, 248 and the reporting of 3 accident years will not take place until 249 accident years 1988 and 1989 have become available. For medical malpractice insurance, the first year to be so reported shall be 250 accident year 1990, which shall first be reported on or before 251 252 July 1, 1992, and the reporting of 3 accident years for full 253 inclusion of medical malpractice experience in commercial casualty insurance will not take place until accident years 1991 254 255 and 1992 become available. Accordingly, no medical malpractice 256 insured shall be eligible for refunds or credits until the 257 reporting period ending with calendar-accident year 1992. For 258 reporting purposes unrelated to determining excess profits, the 259 loss and loss adjustment experience of each accident year shall 260 continue to be reported until each accident year has been 261 reported at eight stages of development.

262 (b) Each insurer group writing commercial umbrella 263 liability insurance which elects to file separate data for such insurance shall also file a schedule of Florida loss and loss 264 265 adjustment experience for each of the 10 years previous to the 266 most recent accident year. The incurred losses and loss 267 adjustment expenses shall be valued as of December 31 of the 268 first year following the latest accident year, developed to an ultimate basis, and at nine 12-month intervals thereafter, each 269 270 developed to an ultimate basis, so that a total of 10 271 evaluations will be provided for each accident year. The first 272 year to be so reported shall be accident year 1987, which shall 273 first be reported on or before October 1, 1989, and the reporting of 10 accident years will not take place until 274

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275 accident year 1996 data is reported.

276 (3) (4) Each insurer group's underwriting gain or loss for 277 each calendar-accident year shall be computed as follows: The 278 sum of the accident-year incurred losses and loss adjustment 279 expenses as of December 31 of the year, developed to an ultimate 280 basis, plus the administrative and selling expenses incurred in 281 the calendar year, plus policyholder dividends applicable to the 282 calendar year, shall be subtracted from the calendar-year earned 283 premium to determine the underwriting gain or loss.

284 <u>(4)(5)</u> For the 3 most recent calendar-accident years for 285 which data is to be filed under this section, the underwriting 286 gain or loss shall be compared to the anticipated underwriting 287 profit, except in the case of separately reported commercial 288 umbrella liability insurance for which such comparison shall be 289 made for the 10 most recent calendar-accident years.

290 (6) For those insurer groups writing workers' compensation 291 and employer's liability insurance during the years 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, and 1988, an excessive profit has been realized if 292 293 underwriting gain is greater than the anticipated underwriting 294 profit plus 5 percent of earned premiums for the 3 most recent 295 calendar years for which data is to be filed under this section. 296 Any excess profit of an insurance company offering workers' 297 compensation or employer's liability insurance during this 298 period of time, shall be returned to policyholders in the form 299 of a cash refund or a credit toward future purchase of 300 insurance. The excessive amount shall be refunded on a pro rata basis in relation to the final compilation year earned premiums 301 302 to the workers' compensation policyholders of record of the insurer group on December 31 of the final compilation year. 303

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304 (5) (7) (a) Beginning with the July 1, 1991, report for 305 workers' compensation insurance, employer's liability insurance, commercial property insurance, and commercial casualty 306 307 insurance, an excessive profit has been realized if the net 308 aggregate underwriting gain for all these lines combined is 309 greater than the net aggregate anticipated underwriting profit for these lines plus 5 percent of earned premiums for the 3 most 310 recent calendar years for which data is to be filed under this 311 312 section. For calculation purposes commercial property insurance 313 and commercial casualty insurance shall be broken down into 314 sublines in order to ascertain the anticipated underwriting 315 profit factor versus the actual underwriting gain for the given 316 subline.

(b) Beginning with the July 1, 1998, report for commercial umbrella liability insurance, if an insurer has elected to file data separately for such insurance, an excessive profit has been realized if the underwriting gain for such insurance is greater than the anticipated underwriting profit for such insurance plus percent of earned premiums for the 10 most recent calendar years for which data is to be filed under this section.

324 (6) (8) As used in this section with respect to any 3-year 325 period, or with respect to any 10-year period in the case of 326 commercial umbrella liability insurance, "anticipated underwriting profit" means the sum of the dollar amounts 327 328 obtained by multiplying, for each rate filing of the insurer 329 group in effect during such period, the earned premiums 330 applicable to such rate filing during such period by the percentage factor included in such rate filing for profit and 331 332 contingencies, such percentage factor having been determined

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333 with due recognition to investment income from funds generated 334 by Florida business, except that the anticipated underwriting 335 profit for the purposes of this section shall be calculated 336 using a profit and contingencies factor that is not less than 337 zero. Separate calculations need not be made for consecutive 338 rate filings containing the same percentage factor for profits 339 and contingencies.

340 (7) (9) If the insurer group has realized an excessive 341 profit, the office shall order a return of the excessive amounts 342 after affording the insurer group an opportunity for hearing and 343 otherwise complying with the requirements of chapter 120. Such 344 excessive amounts shall be refunded in all instances unless the 345 insurer group affirmatively demonstrates to the office that the 346 refund of the excessive amounts will render a member of the insurer group financially impaired or will render it insolvent 347 348 under the provisions of the Florida Insurance Code.

349 (8) (10) Any excess profit of an insurance company as determined on July 1, 1991, and thereafter shall be returned to 350 351 policyholders in the form of a cash refund or a credit toward 352 the future purchase of insurance. The excessive amount shall be 353 refunded on a pro rata basis in relation to the final 354 compilation year earned premiums to the policyholders of record 355 of the insurer group on December 31 of the final compilation 356 year.

