$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$  the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senators Gaetz and Garcia

588-02067-12

20121568c1

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the sale or lease of a county, 3 district, or municipal hospital; amending s. 155.40, 4 F.S.; defining the terms "affected community," "fair 5 market value," and "interested party"; requiring the 6 governing board of a county, district, or municipal 7 hospital to evaluate the possible benefits to an 8 affected community from the sale or lease of a 9 hospital facility owned by the board to a not-for-10 profit or for-profit entity within a specified time 11 period; specifying the actions the board must take in 12 evaluating whether to sell or lease the public 13 hospital; requiring the board to determine whether 14 qualified purchasers or lessees exist; specifying the 15 factors that must be considered by the governing board 16 before accepting a proposal to sell or lease the 17 hospital; requiring the board to state in writing its 18 detailed findings related to its decision to accept or 19 reject the proposal; requiring the governing board to 20 make public the required findings and documents and to 21 publish a notice of the proposed transaction in one or 22 more newspapers of general circulation in the county 23 in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located; allowing persons to submit 24 25 written comments regarding the proposed transaction; 26 providing that the sale or lease is subject to the 27 approval of the Chief Financial Officer; requiring the 28 governing board to file a petition with the Chief 29 Financial Officer seeking approval of the proposed

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30transaction within a specified time period; requiring31the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee to32issue a final order approving or denying the proposed33transaction; specifying the criteria upon which the34Chief Financial Officer must base his or her decision;35authorizing an interested party to appeal the decision36of the Chief Financial Officer; providing that all37costs be paid by the governing board, unless an38interested party contests the action, in which case39the court may assign costs equitably to the parties;40providing for the distribution of proceeds from the41transaction; exempting the sale or lease of specified42physical property of a county, district, or municipal43hospital from processes required for the approval of a44sale or lease of county, district, or municipal	
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<ul> <li>43 hospital from processes required for the approval of a</li> <li>44 sale or lease of county, district, or municipal</li> </ul>	
44 sale or lease of county, district, or municipal	
45 hospital property; creating s. 155.401, F.S.;	
46 providing that the purposes for which a special taxing	
47 district may appropriate funds from the sale or lease	
48 of a hospital include the promotion and support of	
49 economic growth in the district and county in which	
50 the taxing district is located and the furthering of	
51 the purposes of the taxing district; amending s.	
52 395.3036, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing	
53 an effective date.	
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55 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	
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57 Section 1. Section 155.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to	
58 read:	

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588-02067-12 20121568c1 59 155.40 Sale or lease of county, district, or municipal 60 hospital; effect of sale.-61 (1) In the interest of providing quality health care 62 services to the order that citizens and residents of this the 63 state may receive quality health care, a any county, district, or municipal hospital organized and existing under the laws of 64 65 this state, acting by and through its governing board, may shall 66 have the authority to sell or lease the such hospital to a forprofit or not-for-profit Florida corporation, and enter into 67 68 leases or other contracts with a for-profit or not-for-profit Florida corporation for the purpose of operating the and 69

managing such hospital and any or all of its facilities of 70 71 whatsoever kind and nature. The term of any such lease, 72 contract, or agreement and the conditions, covenants, and 73 agreements to be contained therein shall be determined by the 74 governing board of the such county, district, or municipal 75 hospital. The governing board of the hospital must find that the 76 sale, lease, or contract is in the best interests of the 77 affected community public and must state the basis of that such 78 finding. If the governing board of a county, district, or 79 municipal hospital decides to lease the hospital, it must give 80 notice in accordance with paragraph (4) (a) or paragraph (4) (b).

