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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to eye health care; amending s.
3	463.002, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
4	by the act; amending s. 463.005, F.S.; authorizing the
5	Board of Optometry to adopt rules for the
6	administration and prescription of ocular
7	pharmaceutical agents; amending s. 463.0055, F.S.;
8	authorizing certified optometrists to administer and
9	prescribe ocular pharmaceutical agents under certain
10	circumstances; revising qualifications of certain
11	members of the formulary committee; amending ss.
12	463.0057 and 463.006, F.S.; conforming provisions to
13	changes made by the act; amending s. 483.035, F.S.,
14	relating to licensure and regulation of clinical
15	laboratories operated by practitioners for exclusive
16	use; providing applicability to clinical laboratories
17	operated by practitioners licensed to practice
18	optometry; amending s. 483.041, F.S.; revising the
19	definition of "licensed practitioner" to include a
20	practitioner licensed under ch. 463, F.S.; amending s.
21	483.181, F.S.; requiring clinical laboratories to
22	accept human specimens submitted by practitioners
23	licensed to practice under ch. 463, F.S.; amending s.
24	893.02, F.S.; revising the definition of
25	"practitioner" to include certified optometrists for
26	purposes of the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse
27	Prevention and Control Act; amending s. 893.05, F.S.;
28	prohibiting certified optometrists from administering
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29	and prescribing certain controlled substances;
30	providing an effective date.
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32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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34	Section 1. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section
35	463.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
36	463.002 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
37	(3)(a) "Licensed practitioner" means a person who is a
38	primary health care provider licensed to engage in the practice
39	of optometry under the authority of this chapter.
40	(b) A licensed practitioner who is not a certified
41	optometrist shall be required to display at her or his place of
42	practice a sign which states, "I am a Licensed Practitioner, not
43	a Certified Optometrist, and I am not able to prescribe topical
44	ocular pharmaceutical agents."
45	(c) All practitioners initially licensed after July 1,
46	1993, must be certified optometrists.
47	(4) "Certified optometrist" means a licensed practitioner
48	authorized by the board to administer and prescribe topical
49	ocular pharmaceutical agents.
50	(5) "Optometry" means the diagnosis of conditions of the
51	human eye and its appendages; the employment of any objective or
52	subjective means or methods, including the administration of
53	topical ocular pharmaceutical agents, for the purpose of
54	determining the refractive powers of the human eyes, or any
55	visual, muscular, neurological, or anatomic anomalies of the
56	human eyes and their appendages; and the prescribing and
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57 employment of lenses, prisms, frames, mountings, contact lenses, 58 orthoptic exercises, light frequencies, and any other means or 59 methods, including topical ocular pharmaceutical agents, for the 60 correction, remedy, or relief of any insufficiencies or abnormal 61 conditions of the human eyes and their appendages.

62 Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section63 463.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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463.005 Authority of the board.-

(1) The Board of Optometry has authority to adopt rules
pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the
provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon it. Such rules
shall include, but not be limited to, rules relating to:

(g) Administration and prescription of topical ocular
 pharmaceutical agents.

71 Section 3. Section 463.0055, Florida Statutes, is amended 72 to read:

463.0055 Administration and prescription of topical ocular
 pharmaceutical agents; committee.-

75 (1)Certified optometrists may administer and prescribe 76 topical ocular pharmaceutical agents as provided in this section 77 for the diagnosis and treatment of ocular conditions of the 78 human eye and its appendages without the use of surgery or other 79 invasive techniques. However, a licensed practitioner who is not 80 certified may use topically applied anesthetics solely for the purpose of glaucoma examinations \overline{L} but is otherwise prohibited 81 82 from administering or prescribing topical ocular pharmaceutical 83 agents.

84 (2) (a) There is hereby created a committee composed of two Page 3 of 9

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85 certified optometrists licensed pursuant to this chapter, 86 appointed by the Board of Optometry, two board-certified 87 ophthalmologists licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 88 459, appointed by the Board of Medicine, and one additional 89 person with a doctorate degree in pharmacology who is not licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or this chapter, 90 91 appointed by the State Surgeon General. The committee shall 92 review requests for additions to, deletions from, or 93 modifications of a formulary of topical ocular pharmaceutical 94 agents for administration and prescription by certified 95 optometrists and shall provide to the board advisory opinions 96 and recommendations on such requests. The formulary shall consist of those topical ocular pharmaceutical agents which the 97 98 certified optometrist is qualified to use in the practice of 99 optometry. The board shall establish, add to, delete from, or 100 modify the formulary by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of 101 chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall become 102 effective 60 days from the date it is filed with the Secretary 103 of State.

(b) The formulary may be added to, deleted from, or
modified according to the procedure described in paragraph (a).
Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification
of an authorized topical ocular pharmaceutical agent shall have
the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion,
or modification should be made.

