By Senator Gibson

	1-01282-12 20121832
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to review of exemptions and exclusions
3	from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions;
4	requiring the Senate and House of Representatives to
5	appoint a Joint Legislative Review Committee to
6	oversee the review of exemptions from the tax on
7	sales, use, and other transactions and make
8	recommendations regarding the review; creating s.
9	11.9035, F.S.; providing a short title; providing
10	responsibilities of the Joint Legislative Review
11	Committee for the purpose of reviewing exemptions from
12	the general state sales and use tax and exclusions of
13	sales of services from such taxation; providing for
14	meetings and governance by joint rules; providing
15	definitions; specifying powers and duties; providing
16	for reports; requiring continuing periodic review of
17	sales tax exemptions and exclusions; providing for
18	legislative proposals; amending s. 212.08, F.S.;
19	providing for future elimination of all sales, rental,
20	use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax
21	exemptions under the section except those for general
22	groceries, medical, guide dogs for the blind, hospital
23	meals and rooms, household fuels, meals delivered by
24	nonprofit volunteer organizations as a charitable
25	function, and certain books, lunches, and publications
26	used or provided at schools for students grades K
27	through 12; repealing s. 212.051, F.S., relating to
28	exemption for equipment, machinery, and other
29	materials for pollution control; repealing s. 212.052,

Page 1 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
30	F.S., relating to exemption for research or
31	development costs; repealing s. 212.0598, F.S.,
32	relating to partial exemption for air carriers'
33	maintenance bases; repealing s. 212.0602, F.S.,
34	relating to a limited exemption for education;
35	repealing s. 212.0801, F.S., relating to an exemption
36	for qualified aircraft; repealing s. 212.0821, F.S.,
37	relating to legislative intent that political
38	subdivisions and public libraries use sales tax
39	exemption certificates for certain purchases;
40	repealing s. 212.09, F.S., relating to trade-ins
41	deducted; repealing s. 212.096, F.S., relating to
42	credit for job creation in enterprise zones; repealing
43	s. 212.097, F.S., relating to Urban High Crime area
44	job tax credit; repealing s. 212.098, F.S., relating
45	to rural job tax credit; providing for future repeal
46	of certain provisions of ss. 212.02, 212.03, 212.031,
47	212.04, 212.05, 212.0506, 212.06, 212.0601, 212.07,
48	212.081, 212.12, 212.20, and 376.75, F.S., relating to
49	various sales and use tax exemptions, exclusions, and
50	credits; providing exceptions; providing effective
51	dates.
52	
53	WHEREAS, Florida's current budget difficulties require the
54	state to consider innovative solutions in addressing the long-
55	term viability of the state's tax structure, and
56	WHEREAS, the state's tax structure should treat individuals
57	fairly and equitably, imposing similar tax burdens on people in

58 similar circumstances, and

Page 2 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
59	WHEREAS, exemptions to the state's sales tax should serve
60	an important state interest and should be uniform in the effect
61	on citizens of the state, and
62	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that a periodic sunset and
63	review of all sales tax exemptions will serve to restore
64	fairness to the state's tax structure, NOW, THEREFORE,
65	
66	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
67	
68	Section 1. The Senate and the House of Representatives
69	shall appoint a Joint Legislative Review Committee for the
70	purposes of overseeing the review of exemptions from the tax on
71	sales, use, and other transactions required by s. 11.9035,
72	Florida Statutes, and making recommendations to the Legislature
73	regarding the review of exemptions.
74	Section 2. Section 11.9035, Florida Statutes, is created to
75	read:
76	11.9035 Sales and use tax exemption and exclusion review
77	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida
78	Sales Tax Fairness Restoration Act."
79	(2) SALES TAX EXEMPTIONS REVIEWThe Joint Legislative
80	Review Committee shall conduct comprehensive, periodic reviews
81	of all exemptions from the general state sales and use tax and
82	exclusions of sales of services from such taxation as provided
83	by this section.
84	(3) PROCEDURES The committee for each review cycle shall
85	have its initial meeting no later than September 1, 2012, and
86	thereafter as necessary at the call of the chair at the time and
87	place designated by the chair. A quorum shall consist of a

Page 3 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
88	majority of the committee members from each house. During the
89	interim between regular sessions, the committee may conduct its
90	meetings through teleconferences or other similar means.
91	(4) RULESFor purposes of this section, the committee
92	shall be governed by joint rules adopted by the Legislature
93	pursuant to the authority to adopt rules under s. 4, Art. III of
94	the State Constitution.
95	(5) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
96	(a) "General state sales and use tax" means the sales and
97	use tax imposed under chapter 212.
98	(b) "Service" means a service within any of the following
99	service categories under the North American Industry
100	Classification System (NAICS):
101	1. Personal services.
102	2. Professional services.
103	3. Business services.
104	4. Financial services.
105	5. Media services.
106	6. Entertainment and sports services.
107	7. Construction services.
108	8. Institutional services.
109	9. Transportation services.
110	10. Health services.
111	(6) POWERS AND DUTIESThe committee shall have the power
112	and duty to conduct a comprehensive review of all current and
113	future exemptions from the general state sales and use tax and
114	the exclusion of sales of services from such taxation. The
115	committee shall establish criteria by which each exemption or
116	exclusion shall be evaluated. In developing the evaluation

Page 4 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
117	criteria, the committee shall consider the following principles
118	of taxation:
119	(a) EquityThe tax system should treat individuals
120	equitably. It should impose similar tax burdens on people in
121	similar circumstances and should minimize regressivity.
122	(b) Simplicity, transparency, and complianceThe tax
123	system should facilitate taxpayer compliance. It should be
124	simple and easy to understand and should provide visibility and
125	awareness of the taxes being paid.
126	(c) NeutralityThe tax system should affect taxpayers
127	uniformly and consistently. The primary purpose of any tax
128	should be to raise revenue for appropriate governmental
129	functions, rather than to influence business and personal
130	decisions.
131	(d) StabilityThe tax system should produce revenues in a
132	stable and reliable manner that is sufficient to fund
133	appropriate governmental functions and expenditures.
134	(e) IntegrationThe tax system should balance the need for
135	integration of federal, state, and local taxation.
136	(f) Public purposeAny sales and use tax exemption or
137	exclusion under the tax system should be based upon a
138	determination that the exemption or exclusion promotes an
139	important state interest and should benefit citizens as equally
140	as possible.
141	(7) FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONSIn conducting its review
142	of each exemption from the general state sales and use tax or
143	the exclusion of the sale of a service from such taxation, the
144	committee shall make findings of fact and recommend whether the
145	exemption should be retained, modified, or repealed or whether

Page 5 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
146	the exclusion should be retained or eliminated. Each
147	recommendation must be made by majority vote of the committee
148	members from each house. If a majority vote of the committee
149	members from each house cannot be achieved, the committee must
150	recommend that the exemption or exclusion be repealed. The
151	findings of fact and recommendations of the committee shall be
152	made by reports to the President of the Senate and the Speaker
153	of the House of Representatives.
154	(8) EXEMPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS REVIEW
155	(a) The committee may use its discretion in determining the
156	order in which it reviews the exemptions and exclusions. For the
157	initial review, the committee shall submit, to the President of
158	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, its
159	initial report on one-third of the exemptions and exclusions by
160	November 1, 2012, its report on the second one-third of the
161	exemptions and exclusions by March 1, 2013, and its report on
162	the final one-third of the exemptions and exclusions by July 1,
163	2013, with no duplication of exemptions or exclusions from one
164	report to the next. Thereafter, the committee shall review every
165	3 years approximately one-third of the exemptions and exclusions
166	with no duplication of exemptions or exclusions reviewed from
167	one 3-year period to the next 3-year period. The committee shall
168	submit its 3-year period review reports no later than December 1
169	of the year before the next regular session after the third year
170	of each 3-year review cycle. The committee shall begin a new 9-
171	year review cycle of all exemptions from the general state sales
172	and use tax and all exclusions of sales of services from such
173	taxation every 9 years after the termination of the previous
174	review cycle.

Page 6 of 105

I	1-01282-12 20121832
175	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section,
176	exemptions and exclusions for necessities, including, but not
177	limited to, exemptions for general groceries as described in s.
178	212.08(1), exemptions for medical products or supplies as
179	described in s. 212.08(2), health services, residential housing,
180	residential electricity, and home heating fuel, and sales of
181	property or services that the state is prohibited from taxing
182	under the Constitution or laws of the United States may not be
183	subject to review by the committee or repeal in legislation
184	proposed by the committee.
185	(9) LEGISLATION.—At the regular session after submission of
186	each annual report to the Speaker of the House of
187	Representatives and the President of the Senate, the committee
188	shall introduce in both houses of the Legislature bills
189	presenting for reenactment, modification, or repeal those
190	exemptions from the general state sales and use tax or any
191	imposition of such taxation on sales of services that were
192	recommended by the committee in the report submitted immediately
193	before the session in which introduced. Each bill introduced
194	must be restricted to a single exemption or the imposition of
195	the tax on a single service and must be submitted to a vote of
196	the members of each house of the Legislature no later than the
197	eighth week of the session in which introduced, unless the
198	substance of the bill has already been voted on by the members
199	of that house of the Legislature in another bill during that
200	session and either passed or defeated or the bill has already
201	been submitted to the members of the other house and has been
202	defeated.
203	(10) REPEAL.—Any exemption from the state general sales and

Page 7 of 105

1	1-01282-12 20121832_
204	use tax or exemption from imposition of such tax on sales of
205	services, that is not prohibited from review by the committee
206	under the requirements of paragraph (8)(b) and is not modified
207	or reenacted by the end of the regular session after any 9-year
208	review period, stands repealed on July 1 after the end of the
209	regular session immediately after the 9-year review period.
210	(11) CONSTRUCTIONThis section does not preclude a
211	legislator from filing for any legislative session a bill
212	proposing to modify, repeal, or enact any exemption from the
213	general state sales and use tax or the imposition of such
214	taxation on the sales of any service.
215	Section 3. Effective July 1, 2015, section 212.08, Florida
216	Statutes, is amended to read:
217	212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and
218	storage tax; specified exemptionsThe sale at retail, the
219	rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the
220	storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following
221	are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this
222	chapter.
223	(1) EXEMPTIONS; GENERAL GROCERIES.—
224	(a) Food products for human consumption are exempt from the
225	tax imposed by this chapter.
226	(b) For the purpose of this chapter, as used in this
227	subsection, the term "food products" means edible commodities,
228	whether processed, cooked, raw, canned, or in any other form,
229	which are generally regarded as food. This includes, but is not
230	limited to, all of the following:
231	1. Cereals and cereal products, baked goods, oleomargarine,

232 meat and meat products, fish and seafood products, frozen foods

Page 8 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 233 and dinners, poultry, eggs and egg products, vegetables and 234 vegetable products, fruit and fruit products, spices, salt, 235 sugar and sugar products, milk and dairy products, and products 236 intended to be mixed with milk. 2. Natural fruit or vegetable juices or their concentrates 237 238 or reconstituted natural concentrated fruit or vegetable juices, 239 whether frozen or unfrozen, dehydrated, powdered, granulated, 240 sweetened or unsweetened, seasoned with salt or spice, or unseasoned; coffee, coffee substitutes, or cocoa; and tea, 241 2.4.2 unless it is sold in a liquid form. 3. Bakery products sold by bakeries, pastry shops, or like 243 244 establishments that do not have eating facilities. 245 (c) The exemption provided by this subsection does not 246 apply to: 247 1. Food products sold as meals for consumption on or off 248 the premises of the dealer. 249 2. Food products furnished, prepared, or served for 250 consumption at tables, chairs, or counters or from trays, 251 glasses, dishes, or other tableware, whether provided by the 252 dealer or by a person with whom the dealer contracts to furnish, 253 prepare, or serve food products to others. 254 3. Food products ordinarily sold for immediate consumption 255 on the seller's premises or near a location at which parking 256 facilities are provided primarily for the use of patrons in 257 consuming the products purchased at the location, even though such products are sold on a "take out" or "to go" order and are 258 259 actually packaged or wrapped and taken from the premises of the 260 dealer. 261 4. Sandwiches sold ready for immediate consumption on or

Page 9 of 105

1-01282-12

262 off the seller's premises.

5. Food products sold ready for immediate consumption
within a place, the entrance to which is subject to an admission
charge.

266

6. Food products sold as hot prepared food products.

7. Soft drinks, including, but not limited to, any nonalcoholic beverage, any preparation or beverage commonly referred to as a "soft drink," or any noncarbonated drink made from milk derivatives or tea, if sold in cans or similar containers.

8. Ice cream, frozen yogurt, and similar frozen dairy or nondairy products in cones, small cups, or pints, popsicles, frozen fruit bars, or other novelty items, whether or not sold separately.

9. Food that is prepared, whether on or off the premises,
and sold for immediate consumption. This does not apply to food
prepared off the premises and sold in the original sealed
container, or the slicing of products into smaller portions.

280 10. Food products sold through a vending machine, pushcart,281 motor vehicle, or any other form of vehicle.

282 11. Candy and any similar product regarded as candy or 283 confection, based on its normal use, as indicated on the label 284 or advertising thereof.

285 12. Bakery products sold by bakeries, pastry shops, or like 286 establishments having eating facilities, except when sold for 287 consumption off the seller's premises.

288 13. Food products served, prepared, or sold in or by 289 restaurants, lunch counters, cafeterias, hotels, taverns, or 290 other like places of business.

Page 10 of 105

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20121832

1-01282-12

291

```
292
          1. "For consumption off the seller's premises" means that
293
     the food or drink is intended by the customer to be consumed at
294
     a place away from the dealer's premises.
295
          2. "For consumption on the seller's premises" means that
296
     the food or drink sold may be immediately consumed on the
297
     premises where the dealer conducts his or her business. In
     determining whether an item of food is sold for immediate
298
299
     consumption, the customary consumption practices prevailing at
300
     the selling facility shall be considered.
301
          3. "Premises" shall be construed broadly, and means, but is
302
     not limited to, the lobby, aisle, or auditorium of a theater;
303
     the seating, aisle, or parking area of an arena, rink, or
304
     stadium; or the parking area of a drive-in or outdoor theater.
305
     The premises of a caterer with respect to catered meals or
306
     beverages shall be the place where such meals or beverages are
307
     served.
308
          4. "Hot prepared food products" means those products,
     items, or components which have been prepared for sale in a
309
310
     heated condition and which are sold at any temperature that is
311
     higher than the air temperature of the room or place where they
     are sold. "Hot prepared food products," for the purposes of this
312
     subsection, includes a combination of hot and cold food items or
313
     components where a single price has been established for the
314
315
     combination and the food products are sold in such combination,
316
     such as a hot meal, a hot specialty dish or serving, or a hot
     sandwich or hot pizza, including cold components or side items.
317
318
          (e)1. Food or drinks not exempt under paragraphs (a), (b),
319
     (c), and (d) are exempt, notwithstanding those paragraphs, when
```

(d) As used in this subsection, the term:

Page 11 of 105

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20121832

1-01282-12 20121832 320 purchased with food coupons or Special Supplemental Food Program 321 for Women, Infants, and Children vouchers issued under authority 322 of federal law. 323 2. This paragraph is effective only while federal law 324 prohibits a state's participation in the federal food coupon 325 program or Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, 326 and Children if there is an official determination that state or 327 local sales taxes are collected within that state on purchases 328 of food or drinks with such coupons. 329 3. This paragraph shall not apply to any food or drinks on which federal law shall permit sales taxes without penalty, such 330 331 as termination of the state's participation. 332 (f) The application of the tax on a package that contains 333 exempt food products and taxable nonfood products depends upon 334 the essential character of the complete package. 335 1. If the taxable items represent more than 25 percent of 336 the cost of the complete package and a single charge is made, 337 the entire sales price of the package is taxable. If the taxable 338 items are separately stated, the separate charge for the taxable 339 items is subject to tax. 2. If the taxable items represent 25 percent or less of the 340 341 cost of the complete package and a single charge is made, the 342 entire sales price of the package is exempt from tax. The person preparing the package is liable for the tax on the cost of the 343 344 taxable items going into the complete package. If the taxable 345 items are separately stated, the separate charge is subject to

- 346 tax.
- 347 (2) EXEMPTIONS; MEDICAL.-
- 348 (a) There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this

Page 12 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 349 chapter any medical products and supplies or medicine dispensed 350 according to an individual prescription or prescriptions written 351 by a prescriber authorized by law to prescribe medicinal drugs; 352 hypodermic needles; hypodermic syringes; chemical compounds and 353 test kits used for the diagnosis or treatment of human disease, 354 illness, or injury; and common household remedies recommended 355 and generally sold for internal or external use in the cure, 356 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of illness or disease in 357 human beings, but not including cosmetics or toilet articles, 358 notwithstanding the presence of medicinal ingredients therein, 359 according to a list prescribed and approved by the Department of 360 Health, which list shall be certified to the Department of 361 Revenue from time to time and included in the rules promulgated 362 by the Department of Revenue. There shall also be exempt from 363 the tax imposed by this chapter artificial eyes and limbs; 364 orthopedic shoes; prescription eyeglasses and items incidental 365 thereto or which become a part thereof; dentures; hearing aids; 366 crutches; prosthetic and orthopedic appliances; and funerals. In addition, any items intended for one-time use which transfer 367 368 essential optical characteristics to contact lenses shall be 369 exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter; however, this 370 exemption shall apply only after \$100,000 of the tax imposed by this chapter on such items has been paid in any calendar year by 371 a taxpayer who claims the exemption in such year. Funeral 372 373 directors shall pay tax on all tangible personal property used 374 by them in their business.