357 <u>(9)(11)(a)</u> Cash refunds to policyholders may be rounded to 358 the nearest dollar.

359 (b) Data in required reports to the office may be rounded360 to the nearest dollar.

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(c) Rounding, if elected by the insurer, shall be applied

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362 consistently.

363 (10) (12) (a) Refunds shall be completed in one of the 364 following ways:

365 1. If the insurer group elects to make a cash refund, the 366 refund shall be completed within 60 days <u>after</u> <del>of</del> entry of a 367 final order indicating that excessive profits have been 368 realized.

369 2. If the insurer group elects to make refunds in the form 370 of a credit to renewal policies, such credits shall be applied 371 to policy renewal premium notices which are forwarded to 372 insureds more than 60 calendar days after entry of a final order 373 indicating that excessive profits have been realized. If an 374 insurer group has made this election but an insured thereafter 375 cancels her or his policy or otherwise allows the policy to 376 terminate, the insurer group shall make a cash refund within not 377 later than 60 days after termination of such coverage.

(b) Upon completion of the renewal credits or refund payments, the insurer group shall immediately certify to the office that the refunds have been made.

381 <u>(11)(13)</u> Any refund or renewal credit made pursuant to this 382 section shall be treated as a policyholder dividend applicable 383 to the year immediately succeeding the compilation period giving 384 rise to the refund or credit, for purposes of reporting under 385 this section for subsequent years.

386 <u>(12)(14)</u> The application of this law to commercial property 387 and commercial casualty insurance, which includes commercial 388 umbrella liability insurance, ceases on January 1, 1997.

389 Section 8. Subsection (8) is added to section 627.4133, 390 Florida Statutes, to read:

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391 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal 392 premium.-393 (8) Upon expiration of the policy term, an insurer may 394 transfer a commercial lines policy to another authorized insurer 395 that is a member of the same group or owned by the same holding 396 company as the transferring insurer. The transfer constitutes a 397 renewal of the policy and may not be treated as a cancellation or a nonrenewal of the policy. The insurer must provide notice 398 399 of its intent to transfer the policy at least 45 days before the 400 effective date of the transfer along with the financial rating 401 of the authorized insurer to which the policy is being 402 transferred. Such notice may be provided in the notice of 403 renewal premium. This subsection does not apply to a policy 404 providing residential property insurance coverage, except for 405 farmowners insurance and commercial general liability policies 406 providing farm coverage or commercial property policies 407 providing farm coverage. 408 Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 627.442, Florida 409 Statutes, is amended to read: 410 627.442 Insurance contracts.-(2) Notwithstanding s. 440.381(3), an insurer having at 411 412 least \$200 million in surplus, or an insurer within an insurer 413 group that has at least \$400 million in surplus, as reflected in 414 the combined annual statement filed by the insurer group with the office, is not required to perform physical onsite premium 415 416 audits are not required for workers' compensation coverage, 417 other than an audit required by the insurance policy or an order 418 of the office, or at least once each policy period, if requested by the insured. 419

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420	Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 628.6017, Florida
421	Statutes, is amended to read:
422	628.6017 Converting assessable mutual insurer
423	(4) An assessable mutual insurer becoming a stock insurer
424	or a nonassessable mutual insurer <u>is</u> <del>shall</del> not <del>be</del> subject to s.
425	627.215 or s. 627.351(5) for 5 years following authorization of
426	the conversion by the office. However, the converted stock
427	insurer or nonassessable mutual insurer <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> file all
428	necessary data required by s. 627.215. Such amounts otherwise
429	subject to s. <u>627.215(8) must</u> <del>627.215(10) shall</del> be maintained as
430	surplus as to policyholders and <u>are</u> not <del>be</del> available for
431	dividends for <del>a period of</del> 5 years.
432	Section 11. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
433	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2012.
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435	======================================
436	And the title is amended as follows:
437	Delete everything before the enacting clause
438	and insert:
439	A bill to be entitled
440	An act relating to insurance; amending s. 440.02,
441	F.S.; redefining the terms "corporate officer" and
442	"employee" for purposes of workers' compensation;
443	amending s. 440.05, F.S.; revising requirements for
444	submitting a notice of election of exemption; revising
445	duties of the Department of Financial Services
446	relating to the expiration of certificates of
447	exemption; expanding applicability of requirements
448	relating to certificates of exemption; amending s.

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449 440.107, F.S.; exempting certain limited liability 450 companies from penalties for failure to secure the 451 payment of workers' compensation; amending s. 624.307, 452 F.S.; authorizing the Office of Insurance Regulation 453 to expend funds for the professional development of 454 its employees; amending s. 627.215, F.S.; removing 455 workers' compensation and employer's liability 456 insurance from those types of insurance that must 457 report and refund excess profits; deleting obsolete 458 provisions; amending s. 627.4133, F.S.; providing that 459 the transfer of a policy to certain other insurers is 460 considered a renewal of the policy rather than a 461 cancellation or nonrenewal; requiring notice of such 462 transfer; specifying which types of policies such 463 transfer provisions apply to; amending s. 627.442, 464 F.S.; exempting certain insurers from performing 465 onsite premium audits for workers' compensation 466 insurance; amending s. 628.6017, F.S.; conforming a 467 cross-reference; providing effective dates.