(c) The State Surgeon General shall have standing to
challenge any rule or proposed rule of the board pursuant to s.
120.56. In addition to challenges for any invalid exercise of

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delegated legislative authority, the administrative law judge, upon such a challenge by the State Surgeon General, may declare all or part of a rule or proposed rule invalid if it:

116 1. Does not protect the public from any significant and 117 discernible harm or damages;

118 2. Unreasonably restricts competition or the availability 119 of professional services in the state or in a significant part 120 of the state; or

3. Unnecessarily increases the cost of professional
services without a corresponding or equivalent public benefit.

However, there shall not be created a presumption of the existence of any of the conditions cited in this subsection in the event that the rule or proposed rule is challenged.

(d) Upon adoption of the formulary required by this section, and upon each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, the board shall mail a copy of the amended formulary to each certified optometrist and to each pharmacy licensed by the state.

(3) A certified optometrist shall be issued a prescriber number by the board. Any prescription written by a certified optometrist for a topical ocular pharmaceutical agent pursuant to this section shall have the prescriber number printed thereon.

137 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 463.0057, Florida138 Statutes, is amended to read:

139 463.0057 Optometric faculty certificate.-

(3) The holder of a faculty certificate may engage in the Page 5 of 9

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141 practice of optometry as permitted by this section, but may not 142 administer or prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents 143 unless the certificateholder has satisfied the requirements of 144 s. 463.006(1)(b)4. and 5.

Section 5. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 463.006, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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463.006 Licensure and certification by examination.-

(2) The examination shall consist of the appropriate
subjects, including applicable state laws and rules and general
and ocular pharmacology with emphasis on the <u>use topical</u>
application and side effects of ocular pharmaceutical agents.
The board may by rule substitute a national examination as part
or all of the examination and may by rule offer a practical
examination in addition to the written examination.

(3) Each applicant who successfully passes the examination and otherwise meets the requirements of this chapter is entitled to be licensed as a practitioner and to be certified to administer and prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents in the diagnosis and treatment of ocular conditions.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 483.035, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

483.035 Clinical laboratories operated by practitioners
for exclusive use; licensure and regulation.-

(1) A clinical laboratory operated by one or more
practitioners licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter
460, chapter 461, chapter 462, <u>chapter 463</u>, or chapter 466,
exclusively in connection with the diagnosis and treatment of
their own patients, must be licensed under this part and must

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169 comply with the provisions of this part, except that the agency 170 shall adopt rules for staffing, for personnel, including 171 education and training of personnel, for proficiency testing, 172 and for construction standards relating to the licensure and 173 operation of the laboratory based upon and not exceeding the 174 same standards contained in the federal Clinical Laboratory 175 Improvement Amendments of 1988 and the federal regulations 176 adopted thereunder.

Section 7. Subsection (7) of section 483.041, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

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483.041 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term:

180 "Licensed practitioner" means a physician licensed (7)under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461, or 181 182 chapter 463; a dentist licensed under chapter 466; a person 183 licensed under chapter 462; or an advanced registered nurse 184 practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a duly 185 licensed practitioner from another state licensed under similar 186 statutes who orders examinations on materials or specimens for 187 nonresidents of the State of Florida, but who reside in the same state as the requesting licensed practitioner. 188

189 Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 483.181, Florida190 Statutes, is amended to read:

483.181 Acceptance, collection, identification, and
examination of specimens.-

(5) A clinical laboratory licensed under this part must
accept a human specimen submitted for examination by a
practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter
460, chapter 461, chapter 462, <u>chapter 463</u>, s. 464.012, or

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197 chapter 466, if the specimen and test are the type performed by 198 the clinical laboratory. A clinical laboratory may only refuse a 199 specimen based upon a history of nonpayment for services by the 200 practitioner. A clinical laboratory shall not charge different 201 prices for tests based upon the chapter under which a 202 practitioner submitting a specimen for testing is licensed.

203 Section 9. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida 204 Statutes, is amended to read:

205 893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as 206 used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless 207 the context otherwise requires:

208 "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to (21)chapter 458, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 466, a 209 210 veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic 211 physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath 212 licensed pursuant to chapter 462, an optometrist certified 213 pursuant to chapter 463 to administer and prescribe ocular 214 pharmaceutical agents, or a podiatric physician licensed 215 pursuant to chapter 461, provided such practitioner holds a 216 valid federal controlled substance registry number.

217 Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 893.05, Florida 218 Statutes, is amended to read:

219 893.05 Practitioners and persons administering controlled 220 substances in their absence.-

(1) A practitioner, in good faith and in the course of his
or her professional practice only, may prescribe, administer,
dispense, mix, or otherwise prepare a controlled substance, or
the practitioner may cause the same to be administered by a

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225	licensed nurse or an intern practitioner under his or her
226	direction and supervision only, except that an optometrist
227	certified pursuant to chapter 463 to administer and prescribe
228	ocular pharmaceutical agents may not administer or prescribe any
229	controlled substance listed on Schedule I or Schedule II of s.
230	<u>893.03</u> . A veterinarian may so prescribe, administer, dispense,
231	mix, or prepare a controlled substance for use on animals only $_{m{ au}}$
232	and may cause it to be administered by an assistant or orderly
233	under the veterinarian's direction and supervision only.
234	Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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