375

(b) For the purposes of this subsection:

376 1. "Prosthetic and orthopedic appliances" means any 377 apparatus, instrument, device, or equipment used to replace or

Page 13 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 378 substitute for any missing part of the body, to alleviate the 379 malfunction of any part of the body, or to assist any disabled person in leading a normal life by facilitating such person's 380 381 mobility. Such apparatus, instrument, device, or equipment shall 382 be exempted according to an individual prescription or prescriptions written by a physician licensed under chapter 458, 383 384 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or 385 according to a list prescribed and approved by the Department of Health, which list shall be certified to the Department of 386 387 Revenue from time to time and included in the rules promulgated by the Department of Revenue. 388

2. "Cosmetics" means articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness, or altering the appearance and also means articles intended for use as a compound of any such articles, including, but not limited to, cold creams, suntan lotions, makeup, and body lotions.

396 3. "Toilet articles" means any article advertised or held 397 out for sale for grooming purposes and those articles that are 398 customarily used for grooming purposes, regardless of the name 399 by which they may be known, including, but not limited to, soap, 400 toothpaste, hair spray, shaving products, colognes, perfumes, 401 shampoo, deodorant, and mouthwash.

402 4. "Prescription" includes any order for drugs or medicinal 403 supplies written or transmitted by any means of communication by 404 a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of the state 405 to prescribe such drugs or medicinal supplies and intended to be 406 dispensed by a pharmacist. The term also includes an orally

Page 14 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 407 transmitted order by the lawfully designated agent of such 408 practitioner. The term also includes an order written or 409 transmitted by a practitioner licensed to practice in a 410 jurisdiction other than this state, but only if the pharmacist 411 called upon to dispense such order determines, in the exercise 412 of his or her professional judgment, that the order is valid and 413 necessary for the treatment of a chronic or recurrent illness. 414 The term also includes a pharmacist's order for a product 415 selected from the formulary created pursuant to s. 465.186. A 416 prescription may be retained in written form, or the pharmacist 417 may cause it to be recorded in a data processing system, 418 provided that such order can be produced in printed form upon 419 lawful request. 420 (c) Chlorine shall not be exempt from the tax imposed by

420 (c) childrine shall not be exempt from the tax imposed by 421 this chapter when used for the treatment of water in swimming 422 pools.

423

424

(d) Lithotripters are exempt.

(e) Human organs are exempt.

425 (f) Sales of drugs to or by physicians, dentists,
426 veterinarians, and hospitals in connection with medical
427 treatment are exempt.

(g) Medical products and supplies used in the cure, mitigation, alleviation, prevention, or treatment of injury, disease, or incapacity which are temporarily or permanently incorporated into a patient or client by a practitioner of the healing arts licensed in the state are exempt.

(h) The purchase by a veterinarian of commonly recognized
substances possessing curative or remedial properties which are
ordered and dispensed as treatment for a diagnosed health

Page 15 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 436 disorder by or on the prescription of a duly licensed 437 veterinarian, and which are applied to or consumed by animals for alleviation of pain or the cure or prevention of sickness, 438 439 disease, or suffering are exempt. Also exempt are the purchase 440 by a veterinarian of antiseptics, absorbent cotton, gauze for 441 bandages, lotions, vitamins, and worm remedies. 442 (i) X-ray opaques, also known as opaque drugs and 443 radiopaque, such as the various opaque dyes and barium sulphate, when used in connection with medical X rays for treatment of 444 445 bodies of humans and animals, are exempt. 446 (j) Parts, special attachments, special lettering, and 447 other like items that are added to or attached to tangible 448 personal property so that a handicapped person can use them are 449 exempt when such items are purchased by a person pursuant to an 450 individual prescription. 451 (k) This subsection shall be strictly construed and 452 enforced. 453 (3) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN FARM EQUIPMENT.-There shall be no 454 tax on the sale, rental, lease, use, consumption, or storage for 455 use in this state of power farm equipment used exclusively on a farm or in a forest in the agricultural production of crops or 456 457 products as produced by those agricultural industries included in s. 570.02(1), or for fire prevention and suppression work 458 459 with respect to such crops or products. Harvesting may not be 460 construed to include processing activities. This exemption is 461 not forfeited by moving farm equipment between farms or forests. 462 However, this exemption shall not be allowed unless the 463 purchaser, renter, or lessee signs a certificate stating that 464 the farm equipment is to be used exclusively on a farm or in a

Page 16 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832_
465	forest for agricultural production or for fire prevention and
466	suppression, as required by this subsection. Possession by a
467	seller, lessor, or other dealer of a written certification by
468	the purchaser, renter, or lessee certifying the purchaser's,
469	renter's, or lessee's entitlement to an exemption permitted by
470	this subsection relieves the seller from the responsibility of
471	collecting the tax on the nontaxable amounts, and the department
472	shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of such tax if
473	it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the
474	exemption.
475	(4) EXEMPTIONS; ITEMS BEARING OTHER EXCISE TAXES, ETC
476	(a) Also exempt are:
477	1. Water delivered to the purchaser through pipes or
478	conduits or delivered for irrigation purposes. The sale of
479	drinking water in bottles, cans, or other containers, including
480	water that contains minerals or carbonation in its natural state
481	or water to which minerals have been added at a water treatment
482	facility regulated by the Department of Environmental Protection
483	or the Department of Health, is exempt. This exemption does not
484	apply to the sale of drinking water in bottles, cans, or other
485	containers if carbonation or flavorings, except those added at a
486	water treatment facility, have been added. Water that has been
487	enhanced by the addition of minerals and that does not contain
488	any added carbonation or flavorings is also exempt.
489	2. All fuels used by a public or private utility, including
490	any municipal corporation or rural electric cooperative
491	association, in the generation of electric power or energy for

493 provided in this chapter with the exception of fuel expressly

492

Page 17 of 105

sale. Fuel other than motor fuel and diesel fuel is taxable as

	1-01282-12 20121832
494	 exempt herein. Motor fuels and diesel fuels are taxable as
495	provided in chapter 206, with the exception of those motor fuels
496	and diesel fuels used by railroad locomotives or vessels to
497	transport persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce,
498	which are taxable under this chapter only to the extent provided
499	herein. The basis of the tax shall be the ratio of intrastate
500	mileage to interstate or foreign mileage traveled by the
501	carrier's railroad locomotives or vessels that were used in
502	interstate or foreign commerce and that had at least some
503	Florida mileage during the previous fiscal year of the carrier,
504	such ratio to be determined at the close of the fiscal year of
505	the carrier. However, during the fiscal year in which the
506	carrier begins its initial operations in this state, the
507	carrier's mileage apportionment factor may be determined on the
508	basis of an estimated ratio of anticipated miles in this state
509	to anticipated total miles for that year, and subsequently,
510	additional tax shall be paid on the motor fuel and diesel fuels,
511	or a refund may be applied for, on the basis of the actual ratio
512	of the carrier's railroad locomotives' or vessels' miles in this
513	state to its total miles for that year. This ratio shall be
514	applied each month to the total Florida purchases made in this
515	state of motor and diesel fuels to establish that portion of the
516	total used and consumed in intrastate movement and subject to
517	tax under this chapter. The basis for imposition of any
518	discretionary surtax shall be set forth in s. 212.054. Fuels
519	used exclusively in intrastate commerce do not qualify for the
520	proration of tax.
521	3. The transmission or wheeling of electricity.
522	(b) Alcoholic beverages and malt beverages are not exempt.

Page 18 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
523	The terms "alcoholic beverages" and "malt beverages" as used in
524	this paragraph have the same meanings ascribed to them in ss.
525	561.01(4) and 563.01, respectively. It is determined by the
526	Legislature that the classification of alcoholic beverages made
527	in this paragraph for the purpose of extending the tax imposed
528	by this chapter is reasonable and just, and it is intended that
529	such tax be separate from, and in addition to, any other tax
530	imposed on alcoholic beverages.
531	(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE
532	(a) Items in agricultural use and certain nets.—There are
533	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and
534	used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants,
535	fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides,
536	and weed killers used for application on crops or groves,
537	including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used
538	in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting
539	poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock;
540	portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable
541	containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field
542	and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock,
543	seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for
544	growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to
545	produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other
546	similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from
547	frost or insects on a farm; generators used on poultry farms;
548	and liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a
549	structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised;
550	however, such exemption shall not be allowed unless the
551	purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to

Page 19 of 105

_	1-01282-12 20121832
552	be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also
553	exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass
554	(apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window
555	cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when
556	used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural
557	commodity.
558	(b) Machinery and equipment used to increase productive
559	output
560	1. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for
561	exclusive use by a new business in spaceport activities as
562	defined by s. 212.02 or for use in new businesses that
563	manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of
564	tangible personal property at fixed locations are exempt from
565	the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing by
566	the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that such
567	items are used in a new business in this state. Such purchases
568	must be made prior to the date the business first begins its
569	productive operations, and delivery of the purchased item must
570	be made within 12 months after that date.
571	2. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for
572	exclusive use by an expanding facility which is engaged in
573	spaceport activities as defined by s. 212.02 or for use in
574	expanding manufacturing facilities or plant units which
575	manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of
576	tangible personal property at fixed locations in this state are
577	exempt from any amount of tax imposed by this chapter upon an
578	affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the
579	department that such items are used to increase the productive
580	output of such expanded facility or business by not less than 10

Page 20 of 105

	1 01000 10 00101000
581	1-01282-12 20121832_
	percent.
582	3.a. To receive an exemption provided by subparagraph 1. or
583	subparagraph 2., a qualifying business entity shall apply to the
584	department for a temporary tax exemption permit. The application
585	shall state that a new business exemption or expanded business
586	exemption is being sought. Upon a tentative affirmative
587	determination by the department pursuant to subparagraph 1. or
588	subparagraph 2., the department shall issue such permit.
589	b. The applicant shall maintain all necessary books and
590	records to support the exemption. Upon completion of purchases
591	of qualified machinery and equipment pursuant to subparagraph 1.
592	or subparagraph 2., the temporary tax permit shall be delivered
593	to the department or returned to the department by certified or
594	registered mail.
595	c. If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department,
596	it is determined that the machinery and equipment purchased as
597	exempt under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. did not meet the
598	criteria mandated by this paragraph or if commencement of
599	production did not occur, the amount of taxes exempted at the
600	time of purchase shall immediately be due and payable to the
601	department by the business entity, together with the appropriate
602	interest and penalty, computed from the date of purchase, in the
603	manner prescribed by this chapter.
604	d. If a qualifying business entity fails to apply for a
605	temporary exemption permit or if the tentative determination by
606	the department required to obtain a temporary exemption permit
607	is negative, a qualifying business entity shall receive the
608	exemption provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. through
609	a refund of previously paid taxes. No refund may be made for

	1-01282-12 20121832
610	such taxes unless the criteria mandated by subparagraph 1. or
611	subparagraph 2. have been met and commencement of production has
612	occurred.
613	4. The department shall adopt rules governing applications
614	for, issuance of, and the form of temporary tax exemption
615	permits; provisions for recapture of taxes; and the manner and
616	form of refund applications, and may establish guidelines as to
617	the requisites for an affirmative showing of increased
618	productive output, commencement of production, and qualification
619	for exemption.
620	5. The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. do
621	not apply to machinery or equipment purchased or used by
622	electric utility companies, communications companies, oil or gas
623	exploration or production operations, publishing firms that do
624	not export at least 50 percent of their finished product out of
625	the state, any firm subject to regulation by the Division of
626	Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and
627	Professional Regulation, or any firm that does not manufacture,
628	process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible
629	personal property or that does not use such machinery and
630	equipment in spaceport activities as required by this paragraph.
631	The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall apply
632	to machinery and equipment purchased for use in phosphate or
633	other solid minerals severance, mining, or processing
634	operations.
635	6. For the purposes of the exemptions provided in
636	subparagraphs 1. and 2., these terms have the following
637	meanings:
638	a. "Industrial machinery and equipment" means tangible

Page 22 of 105

20121832 1-01282-12 639 personal property or other property that has a depreciable life 640 of 3 years or more and that is used as an integral part in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, or production of 641 642 tangible personal property for sale or is exclusively used in spaceport activities. A building and its structural components 643 644 are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the building 645 or structural component is so closely related to the industrial 646 machinery and equipment that it houses or supports that the 647 building or structural component can be expected to be replaced 648 when the machinery and equipment are replaced. Heating and air-649 conditioning systems are not industrial machinery and equipment 650 unless the sole justification for their installation is to meet 651 the requirements of the production process, even though the system may provide incidental comfort to employees or serve, to 652 653 an insubstantial degree, nonproduction activities. The term 654 includes parts and accessories only to the extent that the 655 exemption thereof is consistent with the provisions of this 656 paragraph. 657 b. "Productive output" means the number of units actually

658 produced by a single plant, operation, or product line in a 659 single continuous 12-month period, irrespective of sales. 660 Increases in productive output shall be measured by the output 661 for 12 continuous months selected by the expanding business 662 following the completion of installation of such machinery or equipment over the output for the 12 continuous months 663 664 immediately preceding such installation. However, in no case may 665 such time period begin later than 2 years following the 666 completion of installation of the new machinery and equipment. 667 The units used to measure productive output shall be physically

Page 23 of 105

696

	1-01282-12 20121832
668	comparable between the two periods, irrespective of sales.
669	(c) Machinery and equipment used in production of
670	electrical or steam energy
671	1. The purchase of machinery and equipment for use at a
672	fixed location which machinery and equipment are necessary in
673	the production of electrical or steam energy resulting from the
674	burning of boiler fuels other than residual oil is exempt from
675	the tax imposed by this chapter. Such electrical or steam energy
676	must be primarily for use in manufacturing, processing,
677	compounding, or producing for sale items of tangible personal
678	property in this state. Use of a de minimis amount of residual
679	fuel to facilitate the burning of nonresidual fuel shall not
680	reduce the exemption otherwise available under this paragraph.
681	2. In facilities where machinery and equipment are
682	necessary to burn both residual and nonresidual fuels, the
683	exemption shall be prorated. Such proration shall be based upon
684	the production of electrical or steam energy from nonresidual
685	fuels as a percentage of electrical or steam energy from all
686	fuels. If it is determined that 15 percent or less of all
687	electrical or steam energy generated was produced by burning
688	residual fuel, the full exemption shall apply. Purchasers
689	claiming a partial exemption shall obtain such exemption by
690	refund of taxes paid, or as otherwise provided in the
691	department's rules.
692	3. The department may adopt rules that provide for
693	implementation of this exemption. Purchasers of machinery and
694	equipment qualifying for the exemption provided in this
695	paragraph shall furnish the vendor with an affidavit stating

that the item or items to be exempted are for the use designated

Page 24 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
697	
698	for the purpose of evading payment of any tax imposed under this
699	chapter shall be subject to the penalty set forth in s. 212.085
700	and as otherwise provided by law. Purchasers with self-accrual
701	authority shall maintain all documentation necessary to prove
702	the exempt status of purchases.
703	(d) Machinery and equipment used under federal procurement
704	contract
705	1. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased by an
706	expanding business which manufactures tangible personal property
707	pursuant to federal procurement regulations at fixed locations
708	in this state are exempt from the tax imposed in this chapter
709	upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction
710	of the department that such items are used to increase the
711	implicit productive output of the expanded business by not less
712	than 10 percent. The percentage of increase is measured as
713	deflated implicit productive output for the calendar year during
714	which the installation of the machinery or equipment is
715	completed or during which commencement of production utilizing
716	such items is begun divided by the implicit productive output
717	for the preceding calendar year. In no case may the commencement
718	of production begin later than 2 years following completion of
719	installation of the machinery or equipment.
720	2. The amount of the exemption allowed shall equal the
721	taxes otherwise imposed by this chapter on qualifying industrial
722	machinery or equipment reduced by the percentage of gross
723	receipts from cost-reimbursement type contracts attributable to
724	the plant or operation to total gross receipts so attributable,
725	accrued for the year of completion or commencement.

Page 25 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
726	
727	the taxpayer only through refund of previously paid taxes. Such
728	refund shall be made within 30 days of formal approval by the
729	department of the taxpayer's application, which application may
730	be made on an annual basis following installation of the
731	machinery or equipment.
732	4. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term:
733	a. "Cost-reimbursement type contracts" has the same meaning
734	as in 32 C.F.R. s. 3-405.
735	b. "Deflated implicit productive output" means the product
736	of implicit productive output times the quotient of the national
737	defense implicit price deflator for the preceding calendar year
738	divided by the deflator for the year of completion or
739	commencement.
740	c. "Eligible costs" means the total direct and indirect
741	costs, as defined in 32 C.F.R. ss. 15-202 and 15-203, excluding
742	general and administrative costs, selling expenses, and profit,
743	defined by the uniform cost-accounting standards adopted by the
744	Cost-Accounting Standards Board created pursuant to 50 U.S.C. s.
745	2168.
746	d. "Implicit productive output" means the annual eligible
747	costs attributable to all contracts or subcontracts subject to
748	federal procurement regulations of the single plant or operation
749	at which the machinery or equipment is used.
750	e. "Industrial machinery and equipment" means tangible
751	personal property or other property that has a depreciable life
752	of 3 years or more, that qualifies as an eligible cost under
753	federal procurement regulations, and that is used as an integral
754	part of the process of production of tangible personal property.

