A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to fraud; amending s. 494.001, F.S.; 3 revising the definition of the term "mortgage loan 4 application" to conform to changes made by the act; 5 amending s. 494.0068, F.S.; moving language stating 6 that a mortgage loan application may be in writing or 7 electronically submitted; requiring that a mortgage 8 loan application contain fingerprints of the loan 9 originator and the borrower; requiring that the 10 borrower certify the accuracy of the information, that 11 an oral application be audio recorded, and that if the primary language of the borrower is Spanish, the 12 application be on a specified application form; 13 14 amending s. 817.545, F.S.; revising classification of 15 certain offenses relating to mortgage fraud; providing 16 a period of limitation for commencing actions; authorizing certain extensions of the limitation 17 period; specifying when the limitation period does not 18 19 run; providing an effective date.

2021

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (24) of section 494.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

494.001 Definitions.—As used in ss. 494.001-494.0077, the term:

27 (24) "Mortgage loan application" means the submission of a 28 borrower's financial information in anticipation of a credit

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decision, which includes the borrower's name, the borrower's monthly income, the borrower's social security number to obtain a credit report, the property address, an estimate of the value of the property, the mortgage loan amount sought, and any other information deemed necessary by the loan originator. An application may be in writing or electronically submitted, including a written record of an oral application.

Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 494.0068, Florida Statutes, to read:

494.0068 Loan application process.-

- (6) (a) A mortgage loan application may be in writing or electronically submitted, including a written record of an oral application.
- (b) The application shall include an area where the loan originator and the borrower certify the accuracy of the application along with a legible fingerprint of the loan originator and the borrower.
- (c) If the application is a written record of an oral application to a mortgage lender, then the mortgage lender shall inform the borrower that the oral application will be audio recorded and shall record the oral application.
- (d) If the primary language of the borrower is Spanish, the application, made either in writing or orally, shall be completed using the uniform residential loan application of the Federal National Mortgage Association, Form 1003s or a successor form, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Form 65s or a successor form.

Section 3. Section 817.545, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.545 Mortgage fraud.-

- (1) For the purposes of the section, the term "mortgage lending process" means the process through which a person seeks or obtains a residential mortgage loan, including, but not limited to, the solicitation, application or origination, negotiation of terms, third-party provider services, underwriting, signing and closing, and funding of the loan. Documents involved in the mortgage lending process include, but are not limited to, mortgages, deeds, surveys, inspection reports, uniform residential loan applications, or other loan applications; appraisal reports; HUD-1 settlement statements; supporting personal documentation for loan applications such as W-2 forms, verifications of income and employment, credit reports, bank statements, tax returns, and payroll stubs; and any required disclosures.
- (2) A person commits the offense of mortgage fraud if, with the intent to defraud, the person knowingly:
- (a) Makes any material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission during the mortgage lending process with the intention that the misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission will be relied on by a mortgage lender, borrower, or any other person or entity involved in the mortgage lending process; however, omissions on a loan application regarding employment, income, or assets for a loan which does not require this information are not considered a material omission for purposes of this subsection.

(b) Uses or facilitates the use of any material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission during the mortgage lending process with the intention that the material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission will be relied on by a mortgage lender, borrower, or any other person or entity involved in the mortgage lending process; however, omissions on a loan application regarding employment, income, or assets for a loan which does not require this information are not considered a material omission for purposes of this subsection.

- (c) Receives any proceeds or any other funds in connection with the mortgage lending process that the person knew resulted from a violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b).
- (d) Files or causes to be filed with the clerk of the circuit court for any county of this state a document involved in the mortgage lending process which contains a material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission.
- (3) An offense of mortgage fraud may not be predicated solely upon information lawfully disclosed under federal disclosure laws, regulations, or interpretations related to the mortgage lending process.
- (4) For the purpose of venue under this section, any violation of this section is considered to have been committed:
- (a) In the county in which the real property is located; or
- (b) In any county in which a material act was performed in furtherance of the violation.
- (5) (a) Any person who violates subsection (2), and the loan value stated on documents used in the mortgage lending

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112 process is:

(a) Less than \$20,000, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (b) Equal to or more than \$20,000 but less than Any person who violates subsection (2), and the loan value stated on documents used in the mortgage lending process exceeds \$100,000, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) Equal to or more than \$100,000, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (6) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a prosecution under this section may be commenced at any time within 5 years after the offense is committed. However, this time period may be extended for 1 year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party or by a person who has a legal duty to represent an aggrieved party and who is himself or herself not a party to the offense. In no case may this paragraph extend the period of limitation by more than 3 years beyond what is otherwise provided by law.
- (b) The period of limitation does not run during any time when the defendant is continuously absent from the state or is without a reasonably ascertainable place of abode or work within the state, but this shall not extend the period of limitation otherwise applicable by more than 1 year. This paragraph does not limit the prosecution of a defendant who has been timely charged by indictment or information or other charging document

140	and who has not been arrested due to his or her absence from
141	this state or has not been extradited for prosecution from
142	another state.
143	Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.

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