By Senator Ring

32-00155-12 201218

A bill to be entitled

An act for the relief of L.T., a minor; providing an appropriation to compensate L.T., a minor, by and through Vicki McSwain, the Permanent Custodian for L.T., for injuries and damages sustained as a result of the negligence of employees of the Department of Children and Family Services; providing a limitation of the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

2.1

WHEREAS, on August 15, 1995, the Department of Children and Family Services (DCF) removed 14-month-old L.T. and her infant brother from their mother's custody because they were not receiving adequate care, and

WHEREAS, Judy Mandrell, a protective supervision counselor for DCF, was assigned to find a foster home for the children.

Ms. Mandrell conducted a home study of the children's great aunt and uncle, Vicki and Eddie Thomas. Ms. Mandrell recommended temporarily placing the children in the Thomases' custody. Ms. Mandrell's immediate supervisor, Lillie S. Pease, approved the recommendation, and

WHEREAS, a background check was conducted shortly after the children were placed in the Thomases' home. It indicated that many years earlier Mr. Thomas had been convicted of a misdemeanor and possession of narcotics equipment and that Ms. Thomas had been charged with, but apparently not convicted of, larceny. The background check did not reveal any prior history of violence, sex offenses, or child abuse, and

WHEREAS, Ms. Mandrell and Ms. Pease ultimately concluded

32-00155-12 201218

that the Thomases were capable of providing the children a safe and loving home and approved the placement. Ms. Mandrell continued to make monthly home visits to assess the living arrangements and the children's welfare, and

WHEREAS, on August 21, 1996, Mr. Thomas was charged with a lewd and lascivious act on a child under the age of 16. The alleged victim was the 13-year-old daughter of a woman Mr. Thomas was seeing despite being married to Ms. Thomas. The state later amended the charge to add a count for sexual battery on a child by a familial or custodial authority, and

WHEREAS, while the charges were pending, the Florida trial court ordered Mr. Thomas to not have any contact with the victim or her family, to vacate the home where Mr. Thomas had lived with Ms. Thomas, L.T., and her brother, and to not have any contact with any children. Mr. Thomas moved into his mother's garage just down the street from the home where Ms. Thomas lived with L.T. and her brother, and

WHEREAS, DCF became aware of the charges against Mr. Thomas and of the court's no-contact order when L.T.'s biological mother advised Ms. Mandrell of the charges and asked that L.T. be removed from the home of Ms. Thomas. Ms. Mandrell spoke with Ms. Thomas about the allegations and visited Mr. Thomas's mother's home to confirm that Mr. Thomas was living there. Ms. Mandrell continued to report that L.T. and her brother were thriving and that Ms. Thomas was providing good care. On several occasions, Ms. Mandrell reminded Mr. Thomas that he must not have contact with the children, and

WHEREAS, on January 31, 1997, Mr. Thomas went to trial for the charges against him, and the jury acquitted him of sexual

32-00155-12 201218

battery but was unable to reach a verdict on the charge of committing a lewd and lascivious act. On March 25, 1997, a retrial of the charge of committing a lewd and lascivious act again produced a hung jury. On April 9, 1997, Mr. Thomas pled no contest to that charge and was sentenced to 5 years' probation. As part of the sentence, Mr. Thomas was ordered to not have any contact with the victim and her family and was required to attend sex offender classes, and

WHEREAS, the same judge who presided over both trials of Mr. Thomas also presided over the dependency case involving L.T. and her brother. On May 9, 1997, 1 month after Mr. Thomas entered his plea and was sentenced to probation, the judge entered an order allowing Mr. Thomas to return to the home of Ms. Thomas and the children. The judge authorized Mr. Thomas to have unsupervised contact with the children, and

WHEREAS, Ms. Mandrell continued to make monthly home visits. She noted that the case against Mr. Thomas involving commission of a lewd and lascivious act barred the Thomases from adopting, but she recommended the continuation of the fostercare arrangement. Each month, Ms. Mandrell's report indicated that there was little or no risk of abuse to the children, and