Page 26 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
755	A building and its structural components are not industrial
756	machinery and equipment unless the building or structural
757	component is so closely related to the industrial machinery and
758	equipment that it houses or supports that the building or
759	structural component can be expected to be replaced when the
760	machinery and equipment are replaced. Heating and air-
761	conditioning systems are not industrial machinery and equipment
762	unless the sole justification for their installation is to meet
763	the requirements of the production process, even though the
764	system may provide incidental comfort to employees or serve, to
765	an insubstantial degree, nonproduction activities. The term
766	includes parts and accessories only to the extent that the
767	exemption of such parts and accessories is consistent with the
768	provisions of this paragraph.
769	f. "National defense implicit price deflator" means the
770	national defense implicit price deflator for the gross national
771	product as determined by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the
772	United States Department of Commerce.
773	5. The exclusions provided in subparagraph (b)5. apply to
774	this exemption. This exemption applies only to machinery or
775	equipment purchased pursuant to production contracts with the
776	United States Department of Defense and Armed Forces, the
777	National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and other federal
778	agencies for which the contracts are classified for national
779	security reasons. In no event shall the provisions of this
780	paragraph apply to any expanding business the increase in
781	productive output of which could be measured under the
782	provisions of sub-subparagraph (b)6.b. as physically comparable
783	between the two periods.

Page 27 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
784	
785	purposes
786	1. Butane gas, propane gas, natural gas, and all other
787	forms of liquefied petroleum gases are exempt from the tax
788	imposed by this chapter if used in any tractor, vehicle, or
789	other farm equipment which is used exclusively on a farm or for
790	processing farm products on the farm and no part of which gas is
791	used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated on the
792	public highways of this state. This restriction does not apply
793	to the movement of farm vehicles or farm equipment between
794	farms. The transporting of bees by water and the operating of
795	equipment used in the apiary of a beekeeper is also deemed an
796	exempt use.
797	2. Electricity used directly or indirectly for production
798	or processing of agricultural products on the farm is exempt
799	from the tax imposed by this chapter. This exemption applies
800	only if the electricity used for the exempt purposes is
801	separately metered. If the electricity is not separately
802	metered, it is conclusively presumed that some portion of the
803	electricity is used for a nonexempt purpose, and all of the
804	electricity used for such purposes is taxable.
805	(f) Motion picture or video equipment used in motion
806	picture or television production activities and sound recording
807	equipment used in the production of master tapes and master
808	records
809	1. Motion picture or video equipment and sound recording
810	equipment purchased or leased for use in this state in
811	production activities is exempt from the tax imposed by this
812	chapter. The exemption provided by this paragraph shall inure to

Page 28 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
813	the taxpayer upon presentation of the certificate of exemption
814	issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258.
815	2. For the purpose of the exemption provided in
816	subparagraph 1.:
817	a. "Motion picture or video equipment" and "sound recording
818	equipment" includes only tangible personal property or other
819	property that has a depreciable life of 3 years or more and that
820	is used by the lessee or purchaser exclusively as an integral
821	part of production activities; however, motion picture or video
822	equipment and sound recording equipment does not include
823	supplies, tape, records, film, or video tape used in productions
824	or other similar items; vehicles or vessels; or general office
825	equipment not specifically suited to production activities. In
826	addition, the term does not include equipment purchased or
827	leased by television or radio broadcasting or cable companies
828	licensed by the Federal Communications Commission. Furthermore,
829	a building and its structural components are not motion picture
830	or video equipment and sound recording equipment unless the
831	building or structural component is so closely related to the
832	motion picture or video equipment and sound recording equipment
833	that it houses or supports that the building or structural
834	component can be expected to be replaced when the motion picture
835	or video equipment and sound recording equipment are replaced.
836	Heating and air-conditioning systems are not motion picture or
837	video equipment and sound recording equipment unless the sole
838	justification for their installation is to meet the requirements
839	of the production activities, even though the system may provide
840	incidental comfort to employees or serve, to an insubstantial
841	degree, nonproduction activities.

Page 29 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
842	b. "Production activities" means activities directed toward
843	the preparation of a:
844	(I) Master tape or master record embodying sound; or
845	(II) Motion picture or television production which is
846	produced for theatrical, commercial, advertising, or educational
847	purposes and utilizes live or animated actions or a combination
848	of live and animated actions. The motion picture or television
849	production shall be commercially produced for sale or for
850	showing on screens or broadcasting on television and may be on
851	film or video tape.
852	(g) Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real
853	property located in an enterprise zone.—
854	1. Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real
855	property located in an enterprise zone are exempt from the tax
856	imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the
857	satisfaction of the department that the items have been used for
858	the rehabilitation of real property located in an enterprise
859	zone. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., this exemption
860	inures to the owner, lessee, or lessor at the time the real
861	property is rehabilitated, but only through a refund of
862	previously paid taxes. To receive a refund pursuant to this
863	paragraph, the owner, lessee, or lessor of the rehabilitated
864	real property must file an application under oath with the
865	governing body or enterprise zone development agency having
866	jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is
867	located, as applicable. A single application for a refund may be
868	submitted for multiple, contiguous parcels that were part of a
869	single parcel that was divided as part of the rehabilitation of
870	the property. All other requirements of this paragraph apply to

Page 30 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
871	each parcel on an individual basis. The application must
872	include:
873	a. The name and address of the person claiming the refund.
874	b. An address and assessment roll parcel number of the
875	rehabilitated real property for which a refund of previously
876	paid taxes is being sought.
877	c. A description of the improvements made to accomplish the
878	rehabilitation of the real property.
879	d. A copy of a valid building permit issued by the county
880	or municipal building department for the rehabilitation of the
881	real property.
882	e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the
883	general contractor licensed in this state with whom the
884	applicant contracted to make the improvements necessary to
885	rehabilitate the real property, which lists the building
886	materials used to rehabilitate the real property, the actual
887	cost of the building materials, and the amount of sales tax paid
888	in this state on the building materials. If a general contractor
889	was not used, the applicant, not a general contractor, shall
890	make the sworn statement required by this sub-subparagraph.
891	Copies of the invoices that evidence the purchase of the
892	building materials used in the rehabilitation and the payment of
893	sales tax on the building materials must be attached to the
894	sworn statement provided by the general contractor or by the
895	applicant. Unless the actual cost of building materials used in
896	the rehabilitation of real property and the payment of sales
897	taxes is documented by a general contractor or by the applicant
898	in this manner, the cost of the building materials is deemed to
899	be an amount equal to 40 percent of the increase in assessed

Page 31 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
900	value for ad valorem tax purposes.
901	f. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065
902	to the enterprise zone in which the rehabilitated real property
903	is located.
904	g. A certification by the local building code inspector
905	that the improvements necessary to rehabilitate the real
906	property are substantially completed.
907	h. A statement of whether the business is a small business
908	as defined by s. 288.703.
909	i. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent
910	employee of the business, including, for each employee who is a
911	resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned
912	pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the
913	employee resides.
914	2. This exemption inures to a municipality, county, other
915	governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based
916	organization through a refund of previously paid taxes if the
917	building materials used in the rehabilitation are paid for from
918	the funds of a community development block grant, State Housing
919	Initiatives Partnership Program, or similar grant or loan
920	program. To receive a refund, a municipality, county, other
921	governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based
922	organization must file an application that includes the same
923	information required in subparagraph 1. In addition, the
924	application must include a sworn statement signed by the chief
925	executive officer of the municipality, county, other
926	governmental unit or agency, or nonprofit community-based
927	organization seeking a refund which states that the building
928	materials for which a refund is sought were funded by a

Page 32 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
929	community development block grant, State Housing Initiatives
930	Partnership Program, or similar grant or loan program.
931	3. Within 10 working days after receipt of an application,
932	the governing body or enterprise zone development agency shall
933	review the application to determine if it contains all the
934	information required by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. and
935	meets the criteria set out in this paragraph. The governing body
936	or agency shall certify all applications that contain the
937	required information and are eligible to receive a refund. If
938	applicable, the governing body or agency shall also certify if
939	20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an
940	enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees.
941	The certification must be in writing, and a copy of the
942	certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of
943	the department. The applicant is responsible for forwarding a
944	certified application to the department within the time
945	specified in subparagraph 4.
946	4. An application for a refund must be submitted to the
947	department within 6 months after the rehabilitation of the
948	property is deemed to be substantially completed by the local
949	building code inspector or by November 1 after the rehabilitated
950	property is first subject to assessment.
951	5. Only one exemption through a refund of previously paid

952 taxes for the rehabilitation of real property is permitted for 953 any single parcel of property unless there is a change in 954 ownership, a new lessor, or a new lessee of the real property. A 955 refund may not be granted unless the amount to be refunded 956 exceeds \$500. A refund may not exceed the lesser of 97 percent 957 of the Florida sales or use tax paid on the cost of the building

Page 33 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
958	materials used in the rehabilitation of the real property as
959	determined pursuant to sub-subparagraph 1.e. or \$5,000, or, if
960	at least 20 percent of the employees of the business are
961	residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-
962	time employees, the amount of refund may not exceed the lesser
963	of 97 percent of the sales tax paid on the cost of the building
963 964	materials or \$10,000. A refund shall be made within 30 days
964 965	
	after formal approval by the department of the application for
966	the refund.
967	6. The department shall adopt rules governing the manner
968	and form of refund applications and may establish guidelines as
969	to the requisites for an affirmative showing of qualification
970	for exemption under this paragraph.
971	7. The department shall deduct an amount equal to 10
972	percent of each refund granted under this paragraph from the
973	amount transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax
974	Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20 for the county area in
975	which the rehabilitated real property is located and shall
976	transfer that amount to the General Revenue Fund.
977	8. For the purposes of the exemption provided in this
978	paragraph, the term:
979	a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property
980	that becomes a component part of improvements to real property.
981	b. "Real property" has the same meaning as provided in s.
982	192.001(12), except that the term does not include a condominium
983	parcel or condominium property as defined in s. 718.103.
984	c. "Rehabilitation of real property" means the
985	reconstruction, renovation, restoration, rehabilitation,
986	construction, or expansion of improvements to real property.

Page 34 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
987	d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as
988	provided in s. 192.042(1).
989	9. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s.
990	290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
991	(h) Business property used in an enterprise zone
992	1. Business property purchased for use by businesses
993	located in an enterprise zone which is subsequently used in an
994	enterprise zone shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this
995	chapter. This exemption inures to the business only through a
996	refund of previously paid taxes. A refund shall be authorized
997	upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction
998	of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have
999	been met.
1000	2. To receive a refund, the business must file under oath
1001	with the governing body or enterprise zone development agency
1002	having jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business
1003	is located, as applicable, an application which includes:
1004	a. The name and address of the business claiming the
1005	refund.
1006	b. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065
1007	to the enterprise zone in which the business is located.
1008	c. A specific description of the property for which a
1009	refund is sought, including its serial number or other permanent
1010	identification number.
1011	d. The location of the property.
1012	e. The sales invoice or other proof of purchase of the
1013	property, showing the amount of sales tax paid, the date of
1014	purchase, and the name and address of the sales tax dealer from
1015	whom the property was purchased.

Page 35 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1010	
1016	f. Whether the business is a small business as defined by
1017	s. 288.703.
1018	g. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent
1019	employee of the business, including, for each employee who is a
1020	resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned
1021	pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the
1022	employee resides.
1023	3. Within 10 working days after receipt of an application,
1024	the governing body or enterprise zone development agency shall
1025	review the application to determine if it contains all the
1026	information required pursuant to subparagraph 2. and meets the
1027	criteria set out in this paragraph. The governing body or agency
1028	shall certify all applications that contain the information
1029	required pursuant to subparagraph 2. and meet the criteria set
1030	out in this paragraph as eligible to receive a refund. If
1031	applicable, the governing body or agency shall also certify if
1032	20 percent of the employees of the business are residents of an
1033	enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-time employees.
1034	The certification shall be in writing, and a copy of the
1035	certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of
1036	the Department of Revenue. The business shall be responsible for
1037	forwarding a certified application to the department within the
1038	time specified in subparagraph 4.
1039	4. An application for a refund pursuant to this paragraph
1040	must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the
1041	tax is due on the business property that is purchased.
1042	5. The amount refunded on purchases of business property
1043	under this paragraph shall be the lesser of 97 percent of the
1044	sales tax paid on such business property or \$5,000, or, if no

Page 36 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1045	less than 20 percent of the employees of the business are
1046	residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-
1047	time employees, the amount refunded on purchases of business
1048	property under this paragraph shall be the lesser of 97 percent
1049	of the sales tax paid on such business property or $\$10,000$. A
1050	refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within
1051	30 days after formal approval by the department of the
1052	application for the refund. A refund may not be granted under
1053	this paragraph unless the amount to be refunded exceeds \$100 in
1054	sales tax paid on purchases made within a 60-day time period.
1055	6. The department shall adopt rules governing the manner
1056	and form of refund applications and may establish guidelines as
1057	to the requisites for an affirmative showing of qualification
1058	for exemption under this paragraph.
1059	7. If the department determines that the business property
1060	is used outside an enterprise zone within 3 years from the date
1061	of purchase, the amount of taxes refunded to the business
1062	purchasing such business property shall immediately be due and
1063	payable to the department by the business, together with the
1064	appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the date of
1065	purchase, in the manner provided by this chapter.
1066	Notwithstanding this subparagraph, business property used
1067	exclusively in:
1068	a. Licensed commercial fishing vessels,
1069	b. Fishing guide boats, or
1070	c. Ecotourism guide boats
1071	
1072	that leave and return to a fixed location within an area
1073	designated under s. 379.2353, Florida Statutes 2010, are

Page 37 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1074	eligible for the exemption provided under this paragraph if all
1075	requirements of this paragraph are met. Such vessels and boats
1076	must be owned by a business that is eligible to receive the
1077	exemption provided under this paragraph. This exemption does not
1078	apply to the purchase of a vessel or boat.
1079	8. The department shall deduct an amount equal to 10
1080	percent of each refund granted under this paragraph from the
1081	amount transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax
1082	Clearing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 212.20 for the county area in
1083	which the business property is located and shall transfer that
1084	amount to the General Revenue Fund.
1085	9. For the purposes of this exemption, "business property"
1086	means new or used property defined as "recovery property" in s.
1087	168(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, except:
1088	a. Property classified as 3-year property under s.
1089	168(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended;
1090	b. Industrial machinery and equipment as defined in sub-
1091	subparagraph (b)6.a. and eligible for exemption under paragraph
1092	(d)
1093	c. Building materials as defined in sub-subparagraph
1094	(g)8.a.; and
1095	d. Business property having a sales price of under \$5,000
1096	per unit.
1097	10. This paragraph expires on the date specified in s.
1098	290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
1099	(i) Aircraft modification services.—There shall be exempt
1100	from the tax imposed by this chapter all charges for aircraft
1101	modification services, including parts and equipment furnished
1102	or installed in connection therewith, performed under authority

Page 38 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1103	of a supplemental type certificate issued by the Federal
1104	Aviation Administration.
1105	(j) Machinery and equipment used in semiconductor, defense,
1106	or space technology production.
1107	1.a. Industrial machinery and equipment used in
1108	semiconductor technology facilities certified under subparagraph
1109	5. to manufacture, process, compound, or produce semiconductor
1110	technology products for sale or for use by these facilities are
1111	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. For purposes of
1112	this paragraph, industrial machinery and equipment includes
1113	molds, dies, machine tooling, other appurtenances or accessories
1114	to machinery and equipment, testing equipment, test beds,
1115	computers, and software, whether purchased or self-fabricated,
1116	and, if self-fabricated, includes materials and labor for
1117	design, fabrication, and assembly.
1118	b. Industrial machinery and equipment used in defense or
1119	space technology facilities certified under subparagraph 5. to
1120	design, manufacture, assemble, process, compound, or produce
1121	defense technology products or space technology products for
1122	sale or for use by these facilities are exempt from the tax
1123	imposed by this chapter.
1124	2. Building materials purchased for use in manufacturing or
1125	expanding clean rooms in semiconductor-manufacturing facilities
1126	are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
1127	3. In addition to meeting the criteria mandated by
1128	subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., a business must be certified
1129	by the Department of Economic Opportunity in order to qualify
1130	for exemption under this paragraph.
1131	4. For items purchased tax-exempt pursuant to this

Page 39 of 105

1100	1-01282-12 20121832
1132	paragraph, possession of a written certification from the
1133	purchaser, certifying the purchaser's entitlement to the
1134	exemption, relieves the seller of the responsibility of
1135	collecting the tax on the sale of such items, and the department
1136	shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of the tax if it
1137	determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exemption.
1138	5.a. To be eligible to receive the exemption provided by
1139	subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., a qualifying business entity
1140	shall initially apply to Enterprise Florida, Inc. The original
1141	certification is valid for a period of 2 years. In lieu of
1142	submitting a new application, the original certification may be
1143	renewed biennially by submitting to the Department of Economic
1144	Opportunity a statement, certified under oath, that there has
1145	not been a material change in the conditions or circumstances
1146	entitling the business entity to the original certification. The
1147	initial application and the certification renewal statement
1148	shall be developed by the Department of Economic Opportunity.
1149	b. The Division of Strategic Business Development of the
1150	Department of Economic Opportunity shall review each submitted
1151	initial application and determine whether or not the application
1152	is complete within 5 working days. Once complete, the division
1153	shall, within 10 working days, evaluate the application and
1154	recommend approval or disapproval to the Department of Economic
1155	Opportunity.
1156	c. Upon receipt of the initial application and
1157	recommendation from the division or upon receipt of a
1158	certification renewal statement, the Department of Economic
1159	Opportunity shall certify within 5 working days those applicants

