By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Garcia

590-03446-12 20121738c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to homestead exemptions for seniors; amending s. 196.075, F.S.; authorizing the board of county commissioners of any county or the governing authority of any municipality to adopt an ordinance granting an additional homestead tax exemption up to the assessed value of the property to an owner who has maintained permanent residency on the property for a specified duration, who has attained age 65, and whose household income does not exceed a specified amount; providing definitions applicable to such additional exemption; providing applicability of requirements relating to the adoption of a local ordinance granting such exemption; providing for annual cost-of-living adjustments of the household-income limitation relating to such additional homestead exemption; amending s. 196.031, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting s. 197.252(2)(a), F.S., relating to homestead tax deferral, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 196.075, F.S., in reference thereto; providing a contingent effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 196.075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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196.075 Additional homestead exemption for persons 65 and older.—

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Household" means a person or group of persons living together in a room or group of rooms as a housing unit, but the term does not include persons boarding in or renting a portion of the dwelling.
- (b) "Household income" means the adjusted gross income, as defined in s. 62 of the United States Internal Revenue Code, of all members of a household.
- (2) In accordance with s. 6(d), Art. VII of the State Constitution, the board of county commissioners of any county or the governing authority of any municipality may adopt an ordinance to allow an additional homestead exemption of up to:
- (a) Fifty-thousand dollars \$50,000 for any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, who has attained age 65, and whose household income does not exceed \$20,000; and.
- (b) The amount of the assessed value for any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and has maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for at least 20 years, who has attained age 65, and whose household income does not exceed \$15,000.
- (3) Beginning January 1, 2001, the \$20,000 income limitation and beginning January 1, 2014, the \$15,000 income limitation shall be adjusted annually, on January 1, by the percentage change in the average cost-of-living index in the period January 1 through December 31 of the immediate prior year compared with the same period for the year prior to that. The index is the average of the monthly consumer-price-index figures for the stated 12-month period, relative to the United States as

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a whole, issued by the United States Department of Labor.

(4) An ordinance granting additional homestead exemption as authorized by this section must meet the following requirements:

- (a) It must be adopted under the procedures for adoption of a nonemergency ordinance specified in chapter 125 by a board of county commissioners, or chapter 166 by a municipal governing authority.
- (b) It must specify that the exemption applies only to taxes levied by the unit of government granting the exemption. Unless otherwise specified by the county or municipality, this exemption will apply to all tax levies of the county or municipality granting the exemption, including dependent special districts and municipal service taxing units.
- (c) It must specify the amount of the exemption, which may not exceed the applicable amount specified in subsection (2) \$50,000. If the county or municipality specifies a different exemption amount for dependent special districts or municipal service taxing units, the exemption amount must be uniform in all dependent special districts or municipal service taxing units within the county or municipality.
- (d) It must require that a taxpayer claiming the exemption annually submit to the property appraiser, not later than March 1, a sworn statement of household income on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue.
- (5) The department must require by rule that the filing of the statement be supported by copies of any federal income tax returns for the prior year, any wage and earnings statements (W-2 forms), any request for an extension of time to file returns, and any other documents it finds necessary, for each member of

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the household, to be submitted for inspection by the property appraiser. The taxpayer's sworn statement shall attest to the accuracy of the documents and grant permission to allow review of the documents if requested by the property appraiser. Submission of supporting documentation is not required for the renewal of an exemption under this section unless the property appraiser requests such documentation. Once the documents have been inspected by the property appraiser, they shall be returned to the taxpayer or otherwise destroyed. The property appraiser is authorized to generate random audits of the taxpayers' sworn statements to ensure the accuracy of the household income reported. If so selected for audit, a taxpayer shall execute Internal Revenue Service Form 8821 or 4506, which authorizes the Internal Revenue Service to release tax information to the property appraiser's office. All reviews conducted in accordance with this section shall be completed on or before June 1. The property appraiser may not grant or renew the exemption if the required documentation requested is not provided.

- (6) The board of county commissioners or municipal governing authority must deliver a copy of any ordinance adopted under this section to the property appraiser no later than December 1 of the year prior to the year the exemption will take effect. If the ordinance is repealed, the board of county commissioners or municipal governing authority shall notify the property appraiser no later than December 1 of the year prior to the year the exemption expires.
- (7) Those persons entitled to the homestead exemption in s. 196.031 may apply for and receive an additional homestead exemption as provided in this section. Receipt of the additional

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homestead exemption provided for in this section shall be subject to the provisions of ss. 196.131 and 196.161, if applicable.

- (8) If title is held jointly with right of survivorship, the person residing on the property and otherwise qualifying may receive the entire amount of the additional homestead exemption.
- (9) If the property appraiser determines that for any year within the immediately previous 10 years a person who was not entitled to the additional homestead exemption under this section was granted such an exemption, the property appraiser shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property owned by that person in the county, and that property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Any property that is owned by the taxpayer and is situated in this state is subject to the taxes exempted by the improper homestead exemption, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year and interest at a rate of 15 percent per annum. However, if such an exemption is improperly granted as a result of a clerical mistake or omission by the property appraiser, the person who improperly received the exemption may not be assessed a penalty and interest. Before any such lien may be filed, the owner must be given 30 days within which to pay the taxes, penalties, and interest. Such a lien is subject to the procedures and provisions set forth in s. 196.161(3).

Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of section 196.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.031 Exemption of homesteads.-

(7) The exemptions provided in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b)

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and other homestead exemptions shall be applied as follows:

(d) Other exemptions include and shall be applied in the following order: widows, widowers, blind persons, and disabled persons, as provided in s. 196.202; disabled ex-servicemembers and surviving spouses, as provided in s. 196.24, applicable to all levies; the local option low-income senior exemption up to \$50,000, applicable to county levies or municipal levies, as provided in s. 196.075; and the veterans percentage discount, as provided in s. 196.082.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 196.075, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 197.252, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 197.252 Homestead tax deferral.
- (2) (a) Approval of an application for homestead tax deferral shall defer the combined total of ad valorem taxes and non-ad valorem assessments:
- 1. Which exceeds 5 percent of the applicant's household income for the prior calendar year if the applicant is younger than 65 years old;
- 2. Which exceeds 3 percent of the applicant's household income for the prior calendar year if the applicant is 65 years old or older; or
 - 3. In its entirety if the applicant's household income:
 - a. For the previous calendar year is less than \$10,000; or
- b. Is less than the designated amount for the additional homestead exemption under s. 196.075 and the applicant is 65 years old or older.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect upon the approval of

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Senate Joint Resolution 1740, or a similar joint resolution

having substantially the same specific intent and purpose, at

the general election to be held in November 2012 or at an

earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that

purpose.