Bill No. CS/CS/CS/HB 363 (2012)

Amendment No.

CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Kreegel offered the following:

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Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

The physician assistant must file with the department,

before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that he or

she has completed a continuing medical education course of at

least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by

involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that he or

education course as part of an accredited physician assistant

an accredited program approved by the boards, which course

covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges

she has received education comparable to the continuing

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Remove lines 50-295 and insert:

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training program.

15 16 4. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 831777

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continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application.

- 5. The department <u>may</u> shall issue a license and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 6. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 7. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- 8. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

 This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 395.

- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority, licensed under this section or s. 459.022, may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials.
- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority, licensed under this section or s.
 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

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- (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE.-
- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eligible for licensure.
- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for licensure made by a physician assistant must include:
- a. A certificate of completion of a physician assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
 - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- c. A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
 - d. Two letters of recommendation.
- e. A copy of course transcripts and a copy of the course description from a physician assistant training program

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describing a pharmacotherapy course pursuant to subparagraph

(4) (e) 3., if the applicant wishes to apply for a prescriber

number. These documents must meet the evidence requirements for prescribing authority.

Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 459.022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

459.022 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to s. 458.347. A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:
- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that she or he is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of her or his intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervisory physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.

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- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that she or he has completed a continuing medical education course of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards, which course covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that she or he has received education comparable to the continuing education course as part of an accredited physician assistant training program.
- 4. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that she or he has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application.
- 5. The department <u>may</u> shall issue a license and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 6. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a 831777

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pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.

- 7. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- 8. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

- This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 395.
 - (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE.
- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission

183 on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eliqible for 184 licensure.

- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for licensure made by a physician assistant must include:
- a. A certificate of completion of a physician assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
 - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
 - d. Two letters of recommendation.
- e. A copy of course transcripts and a copy of the course description from a physician assistant training program describing a pharmacotherapy course pursuant to subparagraph (4)(e)3., if the applicant wishes to apply for a prescriber number. These documents must meet the evidence requirements for prescribing authority.

DIRECTORY AMENDMENT

Section 1. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (4) and

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Remove lines 26-27 and insert:

paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 458.347,

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TITLE AMENDMENT

213 Remove lines 3-20 and insert:

458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; authorizing, rather than requiring, the Department of Health to issue a prescriber number to a physician assistant granting authority for the specified prescribing of medicinal drugs upon completion of certain requirements; providing that a physician assistant wishing to apply for a prescriber number must submit course transcripts and a copy of the course description in addition to other licensure application requirements; conforming provisions