81 (2) <u>A</u> Any such lease, contract, or agreement made pursuant 82 hereto shall:

(a) Provide that the articles of incorporation of <u>the</u> such
for-profit or not-for-profit corporation be subject to the
approval of the board of directors or board of trustees of <u>the</u>
such hospital;

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(b) Require that any not-for-profit corporation become

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88	qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal
89	Revenue Code;
90	(c) Provide for the orderly transition of the operation and
91	management of <u>the</u> such facilities;
92	(d) Provide for the return of <u>the</u> <del>such</del> facility to the
93	county, municipality, or district upon the termination of <u>the</u>
94	such lease, contract, or agreement; and
95	(e) Provide for the continued treatment of indigent
96	patients pursuant to the Florida Health Care Responsibility Act
97	and pursuant to chapter 87-92, Laws of Florida.
98	(3) Any sale, lease, or contract entered into pursuant to
99	this section prior to the effective date of this act must have
100	complied with the requirements of subsection (2) in effect at
101	the time of the sale, lease, or contract. <u>Any lease</u>
102	modification, renewal, or extension relating to a hospital that
103	was leased before the effective date of this act is not subject
104	to this section. It is the intent of the Legislature that this
105	section does not impose any further requirements with respect to
106	the formation of any for-profit or not-for-profit Florida
107	corporation, the composition of the board of directors of any
108	Florida corporation, or the manner in which control of the
109	
110	(4) As used in this section, the term:
111	(a) "Affected community" means those persons residing
112	within the geographic boundaries defined by the charter of the
113	county, district, or municipal hospital, or if the boundaries
114	are not specifically defined by charter of the hospital, by the
115	geographic area from which 75 percent of the county, district,
116	or municipal hospital's inpatient admissions are derived.

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117	(b) "Fair market value" means the price that a seller or
118	lessor is willing to accept and a buyer or lessee is willing to
119	pay on the open market and in an arms-length transaction, or
120	what an independent expert in hospital valuation determines the
121	fair market value to be.
122	(c) "Interested party" includes any person submitting a
123	proposal for sale or lease of the county, district, or municipal
124	hospital, as well as the governing board.
125	(5) Within 45 calendar days after July 1, 2012, the
126	governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital
127	shall commence an evaluation of the possible benefits to an
128	affected community from the sale or lease of hospital facilities
129	owned by the board to a not-for-profit or for-profit entity. In
130	the course of such evaluation, the board shall:
131	(a) Conduct a public hearing to provide interested persons
132	the opportunity to be heard on the matter.
133	(b) Publish notice of the public hearing in one or more
134	newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the
135	majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located and
136	in the Florida Administrative Weekly at least 15 days before the
137	hearing is scheduled to take place.
138	(c) Contract with a certified public accounting firm or
139	other firm having substantial expertise in the valuation of
140	hospitals for an independent valuation of the hospital's fair
141	market value, with such valuation being available to the public
142	before the scheduled public hearing.
143	(d) Consider an objective operating comparison between a
144	hospital or hospital system operated by the district, county, or
145	municipality and other similarly situated hospitals, both not-

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146	for-profit and for-profit, which have a similar service mix, in
147	order to determine whether there is a difference in the cost of
148	operation using publicly available data provided by the Agency
149	for Health Care Administration and the quality metrics
150	identified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
151	Core Measures. The comparison must determine whether it is more
152	beneficial to taxpayers and the affected community for the
153	hospital to be operated by a governmental entity, or whether the
154	hospital can be operated by a not-for-profit or for-profit
155	corporation with similar or better cost efficiencies or
156	measurable outcomes identified by the Centers for Medicare and
157	Medicaid Services Core Measures. The comparison must also
158	determine whether there is a net benefit to the community to
159	operate the hospital as a not-for-profit or for-profit entity
160	and use the proceeds of the sale or lease for the purposes
161	described in this section.
162	(e) Make publicly available all documents considered by the
163	board in the course of such evaluation.
164	1. Within 160 days after July 1, 2012, the governing board
165	shall publish notice of the board's findings in one or more
166	newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the
167	majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located and
168	in the Florida Administrative Weekly.
169	2. This evaluation is not required if a district, county,
170	or municipal hospital has issued a public request for proposals
171	for the sale or lease of a hospital on or before February 1,
172	2012, for the purpose of receiving proposals from interested and
173	qualified prospective buyers or lessees, either not-for-profit
174	<u>or for-profit.</u>

