| | HB 161 | 2012 |
|--------------|--|------|
| 1 | A bill to be entitled | |
| 2 | An act relating to driving without a valid driver | |
| 3 | license; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; providing an | |
| 4 | additional fine for a violation of specified | |
| 5 | provisions relating to driving with a canceled, | |
| 6 | suspended, or revoked driver's license or driving | |
| 7 | privilege; providing increased fine amounts for second | |
| 8 | or subsequent violations; amending s. 318.21, F.S.; | |
| 9 | providing for distribution of such fines collected; | |
| 10 | amending s. 322.34, F.S.; revising penalties for | |
| 11 | knowingly driving while the driver's license or | |
| 12 | driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked; | |
| 13 | revising procedures for impoundment or immobilization | |
| 14 | of the vehicle; providing an effective date. | |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: | |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | Section 1. Subsection (22) is added to section 318.18, | |
| 19 | Florida Statutes, to read: | |
| 20 | 318.18 Amount of penaltiesThe penalties required for a | |
| 21 | noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal | |
| 22 | offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows: | |
| 23 | (22) For a person knowingly driving any motor vehicle upo | on |
| 24 | the highways of this state while the person's driver's license | |
| 25 | or privilege to drive is canceled, suspended, or revoked in | |
| 26 | violation of s. $322.34(2)$, in addition to the fine under | |
| 27 | paragraph (3)(a), upon: | |
| 28 | (a) A first offense, \$100 before release of the vehicle | |
| Page 1 of 11 | | |

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29 from immobilization or impoundment. 30 (b) A second offense, \$500 before release of the vehicle 31 from immobilization or impoundment. 32 A third or subsequent offense, \$1,000 before release (C) 33 of the vehicle from immobilization or impoundment. 34 Section 2. Subsection (22) is added to section 318.21, 35 Florida Statutes, to read: 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courts.-36 37 All civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the 38 provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly 39 as follows: (22) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the proceeds 40 from the penalties imposed pursuant to s. 318.18(22) shall be 41 42 distributed as follows: 43 (a) For violations committed within a municipality, 40 44 percent shall be distributed to the municipality, 40 percent shall be distributed to the county, and 20 percent shall be 45 46 distributed to the agency or company that towed and stored the 47 vehicle. For violations committed outside a municipality, 80 48 (b) 49 percent shall be distributed to the county and 20 percent shall 50 be distributed to the agency or company that towed and stored 51 the vehicle. 52 Section 3. Section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to 53 read: 54 322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, 55 or disqualified.-56 Except as provided in subsection (2), Any person whose (1)Page 2 of 11

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57 driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, 58 suspended, or revoked, except a "habitual traffic offender" as 59 defined in s. 322.264, who drives a vehicle upon the highways of 60 this state while such license or privilege is canceled, 61 suspended, or revoked <u>commits</u> is guilty of a moving violation, 62 punishable as provided in chapter 318.

63 Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege (2) 64 has been canceled, suspended, or revoked as provided by law, except a habitual traffic offender as persons defined in s. 65 322.264, who, knowing of such cancellation, suspension, or 66 67 revocation, drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or 68 revoked commits a moving violation, punishable as provided in 69 70 chapter 318, and the motor vehicle being driven at the time of the offense shall be immediately immobilized or impounded.au71

72 upon:

73 (a) A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
74 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
75 775.083.

76 (b) A second conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 77 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 78 775.083.

79 (c) A third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a felony 80 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 81 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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83 The element of knowledge is satisfied if the person has been 84 previously cited as provided in subsection (1); or the person Page 3 of 11

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hb0161-00

85 admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, or 86 revocation; or the person received notice as provided in 87 subsection (4). There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the 88 knowledge requirement is satisfied if a judgment or order as 89 provided in subsection (4) appears in the department's records 90 for any case except for one involving a suspension by the 91 department for failure to pay a traffic fine or for a financial 92 responsibility violation.

93 (3) In any proceeding for a violation of this section, a
94 court may consider evidence, other than that specified in
95 subsection (2), that the person knowingly violated this section.

96 (4) Any judgment or order rendered by a court or
97 adjudicatory body or any uniform traffic citation that cancels,
98 suspends, or revokes a person's driver's license must contain a
99 provision notifying the person that his or her driver's license
100 has been canceled, suspended, or revoked.