1160 who are found to meet the requirements of this section and

Page 40 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1161	notify the applicant of the original certification or
1162	certification renewal. If the Department of Economic Opportunity
1163	finds that the applicant does not meet the requirements, it
1164	shall notify the applicant and Enterprise Florida, Inc., within
1165	10 working days that the application for certification has been
1166	denied and the reasons for denial. The Department of Economic
1167	Opportunity has final approval authority for certification under
1168	this section.
1169	d. The initial application and certification renewal
1170	statement must indicate, for program evaluation purposes only,
1171	the average number of full-time equivalent employees at the
1172	facility over the preceding calendar year, the average wage and
1173	benefits paid to those employees over the preceding calendar
1174	year, the total investment made in real and tangible personal
1175	property over the preceding calendar year, and the total value
1176	of tax-exempt purchases and taxes exempted during the previous
1177	year. The department shall assist the Department of Economic
1178	Opportunity in evaluating and verifying information provided in
1179	the application for exemption.
1180	e. The Department of Economic Opportunity may use the
1181	information reported on the initial application and
1182	certification renewal statement for evaluation purposes only.
1183	6. A business certified to receive this exemption may elect
1184	to designate one or more state universities or community
1185	colleges as recipients of up to 100 percent of the amount of the
1186	exemption. To receive these funds, the institution must agree to
1187	match the funds with equivalent cash, programs, services, or
1188	other in-kind support on a one-to-one basis for research and
1189	development projects requested by the certified business. The

Page 41 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1190	
1191	property must be vested in the business unless otherwise agreed
1192	to by the business and the university or community college.
1193	7. As used in this paragraph, the term:
1194	a. "Semiconductor technology products" means raw
1195	semiconductor wafers or semiconductor thin films that are
1196	transformed into semiconductor memory or logic wafers, including
1197	wafers containing mixed memory and logic circuits; related
1198	assembly and test operations; active-matrix flat panel displays;
1199	semiconductor chips; semiconductor lasers; optoelectronic
1200	elements; and related semiconductor technology products as
1201	determined by the Department of Economic Opportunity.
1202	b. "Clean rooms" means manufacturing facilities enclosed in
1203	a manner that meets the clean manufacturing requirements
1204	necessary for high-technology semiconductor-manufacturing
1205	environments.
1206	c. "Defense technology products" means products that have a
1207	military application, including, but not limited to, weapons,
1208	weapons systems, guidance systems, surveillance systems,
1209	communications or information systems, munitions, aircraft,
1210	vessels, or boats, or components thereof, which are intended for
1211	military use and manufactured in performance of a contract with
1212	the United States Department of Defense or the military branch
1213	of a recognized foreign government or a subcontract thereunder
1214	which relates to matters of national defense.
1215	d. "Space technology products" means products that are
1216	specifically designed or manufactured for application in space
1217	activities, including, but not limited to, space launch
1218	vehicles, space flight vehicles, missiles, satellites or

Page 42 of 105

1	1-01282-12 20121832
1219	research payloads, avionics, and associated control systems and
1220	processing systems and components of any of the foregoing. The
1221	term does not include products that are designed or manufactured
1222	for general commercial aviation or other uses even though those
1223	products may also serve an incidental use in space applications.
1224	(k) SamplesPaint color card samples, flooring and wall
1225	samples, fabric swatch samples, window covering samples, and
1226	similar samples, when such samples serve no useful purpose other
1227	than as a comparison of color, texture, or design; are provided
1228	by the manufacturer to a dealer or ultimate consumer for no
1229	charge; and are given away by the dealer to the ultimate
1230	consumer for no charge, are exempt.
1231	(1) Growth enhancers or performance enhancers for cattle
1232	There is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter the sale of
1233	performance-enhancing or growth-enhancing products for cattle.
1234	(m) Educational materials purchased by certain child care
1235	facilitiesEducational materials, such as glue, paper, paints,
1236	crayons, unique craft items, scissors, books, and educational
1237	toys, purchased by a child care facility that meets the
1238	standards delineated in s. 402.305, is licensed under s.
1239	402.308, holds a current Cold Seal Quality Care designation
1240	pursuant to s. 402.281, and provides basic health insurance to
1241	all employees are exempt from the taxes imposed by this chapter.
1242	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "basic health
1243	insurance" shall be defined and promulgated in rules developed
1244	jointly by the Department of Children and Family Services, the
1245	Agency for Health Care Administration, and the Financial
1246	Services Commission.
1247	(n) Materials for construction of single-family homes in

Page 43 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1248	certain areas
1249	1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
1250	a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property
1251	that becomes a component part of a qualified home.
1252	b. "Qualified home" means a single-family home having an
1253	appraised value of no more than \$160,000 which is located in an
1254	enterprise zone, empowerment zone, or Front Porch Florida
1255	Community and which is constructed and occupied by the owner
1256	thereof for residential purposes.
1257	c. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as
1258	provided in s. 192.042(1).
1259	2. Building materials used in the construction of a
1260	qualified home and the costs of labor associated with the
1261	construction of a qualified home are exempt from the tax imposed
1262	by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction
1263	of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have
1264	been met. This exemption inures to the owner through a refund of
1265	previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must
1266	file an application under oath with the department which
1267	includes:
1268	a. The name and address of the owner.
1269	b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the
1270	home for which a refund is sought.
1271	c. A copy of the building permit issued for the home.
1272	d. A certification by the local building code inspector
1273	that the home is substantially completed.
1274	e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the
1275	general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner
1276	contracted to construct the home, which statement lists the

Page 44 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1277	building materials used in the construction of the home and the
1278	actual cost thereof, the labor costs associated with such
1279	construction, and the amount of sales tax paid on these
1280	materials and labor costs. If a general contractor was not used,
1281	the owner shall provide this information in a sworn statement,
1282	under penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment
1283	of sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement.
1284	f. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the
1285	owner affirming that he or she is occupying the home for
1286	residential purposes.
1287	3. An application for a refund under this paragraph must be
1288	submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the
1289	home is deemed to be substantially completed by the local
1290	building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of
1291	the application, the department shall determine if it meets the
1292	requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to
1293	this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal
1294	approval of the application by the department.
1295	4. The department shall establish by rule an application
1296	form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption
1297	under this paragraph.
1298	5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on
1299	or after July 1, 2000.
1300	(o) Building materials in redevelopment projects
1301	1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
1302	a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property
1303	that becomes a component part of a housing project or a mixed-
1304	use project.
1305	b. "Housing project" means the conversion of an existing

Page 45 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1306	manufacturing or industrial building to housing units in an
1307	urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front
1308	Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill
1309	area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20
1310	percent of the housing units in the project for low-income and
1311	moderate-income persons or the construction in a designated
1312	brownfield area of affordable housing for persons described in
1313	s. 420.0004(9), (11), (12), or (17) or in s. 159.603(7).
1314	c. "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an existing
1315	manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use units that
1316	include artists' studios, art and entertainment services, or
1317	other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must be located in an
1318	urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front
1319	Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill
1320	area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20
1321	percent of the square footage of the project for low-income and
1322	moderate-income housing.
1323	d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as
1324	provided in s. 192.042(1).
1325	2. Building materials used in the construction of a housing
1326	project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax imposed by
1327	this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of
1328	the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been
1329	met. This exemption inures to the owner through a refund of
1330	previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must
1331	file an application under oath with the department which
1332	includes:
1333	a. The name and address of the owner.
1334	b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the
	Dage 16 of 105

Page 46 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1335	project for which a refund is sought.
1336	c. A copy of the building permit issued for the project.
1337	d. A certification by the local building code inspector
1338	that the project is substantially completed.
1339	e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the
1340	general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner
1341	contracted to construct the project, which statement lists the
1342	building materials used in the construction of the project and
1343	the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales tax paid on
1344	these materials. If a general contractor was not used, the owner
1345	shall provide this information in a sworn statement, under
1346	penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment of
1347	sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement.
1348	3. An application for a refund under this paragraph must be
1349	submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the
1350	project is deemed to be substantially completed by the local
1351	building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of
1352	the application, the department shall determine if it meets the
1353	requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to
1354	this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal
1355	approval of the application by the department.
1356	4. The department shall establish by rule an application
1357	form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption
1358	under this paragraph.
1359	5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on
1360	or after July 1, 2000.
1361	(p) Community contribution tax credit for donations
1362	1. AuthorizationPersons who are registered with the
1363	department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax

Page 47 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1364	and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax
1365	credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as
1366	provided in this paragraph:
1367	a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the
1368	person's approved annual community contribution.
1369	b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state
1370	sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12
1371	months preceding the date of application to the department for
1372	the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual
1373	credit is not fully used through such refund because of
1374	insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period,
1375	the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund
1376	made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years
1377	against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover
1378	credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any
1379	time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.
1380	c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual
1381	tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any
1382	one year.
1383	d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require
1384	the prior approval of the Department of Economic Opportunity.
1385	e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for
1386	all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s.
1387	624.5105 is \$10.5 million annually for projects that provide
1388	homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income
1389	households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3.5
1390	million annually for all other projects.
1391	f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided
1392	for in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive

Page 48 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1393	the credit only under the one section of the person's choice.
1394	2. Eligibility requirements
1395	a. A community contribution by a person must be in the
1396	following form:
1397	(I) Cash or other liquid assets;
1398	(II) Real property;
1399	(III) Goods or inventory; or
1400	(IV) Other physical resources as identified by the
1401	Department of Economic Opportunity.
1402	b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively
1403	for use in a project. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term
1404	"project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor
1405	which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially
1406	rehabilitate housing that is affordable to low-income or very-
1407	low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
1408	designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources
1409	and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-
1410	development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may
1411	be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed
1412	broadband capability in rural communities with enterprise zones,
1413	including projects that result in improvements to communications
1414	assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the
1415	provision of museum educational programs and materials that are
1416	directly related to any project approved between January 1,
1417	1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an enterprise zone
1418	designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph does not
1419	preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate
1420	housing for low-income or very-low-income households on
1421	scattered sites. With respect to housing, contributions may be

Page 49 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1422	used to pay the following eligible low-income and very-low-
1423	income housing-related activities:
1424	(I) Project development impact and management fees for low-
1425	income or very-low-income housing projects;
1426	(II) Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons,
1427	as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
1428	(III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling
1429	and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community
1430	contribution, directly related to low-income or very-low-income
1431	projects; and
1432	(IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property
1433	by municipal, county, or special district local governments when
1434	satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the
1435	transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s.
1436	420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home
1437	ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from
1438	a nonrelated third party.
1439	c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor,"
1440	which includes:
1441	(I) A community action program;
1442	(II) A nonprofit community-based development organization
1443	whose mission is the provision of housing for low-income or
1444	very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and
1445	job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
1446	(III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
1447	(IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;
1448	(V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.
1449	163.356;
1450	(VI) A historic preservation district agency or

Page 50 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1451	organization;
1452	(VII) A regional workforce board;
1453	(VIII) A direct-support organization as provided in s.
1454	1009.983;
1455	(IX) An enterprise zone development agency created under s.
1456	290.0056;
1457	(X) A community-based organization incorporated under
1458	chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or
1459	scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
1460	and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include
1461	affordable housing, economic development, or community
1462	development as the primary mission of the corporation;
1463	(XI) Units of local government;
1464	(XII) Units of state government; or
1465	(XIII) Any other agency that the Department of Economic
1466	Opportunity designates by rule.
1467	
1468	In no event may a contributing person have a financial interest
1469	in the eligible sponsor.
1470	d. The project must be located in an area designated an
1471	enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community, unless the
1472	project increases access to high-speed broadband capability for
1473	rural communities with enterprise zones but is physically
1474	located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any
1475	project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-
1476	income or very-low-income households as defined in s.
1477	420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of
1478	this sub-subparagraph.
1479	e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state

Page 51 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1480	
1481	provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-
1482	income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are
1483	received for less than the annual tax credits available for
1484	those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall
1485	grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant
1486	remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for
1487	any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of
1488	the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of
1489	the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for
1490	projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income
1491	or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and
1492	(28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available
1493	for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall
1494	grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:
1495	(A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved
1496	projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total,
1497	the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit
1498	applications are approved.
1499	(B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved
1500	projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the
1501	amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-
1502	subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of
1503	available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be
1504	granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata
1505	basis.
1506	(II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state
1507	fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other
1508	than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-

Page 52 of 105

1537

	1-01282-12 20121832
1509	income or very-low-income households as defined in s.
1510	420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax
1511	credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic
1512	Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and
1513	shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served
1514	basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before
1515	the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10
1516	business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit
1517	applications for projects other than those that provide
1518	homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income
1519	households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received
1520	for more than the annual tax credits available for those
1521	projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the
1522	tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.
1523	3. Application requirements
1524	a. Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this
1525	program must submit a proposal to the Department of Economic
1526	Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a
1527	description of the project, and the area in which the project is
1528	located, together with such supporting information as is
1529	prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution
1530	from the local governmental unit in which the project is located
1531	certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and
1532	regulations.
1533	b. Any person seeking to participate in this program must
1534	submit an application for tax credit to the Department of
1535	Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a
1536	description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of

Page 53 of 105

the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the

	1-01282-12 20121832
1538	application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which
1539	verification must be in writing and accompany the application
1540	for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit
1541	application to the Department of Economic Opportunity for each
1542	individual contribution that it makes to each individual
1543	project.
1544	c. Any person who has received notification from the
1545	Department of Economic Opportunity that a tax credit has been
1546	approved must apply to the department to receive the refund.
1547	Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming
1548	refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of
1549	the notification. A person may submit only one application for
1550	refund to the department within any 12-month period.
1551	4. Administration
1552	a. The Department of Economic Opportunity may adopt rules
1553	pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer
1554	this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval
1555	of proposals by a person.
1556	b. The decision of the Department of Economic Opportunity
1557	must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall
1558	state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval,
1559	the Department of Economic Opportunity shall transmit a copy of
1560	the decision to the Department of Revenue.
1561	c. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall
1562	periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with
1563	available resources to ensure that resources are used in
1564	accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be
1565	reviewed at least once every 2 years.
1566	d. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall, in

Page 54 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1567	consultation with the statewide and regional housing and
1568	financial intermediaries, market the availability of the
1569	community contribution tax credit program to community-based
1570	organizations.
1571	5. ExpirationThis paragraph expires June 30, 2015;
1572	however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that
1573	date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover
1574	period for such credit.
1575	- (q) Entertainment industry tax credit; authorization;
1576	eligibility for creditsThe credits against the state sales tax
1577	authorized pursuant to s. 288.1254 shall be deducted from any
1578	sales and use tax remitted by the dealer to the department by
1579	electronic funds transfer and may only be deducted on a sales
1580	and use tax return initiated through electronic data
1581	interchange. The dealer shall separately state the credit on the
1582	electronic return. The net amount of tax due and payable must be
1583	remitted by electronic funds transfer. If the credit for the
1584	qualified expenditures is larger than the amount owed on the
1585	sales and use tax return that is eligible for the credit, the
1586	unused amount of the credit may be carried forward to a
1587	succeeding reporting period as provided in s. 288.1254(4)(e). A
1588	dealer may only obtain a credit using the method described in
1589	this subparagraph. A dealer is not authorized to obtain a credit
1590	by applying for a refund.
1591	(6) EXEMPTIONS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS
1592	(a) There are also exempt from the tax imposed by this
1593	chapter sales made to the United States Government, a state, or
1594	any county, municipality, or political subdivision of a state
1595	when payment is made directly to the dealer by the governmental

Page 55 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1596	entity. This exemption shall not inure to any transaction
1597	otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a
1598	government employee by any means, including, but not limited to,
1599	cash, check, or credit card when that employee is subsequently
1600	reimbursed by the governmental entity. This exemption does not
1601	include sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in
1602	any political subdivision or municipality in this state of
1603	machines and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used
1604	in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electrical
1605	energy by systems owned and operated by a political subdivision
1606	in this state for transmission or distribution expansion.
1607	Likewise exempt are charges for services rendered by radio and
1608	television stations, including line charges, talent fees, or
1609	license fees and charges for films, videotapes, and
1610	transcriptions used in producing radio or television broadcasts.
1611	The exemption provided in this subsection does not include
1612	sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in any
1613	political subdivision or municipality in this state of machines
1614	and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used in
1615	providing two-way telecommunications services to the public for
1616	hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in
1617	s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under
1618	chapter 364, which facility is owned and operated by any county,
1619	municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any
1620	immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other
1621	entity of local government from taxation of the property used to
1622	provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of
1623	this section is hereby waived. However, the exemption provided
1624	in this subsection includes transactions taxable under this

Page 56 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1625	
1626	airport, as defined in s. 332.004, in providing such
1627	telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants,
1628	concessionaires, or licensees, or which are for use by a public
1629	hospital for the provision of such telecommunications services.
1630	(b) The exemption provided under this subsection does not
1631	include sales of tangible personal property made to contractors
1632	employed directly to or as agents of any such government or
1633	political subdivision when such tangible personal property goes
1634	into or becomes a part of public works owned by such government
1635	or political subdivision. A determination of whether a
1636	particular transaction is properly characterized as an exempt
1637	sale to a government entity or a taxable sale to a contractor
1638	shall be based upon the substance of the transaction rather than
1639	the form in which the transaction is cast. However, for sales of
1640	tangible personal property that go into or become a part of
1641	public works owned by a governmental entity, other than the
1642	Federal Government, a governmental entity claiming the exemption
1643	provided under this subsection shall certify to the dealer and
1644	the contractor the entity's claim to the exemption by providing
1645	the dealer and the contractor a certificate of entitlement to
1646	the exemption for such sales. If the department later determines
1647	that such sales, in which the governmental entity provided the
1648	dealer and the contractor with a certificate of entitlement to
1649	the exemption, were not exempt sales to the governmental entity,
1650	the governmental entity shall be liable for any tax, penalty,
1651	and interest determined to be owed on such transactions.
1652	Possession by a dealer or contractor of a certificate of
1653	entitlement to the exemption from the governmental entity

