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By the Committee on Community Affairs; and Senator Latvala

578-00690-12 2012156c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the assessment of residential and nonhomestead real property; creating s. 193.624, F.S.; providing definitions; excluding the value of certain improvements from the assessed value of residential real property; specifying a limitation on the assessed value of residential real property; providing for application of the assessment limitations; providing procedural requirements and limitations; requiring a nonrefundable filing fee for a petition to the value adjustment board; amending s. 193.155, F.S.; specifying additional exceptions to the assessment of homestead property at just value; amending ss. 193.1554 and 193.1555, F.S.; specifying additional exceptions to assessment of nonhomestead property at just value; defining the term "placed on the tax roll"; providing for the continuity and apportionment of assessment limitations on combined and divided parcels; specifying when divided or combined parcels shall appear as combined or divided on a tax roll; amending s. 196.012, F.S.; deleting the definition of the terms "renewable energy source device" and "device"; conforming cross-references; amending ss. 196.121 and 196.1995, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; repealing s. 196.175, F.S., relating to the property tax exemption for renewable energy source devices; providing for application of the act; providing an effective date.

578-00690-12

2012156c1

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31 32 Section 1. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is created to 33 read: 34 193.624 Assessment of residential property.-35 (1) For the purposes of this section: 36 (a) "Changes or improvements made for the purpose of 37 improving a property's resistance to wind damage" means: 38 1. Improving the strength of the roof-deck attachment; 39 2. Creating a secondary water barrier to prevent water 40 intrusion; 41 3. Installing wind-resistant shingles; 42 4. Installing gable-end bracing; 43 5. Reinforcing roof-to-wall connections; 44 6. Installing storm shutters; or 45 7. Installing opening protections. 46 (b) "Renewable energy source device" means any of the following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses 47 solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal 48 49 deposits: 50 1. Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and 51 inverters. 52 2. Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 53 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 54 3. Rockbeds. 55 4. Thermostats and other control devices. 56 5. Heat exchange devices. 57 6. Pumps and fans. 58 7. Roof ponds.

578-00690-12 2012156c1

- 8. Freestanding thermal containers.
- 9. Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, such equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any type.
 - 10. Windmills and wind turbines.
 - 11. Wind-driven generators.
- 12. Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- 13. Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
- (2) In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, the just value of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and the just value of renewable energy source devices may not be added to the assessed value as limited by s. 193.155 or s. 193.1554.
- (3) The assessed value of real property used for residential purposes may not exceed the total just value of the property minus the combined just values of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and renewable energy source devices.
- (4) This section applies to new and existing construction used for residential purposes.
- (5) A parcel of residential property may not be assessed pursuant to this section unless an application is filed on or before March 1 of the first year the property owner claims the assessment reduction for renewable energy source devices or

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578-00690-12 2012156c1

changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. The property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may reasonably be required to establish the just value of the renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. Failure to make timely application by March 1 constitutes a waiver of the property owner to have his or her assessment calculated under this section. However, an applicant who fails to file an application by March 1 may file a late application and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment board requesting assessment under this section. The petition must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the property is qualified to be assessed under this section and the property owner demonstrates particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant granting assessment under this section, the property appraiser shall calculate the assessment pursuant to this section.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property

578-00690-12 2012156c1

receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) apply.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.

Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Nonhomestead residential property" means residential real property that contains nine or fewer dwelling units, including vacant property zoned and platted for residential use, and that does not receive the exemption under s. 196.031.
- (b) "Placed on the tax roll" means the year any property, as of January 1, becomes eligible for assessment under this section and becomes a nonhomestead property or a property that has been combined or divided.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.
- (7) Any property that is combined or divided after January

 1 and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice

 shall receive any current assessment limitation on the newly

 combined parcel or parcels or have any current assessment

 limitation apportioned among the newly created parcel or

578-00690-12 2012156c1

parcels, and the property may not be considered combined or divided for purposes of this section until the following January 1, when the parcel or parcels shall be considered placed on the tax roll as a combined or divided parcel or parcels. Any increase in the value of property assessed under this section which is attributable to combining or dividing parcels shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the parcels created.

Section 4. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and nonresidential real property.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Nonresidential real property" means real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in s. 4(a), (c), (d), or (g), Art. VII of the State Constitution.
- (b) "Improvement" means an addition or change to land or buildings which increases their value and is more than a repair or a replacement.
- (c) "Placed on the tax roll" means the year any property, as of January 1, becomes eligible for assessment under this section and becomes a nonhomestead property or a property that has been combined or divided.
- (7) Any property that is combined or divided after January

 1 and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice

 shall receive any current assessment limitation on the newly

 combined parcel or parcels or have any current assessment

 limitation apportioned among the newly created parcel or

 parcels, and the property may not be considered combined or

578-00690-12 2012156c1 175 divided for purposes of this section until the following January 176 1, when the parcel or parcels shall be considered placed on the 177 tax roll as a combined or divided parcel or parcels. Any 178 increase in the value of property assessed under this section which is attributable to combining or dividing parcels shall be 179 180 assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned 181 among the parcels created. Section 5. Subsections (14) through (20) of section 182 183 196.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 184 196.012 Definitions. - For the purpose of this chapter, the 185 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 186 clearly indicates otherwise: 187 (14) "Renewable energy source device" or "device" means any of the following equipment which, when installed in connection 188 189 with a dwelling unit or other structure, collects, transmits, 190 stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived 191 from geothermal deposits: 192 (a) Solar energy collectors. (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 193 194 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 195 (c) Rockbeds. 196 (d) Thermostats and other control devices. 197 (e) Heat exchange devices. 198 (f) Pumps and fans. 199 (g) Roof ponds. 200 (h) Freestanding thermal containers. 201 (i) Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 202 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, conventional backup systems of any type are not included in this 203

578-00690-12 2012156c1

204 definition.