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175	<u>(6)</u> (4) If In the event the governing board of a county,
176	district, or municipal hospital <u>determines that it is no longer</u>
177	in the public interest to own or operate such hospital and
178	elects to consider a sale or lease of the hospital to a third
179	party, the governing board must first determine whether there
180	are any qualified purchasers or lessees. In the process of
181	evaluating any potential purchasers or lessees elects to sell or
182	lease the hospital, the board shall:
183	(a) <del>Negotiate the terms of the sale or lease with a for-</del>
184	profit or not-for-profit Florida corporation and Publicly
185	advertise the meeting at which the proposed sale or lease will
186	be considered by the governing board of the hospital in
187	accordance with s. 286.0105; or
188	(b) Publicly advertise the offer to accept proposals in
189	accordance with s. 255.0525 and receive proposals from all
190	interested and qualified purchasers and lessees.
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192	Any sale <u>or lease</u> must be for fair market value, <u>or, if not for</u>
193	fair market value, the lease must be in the best interest of the
194	<u>affected community. A</u> <del>and any</del> sale or lease must comply with all
195	applicable state and federal antitrust laws.
196	(7) A determination by a governing board to accept a
197	proposal for sale or lease shall be made after consideration of
198	all proposals received and negotiations with a for-profit or
199	not-for-profit business entity organized under the laws of this
200	state. The governing board's determination must include, in
201	writing, detailed findings of all reasons for accepting the
202	proposal.
203	(a) The governing board's acceptance of a proposal for sale

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204	or lease must include a description of how the sale or lease
205	satisfies each of the following requirements:
206	1. The sale or lease represents fair market value, as
207	determined by a certified public accounting firm or other
208	qualified firm pursuant to paragraph (5)(c). If leased at less
209	than fair market value, the governing board shall provide a
210	detailed explanation of how the best interests of the affected
211	community are served by the acceptance of less than fair market
212	value for the lease of the hospital.
213	2. Acceptance of the proposal will result in a reduction or
214	elimination of ad valorem or other taxes for taxpayers in the
215	district.
216	3. The proposal includes an enforceable commitment that
217	programs and services and quality health care will continue to
218	be provided to all residents of the affected community,
219	particularly to the indigent, the uninsured, and the
220	underinsured.
221	4. Disclosure has been made of all conflicts of interest,
222	including, but not limited to, whether the sale or lease of the
223	hospital would result in a special private gain or loss to
224	members of the governing board or key management employees of
225	the county, district, or municipal hospital, or if governing
226	board members will be serving on the board of any successor
227	private corporation. Conflicts of interest, if any, with respect
228	to experts retained by the governing board shall also be
229	disclosed.
230	5. Disclosure has been made by the seller or lessor of all
231	contracts with physicians or other entities providing health
232	care services through a contract with the seller or lessor,

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233	including all agreements or contracts that would be void or
234	voidable upon the consummation of the sale or lease.
235	6. The proposal is in compliance with subsections (8) and
236	<u>(9).</u>
237	(b) The findings must be accompanied by all information and
238	documents relevant to the governing board's determination,
239	including, but not limited to:
240	1. The names and addresses of all parties to the
241	transaction.
242	2. The location of the hospital and all related facilities.
243	3. A description of the terms of all proposed agreements.
244	4. A copy of the proposed sale or lease agreement and any
245	related agreements, including, but not limited to, leases,
246	management contracts, service contracts, and memoranda of
247	understanding.
248	5. The estimated total value associated with the proposed
249	agreement and the proposed acquisition price.
250	6. Any valuations of the hospital's assets prepared during
251	the 3 years immediately preceding the proposed transaction date.
252	7. The fair market value analysis required by paragraph
253	<u>(5)(c).</u>
254	8. Copies of all other proposals and bids the governing
255	board may have received or considered in compliance with
256	subsection (6).
257	(8) Within 120 days before the anticipated closing date of
258	the proposed transaction, the governing board shall make
259	publicly available all findings and documents required under
260	subsection (7) and publish a notice of the proposed transaction
261	in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county

