

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

03/02/2012

Comm: RCS

The Committee on Budget Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations (Bogdanoff) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Nonviolent offender reentry program.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
- (b) "Nonviolent offender" means an offender:
- 1. Whose primary offense is a felony of the third degree or a felony offense described in s. 893.13, Florida Statutes;
- 2. Who has never been convicted of a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08, Florida Statutes;

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- 3. Who has never been convicted of an offense listed in s. 775.082(9)(a)1.r., Florida Statutes, without regard to prior incarceration or release;
- 4. Who has never been convicted of an offense described in chapter 847, Florida Statutes, involving a minor or a depiction of a minor;
- 5. Who has never been convicted of an offense described in chapter 827, Florida Statutes;
- 6. Who has never been convicted of any offense described in s. 784.07, s. 784.074, s. 784.075, s. 784.076, s. 784.08, s. 784.083 or s. 784.085, Florida Statutes;
- 7. Who has never been convicted of any offense involving the possession or use of a firearm;
- 8. Who has never been convicted of a capital felony or a felony of the first or second degree;
- 9. Who has never been convicted of any offense that requires a person to register as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, Florida Statutes; and
- 10. Who is not the subject of a domestic violence injunction currently in force.
- (2) (a) The department shall develop and administer a reentry program for nonviolent offenders. The reentry program must include prison-based substance abuse treatment, general education development and adult basic education courses, vocational training, training in decisionmaking and personal development, and other rehabilitation programs.
- (b) The reentry program is intended to divert nonviolent offenders from long periods of incarceration when a reduced period of incarceration supplemented by participation in

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intensive substance abuse treatment and rehabilitative programming could produce the same deterrent effect, protect the public, rehabilitate the offender, and reduce recidivism.

- (c) The nonviolent offender shall serve at least 6 months in the reentry program. The offender may not count any portion of his or her sentence served before placement in the reentry program as progress toward program completion.
- (d) A reentry program may be operated in a secure area in or adjacent to an adult institution.
- (3) The department shall screen offenders committed to the department for eligibility criteria to participate in the reentry program. In order to be eligible, an offender must be a nonviolent offender, must have served at least one-half of his or her original sentence, and must have been identified as having a need for substance abuse treatment.
- (4) The department shall select eligible offenders for the reentry program. When selecting participants for the reentry program, the department shall be guided in its selection by its evaluation of the following considerations:
 - (a) The offender's history of disciplinary reports;
- (b) The offender's criminal history, with particular scrutiny of any charges for offenses listed in paragraph (1)(b);
 - (c) The severity of the offender's addiction;
- (d) The offender's history of criminal behavior related to substance abuse;
- (e) Whether the offender has participated or requested to participate in any General Educational Development or other educational, technical, work, vocational, or self-rehabilitation program;

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- (f) The results of any risk assessment of the offender; (g) The outcome of all past participation of the offender in substance abuse treatment programs;
- (h) The possible rehabilitative benefits that substance abuse treatment, educational programming, vocational training, and other rehabilitative programming might have on the offender; and
- (i) The likelihood that the offender's participation in the program will produce the same deterrent effect, protect the public, save taxpayer dollars, and prevent or delay recidivism to an equal or greater extent than completion of the sentence previously imposed.
- (5) (a) If an offender volunteers to participate in the reentry program, meets the eligibility criteria, is selected by the department based on the considerations in subsection (4), and space is available in the reentry program, the department may request the sentencing court to approve the offender's participation in the reentry program. The request shall be made in writing and shall include a brief summation of the department's evaluation under subsection (4) and a recital of the documents or other information upon which the evaluation is based. All documents may be delivered to the sentencing court electronically.
- (b) 1. The department shall notify the state attorney that the offender is being considered for placement in the reentry program. The notice must include a copy of all documents provided with the request to the court. The notice and all documents may be delivered to the state attorney electronically and may take the form of a copy of an electronic delivery to the



sentencing court.