Page 57 of 105

1679

1	1-01282-12 20121832
1654	relieves the dealer from the responsibility of collecting tax on
1655	the sale and the contractor for any liability for tax, penalty,
1656	or interest related to the sale, and the department shall look
1657	solely to the governmental entity for recovery of tax, penalty,
1658	and interest if the department determines that the transaction
1659	was not an exempt sale to the governmental entity. The
1660	governmental entity may not transfer liability for such tax,
1661	penalty, and interest to another party by contract or agreement.
1662	(c) The department shall adopt rules for determining
1663	whether a particular transaction is properly characterized as an
1664	exempt sale to a governmental entity or a taxable sale to a
1665	contractor which give special consideration to factors that
1666	govern the status of the tangible personal property before being
1667	affixed to real property. In developing such rules, assumption
1668	of the risk of damage or loss is of paramount consideration in
1669	the determination. The department shall also adopt, by rule, a
1670	certificate of entitlement to exemption for use as provided in
1671	paragraph (b). The certificate shall require the governmental
1672	entity to affirm that it will comply with the requirements of
1673	this subsection and the rules adopted under paragraph (b) in
1674	order to qualify for the exemption and that it acknowledges its
1675	liability for any tax, penalty, or interest later determined by
1676	the department to be owed on such transactions.
1677	(3)(7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONSExemptions provided to any
1678	entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is

1680 representative or employee of the entity by any means, 1681 including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even 1682 when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed

otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a

Page 58 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1683	by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by
1684	this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is
1685	otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has
1686	obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department
1687	or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as
1688	required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made
1689	with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this
1690	subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an
1691	exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict
1692	compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and
1693	shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer
1694	this subsection.
1695	(a) Artificial commemorative flowersExempt from the tax
1696	imposed by this chapter is the sale of artificial commemorative
1697	flowers by bona fide nationally chartered veterans'
1698	organizations.
1699	(b) Boiler fuelsWhen purchased for use as a combustible
1700	fuel, purchases of natural gas, residual oil, recycled oil,
1701	waste oil, solid waste material, coal, sulfur, wood, wood
1702	residues or wood bark used in an industrial manufacturing,
1703	processing, compounding, or production process at a fixed
1704	location in this state are exempt from the taxes imposed by this
1705	chapter; however, such exemption shall not be allowed unless the
1706	purchaser signs a certificate stating that the fuel to be
1707	exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. This
1708	exemption does not apply to the use of boiler fuels that are not
1709	used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, or producing
1710	items of tangible personal property for sale, or to the use of
1711	boiler fuels used by any firm subject to regulation by the

Page 59 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1712	Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business
1713	and Professional Regulation.
1714	(c) Crustacea baitAlso exempt from the tax imposed by
1715	this chapter is the purchase by commercial fishers of bait
1716	intended solely for use in the entrapment of Callinectes sapidus
1717	and Menippe mercenaria.
1718	(d) FeedsFeeds for poultry, ostriches, and livestock,
1719	including racehorses and dairy cows, are exempt.
1720	(c) Film rentalsFilm rentals are exempt when an admission
1721	is charged for viewing such film, and license fees and direct
1722	charges for films, videotapes, and transcriptions used by
1723	television or radio stations or networks are exempt.
1724	(f) Flags.—Also exempt are sales of the flag of the United
1725	States and the official state flag of Florida.
1726	(g) Florida Retired Educators Association and its local
1727	chaptersAlso exempt from payment of the tax imposed by this
1728	chapter are purchases of office supplies, equipment, and
1729	publications made by the Florida Retired Educators Association
1730	and its local chapters.
1731	<u>(a) (h)</u> Guide dogs for the blind.—Also exempt are the sale
1732	or rental of guide dogs for the blind, commonly referred to as
1733	"seeing-eye dogs," and the sale of food or other items for such
1734	guide dogs.
1735	1. The department shall issue a consumer's certificate of
1736	exemption to any blind person who holds an identification card
1737	as provided for in s. 413.091 and who either owns or rents, or
1738	contemplates the ownership or rental of, a guide dog for the
1739	blind. The consumer's certificate of exemption shall be issued
1740	without charge and shall be of such size as to be capable of

Page 60 of 105

1-01282-12

1741 being carried in a wallet or billfold.

2. The department shall make such rules concerning items exempt from tax under the provisions of this paragraph as may be necessary to provide that any person authorized to have a consumer's certificate of exemption need only present such a certificate at the time of paying for exempt goods and shall not be required to pay any tax thereon.

1748 (b) (i) Hospital meals and rooms.-Also exempt from payment 1749 of the tax imposed by this chapter on rentals and meals are 1750 patients and inmates of any hospital or other physical plant or 1751 facility designed and operated primarily for the care of persons 1752 who are ill, aged, infirm, mentally or physically incapacitated, 1753 or otherwise dependent on special care or attention. Residents 1754 of a home for the aged are exempt from payment of taxes on meals 1755 provided through the facility. A home for the aged is defined as 1756 a facility that is licensed or certified in part or in whole 1757 under chapter 400, chapter 429, or chapter 651, or that is 1758 financed by a mortgage loan made or insured by the United States 1759 Department of Housing and Urban Development under s. 202, s. 202 1760 with a s. 8 subsidy, s. 221(d)(3) or (4), s. 232, or s. 236 of 1761 the National Housing Act, or other such similar facility 1762 designed and operated primarily for the care of the aged.

1763 <u>(c) (j)</u> Household fuels.—Also exempt from payment of the tax 1764 imposed by this chapter are sales of utilities to residential 1765 households or owners of residential models in this state by 1766 utility companies who pay the gross receipts tax imposed under 1767 s. 203.01, and sales of fuel to residential households or owners 1768 of residential models, including oil, kerosene, liquefied 1769 petroleum gas, coal, wood, and other fuel products used in the

Page 61 of 105

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20121832

1-01282-12

1770 household or residential model for the purposes of heating, 1771 cooking, lighting, and refrigeration, regardless of whether such 1772 sales of utilities and fuels are separately metered and billed direct to the residents or are metered and billed to the 1773 1774 landlord. If any part of the utility or fuel is used for a 1775 nonexempt purpose, the entire sale is taxable. The landlord 1776 shall provide a separate meter for nonexempt utility or fuel 1777 consumption. For the purposes of this paragraph, licensed family 1778 day care homes shall also be exempt. (d) (k) Meals provided by certain nonprofit organizations.-1779 1780 There is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter the sale of 1781 prepared meals by a nonprofit volunteer organization to handicapped, elderly, or indigent persons when such meals are 1782 1783 delivered as a charitable function by the organization to such 1784 persons at their places of residence. 1785 (1) Organizations providing special educational, cultural, 1786 recreational, and social benefits to minors. Also exempt from 1787 the tax imposed by this chapter are sales or leases to and sales 1788 of donated property by nonprofit organizations which are 1789 incorporated pursuant to chapter 617 the primary purpose of which is providing activities that contribute to the development 1790 1791 of good character or good sportsmanship, or to the educational or cultural development, of minors. This exemption is extended 1792 1793 only to that level of the organization that has a salaried executive officer or an elected nonsalaried executive officer. 1794 1795 For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "donated property" means any property transferred to such nonprofit organization 1796 for less than 50 percent of its fair market value. 1797

1798

(m) Religious institutions.-

Page 62 of 105

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20121832

1	1-01282-12 20121832
1799	1. There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter
1800	transactions involving sales or leases directly to religious
1801	institutions when used in carrying on their customary nonprofit
1802	religious activities or sales or leases of tangible personal
1803	property by religious institutions having an established
1804	physical place for worship at which nonprofit religious services
1805	and activities are regularly conducted and carried on.
1806	2. As used in this paragraph, the term "religious
1807	institutions" means churches, synagogues, and established
1808	physical places for worship at which nonprofit religious
1809	services and activities are regularly conducted and carried on.
1810	The term "religious institutions" includes nonprofit
1811	corporations the sole purpose of which is to provide free
1812	transportation services to church members, their families, and
1813	other church attendees. The term "religious institutions" also
1814	includes nonprofit state, nonprofit district, or other nonprofit
1815	governing or administrative offices the function of which is to
1816	assist or regulate the customary activities of religious
1817	institutions. The term "religious institutions" also includes
1818	any nonprofit corporation that is qualified as nonprofit under
1819	s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
1820	and that owns and operates a Florida television station, at
1821	least 90 percent of the programming of which station consists of
1822	programs of a religious nature and the financial support for
1823	which, exclusive of receipts for broadcasting from other
1824	nonprofit organizations, is predominantly from contributions
1825	from the general public. The term "religious institutions" also
1826	includes any nonprofit corporation that is qualified as
1827	nonprofit under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of

Page 63 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832_
1828	1986, as amended, the primary activity of which is making and
1829	distributing audio recordings of religious scriptures and
1830	teachings to blind or visually impaired persons at no charge.
1831	The term "religious institutions" also includes any nonprofit
1832	corporation that is qualified as nonprofit under s. 501(c)(3) of
1833	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the sole or
1834	primary function of which is to provide, upon invitation,
1835	nonprofit religious services, evangelistic services, religious
1836	education, administrative assistance, or missionary assistance
1837	for a church, synagogue, or established physical place of
1838	worship at which nonprofit religious services and activities are
1839	regularly conducted.
1840	(n) Veterans' organizations
1841	1. There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter
1842	transactions involving sales or leases to qualified veterans'
1843	organizations and their auxiliaries when used in carrying on
1844	their customary veterans' organization activities.
1845	2. As used in this paragraph, the term "veterans'
1846	organizations" means nationally chartered or recognized
1847	veterans' organizations, including, but not limited to, Florida
1848	chapters of the Paralyzed Veterans of America, Catholic War
1849	Veterans of the U.S.A., Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A., and
1850	the Disabled American Veterans, Department of Florida, Inc.,
1851	which hold current exemptions from federal income tax under s.
1852	501(c)(4) or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
1853	amended.
1854	(o) Schools, colleges, and universitiesAlso exempt from
1855	the tax imposed by this chapter are sales or leases to state
1856	tax-supported schools, colleges, or universities.

Page 64 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1857	
1858	tax imposed by this chapter are sales or leases to organizations
1859	determined by the Internal Revenue Service to be currently
1860	exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the
1861	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, when such leases or
1862	purchases are used in carrying on their customary nonprofit
1863	activities.
1864	(q) Resource recovery equipmentAlso exempt is resource
1865	recovery equipment which is owned and operated by or on behalf
1866	of any county or municipality, certified by the Department of
1867	Environmental Protection under the provisions of s. 403.715.
1868	<u>(e) (r)</u> School books and school lunches.—This exemption
1869	applies to school books used in regularly prescribed courses of
1870	study, and to school lunches served in public, parochial, or
1871	nonprofit schools operated for and attended by pupils of grades
1872	K through 12. Yearbooks, magazines, newspapers, directories,
1873	bulletins, and similar publications distributed by such
1874	educational institutions to their students are also exempt.
1875	School books and food sold or served at community colleges and
1876	other institutions of higher learning are taxable.
1877	(s) Tasting beverages.—Vinous and alcoholic beverages
1878	provided by distributors or vendors for the purpose of "wine
1879	tasting" and "spirituous beverage tasting" as contemplated under
1880	the provisions of ss. 564.06 and 565.12, respectively, are
1881	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
1882	(t) Boats temporarily docked in state.—
1883	1. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 328,
1884	pertaining to the registration of vessels, a boat upon which the
1885	state sales or use tax has not been paid is exempt from the use

Page 65 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1886	
1887	for a period not to exceed a total of 20 days in any calendar
1888	year calculated from the date of first dockage or slippage at a
1889	facility, registered with the department, that rents dockage or
1890	slippage space in this state. If a boat brought into this state
1891	for use under this paragraph is placed in a facility, registered
1892	with the department, for repairs, alterations, refitting, or
1893	modifications and such repairs, alterations, refitting, or
1894	modifications are supported by written documentation, the 20-day
1895	period shall be tolled during the time the boat is physically in
1896	the care, custody, and control of the repair facility, including
1897	the time spent on sea trials conducted by the facility. The 20-
1898	day time period may be tolled only once within a calendar year
1899	when a boat is placed for the first time that year in the
1900	physical care, custody, and control of a registered repair
1901	facility; however, the owner may request and the department may
1902	grant an additional tolling of the 20-day period for purposes of
1903	repairs that arise from a written guarantee given by the
1904	registered repair facility, which guarantee covers only those
1905	repairs or modifications made during the first tolled period.
1906	Within 72 hours after the date upon which the registered repair
1907	facility took possession of the boat, the facility must have in
1908	its possession, on forms prescribed by the department, an
1909	affidavit which states that the boat is under its care, custody,
1910	and control and that the owner does not use the boat while in
1911	the facility. Upon completion of the repairs, alterations,
1912	refitting, or modifications, the registered repair facility
1913	must, within 72 hours after the date of release, have in its
1914	possession a copy of the release form which shows the date of

Page 66 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1915	release and any other information the department requires. The
1916	repair facility shall maintain a log that documents all
1917	alterations, additions, repairs, and sea trials during the time
1918	the boat is under the care, custody, and control of the
1919	facility. The affidavit shall be maintained by the registered
1920	repair facility as part of its records for as long as required
1921	by s. 213.35. When, within 6 months after the date of its
1922	purchase, a boat is brought into this state under this
1923	paragraph, the 6-month period provided in s. 212.05(1)(a)2. or
1924	s. 212.06(8) shall be tolled.
1925	2. During the period of repairs, alterations, refitting, or
1926	modifications and during the 20-day period referred to in
1927	subparagraph 1., the boat may be listed for sale, contracted for
1928	sale, or sold exclusively by a broker or dealer registered with
1929	the department without incurring a use tax under this chapter;
1930	however, the sales tax levied under this chapter applies to such
1931	sale.
1932	3. The mere storage of a boat at a registered repair
1933	facility does not qualify as a tax-exempt use in this state.
1934	4. As used in this paragraph, "registered repair facility"
1935	means:
1936	a. A full-service facility that:
1937	(I) Is located on a navigable body of water;
1938	(II) Has haulout capability such as a dry dock, travel
1939	lift, railway, or similar equipment to service craft under the
1940	care, custody, and control of the facility;
1941	(III) Has adequate piers and storage facilities to provide
1942	safe berthing of vessels in its care, custody, and control; and
1943	(IV) Has necessary shops and equipment to provide repair or

Page 67 of 105

1	1-01282-12 20121832
1944	warranty work on vessels under the care, custody, and control of
1945	the facility;
1946	b. A marina that:
1947	(I) Is located on a navigable body of water;
1948	(II) Has adequate piers and storage facilities to provide
1949	safe berthing of vessels in its care, custody, and control; and
1950	(III) Has necessary shops and equipment to provide repairs
1951	or warranty work on vessels; or
1952	c. A shoreside facility that:
1953	(I) Is located on a navigable body of water;
1954	(II) Has adequate piers and storage facilities to provide
1955	safe berthing of vessels in its care, custody, and control; and
1956	(III) Has necessary shops and equipment to provide repairs
1957	or warranty work.
1958	(u) Volunteer fire departments.—Also exempt are
1959	firefighting and rescue service equipment and supplies purchased
1960	by volunteer fire departments, duly chartered under the Florida
1961	Statutes as corporations not for profit.
1962	(v) Professional services.
1963	1. Also exempted are professional, insurance, or personal
1964	service transactions that involve sales as inconsequential
1965	elements for which no separate charges are made.
1966	2. The personal service transactions exempted pursuant to
1967	subparagraph 1. do not exempt the sale of information services
1968	involving the furnishing of printed, mimeographed, or
1969	multigraphed matter, or matter duplicating written or printed
1970	matter in any other manner, other than professional services and
1971	services of employees, agents, or other persons acting in a
1972	representative or fiduciary capacity or information services

Page 68 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
1973	furnished to newspapers and radio and television stations. As
1974	used in this subparagraph, the term "information services"
1975	includes the services of collecting, compiling, or analyzing
1976	information of any kind or nature and furnishing reports thereof
1977	to other persons.
1978	3. This exemption does not apply to any service warranty
1979	transaction taxable under s. 212.0506.
1980	4. This exemption does not apply to any service transaction
1981	taxable under s. 212.05(1)(i).
1982	(w) Certain newspaper, magazine, and newsletter
1983	subscriptions, shoppers, and community newspapersLikewise
1984	exempt are newspaper, magazine, and newsletter subscriptions in
1985	which the product is delivered to the customer by mail. Also
1986	exempt are free, circulated publications that are published on a
1987	regular basis, the content of which is primarily advertising,
1988	and that are distributed through the mail, home delivery, or
1989	newsstands. The exemption for newspaper, magazine, and
1990	newsletter subscriptions which is provided in this paragraph
1991	applies only to subscriptions entered into after March 1, 1997.
1992	(x) Sporting equipment brought into the state.—Sporting
1993	equipment brought into Florida, for a period of not more than 4
1994	months in any calendar year, used by an athletic team or an
1995	individual athlete in a sporting event is exempt from the use
1996	tax if such equipment is removed from the state within 7 days
1997	after the completion of the event.
1998	(y) Charter fishing vessels. The charge for chartering any
1999	boat or vessel, with the crew furnished, solely for the purpose
2000	of fishing is exempt from the tax imposed under s. 212.04 or s.
2001	212.05. This exemption does not apply to any charge to enter or

Page 69 of 105

1	1-01282-12 20121832
2002	stay upon any "head-boat," party boat, or other boat or vessel.
2003	Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to exempt any boat
2004	from sales or use tax upon the purchase thereof except as
2005	provided in paragraph (t) and s. 212.05.
2006	(z) Vending machines sponsored by nonprofit or charitable
2007	organizations.—Also exempt are food or drinks for human
2008	consumption sold for 25 cents or less through a coin-operated
2009	vending machine sponsored by a nonprofit corporation qualified
2010	as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal
2011	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
2012	(aa) Certain commercial vehicles.—Also exempt is the sale,
2013	lease, or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in s.
2014	207.002(2), when the following conditions are met:
2015	1. The sale, lease, or rental occurs between two commonly
2016	owned and controlled corporations;
2017	2. Such vehicle was titled and registered in this state at
2018	the time of the sale, lease, or rental; and
2019	3. Florida sales tax was paid on the acquisition of such
2020	vehicle by the seller, lessor, or renter.
2021	(bb) <i>Community cemeteries.</i> -Also exempt are purchases by any
2022	nonprofit corporation that has qualified under s. 501(c)(13) of
2023	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is operated
2024	for the purpose of maintaining a cemetery that was donated to
2025	the community by deed.
2026	(cc) Works of art.—
2027	1. Also exempt are works of art sold to or used by an
2028	educational institution.
2029	2. This exemption also applies to the sale to or use in
2030	this state of any work of art by any person if it was purchased

Page 70 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2031	or imported exclusively for the purpose of being donated to any
2032	educational institution, or loaned to and made available for
2033	display by any educational institution, provided that the term
2034	of the loan agreement is for at least 10 years.
2035	3. The exemption provided by this paragraph for donations
2036	is allowed only if the person who purchased the work of art
2037	transfers title to the donated work of art to an educational
2038	institution. Such transfer of title shall be evidenced by an
2039	affidavit meeting requirements established by rule to document
2040	entitlement to the exemption. Nothing in this paragraph shall
2041	preclude a work of art donated to an educational institution
2042	from remaining in the possession of the donor or purchaser, as
2043	long as title to the work of art lies with the educational
2044	institution.
2045	4. A work of art is presumed to have been purchased in or
2046	imported into this state exclusively for loan as provided in
2047	subparagraph 2., if it is so loaned or placed in storage in
2048	preparation for such a loan within 90 days after purchase or
2049	importation, whichever is later; but a work of art is not deemed
2050	to be placed in storage in preparation for loan for purposes of
2051	this exemption if it is displayed at any place other than an
2052	educational institution.
2053	5. The exemptions provided by this paragraph are allowed
2054	only if the person who purchased the work of art gives to the
2055	vendor an affidavit meeting the requirements, established by
2056	rule, to document entitlement to the exemption. The person who
2057	purchased the work of art shall forward a copy of such affidavit
2058	to the Department of Revenue at the time it is issued to the
2059	vendor.