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262	in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are
263	located. The notice must include the names of the parties
264	involved and the means by which a person may submit written
265	comments about the proposed transaction to the governing board
266	and obtain copies of the findings and documents required under
267	subsection (7).
268	(9) Within 20 days after the date of publication of the
269	public notice, any person may submit to the governing board
270	written comments regarding the proposed transaction.
271	(10) The sale or lease of the hospital is subject to
272	approval by the Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee,
273	except, if otherwise required by law, approval of the sale or
274	lease shall exclusively be by majority vote of the registered
275	voters in the county, district, or municipality in which the
276	hospital is located.
277	(a) The governing board shall file a petition with the
278	state Chief Financial Officer seeking approval of the proposed
279	transaction at least 30 days after publication of the notice of
280	the proposed transaction.
281	(b) The petition for approval filed by the governing board
282	must include all findings and documents required under
283	subsection (7) and certification by the governing board of
284	compliance with all requirements of this section. The chair of
285	the governing board must certify under oath and subject to the
286	penalty of perjury on a form accompanying the petition that the
287	contents of the petition and representations therein are true
288	and correct.
289	(11) The Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee
290	shall issue a final order approving or denying the proposed

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291	transaction based solely upon consideration of whether the
292	procedures contained within this section have been followed by
293	the governing board of the county, district, or municipal
294	hospital. The order shall require the governing board to accept
295	or reject the proposal for the sale or lease of the county,
296	district, or municipal hospital based upon a determination that:
297	(a) The proposed transaction is permitted by law.
298	(b) The proposed transaction does not unreasonably exclude
299	a potential purchaser or lessee on the basis of being a for-
300	profit or a not-for-profit Florida corporation or other form of
301	business organization, such as a partnership or limited
302	liability company.
303	(c) The governing board of the hospital publicly advertised
304	the meeting at which the proposed transaction was considered by
305	the board in compliance with s. 286.0105.
306	(d) The governing board of the hospital publicly advertised
307	the offer to accept proposals in compliance with s. 255.0525.
308	(e) Any conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but
309	not limited to, how the proposed transaction could result in a
310	special private gain or loss to members of the governing board
311	or key management employees of the county, district, or
312	municipal hospital, or if governing board members will be
313	serving on the board of any successor private corporation.
314	Conflicts of interest, if any, with respect to experts retained
315	by the governing board shall also be disclosed.
316	(f) The seller or lessor will receive fair market value for
317	the sale or lease of the assets as indicated in paragraph (5)(c)
318	or, if leased at less than fair market value, the governing
319	board provided a detailed explanation of how the best interests

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320	of the affected community are served by the acceptance of less
321	than fair market value for the lease of the hospital.
322	(g) The acquiring entity has made an enforceable commitment
323	that programs and services and quality health care will continue
324	to be provided to all residents of the affected community,
325	particularly to the indigent, the uninsured, and the
326	underinsured.
327	(h) The governing board disclosed whether the sale or lease
328	will result in a reduction or elimination of ad valorem or other
329	taxes used to support the hospital.
330	(12) Any interested party to the action has the right to
331	seek judicial review of the decision in the appellate district
332	where the hospital is located or in the First District Court of
333	Appeal pursuant to s. 120.68.
334	(a) All proceedings shall be instituted by filing a notice
335	of appeal in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate
336	Procedure within 30 days after the date of the final order.
337	(b) In such judicial review, the appellate court shall
338	affirm the decision of the Chief Financial Officer, unless the
339	decision by the Chief Financial Officer is shown to be clearly
340	erroneous.
341	(13) All costs shall be paid by the governing board, unless
342	an interested party contests the action, in which case the court
343	may assign costs equitably to the parties.
344	(14) If any provision of subsection (5), subsection (6), or
345	subsection (7) is not followed, the contract for sale or lease
346	is voidable by any party to the contract. If any member of the
347	governing board negligently or willfully violates subsection
348	(5), subsection (6), or subsection (7), as determined by the