(5) Any person whose driver's license has been revoked pursuant to s. 322.264 <u>as a</u> (habitual <u>traffic</u> offender) and who drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license is revoked <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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(6) Any person who operates a motor vehicle:

(a) Without having a driver's license as required under s.322.03; or

(b) While his or her driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked pursuant to s. 316.655, s. 322.26(8), s. 322.27(2), or s. 322.28(2) or (4),

Page 4 of 11

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113 and who by careless or negligent operation of the motor vehicle 114 causes the death of or serious bodily injury to another human 115 116 being commits is quilty of a felony of the third degree, 117 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 118 Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege (7) 119 has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified and who drives a commercial motor vehicle on the highways of this state 120 121 while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, 122 or disqualified, upon: A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 123 (a) 124 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 125 775.083. 126 (b) A second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a 127 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 128 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 129 (8) (a) Upon issuing a citation to the arrest of a person 130 for a violation of subsection (2), knowingly the offense of 131 driving while the person's driver's license or driving privilege 132 is suspended or revoked, the law enforcement arresting officer 133 shall immediately impound or immobilize the vehicle. determine: 134 1. Whether the person's driver's license is suspended or 135 revoked. 136 2. Whether the person's driver's license has remained suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of 137 138 driving with a suspended or revoked license. 139 3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under 140 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required Page 5 of 11

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141 security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic 142 offenders.

143 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner
144 of the vehicle.

145 (b) If the arresting officer finds in the affirmative as 146 to all of the criteria in paragraph (a), the officer shall 147 immediately impound or immobilize the vehicle.

148 (b) (c) Within 7 business days after the date the vehicle 149 is impounded or immobilized arresting agency impounds or immobilizes the vehicle, either the law enforcement arresting 150 151 agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the 152 vehicle, shall send notice by certified mail to any coregistered 153 owners of the vehicle other than the person who was cited 154 arrested and to each person of record claiming a lien against the vehicle. All costs and fees for the impoundment or 155 156 immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid 157 by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased, by the 158 person leasing the vehicle.

159 (c) (d) Either the law enforcement arresting agency or the 160 towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall 161 determine whether any vehicle impounded or immobilized under 162 this section has been leased or rented or if there are any 163 persons of record with a lien upon the vehicle. Either the law 164 enforcement arresting agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall notify by express courier 165 service with receipt or certified mail within 7 business days 166 after the date of the immobilization or impoundment of the 167 vehicle, the registered owner and all persons having a recorded 168 Page 6 of 11

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169 lien against the vehicle that the vehicle has been impounded or 170 immobilized. A lessor, rental car company, or lienholder may 171 then obtain the vehicle, upon payment of any lawful towing or 172 storage charges. If the vehicle is a rental vehicle subject to a 173 written contract, the charges may be separately charged to the 174 renter, in addition to the rental rate, along with other 175 separate fees, charges, and recoupments disclosed on the rental 176 agreement. If the storage facility fails to provide timely 177 notice to a lessor, rental car company, or lienholder as 178 required by this paragraph, the storage facility shall be 179 responsible for payment of any towing or storage charges 180 necessary to release the vehicle to a lessor, rental car company, or lienholder that accrue after the notice period, 181 182 which charges may then be assessed against the driver of the 183 vehicle if the vehicle was lawfully impounded or immobilized.

184 <u>(d) (e)</u> Except as provided in paragraph <u>(c)</u> (d), the 185 vehicle shall remain impounded or immobilized for any period 186 imposed by the court until <u>payment of the applicable amount</u> 187 required under s. 318.18 and:

188 1. The <u>person retrieving the vehicle</u> owner presents <u>to the</u> 189 <u>law enforcement agency</u> proof of <u>a valid driver's license, proof</u> 190 <u>of ownership of the vehicle or written consent by the owner</u> 191 <u>authorizing release to the person, and proof of</u> insurance to the 192 arresting agency; or

193 2. The owner presents to the law enforcement agency proof
194 of sale of the vehicle to the arresting agency and the buyer
195 presents proof of insurance to the arresting agency.

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Page 7 of 11

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197 If proof is not presented within 35 days after the impoundment 198 or immobilization, a lien shall be placed upon such vehicle 199 pursuant to s. 713.78.