WHEREAS, on March 3, 2000, the same judge, acting in the dependency case, approved the children's long-term placement with the Thomases, removing them from protective services, and

WHEREAS, 3 years later, on March 24, 2003, an anonymous caller to DCF alleged that L.T. was being abused by Mr. Thomas and that both Mr. and Ms. Thomas were using drugs in the children's presence. The anonymous caller incorrectly asserted that Mr. Thomas was "a proven sex offender and is not supposed

32-00155-12 201218

to be around children." Jennifer Johnson, a child protective investigator for DCF, was assigned to investigate the allegations. Gayla Spivey, Ms. Johnson's supervisor, oversaw the investigation, and

WHEREAS, on March 25, 2003, the day after the anonymous report was received, Ms. Johnson interviewed L.T., her brother, and Ms. Thomas. Both children denied the abuse allegations and said that they were happy in the Thomases' home. The children said they understood the difference between good and bad touches and had never been touched in a manner that made them uncomfortable, and

WHEREAS, Ms. Johnson ran additional background checks on the Thomases and required that they submit to drug tests. The background checks revealed nothing new, and the drug tests came back negative. Ms. Johnson prepared a report concluding that L.T. and her brother were not being abused and were not at risk of abuse. Ms. Johnson concluded that the case should be closed, and her supervisor, Ms. Spivey, approved the report and the closing of the case, and

WHEREAS, on February 24, 2005, L.T. ran away from the Thomases' home and was found by law enforcement officers. She said she ran away because she had been sexually abused by Mr. Thomas and physically abused by Ms. Thomas. L.T. told the officers that Mr. Thomas sexually abused her from October 2004 to late December 2004. DCF immediately removed L.T. and her brother from the Thomases' home, and

WHEREAS, L.T. brought a lawsuit in the United States
District Court for the Northern District of Florida alleging
that Ms. Mandrell, Ms. Pease, Ms. Johnson, and Ms. Spivey were

32-00155-12 201218

deliberately indifferent to the risk that Mr. Thomas would sexually abuse her, thus violating her right to substantive due process under the Fourteenth Amendment, and

WHEREAS, Ms. Mandrell, Ms. Pease, Ms. Johnson, and Ms. Spivey filed a motion for summary judgment, and the trial court granted it. All federal law claims against Judy Mandrell, Lillie S. Pease, Jennifer Johnson, and Gayla Spivey were dismissed with prejudice, and all state law claims were dismissed without prejudice, and

WHEREAS, on June 21, 2010, the parties agreed to a mediated settlement under which L.T. shall receive \$1 million, of which \$200,000 shall be submitted by check to the trust account of Haas, Lewis, Difiore, & Amos, P.A., and the balance of \$800,000 shall be submitted through a claim bill that DCF agrees to support, NOW, THEREFORE,

132133

131

117

118119

120121

122123

124

125

126

127128

129130

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

134135

136

137

138

139

140

141142

143

144

145

Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are found and declared to be true.

Section 2. There is appropriated from the General Revenue
Fund to the Department of Children and Family Services the sum
of \$1 million for the relief of L.T., by and through Vicki
McSwain, Permanent Custodian for L.T., for injuries and damages
sustained. After payment of attorney's fees and costs, lobbying
fees, other similar expenses relating to this claim, outstanding
medical liens, and other immediate needs, the remaining funds
shall be placed into a special needs trust created for the
exclusive use and benefit of L.T.

32-00155-12 201218

Section 3. The Chief Financial Officer is directed to draw a warrant in the sum of \$1 million, payable to L.T., by and through Vicki McSwain, Permanent Custodian for L.T., upon funds in the State Treasury to the credit of the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Chief Financial Officer is directed to pay the same out of such funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 4. Any amount awarded pursuant to the waiver of sovereign immunity under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, and the amount awarded under this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for all present and future claims arising out of the factual situation described in the preamble to this act which resulted in the injury to L.T. The total amount paid for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, and other similar expenses relating to this claim may not exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.