- (j) Windmills.
- (k) Wind-driven generators.
 - (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
 - (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
 - $(14) \frac{(15)}{(15)}$ "New business" means:
 - (a)1. A business or organization establishing 10 or more new jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, paying an average wage for such new jobs that is above the average wage in the area, which principally engages in any one or more of the following operations:
 - a. Manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or
 - b. Is a target industry business as defined in s.
 288.106(2)(t);
 - 2. A business or organization establishing 25 or more new jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or
 - 3. An office space in this state owned and used by a business or organization newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such

578-00690-12 2012156c1

business or organization; provided that such business or organization office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization.

- (b) Any business or organization located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization.
- (c) A business or organization that is situated on property annexed into a municipality and that, at the time of the annexation, is receiving an economic development ad valorem tax exemption from the county under s. 196.1995.
 - (15) (16) "Expansion of an existing business" means:
- (a)1. A business or organization establishing 10 or more new jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, paying an average wage for such new jobs that is above the average wage in the area, which principally engages in any of the operations referred to in subparagraph (14)(a)1. (15)(a)1.; or
- 2. A business or organization establishing 25 or more new jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; provided that such business increases operations on a site located within the same county, municipality, or both colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization under common control with the same business or organization, resulting

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578-00690-12 2012156c1

in a net increase in employment of not less than 10 percent or an increase in productive output or sales of not less than 10 percent.

- (b) Any business or organization located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that increases operations on a site located within the same zone or area colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business or organization under common control with the same business or organization.
- (16) "Permanent resident" means a person who has established a permanent residence as defined in subsection (17)
- (17) (18) "Permanent residence" means that place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time; and, once a permanent residence is established in a foreign state or country, it is presumed to continue until the person shows that a change has occurred.
- $\underline{(18)}$ "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (19) (20) "Ex-servicemember" means any person who has served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty, a member of the Florida National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve Forces.
- Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

578-00690-12 2012156c1

196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.—

(2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as defined in s. 196.012(16)(17). Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.

Section 7. Subsections (6) and (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (9), and subsection (11) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.

- (6) With respect to a new business as defined by s. 196.012(14)(15)(c), the municipality annexing the property on which the business is situated may grant an economic development ad valorem tax exemption under this section to that business for a period that will expire upon the expiration of the exemption granted by the county. If the county renews the exemption under subsection (7), the municipality may also extend its exemption. A municipal economic development ad valorem tax exemption granted under this subsection may not extend beyond the duration of the county exemption.
- (8) Any person, firm, or corporation which desires an economic development ad valorem tax exemption shall, in the year the exemption is desired to take effect, file a written application on a form prescribed by the department with the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, or both. The application shall request the adoption of an ordinance granting the applicant an exemption pursuant to this section and shall include the following information:

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578-00690-12 2012156c1

(a) The name and location of the new business or the expansion of an existing business;

- (b) A description of the improvements to real property for which an exemption is requested and the date of commencement of construction of such improvements;
- (c) A description of the tangible personal property for which an exemption is requested and the dates when such property was or is to be purchased;
- (d) Proof, to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, that the applicant is a new business or an expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. 196.012(15) or (16);
- (e) The number of jobs the applicant expects to create along with the average wage of the jobs and whether the jobs are full-time or part-time;
 - (f) The expected time schedule for job creation; and
- (g) Other information deemed necessary or appropriate by the department, county, or municipality.
- (9) Before it takes action on the application, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality shall deliver a copy of the application to the property appraiser of the county. After careful consideration, the property appraiser shall report the following information to the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality:
- (d) A determination as to whether the property for which an exemption is requested is to be incorporated into a new business or the expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. $196.012\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or (16), or into neither, which determination the

578-00690-12 2012156c1

property appraiser shall also affix to the face of the application. Upon the request of the property appraiser, the department shall provide to him or her such information as it may have available to assist in making such determination.

- (11) An ordinance granting an exemption under this section shall be adopted in the same manner as any other ordinance of the county or municipality and shall include the following:
- (a) The name and address of the new business or expansion of an existing business to which the exemption is granted;
- (b) The total amount of revenue available to the county or municipality from ad valorem tax sources for the current fiscal year, the total amount of revenue lost to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year by virtue of economic development ad valorem tax exemptions currently in effect, and the estimated revenue loss to the county or municipality for the current fiscal year attributable to the exemption of the business named in the ordinance;
- (c) The period of time for which the exemption will remain in effect and the expiration date of the exemption, which may be any period of time up to 10 years; and
- (d) A finding that the business named in the ordinance meets the requirements of s. 196.012(14)(15) or (15)(16).
 - Section 8. <u>Section 196.175</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
- Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012, and applies to assessments beginning January 1, 2013.