Page 71 of 105

1	1-01282-12 20121832
2060	6. The exemption for loans provided by subparagraph 2.
2061	applies only for the period during which a work of art is in the
2062	possession of the educational institution or is in storage
2063	before transfer of possession to that institution; and when it
2064	ceases to be so possessed or held, tax based upon the sales
2065	price paid by the owner is payable, and the statute of
2066	limitations provided in s. 95.091 shall begin to run at that
2067	time. However, tax shall not become due if the work of art is
2068	donated to an educational institution after the loan ceases.
2069	7. Any educational institution to which a work of art has
2070	been donated pursuant to this paragraph shall make available to
2071	the department the title to the work of art and any other
2072	relevant information. Any educational institution which has
2073	received a work of art on loan pursuant to this paragraph shall
2074	make available to the department information relating to the
2075	work of art. Any educational institution that transfers from its
2076	possession a work of art as defined by this paragraph which has
2077	been loaned to it must notify the Department of Revenue within
2078	60 days after the transfer.
2079	8. For purposes of the exemptions provided by this
2080	paragraph, the term:
2081	a. "Educational institutions" includes state tax-supported,
2082	parochial, church, and nonprofit private schools, colleges, or
2083	universities that conduct regular classes and courses of study
2084	required for accreditation by or membership in the Southern
2085	Association of Colleges and Schools, the Florida Council of
2086	Independent Schools, or the Florida Association of Christian
2087	Colleges and Schools, Inc.; nonprofit private schools that
2088	conduct regular classes and courses of study accepted for

Page 72 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2089	
2090	Medical Quality Assurance of the Department of Health; or
2091	nonprofit libraries, art galleries, performing arts centers that
2092	provide educational programs to school children, which programs
2093	involve performances or other educational activities at the
2094	performing arts center and serve a minimum of 50,000 school
2095	children a year, and museums open to the public.
2096	b. "Work of art" includes pictorial representations,
2097	sculpture, jewelry, antiques, stamp collections and coin
2098	collections, and other tangible personal property, the value of
2099	which is attributable predominantly to its artistic, historical,
2100	political, cultural, or social importance.
2101	(dd) Taxicab leases. The lease of or license to use a
2102	taxicab or taxicab-related equipment and services provided by a
2103	taxicab company to an independent taxicab operator are exempt,
2104	provided, however, the exemptions provided under this paragraph
2105	only apply if sales or use tax has been paid on the acquisition
2106	of the taxicab and its related equipment.
2107	(ee) Aircraft repair and maintenance labor chargesThere
2108	shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter all labor
2109	charges for the repair and maintenance of qualified aircraft,
2110	aircraft of more than 15,000 pounds maximum certified takeoff
2111	weight, and rotary wing aircraft of more than 10,000 pounds
2112	maximum certified takeoff weight. Except as otherwise provided
2113	in this chapter, charges for parts and equipment furnished in
2114	connection with such labor charges are taxable.
2115	(ff) Certain electricity or steam uses
2116	1. Subject to the provisions of subparagraph 4., charges
2117	for electricity or steam used to operate machinery and equipment

Page 73 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2118	at a fixed location in this state when such machinery and
2119	equipment is used to manufacture, process, compound, produce, or
2120	prepare for shipment items of tangible personal property for
2121	sale, or to operate pollution control equipment, recycling
2122	equipment, maintenance equipment, or monitoring or control
2123	equipment used in such operations are exempt to the extent
2124	provided in this paragraph. If 75 percent or more of the
2125	electricity or steam used at the fixed location is used to
2126	operate qualifying machinery or equipment, 100 percent of the
2127	charges for electricity or steam used at the fixed location are
2128	exempt. If less than 75 percent but 50 percent or more of the
2129	electricity or steam used at the fixed location is used to
2130	operate qualifying machinery or equipment, 50 percent of the
2131	charges for electricity or steam used at the fixed location are
2132	exempt. If less than 50 percent of the electricity or steam used
2133	at the fixed location is used to operate qualifying machinery or
2134	equipment, none of the charges for electricity or steam used at
2135	the fixed location are exempt.
2136	2. This exemption applies only to industries classified
2137	under SIC Industry Major Group Numbers 10, 12, 13, 14, 20, 22,
2138	23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
2139	and 39 and Industry Group Number 212. As used in this paragraph,
2140	"SIC" means those classifications contained in the Standard

2141 Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, as published by the 2142 Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the 2143 President.

2144 3. Possession by a seller of a written certification by the 2145 purchaser, certifying the purchaser's entitlement to an 2146 exemption permitted by this subsection, relieves the seller from

Page 74 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2147	the responsibility of collecting the tax on the nontaxable
2148	amounts, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser
2149	for recovery of such tax if it determines that the purchaser was
2150	not entitled to the exemption.
2151	4. Such exemption shall be applied as follows: beginning
2152	July 1, 2000, 100 percent of the charges for such electricity or
2153	steam shall be exempt.
2154	(gg) Fair associations.—Also exempt from the tax imposed by
2155	this chapter is the sale, use, lease, rental, or grant of a
2156	license to use, made directly to or by a fair association, of
2157	real or tangible personal property; any charge made by a fair
2158	association, or its agents, for parking, admissions, or for
2159	temporary parking of vehicles used for sleeping quarters;
2160	rentals, subleases, and sublicenses of real or tangible personal
2161	property between the owner of the central amusement attraction
2162	and any owner of an amusement ride, as those terms are used in
2163	ss. 616.15(1)(b) and 616.242(3)(a), for the furnishing of
2164	amusement rides at a public fair or exposition; and other
2165	transactions of a fair association which are incurred directly
2166	by the fair association in the financing, construction, and
2167	operation of a fair, exposition, or other event or facility that
2168	is authorized by s. 616.08. As used in this paragraph, the terms
2169	"fair association" and "public fair or exposition" have the same
2170	meaning as those terms are defined in s. 616.001. This exemption
2171	does not apply to the sale of tangible personal property made by
2172	a fair association through an agent or independent contractor;
2173	sales of admissions and tangible personal property by a
2174	concessionaire, vendor, exhibitor, or licensee; or rentals and
2175	subleases of tangible personal property or real property between

Page 75 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2176	the owner of the central amusement attraction and a
2177	concessionaire, vendor, exhibitor, or licensee, except for the
2178	furnishing of amusement rides, which transactions are exempt.
2179	(hh) Solar energy systemsAlso exempt are solar energy
2180	systems or any component thereof. The Florida Solar Energy
2181	Center shall from time to time certify to the department a list
2182	of equipment and requisite hardware considered to be a solar
2183	energy system or a component thereof.
2184	(ii) Nonprofit cooperative hospital laundriesAlso exempt
2185	are sales or leases to nonprofit organizations that are
2186	incorporated under chapter 617 and which are treated, for
2187	federal income tax purposes, as cooperatives under subchapter ${\mathbb T}$
2188	of the Internal Revenue Code, whose sole purpose is to offer
2189	laundry supplies and services to their members who must all be
2190	exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the
2191	Internal Revenue Code. A member of a nonprofit cooperative
2192	hospital laundry whose Internal Revenue Code status changes
2193	shall, within 90 days after such change, divest all
2194	participation in the cooperative. The provision of laundry
2195	supplies and services to a nonmember business pursuant to a
2196	declaration of emergency under s. 252.36(2) and a written
2197	emergency plan of operation executed by the members of the
2198	cooperative does not invalidate or cause the denial of a
2199	cooperative's certificate of exemption.
2200	(jj) Complimentary mealsAlso exempt from the tax imposed
2201	by this chapter are food or drinks that are furnished as part of
2202	a packaged room rate by any person offering for rent or lease
2203	any transient living accommodations as described in s.

2204 509.013(4)(a) which are licensed under part I of chapter 509 and

Page 76 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2205	which are subject to the tax under s. 212.03, if a separate
2206	charge or specific amount for the food or drinks is not shown.
2207	Such food or drinks are considered to be sold at retail as part
2208	of the total charge for the transient living accommodations.
2209	Moreover, the person offering the accommodations is not
2210	considered to be the consumer of items purchased in furnishing
2211	such food or drinks and may purchase those items under
2212	conditions of a sale for resale.
2213	(kk) Nonprofit corporation conducting the correctional work
2214	programs.—Products sold pursuant to s. 946.515 by the
2215	corporation organized pursuant to part II of chapter 946 are
2216	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. This exemption
2217	applies retroactively to July 1, 1983.
2218	(11) Parent-teacher organizations, parent-teacher
2219	associations, and schools having grades K through 12.—
2220	1. Sales or leases to parent-teacher organizations and
2221	associations the purpose of which is to raise funds for schools
2222	that teach grades K through 12 and that are associated with
2223	schools having grades K through 12 are exempt from the tax
2224	imposed by this chapter.
2225	2. Parent-teacher organizations and associations described
2226	in subparagraph 1., and schools having grades K through 12, may
2227	pay tax to their suppliers on the cost price of school materials
2228	and supplies purchased, rented, or leased for resale or rental
2229	to students in grades K through 12, of items sold for
2230	fundraising purposes, and of items sold through vending machines
2231	located on the school premises, in lieu of collecting the tax
2232	imposed by this chapter from the purchaser. This paragraph also
2233	applies to food or beverages sold through vending machines

Page 77 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2234	located in the student lunchroom or dining room of a school
2235	having kindergarten through grade 12.
2236	(mm) Mobile home lot improvementsItems purchased by
2237	developers for use in making improvements to a mobile home lot
2238	owned by the developer may be purchased tax-exempt as a sale for
2239	resale if made pursuant to a contract that requires the
2240	developer to sell a mobile home to a purchaser, place the mobile
2241	home on the lot, and make the improvements to the lot for a
2242	single lump-sum price. The developer must collect and remit
2243	sales tax on the entire lump-sum price.
2244	(nn) Veterans AdministrationWhen a veteran of the armed
2245	forces purchases an aircraft, boat, mobile home, motor vehicle,
2246	or other vehicle from a dealer pursuant to the provisions of 38
2247	U.S.C. s. 3902(a), or any successor provision of the United
2248	States Code, the amount that is paid directly to the dealer by
2249	the Veterans Administration is not taxable. However, any portion
2250	of the purchase price which is paid directly to the dealer by
2251	the veteran is taxable.
2252	(oo) Complimentary items.—There is exempt from the tax
2253	imposed by this chapter:
2254	1. Any food or drink, whether or not cooked or prepared on
2255	the premises, provided without charge as a sample or for the
2256	convenience of customers by a dealer that primarily sells food
2257	product items at retail.
2258	2. Any item given to a customer as part of a price
2259	guarantee plan related to point-of-sale errors by a dealer that
2260	primarily sells food products at retail.
2261	
2262	The exemptions in this paragraph do not apply to businesses with

Page 78 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2263	the primary activity of serving prepared meals or alcoholic
2264	beverages for immediate consumption.
2265	(pp) <i>Donated foods or beverages.</i>—Any food or beverage
2266	donated by a dealer that sells food products at retail to a food
2267	bank or an organization that holds a current exemption from
2268	federal corporate income tax pursuant to s. 501(c) of the
2269	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, is exempt from the
2270	tax imposed by this chapter.
2271	(qq) Racing dogs.—The sale of a racing dog by its owner is
2272	exempt if the owner is also the breeder of the animal.
2273	(rr) Equipment used in aircraft repair and maintenance
2274	There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter
2275	replacement engines, parts, and equipment used in the repair or
2276	maintenance of qualified aircraft, aircraft of more than 15,000
2277	pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, and rotary wing
2278	aircraft of more than 10,300 pounds maximum certified takeoff
2279	weight, when such parts or equipment are installed on such
2280	aircraft that is being repaired or maintained in this state.
2281	(ss) Aircraft sales or leases. The sale or lease of a
2282	qualified aircraft or an aircraft of more than 15,000 pounds
2283	maximum certified takeoff weight for use by a common carrier is
2284	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this
2285	paragraph, "common carrier" means an airline operating under
2286	Federal Aviation Administration regulations contained in Title
2287	14, chapter I, part 121 or part 129 of the Code of Federal
2288	Regulations.
2289	(tt) Nonprofit water systems.—Sales or leases to a not-for-
2290	profit corporation which holds a current exemption from federal
2291	income tax under s. 501(c)(4) or (12) of the Internal Revenue

Page 79 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2292	Code, as amended, are exempt from the tax imposed by this
2293	chapter if the sole or primary function of the corporation is to
2294	construct, maintain, or operate a water system in this state.
2295	(uu) Library cooperativesSales or leases to library
2296	cooperatives certified under s. 257.41(2) are exempt from the
2297	tax imposed by this chapter.
2298	(vv) Advertising agencies
2299	1. As used in this paragraph, the term "advertising agency"
2300	means any firm that is primarily engaged in the business of
2301	providing advertising materials and services to its clients.
2302	2. The sale of advertising services by an advertising
2303	agency to a client is exempt from the tax imposed by this
2304	chapter. Also exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter are
2305	items of tangible personal property such as photographic
2306	negatives and positives, videos, films, galleys, mechanicals,
2307	veloxes, illustrations, digital audiotapes, analog tapes,
2308	printed advertisement copies, compact discs for the purpose of
2309	recording, digital equipment, and artwork and the services used
2310	to produce those items if the items are:
2311	a. Sold to an advertising agency that is acting as an agent
2312	for its clients pursuant to contract, and are created for the
2313	performance of advertising services for the clients;
2314	b. Produced, fabricated, manufactured, or otherwise created
2315	by an advertising agency for its clients, and are used in the
2316	performance of advertising services for the clients; or
2317	c. Sold by an advertising agency to its clients in the
2318	performance of advertising services for the clients, whether or
2319	not the charges for these items are marked up or separately
2320	stated.