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366 (b) Appropriate 50 percent of the net proceeds of the sale 367 or lease for funding the delivery of indigent and uncompensated 368 care on an equitable basis, based on the amount of indigent and 369 uncompensated care provided, to all hospitals within the 370 boundaries of the district.

372 For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net proceeds" 373 means the sale price after payment of all district debts and 374 obligations. 375 (16) If a county, district, or municipal hospital is sold 376 an leaged to a fer purfit supression of the second s

376 or leased to a for-profit corporation or other business entity
377 subject to local taxation, in addition to the distribution of

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378	funds as directed in subsection (15):
379	(a) Fifty percent of the resulting county and municipal ad
380	valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property shall
381	be distributed by the county commission of the county in which
382	the property is located, in consultation with the Department of
383	Economic Opportunity, to promote new or expanded health care
384	business development or health care research within the affected
385	community; and
386	(b) Fifty percent of the resulting county and municipal ad
387	valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property shall
388	be appropriated by the county commission for the sole purpose of
389	enhancing education and law enforcement programs within the
390	county.
391	<u>(17)</u> (5) If <del>In the event</del> a hospital operated by a for-profit
392	or not-for-profit Florida corporation receives annually more
393	than \$100,000 in revenues from the county, district, or
394	municipality that owns the hospital, the Florida corporation
395	must be accountable to the county, district, or municipality
396	with respect to the manner in which the funds are expended by
397	either:
398	(a) Having the revenues subject to annual appropriations by
399	the county, district, or municipality; or
400	(b) Where there is a contract to provide revenues to the
401	hospital, the term of which is longer than 12 months, the
402	governing board of the county, district, or municipality must be
403	able to modify the contract upon 12 months notice to the
404	hospital.
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406	A not-for-profit corporation that is subject to this subsection
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407	and that does not currently comply with the accountability
408	requirements in this subsection shall have 12 months after the
409	effective date of this act to modify any contracts with the
410	county, district, or municipality in a manner that is consistent
411	with this subsection.
412	(18) <del>(6)</del> Unless otherwise expressly stated in the lease
413	documents, the transaction involving the sale or lease of a
414	hospital shall not be construed as:
415	(a) A transfer of a governmental function from the county,
416	district, or municipality to the private purchaser or lessee;
417	(b) Constituting a financial interest of the public lessor
418	in the private lessee; or
419	(c) Making a private lessee an integral part of the public
420	lessor's decisionmaking process.
421	(19) <del>(7)</del> The lessee of a hospital, under this section or any
422	special act of the Legislature, operating under a lease <u>may</u>
423	shall not be construed to be "acting on behalf of" the lessor as
424	that term is used in statute, unless the lease document
425	expressly provides to the contrary.
426	<u>(20)</u> (a) If, whenever the sale of a public hospital by a
427	public agency to a private corporation or other private entity
428	pursuant to this section or pursuant to a special act of the
429	Legislature reflects that:
430	1. The private corporation or other private entity
431	purchaser acquires 100 percent ownership in the hospital
432	enterprise;
433	2. The private corporation or other private entity
434	purchases the physical plant of the hospital facility and has
435	complete responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the
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588-02067-12 20121568c1 436 facility, regardless of ownership of the underlying real 437 property; 3. The public agency seller retains no control over 438 439 decisionmaking or policymaking for the hospital; 440 4. The private corporation or other private entity 441 purchaser receives no funding from the public agency seller 442 other than by contract for services rendered to patients for 443 whom the public agency seller has the responsibility to pay for hospital or medical care; 444 445 5. The public agency seller makes no substantial investment 446 in or loans to the private entity; 447 6. The private corporation or other private entity 448 purchaser was not created by the public entity seller; and 449 7. The private corporation or other private entity 450 purchaser operates primarily for its own financial interests and 451 not primarily for the interests of the public agency, 452 453 such a sale shall be considered a complete sale of the public 454 agency's interest in the hospital. 455 (b) A complete sale of a hospital as described in this 456 subsection shall not be construed as: 457 1. A transfer of a governmental function from the county, 458 district, or municipality to the private corporation or other 459 private entity purchaser; 460 2. Constituting a financial interest of the public agency 461 in the private corporation or other private entity purchaser; 462 3. Making the private corporation or other private entity 463 purchaser an "agency" as that term is used in statutes; 464 4. Making the private corporation or other private entity