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- 2. The notice must also state that the state attorney may notify the sentencing court in writing of any objection the state attorney might have if the nonviolent offender is placed in the reentry program. The state attorney must notify the sentencing court of his or her objections within 15 days after receiving the notice. Whether or not an objection is raised, the state attorney may provide to the sentencing court any information supplemental or contrary to the information provided by the department which may assist the court in its determination.
- (c) When approving a nonviolent offender for participation in the reentry program, the sentencing court may consider any facts the court considers relevant, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. The criteria listed in subsection (4);
- 2. The original sentencing report and any evidence admitted in a previous sentencing proceeding;
- 3. The offender's record of arrests without conviction for crimes, and any other evidence of allegations of unlawful conduct or the use of violence by the offender;
- 4. The offender's family ties, length of residence in the community, employment history, and mental condition;
- 5. The likelihood that participation in the program will produce the same deterrent effect, rehabilitate the offender, and prevent or delay recidivism to an equal or greater extent than completion of the sentence previously imposed; and
- 6. The likelihood that the offender will engage again in a criminal course of conduct.

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- (d) The sentencing court shall notify the department in writing of the court's decision to approve or disapprove the requested placement of the nonviolent offender no later than 30 days after the court receives the department's request to place the offender in the reentry program. If the court approves, the notification shall list the factors upon which the court relied in approving the placement. Failure to notify the department of the court's decision within the 30-day period constitutes disapproval to place the offender into the reentry program.
- (6) After the nonviolent offender is admitted into the reentry program, he or she shall undergo a full substance abuse assessment to determine his or her substance abuse treatment needs. The offender shall also have an educational assessment, which shall be accomplished using the Test of Adult Basic Education or any other testing instrument approved by the Department of Education. Each offender who has not obtained a high school diploma shall be enrolled in an adult education program designed to aid the offender in improving his or her academic skills and earn a high school diploma. Further assessments of the offender's vocational skills and future career education shall be provided to the offender as needed. A periodic reevaluation shall be made in order to assess the progress of each offender.
- (7) (a) If a nonviolent offender in the reentry program becomes unmanageable, the department may revoke the offender's gain-time and place the offender in disciplinary confinement in accordance with department rule. Except as provided in paragraph (b), the offender shall be readmitted to the reentry program after completing the ordered discipline. Any period of time

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during which the offender is unable to participate in the reentry program shall be excluded from the specified time requirements in the reentry program.

- (b) The department may terminate an offender from the reentry program if:
- 1. The offender commits or threatens to commit a violent act;
- 2. The department determines that the offender is unable to participate in the reentry program due to the offender's medical condition;
 - 3. The offender's sentence is modified or expires;
- 4. The department reassigns the offender's classification status; or
- 5. The department determines that removing the offender from the reentry program is in the best interest of the offender or the security of the institution.
- (8) (a) The department shall submit a report to the sentencing court at least 30 days before the nonviolent offender is scheduled to complete the reentry program. The report must describe the offender's performance in the reentry program and certify whether the performance is satisfactory. If the performance is satisfactory to the department, the court shall hold a hearing to determine:
- 1. Whether the offender's performance in the reentry program is satisfactory to the court;
- 2. Whether the public safety will be compromised by a modification of sentence; and
- 3. Any appropriate modification of sentence, which may not be less than the minimum punishment required by law at the time

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of the commission of the offense or offenses for which the offender was sentenced.

(b) After consideration of all information available to the court, the court may issue an order modifying the sentence imposed and may place the offender on drug offender probation, as defined in s. 848.20(2), Florida Statutes, subject to the department's certification of the offender's successful completion of the remainder of the reentry program. The term of drug offender probation may include placement in a community residential or nonresidential substance abuse treatment facility under the jurisdiction of the department or the Department of Children and Family Services or any public or private entity providing such services. The order shall include findings showing that the requirements for resentencing under this section are satisfied and that the public safety will not be compromised. If the nonviolent offender violates the conditions of drug offender probation, the court may revoke probation and impose any sentence that it might have originally imposed.

(c) If an offender being released pursuant to paragraph (b) intends to reside in a county that has established a postadjudicatory drug court program as described in s. 397.334, Florida Statutes, the sentencing court may require the offender to successfully complete the postadjudicatory drug court program as a condition of drug offender probation after considering the county program's record of helping offenders avoid recidivism. The original sentencing court shall relinquish jurisdiction of the offender's case to the postadjudicatory drug court program until the offender is no longer active in the program, the case is returned to the sentencing court due to the offender's

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termination from the program for failure to comply with the terms thereof, or the offender's sentence is completed. If transferred to a postadjudicatory drug court program, the offender shall comply with all conditions and orders of the program.