200 (e) (f) The owner of a vehicle that is impounded or 201 immobilized under this subsection may, within 10 days after the 202 date the owner has knowledge of the location of the vehicle, 203 file a complaint in the county in which the owner resides to 204 determine whether the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld. 205 Upon the filing of a complaint, the owner or lienholder may have 206 the vehicle released by posting with the court a bond or other 207 adequate security equal to the amount of the costs and fees for 208 impoundment or immobilization, including towing or storage, to ensure the payment of such costs and fees if the owner or 209 210 lienholder does not prevail. When the vehicle owner or 211 lienholder does not prevail on a complaint that the vehicle was 212 wrongfully taken or withheld, he or she must pay the accrued 213 charges for the immobilization or impoundment, including any 214 towing and storage charges assessed against the vehicle. When 215 the bond is posted and the fee is paid as set forth in s. 28.24, 216 the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate releasing the 217 vehicle. At the time of release, after reasonable inspection, 218 the owner must give a receipt to the towing or storage company 219 indicating any loss or damage to the vehicle or to the contents 220 of the vehicle.

(9) (a) A motor vehicle that is driven by a person under
the influence of alcohol or drugs in violation of s. 316.193 is
subject to seizure and forfeiture under ss. 932.701-932.706 and
is subject to liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles

Page 8 of 11

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hb0161-00

225 under s. 713.78 if, at the time of the offense, the person's 226 driver's license is suspended, revoked, or canceled as a result 227 of a prior conviction for driving under the influence.

(b) The law enforcement officer shall notify the
Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of any
impoundment or seizure for violation of paragraph (a) in
accordance with procedures established by the department.

232 (c) Notwithstanding s. 932.703(1)(c) or s. 932.7055, when 233 the seizing agency obtains a final judgment granting forfeiture 234 of the motor vehicle under this section, 30 percent of the net 235 proceeds from the sale of the motor vehicle shall be retained by 236 the seizing law enforcement agency and 70 percent shall be 237 deposited in the General Revenue Fund for use by regional 238 workforce boards in providing transportation services for 239 participants of the welfare transition program. In a forfeiture 240 proceeding under this section, the court may consider the extent 241 that the family of the owner has other public or private means 242 of transportation.

(10) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a person does not have a prior forcible felony conviction as defined in s. 776.08, the <u>procedures penalties</u> provided in paragraph (b) apply if a person's driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked for:

248 1. Failing to pay child support as provided in s. 322.245 249 or s. 61.13016;

250 2. Failing to pay any other financial obligation as 251 provided in s. 322.245 other than those specified in s. 252 322.245(1);

Page 9 of 11

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hb0161-00

253 3. Failing to comply with a civil penalty required in s. 254 318.15;

4. Failing to maintain vehicular financial responsibilityas required by chapter 324;

5. Failing to comply with attendance or other requirements for minors as set forth in s. 322.091; or

6. Having been designated a habitual traffic offender under s. 322.264(1)(d) as a result of suspensions of his or her driver's license or driver privilege for any underlying violation listed in subparagraphs 1.-5.

(b)1. Upon a first conviction for knowingly driving while his or her license is suspended, revoked, or canceled for any of the underlying violations listed in subparagraphs (a)1.-6., a person commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

268 2. Upon a second or subsequent conviction for the same 269 offense of knowingly driving while his or her license is 270 suspended, revoked, or canceled for any of the underlying 271 violations listed in subparagraphs (a)1.-6., a person commits a 272 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 273 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) (11) (a) A person who does not hold a commercial driver's license and who is cited for an offense of knowingly driving while his or her license is suspended, revoked, or canceled for any of the underlying violations listed in paragraph (10) (a) may, in lieu of payment of fine or court appearance, elect to enter a plea of nolo contendere and provide proof of compliance to the clerk of the court, designated

Page 10 of 11

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281 official, or authorized operator of a traffic violations bureau. 282 In such case, adjudication shall be withheld and the clerk of 283 the court, designated official, or authorized operator of a 284 traffic violations bureau shall issue a certificate releasing 285 the vehicle upon payment of the cost of towing and storing the 286 vehicle. However, no election shall be made under this 287 subsection if such person has made an election under this 288 subsection during the preceding 12 months. A person may not make 289 more than three elections under this subsection. 290 (c) (b) If adjudication is withheld under paragraph (b)

- 291 (a), such action is not a conviction.
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Section 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2013.

Page 11 of 11

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