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465	purchaser an integral part of the public agency's decisionmaking
466	process; or
467	5. Indicating that the private corporation or other private
468	entity purchaser is "acting on behalf of a public agency" as
469	that term is used in statute.
470	(21) If the governing board elects to sell or lease any
471	physical property of a county, district, or municipal hospital
472	and such property generated less than 20 percent of the
473	hospital's total revenue within the hospital's most recent
474	fiscal year, the sale or lease of such property is exempt from
475	the requirements under subsections (6)-(16). However, the
476	governing board shall publicly advertise the meeting at which
477	the proposed sale or lease of such property will be considered
478	by the governing board of the hospital in accordance with s.
479	286.0105 or publicly advertise the offer to accept proposals in
480	accordance with s. 255.0525 and receive proposals from all
481	interested and qualified purchasers and lessees. The sale or
482	lease of the property must be for fair market value or, if a
483	lease is for less than fair market value, the lease must be in
484	the best interest of the affected community.
485	Section 2. Section 155.401, Florida Statutes, is created to
486	read:
487	155.401 Power of special taxing district to appropriate
488	proceeds from sale or lease of hospital to economic development
489	trust fundNotwithstanding any other provision of general or
490	special law, the purposes for which a special taxing district
491	may appropriate funds from the sale or lease of a hospital to an
492	economic development fund include the promotion and support of
493	economic growth in such district and in the county in which such

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494	district is located and the furthering of the purposes of such
495	district, as provided by law.
496	Section 3. Section 395.3036, Florida Statutes, is amended
497	to read:
498	395.3036 Confidentiality of records and meetings of
499	corporations that lease public hospitals or other public health
500	care facilities.—The records of a private corporation that
501	leases a public hospital or other public health care facility
502	are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1)
503	and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, and the meetings
504	of the governing board of a private corporation are exempt from
505	s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution ${ m if}$
506	when the public lessor complies with the public finance
507	accountability provisions of s. <u>155.40(17)</u> <del>155.40(5)</del> with
508	respect to the transfer of any public funds to the private
509	lessee and ${ m if}$ when the private lessee meets at least three of
510	the five following criteria:
511	(1) The public lessor that owns the public hospital or
512	other nublic health care facility was not the incorporator of

512 other public health care facility was not the incorporator of 513 the private corporation that leases the public hospital or other 514 health care facility.

(2) The public lessor and the private lessee do not commingle any of their funds in any account maintained by either of them, other than the payment of the rent and administrative fees or the transfer of funds pursuant to subsection (5) (2).

519 (3) Except as otherwise provided by law, the private lessee
520 is not allowed to participate, except as a member of the public,
521 in the decisionmaking process of the public lessor.

522

(4) The lease agreement does not expressly require the

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523	lessee to comply with <del>the requirements of</del> ss. 119.07(1) and
524	286.011.
525	(5) The public lessor is not entitled to receive any
526	revenues from the lessee, except for rental or administrative
527	fees due under the lease, and the lessor is not responsible for
528	the debts or other obligations of the lessee.
529	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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