Page 80 of 105

1-01282-12

20121832

2321 2322 The exemption provided by this subparagraph does not apply when 2323 tangible personal property such as film, paper, and videotapes 2324 is purchased to create items such as photographic negatives and 2325 positives, videos, films, galleys, mechanicals, veloxes, 2326 illustrations, and artwork that are sold to an advertising 2327 agency or produced in-house by an advertising agency on behalf 2328 of its clients. 2329 3. The items exempted from tax under subparagraph 2. and 2330 the creative services used by an advertising agency to design 2331 the advertising for promotional goods such as displays, display 2332 containers, exhibits, newspaper inserts, brochures, catalogues, direct mail letters or flats, shirts, hats, pens, pencils, key 2333 2334 chains, or other printed goods or materials are not subject to 2335 tax. However, when such promotional goods are produced or 2336 reproduced for distribution, tax applies to the sales price 2337 charged to the client for such promotional goods. 2338 4. For items purchased by an advertising agency and exempt 2339 from tax under this paragraph, possession of an exemption 2340 certificate from the advertising agency certifying the agency's 2341 entitlement to exemption relieves the vendor of the 2342 responsibility of collecting the tax on the sale of such items 2343 to the advertising agency, and the department shall look solely 2344 to the advertising agency for recovery of tax if it determines 2345 that the advertising agency was not entitled to the exemption. 5. The exemptions provided by this paragraph apply 2346 2347 retroactively, except that all taxes that have been collected must be remitted, and taxes that have been remitted before July 2348 2349 1, 1999, on transactions that are subject to exemption under

Page 81 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2350	this paragraph are not subject to refund.
2351	6. The department may adopt rules that interpret or define
2352	the provisions of these exemptions and provide examples
2353	regarding the application of these exemptions.
2354	(ww) BullionThe sale of gold, silver, or platinum
2355	bullion, or any combination thereof, in a single transaction is
2356	exempt if the sales price exceeds \$500. The dealer must maintain
2357	proper documentation, as prescribed by rule of the department,
2358	to identify that portion of a transaction which involves the
2359	sale of gold, silver, or platinum bullion and is exempt under
2360	this paragraph.
2361	(xx) Certain repair and labor charges
2362	1. Subject to the provisions of subparagraphs 2. and 3.,
2363	there is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter all labor
2364	charges for the repair of, and parts and materials used in the
2365	repair of and incorporated into, industrial machinery and
2366	equipment which is used for the manufacture, processing,
2367	compounding, production, or preparation for shipping of items of
2368	tangible personal property at a fixed location within this
2369	state.
2370	2. This exemption applies only to industries classified
2371	under SIC Industry Major Group Numbers 10, 12, 13, 14, 20, 22,
2372	23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
2373	and 39 and Industry Group Number 212. As used in this
2374	subparagraph, "SIC" means those classifications contained in the
2375	Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, as published by
2376	the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the
2377	President.
2378	3. This exemption shall be applied as follows:

Page 82 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2379	a. Beginning July 1, 2000, 50 percent of such charges for
2380	repair parts and labor shall be exempt.
2381	b. Beginning July 1, 2001, 75 percent of such charges for
2382	repair parts and labor shall be exempt.
2383	c. Beginning July 1, 2002, 100 percent of such charges for
2384	repair parts and labor shall be exempt.
2385	(yy) Film and other printing supplies.—Also exempt are the
2386	following materials purchased, produced, or created by
2387	businesses classified under SIC Industry Numbers 275, 276, 277,
2388	278, or 279 for use in producing graphic matter for sale: film,
2389	photographic paper, dyes used for embossing and engraving,
2390	artwork, typography, lithographic plates, and negatives. As used
2391	in this paragraph, "SIC" means those classifications contained
2392	in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, as
2393	published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive
2394	Office of the President.
2395	(zz) People-mover systemsPeople-mover systems, and parts
2396	thereof, which are purchased or manufactured by contractors
2397	employed either directly by or as agents for the United States
2398	Government, the state, a county, a municipality, a political
2399	subdivision of the state, or the public operator of a public-use
2400	airport as defined by s. 332.004(14) are exempt from the tax
2401	imposed by this chapter when the systems or parts go into or
2402	become part of publicly owned facilities. In the case of
2403	contractors who manufacture and install such systems and parts,
2404	this exemption extends to the purchase of component parts and
2405	all other manufacturing and fabrication costs. The department
2406	may provide a form to be used by contractors to provide to
2407	suppliers of people-mover systems or parts to certify the

Page 83 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2408	contractors' eligibility for the exemption provided under this
2409	paragraph. As used in this paragraph, "people-mover systems"
2410	includes wheeled passenger vehicles and related control and
2411	power distribution systems that are part of a transportation
2412	system for use by the general public, regardless of whether such
2413	vehicles are operator-controlled or driverless, self-propelled
2414	or propelled by external power and control systems, or conducted
2415	on roads, rails, guidebeams, or other permanent structures that
2416	are an integral part of such transportation system. "Related
2417	control and power distribution systems" includes any electrical
2418	or electronic control or signaling equipment, but does not
2419	include the embedded wiring, conduits, or cabling used to
2420	transmit electrical or electronic signals among such control
2421	equipment, power distribution equipment, signaling equipment,
2422	and wheeled vehicles.
2423	(aaa) Florida Fire and Emergency Services Foundation.—Sales
2424	or leases to the Florida Fire and Emergency Services Foundation
2425	are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
2426	(bbb) Railroad roadway materialsAlso exempt from the tax
2427	imposed by this chapter are railroad roadway materials used in
2428	the construction, repair, or maintenance of railways. Railroad
2429	roadway materials shall include rails, ties, ballasts,
2430	communication equipment, signal equipment, power transmission
2431	equipment, and any other track materials.
2432	(ccc) Advertising materials distributed free of charge by
2433	mail in an envelopeLikewise exempt are materials consisting
2434	exclusively of advertisements, such as individual coupons or

2435 other individual cards, sheets, or pages of printed advertising, 2436 that are distributed free of charge by mail in an envelope for

Page 84 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2437	10 or more persons on a monthly, bimonthly, or other regular
2438	basis.
2439	(ddd) Certain delivery charges.—Separately stated charges
2440	that can be avoided at the option of the purchaser for the
2441	delivery, inspection, placement, or removal from packaging or
2442	shipping materials of furniture or appliances by the selling
2443	dealer at the premises of the purchaser or the removal of
2444	similar items from the premises of the purchaser are exempt. If
2445	any charge for delivery, inspection, placement, or removal of
2446	furniture or appliances includes the modification, assembly, or
2447	construction of such furniture or appliances, then all of the
2448	charges are taxable.
2449	(eee) Bookstore operations at a postsecondary educational
2450	institutionAlso exempt from payment of the tax imposed by this
2451	chapter on renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license for
2452	the use of any real property are payments to a postsecondary
2453	educational institution made by any person pursuant to a grant
2454	of the right to conduct bookstore operations on real property
2455	owned or leased by the postsecondary educational institution. As
2456	used in this paragraph, the term "bookstore operations" means
2457	activities consisting predominantly of sales, distribution, and
2458	provision of textbooks, merchandise, and services traditionally
2459	offered in college and university bookstores for the benefit of
2460	the institution's students, faculty, and staff.
2461	(fff) Aircraft temporarily in the state
2462	1. An aircraft owned by a nonresident is exempt from the
2463	use tax imposed under this chapter if the aircraft enters and
2464	remains in this state for less than a total of 21 days during
2465	the 6-month period after the date of purchase. The temporary use

	1-01282-12 20121832
2466	
2467	proven by invoices for fuel, tie-down, or hangar charges issued
2468	by out-of-state vendors or suppliers or similar documentation
2469	that clearly and specifically identifies the aircraft. The
2470	exemption provided in this subparagraph is in addition to the
2471	exemptions provided in subparagraph 2. and s. 212.05(1)(a).
2472	2. An aircraft owned by a nonresident is exempt from the
2473	use tax imposed under this chapter if the aircraft enters or
2474	remains in this state exclusively for purposes of flight
2475	training, repairs, alterations, refitting, or modification. Such
2476	purposes shall be supported by written documentation issued by
2477	in-state vendors or suppliers which clearly and specifically
2478	identifies the aircraft. The exemption provided in this
2479	subparagraph is in addition to the exemptions provided in
2480	subparagraph 1. and s. 212.05(1)(a).
2481	(ggg) Fractional aircraft ownership programs.—The sale or
2482	use of aircraft primarily used in a fractional aircraft
2483	ownership program or of any parts or labor used in the
2484	completion, maintenance, repair, or overhaul of such aircraft is
2485	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. The exemption is
2486	not allowed unless the program manager of the fractional
2487	aircraft ownership program furnishes the dealer with a
2488	certificate stating that the lease, purchase, repair, or
2489	maintenance is for aircraft primarily used in a fractional
2490	aircraft ownership program and that the program manager
2491	qualifies for the exemption. If a program manager makes tax-
2492	exempt purchases on a continual basis, the program manager may
2493	allow the dealer to keep the certificate on file. The program
2494	manager must inform a dealer that keeps the certificate on file

Page 86 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2495	if the program manager no longer qualifies for the exemption.
2496	The department may adopt rules to administer this paragraph,
2497	including rules determining the format of the certificate.
2498	(8) PARTIAL EXEMPTIONS; VESSELS ENGAGED IN INTERSTATE OR
2499	FOREIGN COMMERCE.
2500	(a) The sale or use of vessels and parts thereof used to
2501	transport persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce,
2502	including commercial fishing vessels, is subject to the taxes
2503	imposed in this chapter only to the extent provided herein. The
2504	basis of the tax shall be the ratio of intrastate mileage to
2505	interstate or foreign mileage traveled by the carrier's vessels
2506	which were used in interstate or foreign commerce and which had
2507	at least some Florida mileage during the previous fiscal year.
2508	The ratio would be determined at the close of the carrier's
2509	fiscal year. However, during the fiscal year in which the vessel
2510	begins its initial operations in this state, the vessel's
2511	mileage apportionment factor may be determined on the basis of
2512	an estimated ratio of anticipated miles in this state to
2513	anticipated total miles for that year and, subsequently,
2514	additional tax shall be paid on the vessel, or a refund may be
2515	applied for, on the basis of the actual ratio of the vessel's
2516	miles in this state to its total miles for that year. This ratio
2517	shall be applied each month to the total Florida purchases of
2518	such vessels and parts thereof which are used in Florida to
2519	establish that portion of the total used and consumed in
2520	intrastate movement and subject to the tax at the applicable
2521	rate. The basis for imposition of any discretionary surtax shall
2522	be as set forth in s. 212.054. Items, appropriate to carry out
2523	the purposes for which a vessel is designed or equipped and

Page 87 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2524	used, purchased by the owner, operator, or agent of a vessel for
2525	use on board such vessel shall be deemed to be parts of the
2526	vessel upon which the same are used or consumed. Vessels and
2527	parts thereof used to transport persons or property in
2528	interstate and foreign commerce are hereby determined to be
2529	susceptible to a distinct and separate classification for
2530	taxation under the provisions of this chapter. Vessels and parts
2531	thereof used exclusively in intrastate commerce do not qualify
2532	for the proration of tax.
2533	(b) The partial exemption provided for in this subsection
2534	shall not be allowed unless the purchaser signs an affidavit
2535	stating that the item or items to be partially exempted are for
2536	the exclusive use designated herein and setting forth the extent
2537	of such partial exemption. Any person furnishing a false
2538	affidavit to such effect for the purpose of evading payment of
2539	any tax imposed under this chapter is subject to the penalties
2540	set forth in s. 212.12 and as otherwise provided by law.
2541	(c) It is the intent of the Legislature that neither
2542	subsection (4) nor this subsection shall be construed as
2543	imposing the tax provided by this chapter on vessels used as
2544	common carriers, contract carriers, or private carriers, engaged
2545	in interstate or foreign commerce, except to the extent provided
2546	by the pro rata formula provided in subsection (4) and in
2547	paragraph (a).
2548	(9) PARTIAL EXEMPTIONS; RAILROADS AND MOTOR VEHICLES
2549	ENGAGED IN INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN COMMERCE
2550	(a) Railroads that are licensed as common carriers by the
2551	Surface Transportation Board and parts thereof used to transport
2552	persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce are

Page 88 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2553	
2554	provided herein. The basis of the tax shall be the ratio of
2555	intrastate mileage to interstate or foreign mileage traveled by
2556	the carrier during the previous fiscal year of the carrier. Such
2557	ratio is to be determined at the close of the carrier's fiscal
2558	year. However, during the fiscal year in which the railroad
2559	begins its initial operations in this state, the railroad's
2560	mileage apportionment factor may be determined on the basis of
2561	an estimated ratio of anticipated miles in this state to
2562	anticipated total miles for that year and, subsequently,
2563	additional tax shall be paid on the railroad, or a refund may be
2564	applied for, on the basis of the actual ratio of the railroad's
2565	miles in this state to its total miles for that year. This ratio
2566	shall be applied each month to the purchases of the railroad in
2567	this state which are used in this state to establish that
2568	portion of the total used and consumed in intrastate movement
2569	and subject to tax under this chapter. The basis for imposition
2570	of any discretionary surtax is set forth in s. 212.054.
2571	Railroads that are licensed as common carriers by the Surface
2572	Transportation Board and parts thereof used to transport persons
2573	or property in interstate and foreign commerce are hereby
2574	determined to be susceptible to a distinct and separate
2575	classification for taxation under the provisions of this
2576	chapter.
2577	(b) Motor vehicles that are engaged in interstate commerce

2577 as common carriers, and parts thereof, used to transport persons 2579 or property in interstate or foreign commerce are subject to tax 2580 imposed in this chapter only to the extent provided herein. The 2581 basis of the tax shall be the ratio of intrastate mileage to

Page 89 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2582	interstate or foreign mileage traveled by the carrier's motor
2583	vehicles which were used in interstate or foreign commerce and
2584	which had at least some Florida mileage during the previous
2585	fiscal year of the carrier. Such ratio is to be determined at
2586	the close of the carrier's fiscal year. However, during the
2587	fiscal year in which the carrier begins its initial operations
2588	in this state, the carrier's mileage apportionment factor may be
2589	determined on the basis of an estimated ratio of anticipated
2590	miles in this state to anticipated total miles for that year
2591	and, subsequently, additional tax shall be paid on the carrier,
2592	or a refund may be applied for, on the basis of the actual ratio
2593	of the carrier's miles in this state to its total miles for that
2594	year. This ratio shall be applied each month to the purchases in
2595	this state of such motor vehicles and parts thereof which are
2596	used in this state to establish that portion of the total used
2597	and consumed in intrastate movement and subject to tax under
2598	this chapter. The basis for imposition of any discretionary
2599	surtax is set forth in s. 212.054. Motor vehicles that are
2600	engaged in interstate commerce, and parts thereof, used to
2601	transport persons or property in interstate and foreign commerce
2602	are hereby determined to be susceptible to a distinct and
2603	separate classification for taxation under the provisions of
2604	this chapter. Motor vehicles and parts thereof used exclusively
2605	in intrastate commerce do not qualify for the proration of tax.
2606	For purposes of this paragraph, parts of a motor vehicle engaged
2607	in interstate commerce include a separate tank not connected to
2608	the fuel supply system of the motor vehicle into which diesel
2609	fuel is placed to operate a refrigeration unit or other
2610	equipment.

Page 90 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2611	
2612	ANOTHER STATE
2613	(a) The tax collected on the sale of a new or used motor
2614	vehicle in this state to a resident of another state shall be an
2615	amount equal to the sales tax which would be imposed on such
2616	sale under the laws of the state of which the purchaser is a
2617	resident, except that such tax shall not exceed the tax that
2618	would otherwise be imposed under this chapter. At the time of
2619	the sale, the purchaser shall execute a notarized statement of
2620	his or her intent to license the vehicle in the state of which
2621	the purchaser is a resident within 45 days of the sale and of
2622	the fact of the payment to the State of Florida of a sales tax
2623	in an amount equivalent to the sales tax of his or her state of
2624	residence and shall submit the statement to the appropriate
2625	sales tax collection agency in his or her state of residence.
2626	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the
2627	removal of the vehicle from this state following the filing of
2628	an intent to license the vehicle in the purchaser's home state
2629	if the purchaser licenses the vehicle in his or her home state
2630	within 45 days after the date of sale.
2631	(b) Notwithstanding the partial exemption allowed in
2632	paragraph (a), a vehicle is subject to this state's sales tax at
2633	the applicable state sales tax rate plus authorized surtaxes
2634	when the vehicle is purchased by a nonresident corporation or
2635	partnership and:
2636	1. An officer of the corporation is a resident of this
2637	state;
2638	2. A stockholder of the corporation who owns at least 10
2639	percent of the corporation is a resident of this state; or

Page 91 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2640	3. A partner in the partnership who has at least 10 percent
2641	ownership is a resident of this state.
2642	
2643	However, if the vehicle is removed from this state within 45
2644	days after purchase and remains outside the state for a minimum
2645	of 180 days, the vehicle may qualify for the partial exemption
2646	allowed in paragraph (a) despite the residency of owners or
2647	stockholders of the purchasing entity.
2648	(c) Nothing herein shall require the payment of tax to the
2649	State of Florida for assessments made prior to July 1, 2001, if
2650	the tax imposed by this section has been paid to the state in
2651	which the vehicle was licensed and the department has assessed a
2652	like amount of tax on the same transactions. This provision
2653	shall apply retroactively to assessments that have been
2654	protested prior to August 1, 1999, and have not been paid on the
2655	date this act takes effect.
2656	(11) PARTIAL EXEMPTION; FLYABLE AIRCRAFT
2657	(a) The tax imposed on the sale by a manufacturer of
2658	flyable aircraft, who designs such aircraft, which sale may
2659	include necessary equipment and modifications placed on such
2660	flyable aircraft prior to delivery by the manufacturer, shall be
2661	an amount equal to the sales tax which would be imposed on such
2662	sale under the laws of the state in which the aircraft will be
2663	domiciled.
2664	(b) This partial exemption applies only if the purchaser is
2665	a resident of another state who will not use the aircraft in
2666	this state, or if the purchaser is a resident of another state
2667	and uses the aircraft in interstate or foreign commerce, or if
2668	the purchaser is a resident of a foreign country.