- (9) The department shall implement the reentry program to the fullest extent feasible within available resources.
- (10) The department shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing the extent of implementation of the reentry program; the number of participants selected, approved, and successfully completing the program; a reasonable estimate or description of the additional public costs incurred and any public funds saved with respect to each participant; and a brief description of each sentence modification and a brief description of the subsequent criminal history, if any, of each participant following any modification of sentence under this section. The report shall also outline future goals and any recommendation the department has for future legislative action.
- (11) The department may enter into performance-based contracts with qualified persons, agencies, or corporations to provide any or all of the services for the reentry program; however, an offender may not be released from the custody of the department under this section except pursuant to a judicial order modifying a sentence.
- (12) A nonviolent offender in the reentry program is subject to rules of conduct established by the department and may have sanctions imposed, including, but not limited to, GPS monitoring, loss of privileges, restrictions, disciplinary



confinement, alteration of release plans, or other program modifications in keeping with the nature and gravity of the program violation. Administrative or protective confinement, as necessary, may be imposed.

- (13) This section does not create or confer any right of any inmate to placement in the reentry program or any right to placement or early release under supervision of any type. An inmate does not have a cause of action under this section against the department, a court, or the state attorney related to the reentry program. This subsection is not severable from the remaining provisions of this section. If this subsection is determined by any state or federal court to be not fully enforceable this section is repealed.
- (14) The department may establish a system of incentives within the reentry program which the department may use to promote participation in rehabilitative programs and the orderly operation of institutions and facilities.
- (15) The department shall develop a system for tracking recidivism, including, but not limited to, rearrests and recommitment of nonviolent offenders who successfully complete the reentry program, and shall report the recidivism rate in its annual report of the program.
- (16) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, as are necessary to administer the reentry program.

Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.

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272 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== 273 And the title is amended as follows:



Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to inmate reentry; defining the terms "department" and "nonviolent offender"; directing the Department of Corrections to develop and administer a reentry program for nonviolent offenders which is intended to divert nonviolent offenders from long periods of incarceration; requiring that the program include intensive substance abuse treatment and rehabilitative programming; providing for the minimum length of service in the program; providing that any portion of a sentence before placement in the program does not count as progress toward program completion; specifying eligibility criteria for a nonviolent offender to be placed into the reentry program; directing the court to screen and select eligible offenders for the program based on specified considerations; directing the department to notify the nonviolent offender's sentencing court in order to obtain approval before the nonviolent offender is placed into the reentry program; requiring the department to notify the state attorney; authorizing the state attorney to file objections to placing the offender into the reentry program within a specified period; requiring the sentencing court to notify the department of the court's decision to approve or disapprove the requested placement within a specified

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period; providing that failure of the court to timely notify the department of the court's decision constitutes disapproval of the requested placement; requiring the nonviolent offender to undergo an education assessment and a full substance abuse assessment if admitted into the reentry program; requiring the offender to be enrolled in an adult education program in specified circumstances; requiring that assessments of vocational skills and future career education be provided to the offender; requiring that certain reevaluation be made periodically; providing that the nonviolent offender is subject to the disciplinary rules of the department; specifying the reasons for which the offender may be terminated from the reentry program; requiring that the department submit a report to the sentencing court at least 30 days before the nonviolent offender is scheduled to complete the reentry program; setting forth the issues to be addressed in the report; requiring the sentencing court to hold a hearing to consider modifying the sentence imposed and authorizing the court to place the nonviolent offender on drug offender probation if the nonviolent offender's performance is satisfactory; authorizing the court to revoke probation and impose the original sentence in specified circumstances; authorizing the court to require the offender to complete a postadjudicatory drug court program in specified circumstances; directing the department to

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implement the reentry program using available resources; requiring the department to submit an annual report to the Governor and Legislature detailing the extent of implementation of the reentry program; specifying information to be provided and outlining future goals and recommendations; authorizing the department to enter into contracts with qualified individuals, agencies, or corporations for services for the reentry program; authorizing the department to impose administrative or protective confinement as necessary; authorizing the department to establish a system of incentives within the reentry program which the department may use to promote participation in rehabilitative programs and the orderly operation of institutions and facilities; providing that the act does not create a right to placement in the reentry program or any right to placement or early release under supervision of any type; providing that the act does not create a cause of action related to the program; directing the department to develop a system for tracking recidivism, including, but not limited to, rearrests and recommitment of nonviolent offenders who successfully complete the reentry program, and to report on recidivism in its annual report of the program; directing the department to adopt rules; providing an effective date.