Page 92 of 105

1-01282-12 20121832 2669 (c) The maximum tax collectible under this subsection may 2670 not exceed 6 percent of the sales price of such aircraft. No 2671 Florida tax may be imposed on the sale of such aircraft if the 2672 state in which the aircraft will be domiciled does not allow 2673 Florida sales or use tax to be credited against its sales or use 2674 tax. Furthermore, no tax may be imposed on the sale of such 2675 aircraft if the state in which the aircraft will be domiciled 2676 has enacted a sales and use tax exemption for flyable aircraft 2677 or if the aircraft will be domiciled outside the United States. 2678 (d) The purchaser shall execute a sworn affidavit attesting 2679 that he or she is not a resident of this state and stating where 2680 the aircraft will be domiciled. If the aircraft is subsequently 2681 used in this state within 6 months of the time of purchase, in 2682 violation of the intent of this subsection, the purchaser shall 2683 be liable for payment of the full use tax imposed by this 2684 chapter and shall be subject to the penalty imposed by s. 2685 212.12(2), which penalty shall be mandatory. Notwithstanding the 2686 provisions of this paragraph, the owner of an aircraft purchased 2687 pursuant to this subsection may permit the aircraft to be 2688 returned to this state for repairs within 6 months after the 2689 date of sale without the aircraft being in violation of the law 2690 and without incurring liability for payment of tax or penalty on 2691 the purchase price of the aircraft, so long as the aircraft is 2692 removed from this state within 20 days after the completion of 2693 the repairs and such removal can be proven by invoices for fuel, 2694 tie-down, or hangar charges issued by out-of-state vendors or 2695 suppliers or similar documentation. 2696 (12) PARTIAL EXEMPTION; MASTER TAPES, RECORDS, FILMS, OR VIDEO TAPES.-2697

Page 93 of 105

I	1-01282-12 20121832
2698	(a) There are exempt from the taxes imposed by this chapter
2699	the gross receipts from the sale or lease of, and the storage,
2700	use, or other consumption in this state of, master tapes or
2701	master records embodying sound, or master films or master video
2702	tapes; except that amounts paid to recording studios or motion
2703	picture or television studios for the tangible elements of such
2704	master tapes, records, films, or video tapes are taxable as
2705	otherwise provided in this chapter. This exemption will inure to
2706	the taxpayer upon presentation of the certificate of exemption
2707	issued to the taxpayer under the provisions of s. 288.1258.
2708	(b) For the purposes of this subsection, the term:
2709	1. "Amounts paid for the tangible elements" does not
2710	include any amounts paid for the copyrightable, artistic, or
2711	other intangible elements of such master tapes, records, films,
2712	or video tapes, whether designated as royalties or otherwise,
2713	including, but not limited to, services rendered in producing,
2714	fabricating, processing, or imprinting tangible personal
2715	property or any other services or production expenses in
2716	connection therewith which may otherwise be construed as
2717	constituting a "sale" under s. 212.02.
2718	2. "Master films or master video tapes" means films or
2719	video tapes utilized by the motion picture and television
2720	production industries in making visual images for reproduction.
2721	3. "Master tapes or master records embodying sound" means
2722	tapes, records, and other devices utilized by the recording
2723	industry in making recordings embodying sound.
2724	4. "Motion picture or television studio" means a facility
2725	in which film or video tape productions or parts of productions
2726	are made and which contains the necessary equipment and

Page 94 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2727	personnel for this purpose and includes a mobile unit or vehicle
2728	that is equipped in much the same manner as a stationary studio
2729	and used in the making of film or video tape productions.
2730	5. "Recording studio" means a place where, by means of
2731	mechanical or electronic devices, voices, music, or other sounds
2732	are transmitted to tapes, records, or other devices capable of
2733	reproducing sound.
2734	6. "Recording industry" means any person engaged in an
2735	occupation or business of making recordings embodying sound for
2736	a livelihood or for a profit.
2737	7. "Motion picture or television production industry" means
2738	any person engaged in an occupation or business for a livelihood
2739	or for profit of making visual motion picture or television
2740	visual images for showing on screen or television for
2741	theatrical, commercial, advertising, or educational purposes.
2742	(13) No transactions shall be exempt from the tax imposed
2743	by this chapter except those expressly exempted herein. All laws
2744	granting tax exemptions, to the extent they may be inconsistent
2745	or in conflict with this chapter, including, but not limited to,
2746	the following designated laws, shall yield to and be superseded
2747	by the provisions of this subsection: ss. 125.019, 153.76,
2748	154.2331, 159.15, 159.31, 159.50, 159.708, 163.385, 163.395,
2749	215.76, 243.33, 315.11, 348.65, 348.762, 349.13, 403.1834,
2750	616.07, and 623.09, and the following Laws of Florida, acts of
2751	the year indicated: s. 31, chapter 30843, 1955; s. 19, chapter
2752	30845, 1955; s. 12, chapter 30927, 1955; s. 8, chapter 31179,
2753	1955; s. 15, chapter 31263, 1955; s. 13, chapter 31343, 1955; s.
2754	16, chapter 59-1653; s. 13, chapter 59-1356; s. 12, chapter 61-
2755	2261; s. 19, chapter 61-2754; s. 10, chapter 61-2686; s. 11,

Page 95 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2756	chapter 63-1643; s. 11, chapter 65-1274; s. 16, chapter 67-1446;
2757	and s. 10, chapter 67-1681. This subsection does not supersede
2758	the authority of a local government to adopt financial and local
2759	government incentives pursuant to s. 163.2517.
2760	(14) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The
2761	department shall establish a technical assistance advisory
2762	committee with public and private sector members, including
2763	representatives of both manufacturers and retailers, to advise
2764	the Department of Revenue and the Department of Health in
2765	determining the taxability of specific products and product
2766	lines pursuant to subsection (1) and paragraph (2)(a). In
2767	determining taxability and in preparing a list of specific
2768	products and product lines that are or are not taxable, the
2769	committee shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 120.
2770	Private sector members shall not be compensated for serving on
2771	the committee.
2772	(15) ELECTRICAL ENERGY USED IN AN ENTERPRISE ZONE
2773	(a) Beginning July 1, 1995, charges for electrical energy
2774	used by a qualified business at a fixed location in an
2775	enterprise zone in a municipality which has enacted an ordinance
2776	pursuant to s. 166.231(8) which provides for exemption of
2777	municipal utility taxes on such businesses or in an enterprise
2778	zone jointly authorized by a county and a municipality which has
2779	enacted an ordinance pursuant to s. 166.231(8) which provides
2780	for exemption of municipal utility taxes on such businesses
2781	shall receive an exemption equal to 50 percent of the tax
2782	imposed by this chapter, or, if no less than 20 percent of the
2783	employees of the business are residents of an enterprise zone,
2784	excluding temporary and part-time employees, the exemption shall

Page 96 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2785	be equal to 100 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter. A
2786	qualified business may receive such exemption for a period of 5
2787	years from the billing period beginning not more than 30 days
2788	following notification to the applicable utility company by the
2789	department that an exemption has been authorized pursuant to
2790	this subsection and s. 166.231(8).
2791	(b) To receive this exemption, a business must file an
2792	application, with the enterprise zone development agency having
2793	jurisdiction over the enterprise zone where the business is
2794	located, on a form provided by the department for the purposes
2795	of this subsection and s. 166.231(8). The application shall be
2796	made under oath and shall include:
2797	1. The name and location of the business.
2798	2. The identifying number assigned pursuant to s. 290.0065
2799	to the enterprise zone in which the business is located.
2800	3. The date on which electrical service is to be first
2801	initiated to the business.
2802	4. The name and mailing address of the entity from which
2803	electrical energy is to be purchased.
2804	5. The date of the application.
2805	6. The name of the city in which the business is located.
2806	7. If applicable, the name and address of each permanent
2807	employee of the business including, for each employee who is a
2808	resident of an enterprise zone, the identifying number assigned
2809	pursuant to s. 290.0065 to the enterprise zone in which the
2810	employee resides.
2811	8. Whether the business is a small business as defined by
2812	s. 288.703.
2813	(c) Within 10 working days after receipt of an application,

Page 97 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2814	
2815	application to determine if it contains all information required
2816	pursuant to paragraph (b) and meets the criteria set out in this
2817	subsection. The agency shall certify all applications that
2818	contain the information required pursuant to paragraph (b) and
2819	meet the criteria set out in this subsection as eligible to
2820	receive an exemption. If applicable, the agency shall also
2821	certify if 20 percent of the employees of the business are
2822	residents of an enterprise zone, excluding temporary and part-
2823	time employees. The certification shall be in writing, and a
2824	copy of the certification shall be transmitted to the executive
2825	director of the Department of Revenue. The applicant shall be
2826	responsible for forwarding a certified application to the
2827	department within 6 months after the occurrence of the
2828	appropriate qualifying provision set out in paragraph (f).
2829	(d) If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department,
2830	it is determined that the business did not meet the criteria
2831	mandated in this subsection, the amount of taxes exempted shall
2832	immediately be due and payable to the department by the
2833	business, together with the appropriate interest and penalty,
2834	computed from the due date of each bill for the electrical
2835	energy purchased as exempt under this subsection, in the manner
2836	prescribed by this chapter.
2837	(c) The department shall adopt rules governing applications
2838	for, issuance of, and the form of applications for the exemption
2839	authorized in this subsection and provisions for recapture of
2840	taxes exempted under this subsection, and the department may
2841	establish guidelines as to qualifications for exemption.
2842	(f) For the purpose of the exemption provided in this

Page 98 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2843	subsection, the term "qualified business" means a business which
2844	is:
2845	1. First occupying a new structure to which electrical
2846	service, other than that used for construction purposes, has not
2847	been previously provided or furnished;
2848	2. Newly occupying an existing, remodeled, renovated, or
2849	rehabilitated structure to which electrical service, other than
2850	that used for remodeling, renovation, or rehabilitation of the
2851	structure, has not been provided or furnished in the three
2852	preceding billing periods; or
2853	3. Occupying a new, remodeled, rebuilt, renovated, or
2854	rehabilitated structure for which a refund has been granted
2855	pursuant to paragraph (5)(g).
2856	(g) This subsection expires on the date specified in s.
2857	290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act,
2858	except that:
2859	1. Paragraph (d) shall not expire; and
2860	2. Any qualified business which has been granted an
2861	exemption under this subsection prior to that date shall be
2862	allowed the full benefit of this exemption as if this subsection
2863	had not expired on that date.
2864	(16) EXEMPTIONS; SPACE ACTIVITIES
2865	(a) There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this
2866	chapter:
2867	1. The sale, lease, use, storage, consumption, or
2868	distribution in this state of any orbital space facility, space
2869	propulsion system, or space vehicle, satellite, or station of
2870	any kind possessing space flight capacity, including the
2871	components thereof.

Page 99 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2872	2. The sale, lease, use, storage, consumption, or
2873	distribution in this state of tangible personal property placed
2874	on or used aboard any orbital space facility, space propulsion
2875	system, or space vehicle, satellite, or station of any kind,
2876	irrespective of whether such tangible personal property is
2877	returned to this state for subsequent use, storage, or
2878	consumption in any manner. This exemption is not affected by the
2879	failure of a launch to occur, or the destruction of a launch
2880	vehicle or any components thereof.
2881	(b) This subsection shall be strictly construed and
2882	enforced.
2883	(17) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN COVERNMENT CONTRACTORS
2884	(a) Subject to paragraph (d), the tax imposed by this
2885	chapter does not apply to the sale to or use by a government
2886	contractor of overhead materials. The term "government
2887	contractor" includes prime contractors and subcontractors.
2888	(b) As used in this subsection, the term "overhead
2889	materials" means all tangible personal property, other than
2890	qualifying property as defined in s. 212.02(14)(a) and
2891	electricity, which is used or consumed in the performance of a
2892	qualifying contract, title to which property vests in or passes
2893	to the government under the contract.
2894	(c) As used in this subsection and in s. 212.02(14)(a), the
2895	term "qualifying contract" means a contract with the United
2896	States Department of Defense or the National Aeronautics and
2897	Space Administration, or a subcontract thereunder, but does not
2898	include a contract or subcontract for the repair, alteration,
2899	improvement, or construction of real property, except to the
2900	extent that purchases under such a contract would otherwise be

Page 100 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2901	exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
2902	(d) The exemption provided in this subsection applies as
2903	follows:
2904	1. Beginning July 1, 2000, the tax imposed by this chapter
2905	shall be applicable to 60 percent of the sales price or cost
2906	price of such overhead materials.
2907	2. Beginning July 1, 2001, the tax imposed by this chapter
2908	shall be applicable to 40 percent of the sales price or cost
2909	price of such overhead materials.
2910	3. Beginning July 1, 2002, the tax imposed by this chapter
2911	shall be applicable to 20 percent of the sales price or cost
2912	price of such overhead materials.
2913	4. Beginning July 1, 2003, the entire sales price or cost
2914	price of such overhead materials is exempt from the tax imposed
2915	by this chapter.
2916	
2917	The exemption provided in this subsection does not apply to any
2918	part of the cost of overhead materials allocated to a contract
2919	that is not a qualifying contract.
2920	(e) Possession by a seller of a resale certificate or
2921	direct-pay permit relieves the seller from the responsibility of
2922	collecting the tax, and the department shall look solely to the
2923	contractor for recovery of such tax if it determines that the
2924	contractor was not entitled to the exemption. The contractor
2925	shall self-accrue and remit any applicable sales or use tax due
2926	with respect to overhead materials and with respect to costs
2927	allocable to contracts that are not qualifying contracts. The
2928	department may amend its rules to reflect the use of resale
2929	certificates and direct-pay permits with respect to the

Page 101 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2930	exemption provided for in this subsection.
2931	(f) This subsection is not an expression of legislative
2932	intent as to the applicability of any tax to any sale or use of
2933	overhead materials prior to July 1, 1999. In addition, this
2934	subsection does not imply that transactions or costs that are
2935	not described in this subsection are taxable.
2936	(18) MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT USED PREDOMINANTLY FOR
2937	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
2938	(a) Machinery and equipment used predominantly for research
2939	and development as defined in this subsection are exempt from
2940	the tax imposed by this chapter.
2941	(b) For purposes of this subsection:
2942	1. "Machinery and equipment" includes, but is not limited
2943	to, molds, dies, machine tooling, other appurtenances or
2944	accessories to machinery and equipment, testing and measuring
2945	equipment, test beds, computers, and software, whether purchased
2946	or self-fabricated, and, if self-fabricated, includes materials
2947	and labor for design, fabrication, and assembly.
2948	2. "Predominantly" means at least 50 percent of the time.
2949	3. "Research and development" means research that has one
2950	of the following as its ultimate goal:
2951	a. Basic research in a scientific field of endeavor;
2952	b. Advancing knowledge or technology in a scientific or
2953	technical field of endeavor;
2954	c. The development of a new product, whether or not the new
2955	product is offered for sale;
2956	d. The improvement of an existing product, whether or not
2957	the improved product is offered for sale;
2958	e. The development of new uses of an existing product,

Page 102 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2959	whether or not a new use is offered as a rationale to purchase
2960	the product; or
2961	f. The design and development of prototypes, whether or not
2962	a resulting product is offered for sale.
2963	
2964	The term "research and development" does not include ordinary
2965	testing or inspection of materials or products used for quality
2966	control, market research, efficiency surveys, consumer surveys,
2967	advertising and promotions, management studies, or research in
2968	connection with literary, historical, social science,
2969	psychological, or other similar nontechnical activities.
2970	(c) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
2971	120.536(1) and 120.54 that provide for administering and
2972	implementing this exemption.
2973	(d) A person who claims the exemption provided in this
2974	subsection shall furnish the vendor of the machinery or
2975	equipment, including the vendor of materials and labor used in
2976	self-fabrication of the machinery or equipment, an affidavit
2977	stating that the item or items for which an exemption is claimed
2978	are machinery and equipment that will be used predominantly for
2979	research and development as required by this subsection. A
2980	purchaser who claims the exemption by refund shall include the
2981	affidavit with the refund application. The affidavit must
2982	contain the purchaser's name, address, sales and use tax
2983	registration number, and, if applicable, federal employer's
2984	identification number. Any person fraudulently furnishing an
2985	affidavit to the vendor for the purpose of evading payment of
2986	any tax imposed under this chapter shall be subject to the
2987	penalty set forth in s. 212.085 and as otherwise provided by

Page 103 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
2988	law.
2989	(c) In lieu of furnishing an affidavit, a purchaser
2990	claiming the exemption provided in this subsection who has a
2991	direct-pay permit may furnish the vendor with a copy of the
2992	direct-pay permit and shall maintain all documentation necessary
2993	to prove the exempt status of the purchases and fabrication
2994	activity.
2995	(f) Purchasers shall maintain all documentation necessary
2996	to prove the exempt status of purchases and fabrication activity
2997	and make such documentation available for inspection pursuant to
2998	the requirements of s. 212.13(2).
2999	Section 4. (1) Effective July 1, 2015, ss. 212.051,
3000	<u>212.052, 212.0598, 212.0602, 212.0801, 212.0821, 212.09,</u>
3001	212.096, 212.097, and 212.098, Florida Statutes, are repealed.
3002	(2) Unless modified or reenacted as provided in s. 11.9035,
3003	Florida Statutes, effective July 1, 2015, any exemption,
3004	deduction, or credit from the state sales and use tax or any
3005	exclusion of sales and services from such tax granted by the
3006	following is repealed:
3007	(a) Section 212.02, Florida Statutes, except rent on low-
3008	income housing under s. 212.02(2), Florida Statutes.
3009	(b) Section 212.03, Florida Statutes, except rent charges
3010	paid by long-term residents under s. 212.03(4), Florida
3011	Statutes; rent charges paid by full-time students, by active
3012	military personnel, and by permanent residents under s.
3013	212.03(7)(a); Florida Statutes; rent charges in mobile home
3014	parks under s. 212.03(7)(c), Florida Statutes; and rent charges
3015	for living accommodations in migrant labor camps under s.
3016	212.03(7)(d), Florida Statutes.

Page 104 of 105

	1-01282-12 20121832
3017	(c) Section 212.031, Florida Statutes, except utility
3018	charges under s. 212.031(7), Florida Statutes.
3019	(d) Sections 212.04, 212.05, and 212.0506, Florida
3020	Statutes.
3021	(e) Sections 212.06 and 212.081, Florida Statutes, except
3022	any sale exempted by federal law or the United States
3023	Constitution.
3024	(f) Sections 212.0601, 212.07, 212.12, 212.20, and 376.75,
3025	Florida Statutes.
3026	Section 5. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
3027	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

Page 105 of 105